

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.1-Binomial/1.1.3-General-  
binomial/1.1.3.4/56-1.1.3.4-c

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May 18, 2024

Compiled on May 18, 2024 at 11:23pm

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3.195	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx$	1641
3.196	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$	1647
3.197	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx$	1652
3.198	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx$	1658
3.199	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx$	1664
3.200	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx$	1670
3.201	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx$	1676
3.202	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx$	1681
3.203	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx$	1687
3.204	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx$	1693
3.205	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx$	1700
3.206	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx$	1706
3.207	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	1712

3.208	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1718
3.209	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1724
3.210	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx \dots\dots\dots$	1730
3.211	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c + dx^5}(ac+2adx^5)} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1736
3.212	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}(ac+2adx^4)} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1742
3.213	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3}(ac+2adx^3)} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1748
3.214	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1754
3.215	$\int \frac{1}{x(c+dx)(ac+2adx)} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1759
3.216	$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x}\right)x^3} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1764
3.217	$\int \frac{d+cx}{x^3(2ad+acx)} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1769
3.218	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right)x^4} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1774
3.219	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2(2ad+acx^2)} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1781
3.220	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right)x^5} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1788
3.221	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2(2ad+acx^3)} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1794
3.222	$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1801
3.223	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1807
3.224	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1812
3.225	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1818
3.226	$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1825
3.227	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1831
3.228	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1837
3.229	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1843
3.230	$\int \frac{1}{x^6\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1849
3.231	$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1855
3.232	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1863
3.233	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1870
3.234	$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1877
3.235	$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1885
3.236	$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx \dots\dots\dots$	1892

3.237	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1899
3.238	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1905
3.239	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	1911
3.240	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	1916
3.241	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	1922
3.242	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx$	1928
3.243	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx$	1934
3.244	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx$	1941
3.245	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx$	1948
3.246	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} dx$	1954
3.247	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{3/2}} dx$	1959
3.248	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{5/2}} dx$	1964
3.249	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{7/2}} dx$	1970
3.250	$\int (1+b\sqrt{x})^p (1+d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx$	1976
3.251	$\int (1+b\sqrt{x})^p (1+d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$	1981
3.252	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^p (c+d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx$	1986
3.253	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^p (c+d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$	1992
3.254	$\int x^2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	1998
3.255	$\int x(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	2004
3.256	$\int (a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	2010
3.257	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$	2016
3.258	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2021
3.259	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2026
3.260	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$	2031
3.261	$\int x^2(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx$	2037
3.262	$\int x(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx$	2044
3.263	$\int (a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx$	2051
3.264	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$	2057
3.265	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2063
3.266	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2069
3.267	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$	2075
3.268	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2081
3.269	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2086
3.270	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{a+bx^n} dx$	2091
3.271	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$	2096

3.272	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx$	2101
3.273	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx$	2106
3.274	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)} dx$	2111
3.275	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2116
3.276	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2122
3.277	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2128
3.278	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2134
3.279	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2140
3.280	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2146
3.281	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2152
3.282	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2158
3.283	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2164
3.284	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2170
3.285	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2176
3.286	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2183
3.287	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2188
3.288	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2193
3.289	$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	2198
3.290	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	2203
3.291	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	2208
3.292	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	2214
3.293	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)} dx$	2220
3.294	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)} dx$	2226
3.295	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)} dx$	2231
3.296	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)} dx$	2237
3.297	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx$	2243
3.298	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx$	2249
3.299	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx$	2256
3.300	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2263
3.301	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2270
3.302	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2276
3.303	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2283
3.304	$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n) dx$	2289
3.305	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n) dx$	2296
3.306	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n) dx$	2303



3.307	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n) dx$	2310
3.308	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2318
3.309	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2326
3.310	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2333
3.311	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2340
3.312	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2347
3.313	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2352
3.314	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)} dx$	2357
3.315	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)} dx$	2362
3.316	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)} dx$	2367
3.317	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)} dx$	2372
3.318	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2377
3.319	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2382
3.320	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2388
3.321	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2394
3.322	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2399
3.323	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2404
3.324	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2409
3.325	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2414
3.326	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2419
3.327	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2424
3.328	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2429
3.329	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2434
3.330	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2439
3.331	$\int x \sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2445
3.332	$\int \sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2451
3.333	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$	2457
3.334	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2463
3.335	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2469
3.336	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$	2475
3.337	$\int x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2481
3.338	$\int x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2487
3.339	$\int (a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2493
3.340	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$	2499

3.341	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2506
3.342	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2512
3.343	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$	2518
3.344	$\int x^2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2524
3.345	$\int x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2531
3.346	$\int (a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2538
3.347	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$	2545
3.348	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2552
3.349	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2560
3.350	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$	2568
3.351	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2576
3.352	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2581
3.353	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2586
3.354	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2591
3.355	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2597
3.356	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2602
3.357	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2607
3.358	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2612
3.359	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2618
3.360	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2624
3.361	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2629
3.362	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2635
3.363	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2640
3.364	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2645
3.365	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2650
3.366	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2656
3.367	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2662
3.368	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2667
3.369	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2673
3.370	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2678
3.371	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2683
3.372	$\int (ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2688
3.373	$\int \sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2694

3.374	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	2700
3.375	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2706
3.376	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2712
3.377	$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$	2718
3.378	$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$	2724
3.379	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	2730
3.380	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2736
3.381	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2742
3.382	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2748
3.383	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2754
3.384	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2760
3.385	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2766
3.386	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2771
3.387	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2776
3.388	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2782
3.389	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2788
3.390	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2793
3.391	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2798
3.392	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2803
3.393	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2808
3.394	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2814
3.395	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2819
3.396	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2824
3.397	$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 3n)x^n) dx$	2829
3.398	$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 2n)x^n) dx$	2835
3.399	$\int (ex)^m (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + n)x^n) dx$	2841
3.400	$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m)+b(1+m)x^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2846
3.401	$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m)+b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2851
3.402	$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m)+b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2856
3.403	$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$	2861
3.404	$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$	2871
3.405	$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx$	2880
3.406	$\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx$	2887

3.407	$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2893
3.408	$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2899
3.409	$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2905
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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ 610 ]. This is test number [ 56 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	99.67 ( 608 )	0.33 ( 2 )
Mathematica	99.51 ( 607 )	0.49 ( 3 )
Sympy	50.66 ( 309 )	49.34 ( 301 )
Fricas	49.02 ( 299 )	50.98 ( 311 )
Maple	42.95 ( 262 )	57.05 ( 348 )
Reduce	36.89 ( 225 )	63.11 ( 385 )
Mupad	32.13 ( 196 )	67.87 ( 414 )
Maxima	31.97 ( 195 )	68.03 ( 415 )
Giac	31.15 ( 190 )	68.85 ( 420 )

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol>
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

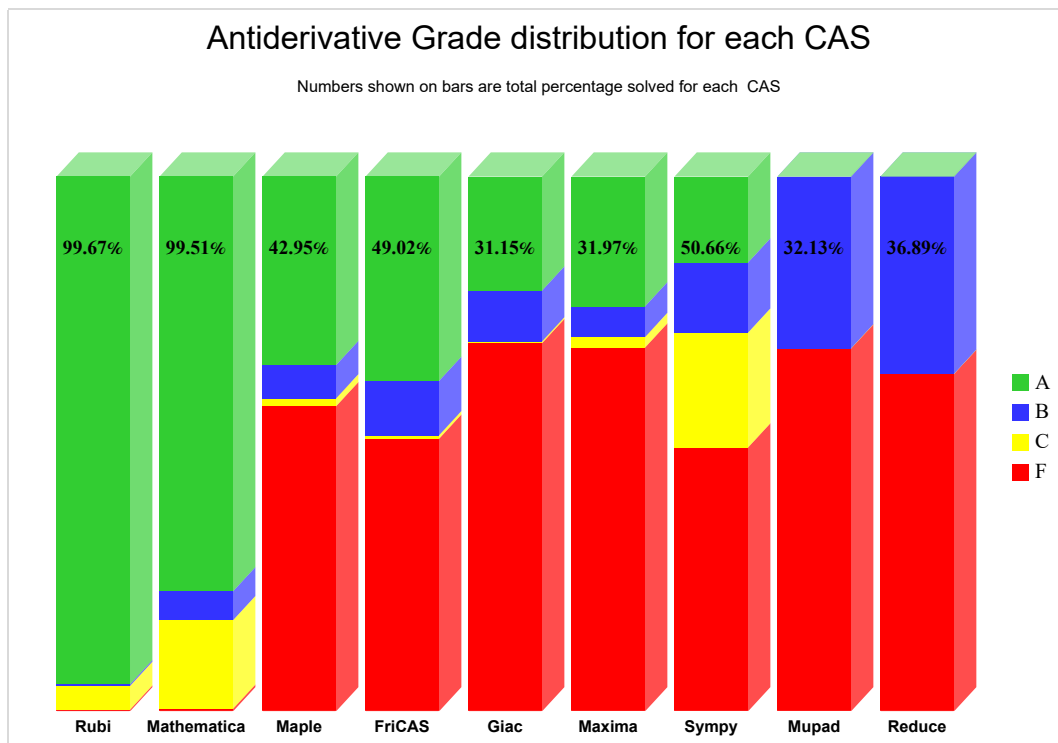
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

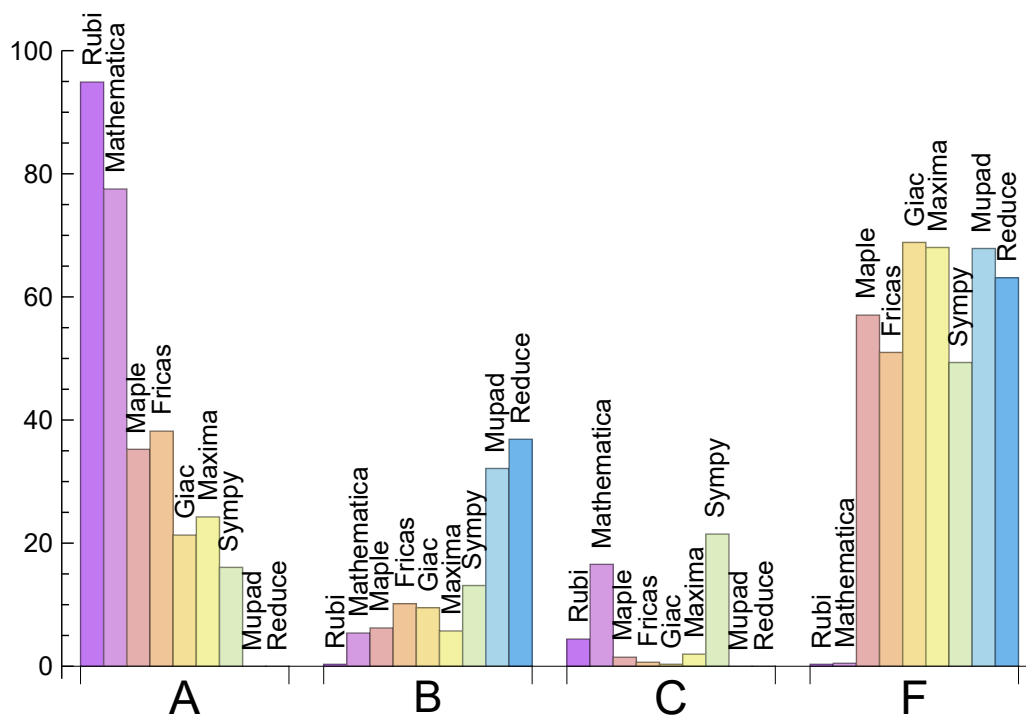
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	94.918	0.328	4.426	0.328
Mathematica	77.541	5.410	16.557	0.492
Fricas	38.197	10.164	0.656	50.984
Maple	35.246	6.230	1.475	57.049
Maxima	24.262	5.738	1.967	68.033
Giac	21.311	9.508	0.328	68.852
Sympy	16.066	13.115	21.475	49.344
Mupad	0.000	32.131	0.000	67.869
Reduce	0.000	36.885	0.000	63.115

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.



System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	2	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	3	100.00	0.00	0.00
Sympy	301	46.18	37.21	16.61
Fricas	311	64.31	12.22	23.47
Maple	348	100.00	0.00	0.00
Reduce	385	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mupad	414	0.00	100.00	0.00
Maxima	415	93.49	0.00	6.51
Giac	420	87.14	1.43	11.43

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

## 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.06
Fricas	0.11
Reduce	0.22
Giac	0.22
Rubi	0.53
Mathematica	1.98
Maple	2.22
Mupad	4.45
Sympy	20.10

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Maxima	99.22	1.69	81.00	1.14
Mathematica	111.78	1.18	97.00	0.97
Reduce	118.21	1.67	80.00	1.40
Rubi	154.18	1.04	97.00	1.00
Maple	155.16	1.73	74.00	0.95
Mupad	185.40	1.98	68.00	1.00
Giac	187.60	2.22	104.00	1.29
Fricas	202.56	2.19	133.00	1.70
Sympy	351.85	3.90	144.00	1.56

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

# 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

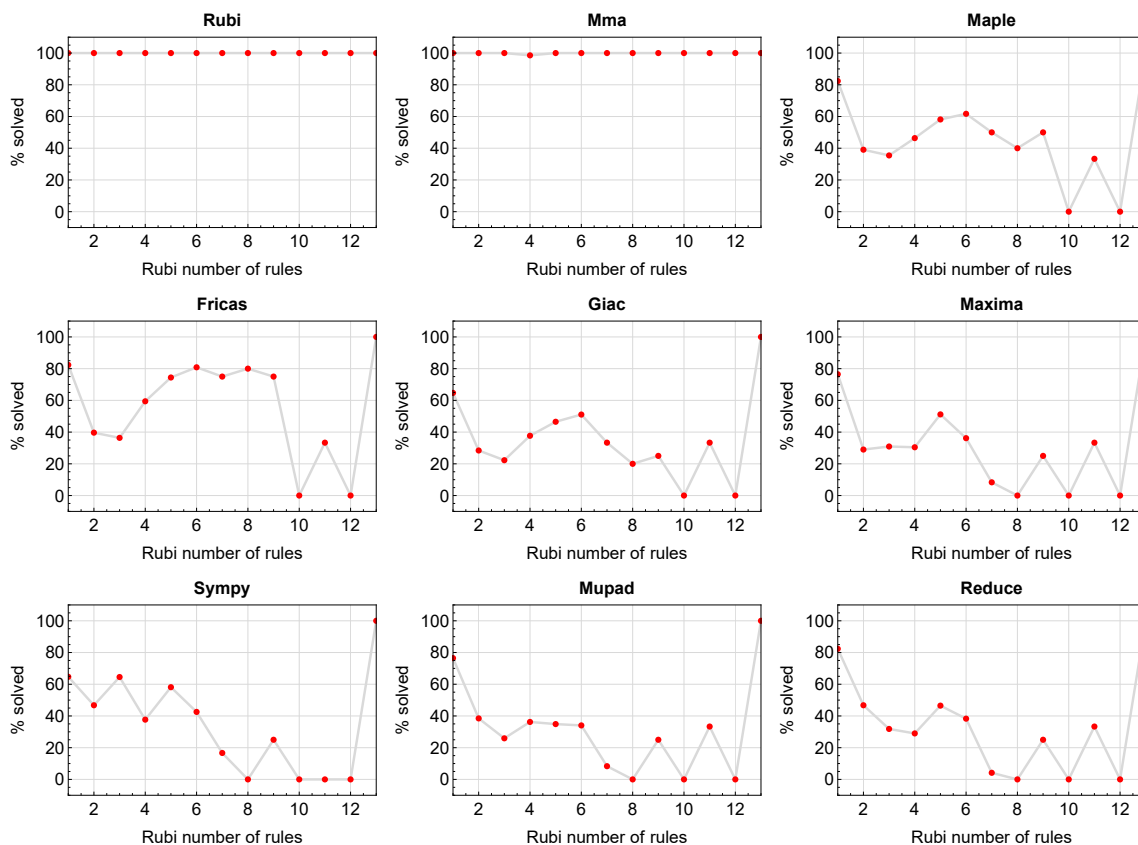


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

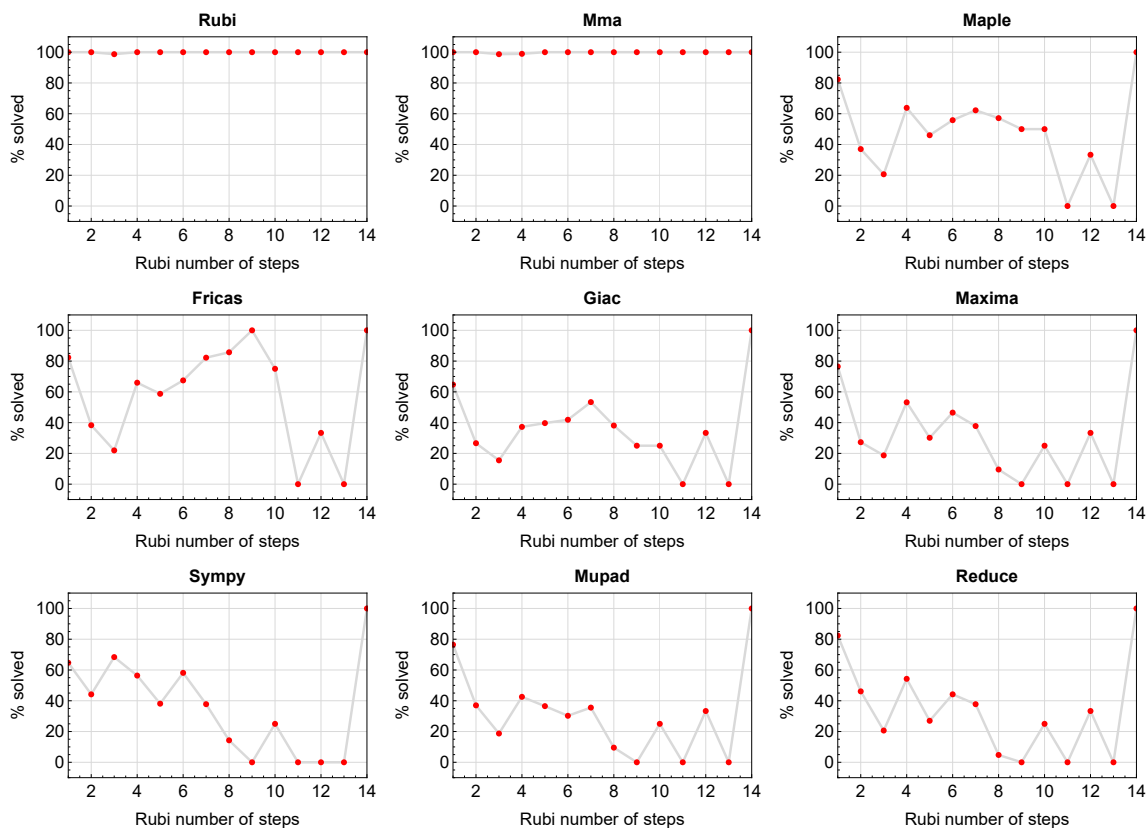


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

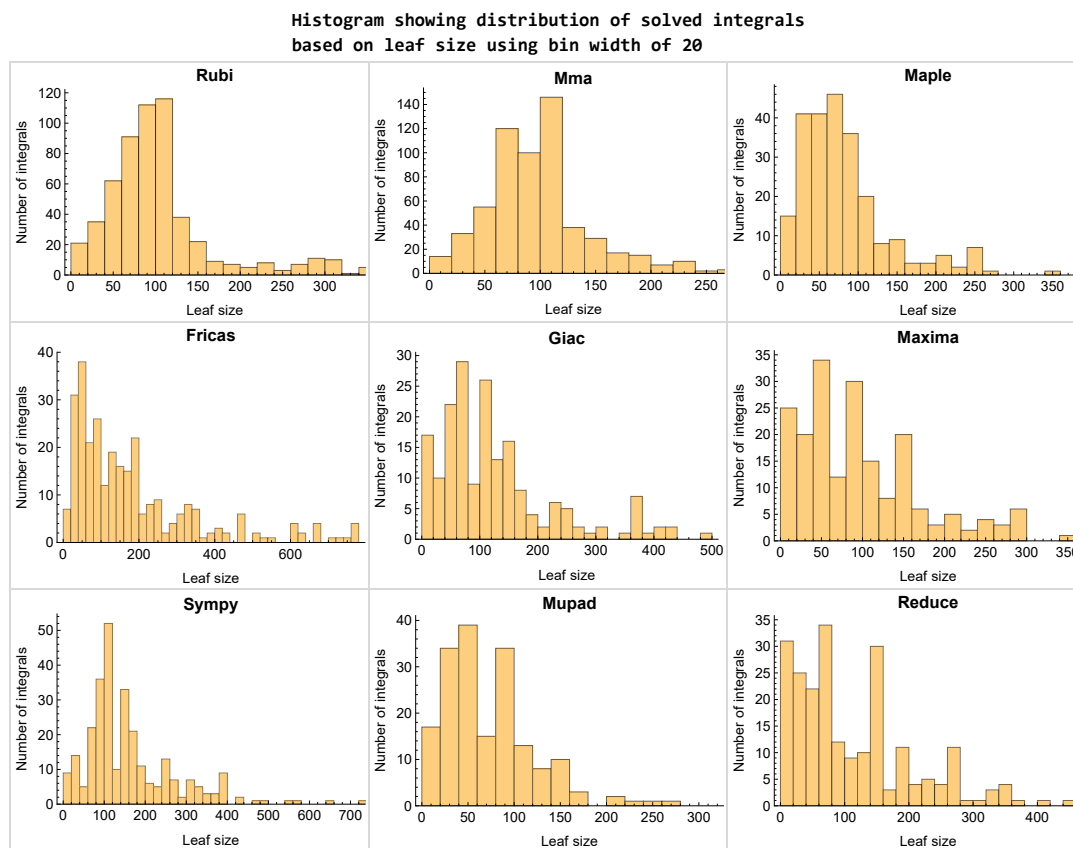


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

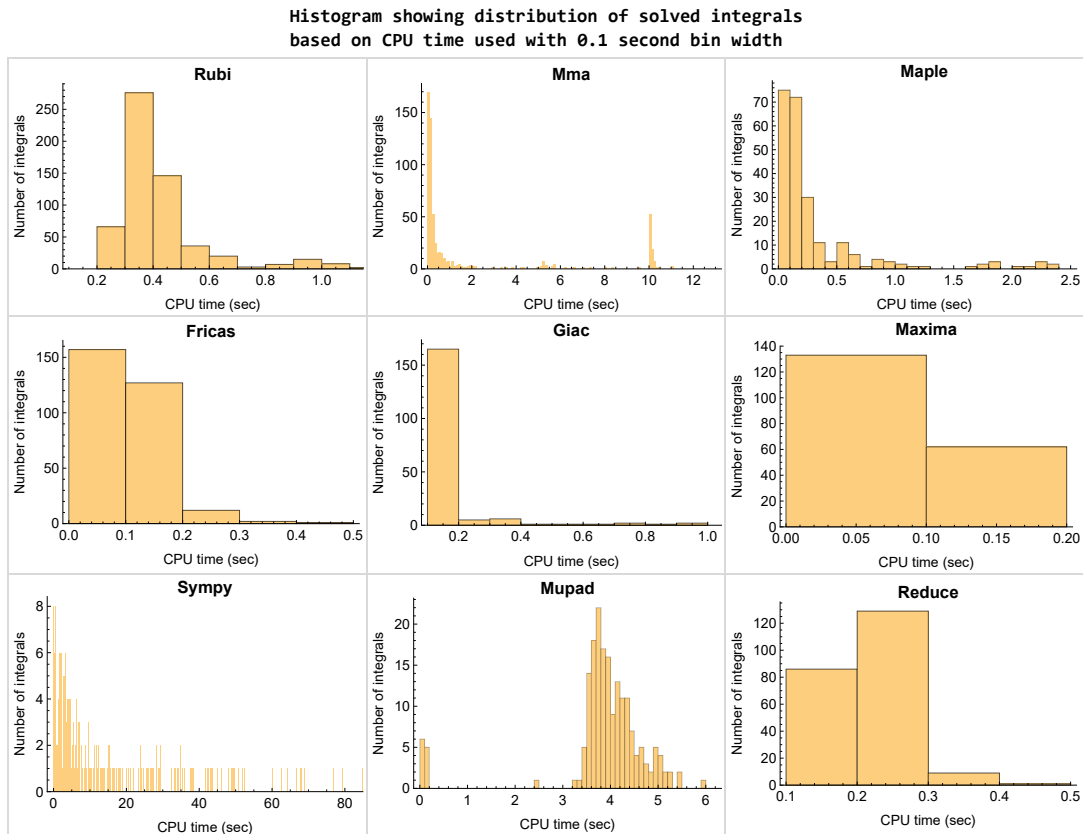


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

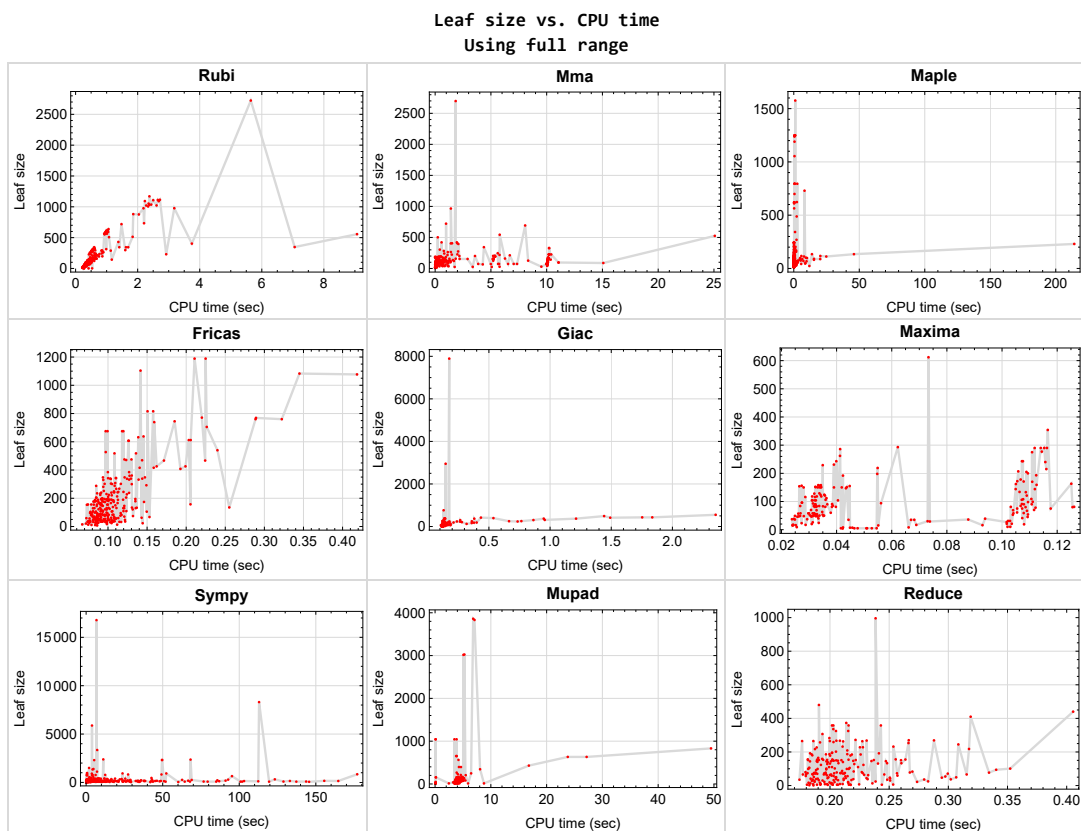


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

**Rubi** {23, 24, 25, 26, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 101, 102, 103, 104, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 204, 211, 212, 231, 232, 233, 517, 518, 523, 524, 529, 530, 531, 536, 538, 543, 551, 560, 562, 567, 570, 571}

**Mathematica** {70, 71, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 110, 111, 112, 123, 124, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 202, 204, 211, 234, 235, 243, 514, 517, 518, 523, 524, 529, 530, 531,



536, 543, 551, 560, 562, 567, 570}

**Maple** {257, 264, 403, 404, 405, 585, 586, 587, 588}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Reduce** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals.

These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'beselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

### Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

### Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

### Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$

# 1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

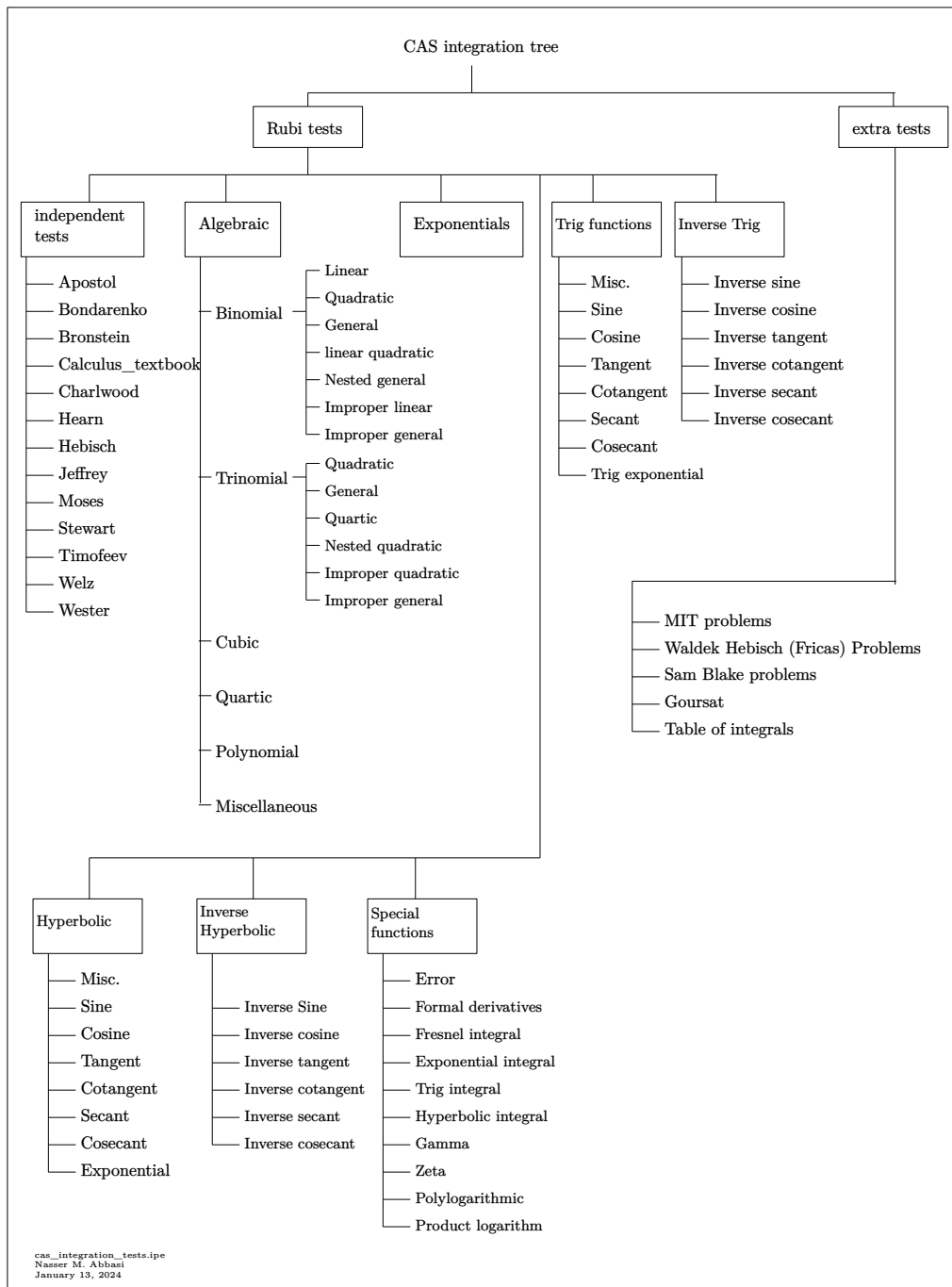
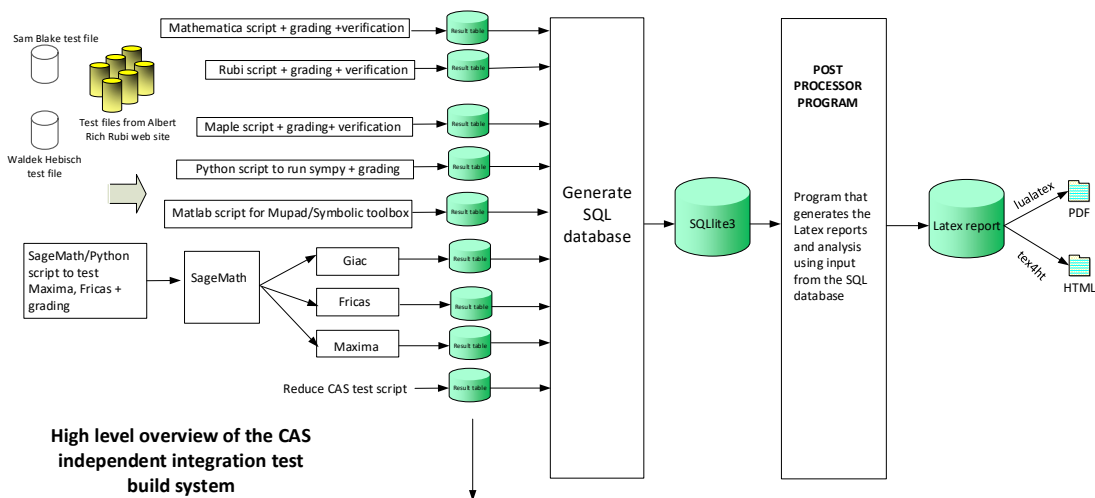


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

# 1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



**High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system**

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi  
January 13, 2024  
Design note

# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS . . . . .	43
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems . . . . .	53
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## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi . . . . .	43
Mma . . . . .	44
Maple . . . . .	45
Fricas . . . . .	46
Maxima . . . . .	47
Giac . . . . .	48
Mupad . . . . .	49
Sympy . . . . .	50
Reduce . . . . .	51

### Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469,



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**B grade** { 397, 398 }

**C grade** { 211, 212, 213, 220, 221, 495, 517, 518, 523, 524, 529, 530, 531, 537, 538, 542, 544, 545, 549, 550, 552, 553, 557, 558, 559, 561, 562 }

**F normal fail** { 565, 566 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Mma

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 108, 109, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 222, 223, 225, 234, 235, 241, 242, 243, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 467, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492,

493, 494, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 512, 513, 519, 520, 525, 526, 527, 528, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 539, 540, 541, 543, 546, 547, 548, 551, 554, 555, 556, 560, 563, 564, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609 }

**B grade** { 70, 71, 72, 73, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 110, 111, 112, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 224, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 464, 465, 466 }

**C grade** { 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 211, 220, 221, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 401, 402, 435, 468, 495, 509, 510, 511, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 521, 522, 523, 524, 529, 530, 531, 537, 538, 542, 544, 545, 549, 550, 552, 553, 557, 558, 559, 561, 562, 585, 586, 587, 588, 610 }

**F normal fail** { 565, 566, 595 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maple

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 214, 215, 216, 217, 222, 223, 234, 235, 236, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 247, 248, 249, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 271, 278, 285, 333, 340, 347, 354, 361, 368, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 406, 429, 439, 445, 448, 449, 450, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 508, 509, 510, 581, 582, 583, 584, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610 }

**B grade** { 218, 219, 237, 246, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 397, 435, 458, 467, 468, 478, 511, 514, 515, 521, 528 }

**C grade** { 224, 403, 404, 405, 451, 585, 586, 587, 588 }

**F normal fail** { 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 84, 85, 86,

87, 88, 89, 90, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 220, 221, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 250, 251, 252, 253, 268, 269, 270, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 286, 287, 288, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 436, 437, 438, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 446, 447, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 512, 513, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603 }

**F(-1) timedout fail { }**

**F(-2) exception fail { }**

## **Fricas**

**A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 66, 75, 77, 78, 79, 83, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 100, 114, 116, 117, 118, 122, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 247, 248, 249, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 264, 271, 278, 285, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 333, 340, 347, 354, 361, 368, 399, 400, 401, 402, 406, 429, 435, 439, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 469, 470, 471, 472, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 508, 509, 510, 511, 514, 515, 516, 521, 522, 528, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 604, 605, 606, 608, 609, 610 }**

**B grade { 64, 65, 74, 76, 80, 81, 82, 98, 99, 113, 115, 119, 120, 121, 157, 183, 238, 246, 261, 262, 263, 265, 266, 267, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 397, 398, 403, 404, 405, 445, 448, 449, 457, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 473, 474, 475, 476, 483, 489, 490, 607 }**

**C grade** { 581, 582, 583, 584 }

**F normal fail** { 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 71, 84, 88, 104, 105, 111, 134, 136, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 268, 269, 270, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 286, 287, 288, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 407, 408, 409, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 436, 437, 438, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 446, 447, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 512, 513, 517, 518, 519, 520, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 68, 69, 72, 73, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 101, 102, 103, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 112, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 135, 212, 213, 220, 221, 585, 586, 587, 588 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 67, 70, 211, 250, 251, 252, 253, 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414 }

## Maxima

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 215, 216, 217, 222, 223, 224, 225, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 247, 248, 249, 254, 255, 256, 257, 261, 262, 263, 264, 271, 278, 285, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 297, 298, 299, 300, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 333, 340, 347, 354, 361, 368, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 429, 435, 439, 445, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 468, 469, 470, 471, 477, 508, 509, 510, 511, 581, 582, 583, 584 }

**B grade** { 6, 7, 32, 137, 138, 151, 152, 153, 154, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 179, 180, 181, 182, 192, 193, 246, 397, 398, 399, 457, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476 }

**C grade** { 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609 }

**F normal fail** { 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69,

70, 71, 72, 73, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 218, 219, 220, 221, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 250, 251, 252, 253, 268, 269, 270, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 286, 287, 288, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 436, 437, 438, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 446, 447, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 585, 586, 587, 588, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 610 }

**F(-1) timedout fail { }**

**F(-2) exception fail { 57, 58, 59, 74, 75, 76, 91, 92, 93, 113, 114, 115, 258, 259, 260, 265, 266, 267, 294, 295, 296, 301, 302, 303, 309, 310, 311 }**

## Giac

**A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 34, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 64, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 98, 99, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 137, 138, 139, 145, 146, 147, 148, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 176, 177, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 188, 189, 190, 192, 193, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 222, 223, 234, 235, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 247, 248, 249, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 297, 298, 299, 300, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 399, 429, 448, 449, 450, 451, 464, 469, 470, 471, 473, 474, 475, 477, 508, 581, 582, 583, 584, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 605 }**

**B grade { 9, 10, 62, 63, 79, 81, 100, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 149, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 173, 174, 175, 178, 185, 186, 187, 191, 225, 236, 237, 239, 240, 246, 254, 255, 256, 261, 262, 263, 397, 398, 403, 404, 405, 406, 435, 465, 466, 467, 468, 509, 510, 511 }**

**C grade { 607, 609 }**

**F normal fail** { 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 220, 221, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 250, 251, 252, 253, 257, 258, 259, 260, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 294, 295, 296, 301, 302, 303, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 400, 401, 402, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 418, 419, 420, 426, 427, 431, 432, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 472, 476, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 499, 500, 501, 504, 516, 517, 518, 522, 523, 524, 528, 529, 530, 531, 535, 536, 537, 538, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 585, 586, 587, 588, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 606, 608, 610 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 65, 66, 80, 82, 83, 238 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 7, 32, 33, 35, 36, 96, 97, 224, 417, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 428, 430, 433, 434, 496, 497, 498, 502, 503, 505, 506, 507, 512, 513, 514, 515, 519, 520, 521, 525, 526, 527, 532, 533, 534, 539, 540, 546, 547, 554, 555, 574, 575, 589 }

## Mupad

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 34, 35, 36, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 167, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 215, 216, 217, 222, 223, 224, 225, 234, 235, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 246, 247, 248, 249, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 271, 278, 285, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 429, 435, 439, 448, 449, 450, 451, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 508, 509, 510, 511, 581, 582, 583, 584, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 599, 604, 605, 606, 608, 609 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 32, 33, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 151, 152, 165, 166, 168, 169, 180, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 218, 219, 220, 221, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 236, 245, 250, 251, 252, 253, 268, 269, 270, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 286, 287, 288, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 436, 437, 438, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 585, 586, 587, 588, 595, 596, 597, 598, 600, 601, 602, 603, 607, 610 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

**Sympy**

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26, 30, 39, 54, 59, 60, 93, 94, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 149, 150, 151, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 166, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 190, 193, 215, 216, 217, 226, 227, 228, 229, 231, 232, 233, 237, 257, 264, 292, 293, 299, 300, 301, 307, 308, 309, 333, 340, 354, 361, 368, 399, 400, 401, 402, 418, 429, 448, 449, 450, 469, 470, 471, 477, 528 }

**B grade** { 6, 10, 27, 28, 29, 34, 137, 145, 146, 147, 148, 152, 153, 154, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 167, 168, 169, 176, 182, 188, 189, 191, 192, 254, 255, 256, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 265, 266, 267, 271, 278, 285, 291, 294, 295, 296, 298, 302, 347, 397, 398, 403, 404, 405, 406, 435, 439, 452, 453, 454, 458, 459, 460, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 508, 509,

515, 516, 521, 522 }

**C grade** { 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 44, 49, 136, 222, 223, 224, 268, 269, 270, 275, 276, 277, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 312, 313, 319, 320, 330, 331, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 369, 370, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 393, 394, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 419, 420, 422, 423, 424, 426, 427, 428, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 451, 498, 499, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 511, 527, 534, 535, 540, 541, 547, 548, 556, 596, 597, 598, 599 }

**F normal fail** { 57, 58, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 211, 212, 213, 214, 218, 219, 220, 221, 234, 235, 236, 238, 239, 240, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 272, 273, 274, 314, 315, 316, 317, 436, 437, 438, 440, 478, 481, 482, 483, 487, 488, 489, 491, 493, 494, 538, 568, 573, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 74, 75, 76, 79, 113, 114, 115, 123, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 225, 230, 241, 242, 250, 251, 286, 289, 290, 297, 303, 304, 305, 306, 310, 311, 318, 321, 322, 325, 329, 371, 377, 391, 392, 395, 396, 421, 425, 479, 480, 484, 485, 486, 490, 496, 497, 510, 512, 513, 514, 519, 520, 525, 526, 531, 532, 533, 539, 544, 545, 546, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 585, 586, 587, 588 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 252, 253, 287, 288, 323, 324, 326, 327, 328, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 455, 456, 457, 461, 462, 463, 492, 495, 500, 501, 517, 518, 523, 524, 529, 530, 536, 537, 542, 543, 549, 550, 557, 558, 564, 565, 566, 567, 569, 570, 571, 572, 574, 575 }

## Reduce

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 222, 223, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 278, 285, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302,



303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 429, 435, 439, 445, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 478, 484, 508, 509, 510, 511, 514, 515, 516, 521, 522, 528, 581, 582, 583, 584, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609 }

**C grade { }**

**F normal fail {** 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 220, 221, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 250, 251, 252, 253, 275, 276, 277, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 286, 287, 288, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 436, 437, 438, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 446, 447, 477, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 512, 513, 517, 518, 519, 520, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 585, 586, 587, 588, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 610 }

**F(-1) timedout fail { }**

**F(-2) exception fail { }**

## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	19	15	12	15	11	10	16	35	11
N.S.	1	1.27	1.00	0.80	1.00	0.73	0.67	1.07	2.33	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.005	0.107	0.024	0.079	0.080	0.118	0.248	0.093

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	25	19	14	17	15	17	17	62	13
N.S.	1	1.32	1.00	0.74	0.89	0.79	0.89	0.89	3.26	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.006	0.072	0.029	0.067	0.063	0.122	0.232	0.104

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	55	49	81	62	121	77	59	59
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.67	1.11	0.85	1.66	1.05	0.81	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.052	0.547	0.032	0.084	1.015	0.124	0.257	3.798

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	33	30	47	41	71	38	37	31
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.65	1.02	0.89	1.54	0.83	0.80	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.034	0.128	0.026	0.077	0.596	0.127	0.302	3.861

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	58	50	70	166	73	53	131	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.86	1.21	2.86	1.26	0.91	2.26	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.079	0.158	0.112	0.088	11.292	0.121	0.241	4.371

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	83	77	77	144	228	262	99	253	91
N.S.	1	0.98	0.91	0.91	1.69	2.68	3.08	1.16	2.98	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.152	0.276	0.105	0.124	62.679	0.130	0.266	4.971

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	86	77	74	172	224	121	0	269	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.85	0.81	1.89	2.46	1.33	0.00	2.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.598	5.276	0.106	0.101	43.382	0.000	0.288	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	65	55	84	176	70	55	151	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.86	1.31	2.75	1.09	0.86	2.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.539	2.230	0.107	0.094	10.494	0.141	0.260	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	39	36	56	46	75	72	43	37
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.68	1.06	0.87	1.42	1.36	0.81	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.704	1.665	0.032	0.086	24.095	0.166	0.251	3.499

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	62	55	96	69	287	112	66	96
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.66	1.16	0.83	3.46	1.35	0.80	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.934	3.118	0.027	0.082	92.751	0.181	0.315	3.793

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	284	284	80	0	0	99	80	0	220	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.28	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	10.091	0.000	0.000	0.080	13.111	0.000	0.622	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	267	75	0	0	86	80	0	182	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.30	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	10.057	0.000	0.000	0.079	7.897	0.000	0.583	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	288	287	86	0	0	104	83	0	203	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.29	0.00	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	10.036	0.000	0.000	0.077	28.375	0.000	0.677	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	318	316	72	0	0	121	90	0	203	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.28	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.573	10.032	0.000	0.000	0.096	128.870	0.000	0.896	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	276	78	0	0	0	80	0	213	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.531	10.072	0.000	0.000	0.000	23.857	0.000	0.648	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	256	72	0	0	0	78	0	177	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.457	10.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.284	0.000	0.562	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	273	87	0	0	0	82	0	203	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	10.028	0.000	0.000	0.000	34.739	0.000	0.740	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	307	305	72	0	0	0	90	0	203	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.552	10.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	143.669	0.000	1.061	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	578	563	80	0	0	0	80	0	229	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.008	10.076	0.000	0.000	0.000	79.363	0.000	0.717	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	562	563	72	0	0	0	80	0	192	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.952	10.065	0.000	0.000	0.000	14.996	0.000	0.619	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	578	559	71	0	0	0	82	0	199	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.938	10.025	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.524	0.000	0.623	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	612	589	72	0	0	0	88	0	203	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.999	10.034	0.000	0.000	0.000	67.797	0.000	0.803	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	576	582	79	0	0	108	80	0	228	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.14	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.977	10.084	0.000	0.000	0.081	17.233	0.000	0.706	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	557	565	71	0	0	94	80	0	189	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.14	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.922	10.049	0.000	0.000	0.086	8.605	0.000	0.564	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	580	582	72	0	0	112	83	0	203	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.14	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.967	10.030	0.000	0.000	0.093	21.056	0.000	0.632	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	610	610	72	0	0	129	90	0	203	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.15	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.011	10.032	0.000	0.000	0.081	76.733	0.000	0.854	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	103	73	69	116	96	337	104	94	89
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.67	1.13	0.93	3.27	1.01	0.91	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.065	0.187	0.029	0.077	2.273	0.126	0.340	3.712



Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	56	50	84	74	240	63	71	59
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.68	1.15	1.01	3.29	0.86	0.97	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	0.044	0.155	0.027	0.090	1.222	0.125	0.300	3.511

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	48	34	30	49	52	143	32	49	32
N.S.	1	1.04	0.74	0.65	1.07	1.13	3.11	0.70	1.07	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.036	0.122	0.027	0.087	0.778	0.118	0.307	3.343

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	81	71	73	81	240	94	67	218	66
N.S.	1	1.05	0.92	0.95	1.05	3.12	1.22	0.87	2.83	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.101	0.241	0.103	0.091	26.021	0.125	0.317	4.104

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	106	99	97	170	348	0	101	410	127
N.S.	1	0.95	0.88	0.87	1.52	3.11	0.00	0.90	3.66	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.138	0.483	0.111	0.094	0.000	0.121	0.319	4.954

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	112	100	101	205	342	0	0	440	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.82	0.83	1.68	2.80	0.00	0.00	3.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.808	9.240	0.109	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.405	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	88	80	82	99	252	0	0	245	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.86	0.88	1.06	2.71	0.00	0.00	2.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.700	4.754	0.111	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.308	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	39	36	51	56	146	42	54	35
N.S.	1	1.00	0.60	0.55	0.78	0.86	2.25	0.65	0.83	0.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.645	2.178	0.033	0.083	164.672	0.139	0.297	3.921

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	81	62	57	87	81	0	0	77	68
N.S.	1	0.98	0.75	0.69	1.05	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.498	1.764	0.032	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.334	3.768

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	109	79	74	129	105	0	0	101	151
N.S.	1	0.96	0.70	0.65	1.14	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.89	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	1.109	3.177	0.034	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.352	4.757

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	315	313	109	0	0	156	0	0	426	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.579	10.096	0.000	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	1.105	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	297	296	101	0	0	145	0	0	386	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.563	10.111	0.000	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	1.025	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	301	300	103	0	0	149	80	0	350	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.27	0.00	1.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.538	10.110	0.000	0.000	0.092	101.899	0.000	0.998	0.000

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	318	316	116	0	0	165	0	0	374	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.556	10.064	0.000	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	1.118	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	348	345	81	0	0	180	0	0	374	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.600	10.048	0.000	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	1.606	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	303	305	107	0	0	0	0	0	416	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.573	10.086	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.093	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	284	289	101	0	0	0	0	0	376	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.529	10.069	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.082	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	286	283	102	0	0	0	78	0	340	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	10.059	0.000	0.000	0.000	119.487	0.000	0.910	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	302	300	116	0	0	0	0	0	374	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.538	10.068	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.217	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	337	334	81	0	0	0	0	0	374	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.600	10.037	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.776	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	608	592	109	0	0	0	0	0	438	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.050	10.096	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.101	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	592	592	93	0	0	0	0	0	398	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.998	10.085	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.050	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	595	576	81	0	0	0	80	0	362	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.945	10.089	0.000	0.000	0.000	137.270	0.000	0.934	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	610	588	80	0	0	0	0	0	370	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.979	10.043	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.944	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	642	618	81	0	0	0	0	0	374	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.034	10.036	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.372	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	606	611	109	0	0	165	0	0	437	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.991	10.093	0.000	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	1.231	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	587	594	92	0	0	152	0	0	398	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.968	10.079	0.000	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	1.048	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	593	595	81	0	0	156	80	0	362	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.13	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.973	10.061	0.000	0.000	0.086	100.834	0.000	0.925	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	610	611	81	0	0	173	0	0	374	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.997	10.046	0.000	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	1.016	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	640	639	81	0	0	188	0	0	374	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.060	10.062	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	1.445	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	91	93	0	288	0	102	77	103
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.89	0.00	2.77	0.00	0.98	0.74	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.187	0.945	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.121	1.445	3.938

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	73	59	0	205	0	64	38	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.80	0.00	2.77	0.00	0.86	0.51	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.101	0.231	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.121	1.015	3.906

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	51	39	0	130	87	40	38	40
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.76	0.00	2.55	1.71	0.78	0.75	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.049	0.128	0.000	0.083	12.344	0.125	1.012	4.201



Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	80	65	0	385	114	71	84	652
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.76	0.00	4.53	1.34	0.84	0.99	7.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.119	0.180	0.000	0.100	10.398	0.123	1.983	3.882

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	127	109	92	0	518	0	104	198	396
N.S.	1	1.09	0.93	0.79	0.00	4.43	0.00	0.89	1.69	3.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.277	0.299	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.120	8.779	4.280

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	134	136	98	0	739	0	237	159	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.11	0.80	0.00	6.01	0.00	1.93	1.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.479	0.950	4.839	0.000	0.159	0.000	0.239	3.218	0.000

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	90	108	70	0	632	0	156	91	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.19	0.77	0.00	6.95	0.00	1.71	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.483	2.204	0.000	0.139	0.000	0.133	1.135	0.000

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	74	42	0	245	0	72	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	0.78	0.00	4.54	0.00	1.33	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.602	1.843	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.131	0.394	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	100	67	0	332	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	0.84	0.00	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.522	3.096	0.000	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.425	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	127	121	88	0	416	0	0	84	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.05	0.77	0.00	3.62	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.495	1.028	6.496	0.000	0.140	0.000	0.000	1.422	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	65	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	10.036	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.387	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	65	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	10.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.404	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	65	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	10.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.372	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	161	0	0	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	10.136	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.400	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	141	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	10.079	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.458	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	141	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	10.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.415	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	141	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	10.093	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.452	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	144	130	133	0	475	0	142	803	144
N.S.	1	1.17	1.06	1.08	0.00	3.86	0.00	1.15	6.53	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.359	0.324	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.124	7.867	4.330

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	98	100	83	0	348	0	116	62	95
N.S.	1	0.99	1.01	0.84	0.00	3.52	0.00	1.17	0.63	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.194	0.220	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.121	4.133	4.016

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	86	86	71	0	302	0	93	62	84
N.S.	1	0.99	0.99	0.82	0.00	3.47	0.00	1.07	0.71	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.166	0.181	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.119	2.962	3.867

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	155	124	146	0	816	0	139	951	3025
N.S.	1	1.17	0.94	1.11	0.00	6.18	0.00	1.05	7.20	22.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.496	0.364	0.365	0.000	0.151	0.000	0.130	11.403	5.259

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	213	163	191	0	1189	0	257	1165	3860
N.S.	1	1.15	0.88	1.03	0.00	6.43	0.00	1.39	6.30	20.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.646	0.881	0.539	0.000	0.211	0.000	0.120	36.298	6.833

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	166	153	117	0	1077	0	343	1002	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.09	0.83	0.00	7.64	0.00	2.43	7.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.550	2.196	5.783	0.000	0.418	0.000	0.141	7.668	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	97	112	81	0	426	0	0	532	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.20	0.87	0.00	4.58	0.00	0.00	5.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	1.002	4.545	0.000	0.162	0.000	0.000	3.048	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	108	124	90	0	467	0	237	62	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.19	0.87	0.00	4.49	0.00	2.28	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	1.188	4.687	0.000	0.172	0.000	0.136	0.527	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	157	157	112	0	612	0	0	832	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.05	0.75	0.00	4.11	0.00	0.00	5.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.552	1.277	7.796	0.000	0.203	0.000	0.000	5.439	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	212	201	134	0	760	0	0	920	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.97	0.64	0.00	3.65	0.00	0.00	4.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.707	2.173	13.877	0.000	0.289	0.000	0.000	8.658	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	169	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	10.129	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.597	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	168	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	10.136	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.541	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	172	0	0	0	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	10.119	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.590	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	329	0	0	0	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.00	5.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	10.216	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.568	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	226	0	0	0	0	0	447	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	10.207	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.072	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	226	0	0	0	0	0	452	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.390	10.197	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.958	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	225	0	0	0	0	0	446	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	10.191	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.637	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	91	93	0	288	0	102	77	103
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.89	0.00	2.77	0.00	0.98	0.74	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.444	0.194	0.665	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.120	20.529	4.165



Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	73	59	0	205	0	64	38	58
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.80	0.00	2.77	0.00	0.86	0.51	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.103	0.141	0.000	0.123	0.000	0.123	13.111	3.794

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	51	39	0	130	87	40	38	40
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.76	0.00	2.55	1.71	0.78	0.75	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.046	0.078	0.000	0.120	17.997	0.119	13.426	3.531

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	80	65	0	385	114	71	84	652
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.76	0.00	4.53	1.34	0.84	0.99	7.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.116	0.114	0.000	0.127	12.950	0.132	32.768	3.787

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	127	109	92	0	518	0	104	24	396
N.S.	1	1.09	0.93	0.79	0.00	4.43	0.00	0.89	0.21	3.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.287	0.191	0.000	0.136	0.000	0.138	200.039	4.644

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	134	136	98	0	745	0	0	159	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.11	0.80	0.00	6.06	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	1.593	10.085	0.000	0.185	0.000	0.000	47.928	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	90	108	70	0	638	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.19	0.77	0.00	7.01	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.759	7.342	0.000	0.145	0.000	0.000	14.689	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	74	42	0	245	0	72	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	0.78	0.00	4.54	0.00	1.33	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.653	5.652	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.144	2.811	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	100	67	0	332	0	116	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	0.84	0.00	4.15	0.00	1.45	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.617	9.749	0.000	0.139	0.000	0.141	6.944	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	127	121	88	0	416	0	205	84	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.05	0.77	0.00	3.62	0.00	1.78	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.492	1.686	20.177	0.000	0.158	0.000	0.279	168.089	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	672	1022	140	0	0	0	0	0	145	0
N.S.	1	1.52	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.608	10.106	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	25.254	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	635	976	65	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.54	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.187	10.048	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.626	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	635	876	65	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.38	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.038	10.034	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.599	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	672	1006	141	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.50	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.336	10.117	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.233	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1017	1111	65	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.649	10.059	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.643	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	788	881	65	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.858	10.040	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.578	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1053	1021	141	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.276	10.096	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.624	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	65	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	10.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.710	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	65	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	10.064	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.570	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	161	0	0	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	10.171	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.570	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	141	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	10.091	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.970	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	141	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	10.169	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.781	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	144	130	133	0	475	0	142	803	144
N.S.	1	1.17	1.06	1.08	0.00	3.86	0.00	1.15	6.53	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.465	0.366	0.334	0.000	0.130	0.000	0.127	170.305	4.072

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F(-1)	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	98	100	83	0	348	0	116	62	95
N.S.	1	0.99	1.01	0.84	0.00	3.52	0.00	1.17	0.63	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.185	0.212	0.000	0.147	0.000	0.131	79.515	3.863

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	86	86	71	0	302	0	93	62	84
N.S.	1	0.99	0.99	0.82	0.00	3.47	0.00	1.07	0.71	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.183	0.188	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.123	56.951	3.647

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	155	124	146	0	816	0	139	24	3017
N.S.	1	1.17	0.94	1.11	0.00	6.18	0.00	1.05	0.18	22.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.503	0.370	0.451	0.000	0.158	0.000	0.130	200.035	5.084

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	213	163	191	0	1189	0	257	24	3832
N.S.	1	1.15	0.88	1.03	0.00	6.43	0.00	1.39	0.13	20.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.601	0.712	0.644	0.000	0.225	0.000	0.122	200.036	7.068

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	166	153	117	0	1083	0	298	1002	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.09	0.83	0.00	7.68	0.00	2.11	7.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.531	2.908	20.279	0.000	0.345	0.000	0.266	155.045	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	97	112	81	0	426	0	244	532	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.20	0.87	0.00	4.58	0.00	2.62	5.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	1.387	15.375	0.000	0.199	0.000	0.361	58.283	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	108	124	90	0	467	0	237	62	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.19	0.87	0.00	4.49	0.00	2.28	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	1.355	15.422	0.000	0.224	0.000	0.178	7.752	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	157	157	112	0	612	0	418	832	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.05	0.75	0.00	4.11	0.00	2.81	5.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	1.841	24.820	0.000	0.206	0.000	0.435	112.723	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	212	201	134	0	760	0	395	24	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.97	0.64	0.00	3.65	0.00	1.90	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.684	3.573	45.935	0.000	0.322	0.000	0.537	200.037	0.000

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	788	1114	226	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.41	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.717	10.219	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.037	0.000



Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	735	1052	173	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.43	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.352	10.149	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	83.577	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	627	1033	159	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.65	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.377	10.115	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	76.597	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	735	1036	169	0	0	0	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.41	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.436	10.141	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.908	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	788	1092	225	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.39	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.680	10.223	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.037	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1177	1107	159	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.501	10.122	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	84.857	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1187	1093	169	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.232	10.147	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.843	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1266	1170	226	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.378	10.229	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.034	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	170	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	10.140	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.523	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	170	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	10.144	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.608	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	328	0	0	0	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.00	5.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	10.220	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.209	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	226	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	10.409	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.042	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	226	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	10.233	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.043	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	83	0	0	0	80	0	73	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	10.085	0.000	0.000	0.000	51.880	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	112	118	116	243	242	226	143	145	134
N.S.	1	0.94	0.99	0.97	2.04	2.03	1.90	1.20	1.22	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.711	0.120	0.107	0.112	35.871	0.140	0.189	4.946

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	97	91	159	191	144	105	104	93
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	1.06	1.85	2.22	1.67	1.22	1.21	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.129	0.062	0.113	0.101	33.320	0.137	0.182	4.481

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	78	80	77	108	155	107	87	102	68
N.S.	1	1.13	1.16	1.12	1.57	2.25	1.55	1.26	1.48	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.184	0.074	0.108	0.099	33.986	0.182	0.204	4.300

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	66	82	84	67	166	85	163	96	57
N.S.	1	1.12	1.39	1.42	1.14	2.81	1.44	2.76	1.63	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.133	0.077	0.109	0.112	9.008	0.359	0.197	4.164

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	50	47	48	49	60	73	250	110	91
N.S.	1	1.09	1.02	1.04	1.07	1.30	1.59	5.43	2.39	1.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.101	0.082	0.032	0.082	1.988	0.665	0.202	3.664

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	78	69	70	84	85	109	310	152	126
N.S.	1	1.05	0.93	0.95	1.14	1.15	1.47	4.19	2.05	1.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.134	0.093	0.034	0.087	2.716	0.956	0.202	3.824

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	108	93	94	118	109	143	370	192	168
N.S.	1	1.04	0.89	0.90	1.13	1.05	1.38	3.56	1.85	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.153	0.108	0.033	0.120	2.233	0.948	0.241	4.180

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	138	113	118	152	133	177	430	232	210
N.S.	1	1.03	0.84	0.88	1.13	0.99	1.32	3.21	1.73	1.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	0.182	0.141	0.034	0.137	3.086	1.835	0.254	4.608

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	143	108	113	158	131	1386	175	123	117
N.S.	1	0.95	0.72	0.75	1.05	0.87	9.24	1.17	0.82	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	0.068	0.099	0.034	0.111	4.785	0.130	0.192	3.844

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	113	88	89	124	107	910	140	99	97
N.S.	1	0.97	0.75	0.76	1.06	0.91	7.78	1.20	0.85	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.060	0.080	0.036	0.091	3.708	0.132	0.182	4.539

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	83	64	65	90	82	422	105	75	77
N.S.	1	0.99	0.76	0.77	1.07	0.98	5.02	1.25	0.89	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.051	0.072	0.032	0.079	2.690	0.121	0.209	3.932

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	42	43	55	57	119	72	50	54
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.81	1.04	1.08	2.25	1.36	0.94	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.032	0.066	0.032	0.076	2.428	0.126	0.205	3.553

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	68	68	83	75	150	107	116	99	80
N.S.	1	1.03	1.03	1.26	1.14	2.27	1.62	1.76	1.50	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.087	0.062	0.105	0.109	3.117	0.130	0.190	3.725

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	81	75	93	133	158	107	78	159	97
N.S.	1	0.95	0.88	1.09	1.56	1.86	1.26	0.92	1.87	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.131	0.085	0.109	0.092	4.467	0.138	0.193	4.101

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	88	91	102	193	188	144	130	185	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.00	1.12	2.12	2.07	1.58	1.43	2.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.171	0.085	0.112	0.105	5.845	0.144	0.226	0.000

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	115	124	127	277	238	226	139	228	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.01	1.03	2.25	1.93	1.84	1.13	1.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.189	0.088	0.114	0.127	13.006	0.153	0.225	0.000

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	110	123	116	240	243	253	144	145	130
N.S.	1	0.96	1.07	1.01	2.09	2.11	2.20	1.25	1.26	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.166	0.072	0.116	0.108	68.925	0.137	0.247	5.025

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	103	98	96	171	203	216	121	144	105
N.S.	1	1.05	1.00	0.98	1.74	2.07	2.20	1.23	1.47	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.322	0.081	0.108	0.085	85.697	0.186	0.201	4.871

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	97	103	99	134	195	187	225	128	95
N.S.	1	1.04	1.11	1.06	1.44	2.10	2.01	2.42	1.38	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.234	0.088	0.106	0.096	23.711	0.265	0.221	4.772



Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	84	91	108	80	213	114	254	139	72
N.S.	1	1.11	1.20	1.42	1.05	2.80	1.50	3.34	1.83	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.234	0.089	0.109	0.112	15.060	0.765	0.198	5.002

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	50	49	48	49	84	189	370	152	122
N.S.	1	1.09	1.07	1.04	1.07	1.83	4.11	8.04	3.30	2.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.156	0.096	0.033	0.107	4.653	1.212	0.181	4.502

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	78	71	70	84	109	258	430	192	164
N.S.	1	1.05	0.96	0.95	1.14	1.47	3.49	5.81	2.59	2.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.185	0.118	0.032	0.123	4.697	1.753	0.183	4.951

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	108	94	94	118	134	326	490	232	206
N.S.	1	1.04	0.90	0.90	1.13	1.29	3.13	4.71	2.23	1.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.238	0.151	0.034	0.131	5.419	1.442	0.211	5.495

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	138	115	118	152	157	393	550	272	248
N.S.	1	1.03	0.86	0.88	1.13	1.17	2.93	4.10	2.03	1.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.292	0.230	0.032	0.205	5.316	2.353	0.222	6.464

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	143	110	115	158	155	3351	175	147	137
N.S.	1	0.95	0.73	0.77	1.05	1.03	22.34	1.17	0.98	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.459	0.088	0.111	0.033	0.082	7.225	0.125	0.220	4.017

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	113	89	91	124	132	2304	140	123	118
N.S.	1	0.97	0.76	0.78	1.06	1.13	19.69	1.20	1.05	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.072	0.088	0.034	0.101	5.269	0.129	0.228	3.845

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	83	66	67	90	106	1340	105	99	97
N.S.	1	0.99	0.79	0.80	1.07	1.26	15.95	1.25	1.18	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.053	0.082	0.032	0.105	4.176	0.126	0.216	3.855

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	44	45	55	80	498	72	74	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.85	1.04	1.51	9.40	1.36	1.40	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.036	0.075	0.033	0.079	3.183	0.123	0.181	3.911

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	89	81	99	91	197	184	140	141	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.90	1.10	1.01	2.19	2.04	1.56	1.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.118	0.073	0.107	0.093	3.063	0.129	0.189	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	107	105	147	163	184	202	124	187	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.89	1.25	1.38	1.56	1.71	1.05	1.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.371	0.146	0.094	0.125	0.099	4.140	0.160	0.215	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	105	92	115	207	210	216	145	202	78
N.S.	1	0.94	0.82	1.03	1.85	1.88	1.93	1.29	1.80	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.213	0.097	0.106	0.100	6.827	0.147	0.205	5.113

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	112	117	127	275	240	253	156	228	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.95	1.03	2.24	1.95	2.06	1.27	1.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.247	0.092	0.111	0.104	14.051	0.155	0.228	0.000

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	140	150	151	354	292	287	214	268	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.94	0.95	2.23	1.84	1.81	1.35	1.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.239	0.108	0.117	0.149	43.042	0.169	0.231	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	88	105	99	178	192	150	111	105	99
N.S.	1	0.98	1.17	1.10	1.98	2.13	1.67	1.23	1.17	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.297	0.079	0.107	0.092	24.727	0.130	0.217	5.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	57	80	82	109	146	66	79	68	59
N.S.	1	0.97	1.36	1.39	1.85	2.47	1.12	1.34	1.15	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.070	0.062	0.111	0.121	29.293	0.127	0.185	4.726

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	48	76	69	54	130	71	66	55	35
N.S.	1	1.12	1.77	1.60	1.26	3.02	1.65	1.53	1.28	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.082	0.069	0.109	0.135	6.932	0.132	0.213	4.346

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	48	39	44	48	39	65	124	68	35
N.S.	1	1.12	0.91	1.02	1.12	0.91	1.51	2.88	1.58	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.083	0.075	0.032	0.075	1.507	0.318	0.180	3.914

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	76	60	67	83	62	100	180	110	58
N.S.	1	1.06	0.83	0.93	1.15	0.86	1.39	2.50	1.53	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.103	0.083	0.033	0.104	1.836	0.378	0.224	3.884

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	106	93	91	118	86	133	236	152	102
N.S.	1	1.05	0.92	0.90	1.17	0.85	1.32	2.34	1.50	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.138	0.092	0.031	0.089	3.045	0.735	0.237	3.721

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	81	56	62	85	59	338	99	51	53
N.S.	1	0.99	0.68	0.76	1.04	0.72	4.12	1.21	0.62	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.056	0.074	0.039	0.072	2.793	0.118	0.186	4.399

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	34	39	49	36	70	66	28	67
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.76	0.96	0.71	1.37	1.29	0.55	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.033	0.065	0.035	0.077	2.134	0.125	0.185	4.078

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	71	73	58	125	39	80	74	65
N.S.	1	1.00	1.51	1.55	1.23	2.66	0.83	1.70	1.57	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.050	0.062	0.104	0.102	2.054	0.116	0.228	4.146

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	80	93	121	138	66	64	144	94
N.S.	1	1.00	1.31	1.52	1.98	2.26	1.08	1.05	2.36	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.081	0.079	0.109	0.106	3.107	0.135	0.197	4.657

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	92	101	112	200	195	150	125	186	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.09	1.20	2.15	2.10	1.61	1.34	2.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.177	0.079	0.109	0.091	7.521	0.146	0.197	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	113	159	140	215	304	177	144	257	134
N.S.	1	0.99	1.39	1.23	1.89	2.67	1.55	1.26	2.25	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.355	0.112	0.116	0.104	66.641	0.139	0.192	5.217

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	82	139	114	144	249	264	105	209	90
N.S.	1	0.99	1.67	1.37	1.73	3.00	3.18	1.27	2.52	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.221	0.092	0.112	0.108	28.970	0.128	0.215	4.665

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	58	75	75	69	200	75	69	133	54
N.S.	1	1.12	1.44	1.44	1.33	3.85	1.44	1.33	2.56	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	0.088	0.069	0.104	0.093	7.254	0.128	0.207	4.265

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	46	36	46	46	46	68	66	101	46
N.S.	1	1.10	0.86	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.62	1.57	2.40	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.077	0.082	0.026	0.081	0.795	0.187	0.197	3.477

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	74	60	69	81	73	85	188	140	66
N.S.	1	1.09	0.88	1.01	1.19	1.07	1.25	2.76	2.06	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.110	0.092	0.033	0.100	3.699	0.400	0.211	3.731

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	104	81	94	116	98	114	303	185	91
N.S.	1	1.04	0.81	0.94	1.16	0.98	1.14	3.03	1.85	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.141	0.097	0.032	0.083	4.332	0.864	0.218	4.025

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	132	104	118	151	121	146	414	227	154
N.S.	1	1.05	0.83	0.94	1.20	0.96	1.16	3.29	1.80	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.157	0.114	0.032	0.091	5.057	1.492	0.189	4.174



Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	107	80	91	128	95	561	146	84	79
N.S.	1	0.96	0.71	0.81	1.14	0.85	5.01	1.30	0.75	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.067	0.100	0.032	0.116	4.644	0.118	0.220	4.933

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	77	57	66	90	70	267	106	59	81
N.S.	1	0.97	0.72	0.84	1.14	0.89	3.38	1.34	0.75	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.048	0.088	0.037	0.121	4.182	0.127	0.201	4.224

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	33	43	53	47	65	62	36	38
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.96	1.18	1.04	1.44	1.38	0.80	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.033	0.079	0.035	0.081	4.006	0.117	0.185	3.988

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	71	79	80	189	206	108	165	60
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.34	1.36	3.20	3.49	1.83	2.80	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.068	0.069	0.126	0.092	6.005	0.123	0.190	4.167

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	86	91	127	162	242	262	107	325	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.02	1.43	1.82	2.72	2.94	1.20	3.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.164	0.098	0.105	0.108	9.796	0.139	0.205	0.000

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	117	113	155	243	308	180	148	373	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.94	1.29	2.02	2.57	1.50	1.23	3.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.189	0.108	0.108	0.109	18.221	0.151	0.214	0.000

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.207	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.335	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	106	0	0	0	0	0	1199	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.430	0.178	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.284	0.000

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	104	0	0	0	0	0	419	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.054	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	82	106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.201	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.253	0.000

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.326	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.099	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	1179	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.178	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.344	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	98	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.171	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	97	95	0	0	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.174	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	85	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.068	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	145	125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	5.209	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.211	0.000

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	230	232	206	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.633	5.345	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.031	0.000

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.412	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.839	0.000

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	111	0	0	0	0	0	432	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	0.321	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.208	0.000

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.488	0.341	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.417	0.000

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	0.411	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.803	0.000

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.493	0.399	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	47.495	0.000

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	101	115	0	0	0	0	0	1332	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.237	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.470	0.000

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	533	67	68	0	0	0	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	10.039	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.281	0.000

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	67	126	0	0	0	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	0.41	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	8.339	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.326	0.000

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	67	218	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	0.31	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	5.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.273	0.000

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	47	29	0	121	0	35	78	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.52	0.94	0.00	3.90	0.00	1.13	2.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.065	0.587	0.000	0.132	0.000	0.130	0.267	0.000

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	38	27	38	27	29	41	25	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.71	1.00	0.71	0.76	1.08	0.66	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.009	0.112	0.025	0.086	0.203	0.118	0.283	3.984

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	61	61	46	49	47	37	54	47	38
N.S.	1	1.30	1.30	0.98	1.04	1.00	0.79	1.15	1.00	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.009	0.067	0.031	0.122	0.145	0.125	0.294	0.112

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	61	46	49	47	37	54	47	38
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.75	0.80	0.77	0.61	0.89	0.77	0.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.009	0.085	0.025	0.104	0.161	0.122	0.251	3.242

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	76	176	0	174	0	48	133	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	2.98	0.00	2.95	0.00	0.81	2.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.086	0.286	0.000	0.146	0.000	0.134	0.248	0.000

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	76	176	0	174	0	48	133	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	2.98	0.00	2.95	0.00	0.81	2.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.063	0.086	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.135	0.260	0.000



Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	67	96	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	0.25	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	11.057	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	67	96	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	0.25	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	11.072	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.257	0.000

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	79	47	50	45	37	119	59	36	58
N.S.	1	1.05	0.63	0.67	0.60	0.49	1.59	0.79	0.48	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.684	0.184	0.109	0.093	35.451	0.146	0.280	4.489

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	34	25	19	24	102	24	22	36
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	0.56	0.71	3.00	0.71	0.65	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.389	0.374	0.108	0.105	2.871	0.142	0.274	4.113

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	79	67	35	56	73	0	36	82
N.S.	1	1.00	2.03	1.72	0.90	1.44	1.87	0.00	0.92	2.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.279	0.160	0.044	0.108	18.060	0.000	0.280	5.445

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F(-1)	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	84	77	0	61	94	0	370	72	344
N.S.	1	1.05	0.96	0.00	0.76	1.18	0.00	4.62	0.90	4.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.477	0.000	0.105	0.099	0.000	0.380	0.464	8.069

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	309	317	73	0	0	67	141	0	93	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.46	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.617	7.346	0.000	0.000	0.153	103.154	0.000	0.462	0.000

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	269	73	0	0	53	138	0	64	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.51	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.503	5.729	0.000	0.000	0.089	5.960	0.000	0.366	0.000

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	228	228	66	0	0	23	114	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.50	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	4.269	0.000	0.000	0.144	3.366	0.000	0.311	0.000

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	271	271	73	0	0	51	107	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.39	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	5.646	0.000	0.000	0.083	15.342	0.000	0.334	0.000

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	311	319	73	0	0	69	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.602	7.044	0.000	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.347	0.000

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	579	601	73	0	0	65	141	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.24	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.025	6.540	0.000	0.000	0.091	15.348	0.000	0.432	0.000

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	533	554	73	0	0	33	121	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.23	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.933	3.861	0.000	0.000	0.115	2.957	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	573	599	71	0	0	59	107	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.19	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.027	4.992	0.000	0.000	0.100	5.405	0.000	0.361	0.000

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	143	99	75	57	62	0	162	83	831
N.S.	1	1.06	0.73	0.56	0.42	0.46	0.00	1.20	0.61	6.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	1.376	0.145	0.026	0.143	0.000	0.140	0.270	49.472

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	107	87	65	47	57	0	127	66	632
N.S.	1	1.03	0.84	0.62	0.45	0.55	0.00	1.22	0.63	6.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	1.151	0.085	0.031	0.085	0.000	0.139	0.246	27.174

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	74	404	52	37	52	0	92	49	0
N.S.	1	1.01	5.53	0.71	0.51	0.71	0.00	1.26	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	1.406	0.081	0.029	0.100	0.000	0.140	0.199	0.000

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	264	72	26	46	61	57	33	41
N.S.	1	1.00	7.14	1.95	0.70	1.24	1.65	1.54	0.89	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	1.136	0.088	0.031	0.091	1.743	0.129	0.218	3.994

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	69	184	47	27	55	0	0	44	129
N.S.	1	1.82	4.84	1.24	0.71	1.45	0.00	0.00	1.16	3.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.958	0.091	0.102	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.198	5.141

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	421	23	10	30	0	48	38	31
N.S.	1	1.00	13.58	0.74	0.32	0.97	0.00	1.55	1.23	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	1.945	0.093	0.102	0.103	0.000	0.120	0.220	3.899

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	693	28	21	37	0	90	56	43
N.S.	1	1.00	11.00	0.44	0.33	0.59	0.00	1.43	0.89	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	8.071	0.092	0.102	0.109	0.000	0.133	0.215	3.771

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	99	41	33	31	44	0	111	72	55
N.S.	1	1.05	0.44	0.35	0.33	0.47	0.00	1.18	0.77	0.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	10.041	0.093	0.103	0.086	0.000	0.139	0.211	3.868

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	135	46	38	41	49	0	132	87	67
N.S.	1	1.08	0.37	0.30	0.33	0.39	0.00	1.06	0.70	0.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	10.057	0.105	0.107	0.086	0.000	0.139	0.210	3.911

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	107	88	65	47	57	0	76	66	632
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.62	0.45	0.55	0.00	0.73	0.63	6.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	1.163	0.138	0.031	0.087	0.000	0.123	0.177	23.791

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	71	406	55	37	52	0	59	49	429
N.S.	1	0.97	5.56	0.75	0.51	0.71	0.00	0.81	0.67	5.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	1.518	0.102	0.024	0.094	0.000	0.107	0.205	16.816

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	265	41	24	46	0	39	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	7.57	1.17	0.69	1.31	0.00	1.11	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	1.407	0.095	0.034	0.101	0.000	0.119	0.212	0.000

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	8	8	38	40	16	27	0	20	19	6
N.S.	1	1.00	4.75	5.00	2.00	3.38	0.00	2.50	2.38	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.860	0.100	0.025	0.088	0.000	0.110	0.200	4.068

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	146	20	10	25	0	25	20	19
N.S.	1	1.00	5.03	0.69	0.34	0.86	0.00	0.86	0.69	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.906	0.106	0.103	0.084	0.000	0.112	0.204	4.224

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	407	25	21	34	0	48	39	33
N.S.	1	1.00	6.46	0.40	0.33	0.54	0.00	0.76	0.62	0.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	1.976	0.106	0.104	0.092	0.000	0.118	0.188	4.283

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	99	41	30	31	39	0	69	57	43
N.S.	1	1.05	0.44	0.32	0.33	0.41	0.00	0.73	0.61	0.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	1.126	0.103	0.102	0.092	0.000	0.124	0.203	4.312

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.145	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	16.236	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	45	47	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.195	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.030	0.000



Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	104	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.176	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	42.809	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	105	105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.211	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	41.908	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	45	46	51	82	274	107	72	45
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.02	1.13	1.82	6.09	2.38	1.60	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.081	0.165	0.030	0.093	0.530	0.132	0.195	3.506

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	41	45	50	75	255	103	70	45
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.98	1.09	1.63	5.54	2.24	1.52	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.070	0.129	0.035	0.096	0.365	0.126	0.189	3.493

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	37	39	48	69	236	83	66	38
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.98	1.20	1.72	5.90	2.08	1.65	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.069	0.116	0.028	0.087	0.301	0.122	0.186	3.435

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	36	34	36	33	44	0	30	32
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	1.00	1.06	0.97	1.29	0.00	0.88	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.031	0.123	0.025	0.105	0.159	0.000	0.251	4.217

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	40	45	0	70	248	0	71	45
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.96	0.00	1.49	5.28	0.00	1.51	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.084	0.139	0.000	0.080	0.347	0.000	0.187	3.510

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	42	44	0	69	313	0	70	45
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.83	0.00	1.30	5.91	0.00	1.32	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.082	0.144	0.000	0.082	0.320	0.000	0.195	3.935

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	45	45	0	74	332	0	73	45
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.92	0.00	1.51	6.78	0.00	1.49	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.085	0.141	0.000	0.086	0.548	0.000	0.204	3.537

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	70	76	96	189	770	275	151	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.00	1.26	2.49	10.13	3.62	1.99	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.121	0.256	0.027	0.113	0.686	0.126	0.202	3.734

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	70	76	93	189	767	275	151	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.00	1.22	2.49	10.09	3.62	1.99	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.101	0.240	0.031	0.087	0.531	0.130	0.210	3.677

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	70	68	94	175	726	232	146	71
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	1.34	2.50	10.37	3.31	2.09	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.105	0.211	0.056	0.088	0.552	0.129	0.235	3.754

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	52	59	62	70	60	80	0	44	61
N.S.	1	0.95	1.07	1.13	1.27	1.09	1.45	0.00	0.80	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.059	0.210	0.031	0.113	0.177	0.000	0.213	3.702

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	68	75	0	177	785	0	148	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.96	0.00	2.27	10.06	0.00	1.90	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.128	0.231	0.000	0.081	0.483	0.000	0.207	3.698

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	71	76	0	179	955	0	152	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.90	0.00	2.13	11.37	0.00	1.81	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.123	0.233	0.000	0.084	0.599	0.000	0.222	3.679

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	71	76	0	179	959	0	152	80
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.90	0.00	2.13	11.42	0.00	1.81	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.124	0.230	0.000	0.093	0.621	0.000	0.191	3.793

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	75	0	0	0	162	0	5	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.89	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.789	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	75	0	0	0	162	0	5	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.89	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.064	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.720	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	40	0	0	0	110	0	1	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.62	0.00	0.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.219	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	38	38	38	50	34	83	0	2	35
N.S.	1	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.43	0.97	2.37	0.00	0.06	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.043	0.104	0.034	0.091	0.562	0.000	0.183	3.621

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	73	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	76	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	76	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	75	0	0	0	767	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.13	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.193	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	75	0	0	0	767	0	13	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.13	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.266	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	72	56	0	0	0	741	0	11	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.44	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.844	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	47	54	63	73	248	0	22	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.04	1.21	1.40	4.77	0.00	0.42	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.077	0.122	0.035	0.086	1.107	0.000	0.187	3.612

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	73	0	0	0	780	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.63	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.449	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	76	0	0	0	821	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.66	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000	27.407	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	76	0	0	0	821	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.66	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.000	49.214	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	75	0	0	0	2360	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	27.13	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.000	68.190	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	75	0	0	0	2315	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	26.92	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.069	0.000	0.000	0.000	49.539	0.000	0.187	0.000



Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	78	58	0	0	0	2319	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	38.02	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.061	0.000	0.000	0.000	49.664	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	69	64	68	106	133	542	0	61	83
N.S.	1	0.96	0.89	0.94	1.47	1.85	7.53	0.00	0.85	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.102	0.154	0.036	0.090	2.041	0.000	0.197	3.715

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	73	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	76	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	76	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	243	58	83	0	71	75	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	4.42	1.05	1.51	0.00	1.29	1.36	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.173	0.198	0.030	0.093	0.000	0.137	0.213	3.970

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	243	58	83	0	71	75	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	4.42	1.05	1.51	0.00	1.29	1.36	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.163	0.165	0.031	0.098	0.000	0.134	0.188	3.958

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	243	58	83	301	71	75	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	4.42	1.05	1.51	5.47	1.29	1.36	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.203	0.138	0.032	0.096	16.262	0.130	0.187	4.555

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	209	58	83	126	71	73	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	3.80	1.05	1.51	2.29	1.29	1.33	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.154	0.144	0.027	0.101	1.397	0.126	0.257	3.988

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	52	240	58	77	134	58	69	50
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	4.53	1.09	1.45	2.53	1.09	1.30	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.130	0.139	0.030	0.116	1.806	0.121	0.197	4.183

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	55	243	0	83	366	0	74	52
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	4.58	0.00	1.57	6.91	0.00	1.40	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.262	0.139	0.000	0.106	1.289	0.000	0.209	4.418

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	57	243	0	87	389	0	77	52
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	4.42	0.00	1.58	7.07	0.00	1.40	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.175	0.142	0.000	0.092	6.349	0.000	0.188	4.407

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	A	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	57	243	0	87	389	0	77	52
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	4.42	0.00	1.58	7.07	0.00	1.40	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.176	0.143	0.000	0.090	25.563	0.000	0.196	4.328

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	87	621	104	191	0	123	154	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	7.06	1.18	2.17	0.00	1.40	1.75	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.281	0.447	0.031	0.104	0.000	0.139	0.189	4.198

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	87	621	104	191	842	123	154	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	7.06	1.18	2.17	9.57	1.40	1.75	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.305	0.284	0.032	0.098	177.029	0.135	0.216	4.222

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	87	564	104	190	218	123	152	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	6.27	1.16	2.11	2.42	1.37	1.69	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.266	0.285	0.032	0.119	1.957	0.139	0.189	4.043

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	84	614	104	184	233	104	148	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	7.14	1.21	2.14	2.71	1.21	1.72	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.213	0.279	0.031	0.107	3.032	0.131	0.203	4.132

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	85	611	0	189	190	0	150	99
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	7.10	0.00	2.20	2.21	0.00	1.74	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.329	0.279	0.000	0.100	1.323	0.000	0.205	4.437

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	88	619	0	194	1112	0	156	99
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	6.88	0.00	2.16	12.36	0.00	1.73	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.281	0.282	0.000	0.099	7.118	0.000	0.256	4.317

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	90	621	0	195	0	0	156	99
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	7.06	0.00	2.22	0.00	0.00	1.77	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.273	0.283	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.181	4.358

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	118	1249	150	339	0	175	265	115
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	10.32	1.24	2.80	0.00	1.45	2.19	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.368	1.029	0.034	0.129	0.000	0.177	0.176	4.283

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	118	1249	150	339	0	175	265	115
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	10.50	1.26	2.85	0.00	1.47	2.23	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.299	1.042	0.028	0.144	0.000	0.148	0.186	4.419

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	118	1054	150	339	0	175	265	115
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	8.86	1.26	2.85	0.00	1.47	2.23	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.362	0.550	0.042	0.103	0.000	0.144	0.200	4.218

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	118	1190	150	338	309	175	263	115
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	9.83	1.24	2.79	2.55	1.45	2.17	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.317	0.559	0.034	0.124	2.155	0.141	0.211	4.244

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	115	1241	150	330	332	150	259	115
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	10.61	1.28	2.82	2.84	1.28	2.21	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.261	0.523	0.033	0.094	3.611	0.128	0.203	4.330

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	116	1239	0	337	275	0	264	145
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	10.59	0.00	2.88	2.35	0.00	2.26	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.417	0.534	0.000	0.104	1.715	0.000	0.227	4.668

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	121	120	1249	0	343	0	0	267	145
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	10.32	0.00	2.83	0.00	0.00	2.21	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.672	0.537	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.000	0.208	4.531

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	121	1249	0	343	0	0	267	145
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	10.50	0.00	2.88	0.00	0.00	2.24	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.430	0.358	0.539	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.000	0.205	4.452

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	55	0	0	0	196	0	7	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.06	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.252	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.369	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	55	0	0	0	196	0	5	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.06	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.170	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.148	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	53	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.151	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	54	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.240	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.202	0.000



Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	57	0	0	0	0	0	9	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.206	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	57	0	0	0	0	0	9	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.228	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	80	0	0	0	0	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.287	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	80	0	0	0	932	0	14	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.13	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	23.769	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	82	0	0	0	925	0	16	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.51	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.191	0.000	0.000	0.000	52.372	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	88	83	0	0	0	0	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	88	0	0	0	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.214	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.264	0.000

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	88	0	0	0	0	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.221	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	113	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.344	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	113	0	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.225	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	110	0	0	0	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.214	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	112	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	0.322	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	114	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.261	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	114	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.270	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	101	0	0	0	116	0	252	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.17	0.00	2.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.130	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	101	0	0	0	116	0	252	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.00	2.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.859	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	97	0	0	0	114	0	241	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00	2.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.608	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	65	65	55	75	130	110	0	60	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.94	0.80	1.09	1.88	1.59	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.082	0.231	0.118	0.121	13.573	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	102	99	0	0	0	116	0	297	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.14	0.00	2.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.272	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	102	0	0	0	117	0	303	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	0.00	2.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.042	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	106	102	0	0	0	117	0	296	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	2.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.157	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	102	102	0	0	0	250	0	496	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.45	0.00	4.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.514	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	102	102	0	0	0	250	0	488	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.45	0.00	4.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.376	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	86	0	0	0	248	0	466	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.73	0.00	5.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.368	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.980	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	83	83	69	90	181	153	0	81	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.93	0.78	1.01	2.03	1.72	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.111	0.084	0.108	0.101	20.647	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	103	100	0	0	0	246	0	560	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.39	0.00	5.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.412	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.346	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	103	0	0	0	248	0	568	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.36	0.00	5.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.735	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	103	0	0	0	248	0	569	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.36	0.00	5.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.383	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	104	0	0	0	396	0	818	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.81	0.00	7.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.000	18.915	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	104	0	0	0	396	0	808	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.81	0.00	7.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.032	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	93	90	0	0	0	394	0	771	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.24	0.00	8.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.450	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	101	101	85	106	235	206	0	102	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.91	0.77	0.95	2.12	1.86	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.133	0.099	0.107	0.090	28.374	0.000	0.201	0.000



Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	102	0	0	0	389	0	913	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.70	0.00	8.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.642	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	105	0	0	0	391	0	923	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.65	0.00	8.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.131	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.582	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	105	0	0	0	391	0	924	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.65	0.00	8.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.000	11.817	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	101	0	0	0	114	0	99	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.121	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	101	0	0	0	114	0	95	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.922	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	79	0	0	0	112	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00	1.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.476	0.000	0.223	0.000

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	48	50	42	59	109	80	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.00	0.84	1.18	2.18	1.60	0.00	0.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.064	0.088	0.108	0.091	3.823	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	102	99	0	0	0	112	0	119	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.714	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	102	0	0	0	114	0	123	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.932	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	102	0	0	0	114	0	123	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.214	0.000	0.253	0.000

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	104	0	0	0	114	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.954	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	104	0	0	0	114	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.684	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	103	77	0	0	0	112	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.673	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	58	60	53	78	179	78	0	23	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.00	0.88	1.30	2.98	1.30	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.100	0.088	0.112	0.135	21.127	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	102	0	0	0	112	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.352	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	103	105	0	0	0	114	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.318	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	103	105	0	0	0	114	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.412	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	104	0	0	0	114	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.000	11.826	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	104	0	0	0	114	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.166	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.505	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	108	87	0	0	0	112	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.587	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	81	76	68	90	268	102	0	37	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.93	0.83	1.10	3.27	1.24	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.147	0.085	0.111	0.114	29.030	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	102	0	0	0	112	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	0.145	0.000	0.000	0.000	47.988	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	105	0	0	0	114	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.000	112.401	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	105	105	0	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.145	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	118	0	0	0	150	0	269	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00	2.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.570	0.000	0.000	0.000	33.532	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	118	0	0	0	150	0	251	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00	2.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.460	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.616	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	115	0	0	0	150	0	268	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00	2.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.408	0.401	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.750	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	115	0	0	0	151	0	306	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00	2.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.552	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.154	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	128	118	0	0	0	151	0	311	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	2.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	0.528	0.000	0.000	0.000	24.168	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	117	119	0	0	0	0	0	517	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.639	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	120	119	0	0	0	318	0	494	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.65	0.00	4.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.527	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.005	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	116	0	0	0	318	0	512	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.74	0.00	4.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.436	0.000	0.000	0.000	13.920	0.000	0.210	0.000



Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	116	116	0	0	0	316	0	578	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.72	0.00	4.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.944	0.000	0.000	0.000	16.643	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	120	119	0	0	0	316	0	586	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.63	0.00	4.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.616	0.000	0.000	0.000	123.232	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	118	0	0	0	148	0	104	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.584	0.000	0.000	0.000	19.020	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	118	0	0	0	148	0	99	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.464	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.628	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	115	0	0	0	148	0	104	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.32	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.399	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.672	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	115	115	0	0	0	148	0	131	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.553	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.901	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	118	0	0	0	148	0	136	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.24	0.00	1.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.521	0.000	0.000	0.000	45.106	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	121	0	0	0	148	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.709	0.000	0.000	0.000	32.372	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	121	0	0	0	148	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.566	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.492	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	118	116	0	0	0	148	0	31	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.469	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.832	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	118	0	0	0	148	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.412	0.757	0.000	0.000	0.000	37.891	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	121	0	0	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.664	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	122	121	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.801	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	121	0	0	0	148	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.822	0.000	0.000	0.000	48.802	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 394	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	118	118	0	0	0	148	0	46	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.585	0.000	0.000	0.000	133.066	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 395	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	118	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.971	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 396	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	119	121	0	0	0	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.791	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 397	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	65	16	59	293	78	60	185	41	44
N.S.	1	3.25	0.80	2.95	14.65	3.90	3.00	9.25	2.05	2.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.398	0.149	0.733	0.062	0.086	0.307	0.142	0.212	3.681

Problem 398	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	45	16	40	198	54	39	102	28	30
N.S.	1	2.25	0.80	2.00	9.90	2.70	1.95	5.10	1.40	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.088	0.319	0.055	0.096	0.243	0.131	0.187	3.694

Problem 399	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	25	14	21	104	30	19	43	15	17
N.S.	1	0.89	0.50	0.75	3.71	1.07	0.68	1.54	0.54	0.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.050	0.148	0.040	0.084	0.178	0.126	0.201	3.551

Problem 400	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	11	11	7	8	8	7	5	0	8	7
N.S.	1	1.00	0.64	0.73	0.73	0.64	0.45	0.00	0.73	0.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.003	0.113	0.066	0.086	0.241	0.000	0.186	3.574

Problem 401	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	77	17	17	21	12	0	17	16
N.S.	1	1.00	3.85	0.85	0.85	1.05	0.60	0.00	0.85	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.164	0.188	0.069	0.072	0.660	0.000	0.191	3.646

Problem 402	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	78	17	30	34	26	0	30	29
N.S.	1	1.00	3.90	0.85	1.50	1.70	1.30	0.00	1.50	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.166	0.364	0.073	0.097	1.448	0.000	0.194	3.677

Problem 403	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	137	106	1576	219	1104	16781	7893	996	563
N.S.	1	0.92	0.71	10.58	1.47	7.41	112.62	52.97	6.68	3.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	0.199	1.128	0.055	0.142	6.764	0.176	0.239	4.194

Problem 404	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	102	78	699	155	527	5882	2951	480	265
N.S.	1	0.92	0.70	6.30	1.40	4.75	52.99	26.59	4.32	2.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.133	0.533	0.045	0.097	3.832	0.146	0.191	3.872

Problem 405	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	66	49	229	91	185	1498	763	180	91
N.S.	1	0.92	0.68	3.18	1.26	2.57	20.81	10.60	2.50	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.063	0.241	0.038	0.107	1.930	0.130	0.185	3.668

Problem 406	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	36	26	38	40	57	194	117	41	28
N.S.	1	0.92	0.67	0.97	1.03	1.46	4.97	3.00	1.05	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.027	0.121	0.033	0.109	0.816	0.122	0.184	3.590

Problem 407	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	57	0	0	0	377	0	13	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.90	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.159	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 408	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	106	83	0	0	0	2382	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	22.47	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.000	11.208	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 409	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	83	0	0	0	8303	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	74.13	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000	112.937	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 410	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	142	118	0	0	0	352	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.000	23.225	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 411	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	141	117	0	0	0	167	0	728	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00	5.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.471	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.877	0.000	0.214	0.000



Problem 412	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	125	117	0	0	0	165	0	179	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.34	0.00	1.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.457	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.704	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 413	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	139	120	0	0	0	165	0	27	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.134	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.549	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 414	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	144	120	0	0	0	165	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	0.194	0.000	0.000	0.000	46.213	0.000	0.223	0.000

Problem 415	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	100	99	0	0	0	109	0	1466	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00	14.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.728	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 416	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	100	99	0	0	0	109	0	1438	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00	14.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.390	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.364	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 417	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	94	0	0	0	107	0	1336	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00	15.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.026	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.001	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 418	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	66	52	0	0	0	88	0	132	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00	1.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.044	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.335	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 419	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	97	0	0	0	110	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.256	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 420	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	100	0	0	0	112	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.380	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 421	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	136	116	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.639	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 422	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	136	116	0	0	0	143	0	1519	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.00	12.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.424	0.000	0.000	0.000	24.283	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 423	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	132	113	0	0	0	143	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.697	0.000	0.000	0.000	16.523	0.000	0.223	0.000

Problem 424	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	120	113	0	0	0	146	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.680	0.000	0.000	0.000	38.597	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 425	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	124	116	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.549	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 426	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	100	0	0	0	175	0	1313	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.77	0.00	13.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.872	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 427	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	98	99	0	0	0	175	0	1099	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.79	0.00	11.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.398	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.722	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 428	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	88	0	0	0	172	0	1193	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.89	0.00	13.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.695	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 429	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	31	16	21	85	16	21	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.94	1.00	1.31	5.31	1.00	1.31	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.007	0.825	0.024	0.086	13.634	0.122	0.215	4.373

Problem 430	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	108	94	0	0	0	170	0	1468	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.89	0.00	16.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.131	0.000	0.000	0.000	21.226	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 431	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	97	0	0	0	117	0	1619	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	0.00	15.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.398	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.019	0.000	0.214	0.000

Problem 432	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	100	0	0	0	177	0	1652	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.65	0.00	15.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.134	0.000	0.000	0.000	15.017	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 433	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	124	115	0	0	0	160	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.465	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000	34.223	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 434	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	101	87	0	0	0	82	0	118	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.214	0.000	0.000	0.000	64.375	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 435	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	110	46	36	40	36	48	24	31
N.S.	1	1.00	5.00	2.09	1.64	1.82	1.64	2.18	1.09	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.160	8.722	0.088	0.099	2.571	0.145	0.239	3.610

Problem 436	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	78	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 437	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	78	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 438	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	64	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.021	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 439	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	58	58	69	58	348	0	57	162
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.92	1.10	0.92	5.52	0.00	0.90	2.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.063	0.191	0.033	0.084	1.783	0.000	0.180	4.830

Problem 440	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	74	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 441	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	77	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 442	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	160	135	0	0	0	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.677	0.147	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 443	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	161	134	0	0	0	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.618	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000



Problem 444	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	142	108	0	0	0	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.549	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 445	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	98	107	100	151	224	0	0	270	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.06	0.99	1.50	2.22	0.00	0.00	2.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.141	0.258	0.044	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.267	0.000

Problem 446	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	158	133	0	0	0	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.659	0.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 447	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	163	136	0	0	0	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.664	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 448	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	24	21	20	26	19	21	35	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.50	1.31	1.25	1.62	1.19	1.31	2.19	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.007	0.073	0.031	0.076	0.059	0.116	0.174	0.044

Problem 449	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	27	24	23	34	20	30	41	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.42	1.26	1.21	1.79	1.05	1.58	2.16	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.013	0.086	0.027	0.074	0.057	0.118	0.190	0.050

Problem 450	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	117	85	82	75	106	92	77	153	103
N.S.	1	1.21	0.88	0.85	0.77	1.09	0.95	0.79	1.58	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	0.038	0.122	0.107	0.084	0.229	0.122	0.194	3.729

Problem 451	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	122	108	47	98	122	61	100	187	47
N.S.	1	1.39	1.23	0.53	1.11	1.39	0.69	1.14	2.12	0.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.600	0.063	0.167	0.109	0.088	145.627	0.120	0.200	0.098

Problem 452	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	119	134	188	231	177	347	0	217	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.03	1.45	1.78	1.36	2.67	0.00	1.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.134	0.979	0.039	0.083	5.131	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 453	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	82	87	118	150	108	221	0	131	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.97	1.31	1.67	1.20	2.46	0.00	1.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.090	0.380	0.039	0.106	3.217	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 454	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	55	50	65	83	56	116	0	63	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.83	1.08	1.38	0.93	1.93	0.00	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.055	0.187	0.035	0.110	1.906	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 455	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	52	44	59	60	45	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.81	1.09	1.11	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.059	0.384	0.038	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.231	0.000

Problem 456	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	70	75	107	121	120	0	0	128	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.00	1.43	1.61	1.60	0.00	0.00	1.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.094	0.826	0.036	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.198	0.000

Problem 457	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-2)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	97	100	157	243	267	0	0	325	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.95	1.50	2.31	2.54	0.00	0.00	3.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	0.141	1.826	0.040	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 458	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	144	185	342	286	230	428	0	283	0
N.S.	1	0.91	1.17	2.16	1.81	1.46	2.71	0.00	1.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.573	0.165	0.968	0.041	0.098	7.749	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 459	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	107	125	157	192	146	277	0	178	0
N.S.	1	0.91	1.06	1.33	1.63	1.24	2.35	0.00	1.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.110	0.391	0.042	0.093	5.125	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 460	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	78	76	91	112	82	150	0	92	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.88	1.06	1.30	0.95	1.74	0.00	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.080	0.195	0.036	0.117	3.194	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 461	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	66	66	78	81	74	0	0	71	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.93	1.10	1.14	1.04	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.079	0.396	0.036	0.132	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 462	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	90	93	125	147	166	0	0	194	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.98	1.32	1.55	1.75	0.00	0.00	2.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.113	0.838	0.043	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 463	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-2)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	112	94	169	262	301	0	0	336	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.78	1.41	2.18	2.51	0.00	0.00	2.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.486	0.181	1.810	0.041	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 464	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	172	13	154	154	175	13	153	154
N.S.	1	1.00	12.29	0.93	11.00	11.00	12.50	0.93	10.93	11.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.008	0.102	0.026	0.073	0.063	0.123	0.198	0.149

Problem 465	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	182	15	156	156	182	156	155	156
N.S.	1	1.00	11.38	0.94	9.75	9.75	11.38	9.75	9.69	9.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.004	0.209	0.034	0.074	0.071	0.124	0.264	3.824

Problem 466	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	186	15	156	156	185	156	155	156
N.S.	1	1.00	11.62	0.94	9.75	9.75	11.56	9.75	9.69	9.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.004	0.280	0.027	0.079	0.071	0.124	0.202	0.145

Problem 467	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	230	229	189	360	189	186	229
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	10.95	10.90	9.00	17.14	9.00	8.86	10.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.044	214.131	0.035	0.101	13.793	0.211	0.184	4.068

Problem 468	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	107	50	16	32	39	70	13	25
N.S.	1	1.00	8.23	3.85	1.23	2.46	3.00	5.38	1.00	1.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.177	8.842	0.093	0.097	2.877	0.162	0.183	3.617

Problem 469	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	8	9	9	9	9	10	8	11	9	8
N.S.	1	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.25	1.00	1.38	1.12	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.005	0.092	0.026	0.084	0.099	0.116	0.211	3.517

Problem 470	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	17	15	14	17	13	12	18	13	13
N.S.	1	1.13	1.00	0.93	1.13	0.87	0.80	1.20	0.87	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.006	0.092	0.024	0.112	0.118	0.125	0.201	0.070

Problem 471	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	17	15	14	17	13	12	15	38	13
N.S.	1	1.13	1.00	0.93	1.13	0.87	0.80	1.00	2.53	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.006	0.085	0.024	0.075	0.213	0.130	0.205	3.542

Problem 472	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	17	19	17	47	17	29	0	17	15
N.S.	1	1.13	1.27	1.13	3.13	1.13	1.93	0.00	1.13	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.029	0.111	0.033	0.099	0.387	0.000	0.182	3.504

Problem 473	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	14	13	81	81	87	13	78	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	5.79	5.79	6.21	0.93	5.57	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.016	0.153	0.126	0.087	0.547	0.121	0.206	5.920

Problem 474	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	15	81	81	87	15	80	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.94	5.06	5.06	5.44	0.94	5.00	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	0.020	0.217	0.038	0.080	0.957	0.123	0.179	2.470

Problem 475	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	15	81	81	87	15	80	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.94	5.06	5.06	5.44	0.94	5.00	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.025	0.193	0.040	0.078	1.099	0.127	0.227	8.768



Problem 476	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	23	612	105	129	0	99	105
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.10	29.14	5.00	6.14	0.00	4.71	5.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.069	11.903	0.073	0.150	50.850	0.000	0.214	3.648

Problem 477	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	46	69	53	46	58	56	41	37
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	1.33	1.02	0.88	1.12	1.08	0.79	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.055	0.686	0.104	0.086	34.768	0.127	21.262	3.510

Problem 478	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	93	142	143	0	705	0	0	179	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.53	1.54	0.00	7.58	0.00	0.00	1.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	10.360	0.178	0.000	0.226	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 479	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	226	223	0	0	607	0	0	1009	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.88	0.00	0.00	2.41	0.00	0.00	4.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	1.495	0.000	0.000	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 480	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	181	178	0	0	469	0	0	739	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.89	0.00	0.00	2.36	0.00	0.00	3.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.663	0.000	0.000	0.144	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 481	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	136	141	0	0	359	0	0	511	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.97	0.00	0.00	2.46	0.00	0.00	3.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.408	0.382	0.000	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 482	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	87	123	0	0	281	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.38	0.00	0.00	3.16	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.227	0.000	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 483	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	89	122	0	0	408	0	0	84	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.34	0.00	0.00	4.48	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.707	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 484	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	93	57	0	0	135	0	0	144	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.60	0.00	0.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	1.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.702	0.000	0.000	0.255	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 485	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	356	295	274	0	0	771	0	0	1317	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.77	0.00	0.00	2.17	0.00	0.00	3.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.631	2.060	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000	0.000	0.289	0.000

Problem 486	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	288	251	241	0	0	607	0	0	1012	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.84	0.00	0.00	2.11	0.00	0.00	3.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.606	0.818	0.000	0.000	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 487	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	205	191	0	0	471	0	0	742	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.88	0.00	0.00	2.16	0.00	0.00	3.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.415	0.000	0.000	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.278	0.000

Problem 488	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	151	157	0	0	361	0	0	515	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.02	0.00	0.00	2.34	0.00	0.00	3.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.276	0.000	0.000	0.130	0.000	0.000	0.245	0.000

Problem 489	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	131	185	0	0	540	0	0	84	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.39	0.00	0.00	4.06	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	0.489	0.000	0.000	0.240	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 490	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	163	217	0	0	769	0	0	114	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.48	0.00	0.00	5.23	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.478	1.108	0.000	0.000	0.289	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 491	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	88	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 492	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	195	141	0	0	0	0	0	64	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.753	0.289	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 493	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	76	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 494	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	72	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 495	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	78	78	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.398	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 496	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	357	513	212	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.44	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.838	6.694	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.673	0.000

Problem 497	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	243	160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.840	6.264	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 498	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	124	115	0	0	0	160	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.020	0.000	0.000	0.000	37.596	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 499	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	64	0	0	0	73	0	176	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00	2.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.834	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 500	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	75	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.167	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 501	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	78	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.235	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.256	0.000

Problem 502	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	133	134	0	0	0	165	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.217	0.000	0.000	0.000	27.099	0.000	0.377	0.000

Problem 503	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	123	126	0	0	0	163	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.000	27.352	0.000	0.275	0.000

Problem 504	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	114	114	0	0	0	153	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	38.168	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 505	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	126	120	0	0	0	150	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.479	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.000	26.854	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 506	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	139	131	0	0	0	160	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.000	27.203	0.000	0.257	0.000

Problem 507	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	139	134	0	0	0	165	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.000	26.735	0.000	0.326	0.000



Problem 508	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	20	21	29	25	46	35	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.05	1.45	1.25	2.30	1.75	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.035	0.346	0.074	0.099	1.313	0.127	0.195	3.695

Problem 509	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	97	26	35	32	80	52	32	47
N.S.	1	1.00	3.59	0.96	1.30	1.19	2.96	1.93	1.19	1.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.087	0.811	0.068	0.117	43.673	0.131	0.203	3.755

Problem 510	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	97	26	35	32	0	56	32	47
N.S.	1	1.00	3.59	0.96	1.30	1.19	0.00	2.07	1.19	1.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.092	1.789	0.067	0.097	0.000	0.130	0.207	4.097

Problem 511	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	A	A	C	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	101	60	39	35	116	66	32	54
N.S.	1	1.00	3.74	2.22	1.44	1.30	4.30	2.44	1.19	2.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.134	2.332	0.094	0.093	28.267	0.151	0.190	3.915

Problem 512	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	313	1	245	0	0	0	0	0	1192	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.533	5.613	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 513	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	1	190	0	0	0	0	0	664	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	5.384	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 514	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	232	103	730	0	300	0	0	307	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.64	4.56	0.00	1.88	0.00	0.00	1.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.764	0.153	8.196	0.000	0.130	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 515	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	B	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	164	106	488	0	221	648	0	196	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.77	3.56	0.00	1.61	4.73	0.00	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.189	2.205	0.000	0.105	95.260	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 516	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	114	64	0	0	155	464	0	106	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.55	0.00	0.00	1.34	4.00	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.100	42.669	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 517	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	302	347	343	0	0	0	0	0	1143	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	7.059	4.371	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.275	0.000

Problem 518	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	507	556	544	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	9.068	5.788	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.564	0.000

Problem 519	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	1	194	0	0	0	0	0	698	0
N.S.	1	0.01	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	5.271	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 520	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	1	147	0	0	0	0	0	308	0
N.S.	1	0.01	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	5.218	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 521	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	114	93	269	0	131	184	0	110	0
N.S.	1	1.41	1.15	3.32	0.00	1.62	2.27	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.185	2.079	0.000	0.098	91.045	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 522	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	64	0	0	99	109	0	66	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	1.41	1.56	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.014	0.000	0.000	0.098	42.269	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 523	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	230	227	0	0	0	0	0	662	0
N.S.	1	1.32	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.920	1.994	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 524	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	403	395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.28	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.746	2.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.327	0.000

Problem 525	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	263	195	0	0	0	0	0	583	0
N.S.	1	1.25	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.892	5.389	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 526	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	154	149	0	0	0	0	0	349	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.557	5.210	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 527	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	101	87	0	0	0	82	0	118	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.000	84.949	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 528	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	32	70	0	53	31	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.19	0.00	1.66	0.97	0.00	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.011	0.532	0.000	0.100	41.899	0.000	0.232	0.000

Problem 529	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	143	140	0	0	0	0	0	351	0
N.S.	1	1.49	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.166	0.659	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 530	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	297	283	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.55	1.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.601	0.778	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.276	0.000

Problem 531	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	308	2724	2698	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	8.84	8.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	5.646	1.841	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.415	0.000

Problem 532	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	264	203	0	0	0	0	0	570	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.884	5.202	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 533	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	160	148	0	0	0	0	0	299	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.614	5.177	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 534	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	84	98	0	0	0	100	0	136	0
N.S.	1	0.88	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.05	0.00	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.000	25.860	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 535	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	47	58	0	0	0	37	0	22	0
N.S.	1	0.81	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.008	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.176	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 536	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	96	88	0	0	0	0	0	175	0
N.S.	1	1.60	1.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 537	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	114	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.207	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 538	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	196	192	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.862	0.324	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.692	0.000

Problem 539	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	186	156	0	0	0	0	0	474	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.615	5.170	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.234	0.000



Problem 540	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	109	106	0	0	0	122	0	212	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00	1.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.000	33.492	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 541	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	57	63	0	0	0	39	0	70	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00	1.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.019	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.065	0.000	0.214	0.000

Problem 542	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	78	78	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	0.64	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.055	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 543	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	105	103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.48	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.408	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 544	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	166	162	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.556	0.164	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.667	0.000

Problem 545	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	507	502	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.09	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.076	0.235	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	35.158	0.000

Problem 546	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	191	156	0	0	0	0	0	785	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.630	5.217	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.240	0.000

Problem 547	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	113	106	0	0	0	124	0	384	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.05	0.00	3.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.205	0.000	0.000	0.000	86.897	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 548	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	61	64	0	0	0	41	0	144	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	2.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.000	29.250	0.000	0.273	0.000

Problem 549	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	79	78	0	0	0	0	0	356	0
N.S.	1	0.41	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.179	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 550	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	79	78	0	0	0	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	0.40	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.176	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 551	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	106	103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.45	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.156	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.928	0.000

Problem 552	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	313	304	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.24	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.987	0.416	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	30.257	0.000

Problem 553	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	733	722	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	2.99	2.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.205	0.978	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	152.068	0.000

Problem 554	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	191	156	0	0	0	0	0	1177	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.623	5.248	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 555	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	113	106	0	0	0	0	0	602	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 556	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	61	64	0	0	0	41	0	237	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	3.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	60.180	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 557	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	79	78	0	0	0	0	0	765	0
N.S.	1	0.30	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.191	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 558	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	79	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.30	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.390	0.181	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.275	0.000

Problem 559	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	273	79	78	0	0	0	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	0.29	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.216	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 560	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	106	103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.45	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.162	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.519	0.000

Problem 561	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	430	421	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	3.07	3.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.378	0.575	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	168.113	0.000

Problem 562	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	977	966	0	0	0	0	0	31	0
N.S.	1	3.99	3.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.180	1.410	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.046	0.000

Problem 563	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.162	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.283	0.000

Problem 564	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	102	98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.254	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.333	0.000

Problem 565	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.445	0.000

Problem 566	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.278	0.000

Problem 567	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	112	107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.167	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.250	0.000

Problem 568	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	97	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	0.195	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 569	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	102	98	0	0	0	0	0	998	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.503	0.188	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 570	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	232	195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.652	0.520	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.831	0.000

Problem 571	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	145	118	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.240	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.423	0.000



Problem 572	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	85	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.153	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.269	0.000

Problem 573	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	98	103	0	0	0	0	0	937	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.145	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.235	0.000

Problem 574	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	98	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.354	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.417	0.000

Problem 575	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	101	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.522	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.817	0.000

Problem 576	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	80	0	0	0	0	0	178	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.234	0.000

Problem 577	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	72	0	0	0	0	0	170	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.052	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 578	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	73	0	0	0	0	0	168	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.046	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 579	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	73	73	0	0	0	0	0	79	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	0.063	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 580	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	78	0	0	0	0	0	196	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.056	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.239	0.000

Problem 581	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	290	183	203	290	675	0	376	358	1044
N.S.	1	1.14	0.72	0.80	1.14	2.65	0.00	1.47	1.40	4.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.835	0.310	1.299	0.115	0.118	0.000	0.139	0.203	3.858

Problem 582	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	344	183	203	290	675	0	376	358	1044
N.S.	1	1.35	0.72	0.80	1.14	2.65	0.00	1.47	1.40	4.09
time (sec)	N/A	1.695	0.007	0.263	0.114	0.099	0.000	0.135	0.202	0.100

Problem 583	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	344	183	203	290	675	0	376	358	1044
N.S.	1	1.35	0.72	0.80	1.14	2.65	0.00	1.47	1.40	4.09
time (sec)	N/A	1.623	0.006	0.260	0.116	0.097	0.000	0.141	0.216	0.094

Problem 584	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	344	183	203	290	675	0	376	358	1044
N.S.	1	1.35	0.72	0.80	1.14	2.65	0.00	1.47	1.40	4.09
time (sec)	N/A	1.408	0.006	0.254	0.112	0.120	0.000	0.141	0.243	3.469

Problem 585	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	235	88	795	0	0	0	0	334	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.36	3.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	15.080	2.652	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.503	0.000

Problem 586	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	289	88	795	0	0	0	0	334	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.36	3.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.858	0.059	0.671	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.482	0.000

Problem 587	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	289	88	795	0	0	0	0	334	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.36	3.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.846	0.058	0.619	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.501	0.000

Problem 588	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	289	88	795	0	0	0	0	334	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.36	3.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.132	0.060	0.617	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.510	0.000

Problem 589	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	35	32	15	44	0	0	66	32
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.89	0.42	1.22	0.00	0.00	1.83	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	1.203	0.129	0.055	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.201	3.787

Problem 590	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	29	24	5	35	0	12	8	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.83	0.17	1.21	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	9.524	0.094	0.055	0.122	0.000	0.123	0.202	3.896

Problem 591	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	27	24	5	35	0	10	6	23
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.83	0.17	1.21	0.00	0.34	0.21	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	5.778	0.092	0.051	0.107	0.000	0.123	0.253	3.797

Problem 592	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	24	22	5	33	0	9	5	21
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.88	0.20	1.32	0.00	0.36	0.20	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	5.074	0.094	0.048	0.078	0.000	0.127	0.206	3.731

Problem 593	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	21	5	32	0	9	8	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.21	1.33	0.00	0.38	0.33	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	1.749	0.096	0.053	0.081	0.000	0.114	0.198	3.828

Problem 594	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	26	24	5	35	0	12	8	23
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.83	0.17	1.21	0.00	0.41	0.28	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	3.370	0.095	0.051	0.076	0.000	0.120	0.196	3.836

Problem 595	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 596	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	237	175	0	0	0	162	0	664	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00	3.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.652	0.193	0.000	0.000	0.000	155.514	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 597	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	143	112	0	0	0	117	0	351	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00	2.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.154	0.000	0.000	0.000	19.931	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 598	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	73	0	0	0	73	0	150	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00	1.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.887	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 599	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	50	0	0	0	34	0	46	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00	1.15	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.389	0.000	0.235	3.659

Problem 600	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	97	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.143	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 601	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	57	0	0	0	0	0	1528	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	27.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 602	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	112	99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.150	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.015	0.000

Problem 603	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	197	155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.623	0.215	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	14.750	0.000



Problem 604	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	29	8	44	0	0	64	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.24	1.33	0.00	0.00	1.94	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.068	0.147	0.042	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.229	3.767

Problem 605	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	32	26	5	41	0	44	6	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.84	0.16	1.32	0.00	1.42	0.19	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.033	0.106	0.046	0.106	0.000	0.124	0.217	3.617

Problem 606	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	28	25	7	41	0	0	4	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.25	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.048	0.112	0.046	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.198	3.596

Problem 607	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	28	30	4	57	0	17	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.07	0.14	2.04	0.00	0.61	1.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.056	0.097	0.042	0.110	0.000	0.128	0.205	0.000

Problem 608	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	26	23	7	41	0	0	5	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.27	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.054	0.095	0.045	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.244	3.796

Problem 609	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	31	26	5	44	0	19	17	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.84	0.16	1.42	0.00	0.61	0.55	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.063	0.101	0.042	0.085	0.000	0.119	0.215	3.905

Problem 610	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	581	719	525	623	0	235	0	0	263	0
N.S.	1	1.24	0.90	1.07	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.478	25.075	2.360	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	1.486	0.000

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [451] had the largest ratio of [.650000000000000022]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	4	3	1.27	18	0.167
2	A	5	4	1.32	20	0.200
3	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
4	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
5	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
6	A	6	5	0.98	22	0.227
7	A	6	5	0.95	22	0.227
8	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
9	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
10	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
11	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
12	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
13	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
14	A	6	5	0.99	22	0.227
15	A	3	3	1.01	22	0.136
16	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
17	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
18	A	4	4	0.99	22	0.182
19	A	6	6	0.97	22	0.273
20	A	6	6	1.00	22	0.273
21	A	6	6	0.97	22	0.273

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	7	7	0.96	22	0.318
23	A	7	6	1.01	22	0.273
24	A	6	5	1.01	22	0.227
25	A	7	6	1.00	22	0.273
26	A	8	7	1.00	22	0.318
27	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
28	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
29	A	4	3	1.04	22	0.136
30	A	6	5	1.05	22	0.227
31	A	7	6	0.95	22	0.273
32	A	7	6	0.92	22	0.273
33	A	6	5	0.95	22	0.227
34	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
35	A	3	3	0.98	22	0.136
36	A	4	4	0.96	22	0.182
37	A	6	5	0.99	22	0.227
38	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
39	A	5	4	1.00	20	0.200
40	A	6	5	0.99	22	0.227
41	A	7	6	0.99	22	0.273
42	A	4	4	1.01	22	0.182
43	A	3	3	1.02	22	0.136
44	A	3	3	0.99	19	0.158
45	A	4	4	0.99	22	0.182
46	A	5	5	0.99	22	0.227
47	A	7	7	0.97	22	0.318
48	A	7	7	1.00	22	0.318
49	A	6	6	0.97	22	0.273
50	A	7	7	0.96	22	0.318
51	A	8	8	0.96	22	0.364
52	A	8	7	1.01	22	0.318
53	A	7	6	1.01	22	0.273

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	7	6	1.00	22	0.273
55	A	8	7	1.00	22	0.318
56	A	9	8	1.00	22	0.364
57	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
58	A	5	4	1.00	24	0.167
59	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
60	A	5	4	1.00	24	0.167
61	A	7	6	1.09	24	0.250
62	A	8	7	1.09	24	0.292
63	A	7	6	0.99	24	0.250
64	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
65	A	7	6	1.00	24	0.250
66	A	8	7	1.10	24	0.292
67	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
68	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
69	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
70	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
71	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
72	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
73	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
74	A	7	6	1.17	24	0.250
75	A	5	4	0.99	24	0.167
76	A	5	4	0.99	24	0.167
77	A	7	6	1.17	24	0.250
78	A	8	7	1.15	24	0.292
79	A	8	7	1.18	24	0.292
80	A	6	5	1.04	24	0.208
81	A	5	4	1.04	24	0.167
82	A	8	7	1.05	24	0.292
83	A	9	8	1.02	24	0.333
84	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
85	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
87	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
88	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
89	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
90	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
91	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
92	A	5	4	1.00	24	0.167
93	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
94	A	5	4	1.00	24	0.167
95	A	7	6	1.09	24	0.250
96	A	8	7	1.09	24	0.292
97	A	7	6	0.99	24	0.250
98	A	4	3	1.00	24	0.125
99	A	7	6	1.00	24	0.250
100	A	8	7	1.10	24	0.292
101	A	11	10	1.52	24	0.417
102	A	10	9	1.54	24	0.375
103	A	8	7	1.38	22	0.318
104	A	12	11	1.50	24	0.458
105	A	13	12	1.09	24	0.500
106	A	8	7	1.12	24	0.292
107	A	6	5	0.97	24	0.208
108	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
109	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
110	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
111	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
112	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
113	A	7	6	1.17	24	0.250
114	A	5	4	0.99	24	0.167
115	A	5	4	0.99	24	0.167
116	A	7	6	1.17	24	0.250
117	A	8	7	1.15	24	0.292

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	8	7	1.18	24	0.292
119	A	6	5	1.04	24	0.208
120	A	5	4	1.04	24	0.167
121	A	8	7	1.05	24	0.292
122	A	9	8	1.02	24	0.333
123	A	13	12	1.41	24	0.500
124	A	11	10	1.43	24	0.417
125	A	11	10	1.65	24	0.417
126	A	12	11	1.41	22	0.500
127	A	13	12	1.39	24	0.500
128	A	5	4	0.94	24	0.167
129	A	6	5	0.92	24	0.208
130	A	7	6	0.92	24	0.250
131	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
132	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
133	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
134	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
135	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
136	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
137	A	7	6	0.94	22	0.273
138	A	6	5	1.00	22	0.227
139	A	6	5	1.13	20	0.250
140	A	6	5	1.12	22	0.227
141	A	4	3	1.09	22	0.136
142	A	4	3	1.05	22	0.136
143	A	4	3	1.04	22	0.136
144	A	4	3	1.03	22	0.136
145	A	5	5	0.95	22	0.227
146	A	4	4	0.97	22	0.182
147	A	3	3	0.99	22	0.136
148	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
149	A	6	5	1.03	22	0.227

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	6	5	0.95	19	0.263
151	A	6	5	0.97	22	0.227
152	A	7	6	0.93	22	0.273
153	A	7	6	0.96	22	0.273
154	A	7	6	1.05	22	0.273
155	A	7	6	1.04	20	0.300
156	A	7	6	1.11	22	0.273
157	A	4	3	1.09	22	0.136
158	A	4	3	1.05	22	0.136
159	A	4	3	1.04	22	0.136
160	A	4	3	1.03	22	0.136
161	A	5	5	0.95	22	0.227
162	A	4	4	0.97	22	0.182
163	A	3	3	0.99	22	0.136
164	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
165	A	7	6	0.99	22	0.273
166	A	7	6	0.91	22	0.273
167	A	7	6	0.94	19	0.316
168	A	7	6	0.91	22	0.273
169	A	8	7	0.88	22	0.318
170	A	6	5	0.98	22	0.227
171	A	5	4	0.97	20	0.200
172	A	5	4	1.12	22	0.182
173	A	4	3	1.12	22	0.136
174	A	4	3	1.06	22	0.136
175	A	4	3	1.05	22	0.136
176	A	3	3	0.99	22	0.136
177	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
178	A	5	4	1.00	19	0.211
179	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
180	A	6	5	0.99	22	0.227
181	A	7	6	0.99	22	0.273

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	6	5	0.99	20	0.250
183	A	5	4	1.12	22	0.182
184	A	4	3	1.10	22	0.136
185	A	4	3	1.09	22	0.136
186	A	4	3	1.04	22	0.136
187	A	4	3	1.05	22	0.136
188	A	6	5	0.96	22	0.227
189	A	5	4	0.97	22	0.182
190	A	4	3	1.00	19	0.158
191	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
192	A	6	5	0.97	22	0.227
193	A	7	6	0.98	22	0.273
194	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
195	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
196	A	5	4	1.00	19	0.211
197	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
198	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
199	A	4	3	1.01	22	0.136
200	A	4	3	1.01	20	0.150
201	A	4	3	1.01	22	0.136
202	A	4	3	1.21	22	0.136
203	A	5	4	1.08	22	0.182
204	A	7	6	1.01	22	0.273
205	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
206	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
207	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
208	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
209	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
210	A	5	4	0.96	24	0.167
211	C	3	3	0.13	28	0.107
212	C	3	3	0.41	28	0.107
213	C	3	3	0.31	26	0.115

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	3	2	1.00	25	0.080
215	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
216	A	3	3	1.30	24	0.125
217	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
218	A	6	5	1.00	28	0.179
219	A	7	6	1.00	28	0.214
220	C	5	4	0.25	28	0.143
221	C	6	5	0.25	28	0.179
222	A	5	4	1.05	31	0.129
223	A	1	1	1.00	31	0.032
224	A	4	3	1.00	31	0.097
225	A	7	6	1.05	31	0.194
226	A	4	4	1.03	31	0.129
227	A	3	3	1.00	31	0.097
228	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
229	A	3	3	1.00	31	0.097
230	A	4	4	1.03	31	0.129
231	A	5	5	1.04	31	0.161
232	A	4	4	1.04	29	0.138
233	A	5	5	1.05	31	0.161
234	A	7	6	1.06	28	0.214
235	A	6	5	1.03	28	0.179
236	A	5	4	1.01	28	0.143
237	A	4	3	1.00	28	0.107
238	A	5	4	1.82	28	0.143
239	A	1	1	1.00	28	0.036
240	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
241	A	3	3	1.05	28	0.107
242	A	4	4	1.08	28	0.143
243	A	6	5	1.03	28	0.179
244	A	5	4	0.97	28	0.143
245	A	4	3	1.00	28	0.107

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	3	2	1.00	28	0.071
247	A	1	1	1.00	28	0.036
248	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
249	A	3	3	1.05	28	0.107
250	A	3	2	1.00	26	0.077
251	A	4	3	0.92	28	0.107
252	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
253	A	6	5	0.96	28	0.179
254	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
255	A	2	2	1.00	16	0.125
256	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
257	A	4	3	1.00	18	0.167
258	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
259	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
260	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
261	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
262	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
263	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
264	A	5	4	0.95	20	0.200
265	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
266	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
267	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
268	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
269	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
270	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
271	A	4	3	1.09	20	0.150
272	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
273	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
274	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
275	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
276	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
277	A	2	2	1.01	17	0.118

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
278	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
279	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
280	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
281	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
282	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
283	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
284	A	2	2	1.28	17	0.118
285	A	4	3	0.96	20	0.150
286	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
287	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
288	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
289	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
290	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
291	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
292	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
293	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
294	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
295	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
296	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
297	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
298	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
299	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
300	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
301	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
302	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
303	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
304	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
305	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
306	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
307	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
308	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
309	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
310	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
311	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
312	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
313	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
314	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
315	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
316	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
317	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
318	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
319	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
320	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
321	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
322	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
323	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
324	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
325	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
326	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
327	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
328	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
329	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
330	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
331	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
332	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
333	A	6	5	0.94	22	0.227
334	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
335	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
336	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
337	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
338	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
339	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
340	A	7	6	0.93	22	0.273
341	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
342	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
343	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
344	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
345	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
346	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
347	A	8	7	0.91	22	0.318
348	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
349	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
350	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
351	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
352	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
353	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
354	A	5	4	0.96	22	0.182
355	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
356	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
357	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
358	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
359	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
360	A	3	3	1.11	19	0.158
361	A	5	4	0.97	22	0.182
362	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
363	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
364	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
365	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
366	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
367	A	3	3	1.16	19	0.158
368	A	6	5	0.99	22	0.227
369	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
370	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
371	A	3	3	0.95	22	0.136
372	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
373	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
374	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
375	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
376	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
377	A	3	3	0.95	26	0.115
378	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
379	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
380	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
381	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
382	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
383	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
384	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
385	A	3	3	0.98	26	0.115
386	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
387	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
388	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
389	A	3	3	0.98	26	0.115
390	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
391	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
392	A	3	3	0.94	26	0.115
393	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
394	A	3	3	0.93	26	0.115
395	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
396	A	3	3	0.95	26	0.115
397	B	2	2	3.25	32	0.062
398	B	2	2	2.25	30	0.067
399	A	2	2	0.89	21	0.095
400	A	2	2	1.00	29	0.069
401	A	1	1	1.00	32	0.031
402	A	1	1	1.00	32	0.031
403	A	2	2	0.92	22	0.091
404	A	2	2	0.92	22	0.091
405	A	2	2	0.92	20	0.100
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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
406	A	2	2	0.92	13	0.154
407	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
408	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
409	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
410	A	3	3	1.11	24	0.125
411	A	3	3	1.11	24	0.125
412	A	3	3	1.02	24	0.125
413	A	3	3	0.97	24	0.125
414	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
415	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
416	A	3	3	1.00	18	0.167
417	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
418	A	4	3	0.97	20	0.150
419	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
420	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
421	A	3	3	1.10	24	0.125
422	A	3	3	1.10	24	0.125
423	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
424	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
425	A	3	3	1.01	24	0.125
426	A	3	3	1.00	27	0.111
427	A	3	3	1.00	25	0.120
428	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
429	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
430	A	3	3	1.20	29	0.103
431	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
432	A	3	3	1.00	27	0.111
433	A	3	3	1.02	22	0.136
434	A	4	3	1.09	27	0.111
435	A	1	1	1.00	34	0.029
436	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
437	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
438	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
439	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
440	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
441	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
442	A	3	3	1.13	22	0.136
443	A	3	3	1.13	20	0.150
444	A	3	3	1.16	19	0.158
445	A	4	3	0.97	22	0.136
446	A	3	3	1.11	22	0.136
447	A	3	3	1.12	22	0.136
448	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
449	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
450	A	10	9	1.21	20	0.450
451	A	14	13	1.39	20	0.650
452	A	4	3	0.92	26	0.115
453	A	4	3	0.91	26	0.115
454	A	4	3	0.92	24	0.125
455	A	4	3	0.96	26	0.115
456	A	4	3	0.93	26	0.115
457	A	4	3	0.92	26	0.115
458	A	4	3	0.91	26	0.115
459	A	4	3	0.91	26	0.115
460	A	4	3	0.91	24	0.125
461	A	4	3	0.93	26	0.115
462	A	4	3	0.95	26	0.115
463	A	4	3	0.93	26	0.115
464	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
465	A	3	2	1.00	21	0.095
466	A	3	2	1.00	21	0.095
467	A	3	2	1.00	25	0.080
468	A	1	1	1.00	31	0.032
469	A	2	2	1.12	17	0.118

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
470	A	4	3	1.13	21	0.143
471	A	4	3	1.13	21	0.143
472	A	4	3	1.13	21	0.143
473	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
474	A	3	2	1.00	21	0.095
475	A	3	2	1.00	21	0.095
476	A	3	2	1.00	25	0.080
477	A	6	5	1.00	22	0.227
478	A	7	6	1.00	26	0.231
479	A	8	7	0.90	30	0.233
480	A	7	6	0.91	30	0.200
481	A	6	5	0.93	30	0.167
482	A	5	4	0.98	30	0.133
483	A	5	4	0.98	30	0.133
484	A	4	3	0.98	30	0.100
485	A	10	9	0.83	30	0.300
486	A	9	8	0.87	30	0.267
487	A	8	7	0.94	30	0.233
488	A	7	6	0.98	30	0.200
489	A	8	7	0.98	30	0.233
490	A	7	6	1.11	30	0.200
491	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
492	A	3	3	1.11	24	0.125
493	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
494	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
495	C	2	2	0.64	29	0.069
496	A	6	6	1.44	24	0.250
497	A	5	5	1.08	24	0.208
498	A	3	3	1.02	22	0.136
499	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
500	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
501	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
502	A	3	3	1.04	24	0.125
503	A	3	3	1.02	22	0.136
504	A	3	3	1.02	20	0.150
505	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
506	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
507	A	3	3	0.98	24	0.125
508	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
509	A	1	1	1.00	27	0.037
510	A	1	1	1.00	27	0.037
511	A	1	1	1.00	27	0.037
512	A	2	2	0.00	29	0.069
513	A	1	1	0.00	29	0.034
514	A	6	6	1.45	29	0.207
515	A	4	4	1.20	27	0.148
516	A	3	3	0.98	20	0.150
517	C	2	2	1.15	29	0.069
518	C	2	2	1.10	29	0.069
519	A	2	2	0.01	29	0.069
520	A	1	1	0.01	29	0.034
521	A	3	3	1.41	27	0.111
522	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
523	C	2	2	1.32	29	0.069
524	C	2	2	1.28	29	0.069
525	A	6	5	1.25	29	0.172
526	A	5	4	1.15	29	0.138
527	A	4	3	1.09	27	0.111
528	A	1	1	1.00	20	0.050
529	C	2	2	1.49	29	0.069
530	C	2	2	1.55	29	0.069
531	C	2	2	8.84	29	0.069
532	A	6	5	1.06	27	0.185
533	A	5	4	0.94	27	0.148

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
534	A	4	3	0.88	25	0.120
535	A	3	2	0.81	18	0.111
536	A	2	2	1.60	27	0.074
537	C	2	2	0.92	27	0.074
538	C	2	2	0.87	27	0.074
539	A	5	4	0.99	29	0.138
540	A	4	3	0.92	27	0.111
541	A	3	2	0.86	20	0.100
542	C	2	2	0.64	29	0.069
543	A	2	2	1.48	29	0.069
544	C	2	2	1.20	29	0.069
545	C	2	2	2.09	29	0.069
546	A	5	4	1.02	29	0.138
547	A	4	3	0.96	27	0.111
548	A	3	2	0.92	20	0.100
549	C	2	2	0.41	29	0.069
550	C	2	2	0.40	29	0.069
551	A	2	2	1.45	29	0.069
552	C	2	2	2.24	29	0.069
553	C	2	2	2.99	29	0.069
554	A	5	4	1.02	29	0.138
555	A	4	3	0.96	27	0.111
556	A	3	2	0.92	20	0.100
557	C	2	2	0.30	29	0.069
558	C	2	2	0.30	29	0.069
559	C	2	2	0.29	29	0.069
560	A	2	2	1.45	29	0.069
561	C	2	2	3.07	29	0.069
562	C	2	2	3.99	29	0.069
563	A	1	1	1.00	22	0.045
564	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
565	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
566	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
567	A	3	3	1.06	31	0.097
568	A	3	3	1.00	27	0.111
569	A	3	3	0.99	31	0.097
570	A	7	6	1.00	26	0.231
571	A	5	4	1.07	26	0.154
572	A	4	3	1.21	24	0.125
573	A	4	3	1.01	22	0.136
574	A	4	3	1.01	26	0.115
575	A	4	3	1.01	26	0.115
576	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
577	A	3	3	1.00	22	0.136
578	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
579	A	5	4	1.01	24	0.167
580	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
581	A	12	11	1.14	37	0.297
582	A	3	3	1.35	47	0.064
583	A	3	3	1.35	47	0.064
584	A	2	2	1.35	57	0.035
585	A	3	2	0.96	39	0.051
586	A	4	3	1.17	61	0.049
587	A	4	3	1.17	61	0.049
588	A	4	3	1.17	83	0.036
589	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
590	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
591	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
592	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
593	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
594	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
595	A	4	4	1.00	17	0.235
596	A	6	5	1.27	17	0.294
597	A	6	5	1.07	17	0.294

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
598	A	5	4	1.00	15	0.267
599	A	3	2	1.00	9	0.222
600	A	6	5	1.00	17	0.294
601	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
602	A	5	4	0.99	17	0.235
603	A	7	6	1.14	17	0.353
604	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
605	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
606	A	3	3	1.00	26	0.115
607	A	3	3	1.00	25	0.120
608	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
609	A	3	3	1.00	28	0.107
610	A	10	9	1.24	21	0.429

# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int \frac{1+x^6}{x(1-x^6)} dx$ . . . . .	246
3.2	$\int \frac{-2+3x^6}{x(5+2x^6)} dx$ . . . . .	251
3.3	$\int \frac{x^{11}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	257
3.4	$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	263
3.5	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	268
3.6	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^7(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	274
3.7	$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	281
3.8	$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	288
3.9	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^4(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	294
3.10	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	300
3.11	$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	306
3.12	$\int \frac{x(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	312
3.13	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^5(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	318
3.14	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{11}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	325
3.15	$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	332
3.16	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	338
3.17	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^6(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	344
3.18	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{12}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	350
3.19	$\int \frac{x^{10}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	357
3.20	$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$ . . . . .	366

3.21	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	375
3.22	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^8(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	384
3.23	$\int \frac{x^9(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	395
3.24	$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	405
3.25	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^3(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	413
3.26	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^9(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$	421
3.27	$\int \frac{x^{17}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	431
3.28	$\int \frac{x^{11}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	437
3.29	$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	443
3.30	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	449
3.31	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^7(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	456
3.32	$\int \frac{x^{14}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	464
3.33	$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	471
3.34	$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	477
3.35	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^4(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	483
3.36	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	489
3.37	$\int \frac{x^{13}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	496
3.38	$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	503
3.39	$\int \frac{x(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	510
3.40	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^5(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	517
3.41	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{11}(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	524
3.42	$\int \frac{x^{12}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	532
3.43	$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	539
3.44	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	545
3.45	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^6(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	551
3.46	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{12}(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	558
3.47	$\int \frac{x^{16}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	566
3.48	$\int \frac{x^{10}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	577
3.49	$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	588



3.50	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^2(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	598
3.51	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^8(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	609
3.52	$\int \frac{x^{15}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	622
3.53	$\int \frac{x^9(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	633
3.54	$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	642
3.55	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^3(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	650
3.56	$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^9(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$	660
3.57	$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	672
3.58	$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	678
3.59	$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	684
3.60	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	690
3.61	$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	697
3.62	$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	705
3.63	$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	713
3.64	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	720
3.65	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	725
3.66	$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	731
3.67	$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	738
3.68	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	743
3.69	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	748
3.70	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	753
3.71	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	758
3.72	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	763
3.73	$\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	768
3.74	$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	773
3.75	$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	781
3.76	$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	787
3.77	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	793
3.78	$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	801
3.79	$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	810
3.80	$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	818
3.81	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	825

3.82	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	831
3.83	$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	839
3.84	$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	847
3.85	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	852
3.86	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	857
3.87	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	862
3.88	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	867
3.89	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	872
3.90	$\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$	878
3.91	$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	884
3.92	$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	890
3.93	$\int \frac{x^7}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	896
3.94	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	902
3.95	$\int \frac{1}{x^9(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	909
3.96	$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	917
3.97	$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	924
3.98	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	931
3.99	$\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	936
3.100	$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	943
3.101	$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	950
3.102	$\int \frac{x^9}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	961
3.103	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	971
3.104	$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	979
3.105	$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	990
3.106	$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1001
3.107	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1010
3.108	$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1017
3.109	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1022
3.110	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1027
3.111	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1032
3.112	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1037
3.113	$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1042
3.114	$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1050

3.115	$\int \frac{x^7}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1056
3.116	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1062
3.117	$\int \frac{1}{x^9(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1070
3.118	$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1079
3.119	$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1087
3.120	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1094
3.121	$\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1100
3.122	$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1108
3.123	$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1116
3.124	$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1128
3.125	$\int \frac{x^9}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1139
3.126	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1150
3.127	$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1161
3.128	$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1172
3.129	$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1179
3.130	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1186
3.131	$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1194
3.132	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1199
3.133	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1204
3.134	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1209
3.135	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$	1214
3.136	$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^8)}{(a+bx^8)^{5/4}} dx$	1219
3.137	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^5} dx$	1225
3.138	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^3} dx$	1234
3.139	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x} dx$	1242
3.140	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx$	1249
3.141	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx$	1256
3.142	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx$	1262
3.143	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx$	1269
3.144	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx$	1276

3.145	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^{10} dx$	1284
3.146	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx$	1293
3.147	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx$	1300
3.148	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx$	1307
3.149	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx$	1313
3.150	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$	1320
3.151	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx$	1327
3.152	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx$	1334
3.153	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^5 dx$	1342
3.154	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^3 dx$	1350
3.155	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x dx$	1358
3.156	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx$	1366
3.157	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	1373
3.158	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	1380
3.159	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$	1388
3.160	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$	1396
3.161	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^{12} dx$	1405
3.162	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^{10} dx$	1414
3.163	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^8 dx$	1421
3.164	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^6 dx$	1428
3.165	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^4 dx$	1434
3.166	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^2 dx$	1441
3.167	$\int (a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} dx$	1449
3.168	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	1457
3.169	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	1464
3.170	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$	1472
3.171	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$	1480

3.172	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x} dx$	1487
3.173	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3} dx$	1493
3.174	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5} dx$	1499
3.175	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^7} dx$	1505
3.176	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$	1512
3.177	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$	1518
3.178	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$	1524
3.179	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2} dx$	1530
3.180	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4} dx$	1536
3.181	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^3}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx$	1543
3.182	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx$	1552
3.183	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x} dx$	1560
3.184	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^3} dx$	1566
3.185	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^5} dx$	1572
3.186	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^7} dx$	1578
3.187	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^9} dx$	1585
3.188	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx$	1592
3.189	$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^2}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx$	1601
3.190	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx$	1608
3.191	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^2} dx$	1614

3.192	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx$	1620
3.193	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx$	1627
3.194	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx$	1635
3.195	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx$	1641
3.196	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$	1647
3.197	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx$	1652
3.198	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx$	1658
3.199	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx$	1664
3.200	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx$	1670
3.201	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx$	1676
3.202	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx$	1681
3.203	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx$	1687
3.204	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx$	1693
3.205	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx$	1700
3.206	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx$	1706
3.207	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	1712
3.208	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$	1718
3.209	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	1724
3.210	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx$	1730
3.211	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c + dx^5}(ac + 2adx^5)} dx$	1736
3.212	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}(ac + 2adx^4)} dx$	1742
3.213	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3}(ac + 2adx^3)} dx$	1748
3.214	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + dx^2}(ac + 2adx^2)} dx$	1754
3.215	$\int \frac{1}{x(c + dx)(ac + 2adx)} dx$	1759
3.216	$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x}\right)x^3} dx$	1764
3.217	$\int \frac{d + cx}{x^3(2ad + acx)} dx$	1769
3.218	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right)x^4} dx$	1774
3.219	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2(2ad + acx^2)} dx$	1781

3.220	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right)x^5} dx$	1788
3.221	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2(2ad + acx^3)} dx$	1794
3.222	$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1801
3.223	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1807
3.224	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1812
3.225	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1818
3.226	$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1825
3.227	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1831
3.228	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1837
3.229	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1843
3.230	$\int \frac{1}{x^6\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1849
3.231	$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1855
3.232	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1863
3.233	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$	1870
3.234	$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx$	1877
3.235	$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} dx$	1885
3.236	$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx$	1892
3.237	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1899
3.238	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx$	1905
3.239	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx$	1911
3.240	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx$	1916
3.241	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx$	1922
3.242	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx$	1928
3.243	$\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx$	1934
3.244	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx$	1941
3.245	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx$	1948
3.246	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x}} dx$	1954
3.247	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2}} dx$	1959
3.248	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2}} dx$	1964
3.249	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{7/2}} dx$	1970
3.250	$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx$	1976

3.251	$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$	1981
3.252	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx$	1986
3.253	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$	1992
3.254	$\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$	1998
3.255	$\int x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$	2004
3.256	$\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$	2010
3.257	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$	2016
3.258	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2021
3.259	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2026
3.260	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^4(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$	2031
3.261	$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx$	2037
3.262	$\int x(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx$	2044
3.263	$\int (a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx$	2051
3.264	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$	2057
3.265	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2063
3.266	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2069
3.267	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$	2075
3.268	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2081
3.269	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2086
3.270	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{a+bx^n} dx$	2091
3.271	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$	2096
3.272	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx$	2101
3.273	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx$	2106
3.274	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)} dx$	2111
3.275	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2116
3.276	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2122
3.277	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2128
3.278	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2134
3.279	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2140
3.280	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2146
3.281	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2152
3.282	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2158
3.283	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2164
3.284	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2170
3.285	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2176



3.286	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2183
3.287	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2188
3.288	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2193
3.289	$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	2198
3.290	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	2203
3.291	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	2208
3.292	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$	2214
3.293	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2220
3.294	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2226
3.295	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2231
3.296	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2237
3.297	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx$	2243
3.298	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx$	2249
3.299	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx$	2256
3.300	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2263
3.301	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2270
3.302	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2276
3.303	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2283
3.304	$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n) dx$	2289
3.305	$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n) dx$	2296
3.306	$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n) dx$	2303
3.307	$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n) dx$	2310
3.308	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2318
3.309	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$	2326
3.310	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$	2333
3.311	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$	2340
3.312	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2347
3.313	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2352
3.314	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)} dx$	2357
3.315	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)} dx$	2362
3.316	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)} dx$	2367
3.317	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)} dx$	2372
3.318	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2377
3.319	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2382
3.320	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2388

3.321	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2394
3.322	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2399
3.323	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2404
3.324	$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2409
3.325	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2414
3.326	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2419
3.327	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2424
3.328	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2429
3.329	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2434
3.330	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2439
3.331	$\int x \sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2445
3.332	$\int \sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2451
3.333	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$	2457
3.334	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2463
3.335	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2469
3.336	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$	2475
3.337	$\int x^2 (a+bx^n)^{3/2} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2481
3.338	$\int x (a+bx^n)^{3/2} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2487
3.339	$\int (a+bx^n)^{3/2} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2493
3.340	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} (A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$	2499
3.341	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} (A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2506
3.342	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} (A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2512
3.343	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} (A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$	2518
3.344	$\int x^2 (a+bx^n)^{5/2} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2524
3.345	$\int x (a+bx^n)^{5/2} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2531
3.346	$\int (a+bx^n)^{5/2} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2538
3.347	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} (A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$	2545
3.348	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} (A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2552
3.349	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} (A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2560
3.350	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} (A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$	2568
3.351	$\int \frac{x^2 (A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2576
3.352	$\int \frac{x (A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2581
3.353	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2586
3.354	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2591

3.355	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2597
3.356	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2602
3.357	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2607
3.358	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2612
3.359	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2618
3.360	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2624
3.361	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2629
3.362	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2635
3.363	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2640
3.364	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2645
3.365	$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2650
3.366	$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2656
3.367	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2662
3.368	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2667
3.369	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2673
3.370	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2678
3.371	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2683
3.372	$\int (ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2688
3.373	$\int \sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2694
3.374	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	2700
3.375	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2706
3.376	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2712
3.377	$\int (ex)^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2718
3.378	$\int \sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n) dx$	2724
3.379	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	2730
3.380	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2736
3.381	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	2742
3.382	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2748
3.383	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2754
3.384	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2760
3.385	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2766
3.386	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2771

3.387	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2776
3.388	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2782
3.389	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2788
3.390	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2793
3.391	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2798
3.392	$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2803
3.393	$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2808
3.394	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2814
3.395	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2819
3.396	$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2824
3.397	$\int (ex)^m (a+bx^n)^2 (a(1+m) + b(1+m+3n)x^n) dx$	2829
3.398	$\int (ex)^m (a+bx^n) (a(1+m) + b(1+m+2n)x^n) dx$	2835
3.399	$\int (ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n)x^n) dx$	2841
3.400	$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m)x^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2846
3.401	$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2851
3.402	$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2856
3.403	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^n)^3 (A+Bx^n) dx$	2861
3.404	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^n)^2 (A+Bx^n) dx$	2871
3.405	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^n) (A+Bx^n) dx$	2880
3.406	$\int (cx)^m (A+Bx^n) dx$	2887
3.407	$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2893
3.408	$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2899
3.409	$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2905
3.410	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^n)^{3/2} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2911
3.411	$\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n) dx$	2918
3.412	$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	2924
3.413	$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	2930
3.414	$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	2936
3.415	$\int x^2 (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	2942
3.416	$\int x (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	2948
3.417	$\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	2954
3.418	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$	2960
3.419	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{p}{2}} (c+dx^n)}{x^2} dx$	2965
3.420	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{p}{2}} (c+dx^n)}{x^3} dx$	2971

3.421	$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$	2977
3.422	$\int \sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$	2983
3.423	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$	2989
3.424	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$	2995
3.425	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$	3001
3.426	$\int x^2 (a + bx^n)^p (3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx$	3007
3.427	$\int x (a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx$	3013
3.428	$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx$	3019
3.429	$\int b(2 + 2p)x^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$	3025
3.430	$\int x^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p (-a + b(1 + 2p)x^n) dx$	3030
3.431	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p (-2a+2bpx^n)}{x^3} dx$	3036
3.432	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p (-3a+b(-1+2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx$	3042
3.433	$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$	3049
3.434	$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$	3055
3.435	$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + n(1 + p))x^n) dx$	3061
3.436	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$	3066
3.437	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$	3071
3.438	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$	3076
3.439	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$	3081
3.440	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$	3087
3.441	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$	3092
3.442	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^n)^2 (c+dx^n)} dx$	3097
3.443	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^2 (c+dx^n)} dx$	3103
3.444	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2 (c+dx^n)} dx$	3109
3.445	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2 (c+dx^n)} dx$	3115
3.446	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2 (c+dx^n)} dx$	3121
3.447	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2 (c+dx^n)} dx$	3127
3.448	$\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(1+x)^2} dx$	3133
3.449	$\int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(1+x^2)^2} dx$	3138
3.450	$\int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2} dx$	3143
3.451	$\int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(1+x^4)^2} dx$	3152
3.452	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n} (a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$	3162
3.453	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n} (a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$	3169
3.454	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n} (a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx$	3175
3.455	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$	3180

3.456	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$	3185
3.457	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx$	3190
3.458	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$	3196
3.459	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$	3203
3.460	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx$	3210
3.461	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$	3216
3.462	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$	3221
3.463	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx$	3227
3.464	$\int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx$	3233
3.465	$\int x^{27}(b+cx^2)^{13}(b+2cx^2) dx$	3240
3.466	$\int x^{41}(b+cx^3)^{13}(b+2cx^3) dx$	3247
3.467	$\int x^{-1+14n}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx$	3254
3.468	$\int x^{-1+m}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p}(am+b(m+np)x^n) dx$	3261
3.469	$\int \frac{b+2cx}{x(b+cx)} dx$	3266
3.470	$\int \frac{b+2cx^2}{x(b+cx^2)} dx$	3271
3.471	$\int \frac{b+2cx^3}{x(b+cx^3)} dx$	3276
3.472	$\int \frac{b+2cx^n}{x(b+cx^n)} dx$	3281
3.473	$\int \frac{b+2cx}{x^8(b+cx)^8} dx$	3286
3.474	$\int \frac{b+2cx^2}{x^{15}(b+cx^2)^8} dx$	3291
3.475	$\int \frac{b+2cx^3}{x^{22}(b+cx^3)^8} dx$	3297
3.476	$\int \frac{x^{-1-7n}(b+2cx^n)}{(b+cx^n)^8} dx$	3303
3.477	$\int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{1-x^{16}} dx$	3309
3.478	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} dx$	3315
3.479	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3323
3.480	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3331
3.481	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3338
3.482	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3345
3.483	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3351
3.484	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3357
3.485	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3363
3.486	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3372
3.487	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3380

3.488	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3388
3.489	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3395
3.490	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$	3402
3.491	$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$	3409
3.492	$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$	3414
3.493	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx$	3420
3.494	$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx$	3425
3.495	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$	3430
3.496	$\int (ex)^m (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^3 dx$	3435
3.497	$\int (ex)^m (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^2 dx$	3443
3.498	$\int (ex)^m (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3451
3.499	$\int (ex)^m (a+bx^n)^p dx$	3457
3.500	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$	3462
3.501	$\int \frac{(ex)^m(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	3467
3.502	$\int x^{m+2n}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3472
3.503	$\int x^{m+n}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3479
3.504	$\int x^m(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3486
3.505	$\int x^{m-n}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3493
3.506	$\int x^{m-2n}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3499
3.507	$\int x^{m-3n}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3505
3.508	$\int x^p(b+cx)^p(b+2cx) dx$	3511
3.509	$\int x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b+cx^2)^p (b+2cx^2) dx$	3516
3.510	$\int x^{-1+3(1+p)}(b+cx^3)^p (b+2cx^3) dx$	3522
3.511	$\int x^{-1+n(1+p)}(b+cx^n)^p (b+2cx^n) dx$	3527
3.512	$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^4 dx$	3533
3.513	$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^3 dx$	3539
3.514	$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^2 dx$	3544
3.515	$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3551
3.516	$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	3558
3.517	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$	3564
3.518	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	3570
3.519	$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^3 dx$	3577
3.520	$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^2 dx$	3583
3.521	$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3588
3.522	$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	3594
3.523	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$	3599

3.524	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	3605
3.525	$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^3 dx$	3611
3.526	$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^2 dx$	3618
3.527	$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3624
3.528	$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	3630
3.529	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$	3635
3.530	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	3641
3.531	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$	3647
3.532	$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^3 dx$	3654
3.533	$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^2 dx$	3661
3.534	$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3667
3.535	$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	3673
3.536	$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$	3678
3.537	$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	3683
3.538	$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$	3689
3.539	$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^2 dx$	3695
3.540	$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3701
3.541	$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	3707
3.542	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$	3712
3.543	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	3717
3.544	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$	3723
3.545	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$	3729
3.546	$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^2 dx$	3736
3.547	$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3743
3.548	$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	3749
3.549	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$	3754
3.550	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	3760
3.551	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$	3765
3.552	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$	3771
3.553	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx$	3777
3.554	$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^2 dx$	3784
3.555	$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	3791
3.556	$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	3797
3.557	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$	3802



3.558	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	3808
3.559	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$	3814
3.560	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$	3819
3.561	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx$	3825
3.562	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx$	3830
3.563	$\int x^m(2+bx^n)^p(3+dx^n)^q dx$	3837
3.564	$\int (ex)^m(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$	3842
3.565	$\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx$	3848
3.566	$\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx$	3854
3.567	$\int x^{-1-n(1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx$	3859
3.568	$\int x^{-1-2np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx$	3865
3.569	$\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx$	3870
3.570	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$	3876
3.571	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$	3883
3.572	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$	3889
3.573	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q}{x} dx$	3895
3.574	$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$	3901
3.575	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$	3907
3.576	$\int x^2(-a+bx^n)^p(a+bx^n)^p dx$	3913
3.577	$\int x(-a+bx^n)^p(a+bx^n)^p dx$	3918
3.578	$\int (-a+bx^n)^p(a+bx^n)^p dx$	3923
3.579	$\int \frac{(-a+bx^n)^p(a+bx^n)^p}{x} dx$	3928
3.580	$\int \frac{(-a+bx^n)^p(a+bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$	3933
3.581	$\int \frac{a+b(e+fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg+fgx}(c+d(e+fx)^2)} dx$	3938
3.582	$\int \frac{a+be^2+2befx+bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg+fgx}(c+d(e+fx)^2)} dx$	3952
3.583	$\int \frac{a+b(e+fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg+fgx}(c+de^2+2defx+df^2x^2)} dx$	3961
3.584	$\int \frac{a+be^2+2befx+bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg+fgx}(c+de^2+2defx+df^2x^2)} dx$	3971
3.585	$\int \frac{ae+be^2}{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}(4c+d(a+bx)^3)} dx$	3981
3.586	$\int \frac{ae+be^2}{\sqrt{c+a^3d+3a^2bdx+3ab^2dx^2+b^3dx^3}(4c+d(a+bx)^3)} dx$	3988
3.587	$\int \frac{ae+be^2}{(4c+a^3d+3a^2bdx+3ab^2dx^2+b^3dx^3)\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}} dx$	3996
3.588	$\int \frac{ae+be^2}{\sqrt{c+a^3d+3a^2bdx+3ab^2dx^2+b^3dx^3}(4c+a^3d+3a^2bdx+3ab^2dx^2+b^3dx^3)} dx$	4004
3.589	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$	4012
3.590	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$	4017
3.591	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$	4022

3.592	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$	4027
3.593	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$	4032
3.594	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{x^2\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$	4037
3.595	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx$	4042
3.596	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx$	4048
3.597	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx$	4056
3.598	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx$	4063
3.599	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$	4069
3.600	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{c+dx} dx$	4074
3.601	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	4080
3.602	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	4086
3.603	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c+dx)^4} dx$	4092
3.604	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	4099
3.605	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	4104
3.606	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	4109
3.607	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	4114
3.608	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	4119
3.609	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	4124
3.610	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}} dx$	4129

### 3.1 $\int \frac{1+x^6}{x(1-x^6)} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{x(1-x^6)} dx = \log(x) - \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x^6)$$

output `ln(x)-1/3*ln(-x^6+1)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{x(1-x^6)} dx = \log(x) - \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x^6)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x^6)/(x*(1 - x^6)),x]`

output `Log[x] - Log[1 - x^6]/3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^6 + 1}{x(1 - x^6)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x^6 + 1}{x^6(1 - x^6)} dx^6 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int \left( \frac{1}{x^6} - \frac{2}{x^6 - 1} \right) dx^6 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{6} (\log(x^6) - 2 \log(1 - x^6)) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x^6)/(x*(1 - x^6)),x]`

output `(Log[x^6] - 2*Log[1 - x^6])/6`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
risch	$\ln(x) - \frac{\ln(x^6-1)}{3}$	12
meijerg	$-\frac{\ln(-x^6+1)}{3} + \ln(x) + \frac{i\pi}{6}$	18
default	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x^2+x+1)}{3} + \ln(x) - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{3}$	36
norman	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x^2+x+1)}{3} + \ln(x) - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{3}$	36
parallelrisc	$-\frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x^2+x+1)}{3} + \ln(x) - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{3}$	36

input `int((x^6+1)/x/(-x^6+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `ln(x)-1/3*ln(x^6-1)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{x(1-x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \log(x^6-1) + \log(x)$$

input `integrate((x^6+1)/x/(-x^6+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*log(x6 - 1) + log(x)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{x(1-x^6)} dx = \log(x) - \frac{\log(x^6-1)}{3}$$

input `integrate((x**6+1)/x/(-x**6+1),x)`

output `log(x) - log(x**6 - 1)/3`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{x(1-x^6)} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \log(x^6-1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^6)$$

input `integrate((x^6+1)/x/(-x^6+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*log(x6 - 1) + 1/6*log(x6)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{x(1-x^6)} dx = \frac{1}{6} \log(x^6) - \frac{1}{3} \log(|x^6-1|)$$

input `integrate((x^6+1)/x/(-x^6+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*log(x6) - 1/3*log(abs(x6 - 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{x(1-x^6)} dx = \ln(x) - \frac{\ln(x^6-1)}{3}$$

input `int(-(x^6 + 1)/(x*(x^6 - 1)),x)`output `log(x) - log(x^6 - 1)/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{x(1-x^6)} dx = -\frac{\log(x^2-x+1)}{3} - \frac{\log(x^2+x+1)}{3} - \frac{\log(x-1)}{3} - \frac{\log(x+1)}{3} + \log(x)$$

input `int((x^6+1)/x/(-x^6+1),x)`output `( - log(x**2 - x + 1) - log(x**2 + x + 1) - log(x - 1) - log(x + 1) + 3*log(x))/3`

## 3.2 $\int \frac{-2+3x^6}{x(5+2x^6)} dx$

Optimal result	251
Mathematica [A] (verified)	251
Rubi [A] (verified)	252
Maple [A] (verified)	253
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	254
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	254
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	254
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	255
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	255

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{-2 + 3x^6}{x(5 + 2x^6)} dx = -\frac{2 \log(x)}{5} + \frac{19}{60} \log(5 + 2x^6)$$

output `-2/5*ln(x)+19/60*ln(2*x^6+5)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-2 + 3x^6}{x(5 + 2x^6)} dx = -\frac{2 \log(x)}{5} + \frac{19}{60} \log(5 + 2x^6)$$

input `Integrate[(-2 + 3*x^6)/(x*(5 + 2*x^6)), x]`

output `(-2*Log[x])/5 + (19*Log[5 + 2*x^6])/60`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {948, 25, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{3x^6 - 2}{x(2x^6 + 5)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int -\frac{2 - 3x^6}{x^6(2x^6 + 5)} dx^6 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2 - 3x^6}{x^6(2x^6 + 5)} dx^6 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & -\frac{1}{6} \int \left( \frac{2}{5x^6} - \frac{19}{5(2x^6 + 5)} \right) dx^6 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{19}{10} \log(2x^6 + 5) - \frac{2 \log(x^6)}{5} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(-2 + 3*x^6)/(x*(5 + 2*x^6)),x]`

output `((-2*Log[x^6])/5 + (19*Log[5 + 2*x^6])/10)/6`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^n], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /;` `SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2 \ln(x)}{5} + \frac{19 \ln(x^6 + \frac{5}{2})}{60}$	14
default	$-\frac{2 \ln(x)}{5} + \frac{19 \ln(2x^6 + 5)}{60}$	16
norman	$-\frac{2 \ln(x)}{5} + \frac{19 \ln(2x^6 + 5)}{60}$	16
risch	$-\frac{2 \ln(x)}{5} + \frac{19 \ln(2x^6 + 5)}{60}$	16
meijerg	$\frac{19 \ln(1 + \frac{2x^6}{5})}{60} - \frac{2 \ln(x)}{5} - \frac{\ln(2)}{15} + \frac{\ln(5)}{15}$	24

input `int((3*x^6-2)/x/(2*x^6+5),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/5*ln(x)+19/60*ln(x^6+5/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{-2 + 3x^6}{x(5 + 2x^6)} dx = \frac{19}{60} \log(2x^6 + 5) - \frac{2}{5} \log(x)$$

input `integrate((3*x^6-2)/x/(2*x^6+5),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `19/60*log(2*x^6 + 5) - 2/5*log(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{-2 + 3x^6}{x(5 + 2x^6)} dx = -\frac{2 \log(x)}{5} + \frac{19 \log(2x^6 + 5)}{60}$$

input `integrate((3*x**6-2)/x/(2*x**6+5),x)`output `-2*log(x)/5 + 19*log(2*x**6 + 5)/60`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{-2 + 3x^6}{x(5 + 2x^6)} dx = \frac{19}{60} \log(2x^6 + 5) - \frac{1}{15} \log(x^6)$$

input `integrate((3*x^6-2)/x/(2*x^6+5),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `19/60*log(2*x^6 + 5) - 1/15*log(x^6)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{-2 + 3x^6}{x(5 + 2x^6)} dx = \frac{19}{60} \log(2x^6 + 5) - \frac{1}{15} \log(x^6)$$

input `integrate((3*x^6-2)/x/(2*x^6+5),x, algorithm="giac")`output `19/60*log(2*x^6 + 5) - 1/15*log(x^6)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{-2 + 3x^6}{x(5 + 2x^6)} dx = \frac{19 \ln(x^6 + \frac{5}{2})}{60} - \frac{2 \ln(x)}{5}$$

input `int((3*x^6 - 2)/(x*(2*x^6 + 5)),x)`output `(19*log(x^6 + 5/2))/60 - (2*log(x))/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{-2 + 3x^6}{x(5 + 2x^6)} dx = \frac{19 \log\left(5^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2\right)}{60} + \frac{19 \log\left(-10^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{3}x + 5^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2\right)}{60} \\ + \frac{19 \log\left(10^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{3}x + 5^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2\right)}{60} - \frac{2 \log(x)}{5}$$

input `int((3*x^6-2)/x/(2*x^6+5),x)`

output

```
(19*log(5**(1/3) + 2**(1/3)*x**2) + 19*log(- 10**(1/6)*sqrt(3)*x + 5**(1/3) + 2**(1/3)*x**2) + 19*log(10**(1/6)*sqrt(3)*x + 5**(1/3) + 2**(1/3)*x**2) - 24*log(x))/60
```

### 3.3 $\int \frac{x^{11}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	257
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	257
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	258
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	259
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	260
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	260
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	261
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	261
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	262
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	262

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a(bc-ad)}{3b^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{(bc-2ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{3b^3} + \frac{d(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}{9b^3}$$

output

```
1/3*a*(-a*d+b*c)/b^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/3*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^3+
1/9*d*(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)/b^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6abc-8a^2d+3b^2cx^6-4abdx^6+b^2dx^{12}}{9b^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^11*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(6*a*b*c - 8*a^2*d + 3*b^2*c*x^6 - 4*a*b*d*x^6 + b^2*d*x^12)/(9*b^3*Sqrt[a
+ b*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x^6(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2} + \frac{bc - 2ad}{b^2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} + \frac{a(ad - bc)}{b^2(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} \right) dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx^6}(bc - 2ad)}{b^3} + \frac{2a(bc - ad)}{b^3\sqrt{a + bx^6}} + \frac{2d(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}{3b^3} \right)$$

input `Int[(x^11*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*a*(b*c - a*d))/(b^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (2*(b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/b^3 + (2*d*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))/(3*b^3))/6`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /;`  
`SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$8 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{d x^6}{3} + c \right) x^6 b^2}{8} - \frac{3 a \left( -\frac{2 d x^6}{3} + c \right) b}{4} + a^2 d \right)$	49
gosper	$-\frac{-d x^{12} b^2 + 4 a b d x^6 - 3 b^2 c x^6 + 8 a^2 d - 6 a b c}{9 \sqrt{b x^6 + a} b^3}$	53
trager	$-\frac{-d x^{12} b^2 + 4 a b d x^6 - 3 b^2 c x^6 + 8 a^2 d - 6 a b c}{9 \sqrt{b x^6 + a} b^3}$	53
orering	$-\frac{-d x^{12} b^2 + 4 a b d x^6 - 3 b^2 c x^6 + 8 a^2 d - 6 a b c}{9 \sqrt{b x^6 + a} b^3}$	53
risch	$-\frac{(-x^6 b d + 5 a d - 3 c b) \sqrt{b x^6 + a}}{9 b^3} - \frac{a (a d - c b)}{3 \sqrt{b x^6 + a} b^3}$	55

input `int(x^11*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-8/9/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}*(-3/8*(1/3*d*x^6+c)*x^6*b^2-3/4*a*(-2/3*d*x^6+c)*b+a^2*d)/b^3$$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(b^2 dx^{12} + (3b^2c - 4abd)x^6 + 6abc - 8a^2d)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{9(b^4x^6 + ab^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(b^2*d*x^12 + (3*b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*x^6 + 6*a*b*c - 8*a^2*d)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^4*x^6 + a*b^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{8a^2d}{9b^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{2ac}{3b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{4adx^6}{9b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{cx^6}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{dx^{12}}{9b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{cx^{12}}{12} + \frac{dx^{18}}{18} & \text{otherwise} \\ a^{\frac{3}{2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**11*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-8*a**2*d/(9*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 2*a*c/(3*b**2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) - 4*a*d*x**6/(9*b**2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + c*x**6/(3*b*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + d*x**12/(9*b*sqrt(a + b*x**6)), Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x**12/12 + d*x**18/18)/a**(3/2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{9} d \left( \frac{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}}{b^3} - \frac{6\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a}{b^3} - \frac{3a^2}{\sqrt{bx^6 + ab^3}} \right) + \frac{1}{3} c \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2} + \frac{a}{\sqrt{bx^6 + ab^2}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^11*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*d*((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)/b^3 - 6*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a/b^3 - 3*a^2/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^3)) + 1/3*c*(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/b^2 + a/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^2))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{abc - a^2d}{3\sqrt{bx^6 + ab^3}} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^6 + ab^7}c + (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}b^6d - 6\sqrt{bx^6 + a}ab^6d}{9b^9}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(a*b*c - a^2*d)/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^3) + 1/9*(3*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^7*c + (b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^6*d - 6*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a*b^6*d)/b^9`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d(bx^6 + a)^2 - 3a^2d - 6ad(bx^6 + a) + 3bc(bx^6 + a) + 3abc}{9b^3\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}$$

input `int((x^11*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `(d*(a + b*x^6)^2 - 3*a^2*d - 6*a*d*(a + b*x^6) + 3*b*c*(a + b*x^6) + 3*a*b*c)/(9*b^3*(a + b*x^6)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(b^2dx^{12} - 4abd x^6 + 3b^2c x^6 - 8a^2d + 6abc)}{9b^3(bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int(x^11*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*(- 8*a**2*d + 6*a*b*c - 4*a*b*d*x**6 + 3*b**2*c*x**6 + b**2*d*x**12))/(9*b**3*(a + b*x**6))`

### 3.4 $\int \frac{x^5(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	263
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	263
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	264
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	265
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	265
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	266
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	266
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	267
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	267
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	267

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-bc+ad}{3b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{3b^2}$$

output  $1/3*(a*d-b*c)/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}+1/3*d*(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}/b^2$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-bc+2ad+bdx^6}{3b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output  $(-(b*c) + 2*a*d + b*d*x^6)/(3*b^2*sqrt[a + b*x^6])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {946, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 946$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \left( \frac{d}{b\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} + \frac{bc - ad}{b(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} \right) dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2d\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{b^2} - \frac{2(bc - ad)}{b^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x^5*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-2*(b*c - a*d))/(b^2*sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (2*d*sqrt[a + b*x^6])/b^2)/6`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 946

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n
+ 1, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^6bd+2ad-cb}{3\sqrt{bx^6+a}b^2}$	30
trager	$\frac{x^6bd+2ad-cb}{3\sqrt{bx^6+a}b^2}$	30
orering	$\frac{x^6bd+2ad-cb}{3\sqrt{bx^6+a}b^2}$	30
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(dx^6-c)b+2ad}{3\sqrt{bx^6+a}b^2}$	31
risch	$\frac{ad-cb}{3b^2\sqrt{bx^6+a}} + \frac{d\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{3b^2}$	39

input

```
int(x^5*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*(b*d*x^6+2*a*d-b*c)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(bdx^6 - bc + 2ad)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{3(b^3x^6 + ab^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $1/3*(b*d*x^6 - b*c + 2*a*d)*\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)/(b^3*x^6 + a*b^2)$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2ad}{3b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{c}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{dx^6}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{cx^6 + \frac{dx^{12}}{12}}{a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*a*d/(3*b**2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) - c/(3*b*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + d*x**6/(3*b*sqrt(a + b*x**6)), Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x**6/6 + d*x**12/12)/a**(3/2), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{3} d \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2} + \frac{a}{\sqrt{bx^6 + ab^2}} \right) - \frac{c}{3\sqrt{bx^6 + ab}}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/3*d*(\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)/b^2 + a/(\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)*b^2)) - 1/3*c/(\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)*b)$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{3b^2} - \frac{bc - ad}{3\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*d/b^2 - 1/3*(b*c - a*d)/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d(bx^6 + a) + ad - bc}{3b^2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}$$

input `int((x^5*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `(d*(a + b*x^6) + a*d - b*c)/(3*b^2*(a + b*x^6)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(bdx^6 + 2ad - bc)}{3b^2(bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int(x^5*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*(2*a*d - b*c + b*d*x**6))/(3*b**2*(a + b*x**6))`



$$3.5 \quad \int \frac{c+dx^6}{x(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bc - ad}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-a*d+b*c)/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/3*c*arctanh((b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/
a^(3/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bc - ad}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(b*c - a*d)/(3*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/Sqrt[a]])
/(3*a^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^6}{a} + \frac{2(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{12}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{ab} + \frac{2(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2(bc - ad)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{2c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((2*(b*c - a*d))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - (2*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/6`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{ad-cb}{a\sqrt{bx^6+a}} - \frac{bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{3b}$	50

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{3} * (- (a*d - b*c) / a / (b*x^6 + a)^{(1/2)} - b/a^{(3/2)} * c * \operatorname{arctanh}((b*x^6 + a)^{(1/2)} / a^{(1/2)})) / b$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{(b^2cx^6 + abc)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^6 - 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^6}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(abc - a^2d)}{6(a^2b^2x^6 + a^3b)}, \frac{(b^2cx^6 + abc)\sqrt{a}}{6(a^2b^2x^6 + a^3b)} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[1/6 * ((b^2 * c * x^6 + a * b * c) * \sqrt{a} * \log((b * x^6 - 2 * \sqrt{b * x^6 + a}) * \sqrt{a} + 2 * a) / x^6) + 2 * \sqrt{b * x^6 + a} * (a * b * c - a^2 * d)) / (a^2 * b^2 * x^6 + a^3 * b), 1/3 * ((b^2 * c * x^6 + a * b * c) * \sqrt{-a} * \arctan(\sqrt{-a} / \sqrt{b * x^6 + a}) + \sqrt{b * x^6 + a} * (a * b * c - a^2 * d)) / (a^2 * b^2 * x^6 + a^3 * b)]$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left( \frac{bc \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) - \frac{ad-bc}{6a\sqrt{a+bx^6}}}{b} \right) & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{c \log(dx^6) + dx^6}{6a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(b*c*atan(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/sqrt(-a))/(6*a*sqrt(-a)) - (a*d - b*c)/(6*a*sqrt(a + b*x**6)))/b, Ne(b, 0)), ((c*log(d*x**6) + d*x**6)/(6*a*(3/2)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6} c \left( \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{bx^6+aa}} \right) - \frac{d}{3\sqrt{bx^6+ab}}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*c*(log((sqrt(b*x^6 + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a) + sqrt(a)))/a^(3/2) + 2/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a)) - 1/3*d/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-aa}} + \frac{bc - ad}{3\sqrt{bx^6+aab}}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*c*arctan(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a) + 1/3*(b*c - a*d)/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a*b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c}{3a\sqrt{bx^6+a}} - \frac{d}{3b\sqrt{bx^6+a}} - \frac{c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}}$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output

$$\frac{c/(3*a*(a + b*x^6)^{(1/2)}) - d/(3*b*(a + b*x^6)^{(1/2)}) - (c*atanh((a + b*x^6)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)}))/(3*a^{(3/2)})}{1}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2d + 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abc + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx^6 + a} - \sqrt{a})abc + \sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{bx^6 + a} + \sqrt{a})abc}{6a^2b}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d*x^6+c)/x/(b*x^6+a)^{(3/2)},x)$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*\sqrt{a + b*x**6})*a**2*d + 2*\sqrt{a + b*x**6})*a*b*c + \sqrt{a}*\log(\sqrt{a + b*x**6} - \sqrt{a})*a*b*c + \sqrt{a}*\log(\sqrt{a + b*x**6} + \sqrt{a})*a*b*c - \sqrt{a}*\log(\sqrt{a + b*x**6} - \sqrt{a})*b**2*c*x**6 - \sqrt{a}*\log(\sqrt{a + b*x**6} + \sqrt{a})*b**2*c*x**6)/(6*a**2*b*(a + b*x**6))$$

### 3.6 $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^7(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{bc - ad}{3a^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{c\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{6a^2x^6} + \frac{(3bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{6a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/6*c*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^2/x^6+1/6*(-2*
a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-ac - 3bcx^6 + 2adx^6}{6a^2x^6\sqrt{a + bx^6}} + \frac{(3bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{6a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
((-a*c) - 3*b*c*x^6 + 2*a*d*x^6)/(6*a^2*x^6*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + ((3*b*c - 2
*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/Sqrt[a]])/(6*a^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^{12} (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^6 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^6}{2a} - \frac{c}{ax^6 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left( \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^6 + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{ax^6 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{x^{12} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{ax^6 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\left( \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right) (3bc - 2ad)}{2a} - \frac{c}{ax^6 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((-c/(a*x^6*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])) - ((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*(2/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(2*a))/6`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx^6+a}x^6\left(ad-\frac{3cb}{2}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+((-2dx^6+c)a+3bcx^6)\sqrt{a}}{6\sqrt{bx^6+a}a^{\frac{5}{2}}x^6}$	77

input

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/6/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)*(2*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)*x^6*(a*d-3/2*c*b)*arctanh((b*x^6+a)
)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))+((-2*d*x^6+c)*a+3*b*c*x^6)*a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/x^6
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{((3b^2c - 2abd)x^{12} + (3abc - 2a^2d)x^6)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^6 - 2\sqrt{bx^6+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x^6}\right) + 2((3abc - 2a^2d)x^6 + a^2c)\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{12(a^3bx^{12} + a^4x^6)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{((3b^2c - 2abd)x^{12} + (3abc - 2a^2d)x^6)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}\right) + ((3abc - 2a^2d)x^6 + a^2c)\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{6(a^3bx^{12} + a^4x^6)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/12*(((3*b^2*c - 2*a*b*d)*x^12 + (3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x^6)*sqrt(a)*log((
b*x^6 - 2*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^6) + 2*(((3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x^6
+ a^2*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^3*b*x^12 + a^4*x^6), -1/6*(((3*b^2*c - 2*a*b
*d)*x^12 + (3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x^6)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^6 +
a)) + ((3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x^6 + a^2*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^3*b*x^12 + a^4
*x^6)]
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 62.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = c \left( -\frac{1}{6a\sqrt{bx^9} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx^6} + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{b}}{2a^2 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx^6} + 1}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^3}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}} \right) + d \left( \frac{2a^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}}}{6a^{9/2} + 6a^{7/2} bx^6} + \frac{a^3 \log\left(\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{6a^{9/2} + 6a^{7/2} bx^6} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2a^3 \log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} + 1\right)}{6a^{9/2} + 6a^{7/2} bx^6} + \frac{a^2 bx^6 \log\left(\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{6a^{9/2} + 6a^{7/2} bx^6} - \frac{2a^2 bx^6 \log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} + 1\right)}{6a^{9/2} + 6a^{7/2} bx^6} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**7/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
c*(-1/(6*a*sqrt(b)*x**9*sqrt(a/(b*x**6) + 1)) - sqrt(b)/(2*a**2*x**3*sqrt(
a/(b*x**6) + 1)) + b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**3))/(2*a**(5/2))) + d*(2*a*
*3*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a)/(6*a**(9/2) + 6*a**(7/2)*b*x**6) + a**3*log(b*x**6/a
)/(6*a**(9/2) + 6*a**(7/2)*b*x**6) - 2*a**3*log(sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a) + 1)/(6
*a**(9/2) + 6*a**(7/2)*b*x**6) + a**2*b*x**6*log(b*x**6/a)/(6*a**(9/2) + 6
*a**(7/2)*b*x**6) - 2*a**2*b*x**6*log(sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a) + 1)/(6*a**(9/2)
+ 6*a**(7/2)*b*x**6))
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs.  $2(69) = 138$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{12} c \left( \frac{2(3(bx^6 + a)b - 2ab)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2} a^2 - \sqrt{bx^6 + a} a^3} + \frac{3b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} d \left( \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/12*c*(2*(3*(b*x^6 + a)*b - 2*a*b)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - \text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)*a^3) + 3*b*\log((\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a) - \text{sqrt}(a))/(\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a) + \text{sqrt}(a)))/a^(5/2)) + 1/6*d*(\log((\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a) - \text{sqrt}(a))/(\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a) + \text{sqrt}(a))))/a^(3/2) + 2/(\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)*a)$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{6\sqrt{-a}a^2}$$

$$-\frac{3(bx^6 + a)bc - 2abc - 2(bx^6 + a)ad + 2a^2d}{6\left((bx^6 + a)^{3/2} - \sqrt{bx^6 + a}a\right)a^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/6*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*\arctan(\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)/\text{sqrt}(-a))/(\text{sqrt}(-a)*a^2) - 1/6*(3*(b*x^6 + a)*b*c - 2*a*b*c - 2*(b*x^6 + a)*a*d + 2*a^2*d)/(((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2) - \text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)*a)*a^2)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d}{3a\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} - \frac{d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}} - \frac{c}{6ax^6\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} + \frac{bc \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}} - \frac{bc}{2a^2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`output `d/(3*a*(a + b*x^6)^(1/2)) - (d*atanh((a + b*x^6)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/(3*a^(3/2)) - c/(6*a*x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(1/2)) + (b*c*atanh((a + b*x^6)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/(2*a^(5/2)) - (b*c)/(2*a^2*(a + b*x^6)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2c + 4\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2dx^6 - 6\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abcx^6 + 2\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx^6 + a} - \sqrt{a})}{(12a^3x^6(a + bx^6))}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*c + 4*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*d*x**6 - 6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*d*x**6 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**12 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**12 - 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**2*d*x**6 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b*c*x**6 - 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b*d*x**12 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**2*c*x**12)/(12*a**3*x**6*(a + b*x**6))`

### 3.7 $\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^3}{3b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{dx^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{6b^2} + \frac{(2bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}\right)}{6b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/6*d*x^3*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/6*
(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^3(-2bc+3ad+bdx^6)}{6b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{(2bc-3ad)\log\left(\sqrt{bx^3} + \sqrt{a+bx^6}\right)}{6b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^8*(c+d*x^6))/(a+b*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^3*(-2*b*c+3*a*d+b*d*x^6))/(6*b^2*Sqrt[a+b*x^6])+((2*b*c-3*a*d)
)*Log[Sqrt[b]*x^3+Sqrt[a+b*x^6]]/(6*b^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {959, 807, 252, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{dx^9}{6b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^3}{6b} + \frac{dx^9}{6b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{x^3}{b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{6b} + \frac{dx^9}{6b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-bx^6} d\frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}}{b} - \frac{x^3}{b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{6b} + \frac{dx^9}{6b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{x^3}{b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right) (2bc - 3ad)}{6b} + \frac{dx^9}{6b\sqrt{a + bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^8*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x]
```

output  $(d*x^9)/(6*b*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]) + ((2*b*c - 3*a*d)*(-x^3/(b*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6])) + \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^3)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]]/b^{(3/2)})/(6*b)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 252  $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*b*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c^2*(m-1)/(2*b*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 807  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m+1)/k - 1}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*e*(m + n*(p+1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m + n*(p+1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p+1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*(p+1) + 1, 0]$



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a} \left(-cb + \frac{3ad}{2}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3\sqrt{b}}\right) + \left(\left(-\frac{dx^6}{2} + c\right)b - \frac{3ad}{2}\right)x^3\sqrt{b}}{3\sqrt{bx^6+a}b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	74

input `int(x^8*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/3*((b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}*(-c*b+3/2*a*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}/x^3/b^{(1/2)})+((-1/2*d*x^6+c)*b-3/2*a*d)*x^3*b^{(1/2)})/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}/b^{(5/2)}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{((2b^2c-3abd)x^6+2abc-3a^2d)\sqrt{b}\log(-2bx^6+2\sqrt{bx^6+a}\sqrt{bx^3-a})-2(b^2c-3abd)x^3\sqrt{b}}{12(b^4x^6+ab^3)} - \frac{((2b^2c-3abd)x^6+2abc-3a^2d)\sqrt{-b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx^3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}\right)-(b^2dx^9-(2b^2c-3abd)x^3)\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{6(b^4x^6+ab^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^8*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\left[-1/12*(((2*b^2*c-3*a*b*d)*x^6+2*a*b*c-3*a^2*d)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*\log(-2*b*x^6+2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^6+a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*x^3-a)-2*(b^2*d*x^9-(2*b^2*c-3*a*b*d)*x^3)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^6+a))/(b^4*x^6+a*b^3), -1/6*(((2*b^2*c-3*a*b*d)*x^6+2*a*b*c-3*a^2*d)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b)*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(-b)*x^3/\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^6+a))-(b^2*d*x^9-(2*b^2*c-3*a*b*d)*x^3)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^6+a))/(b^4*x^6+a*b^3)\right]$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 43.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = c \left( \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3b^{3/2}} - \frac{x^3}{3\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}}} \right) + d \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}x^3}{2b^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}}} - \frac{a \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}} + \frac{x^9}{6\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**8*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `c*(asinh(sqrt(b)*x**3/sqrt(a))/(3*b**(3/2)) - x**3/(3*sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a))) + d*(sqrt(a)*x**3/(2*b**2*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a)) - a*asinh(sqrt(b)*x**3/sqrt(a))/(2*b**(5/2)) + x**9/(6*sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a)))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2x^3}{\sqrt{bx^6 + ab}} + \frac{\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3}}{\sqrt{b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right) c + \frac{1}{12} d \left( \frac{2\left(2ab - \frac{3(bx^6+a)a}{x^6}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+ab^3}}{x^3} - \frac{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}b^2}{x^9}} + \frac{3a \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3}}{\sqrt{b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3}}\right)}{b^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^8*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/6*(2*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b) + log(-(sqrt(b) - sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/x^3)/(sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/x^3))/b^(3/2))*c + 1/12*d*(2*(2*a*b - 3*(b*x^6 + a)*a/x^6)/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^3/x^3 - (b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^2/x^9) + 3*a*log(-(sqrt(b) - sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/x^3)/(sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/x^3))/b^(5/2))
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: NotImplementedError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^8*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: NotImplementedError >> unable to parse Giac output: Recursive assumption sageVARa>=(-sageVARb/t_nostep^6) ignored2*(486*sageVARb^4*sageVARd*1/5832/sageVARb^5*sageVARx*sageVARx*sageVARx*sageVARx*sageVARx*sageVARx- (972*sageVA
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^8(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^8*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((x^8*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abd x^3 - 4\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^2c x^3 + 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^2d x^9 + 3\sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{bx^6 + a} - \sqrt{b}x^3)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x^8*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b*d*x**3 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**2*c*x**3 + 2*sqrt(a
+ b*x**6)*b**2*d*x**9 + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*
*2*d - 2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b*c + 3*sqrt(b)*lo
g(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b*d*x**6 - 2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x
**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*b**2*c*x**6 - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b
)*x**3)*a**2*d + 2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b*c - 3*
sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b*d*x**6 + 2*sqrt(b)*log(sq
rt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*b**2*c*x**6)/(12*b**3*(a + b*x**6))
```

$$3.8 \quad \int \frac{x^2(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

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Mupad [F(-1)]	292
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	293

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)x^3}{3ab\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}\right)}{3b^{3/2}}$$

output  $1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}+1/3*d*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^3/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(-bc+ad)x^3}{3ab\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{d \log\left(\sqrt{bx^3} + \sqrt{a+bx^6}\right)}{3b^{3/2}}$$

input  $\operatorname{Integrate}[(x^2*(c+d*x^6))/(a+b*x^6)^{(3/2)},x]$

output  $-1/3*((-(b*c)+a*d)*x^3)/(a*b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x^6])+(d*\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*x^3+\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x^6]])/(3*b^{(3/2)})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {954, 807, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 954$$

$$\frac{d \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{b} + \frac{x^3(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 807$$

$$\frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^3}{3b} + \frac{x^3(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{d \int \frac{1}{1-bx^6} d\frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}}{3b} + \frac{x^3(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{\text{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}\right)}{3b^{3/2}} + \frac{x^3(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x^3)/(3*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^3)/Sqrt[a + b*x^6]])/(3*b^(3/2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 807  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p}, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1 /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 954  $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/(a*b*e^{(m + 1)})), x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{ad \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{(ad-cb)x^3}{b\sqrt{bx^6+a}}}{3a}$	55

input  $\text{int}(x^2*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/3*(a/b^{(3/2)}*d*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}/x^3/b^{(1/2)}) - (a*d - b*c)*x^3/b/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)})/a$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(b^2c - abd)x^3 + (abdx^6 + a^2d)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^6 - 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}\sqrt{bx^3 - a}\right)}{6(ab^3x^6 + a^2b^2)} \right],$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(2*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^3 + (a*b*d*x^6 + a^2*d)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^6 - 2*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(b)*x^3 - a))/(a*b^3*x^6 + a^2*b^2), 1/3*(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^3 - (a*b*d*x^6 + a^2*d)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x^3/sqrt(b*x^6 + a)))/(a*b^3*x^6 + a^2*b^2)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = d \left( \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3b^{3/2}} - \frac{x^3}{3\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}}} \right) + \frac{cx^3}{3a^{3/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}}}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `d*(asinh(sqrt(b)*x**3/sqrt(a))/(3*b**(3/2)) - x**3/(3*sqrt(a)*b*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a))) + c*x**3/(3*a**(3/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx^3}{3\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} - \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2x^3}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} + \frac{\log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{x^3}}{\sqrt{b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{x^3}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right) d$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*c*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a) - 1/6*(2*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b) + log(-(sqrt(b) - sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/x^3)/(sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/x^3))/b^(3/2))*d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(bc - ad)x^3}{3\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} - \frac{d \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{b}x^3 + \sqrt{bx^6 + a}\right|\right)}{3b^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(b*c - a*d)*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a*b) - 1/3*d*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x^3 + sqrt(b*x^6 + a)))/b^(3/2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx^6 + a} abd x^3 + 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a} b^2 c x^3 - \sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{bx^6 + a} - \sqrt{b} x^3) a^2 d - \sqrt{b} \log(\sqrt{bx^6 + a} + \sqrt{b} x^3) a^2 d}{6a^2 b^2 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}}$$

input `int(x^2*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2), x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b*d*x**3 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**2*c*x**3 - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**2*d - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**2*d + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b*d*x**6)/(6*a*b**2*(a + b*x**6))`

$$3.9 \quad \int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^4(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	299

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{3ax^3\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{(2bc - ad)x^3}{3a^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

output `-1/3*c/a/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/3*(-a*d+2*b*c)*x^3/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-ac - 2bcx^6 + adx^6}{3a^2x^3\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-(a*c) - 2*b*c*x^6 + a*d*x^6)/(3*a^2*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {955, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 955$$

$$-\frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{a} - \frac{c}{3ax^3 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$-\frac{x^3(2bc - ad)}{3a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{c}{3ax^3 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*c/(a*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((2*b*c - a*d)*x^3)/(3*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 955

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{-adx^6+2bcx^6+ac}{3\sqrt{bx^6+ax^3a^2}}$	36
trager	$-\frac{-adx^6+2bcx^6+ac}{3\sqrt{bx^6+ax^3a^2}}$	36
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(-dx^6+c)a+2bcx^6}{3\sqrt{bx^6+ax^3a^2}}$	36
orering	$-\frac{-adx^6+2bcx^6+ac}{3\sqrt{bx^6+ax^3a^2}}$	36
risch	$-\frac{c\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{x^3(ad-cb)}{3\sqrt{bx^6+aa^2}}$	45

input

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*(-a*d*x^6+2*b*c*x^6+a*c)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/x^3/a^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{((2bc - ad)x^6 + ac)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{3(a^2bx^9 + a^3x^3)}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*((2*b*c - a*d)*x^6 + a*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(a^2*b*x^9 + a^3*x^3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 24.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = c \left( -\frac{1}{3a\sqrt{bx^6} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx^6} + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{3a^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx^6} + 1}} \right) + \frac{dx^3}{3a^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**4/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`output `c*(-1/(3*a*sqrt(b)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x**6) + 1)) - 2*sqrt(b)/(3*a**2*sqrt(a/(b*x**6) + 1))) + d*x**3/(3*a**(3/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{dx^3}{3\sqrt{bx^6 + aa}} - \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{bx^3}{\sqrt{bx^6 + aa^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{a^2x^3} \right) c$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*d*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a) - 1/3*(b*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a^2) + sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(a^2*x^3))*c`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Error detected during grading. Assigning place holder grade for now.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Recursiveassumption} \geq$$

$$-\frac{(bc - ad)x^3}{3\sqrt{bx^6 + aa^2}} + \frac{c \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}\text{sgn}(x)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b + \frac{a}{x^6}}}{a\text{sgn}(x)} \right)}{3a} - \frac{\text{bignored}}{t_{\text{nostep}}^6}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Recursive*a*assumption >= -1/3*(b*c - a*d)*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a^2) + 1/3*c*(sqrt(b)*sgn(x)/a - sqrt(b + a/x^6)/(a*sgn(x)))/a - b*ignored/t_nostep^6`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ac - 2c(bx^6 + a) + adx^6}{3a^2 x^3 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}}$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output `(a*c - 2*c*(a + b*x^6) + a*d*x^6)/(3*a^2*x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} (adx^6 - 2bcx^6 - ac)}{3a^2x^3 (bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*(- a*c + a*d*x**6 - 2*b*c*x**6))/(3*a**2*x**3*(a + b*x**6))`



### 3.10 $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	300
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	300
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	301
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	302
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	303
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	303
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	304
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	304
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	305
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	305

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10}(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{9ax^9\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{4bc - 3ad}{9a^2x^3\sqrt{a + bx^6}} + \frac{2(4bc - 3ad)\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{9a^3x^3}$$

output `-1/9*c/a/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/9*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)/a^2/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+2/9*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10}(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-a^2c + 4abcx^6 - 3a^2dx^6 + 8b^2cx^{12} - 6abdx^{12}}{9a^3x^9\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-(a^2*c) + 4*a*b*c*x^6 - 3*a^2*d*x^6 + 8*b^2*c*x^12 - 6*a*b*d*x^12)/(9*a^3*x^9*sqrt[a + b*x^6])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\
 & -\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} - \frac{c}{9ax^9 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\
 & -\frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{3ax^3 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{c}{9ax^9 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{796} \\
 & -\frac{\left( -\frac{2bx^3}{3a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{1}{3ax^3 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right) (4bc - 3ad)}{3a} - \frac{c}{9ax^9 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/9*c/(a*x^9*sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((4*b*c - 3*a*d)*(-1/3*1/(a*x^3*sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - (2*b*x^3)/(3*a^2*sqrt[a + b*x^6])))/(3*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796  $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (a \cdot c \cdot (m+1)), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[(m+1)/n + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 803  $\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (a \cdot (m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b \cdot ((m + n \cdot (p+1) + 1) / (a \cdot (m+1))) \cdot \text{Int}[x^{m+n} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + p + 1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 955  $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + (b \cdot x)^n)^p \cdot (c + (d \cdot x)^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (a \cdot e \cdot (m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot (m+1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m + n \cdot (p+1) + 1)) / (a \cdot e^n \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m+n} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[e, 0]) \ \&\& \ ((\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]) \ || \ (\text{LtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m + n, -1])) \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(3dx^6+c)a^2-4bx^6\left(-\frac{3d}{2}x^6+c\right)a-8b^2cx^{12}}{9\sqrt{bx^6+ax^9}a^3}$	55
gosper	$-\frac{6abd x^{12}-8b^2c x^{12}+3a^2d x^6-4abc x^6+a^2c}{9\sqrt{bx^6+ax^9}a^3}$	58
trager	$-\frac{6abd x^{12}-8b^2c x^{12}+3a^2d x^6-4abc x^6+a^2c}{9\sqrt{bx^6+ax^9}a^3}$	58
orering	$-\frac{6abd x^{12}-8b^2c x^{12}+3a^2d x^6-4abc x^6+a^2c}{9\sqrt{bx^6+ax^9}a^3}$	58
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}(3ad x^6-5bc x^6+ac)}{9a^3x^9} - \frac{x^3(ad-cb)b}{3\sqrt{bx^6+ax^9}}$	63

input  $\text{int}((d \cdot x^6 + c) / x^{10} / (b \cdot x^6 + a)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method} = \_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

$$-1/9*((3*d*x^6+c)*a^2-4*b*x^6*(-3/2*d*x^6+c)*a-8*b^2*c*x^12)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/x^9/a^3$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(2(4b^2c - 3abd)x^{12} + (4abc - 3a^2d)x^6 - a^2c)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{9(a^3bx^{15} + a^4x^9)}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$1/9*(2*(4*b^2*c - 3*a*b*d)*x^12 + (4*a*b*c - 3*a^2*d)*x^6 - a^2*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(a^3*b*x^15 + a^4*x^9)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 92.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = c \left( -\frac{a^3 b^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx^6} + 1}}{9a^5 b^4 x^6 + 18a^4 b^5 x^{12} + 9a^3 b^6 x^{18}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3a^2 b^{\frac{11}{2}} x^6 \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx^6} + 1}}{9a^5 b^4 x^6 + 18a^4 b^5 x^{12} + 9a^3 b^6 x^{18}} + \frac{12ab^{\frac{13}{2}} x^{12} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx^6} + 1}}{9a^5 b^4 x^6 + 18a^4 b^5 x^{12} + 9a^3 b^6 x^{18}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{8b^{\frac{15}{2}} x^{18} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx^6} + 1}}{9a^5 b^4 x^6 + 18a^4 b^5 x^{12} + 9a^3 b^6 x^{18}} \right) + d \left( -\frac{1}{3a\sqrt{bx^6} \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx^6} + 1}} - \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{3a^2 \sqrt{\frac{a}{bx^6} + 1}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**10/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
c*(-a**3*b**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**6) + 1)/(9*a**5*b**4*x**6 + 18*a**4*b**5*x**12 + 9*a**3*b**6*x**18) + 3*a**2*b**(11/2)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x**6) + 1)/(9*a**5*b**4*x**6 + 18*a**4*b**5*x**12 + 9*a**3*b**6*x**18) + 12*a*b**(13/2)*x**12*sqrt(a/(b*x**6) + 1)/(9*a**5*b**4*x**6 + 18*a**4*b**5*x**12 + 9*a**3*b**6*x**18) + 8*b**(15/2)*x**18*sqrt(a/(b*x**6) + 1)/(9*a**5*b**4*x**6 + 18*a**4*b**5*x**12 + 9*a**3*b**6*x**18)) + d*(-1/(3*a*sqrt(b)*x**6*sqrt(a/(b*x**6) + 1)) - 2*sqrt(b)/(3*a**2*sqrt(a/(b*x**6) + 1)))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{3b^2x^3}{\sqrt{bx^6 + aa^3}} + \frac{6\sqrt{bx^6 + ab} - \frac{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}}{x^9}}{a^3} \right) c - \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{bx^3}{\sqrt{bx^6 + aa^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{a^2x^3} \right) d$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/9*(3*b^2*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a^3) + (6*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b/x^3 - (b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)/x^9)/a^3)*c - 1/3*(b*x^3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a^2) + sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(a^2*x^3))*d
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Error detected during grading. Assigning place holder grade for now.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Recursive assumption} \geq \frac{(b^2c - abd)x^3}{3\sqrt{bx^6 + aa^3}} - \frac{\left(\frac{5b^{\frac{3}{2}}c - 3a\sqrt{bd}\right)\text{sgn}(x)}{a} + \frac{\left(b + \frac{a}{x^6}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}c}{a\text{sgn}(x)} - \frac{3(2bc - ad)\sqrt{b + \frac{a}{x^6}}}{a\text{sgn}(x)}}{9a^2} - \frac{\text{ignored}}{t_{\text{nostep}}^6}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Recursive\*a\*assumption >= 1/3\*(b^2\*c - a\*b\*d)\*x^3/(sqrt(b\*x^6 + a)\*a^3) - 1/9\*((5\*b^(3/2)\*c - 3\*a\*sqrt(b)\*d)\*sgn(x)/a + (b + a/x^6)^(3/2)\*c/(a\*sgn(x)) - 3\*(2\*b\*c - a\*d)\*sqrt(b + a/x^6)/(a\*sgn(x)))/a^2 - b\*ignored/t\_nostep^6

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8c(bx^6 + a)^2 + 3a^2c + 3a^2dx^6 - 12ac(bx^6 + a) - 6adx^6(bx^6 + a)}{\left(\frac{9a^4x^3}{b} - \frac{9a^3x^3(bx^6+a)}{b}\right) \sqrt{bx^6 + a}}$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output  $-(8*c*(a + b*x^6)^2 + 3*a^2*c + 3*a^2*d*x^6 - 12*a*c*(a + b*x^6) - 6*a*d*x^6*(a + b*x^6))/(((9*a^4*x^3)/b - (9*a^3*x^3*(a + b*x^6))/b)*(a + b*x^6)^(1/2))$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} (-6abd x^{12} + 8b^2c x^{12} - 3a^2d x^6 + 4abc x^6 - a^2c)}{9a^3x^9 (bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output  $(\sqrt{a + b*x**6})*(- a**2*c - 3*a**2*d*x**6 + 4*a*b*c*x**6 - 6*a*b*d*x**12 + 8*b**2*c*x**12)/(9*a**3*x**9*(a + b*x**6))$

### 3.11 $\int \frac{x^7(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	306
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	307
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	307
Maple [F] . . . . .	309
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	309
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	310
Maxima [F] . . . . .	310
Giac [F] . . . . .	311
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	311
Reduce [F] . . . . .	311

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 284

$$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^2}{3b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{dx^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{5b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(5bc-8ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),-7\right)}{15\sqrt[4]{3}b^{7/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^2/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/5*d*x^2*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^2+2/45
*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(-8*a*d+5*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-
a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)
)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)
*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/b^(7/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3
^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left( -5bc + 8ad + 3bdx^6 + (5bc - 8ad) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{15b^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^7*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^2*(-5*b*c + 8*a*d + 3*b*d*x^6 + (5*b*c - 8*a*d)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, -(b*x^6)/a])/(15*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {959, 807, 817, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 8ad) \int \frac{x^7}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{5b} + \frac{dx^8}{5b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 8ad) \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{10b} + \frac{dx^8}{5b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{(5bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3b} - \frac{2x^2}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{10b} + \frac{dx^8}{5b\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{(5bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2 + (1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2 + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}}} \right), -7-4\sqrt{3} \right)}{3^4 \sqrt[3]{b^4} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}} \right)}{10b} - \frac{2x^2}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{5b\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

input `Int[(x^7*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(d*x^8)/(5*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + ((5*b*c - 8*a*d)*((-2*x^2)/(3*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (4*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*b^(4/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(10*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 817 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((5b^2c - 8abd)x^6 + 5abc - 8a^2d)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(0, -\frac{4a}{b}, x^2\right) + (3b^2dx^8 - 15(b^4x^6 + ab^3))}{15(b^4x^6 + ab^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/15*(2*((5*b^2*c - 8*a*b*d)*x^6 + 5*a*b*c - 8*a^2*d)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassP
Inverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2) + (3*b^2*d*x^8 - (5*b^2*c - 8*a*b*d)*x^2)*sqrt(b*x
^6 + a))/(b^4*x^6 + a*b^3)
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx^8 \Gamma\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{3}\right)} + \frac{dx^{14} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{3} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{10}{3}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(x**7*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
c*x**8*gamma(4/3)*hyper((4/3, 3/2), (7/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a
**(3/2)*gamma(7/3)) + d*x**14*gamma(7/3)*hyper((3/2, 7/3), (10/3,), b*x**6
*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(10/3))
```

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^7}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^7/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^7}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^7/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^7(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^7*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^7*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{bx^6 + a}adx^2 - 5\sqrt{bx^6 + a}bcx^2 + \sqrt{bx^6 + a}bdx^8 - 16\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}x}{b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx\right) a^3d}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(8*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*d*x**2 - 5*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*c*x**2 + sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*d*x**8 - 16*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**3*d + 10*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b*c - 16*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b*d*x**6 + 10*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b**2*c*x**6)/(5*b**2*(a + b*x**6))`

### 3.12 $\int \frac{x(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	312
Mathematica [C] (verified)	313
Rubi [A] (verified)	313
Maple [F]	315
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	315
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	316
Maxima [F]	316
Giac [F]	316
Mupad [F(-1)]	317
Reduce [F]	317

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)x^2}{3ab\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(bc+2ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),-7-\right)}{3^4\sqrt{3}ab^{4/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^2/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/9*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2*a*d+b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a/b^(4/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left( 2bc - 2ad + (bc + 2ad) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{6ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^2*(2*b*c - 2*a*d + (b*c + 2*a*d)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, -(b*x^6)/a]))/(6*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {957, 807, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{957} \\ & \frac{(2ad + bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{x^2(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\ & \frac{(2ad + bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^2}{6ab} + \frac{x^2(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} (2ad + bc) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), -7 - 4\sqrt{3} \right)}{3^4 \sqrt[3]{3ab^4/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \frac{x^2(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Int[(x*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x^2)/(3*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(b*c + 2*a*d)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*a*b^(4/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 957

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(b^2c - abd)x^2 + ((b^2c + 2abd)x^6 + abc + 2a^2d)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4a/b, x^2)}{3(ab^3x^6 + a^2b^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^2 + ((b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^6 + a*b*c + 2*a^2*d)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2))/(a*b^3*x^6 + a^2*b^2)
```



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx^2\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{3/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)} + \frac{dx^8\Gamma\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{3/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`output `c*x**2*gamma(1/3)*hyper((1/3, 3/2), (4/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**3/2*gamma(4/3)) + d*x**8*gamma(4/3)*hyper((4/3, 3/2), (7/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**3/2*gamma(7/3))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `int((x*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} dx^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) a^2 d + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) abc + 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) b(bx^6 + a)}{b(bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*d + int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b*c + 2*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b*d*x**6 + int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*b**2*c*x**6)/(b*(a + b*x**6))`

### 3.13 $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^5(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	318
Mathematica [C] (verified)	319
Rubi [A] (verified)	319
Maple [F]	321
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	322
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	322
Maxima [F]	323
Giac [F]	323
Mupad [F(-1)]	323
Reduce [F]	324

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 288

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{4ax^4\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{(7bc - 4ad)x^2}{12a^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

$$+ \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}}(7bc - 4ad) \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}} \right), -7 \right)$$


---


$$12\sqrt[4]{3}a^2\sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2} \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/4*c/a/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/12*(-4*a*d+7*b*c)*x^2/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/36*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(-4*a*d+7*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a^2/b^(1/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-6ac - 14bcx^6 + 8adx^6 + (-7bc + 4ad)x^6 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{24a^2 x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-6*a*c - 14*b*c*x^6 + 8*a*d*x^6 + (-7*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^6*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]
)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, -(b*x^6)/a])/(24*a^2*x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {955, 807, 749, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\ & \frac{(7bc - 4ad) \int \frac{x}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{c}{4ax^4\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\ & \frac{(7bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^4\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{(7bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3a} + \frac{2x^2}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & -\frac{(7bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}} \right), -7-4\sqrt{3} \right)}{3^4\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}{8a} + \frac{2x^2}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{4ax^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/4*c/(a*x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((7*b*c - 4*a*d)*((2*x^2)/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*a*b^(1/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(8*a)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 807

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 955

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*
c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) ||
(LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^5 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{((7b^2c - 4abd)x^{10} + (7abc - 4a^2d)x^4)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -\frac{4a}{b}, x^2) + ((7b^2c - 4abd)x^6 + 3abc)}{12(a^2b^2x^{10} + a^3bx^4)}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(((7*b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*x^10 + (7*a*b*c - 4*a^2*d)*x^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2) + ((7*b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*x^6 + 3*a*b*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^2*b^2*x^10 + a^3*b*x^4)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 28.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c\Gamma(-\frac{2}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^4\Gamma(\frac{1}{3})} + \frac{dx^2\Gamma(\frac{1}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma(\frac{4}{3})}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**5/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `c*gamma(-2/3)*hyper((-2/3, 3/2), (1/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*x**4*gamma(1/3)) + d*x**2*gamma(1/3)*hyper((1/3, 3/2), (4/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(4/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^5), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^5), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^5 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a}d - 4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{17} + 2abx^{11} + a^2x^5} dx\right) a^2dx^4 + 7\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{17} + 2abx^{11} + a^2x^5} dx\right) abcx^4}{7bx^4 (bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 4*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**5 + 2*a*b*x**11 + b**2*x**17),x)*a**2*d*x**4 + 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**5 + 2*a*b*x**11 + b**2*x**17),x)*a*b*c*x**4 - 4*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**5 + 2*a*b*x**11 + b**2*x**17),x)*a*b*d*x**10 + 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**5 + 2*a*b*x**11 + b**2*x**17),x)*b**2*c*x**10)/(7*b*x**4*(a + b*x**6))`

**3.14**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{11}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 318

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{11}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{10ax^{10}\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{13bc-10ad}{30a^2x^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{7(13bc-10ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{120a^3x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{7\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}b^{2/3}(13bc-10ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)}{\right)}}{120\sqrt[4]{3}a^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/10*c/a/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/30*(-10*a*d+13*b*c)/a^2/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+7/120*(-10*a*d+13*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^4+7/360*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*b^(2/3)*(-10*a*d+13*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a^3/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4ac + (13bc - 10ad)x^6 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{40a^2 x^{10} \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^11*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-4*a*c + (13*b*c - 10*a*d)*x^6*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 3/2, 1/3, -(b*x^6)/a])/(40*a^2*x^10*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {955, 807, 819, 847, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\ & -\frac{(13bc - 10ad) \int \frac{1}{x^5 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{10a} - \frac{c}{10ax^{10} \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\ & -\frac{(13bc - 10ad) \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{20a} - \frac{c}{10ax^{10} \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(13bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^4 \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{20a} - \frac{c}{10ax^{10} \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 847 \\
 & \frac{(13bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{7 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{2ax^4} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^4 \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{20a} - \frac{c}{10ax^{10} \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 759 \\
 & \frac{(13bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} b^{2/3} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), -7-4\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)} \right)}{2 \sqrt[3]{3a} \sqrt{\frac{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}{3a}}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{2ax^4} \right)}{20a} - \frac{c}{10ax^{10} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^11*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/10*c/(a*x^10*sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((13*b*c - 10*a*d)*(2/(3*a*x^4*sqrt[a + b*x^6])) + (7*(-1/2*sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(a*x^4) - (sqrt[2 + sqrt[3]]*b^(2/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*ellipticF[ArcSin[((1 - sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*sqrt[3]])/(2*3^(1/4)*a*sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2]^2)*sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(3*a)))/(20*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 807

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 819

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(
c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p +
1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]
```

rule 847

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x
)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1)
+ 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]
```

rule 955

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*
c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) ||
(LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^{11} (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{7((13b^2c - 10abd)x^{16} + (13abc - 10a^2d)x^{10})\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -\frac{4a}{b}, x^2)}{120(a^3bx^{16} + a^4)}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/120*(7*((13*b^2*c - 10*a*b*d)*x^16 + (13*a*b*c - 10*a^2*d)*x^10)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2) + (7*(13*b^2*c - 10*a*b*d)*x^12 + 3*(13*a*b*c - 10*a^2*d)*x^6 - 12*a^2*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^3*b*x^16 + a^4*x^10)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 128.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c\Gamma(-\frac{5}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{10}\Gamma(-\frac{2}{3})} + \frac{d\Gamma(-\frac{2}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^4\Gamma(\frac{1}{3})}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**11/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
c*gamma(-5/3)*hyper((-5/3, 3/2), (-2/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**
(3/2)*x**10*gamma(-2/3)) + d*gamma(-2/3)*hyper((-2/3, 3/2), (1/3,), b*x**6
*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*x**4*gamma(1/3))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{11}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^11), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{11}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^11), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^{11} (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*x^6)/(x^11*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)
```

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^11*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} d - 10 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2 x^{23} + 2abx^{17} + a^2 x^{11}} dx \right) a^2 dx^{10} + 13 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2 x^{23} + 2abx^{17} + a^2 x^{11}} dx \right) a}{13bx^{10} (b$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 10*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**11 + 2*a*b*x**17 + b**2*x**23),x)*a**2*d*x**10 + 13*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**11 + 2*a*b*x**17 + b**2*x**23),x)*a*b*c*x**10 - 10*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**11 + 2*a*b*x**17 + b**2*x**23),x)*a*b*d*x**16 + 13*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**11 + 2*a*b*x**17 + b**2*x**23),x)*b**2*c*x**16)/(13*b*x**10*(a + b*x**6))`



### 3.15 $\int \frac{x^6(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	332
Mathematica [C] (verified)	333
Rubi [A] (verified)	333
Maple [F]	335
Fricas [F]	335
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	335
Maxima [F]	336
Giac [F]	336
Mupad [F(-1)]	337
Reduce [F]	337

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x}{3b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{4b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(4bc-7ad)x\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right), \frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)}{24\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt[3]{ab^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/4*d*x*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/72*(-7
*a*d+4*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*
x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^
(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1
/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(1/3)/b^2/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a
^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left( -4bc + 7ad + 3bdx^6 + (4bc - 7ad) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{12b^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^6*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(-4*b*c + 7*a*d + 3*b*d*x^6 + (4*b*c - 7*a*d)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, -((b*x^6)/a)])/(12*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 817, 766}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \frac{(4bc - 7ad) \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{4b} + \frac{dx^7}{4b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\ & \frac{(4bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3b} - \frac{x}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{4b} + \frac{dx^7}{4b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{766} \end{aligned}$$

$$(4bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{x \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{4} (2 + \sqrt{3}) \right)}{6 \sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt[3]{ab} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2} \sqrt{a + bx^6}}} - \frac{x}{3b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right) + \frac{dx^7}{4b\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Int[(x^6*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x]`

output `(d*x^7)/(4*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + ((4*b*c - 7*a*d)*(-1/3*x/(b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(6*3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*b*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(4*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 817 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 959

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^6}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^12 + c*x^6)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{6}\right)} + \frac{dx^{13}\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{13}{6} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{19}{6}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `c*x**7*gamma(7/6)*hyper((7/6, 3/2), (13/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(13/6)) + d*x**13*gamma(13/6)*hyper((3/2, 13/6), (19/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(19/6))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^6}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^6/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^6}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^6/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^6*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)`output `int((x^6*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{7\sqrt{bx^6 + a} adx - 4\sqrt{bx^6 + a} bcx + 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a} bd x^7 - 7\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx\right) a^3 d + 4}{8b^2}$$

input `int(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(7*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*d*x - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*c*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*  
b*d*x**7 - 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**3  
*d + 4*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b*c -  
7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b*d*x**6  
+ 4*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b**2*c*x**6  
)/(8*b**2*(a + b*x**6))`

**3.16** 
$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	338
Mathematica [C] (verified)	339
Rubi [A] (verified)	339
Maple [F]	341
Fricas [F]	341
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	341
Maxima [F]	342
Giac [F]	342
Mupad [F(-1)]	342
Reduce [F]	343

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(bc - ad)x}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{(2bc + ad)x \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right), \frac{1}{4}(2 + \sqrt{3})\right)}{6\sqrt[4]{3}a^{4/3}b \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/18*(a*d+2*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(4/3)/b/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left( bc - ad + (2bc + ad) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x*(b*c - a*d + (2*b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, -((b*x^6)/a)]))/(3*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {910, 766}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{910} \\ & \frac{(ad + 2bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{x(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{766} \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{x \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} (ad + 2bc) \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{4} (2 + \sqrt{3}) \right)}{6 \sqrt[4]{3} a^{4/3} b \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a + bx^6}} + \frac{x(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x)/(3*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + ((2*b*c + a*d)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(6*3^(1/4)*a^(4/3)*b*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2)])]*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(d*x^6 + c)/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{6}\right)} + \frac{dx^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{6}\right)}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `c*x*gamma(1/6)*hyper((1/6, 3/2), (7/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**  
3/2)*gamma(7/6)) + d*x**7*gamma(7/6)*hyper((7/6, 3/2), (13/6,), b*x**6*exp  
_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(13/6))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} dx + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) a^2d + 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) abc + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) a^2d}{2b(bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d*x + int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*d + 2*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b*c + int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b*d*x**6 + 2*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*b**2*c*x**6)/(2*b*(a + b*x**6))`

**3.17**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^6(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	344
Mathematica [C] (verified)	345
Rubi [A] (verified)	345
Maple [F]	347
Fricas [F]	347
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	348
Maxima [F]	348
Giac [F]	348
Mupad [F(-1)]	349
Reduce [F]	349

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^6(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{5ax^5\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{(8bc-5ad)x}{15a^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$(8bc-5ad)x\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right), \frac{1}{4}(2 + \sqrt{3})\right)$$


---


$$15\sqrt[4]{3}a^{7/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/5*c/a/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/15*(-5*a*d+8*b*c)*x/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/4
5*(-5*a*d+8*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(
2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^1/2*InverseJacobiAM(arcco
s((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4
*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(7/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(
a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^1/2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-3ac - 8bcx^6 + 5adx^6 + 2(-8bc + 5ad)x^6 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{15a^2 x^5 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-3*a*c - 8*b*c*x^6 + 5*a*d*x^6 + 2*(-8*b*c + 5*a*d)*x^6*sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, -(b*x^6)/a])/(15*a^2*x^5*sqrt[a + b*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {955, 749, 766}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\ & -\frac{(8bc - 5ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{5a} - \frac{c}{5ax^5 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \\ & -\frac{(8bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{c}{5ax^5 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{766} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(8bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{x \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{4} (2 + \sqrt{3}) \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{3} a^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2} \sqrt{a + bx^6}}} + \frac{x}{3a\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{5a} \\ \frac{c}{5ax^5\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/5*c/(a*x^5*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((8*b*c - 5*a*d)*(x/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(3*3^(1/4)*a^(4/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(5*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*(s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 955

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(d*x^6 + c)/(b^2*x^18 + 2*a*b*x^12 + a^2*x^6), x)
```



**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 34.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c\Gamma(-\frac{5}{6}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^5 \Gamma(\frac{1}{6})} + \frac{dx\Gamma(\frac{1}{6}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{7}{6})}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**6/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `c*gamma(-5/6)*hyper((-5/6, 3/2), (1/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*x**5*gamma(1/6)) + d*x*gamma(1/6)*hyper((1/6, 3/2), (7/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(7/6))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^6), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^6), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a}d - 5\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{18} + 2abx^{12} + a^2x^6} dx\right) a^2dx^5 + 8\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{18} + 2abx^{12} + a^2x^6} dx\right) abcx^5}{8bx^5 (bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 5*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**6 + 2*a*b*x**12 + b**2*x**18),x)*a**2*d*x**5 + 8*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**6 + 2*a*b*x**12 + b**2*x**18),x)*a*b*c*x**5 - 5*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**6 + 2*a*b*x**12 + b**2*x**18),x)*a*b*d*x**11 + 8*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**6 + 2*a*b*x**12 + b**2*x**18),x)*b**2*c*x**11)/(8*b*x**5*(a + b*x**6))`

**3.18**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{12}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	350
Mathematica [C] (verified)	351
Rubi [A] (verified)	351
Maple [F]	353
Fricas [F]	354
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	354
Maxima [F]	355
Giac [F]	355
Mupad [F(-1)]	355
Reduce [F]	356

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 307

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{12}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{11ax^{11}\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{14bc-11ad}{33a^2x^5\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{8(14bc-11ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{165a^3x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{8b(14bc-11ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right), \frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)}{165\sqrt[4]{3}a^{10/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/11*c/a/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/33*(-11*a*d+14*b*c)/a^2/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+8/165*(-11*a*d+14*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^5+8/495*b*(-11*a*d+14*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(10/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-5ac + (14bc - 11ad)x^6 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{55a^2 x^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^12*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-5*a*c + (14*b*c - 11*a*d)*x^6*sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 3/2, 1/6, -(b*x^6)/a])/(55*a^2*x^11*sqrt[a + b*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {955, 819, 847, 766}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\ & -\frac{(14bc - 11ad) \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{11a} - \frac{c}{11ax^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\ & -\frac{(14bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{8 \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^5 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{c}{11ax^{11} \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(14bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{8 \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{5ax^5} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^5\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{c}{11ax^{11}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

↓ 766

$$\frac{(14bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{8 \left( \frac{bx \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{(1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{4} (2+\sqrt{3}) \right)}{\sqrt[5]{3} a^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{5ax^5} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^5\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{c}{11ax^{11}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^12*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/11*c/(a*x^11*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((14*b*c - 11*a*d)*(1/(3*a*x^5*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (8*(-1/5*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(a*x^5) - (b*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(5*3^(1/4)*a^(4/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(3*a)))/(11*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^{12} (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{12}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(d*x^6 + c)/(b^2*x^24 + 2*a*b*x^18 + a^2*x^12), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 143.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c\Gamma(-\frac{11}{6}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{11}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{11} \Gamma(-\frac{5}{6})} + \frac{d\Gamma(-\frac{5}{6}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^5 \Gamma(\frac{1}{6})}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**12/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `c*gamma(-11/6)*hyper((-11/6, 3/2), (-5/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a** (3/2)*x**11*gamma(-5/6)) + d*gamma(-5/6)*hyper((-5/6, 3/2), (1/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a** (3/2)*x**5*gamma(1/6))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{12}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^12), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{12}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^12), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^{12} (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^12*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^12*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} d - 11 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2 x^{24} + 2abx^{18} + a^2 x^{12}} dx \right) a^2 dx^{11} + 14 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2 x^{24} + 2abx^{18} + a^2 x^{12}} dx \right) a}{14bx^{11}(b$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 11*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**12 + 2*a*b*x**18 + b**2*x**24),x)*a**2*d*x**11 + 14*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**12 + 2*a*b*x**18 + b**2*x**24),x)*a*b*c*x**11 - 11*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**12 + 2*a*b*x**18 + b**2*x**24),x)*a*b*d*x**17 + 14*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**12 + 2*a*b*x**18 + b**2*x**24),x)*b**2*c*x**17)/(14*b*x**11*(a + b*x**6))`

**3.19** 
$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 578

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^5}{3b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{dx^5\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{8b^2} + \frac{5(1+\sqrt{3})(8bc-11ad)x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{48b^{8/3}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$

$$+ 5\sqrt[3]{a}(8bc-11ad)x\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)$$


---


$$16 \cdot 3^{3/4} b^{8/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ 5(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}(8bc-11ad)x\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)$$


---


$$96\sqrt[4]{3}b^{8/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^5/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/8*d*x^5*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^2+5/48
*(1+3^(1/2))*(-11*a*d+8*b*c)*x*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^(8/3)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2)
)*b^(1/3)*x^2)-5/48*a^(1/3)*(-11*a*d+8*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2
/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticE((1-(a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2)
)*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/b^(8/3)/(b^(1/3)*
x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^
6+a)^(1/2)-5/288*(1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)*(-11*a*d+8*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^
2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)
*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a
^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/b^(8/3)/
(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1
/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^5 \left( 8bc - 11ad + 2bdx^6 + (-8bc + 11ad) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{16b^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^10*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^5*(8*b*c - 11*a*d + 2*b*d*x^6 + (-8*b*c + 11*a*d)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*H
ypergeometric2F1[5/6, 3/2, 11/6, -(b*x^6)/a]))/(16*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {959, 817, 837, 25, 766, 2420}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(8bc - 11ad) \int \frac{x^{10}}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{8b} + \frac{dx^{11}}{8b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(8bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3b} - \frac{x^5}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{8b} + \frac{dx^{11}}{8b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{837} \\
 & \frac{(8bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{5 \left( -\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{x^5}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{8b} + \frac{dx^{11}}{8b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(8bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{x^5}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{8b} + \frac{dx^{11}}{8b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{766}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(8bc - 11ad) \left( 5 \frac{\int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{ax}(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}})}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2+\sqrt[3]{a}}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2+\sqrt[3]{a}}}\right)\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}})}{(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}} \right)$$

8b

$$\frac{dx^{11}}{8b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \downarrow 2420$$



output

```
(d*x^11)/(8*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + ((8*b*c - 11*a*d)*(-1/3*x^5/(b*Sqrt[a + b
*x^6]) + 5*(((1 + Sqrt[3])*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b
^(1/3)*x^2) - (3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a
^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]
*EllipticE[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqr
t[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1
/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(2*b^
(2/3)) - (((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) -
a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2
]*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + S
qrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(4*3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*
x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt
[a + b*x^6])))/(3*b))/(8*b)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 766

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/
(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s +
r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*
r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x
]
```

rule 817

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(
n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n
*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && !
ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 837

```
Int[(x_)^4/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a,
3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(Sqrt[3] - 1)*(s^2/(2*r^2)) Int[1/Sqrt[
a + b*x^6], x], x] - Simp[1/(2*r^2) Int[((Sqrt[3] - 1)*s^2 - 2*r^2*x^4)/S
qrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 2420

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^4)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(1 + Sqrt[3])*d*s^3*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(2*a*r^2*(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*d*s*x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*r^2*Sqrt[(r*x^2*(s + r*x^2))/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))*EllipticE[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[2*Rt[b/a, 3]^2*c - (1 - Sqrt[3])*d, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{10}}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x^16 + c*x^10)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2), x)
```



**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 79.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx^{11}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{11}{6} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{17}{6}\right)} + \frac{dx^{17}\Gamma\left(\frac{17}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{17}{6} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{23}{6}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**10*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `c*x**11*gamma(11/6)*hyper((3/2, 11/6), (17/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(17/6)) + d*x**17*gamma(17/6)*hyper((3/2, 17/6), (23/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(23/6))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{10}}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^10/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{10}}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^10/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{10}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^10*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^10*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-11\sqrt{bx^6 + a} adx^5 + 8\sqrt{bx^6 + a} bcx^5 + 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a} bdx^{11} + 55 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^4}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - 11*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*d*x**5 + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*c*x**5 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*d*x**11 + 55*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**3*d - 40*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b*c + 55*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b*d*x**6 - 40*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b**2*c*x**6)/(16*b**2*(a + b*x**6))`

### 3.20 $\int \frac{x^4(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 562

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)x^5}{3ab\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{(1+\sqrt{3})(2bc-5ad)x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{6ab^{5/3}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{(2bc-5ad)x\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})}{2\sqrt[3]{3}a^{2/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})(2bc-5ad)x\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),\frac{1}{4}\right)}{12\sqrt[4]{3}a^{2/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{3}(-a*d+b*c)*x^5/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}-1/6*(1+3^{(1/2)})*(-5*a*d+2*b*c)*x*(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}/a/b^{(5/3)}/(a^{(1/3)}+(1+3^{(1/2)})*b^{(1/3)}*x^2)+1/6*(-5*a*d+2*b*c)*x*(a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)*((a^{(2/3)}-a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}*x^2+b^{(2/3)}*x^4)/(a^{(1/3)}+(1+3^{(1/2)})*b^{(1/3)}*x^2)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE((1-(a^{(1/3)}+(1-3^{(1/2)})*b^{(1/3)}*x^2)^2/(a^{(1/3)}+(1+3^{(1/2)})*b^{(1/3)}*x^2)^2)^{(1/2)},1/4*6^{(1/2)}+1/4*2^{(1/2)})*3^{(1/4)}/a^{(2/3)}/b^{(5/3)}/(b^{(1/3)}*x^2*(a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)/(a^{(1/3)}+(1+3^{(1/2)})*b^{(1/3)}*x^2)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}+1/36*(1-3^{(1/2)})*(-5*a*d+2*b*c)*x*(a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)*((a^{(2/3)}-a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}*x^2+b^{(2/3)}*x^4)/(a^{(1/3)}+(1+3^{(1/2)})*b^{(1/3)}*x^2)^2)^{(1/2)}*InverseJacobiAM(\arccos((a^{(1/3)}+(1-3^{(1/2)})*b^{(1/3)}*x^2)/(a^{(1/3)}+(1+3^{(1/2)})*b^{(1/3)}*x^2)),1/4*6^{(1/2)}+1/4*2^{(1/2)})*3^{(3/4)}/a^{(2/3)}/b^{(5/3)}/(b^{(1/3)}*x^2*(a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)/(a^{(1/3)}+(1+3^{(1/2)})*b^{(1/3)}*x^2)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^5 \left( 5ad + (2bc - 5ad) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{10ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^5*(5*a*d + (2*b*c - 5*a*d)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/6, 3/2, 11/6, -((b*x^6)/a)]))/(10*a*b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6])}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {959, 819, 837, 25, 766, 2420}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 5ad) \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{dx^5}{2b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3a} \right)}{2b} + \frac{dx^5}{2b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{837} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( -\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{2b} + \frac{dx^5}{2b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{2b} + \frac{dx^5}{2b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{766}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(2bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}} \right)}{4\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)$$

2b

$$\frac{dx^5}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

↓ 2420

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{(1+\sqrt{3})x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt[3]{ax}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+\sqrt[3]{a}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{2}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}} \\
 & (2bc - 5ad) \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{dx^5}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

2b

input `Int[(x^4*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x]`

output

```
(d*x^5)/(2*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + ((2*b*c - 5*a*d)*(x^5/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])
) - (2*(((1 + Sqrt[3])*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)
)*x^2) - (3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)
)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*Elli
pticE[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3]
)*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x
^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(2*b^(2/3)
) - ((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/
3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*Elli
pticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3]
)*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(4*3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(
a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a +
b*x^6]))/(3*a)))/(2*b)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 766

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/
(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s +
r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*
r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x
]
```

rule 819

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(
c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p +
1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]
```

rule 837

```
Int[(x_)^4/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a,
3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(Sqrt[3] - 1)*(s^2/(2*r^2)) Int[1/Sqrt[
a + b*x^6], x], x] - Simp[1/(2*r^2) Int[((Sqrt[3] - 1)*s^2 - 2*r^2*x^4)/S
qrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```



rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 2420

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^4)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(1 + Sqrt[3])*d*s^3*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(2*a*r^2*(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*d*s*x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*r^2*Sqrt[(r*x^2*(s + r*x^2))/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))*EllipticE[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[2*Rt[b/a, 3]^2*c - (1 - Sqrt[3])*d, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x^10 + c*x^4)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2), x)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 15.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{6}\right)} + \frac{dx^{11}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{11}{6} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{17}{6}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `c*x**5*gamma(5/6)*hyper((5/6, 3/2), (11/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(11/6)) + d*x**11*gamma(11/6)*hyper((3/2, 11/6), (17/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(17/6))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^4/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^4/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^4*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} dx^5 - 5 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^4}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) a^2 d + 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^4}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) abc - 5 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^4}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right)}{2b(bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d*x**5 - 5*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*d + 2*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b*c - 5*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b*d*x**6 + 2*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*b**2*c*x**6)/(2*b*(a + b*x**6))`

**3.21** 
$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	375
Mathematica [C] (verified)	376
Rubi [A] (verified)	376
Maple [F]	380
Fricas [F]	381
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	381
Maxima [F]	381
Giac [F]	382
Mupad [F(-1)]	382
Reduce [F]	382

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 578

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{ax\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{(4bc-ad)x^5}{3a^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{3})(4bc-ad)x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{3a^2b^{2/3}(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})bx^2})}$$


---


$$(4bc-ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})bx^2})^2}}E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+(1-\sqrt{3})bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})bx^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)$$


---


$$3^{3/4}a^{5/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}$$

$$(1-\sqrt{3})(4bc-ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})bx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+(1-\sqrt{3})bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})bx^2}}\right),\frac{1}{4}(2-\sqrt{3})\right)$$


---


$$6\sqrt[4]{3}a^{5/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}$$

output

```

-c/a/x/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/3*(-a*d+4*b*c)*x^5/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/3*(1+3^(
1/2))*(-a*d+4*b*c)*x*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^2/b^(2/3)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1
/3)*x^2)-1/3*(-a*d+4*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3
)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((1
-(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(
1/2),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/a^(5/3)/b^(2/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/
3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
-1/18*(1-3^(1/2))*(-a*d+4*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b
^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*Inverse
JacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(
1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(5/3)/b^(2/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(
a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(
1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-5ac + (-4bc + ad)x^6 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{5a^2 x \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```

(-5*a*c + (-4*b*c + a*d)*x^6*sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/6, 3/
2, 11/6, -(b*x^6)/a])/(5*a^2*x*sqrt[a + b*x^6])

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 559, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {955, 819, 837, 25, 766, 2420}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\
 & - \frac{(4bc - ad) \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{a} - \frac{c}{ax\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & - \frac{(4bc - ad) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{3a} \right)}{a} - \frac{c}{ax\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{837} \\
 & - \frac{(4bc - ad) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( -\frac{(1 - \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1 - \sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{a} - \frac{c}{ax\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{(4bc - ad) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1 - \sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{a} - \frac{c}{ax\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{766}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(4bc - ad) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{ax}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+\sqrt[3]{a}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}}}}}{3a} \right)$$

$$\frac{c}{ax\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \quad a$$

↓ 2420

$$(4bc - ad) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{(1+\sqrt{3})x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}} - \frac{4\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{ax}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+\sqrt[3]{a}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}}}}}{2b^{2/3}} \right)$$

$$\frac{c}{ax\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \quad a$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-(c/(a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])) - ((4*b*c - a*d)*(x^5/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - (2*(((1 + Sqrt[3])*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2) - (3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4]))/(Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(2*b^(2/3)) - ((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4]))/(4*3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])))/(3*a))/a`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2])/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`



rule 837

```
Int[(x_)^4/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a,
3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(Sqrt[3] - 1)*(s^2/(2*r^2)) Int[1/Sqrt[
a + b*x^6], x], x] - Simp[1/(2*r^2) Int[((Sqrt[3] - 1)*s^2 - 2*r^2*x^4)/S
qrt[a + b*x^6], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 955

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*
c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) ||
(LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2420

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^4)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r =
Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(1 + Sqrt[3])*d*s^3*x*(Sqr
t[a + b*x^6]/(2*a*r^2*(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*d*s*x*
(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2
*r^2*Sqrt[(r*x^2*(s + r*x^2))/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])
)*EllipticE[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2
+ Sqrt[3])/4], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[2*Rt[b/a, 3]^2*c - (1
- Sqrt[3])*d, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^2 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(d*x^6 + c)/(b^2*x^14 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 15.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c\Gamma(-\frac{1}{6}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}} x \Gamma(\frac{5}{6})} + \frac{dx^5 \Gamma(\frac{5}{6}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{11}{6})}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**2/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `c*gamma(-1/6)*hyper((-1/6, 3/2), (5/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*x*gamma(5/6)) + d*x**5*gamma(5/6)*hyper((5/6, 3/2), (11/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(11/6))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^2 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} d - \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2 x^{14} + 2abx^8 + a^2 x^2} dx \right) a^2 dx + 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2 x^{14} + 2abx^8 + a^2 x^2} dx \right) abcx - \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2 x^{14} + 2abx^8 + a^2 x^2} dx \right) abcx}{4bx (bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2), x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*x**8 + b*  
*2*x**14),x)*a**2*d*x + 4*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*x**8 + b  
**2*x**14),x)*a*b*c*x - int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*x**8 + b**  
2*x**14),x)*a*b*d*x**7 + 4*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*x**8 +  
b**2*x**14),x)*b**2*c*x**7)/(4*b*x*(a + b*x**6))
```

**3.22**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^8(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	384
Mathematica [C] (verified)	385
Rubi [A] (verified)	385
Maple [F]	391
Fricas [F]	392
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	392
Maxima [F]	393
Giac [F]	393
Mupad [F(-1)]	393
Reduce [F]	394

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 612

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^8(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{7ax^7\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{10bc-7ad}{21a^2x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{4(10bc-7ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{21a^3x} - \frac{4(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{b}(10bc-7ad)x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{21a^3(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt[3]{b}(10bc-7ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})}{7\cdot 3^{3/4}a^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{b}(10bc-7ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)}{21\sqrt[4]{3}a^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/7*c/a/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/21*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)/a^2/x/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+4/
21*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x-4/21*(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*(-7*a*d+
10*b*c)*x*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^3/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)+4/21*b^(1/
3)*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b
^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((1-(a^(1/
3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2),1
/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/a^(8/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)
/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+2/63*(1-3^(1/2)
))*b^(1/3)*(-7*a*d+10*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/
3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJaco
biAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)
*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(8/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1
/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-ac + (10bc - 7ad)x^6 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{7a^2 x^7 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^8*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-(a*c) + (10*b*c - 7*a*d)*x^6*sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6,
3/2, 5/6, -(b*x^6)/a])/(7*a^2*x^7*sqrt[a + b*x^6])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 589, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$ , Rules used = {955, 819, 847, 837, 25, 766, 2420}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\
 & - \frac{(10bc - 7ad) \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{c}{7ax^7 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & - \frac{(10bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{c}{7ax^7 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & - \frac{(10bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2b \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{ax} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{c}{7ax^7 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{837} \\
 & - \frac{(10bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2b \left( -\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{ax} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{7a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{c}{7ax^7 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(10bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2b \left( \int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{ax} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)$$

$$\frac{7a}{c} \\ \frac{7ax^7\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{7ax^7\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\ \downarrow 766$$

$$(10bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2b \left( \int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})^3 \sqrt{ax} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2}} \right)}{4 \sqrt[4]{3} b^{2/3}} \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{a} \right)}{3a} \right)$$

$$\frac{c}{7ax^7\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \qquad 7a$$



↓ 2420

$$\frac{(1+\sqrt{3})x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt[3]{ax}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+\sqrt[3]{a}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\right)^{1/4}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$2b$

$4$

$(10bc - 7ad)$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^8*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/7*c/(a*x^7*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((10*b*c - 7*a*d)*(1/(3*a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (4*(-Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(a*x)) + (2*b*(((1 + Sqrt[3])*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2) - (3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticE[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4]))/(Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(2*b^(2/3)) - ((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4]))/(4*3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/a)/(3*a))/(7*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 837 `Int[(x_)^4/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(Sqrt[3] - 1)*(s^2/(2*r^2)) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] - Simp[1/(2*r^2) Int[((Sqrt[3] - 1)*s^2 - 2*r^2*x^4)/Sqrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2420 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^4)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(1 + Sqrt[3])*d*s^3*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(2*a*r^2*(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*d*s*x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*r^2*Sqrt[(r*x^2*(s + r*x^2))/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))*EllipticE[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[2*Rt[b/a, 3]^2*c - (1 - Sqrt[3])*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^8 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(d*x^6 + c)/(b^2*x^20 + 2*a*b*x^14 + a^2*x^8), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 67.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c\Gamma(-\frac{7}{6}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^7 \Gamma(-\frac{1}{6})} + \frac{d\Gamma(-\frac{1}{6}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}} x \Gamma(\frac{5}{6})}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**8/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `c*gamma(-7/6)*hyper((-7/6, 3/2), (-1/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**  
(3/2)*x**7*gamma(-1/6)) + d*gamma(-1/6)*hyper((-1/6, 3/2), (5/6,), b*x**6*  
exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*x*gamma(5/6))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^8), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^8), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^8 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^8*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^8*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a}d - 7\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{20} + 2abx^{14} + a^2x^8} dx\right) a^2dx^7 + 10\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{20} + 2abx^{14} + a^2x^8} dx\right) abcx^7}{10bx^7(bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**8 + 2*a*b*x**14 + b**2*x**20),x)*a**2*d*x**7 + 10*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**8 + 2*a*b*x**14 + b**2*x**20),x)*a*b*c*x**7 - 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**8 + 2*a*b*x**14 + b**2*x**20),x)*a*b*d*x**13 + 10*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**8 + 2*a*b*x**14 + b**2*x**20),x)*b**2*c*x**13)/(10*b*x**7*(a + b*x**6))`

### 3.23 $\int \frac{x^9(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 576

$$\int \frac{x^9(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^4}{3b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{dx^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{7b^2} + \frac{4(7bc-10ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{21b^{8/3}\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$


---


$$2\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(7bc-10ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)-7-$$


---


$$7\sqrt[3]{3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}$$


---


$$4\sqrt{2}\sqrt[3]{a}(7bc-10ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),-7-$$


---


$$+21\sqrt[4]{3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}$$



output

```

-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^4/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/7*d*x^4*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^2+4/21
*(-10*a*d+7*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^(8/3)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)
-2/21*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*a^(1/3)*(-10*a*d+7*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x
^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3
)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a
^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(1/4)/b^(8/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/
3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+4/63*2^
(1/2)*a^(1/3)*(-10*a*d+7*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1
/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(
((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1
/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/b^(8/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/
3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^4 \left( 7bc - 10ad + bdx^6 + (-7bc + 10ad) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{7b^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^9*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```

(x^4*(7*b*c - 10*a*d + b*d*x^6 + (-7*b*c + 10*a*d)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hyp
ergeometric2F1[2/3, 3/2, 5/3, -((b*x^6)/a)]))/(7*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])

```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 582, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {959, 807, 817, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(7bc - 10ad) \int \frac{x^9}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{7b} + \frac{dx^{10}}{7b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{(7bc - 10ad) \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{14b} + \frac{dx^{10}}{7b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(7bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3b} - \frac{2x^4}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{14b} + \frac{dx^{10}}{7b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{(7bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2x^4}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{14b} + \frac{dx^{10}}{7b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(7bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{2^{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3b\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}}\right)$$

14b

$$\frac{dx^{10}}{7b\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

↓ 2416



output

$$\begin{aligned} & (d*x^{10})/(7*b*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]) + ((7*b*c - 10*a*d)*((-2*x^4)/(3*b*\text{Sqrt}[a + \\ & b*x^6]) + 4*((2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6])/(b^{1/3}*((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{1/3} + b^{1/3} \\ & /3)*x^2)) - (3^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[2 - \text{Sqrt}[3]]*a^{1/3}*(a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}*x^2)*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[(a^{2/3} - a^{1/3}*b^{1/3}*x^2 + b^{2/3}*x^4)/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{1/3} + b \\ & ^{1/3}*x^2)^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}*x^2)/((1 \\ & + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}*x^2)], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3]])/(b^{1/3}*\text{Sqrt}[(a^{1/3} \\ & )*(a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}*x^2))/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}*x^2)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a \\ & + b*x^6]))/b^{1/3} - (2*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])* \text{Sqrt}[2 + \text{Sqrt}[3]]*a^{1/3}*(a^{1/3} \\ & + b^{1/3}*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a^{2/3} - a^{1/3}*b^{1/3}*x^2 + b^{2/3}*x^4)/((1 + \text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[3])*a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}*x^2)^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{1/3} + \\ & b^{1/3}*x^2)/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}*x^2)], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3]])/(3^{1/4} \\ & *b^{2/3}*\text{Sqrt}[(a^{1/3}*(a^{1/3} + b^{1/3}*x^2))/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{1/3} \\ & ) + b^{1/3}*x^2)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]))/(3*b)))/(14*b) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x\_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{r = \text{Numer}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 3]], \\ & s = \text{Denom}[\text{Rt}[b/a, 3]]\}, \text{Simp}[2*\text{Sqrt}[2 + \text{Sqrt}[3]]*(s + r*x)*( \text{Sqrt}[(s^2 - r*s \\ & *x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^{1/4}*r*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^3]*\text{Sqrt}[s* \\ & ((s + r*x)/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*s \\ & + r*x)/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3]], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \& \\ & \& \text{PosQ}[a] \end{aligned}$$

rule 807

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m \\ & + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m + 1)/k - 1}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p, x], x, \\ & x^k], x] \text{ /; k != 1] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x\} \& \& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \& \& \text{IntegerQ}[m] \end{aligned}$$

rule 817

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[c^{( \\ & n - 1)}*(c*x)^{(m - n + 1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1})/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c^n \\ & *((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{(m - n)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}, x], x \\ & ] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\} \& \& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \& \& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \& \& \text{GtQ}[m + 1, n] \& \& ! \\ & \text{ILtQ}[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] \& \& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^9(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4((7b^2c - 10abd)x^6 + 7abc - 10a^2d)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(0, -\frac{4a}{b}, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(0, -\frac{4a}{b}, x^2\right)\right) - (3b^2d)x^{10} - (7b^2c - 10abd)x^4}{21(b^4x^6 + ab^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/21*(4*((7*b^2*c - 10*a*b*d)*x^6 + 7*a*b*c - 10*a^2*d)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4*a/b, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2)) - (3*b^2*d*x^10 - (7*b^2*c - 10*a*b*d)*x^4)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(b^4*x^6 + a*b^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx^{10}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{3} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)} + \frac{dx^{16}\Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{8}{3} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**9*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `c*x**10*gamma(5/3)*hyper((3/2, 5/3), (8/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(8/3)) + d*x**16*gamma(8/3)*hyper((3/2, 8/3), (11/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(11/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^9}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^9/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^9}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^9/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^9(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^9*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^9*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-10\sqrt{bx^6 + a} adx^4 + 7\sqrt{bx^6 + a} bcx^4 + \sqrt{bx^6 + a} bdx^{10} + 40\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^3}{b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx\right)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - 10*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*d*x**4 + 7*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*c*x**4 + sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*d*x**10 + 40*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**3*d - 28*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b*c + 40*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*b*d*x**6 - 28*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b**2*c*x**6)/(7*b**2*(a + b*x**6))`

### 3.24 $\int \frac{x^3(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 557

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)x^4}{3ab\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{(bc-4ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{3ab^{5/3} \left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(bc-4ad) \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}} \right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3} \right)}{2 \cdot 3^{3/4} a^{2/3} b^{5/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}(bc-4ad) \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}} \right), -7-4\sqrt{3} \right)}{3\sqrt[4]{3} a^{2/3} b^{5/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*x^4/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/3*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a/
b^(5/3)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)+1/6*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(-
4*a*d+b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4
)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)
)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(1/4)/a^
(2/3)/b^(5/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*
x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/9*2^(1/2)*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^
2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)
*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^
(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a^(2/3)/b^(5/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)
)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^4 \left( 4ad + (bc - 4ad) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{4ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^4*(4*a*d + (b*c - 4*a*d)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3, 3/2
, 5/3, -(b*x^6)/a]))/(4*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 565, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {957, 807, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{957} \\
 & \frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{(bc - 4ad) \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{(bc - 4ad) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{6ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{(bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{6ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{(bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}} \right)}{6ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2416}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{3ab\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

6ab

```
input Int[(x^3*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x]
```

```
output ((b*c - a*d)*x^4)/(3*a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((b*c - 4*a*d)*(((2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(b^(1/3)*((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(b^(1/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/b^(1/3) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])))/(6*a*b)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 807

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 957

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a
*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*
(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && N
eQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1
, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(b^2c - abd)x^4 + ((b^2c - 4abd)x^6 + abc - 4a^2d)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(0, -\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{3(ab^3x^6 + a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^4 + ((b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*x^6 + a*b*c - 4*a^2*d)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4*a/b, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2)))/(a*b^3*x^6 + a^2*b^2)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx^4\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)} + \frac{dx^{10}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{3} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
c***4*gamma(2/3)*hyper((2/3, 3/2), (5/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a
** (3/2)*gamma(5/3)) + d*x**10*gamma(5/3)*hyper((3/2, 5/3), (8/3,), b*x**6*
exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a** (3/2)*gamma(8/3))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^3}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^3/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^3}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^3/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^3*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2),x)
```



output `int((x^3*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} dx^4 - 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^3}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) a^2 d + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^3}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) abc - 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^3}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} dx \right) b(bx^6 + a)}{b(bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d*x**4 - 4*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a**2*d + int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b*c - 4*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*a*b*d*x**6 + int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12),x)*b**2*c*x**6)/(b*(a + b*x**6))`

**3.25**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^3(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 580

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{(5bc - 2ad)x^4}{6a^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}} + \frac{(5bc - 2ad)\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{6a^2b^{2/3} \left( (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}$$


---


$$\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}(5bc - 2ad) \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left( (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}} \right) \mid -7 - 4\sqrt{3} \right)$$


---


$$4 \cdot 3^{3/4} a^{5/3} b^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a + bx^6}$$

$$+ \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left( (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}} \right), -7 - 4\sqrt{3} \right)}{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{3}a^{5/3}b^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*c/a/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}-1/6*(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*x^4/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}+1/ \\
& 6*(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}/a^2/b^{(2/3)}/(((1+3^{(1/2)})*a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}* \\
& x^2)-1/12*(1/2*6^{(1/2)}-1/2*2^{(1/2)})*(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*(a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)* \\
& (a^{(2/3)}-a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}*x^2+b^{(2/3)}*x^4)/(((1+3^{(1/2)})*a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2 \\
& )^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(((1-3^{(1/2)})*a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)/((1+3^{(1/2)})*a^{(1/3)} \\
& )+b^{(1/3)}*x^2), I*3^{(1/2)}+2*I)*3^{(1/4)}/a^{(5/3)}/b^{(2/3)}/(a^{(1/3)}*(a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)} \\
& )*x^2)/(((1+3^{(1/2)})*a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}+1/18 \\
& *(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*(a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)*((a^{(2/3)}-a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}*x^2+b^{(2/3)} \\
& )*x^4)/(((1+3^{(1/2)})*a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)^2)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((1-3^{(1/2)})*a \\
& ^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)/((1+3^{(1/2)})*a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2), I*3^{(1/2)}+2*I)*2^{(1/ \\
& 2)}*3^{(3/4)}/a^{(5/3)}/b^{(2/3)}/(a^{(1/3)}*(a^{(1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)/((1+3^{(1/2)})*a^{( \\
& 1/3)}+b^{(1/3)}*x^2)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4ac + (-5bc + 2ad)x^6 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{8a^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

```
(-4*a*c + (-5*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^6*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3,
3/2, 5/3, -(b*x^6)/a])/(8*a^2*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])
```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 582, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {955, 807, 819, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\
 & -\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{c}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & -\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{4a} - \frac{c}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & -\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{2x^4}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & -\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{2x^4}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & -\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{2x^4}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{2^{(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3}}{3a} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2416

$$(5bc - 2ad) \left[ \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{b}((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}})} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}})}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}})^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right]$$

$$\frac{c}{2ax^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/2*c/(a*x^2*sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((5*b*c - 2*a*d)*((2*x^4)/(3*a*sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((2*sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(b^(1/3)*((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)) - (3^(1/4)*sqrt[2 - sqrt[3]]*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*sqrt[3]])/(b^(1/3)*sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/b^(1/3) - (2*(1 - sqrt[3])*sqrt[2 + sqrt[3]]*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(3*a))/(4*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 807

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 819

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(
c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p +
1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 955

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*
c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) ||
(LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]], Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^3 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{((5b^2c - 2abd)x^8 + (5abc - 2a^2d)x^2)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -\frac{4a}{b}, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -\frac{4a}{b}, x^2)) + ((5b^2c - 2abd)x^6 + 3a*b*c)\sqrt{b*x^6 + a}}{6(a^2b^2x^8 + a^3bx^2)}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(((5*b^2*c - 2*a*b*d)*x^8 + (5*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4*a/b, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2)) + ((5*b^2*c - 2*a*b*d)*x^6 + 3*a*b*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^2*b^2*x^8 + a^3*b*x^2)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 21.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c\Gamma(-\frac{1}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 \Gamma(\frac{2}{3})} + \frac{dx^4 \Gamma(\frac{2}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{5}{3})}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**3/(b*x**6+a)**(3/2),x)`output `c*gamma(-1/3)*hyper((-1/3, 3/2), (2/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*x**2*gamma(2/3)) + d*x**4*gamma(2/3)*hyper((2/3, 3/2), (5/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(3/2)*gamma(5/3))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^3 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a}d - 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{15} + 2abx^9 + a^2x^3} dx\right) a^2 d x^2 + 5\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{15} + 2abx^9 + a^2x^3} dx\right) abc x^2 -}{5b x^2 (bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 2*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**3 + 2*a*b*x**9 + b**2*x**15),x)*a**2*d*x**2 + 5*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**3 + 2*a*b*x**9 + b**2*x**15),x)*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**3 + 2*a*b*x**9 + b**2*x**15),x)*a*b*d*x**8 + 5*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**3 + 2*a*b*x**9 + b**2*x**15),x)*b**2*c*x**8)/(5*b*x**2*(a + b*x**6))`

**3.26** 
$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^9(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 610

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^9(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{8ax^8\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{11bc-8ad}{24a^2x^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{5(11bc-8ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{48a^3x^2} - \frac{5\sqrt[3]{b}(11bc-8ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{48a^3\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{b}(11bc-8ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)}{-7-4\sqrt{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{32\sqrt[3]{3}a^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{-7-4\sqrt{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt[3]{b}(11bc-8ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)}{-7-4\sqrt{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{24\sqrt{2}\sqrt[3]{3}a^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{-7-4\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-1/8*c/a/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/24*(-8*a*d+11*b*c)/a^2/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+
5/48*(-8*a*d+11*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^2-5/48*b^(1/3)*(-8*a*d+11*b*c)*
(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^3/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)+5/96*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/
2*2^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*(-8*a*d+11*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)
)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I
*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(1/4)/a^(8/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*
a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-5/144*b^(1/3)*(-8*a*d+11*b*c
)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(
1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)
*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*2^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/a^(
8/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(
1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2ac + (11bc - 8ad)x^6 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{16a^2 x^8 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^9*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*a*c + (11*b*c - 8*a*d)*x^6*sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3,
3/2, 2/3, -(b*x^6)/a])/(16*a^2*x^8*sqrt[a + b*x^6])
```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$ , Rules used = {955, 807, 819, 847, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 8ad) \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{8a} - \frac{c}{8ax^8 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 8ad) \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{16a} - \frac{c}{8ax^8 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^2}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{c}{8ax^8 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{b \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^2}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{ax^2} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{c}{8ax^8 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2 + (1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{ax^2} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{c}{8ax^8 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{16a}{8ax^8 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2 \right)^{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right) \\
 & \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right) \\
 & \frac{5}{2a} \sqrt[4]{3} b^{2/3} \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 8ad)}{3a} \\
 & \frac{c}{16a} \\
 & \frac{8ax^8\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{2416}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{b}((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^2/3x^4}}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1+\sqrt{3})}}\right)\right)} \right) \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}$$

(11bc - 8ad)

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^9*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8*c/(a*x^8*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]) - ((11*b*c - 8*a*d)*(2/(3*a*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]) \\ & + (5*(-\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]/(a*x^2)) + (b*((2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6])/b^(1/3) \\ & *((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)) - (3^(1/4)*\text{Sqrt}[2 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^(1/3) \\ & *(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4] \\ & /((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3]) \\ & ]*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3]) \\ & )/(b^(1/3)*\text{Sqrt}[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^(1/3) + \\ & b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]))/b^(1/3) - (2*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*\text{Sqrt}[2 + \\ & \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3) \\ & )*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin} \\ & [(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3) \\ & )*x^2)], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3])/(3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*\text{Sqrt}[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3) \\ & )*x^2))/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]))/(2*a) \\ & )/(3*a)))/(16*a) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^9 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`





**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^9), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*x^9), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^9 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^9*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^9*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a}d - 8 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{21} + 2abx^{15} + a^2x^9} dx \right) a^2dx^8 + 11 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^2x^{21} + 2abx^{15} + a^2x^9} dx \right) abcx^8}{11bx^8 (bx^6 + a)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 8*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**9 + 2*a*b*x**15 + b**2*x**21),x)*a**2*d*x**8 + 11*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**9 + 2*a*b*x**15 + b**2*x**21),x)*a*b*c*x**8 - 8*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**9 + 2*a*b*x**15 + b**2*x**21),x)*a*b*d*x**14 + 11*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**2*x**9 + 2*a*b*x**15 + b**2*x**21),x)*b**2*c*x**14)/(11*b*x**8*(a + b*x**6))`

$$3.27 \quad \int \frac{x^{17}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	431
Mathematica [A] (verified)	431
Rubi [A] (verified)	432
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	436

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{x^{17}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{a^2(bc-ad)}{9b^4(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{a(2bc-3ad)}{3b^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{(bc-3ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{3b^4} + \frac{d(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}{9b^4}$$

output

```
-1/9*a^2*(-a*d+b*c)/b^4/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/3*a*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)/b^4/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/3*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^4+1/9*d*(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)/b^4
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^{17}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-16a^3d + 8a^2b(c-3dx^6) - 6ab^2x^6(-2c+dx^6) + b^3x^{12}(3c+dx^6)}{9b^4(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^17*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-16a^3d + 8a^2b(c - 3dx^6) - 6ab^2x^6(-2c + dx^6) + b^3x^{12}(3c + dx^6))}{(9b^4(a + bx^6)^{3/2})}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{17}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x^{12}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx^6$$

↓ 86

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \left( -\frac{(ad - bc)a^2}{b^3(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} + \frac{(3ad - 2bc)a}{b^3(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} + \frac{d\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3} + \frac{bc - 3ad}{b^3\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} \right) dx^6$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{2a^2(bc - ad)}{3b^4(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{2a(2bc - 3ad)}{b^4\sqrt{a + bx^6}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx^6}(bc - 3ad)}{b^4} + \frac{2d(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}{3b^4} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^{17}(c + dx^6))/(a + bx^6)^{(5/2)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-2a^2(b*c - a*d))/(3*b^4*(a + b*x^6)^{(3/2})) + (2*a*(2*b*c - 3*a*d))/(b^4*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]) + (2*(b*c - 3*a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6])/b^4 + (2*d*(a + b*x^6)^{(3/2}))/3*b^4)/6$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(dx^{18} + 3cx^{12})b^3 + 12\left(-\frac{d}{2}x^6 + c\right)x^6ab^2 + 8a^2(-3dx^6 + c)b - 16a^3d}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4}$	69
gospers	$-\frac{dx^{18}b^3 + 6ab^2dx^{12} - 3b^3cx^{12} + 24a^2bdx^6 - 12ab^2cx^6 + 16a^3d - 8a^2bc}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4}$	77
trager	$-\frac{dx^{18}b^3 + 6ab^2dx^{12} - 3b^3cx^{12} + 24a^2bdx^6 - 12ab^2cx^6 + 16a^3d - 8a^2bc}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4}$	77
orering	$-\frac{dx^{18}b^3 + 6ab^2dx^{12} - 3b^3cx^{12} + 24a^2bdx^6 - 12ab^2cx^6 + 16a^3d - 8a^2bc}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4}$	77
risch	$-\frac{(-x^6bd + 8ad - 3cb)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{9b^4} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(9abd x^6 - 6b^2c x^6 + 8a^2d - 5abc)a}{9b^4(x^{12}b^2 + 2ax^6b + a^2)}$	96

input

```
int(x^17*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/9*((d*x^18+3*c*x^12)*b^3+12*(-1/2*d*x^6+c)*x^6*a*b^2+8*a^2*(-3*d*x^6+c)*
b-16*a^3*d)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)/b^4
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{17}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(b^3 dx^{18} + 3(b^3 c - 2ab^2 d)x^{12} + 12(ab^2 c - 2a^2 bd)x^6 + 8a^2 bc - 16a^3 d)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{9(b^6 x^{12} + 2ab^5 x^6 + a^2 b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^17*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(b^3*d*x^18 + 3*(b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 12*(a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + 8*a^2*b*c - 16*a^3*d)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^6*x^12 + 2*a*b^5*x^6 + a^2*b^4)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{x^{17}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{16a^3 d}{9ab^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}+9b^5x^6\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{8a^2 bc}{9ab^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}+9b^5x^6\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{24a^2 bdx^6}{9ab^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}+9b^5x^6\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{1}{9ab^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\ \frac{cx^{18} + dx^{24}}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**17*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-16*a**3*d/(9*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 9*b**5*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 8*a**2*b*c/(9*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 9*b**5*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) - 24*a**2*b*d*x**6/(9*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 9*b**5*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 12*a*b**2*c*x**6/(9*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 9*b**5*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) - 6*a*b**2*d*x**12/(9*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 9*b**5*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 3*b**3*c*x**12/(9*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 9*b**5*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + b**3*d*x**18/(9*a*b**4*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 9*b**5*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)), Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x**18/18 + d*x**24/24)/a**(5/2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^{17}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{9} d \left( \frac{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}}{b^4} - \frac{9\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^4} - \frac{9a^2}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^4} + \frac{a^3}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}b^4} \right) + \frac{1}{9} c \left( \frac{3\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3} + \frac{6a}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^3} - \frac{a^2}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}b^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^17*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*d*((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)/b^4 - 9*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a/b^4 - 9*a^2/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^4) + a^3/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^4)) + 1/9*c*(3*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/b^3 + 6*a/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^3) - a^2/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^3))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^{17}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6(bx^6 + a)abc - a^2bc - 9(bx^6 + a)a^2d + a^3d}{9(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}b^4} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^9c + (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}b^8d - 9\sqrt{bx^6 + a}ab^8d}{9b^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^17*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*(6*(b*x^6 + a)*a*b*c - a^2*b*c - 9*(b*x^6 + a)*a^2*d + a^3*d)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^4) + 1/9*(3*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^9*c + (b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^8*d - 9*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*a*b^8*d)/b^12`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{17}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{d(bx^6 + a)^3 + a^3d - 9ad(bx^6 + a)^2 + 3bc(bx^6 + a)^2 - 9a^2d(bx^6 + a) - a^2bc + 9b^4(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}}{9b^4(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x^17*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`output `(d*(a + b*x^6)^3 + a^3*d - 9*a*d*(a + b*x^6)^2 + 3*b*c*(a + b*x^6)^2 - 9*a^2*d*(a + b*x^6) - a^2*b*c + 6*a*b*c*(a + b*x^6))/(9*b^4*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{17}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(b^3dx^{18} - 6ab^2dx^{12} + 3b^3cx^{12} - 24a^2bdx^6 + 12ab^2cx^6 - 16a^3d + 8a^2bc)}{9b^4(b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^17*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*(- 16*a**3*d + 8*a**2*b*c - 24*a**2*b*d*x**6 + 12*a*b**2*c*x**6 - 6*a*b**2*d*x**12 + 3*b**3*c*x**12 + b**3*d*x**18))/(9*b**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

$$3.28 \quad \int \frac{x^{11}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	437
Rubi [A] (verified)	438
Maple [A] (verified)	439
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	440
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	440
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	441
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	441
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	442
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	442

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a(bc-ad)}{9b^3(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{bc-2ad}{3b^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{3b^3}$$

output

```
1/9*a*(-a*d+b*c)/b^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/3*(-2*a*d+b*c)/b^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+
1/3*d*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^3
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2abc+8a^2d-3b^2cx^6+12abdx^6+3b^2dx^{12}}{9b^3(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^11*(c+d*x^6))/(a+b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*a*b*c+8*a^2*d-3*b^2*c*x^6+12*a*b*d*x^6+3*b^2*d*x^12)/(9*b^3*(a
+b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x^6(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \left( \frac{d}{b^2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} + \frac{bc - 2ad}{b^2(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} + \frac{a(ad - bc)}{b^2(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} \right) dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{2(bc - 2ad)}{b^3\sqrt{a + bx^6}} + \frac{2a(bc - ad)}{3b^3(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{b^3} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(x^11*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((2*a*(b*c - a*d))/(3*b^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - (2*(b*c - 2*a*d)/(b^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])) + (2*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/b^3)/6
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1]) || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /;`  
`SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-3x^6(-dx^6+c)b^2-2a(-6dx^6+c)b+8a^2d}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3}$	50
gospers	$\frac{3dx^{12}b^2+12abd x^6-3b^2c x^6+8a^2d-2abc}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3}$	53
trager	$\frac{3dx^{12}b^2+12abd x^6-3b^2c x^6+8a^2d-2abc}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3}$	53
orering	$\frac{3dx^{12}b^2+12abd x^6-3b^2c x^6+8a^2d-2abc}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3}$	53
risch	$\frac{d\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{3b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}(6abd x^6-3b^2c x^6+5a^2d-2abc)}{9b^3(x^{12}b^2+2ax^6b+a^2)}$	80

input `int(x^11*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/9*(-3*x^6*(-d*x^6+c)*b^2-2*a*(-6*d*x^6+c)*b+8*a^2*d)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)/b^3`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3b^2dx^{12} - 3(b^2c - 4abd)x^6 - 2abc + 8a^2d)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{9(b^5x^{12} + 2ab^4x^6 + a^2b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(3*b^2*d*x^12 - 3*(b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*x^6 - 2*a*b*c + 8*a^2*d)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^5*x^12 + 2*a*b^4*x^6 + a^2*b^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{8a^2d}{9ab^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}+9b^4x^6\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2abc}{9ab^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}+9b^4x^6\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{12abd x^6}{9ab^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}+9b^4x^6\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{3c}{9ab^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}+9b^4x^6\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\ \frac{\frac{cx^{12}}{12} + \frac{dx^{18}}{18}}{a^{5/2}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**11*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((8*a**2*d/(9*a*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x**6) + 9*b**4*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) - 2*a*b*c/(9*a*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x**6) + 9*b**4*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 12*a*b*d*x**6/(9*a*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x**6) + 9*b**4*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) - 3*b**2*c*x**6/(9*a*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x**6) + 9*b**4*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + 3*b**2*d*x**12/(9*a*b**3*sqrt(a + b*x**6) + 9*b**4*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)), Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x**12/12 + d*x**18/18)/a**(5/2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{9} d \left( \frac{3\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3} + \frac{6a}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^3} - \frac{a^2}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}b^3} \right) - \frac{1}{9} c \left( \frac{3}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^2} - \frac{a}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}b^2} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^11*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*d*(3*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/b^3 + 6*a/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^3) - a^2/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^3)) - 1/9*c*(3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^2) - a/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^2))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}d}{3b^3} - \frac{3(bx^6 + a)bc - abc - 6(bx^6 + a)ad + a^2d}{9(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^11*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*d/b^3 - 1/9*(3*(b*x^6 + a)*b*c - a*b*c - 6*(b*x^6 + a)*a*d + a^2*d)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3d(bx^6 + a)^2 - a^2d + 6ad(bx^6 + a) - 3bc(bx^6 + a) + abc}{9b^3(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x^11*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`

output `(3*d*(a + b*x^6)^2 - a^2*d + 6*a*d*(a + b*x^6) - 3*b*c*(a + b*x^6) + a*b*c)/(9*b^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{11}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(3b^2dx^{12} + 12abd x^6 - 3b^2c x^6 + 8a^2d - 2abc)}{9b^3(b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^11*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*(8*a**2*d - 2*a*b*c + 12*a*b*d*x**6 - 3*b**2*c*x**6 + 3*b**2*d*x**12))/(9*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

$$3.29 \quad \int \frac{x^5(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-bc+ad}{9b^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{d}{3b^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output `1/9*(a*d-b*c)/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/3*d/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^5(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-bc-2ad-3bdx^6}{9b^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^5*(c+d*x^6))/(a+b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-(b*c) - 2*a*d - 3*b*d*x^6)/(9*b^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {946, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 946$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \left( \frac{d}{b(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} + \frac{bc - ad}{b(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} \right) dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{2(bc - ad)}{3b^2(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d}{b^2\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)$$

input `Int[(x^5*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `((-2*(b*c - a*d))/(3*b^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - (2*d)/(b^2*sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/6`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 946 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{3x^6bd+2ad+cb}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$	30
trager	$-\frac{3x^6bd+2ad+cb}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$	30
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left(\frac{(3dx^6+c)b}{2}+ad\right)}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$	30
orering	$-\frac{3x^6bd+2ad+cb}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$	30

input `int(x^5*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/9*(3*b*d*x^6+2*a*d+b*c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)/b^2`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(3bdx^6 + bc + 2ad)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{9(b^4x^{12} + 2ab^3x^6 + a^2b^2)}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/9*(3*b*d*x^6 + b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^4*x^12 + 2*a*b^3*x^6 + a^2*b^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. 2(39) = 78.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2ad}{9ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}+9b^3x^6\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{bc}{9ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}+9b^3x^6\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{3bdx^6}{9ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}+9b^3x^6\sqrt{a+bx^6}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{cx^6}{6} + \frac{dx^{12}}{12} & \text{otherwise} \\ a^{5/2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*a*d/(9*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*x**6) + 9*b**3*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) - b*c/(9*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*x**6) + 9*b**3*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) - 3*b*d*x**6/(9*a*b**2*sqrt(a + b*x**6) + 9*b**3*x**6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)), Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x**6/6 + d*x**12/12)/a**(5/2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{9} d \left( \frac{3}{\sqrt{bx^6 + ab^2}} - \frac{a}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2} b^2} \right) - \frac{c}{9 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2} b}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9*d*(3/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b^2) - a/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^2)) - 1/9*c/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{bc + 3(bx^6 + a)d - ad}{9(bx^6 + a)^{3/2} b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/9*(b*c + 3*(b*x^6 + a)*d - a*d)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{3d(bx^6 + a) - ad + bc}{9b^2(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x^5*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`output `-(3*d*(a + b*x^6) - a*d + b*c)/(9*b^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^5(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(-3bdx^6 - 2ad - bc)}{9b^2(b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^5*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*(- 2*a*d - b*c - 3*b*d*x**6))/(9*b**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

$$3.30 \quad \int \frac{c+dx^6}{x(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{bc-ad}{9ab(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{c}{3a^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/9*(-a*d+b*c)/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/3*c/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/3*c*arctanh
((b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4abc-a^2d+3b^2cx^6}{9a^2b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)), x]
```

output

```
(4*a*b*c - a^2*d + 3*b^2*c*x^6)/(9*a^2*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - (c*ArcTanh[S
qrt[a + b*x^6]/Sqrt[a]])/(3*a^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx^6 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^6}{a} + \frac{2(bc - ad)}{3ab (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{c \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^6}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2(bc - ad)}{3ab (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{c \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{12}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2(bc - ad)}{3ab (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{c \left( \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2(bc - ad)}{3ab (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((2*(b*c - a*d))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (c*(2/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/a)/6`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`



rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 (bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^{\frac{5}{2}} (-3b^2cx^6+a^2d-4abc)}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{9}{2}} b}$	73

input

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/9*(3*b*c*arctanh((b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*a^2*(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+a^(5/2)*(-
-3*b^2*c*x^6+a^2*d-4*a*b*c))/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)/a^(9/2)/b
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{3(b^3cx^{12} + 2ab^2cx^6 + a^2bc)\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^6 - 2\sqrt{bx^6+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x^6}\right) + 2(3ab^2cx^6 + 4a^2bc - a^3d)}{18(a^3b^3x^{12} + 2a^4b^2x^6 + a^5b)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x^6+c)/x/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/18*(3*(b^3*c*x^12 + 2*a*b^2*c*x^6 + a^2*b*c)*sqrt(a)*log((b*x^6 - 2*sqrt
t(b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^6) + 2*(3*a*b^2*c*x^6 + 4*a^2*b*c - a^3*d)*s
qrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^3*b^3*x^12 + 2*a^4*b^2*x^6 + a^5*b), 1/9*(3*(b^3*c*x^12
+ 2*a*b^2*c*x^6 + a^2*b*c)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^6 + a)) + (3
*a*b^2*c*x^6 + 4*a^2*b*c - a^3*d)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^3*b^3*x^12 + 2*a^4*b
^2*x^6 + a^5*b)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 26.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{ad-bc}{18a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{bc}{6a^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{bc \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{6a^2\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{c \log(dx^6) + dx^6}{6a^{5/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2), x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-(a*d - b*c)/(18*a*(a + b*x**6)**(3/2)) + b*c/(6*a**2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)) + b*c*atan(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/sqrt(-a))/(6*a**2*sqrt(-a)))/b, Ne(b, 0)), ((c*log(d*x**6) + d*x**6)/(6*a**(5/2)), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{18} c \left( \frac{3 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} + \frac{2(3bx^6 + 4a)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}a^2} \right) - \frac{d}{9(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}b}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/18*c*(3*log((sqrt(b*x^6 + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2) + 2*(3*b*x^6 + 4*a)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^2)) - 1/9*d/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-aa^2}} + \frac{3(bx^6 + a)bc + abc - a^2d}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*c*arctan(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2) + 1/9*(3*(b*x^6 + a)*b*c + a*b*c - a^2*d)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{c}{3a} + \frac{c(bx^6+a)}{a^2}}{3(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} - \frac{d}{9b(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} - \frac{c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{5/2}}$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`output `(c/(3*a) + (c*(a + b*x^6))/a^2)/(3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - d/(9*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - (c*atanh((a + b*x^6)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/(3*a^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx^6+a}a^3d + 8\sqrt{bx^6+a}a^2bc + 6\sqrt{bx^6+a}ab^2cx^6 + 3\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{bx^6+a} - \sqrt{a})}{9a^2b^2x^6 + 6ab^2x^3 + 3a^2}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**3*d + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*b*c + 6*sqrt(a + b
*x**6)*a*b**2*c*x**6 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c
+ 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c*x**6 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(
sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**12 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6)
+ sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c - 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c*x
**6 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**12)/(18*a**3*b*(
a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

**3.31**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^7(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{bc - ad}{9a^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{2bc - ad}{3a^3 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{c\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{6a^3 x^6} + \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{6a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/9*(-a*d+b*c)/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/3*(-a*d+2*b*c)/a^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-1/6*c*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^3/x^6+1/6*(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3a^2c - 20abcx^6 + 8a^2dx^6 - 15b^2cx^{12} + 6abdx^{12}}{18a^3x^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{6a^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output  $(-3*a^2*c - 20*a*b*c*x^6 + 8*a^2*d*x^6 - 15*b^2*c*x^{12} + 6*a*b*d*x^{12})/(18*a^3*x^6*(a + b*x^6)^{(3/2)}) + ((5*b*c - 2*a*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(6*a^{(7/2)})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 948 \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^{12} (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx^6 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx^6}{2a} - \frac{c}{ax^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^6}{a} + \frac{2}{3a(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{ax^6 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^6}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{ax^6(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{x^{12} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c}{ax^6(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\left( \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) (5bc - 2ad)}{2a} - \frac{c}{ax^6(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(-(c/(a*x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))) - ((5*b*c - 2*a*d)*(2/(3*a*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (2/(a*sqrt[a + b*x^6])) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/a))/(2*a)/6`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^6\left(ad-\frac{5cb}{2}\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\frac{10\left(-\frac{3d}{10}x^6+c\right)bx^6a^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+\left(-\frac{4d}{3}x^6+\frac{c}{2}\right)a^{\frac{5}{2}}+\frac{5\sqrt{a}b^2cx^{12}}{2}}{3a^{\frac{7}{2}}(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^6}$	97

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/3/a^{(7/2)}/(b*x^6+a)^{(3/2)}*((b*x^6+a)^{(3/2)}*x^6*(a*d-5/2*c*b)*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})+10/3*(-3/10*d*x^6+c)*b*x^6*a^{(3/2)}+(-4/3*d*x^6+1/2*c)*a^{(5/2)}+5/2*a^{(1/2)}*b^2*c*x^{12})/x^6$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3((5b^3c - 2ab^2d)x^{18} + 2(5ab^2c - 2a^2bd)x^{12} + (5a^2bc - 2a^3d)x^6)\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{bx^6 + a}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}\right) + 3((5b^3c - 2ab^2d)x^{18} + 2(5ab^2c - 2a^2bd)x^{12} + (5a^2bc - 2a^3d)x^6)\sqrt{-a}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}\right) + (3(5ab^2c - 2a^3d)x^6 + 2a^2bd)x^{12} + a^2bc}{36(a^4b^2x^{18} + 2a^5bx^{12} + a^6x^6)} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\left[ -1/36*(3*((5*b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d)*x^{18} + 2*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^{12} + (5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^6)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\log((b*x^6 - 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a))*\operatorname{sqrt}(a) + 2*a)/x^6) + 2*(3*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^{12} + 4*(5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^6 + 3*a^3*c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)/(a^4*b^2*x^{18} + 2*a^5*b*x^{12} + a^6*x^6), -1/18*(3*((5*b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d)*x^{18} + 2*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^{12} + (5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^6)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)/\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)) + (3*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^{12} + 4*(5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^6 + 3*a^3*c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)/(a^4*b^2*x^{18} + 2*a^5*b*x^{12} + a^6*x^6) \right]$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**7/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{36} c \left( \frac{2 \left( 15 (bx^6 + a)^2 b - 10 (bx^6 + a) ab - 2 a^2 b \right)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^3 - (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4} + \frac{15 b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{\frac{7}{2}}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{18} d \left( \frac{3 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2 (3 bx^6 + 4 a)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/36*c*(2*(15*(b*x^6 + a)^2*b - 10*(b*x^6 + a)*a*b - 2*a^2*b)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*a^3 - (b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^4) + 15*b*log((sqrt(b*x^6 + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a) + sqrt(a)))/a^(7/2)) + 1/18*d*(3*log((sqrt(b*x^6 + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^6 + a) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2) + 2*(3*b*x^6 + 4*a)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^2))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{6\sqrt{-a}a^3} - \frac{6(bx^6+a)bc + abc - 3(bx^6+a)ad - a^2d}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}c}{6a^3x^6}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(5*b*c - 2*a*d)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3) - 1/9*(6*(b*x^6 + a)*b*c + a*b*c - 3*(b*x^6 + a)*a*d - a^2*d)/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^3) - 1/6*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*c/(a^3*x^6)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{d}{3a} + \frac{d(bx^6+a)}{a^2}}{3(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3a^{5/2}} - \frac{c}{6ax^6(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{5bc \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{6a^{7/2}} - \frac{10bc}{9a^2(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{5b^2cx^6}{6a^3(bx^6+a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`output `(d/(3*a) + (d*(a + b*x^6))/a^2)/(3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - (d*atanh((a + b*x^6)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/(3*a^(5/2)) - c/(6*a*x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (5*b*c*atanh((a + b*x^6)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/(6*a^(7/2)) - (10*b*c)/(9*a^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - (5*b^2*c*x^6)/(6*a^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.66

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^3c + 16\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^3dx^6 - 40\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2bcx^6 + 12\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2bdx^6}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**3*c + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**3*d*x**6 - 40*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*b*c*x**6 + 12*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*b*d*x**12 - 30*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b**2*c*x**12 + 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**3*d*x**6 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c*x**6 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a**2*b*d*x**12 - 30*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c*x**12 + 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**18 - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**18 - 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**3*d*x**6 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c*x**6 - 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a**2*b*d*x**12 + 30*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c*x**12 - 6*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*a*b**2*d*x**18 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(a))*b**3*c*x**18)/(36*a**4*x**6*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

$$3.32 \quad \int \frac{x^{14}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{x^{14}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a(bc-ad)x^3}{9b^3(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(4bc-7ad)x^3}{9b^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{dx^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{6b^3} + \frac{(2bc-5ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}\right)}{6b^{7/2}}$$

output

```
1/9*a*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/b^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/9*(-7*a*d+4*b*c)*x^3/b^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/6*d*x^3*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^3+1/6*(-5*a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{14}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^3(-6abc+15a^2d-8b^2cx^6+20abdx^6+3b^2dx^{12})}{18b^3(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(2bc-5ad)\log\left(\sqrt{bx^3}+\sqrt{a+bx^6}\right)}{6b^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^14*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output  $(x^3*(-6*a*b*c + 15*a^2*d - 8*b^2*c*x^6 + 20*a*b*d*x^6 + 3*b^2*d*x^12))/(18*b^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*c - 5*a*d)*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^3 + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]])/(6*b^(7/2))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {959, 807, 252, 252, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{14}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 5ad) \int \frac{x^{14}}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{dx^{15}}{6b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 5ad) \int \frac{x^{12}}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx^3}{6b} + \frac{dx^{15}}{6b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{x^9}{3b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{6b} + \frac{dx^{15}}{6b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{x^3}{b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{x^9}{3b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{6b} + \frac{dx^{15}}{6b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 224 \\
 (2bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-bx^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} - \frac{x^3}{b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{x^9}{3b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}}{b} \right) \\
 \hline
 6b + \frac{dx^{15}}{6b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}\right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{x^3}{b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{x^9}{3b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) (2bc - 5ad) \\
 \hline
 6b + \frac{dx^{15}}{6b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x^14*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x]`

output `(d*x^15)/(6*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*c - 5*a*d)*(-1/3*x^9/(b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (-x^3/(b*sqrt[a + b*x^6])) + ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x^3)/sqrt[a + b*x^6]]/b^(3/2))/b)/(6*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 252 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^2*(m - 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{x^3 a(-10 d x^6 + 3 c) b^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{x^9(-3 d x^6 + 8 c) b^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2} - \frac{15 \sqrt{b} a^2 d x^3}{2} + \frac{3(5 a d - 2 c b)(b x^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b x^6 + a}}{x^3 \sqrt{b}}\right)}{2}}{9(b x^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	101

input `int(x^14*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/9*(x^3*a*(-10*d*x^6+3*c)*b^{(3/2)}+1/2*x^9*(-3*d*x^6+8*c)*b^{(5/2)}-15/2*b^{(1/2)}*a^2*d*x^3+3/2*(5*a*d-2*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((b*x^6+a)^{(1/2)}/x^3/b^{(1/2)}))/(b*x^6+a)^{(3/2)}/b^{(7/2)}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{x^{14}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3((2b^3c - 5ab^2d)x^{12} + 2(2ab^2c - 5a^2bd)x^6 + 2a^2bc - 5a^3d)\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{-2bx^6 + 2\sqrt{b}x^3 + a}{2\sqrt{b}x^3 + a}\right) + 3((2b^3c - 5ab^2d)x^{12} + 2(2ab^2c - 5a^2bd)x^6 + 2a^2bc - 5a^3d)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx^3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}\right) - (3b^3dx^{15} - 4(2b^2c - 5abd)x^9 + 3a^2d)x^3}{18(b^6x^{12} + 2ab^5x^6 + a^2b^4)} \right]$$



input `integrate(x^14*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/36*(3*((2*b^3*c - 5*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 2*(2*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + 2*a^2*b*c - 5*a^3*d)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^6 + 2*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(b)*x^3 - a) - 2*(3*b^3*d*x^15 - 4*(2*b^3*c - 5*a*b^2*d)*x^9 - 3*(2*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*x^3)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^6*x^12 + 2*a*b^5*x^6 + a^2*b^4), -1/18*(3*((2*b^3*c - 5*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 2*(2*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + 2*a^2*b*c - 5*a^3*d)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x^3/sqrt(b*x^6 + a)) - (3*b^3*d*x^15 - 4*(2*b^3*c - 5*a*b^2*d)*x^9 - 3*(2*a*b^2*c - 5*a^2*b*d)*x^3)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^6*x^12 + 2*a*b^5*x^6 + a^2*b^4)]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{14}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**14*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 205 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{x^{14}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{18} \left( \frac{2 \left( b + \frac{3(bx^6+a)}{x^6} \right) x^9}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2} + \frac{3 \log \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3}}{\sqrt{b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3}} \right)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right) c$$

$$+ \frac{1}{36} d \left( \frac{2 \left( 2ab^2 + \frac{10(bx^6+a)ab}{x^6} - \frac{15(bx^6+a)^2 a}{x^{12}} \right)}{\frac{(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^4}{x^9} - \frac{(bx^6+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^3}{x^{15}}} + \frac{15 a \log \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3}}{\sqrt{b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3}} \right)}{b^{\frac{7}{2}}} \right)$$



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

$$\int \frac{x^{14}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{30\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2bdx^3 - 12\sqrt{bx^6 + a}ab^2cx^3 + 40\sqrt{bx^6 + a}ab^2dx^9 - 16\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^3c}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^14*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(30*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*b*d*x**3 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b**2*c*x**3 + 40*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b**2*d*x**9 - 16*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**3*c*x**9 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**3*d*x**15 + 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**3*d - 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**2*b*c + 30*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**2*b*d*x**6 - 12*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b**2*c*x**6 + 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b**2*d*x**12 - 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*b**3*c*x**12 - 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**3*d + 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**2*b*c - 30*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**2*b*d*x**6 + 12*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b**2*c*x**6 - 15*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b**2*d*x**12 + 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*b**3*c*x**12)/(36*b**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

### 3.33 $\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

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Giac [F(-2)]	475
Mupad [F(-1)]	476
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	476

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^3}{9b^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(bc-4ad)x^3}{9ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}}$$

output `-1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/9*(-4*a*d+b*c)*x^3/a/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/3*d*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3a^2dx^3 + b^2cx^9 - 4abdx^9}{9ab^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{d \log\left(\sqrt{bx^3} + \sqrt{a+bx^6}\right)}{3b^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^8*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-3*a^2*d*x^3 + b^2*c*x^9 - 4*a*b*d*x^9)/(9*a*b^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (d*Log[Sqrt[b]*x^3 + Sqrt[a + b*x^6]])/(3*b^(5/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {954, 807, 252, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{954} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{b} + \frac{x^9(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^3}{3b} + \frac{x^9(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & \frac{d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{x^3}{b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{3b} + \frac{x^9(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-bx^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}}{b} - \frac{x^3}{b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{3b} + \frac{x^9(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{d \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{b^{3/2}} - \frac{x^3}{b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{3b} + \frac{x^9(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^8*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x]`

output 
$$\frac{((b*c - a*d)*x^9)/(9*a*b*(a + b*x^6)^{(3/2)}) + (d*(-(x^3/(b*sqrt[a + b*x^6])) + ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x^3)/sqrt[a + b*x^6]]/b^{(3/2)}))/(3*b)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224 
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 252 
$$\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*b*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c^2*(m-1)/(2*b*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$$

rule 807 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m+1)/k - 1}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p, x], x, x^k], x] \text{ ; } k \neq 1] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 954 
$$\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*b*e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n*(p+1) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{da \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2 (bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{b^{\frac{5}{2}}(-4abd^2x^6+b^2cx^6-3a^2d)x^3}{3}}{3(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{\frac{9}{2}}a}$	82

input `int(x^8*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(d*a*arctanh((b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/x^3/b^(1/2))*b^2*(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/3*b^(5/2)*(-4*a*b*d*x^6+b^2*c*x^6-3*a^2*d)*x^3)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)/b^(9/2)/a`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{3(ab^2dx^{12} + 2a^2bdx^6 + a^3d)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^6 - 2\sqrt{bx^6+a}\sqrt{bx^3-a}\right) + 2((b^3c - 4ab^2d)x^9 - 3a^2bdx^3)\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{18(ab^5x^{12} + 2a^2b^4x^6 + a^3b^3)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(ab^2dx^{12} + 2a^2bdx^6 + a^3d)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx^3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}\right) - ((b^3c - 4ab^2d)x^9 - 3a^2bdx^3)\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{9(ab^5x^{12} + 2a^2b^4x^6 + a^3b^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^8*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/18*(3*(a*b^2*d*x^12 + 2*a^2*b*d*x^6 + a^3*d)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^6 - 2*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(b)*x^3 - a) + 2*((b^3*c - 4*a*b^2*d)*x^9 - 3*a^2*b*d*x^3)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a*b^5*x^12 + 2*a^2*b^4*x^6 + a^3*b^3), -1/9*(3*(a*b^2*d*x^12 + 2*a^2*b*d*x^6 + a^3*d)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x^3/sqrt(b*x^6 + a)) - ((b^3*c - 4*a*b^2*d)*x^9 - 3*a^2*b*d*x^3)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a*b^5*x^12 + 2*a^2*b^4*x^6 + a^3*b^3)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**8*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{cx^9}{9(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}a} - \frac{1}{18} \left( \frac{2 \left( b + \frac{3(bx^6+a)}{x^6} \right) x^9}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2} b^2} + \frac{3 \log \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3}}{\sqrt{b} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{x^3}} \right)}{b^{5/2}} \right) d$$

input `integrate(x^8*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*c*x^9/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a) - 1/18*(2*(b + 3*(b*x^6 + a)/x^6)*x^9/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*b^2) + 3*log(-sqrt(b) - sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/x^3)/(sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/x^3)/b^(5/2))*d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: NotImplementedError}$$

input `integrate(x^8*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
Exception raised: NotImplementedError >> unable to parse Giac output: Recursive assumption sageVARa>=(-sageVARb/t_nostep^6) ignored2*(-(-9565938*sageVARb^7*sageVARa^4*sageVARc+38263752*sageVARb^6*sageVARd*sageVARa^5)*1/172186884/sageVARb^7/s
```

## Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^8(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((x^8*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int((x^8*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)
```

## Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2bdx^3 - 8\sqrt{bx^6 + a}ab^2dx^9 + 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^3cx^9 - 3\sqrt{b}\log(\sqrt{bx^6 + a})}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int(x^8*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*b*d*x**3 - 8*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b**2*d*x**9 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**3*c*x**9 - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**3*d - 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**2*b*d*x**6 - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) - sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b**2*d*x**12 + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**3*d + 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a**2*b*d*x**6 + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**6) + sqrt(b)*x**3)*a*b**2*d*x**12)/(18*a*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

$$3.34 \quad \int \frac{x^2(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	477
Mathematica [A] (verified)	477
Rubi [A] (verified)	478
Maple [A] (verified)	479
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	480
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	481
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	481
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	481
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	482

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)x^3}{9ab(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(2bc+ad)x^3}{9a^2b\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x^3/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/9*(a*d+2*b*c)*x^3/a^2/b/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^2(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3acx^3 + 2bcx^9 + adx^9}{9a^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(3*a*c*x^3 + 2*b*c*x^9 + a*d*x^9)/(9*a^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{(ad + 2bc) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} + \frac{x^3(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{x^3(ad + 2bc)}{9a^2b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} + \frac{x^3(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x^3)/(9*a*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*c + a*d)*x^3)/(9*a^2*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 957

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^3(adx^6+2bcx^6+3ac)}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	36
trager	$\frac{x^3(adx^6+2bcx^6+3ac)}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	36
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{x^3(adx^6+2bcx^6+3ac)}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	36
orering	$\frac{x^3(adx^6+2bcx^6+3ac)}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}$	36

input

```
int(x^2*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/9*x^3*(a*d*x^6+2*b*c*x^6+3*a*c)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)/a^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((2bc + ad)x^9 + 3acx^3)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{9(a^2b^2x^{12} + 2a^3bx^6 + a^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*((2*b*c + a*d)*x^9 + 3*a*c*x^3)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(a^2*b^2*x^12 + 2*a^3*b*x^6 + a^4)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 164.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = c \left( \frac{3ax^3}{9a^{7/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} + 9a^{5/2}bx^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}}} + \frac{2bx^9}{9a^{7/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} + 9a^{5/2}bx^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}}} \right) + \frac{dx^9}{9a^{5/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} + 9a^{3/2}bx^6\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}}}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `c*(3*a*x**3/(9*a**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a) + 9*a**(5/2)*b*x**6*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a)) + 2*b*x**9/(9*a**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a) + 9*a**(5/2)*b*x**6*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a))) + d*x**9/(9*a**(5/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a) + 9*a**(3/2)*b*x**6*sqrt(1 + b*x**6/a))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\left(b - \frac{3(bx^6+a)}{x^6}\right)cx^9}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2} + \frac{dx^9}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9*(b - 3*(b*x^6 + a)/x^6)*c*x^9/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^2) + 1/9*d*x^9/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{(2b^2c+abd)x^6}{a^2b} + \frac{3c}{a}\right)x^3}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*((2*b^2*c + a*b*d)*x^6/(a^2*b) + 3*c/a)*x^3/(b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3acx^3 + adx^9 + 2bcx^9}{9a^2(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x^2*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`output `(3*a*c*x^3 + a*d*x^9 + 2*b*c*x^9)/(9*a^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^2(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^3 (ad x^6 + 2bc x^6 + 3ac)}{9a^2 (b^2 x^{12} + 2ab x^6 + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^2*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3*(3*a*c + a*d*x**6 + 2*b*c*x**6))/(9*a**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

### 3.35 $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^4(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	483
Mathematica [A] (verified)	483
Rubi [A] (verified)	484
Maple [A] (verified)	485
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	486
Sympy [F(-1)]	486
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	487
Giac [F(-2)]	487
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	488
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	488

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{3ax^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(4bc - ad)x^3}{9a^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(4bc - ad)x^3}{9a^3 \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

output

$$-1/3*c/a/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/9*(-a*d+4*b*c)*x^3/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-2/9*(-a*d+4*b*c)*x^3/a^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3a^2c - 12abcx^6 + 3a^2dx^6 - 8b^2cx^{12} + 2abdx^{12}}{9a^3x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

Integrate[(c + d\*x^6)/(x^4\*(a + b\*x^6)^(5/2)),x]

output

$$(-3*a^2*c - 12*a*b*c*x^6 + 3*a^2*d*x^6 - 8*b^2*c*x^12 + 2*a*b*d*x^12)/(9*a^3*x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))$$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 955$$

$$-\frac{(4bc - ad) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{a} - \frac{c}{3ax^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$-\frac{(4bc - ad) \left( \frac{2b \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{x^3}{3a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{c}{3ax^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$-\frac{\left( \frac{2bx^9}{9a^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{x^3}{3a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) (4bc - ad)}{a} - \frac{c}{3ax^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/3*c/(a*x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - ((4*b*c - a*d)*(x^3/(3*a*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (2*b*x^9)/(9*a^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))))/a`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796  $\text{Int}[\text{((c\_)}*(x\_))^{\text{(m\_)}}*\text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)}*(x\_)^{\text{(n\_)}})^{\text{(p\_)}}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(c*x)^{\text{(m + 1)}}*\text{((a + b*x^n)^{\text{(p + 1)}}/(a*c*(m + 1)))}, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 803  $\text{Int}[(x\_)^{\text{(m\_)}}*\text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)}*(x\_)^{\text{(n\_)}})^{\text{(p\_)}}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[x^{\text{(m + 1)}}*\text{((a + b*x^n)^{\text{(p + 1)}}/(a*(m + 1)))}, x] - \text{Simp}[b*\text{((m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*(m + 1))} \ \text{Int}[x^{\text{(m + n)}}*(a + b*x^n)^{\text{p}}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 955  $\text{Int}[\text{((e\_)}*(x\_))^{\text{(m\_)}}*\text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)}*(x\_)^{\text{(n\_)}})^{\text{(p\_)}}*\text{((c\_)} + \text{(d\_)}*(x\_)^{\text{(n\_)}}), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[c*(e*x)^{\text{(m + 1)}}*\text{((a + b*x^n)^{\text{(p + 1)}}/(a*e*(m + 1)))}, x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{\text{(m + n)}}*(a + b*x^n)^{\text{p}}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[e, 0]) \ \&\& \ ((\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]) \ || \ (\text{LtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m + n, -1])) \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[p, -1]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(3dx^6 - 3c)a^2 - 12bx^6\left(-\frac{dx^6}{6} + c\right)a - 8b^2cx^{12}}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3a^3}$	57
gosper	$-\frac{-2abd x^{12} + 8b^2c x^{12} - 3a^2d x^6 + 12abc x^6 + 3a^2c}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3a^3}$	59
trager	$-\frac{-2abd x^{12} + 8b^2c x^{12} - 3a^2d x^6 + 12abc x^6 + 3a^2c}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3a^3}$	59
orering	$-\frac{-2abd x^{12} + 8b^2c x^{12} - 3a^2d x^6 + 12abc x^6 + 3a^2c}{9(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3a^3}$	59
risch	$-\frac{c\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{3a^3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}x^3(2abd x^6 - 5b^2c x^6 + 3a^2d - 6abc)}{9a^3(x^{12}b^2 + 2ax^6b + a^2)}$	86

input  $\text{int}((d*x^6+c)/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^{(5/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/9*((3*d*x^6-3*c)*a^2-12*b*x^6*(-1/6*d*x^6+c)*a-8*b^2*c*x^12)/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)/x^3/a^3$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(2(4b^2c - abd)x^{12} + 3(4abc - a^2d)x^6 + 3a^2c)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{9(a^3b^2x^{15} + 2a^4bx^9 + a^5x^3)}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/9*(2*(4*b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^{12} + 3*(4*a*b*c - a^2*d)*x^6 + 3*a^2*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(a^3*b^2*x^{15} + 2*a^4*b*x^9 + a^5*x^3)$

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**4/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\left(b - \frac{3(bx^6+a)}{x^6}\right) dx^9}{9 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2} + \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\left(b^2 - \frac{6(bx^6+a)b}{x^6}\right) x^9}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{a^3 x^3} \right) c$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*(b - 3*(b*x^6 + a)/x^6)*d*x^9/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^2) + 1/9*((b^2 - 6*(b*x^6 + a)*b/x^6)*x^9/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^3) - 3*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(a^3*x^3))*c`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: NotImplementedError}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: NotImplementedError >> unable to parse Giac output: Recursive assumption sageVARa>=(-sageVARb/t_nostep^6) ignored2*(-(47829690*sageVARb^7*sageVARa^6*sageVARc-19131876*sageVARb^6*sageVARa^7*sageVARd)*1/172186884/sageVARb^5/s`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a^2 c - 8c(bx^6 + a)^2 + a^2 dx^6 + 4ac(bx^6 + a) + 2adx^6(bx^6 + a)}{9a^3 x^3 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`output `(a^2*c - 8*c*(a + b*x^6)^2 + a^2*d*x^6 + 4*a*c*(a + b*x^6) + 2*a*d*x^6*(a + b*x^6))/(9*a^3*x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} (2abd x^{12} - 8b^2 c x^{12} + 3a^2 d x^6 - 12abc x^6 - 3a^2 c)}{9a^3 x^3 (b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*(- 3*a**2*c + 3*a**2*d*x**6 - 12*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 - 8*b**2*c*x**12))/(9*a**3*x**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

### 3.36 $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	489
Mathematica [A] (verified)	489
Rubi [A] (verified)	490
Maple [A] (verified)	492
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	492
Sympy [F(-1)]	493
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	493
Giac [F(-2)]	494
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	494
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	495

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{9ax^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{2bc - ad}{9a^2x^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{4(2bc - ad)}{9a^3x^3\sqrt{a + bx^6}} + \frac{8(2bc - ad)\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{9a^4x^3}$$

output

```
-1/9*c/a/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/9*(-a*d+2*b*c)/a^2/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-4/9*
(-a*d+2*b*c)/a^3/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+8/9*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^4/
x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{16b^3cx^{18} + 6a^2bx^6(c - 2dx^6) - 8ab^2x^{12}(-3c + dx^6) - a^3(c + 3dx^6)}{9a^4x^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

$$(16*b^3*c*x^18 + 6*a^2*b*x^6*(c - 2*d*x^6) - 8*a*b^2*x^12*(-3*c + d*x^6) - a^3*(c + 3*d*x^6))/(9*a^4*x^9*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 955$$

$$-\frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx}{a} - \frac{c}{9ax^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$-\frac{(2bc - ad) \left( -\frac{4b \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx}{a} - \frac{1}{3ax^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{c}{9ax^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$-\frac{(2bc - ad) \left( -\frac{4b \left( \frac{2b \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{x^3}{3a (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{3ax^3 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{c}{9ax^9 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{\left( -\frac{4b \left( \frac{2bx^9}{9a^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{x^3}{3a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{1}{3ax^3(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) (2bc - ad)}{a} - \frac{c}{9ax^9(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/9*c/(a*x^9*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - ((2*b*c - a*d)*(-1/3*1/(a*x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - (4*b*(x^3/(3*a*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (2*b*x^9)/(9*a^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))))/a)/a`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(3dx^6+c)a^3-6bx^6(-2dx^6+c)a^2-24\left(-\frac{dx^6}{3}+c\right)b^2x^{12}a-16b^3cx^{18}}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^9a^4}$	74
gosper	$-\frac{8ab^2dx^{18}-16b^3cx^{18}+12a^2bdx^{12}-24ab^2cx^{12}+3a^3dx^6-6a^2bcx^6+ca^3}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^9a^4}$	82
trager	$-\frac{8ab^2dx^{18}-16b^3cx^{18}+12a^2bdx^{12}-24ab^2cx^{12}+3a^3dx^6-6a^2bcx^6+ca^3}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^9a^4}$	82
orering	$-\frac{8ab^2dx^{18}-16b^3cx^{18}+12a^2bdx^{12}-24ab^2cx^{12}+3a^3dx^6-6a^2bcx^6+ca^3}{9(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^9a^4}$	82
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}(3adx^6-8bcx^6+ac)}{9a^4x^9} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^6+a}x^3(5abd^2x^6-8b^2cx^6+6a^2d-9abc)b}{9a^4(x^{12}b^2+2ax^6b+a^2)}$	104

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/9/(b*x^6+a)^{(3/2)}*((3*d*x^6+c)*a^3-6*b*x^6*(-2*d*x^6+c)*a^2-24*(-1/3*d*x^6+c)*b^2*x^{12}*a-16*b^3*c*x^{18})/x^9/a^4$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(8(2b^3c-ab^2d)x^{18}+12(2ab^2c-a^2bd)x^{12}+3(2a^2bc-a^3d)x^6-a^3c)\sqrt{bx^6+a}}{9(a^4b^2x^{21}+2a^5bx^{15}+a^6x^9)}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/9*(8*(2*b^3*c - a*b^2*d)*x^{18} + 12*(2*a*b^2*c - a^2*b*d)*x^{12} + 3*(2*a^2*b*c - a^3*d)*x^6 - a^3*c)*\text{sqrt}(b*x^6 + a)/(a^4*b^2*x^{21} + 2*a^5*b*x^{15} + a^6*x^9)$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**10/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\left( b^3 - \frac{9(bx^6+a)b^2}{x^6} \right) x^9}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4} - \frac{9\sqrt{bx^6+a} - \frac{(bx^6+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^9}}{a^4} \right) c$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{\left( b^2 - \frac{6(bx^6+a)b}{x^6} \right) x^9}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{a^3 x^3} \right) d$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*((b^3 - 9*(b*x^6 + a)*b^2/x^6)*x^9/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^4) - (9*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*b/x^3 - (b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)/x^9)/a^4)*c + 1/9*((b^2 - 6*(b*x^6 + a)*b/x^6)*x^9/((b*x^6 + a)^(3/2)*a^3) - 3*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(a^3*x^3))*d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: NotImplementedError}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: NotImplementedError >> unable to parse Giac output: Recursive assumption sageVARa>=(-sageVARb/t_nostep^6) ignored2*(-(-76527504*sageVARb^8*sageVARa^7*sageVARc+47829690*sageVARb^7*sageVARa^8*sageVARd)*1/172186884/sageVARb^5/`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^3 \left( \frac{b(2ad-3bc)}{2a^3} - \frac{a \left( \frac{2b^3c-ab^2d}{9a^4} + \frac{11b^2(2ad-3bc)}{18a^4} \right)}{b} \right)}{(bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{9a^3x^9} + \frac{x^3(8b^2c - 5abd)}{9a^4\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}(3a^3d - 8a^2bc)}{9a^6x^3}$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`

output `(x^3*((b*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(2*a^3) - (a*((2*b^3*c - a*b^2*d)/(9*a^4) + (11*b^2*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(18*a^4))/b))/(a + b*x^6)^(3/2) - (c*(a + b*x^6)^(1/2))/(9*a^3*x^9) + (x^3*(8*b^2*c - 5*a*b*d))/(9*a^4*(a + b*x^6)^(1/2)) - ((a + b*x^6)^(1/2)*(3*a^3*d - 8*a^2*b*c))/(9*a^6*x^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} (-8ab^2dx^{18} + 16b^3cx^{18} - 12a^2bdx^{12} + 24ab^2cx^{12} - 3a^3dx^6 + 6a^2bcx^0)}{9a^4x^9 (b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2)}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a + b*x**6)*(- a**3*c - 3*a**3*d*x**6 + 6*a**2*b*c*x**6 - 12*a**2*b*d*x**12 + 24*a*b**2*c*x**12 - 8*a*b**2*d*x**18 + 16*b**3*c*x**18))/(9*a**4*x**9*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

**3.37**  $\int \frac{x^{13}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	496
Mathematica [C] (verified)	497
Rubi [A] (verified)	497
Maple [F]	499
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	500
Sympy [F(-1)]	500
Maxima [F]	500
Giac [F]	501
Mupad [F(-1)]	501
Reduce [F]	501

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 315

$$\int \frac{x^{13}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a(bc-ad)x^2}{9b^3(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(11bc-20ad)x^2}{27b^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{dx^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{5b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(5bc-14ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)}{135\sqrt[4]{3}b^{10/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
1/9*a*(-a*d+b*c)*x^2/b^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/27*(-20*a*d+11*b*c)*x^2/b^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/5*d*x^2*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^3+16/405*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(-14*a*d+5*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/b^(10/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{x^{13}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left( 112a^2d + b^2x^6(-55c + 27dx^6) + ab(-40c + 154dx^6) + 8(5bc - 14ad)(a + bx^6) \right)}{135b^3(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^13*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^2*(112*a^2*d + b^2*x^6*(-55*c + 27*d*x^6) + a*b*(-40*c + 154*d*x^6) + 8*(5*b*c - 14*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, -((b*x^6)/a)])/(135*b^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {959, 807, 817, 817, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{13}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 14ad) \int \frac{x^{13}}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{5b} + \frac{dx^{14}}{5b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 14ad) \int \frac{x^{12}}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx^2}{10b} + \frac{dx^{14}}{5b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(5bc - 14ad) \left( \frac{8 \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{9b} - \frac{2x^8}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{10b} + \frac{dx^{14}}{5b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 817 \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 14ad) \left( \frac{8 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3b} - \frac{2x^2}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2x^8}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{10b} + \frac{dx^{14}}{5b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 759 \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 14ad) \left( \frac{8 \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), -7-4\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\frac{2x^2}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}}} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2x^8}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{10b} + \frac{dx^{14}}{5b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^13*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(d*x^14)/(5*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((5*b*c - 14*a*d)*((-2*x^8)/(9*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (8*((-2*x^2)/(3*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])) + (4*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*b^(4/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(9*b))/(10*b)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 807

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 817

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(
n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n
*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && !
ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{13}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^13*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^13*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x^{13}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{16((5b^3c - 14ab^2d)x^{12} + 2(5ab^2c - 14a^2bd)x^6 + 5a^2bc - 14a^3d)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4a/b, x^2) + (27b^3d^2x^{14} - 11(5b^3c - 14ab^2d)x^8 - 8(5ab^2c - 14a^2bd)x^2)\sqrt{b^6x^6 + a}}{135(b^6x^{12} -$$

input `integrate(x^13*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/135*(16*((5*b^3*c - 14*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 2*(5*a*b^2*c - 14*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + 5*a^2*b*c - 14*a^3*d)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2) + (27*b^3*d*x^14 - 11*(5*b^3*c - 14*a*b^2*d)*x^8 - 8*(5*a*b^2*c - 14*a^2*b*d)*x^2)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(b^6*x^12 + 2*a*b^5*x^6 + a^2*b^4)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{13}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**13*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{13}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^13*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^13/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{13}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^13*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^13/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{13}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{13}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^13*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^13*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{112\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2dx^2 - 40\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abcx^2 + 98\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abd^2x^8 - 35\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^2cx^8}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^13*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(112*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*d*x**2 - 40*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b*c*x**2 + 98*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b*d*x**8 - 35*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**2*c*x**8 + 7*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**2*d*x**14 - 224*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**5*d + 80*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*b*c - 448*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*b*d*x**6 + 160*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b**2*c*x**6 - 224*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b**2*d*x**12 + 80*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**12)/(35*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

**3.38** 
$$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	503
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	504
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	504
Maple [F] . . . . .	506
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	507
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	507
Maxima [F] . . . . .	507
Giac [F] . . . . .	508
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	508
Reduce [F] . . . . .	508

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 297

$$\int \frac{x^7(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^2}{9b^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(2bc-11ad)x^2}{27ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(bc+8ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),-7\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}ab^{7/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x^2/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/27*(-11*a*d+2*b*c)*x^2/a/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+2/81*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(8*a*d+b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a/b^(7/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left( -8a^2d + 2b^2cx^6 - ab(c + 11dx^6) + (bc + 8ad)(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric} \right)}{27ab^2(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^7*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^2*(-8*a^2*d + 2*b^2*c*x^6 - a*b*(c + 11*d*x^6) + (b*c + 8*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, -(b*x^6)/a]))/(27*a*b^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {957, 807, 817, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{957} \\ & \frac{(8ad + bc) \int \frac{x^7}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9ab} + \frac{x^8(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\ & \frac{(8ad + bc) \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{18ab} + \frac{x^8(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(8ad + bc) \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3b} - \frac{2x^2}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{18ab} + \frac{x^8(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{(8ad + bc) \left( \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), -7-4\sqrt{3} \right)}{3^4 \sqrt[3]{3} b^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2x^2}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{18ab} + \frac{x^8(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^7*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x^8)/(9*a*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((b*c + 8*a*d)*((-2*x^2)/(3*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (4*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*b^(4/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(18*a*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 817 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n *((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^7(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((b^3c + 8ab^2d)x^{12} + 2(ab^2c + 8a^2bd)x^6 + a^2bc + 8a^3d)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -\frac{a}{b}, x^2) + ((2b^3c - 11a^2b^2d)x^8 - (ab^2c + 8a^2bd)x^2)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -\frac{a}{b}, x^2)}{27(ab^5x^{12} + 2a^2b^4x^6 + a^3b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/27*(2*((b^3*c + 8*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 2*(a*b^2*c + 8*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + a^2*b*c + 8*a^3*d)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2) + ((2*b^3*c - 11*a*b^2*d)*x^8 - (a*b^2*c + 8*a^2*b*d)*x^2)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a*b^5*x^12 + 2*a^2*b^4*x^6 + a^3*b^3)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**7*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^7}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^7/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^7}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^7/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^7(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^7*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^7*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{bx^6 + a} adx^2 - \sqrt{bx^6 + a} bcx^2 - 7\sqrt{bx^6 + a} bdx^8 + 16 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x}{b^3x^{18} + 3ab^2x^{12} + 3a^2bx^6 + a^3} dx \right)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^7*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*d*x**2 - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*c*x**2 - 7*sqrt(a + b
*x**6)*b*d*x**8 + 16*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*
b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*d + 2*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*
a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b*c + 32*int((sqrt(a +
b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b*
d*x**6 + 4*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12
+ b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**6 + 16*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3
*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**12 + 2*int((
sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x
)*a*b**3*c*x**12)/(7*b**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

**3.39** 
$$\int \frac{x(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	510
Mathematica [C] (verified)	511
Rubi [A] (verified)	511
Maple [F]	513
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	514
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	514
Maxima [F]	515
Giac [F]	515
Mupad [F(-1)]	515
Reduce [F]	516

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 301

$$\int \frac{x(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)x^2}{9ab(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(7bc+2ad)x^2}{27a^2b\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(7bc+2ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),-7\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}a^2b^{4/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x^2/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/27*(2*a*d+7*b*c)*x^2/a^2/b/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/81*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2*a*d+7*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a^2/b^(4/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left( -2a^2d + 14b^2cx^6 + 4ab(5c + dx^6) + (7bc + 2ad)(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \right)}{54a^2b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x^2*(-2*a^2*d + 14*b^2*c*x^6 + 4*a*b*(5*c + d*x^6) + (7*b*c + 2*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, -(b*x^6)/a])/ (54*a^2*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {957, 807, 749, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{957} \\ & \frac{(2ad + 7bc) \int \frac{x}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9ab} + \frac{x^2(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\ & \frac{(2ad + 7bc) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{18ab} + \frac{x^2(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(2ad + 7bc) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3a} + \frac{2x^2}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{18ab} + \frac{x^2(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{(2ad + 7bc) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), -7-4\sqrt{3} \right)}{3^4 \sqrt[3]{3a} \sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}} \right)}{18ab} + \frac{2x^2}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\
 & \quad \frac{x^2(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x^2)/(9*a*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((7*b*c + 2*a*d)*((2*x^2)/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*a*b^(1/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(18*a*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 807

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 957

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a
*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*
(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && N
eQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1
, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

## Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{x(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((7b^3c + 2ab^2d)x^{12} + 2(7ab^2c + 2a^2bd)x^6 + 7a^2bc + 2a^3d)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4a/b, x^2) + ((7b^3c + 2ab^2d)x^8 + (10ab^2c - a^2bd)x^2)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{27(a^2b^4x^{12} + 2a^3b^3x^6 + a^4b^2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/27*(((7*b^3*c + 2*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 2*(7*a*b^2*c + 2*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + 7*a^2*b*c + 2*a^3*d)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2) + ((7*b^3*c + 2*a*b^2*d)*x^8 + (10*a*b^2*c - a^2*b*d)*x^2)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^2*b^4*x^12 + 2*a^3*b^3*x^6 + a^4*b^2)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 101.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{cx^2\Gamma(\frac{1}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{5}{2}}\Gamma(\frac{4}{3})} + \frac{dx^8\Gamma(\frac{4}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{5}{2}}\Gamma(\frac{7}{3})}$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `c*x**2*gamma(1/3)*hyper((1/3, 5/2), (4/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**5/2*gamma(4/3)) + d*x**8*gamma(4/3)*hyper((4/3, 5/2), (7/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**5/2*gamma(7/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} dx^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x}{b^3 x^{18} + 3ab^2 x^{12} + 3a^2 b x^6 + a^3} dx \right) a^3 d + 7 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x}{b^3 x^{18} + 3ab^2 x^{12} + 3a^2 b x^6 + a^3} dx \right) a^3 d}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*d + 7*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b*c + 4*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b*d*x**6 + 14*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a*b**2*c*x**6 + 2*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a*b**2*d*x**12 + 7*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*b**3*c*x**12)/(7*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

**3.40**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^5(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	517
Mathematica [C] (verified)	518
Rubi [A] (verified)	518
Maple [F]	520
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	521
Sympy [F(-1)]	521
Maxima [F]	521
Giac [F]	522
Mupad [F(-1)]	522
Reduce [F]	522

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 318

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^5(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{4ax^4(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(13bc-4ad)x^2}{36a^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{7(13bc-4ad)x^2}{108a^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$- \frac{7\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(13bc-4ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}}{108^4\sqrt[4]{3}a^3\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right), -\right)$$

output

```
-1/4*c/a/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/36*(-4*a*d+13*b*c)*x^2/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-
7/108*(-4*a*d+13*b*c)*x^2/a^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-7/324*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/
2))*(-4*a*d+13*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(
2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2)
))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3
^(3/4)/a^3/b^(1/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(
1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-182b^2cx^{12} + 4abx^6(-65c + 14dx^6) + a^2(-54c + 80dx^6) + 7(-13bc + 4ad)x^6(a + bx^6)}{216a^3x^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-182*b^2*c*x^12 + 4*a*b*x^6*(-65*c + 14*d*x^6) + a^2*(-54*c + 80*d*x^6) +
7*(-13*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1
[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, -(b*x^6)/a])/(216*a^3*x^4*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {955, 807, 749, 749, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\ & -\frac{(13bc - 4ad) \int \frac{x}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{4a} - \frac{c}{4ax^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\ & -\frac{(13bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx^2}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(13bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{7 \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{9a} + \frac{2x^2}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^4(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 749 \\
 & \frac{(13bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3a} + \frac{2x^2}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{2x^2}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^4(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 759 \\
 & \frac{(13bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), -7-4\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3^4 \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}} + \frac{2x^2}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a} \right)}{8a} - \frac{c}{4ax^4(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/4*c/(a*x^4*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - ((13*b*c - 4*a*d)*((2*x^2)/(9*a*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (7*((2*x^2)/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^3^(1/4)*a*b^(1/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])))/(9*a)))/(8*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1 /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^5 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{7((13b^3c - 4ab^2d)x^{16} + 2(13ab^2c - 4a^2bd)x^{10} + (13a^2bc - 4a^3d)x^4)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -\frac{4a}{b}, x^2)}{108(a^3b^3x^{16} + 2a^4b^2x^{10} + a^5bx^4)}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/108*(7*((13*b^3*c - 4*a*b^2*d)*x^16 + 2*(13*a*b^2*c - 4*a^2*b*d)*x^10 + (13*a^2*b*c - 4*a^3*d)*x^4)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2) + (7*(13*b^3*c - 4*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 10*(13*a*b^2*c - 4*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + 27*a^2*b*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^3*b^3*x^16 + 2*a^4*b^2*x^10 + a^5*b*x^4)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**5/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^5), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^5), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^5 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)), x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} d - 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3 x^{23} + 3a b^2 x^{17} + 3a^2 b x^{11} + a^3 x^5} dx \right) a^3 d x^4 + 13 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3 x^{23} + 3a b^2 x^{17} + 3a^2 b x^{11} + a^3 x^5} dx \right) a^3 d x^4}{1}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 4*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**5 + 3*a**2*b*x**1
1 + 3*a*b**2*x**17 + b**3*x**23),x)*a**3*d*x**4 + 13*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/
(a**3*x**5 + 3*a**2*b*x**11 + 3*a*b**2*x**17 + b**3*x**23),x)*a**2*b*c*x**
4 - 8*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**5 + 3*a**2*b*x**11 + 3*a*b**2*x**17 +
b**3*x**23),x)*a**2*b*d*x**10 + 26*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**5 + 3*a**
2*b*x**11 + 3*a*b**2*x**17 + b**3*x**23),x)*a*b**2*c*x**10 - 4*int(sqrt(a
+ b*x**6)/(a**3*x**5 + 3*a**2*b*x**11 + 3*a*b**2*x**17 + b**3*x**23),x)*a*
b**2*d*x**16 + 13*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**5 + 3*a**2*b*x**11 + 3*a*b
**2*x**17 + b**3*x**23),x)*b**3*c*x**16)/(13*b*x**4*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b
**2*x**12))
```



$$3.41 \quad \int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{11}(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	524
Mathematica [C] (verified)	525
Rubi [A] (verified)	525
Maple [F]	529
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	529
Sympy [F(-1)]	529
Maxima [F]	530
Giac [F]	530
Mupad [F(-1)]	530
Reduce [F]	531

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 348

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{11}(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{10ax^{10}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{19bc-10ad}{90a^2x^4(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{13(19bc-10ad)}{270a^3x^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{91(19bc-10ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{1080a^4x^4} + \frac{91\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}b^{2/3}(19bc-10ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}}{1080\sqrt[4]{3}a^4\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)$$

output

```
-1/10*c/a/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/90*(-10*a*d+19*b*c)/a^2/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-13/270*(-10*a*d+19*b*c)/a^3/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+91/1080*(-10*a*d+19*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^4+91/3240*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*b^(2/3)*(-10*a*d+19*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a^4/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-4a^2c + (19bc - 10ad)x^6(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{40a^3x^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^11*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-4*a^2*c + (19*b*c - 10*a*d)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 5/2, 1/3, -((b*x^6)/a)]/(40*a^3*x^10*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {955, 807, 819, 819, 847, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\ & -\frac{(19bc - 10ad) \int \frac{1}{x^5 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx}{10a} - \frac{c}{10ax^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\ & -\frac{(19bc - 10ad) \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx^2}{20a} - \frac{c}{10ax^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(19bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{13 \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{9a} + \frac{2}{9ax^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{20a} - \frac{c}{10ax^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 819

$$\frac{(19bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{13 \left( \frac{7 \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^2}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^4 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{2}{9ax^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{20a} - \frac{c}{10ax^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 847

$$\frac{(19bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{13 \left( \frac{7 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^2}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{2ax^4} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^4 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{2}{9ax^4 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{20a} - \frac{c}{10ax^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{(19bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{7 \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} b^{2/3} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), -7-4\sqrt{3} \right)}{13 \sqrt[4]{3a} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a}$$


---


$$\frac{c}{10ax^{10} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \qquad \frac{20a}{9a}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^11*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/10*c/(a*x^10*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - ((19*b*c - 10*a*d)*(2/(9*a*x^4*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (13*(2/(3*a*x^4*sqrt[a + b*x^6])) + (7*(-1/2*sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(a*x^4) - (sqrt[2 + sqrt[3]]*b^(2/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*sqrt[3]])/(2*3^(1/4)*a*sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*sqrt[a + b*x^6])))/(3*a)))/(9*a)))/(20*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 807

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 819

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(
c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p +
1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]
```

rule 847

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x
)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1)
+ 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]
```

rule 955

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*
c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) ||
(LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^{11} (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{91 ((19b^3c - 10ab^2d)x^{22} + 2(19ab^2c - 10a^2bd)x^{16} + (19a^2bc - 10a^3d)x^{10})\sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4a/b, x^2) + (91(19b^3c - 10a^3d)x^{18} + 130(19a^2bc - 10a^2bd)x^{12} + 27(19a^2bc - 10a^3d)x^6 - 108a^3c)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{(a^4b^2x^{22} + 2a^5bx^{16} + a^6x^{10})}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/1080*(91*((19*b^3*c - 10*a*b^2*d)*x^22 + 2*(19*a*b^2*c - 10*a^2*b*d)*x^16 + (19*a^2*b*c - 10*a^3*d)*x^10)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2) + (91*(19*b^3*c - 10*a^3*d)*x^18 + 130*(19*a*b^2*c - 10*a^2*b*d)*x^12 + 27*(19*a^2*b*c - 10*a^3*d)*x^6 - 108*a^3*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^4*b^2*x^22 + 2*a^5*b*x^16 + a^6*x^10)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**11/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^{11}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^11), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^{11}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^11), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^{11} (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^11*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^11*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} d - 10 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3 x^{29} + 3ab^2 x^{23} + 3a^2 b x^{17} + a^3 x^{11}} dx \right) a^3 d x^{10} + 19 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6}}{b^3 x^{29} + 3ab^2 x^{23} + 3a^2 b x^{17} + a^3 x^{11}} dx \right) a^3 d x^{10}}{x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 10*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**11 + 3*a**2*b*x**17 + 3*a*b**2*x**23 + b**3*x**29),x)*a**3*d*x**10 + 19*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**11 + 3*a**2*b*x**17 + 3*a*b**2*x**23 + b**3*x**29),x)*a**2*b*c*x**10 - 20*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**11 + 3*a**2*b*x**17 + 3*a*b**2*x**23 + b**3*x**29),x)*a**2*b*d*x**16 + 38*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**11 + 3*a**2*b*x**17 + 3*a*b**2*x**23 + b**3*x**29),x)*a*b**2*c*x**16 - 10*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**11 + 3*a**2*b*x**17 + 3*a*b**2*x**23 + b**3*x**29),x)*a*b**2*d*x**22 + 19*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**11 + 3*a**2*b*x**17 + 3*a*b**2*x**23 + b**3*x**29),x)*b**3*c*x**22)/(19*b*x**10*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`



**3.42** 
$$\int \frac{x^{12}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	532
Mathematica [C] (verified)	533
Rubi [A] (verified)	533
Maple [F]	535
Fricas [F]	536
Sympy [F(-1)]	536
Maxima [F]	536
Giac [F]	537
Mupad [F(-1)]	537
Reduce [F]	537

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 303

$$\int \frac{x^{12}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a(bc-ad)x}{9b^3(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(10bc-19ad)x}{27b^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{4b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{7(4bc-13ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right), \frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)}{216\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt[3]{ab^3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
1/9*a*(-a*d+b*c)*x/b^3/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/27*(-19*a*d+10*b*c)*x/b^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/4*d*x*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^3+7/648*(-13*a*d+4*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(1/3)/b^3/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{x^{12}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left( 91a^2d + b^2x^6(-40c + 27dx^6) + ab(-28c + 130dx^6) + 7(4bc - 13ad)(a + bx^6) \right) \sqrt{1 + (bx^6)/a}}{108b^3(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^12*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(91*a^2*d + b^2*x^6*(-40*c + 27*d*x^6) + a*b*(-28*c + 130*d*x^6) + 7*(4*b*c - 13*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, -(b*x^6)/a]))/(108*b^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {959, 817, 817, 766}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{12}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \frac{(4bc - 13ad) \int \frac{x^{12}}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{4b} + \frac{dx^{13}}{4b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\ & \frac{(4bc - 13ad) \left( \frac{7 \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9b} - \frac{x^7}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} + \frac{dx^{13}}{4b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 817 \\
 & (4bc - 13ad) \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3b} - \frac{x}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right) - \frac{x^7}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}}{4b} \right) + \frac{dx^{13}}{4b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 766 \\
 & (4bc - 13ad) \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{x \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{(1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{4} (2+\sqrt{3}) \right)}{\sqrt[6]{3} \sqrt[3]{ab} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}} - \frac{x}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9b} \right) - \frac{x^7}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \frac{dx^{13}}{4b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^12*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*x^13)/(4*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((4*b*c - 13*a*d)*(-1/9*x^7/(b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (7*(-1/3*x/(b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(6*3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*b*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(9*b)))/(4*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 766

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/
(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*(s +
r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*
r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x
]
```

rule 817

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[c^(
n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n
*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && !
ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{12}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^12*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^12*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{12}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{12}}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^12*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^18 + c*x^12)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^3*x^18 + 3*a*b^2*x^12 + 3*a^2*b*x^6 + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{12}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**12*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{12}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{12}}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^12*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^12/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{12}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{12}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^12*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^12/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{12}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{12}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^12*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^12*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{12}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{91\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2dx - 28\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abcx + 104\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abd x^7 - 32\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^2c x^7 + \dots}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^12*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(91*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*d*x - 28*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b*c*x + 104*sqrt(a +
b*x**6)*a*b*d*x**7 - 32*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**2*c*x**7 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**6
)*b**2*d*x**13 - 91*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*
x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**5*d + 28*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x
**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*b*c - 182*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/
(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*b*d*x**6 + 56
*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18)
,x)*a**3*b**2*c*x**6 - 91*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a
*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b**2*d*x**12 + 28*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(
a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**12)/
(64*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

**3.43**  $\int \frac{x^6(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	539
Mathematica [C] (verified)	540
Rubi [A] (verified)	540
Maple [F]	542
Fricas [F]	542
Sympy [F(-1)]	543
Maxima [F]	543
Giac [F]	543
Mupad [F(-1)]	544
Reduce [F]	544

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 284

$$\int \frac{x^6(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x}{9b^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(bc-10ad)x}{27ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{(2bc+7ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right), \frac{1}{4}(2 + \sqrt{3})\right)}{54\sqrt[4]{3}a^{4/3}b^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/27*(-10*a*d+b*c)*x/a/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/162*(7*a*d+2*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^1/2*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(4/3)/b^2/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^1/2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-7a^2dx + b^2cx^7 - 2abx(c + 5dx^6) + (2bc + 7ad)x(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric}2F1}{27ab^2(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^6*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-7*a^2*d*x + b^2*c*x^7 - 2*a*b*x*(c + 5*d*x^6) + (2*b*c + 7*a*d)*x*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, -((b*x^6)/a)]/(27*a*b^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {957, 817, 766}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{957} \\ & \frac{(7ad + 2bc) \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9ab} + \frac{x^7(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\ & \frac{(7ad + 2bc) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3b} - \frac{x}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9ab} + \frac{x^7(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{766} \end{aligned}$$

$$(7ad + 2bc) \left( \frac{x \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{4} (2 + \sqrt{3}) \right)}{6 \sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt[3]{ab} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2} \sqrt{a + bx^6}}} - \frac{x}{3b\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right) + \frac{x^7(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^6*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x^7)/(9*a*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*c + 7*a*d)*(-1/3*x/(b*  
Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(6*3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*b*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(9*a*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 817 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 957

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^6}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x^12 + c*x^6)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^3*x^18 + 3*a*b^2*x^12 + 3*a^2*b*x^6 + a^3), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^6}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^6/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^6}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^6/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^6*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`output `int((x^6*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-7\sqrt{bx^6 + a}adx - 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a}bcx - 8\sqrt{bx^6 + a}bdx^7 + 7\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3x^{18} + 3ab^2x^{12} + 3a^2bx^6 + a^3} dx\right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^6*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`output `( - 7*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*d*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*c*x - 8*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*d*x**7 + 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*d + 2*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b*c + 14*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b*d*x**6 + 4*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**6 + 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*d*x**12 + 2*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a*b**3*c*x**12)/(16*b**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

**3.44**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	545
Mathematica [C] (verified)	546
Rubi [A] (verified)	546
Maple [F]	548
Fricas [F]	548
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	549
Maxima [F]	549
Giac [F]	549
Mupad [F(-1)]	550
Reduce [F]	550

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 286

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(bc - ad)x}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(8bc + ad)x}{27a^2b\sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{(8bc + ad)x \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1 - \sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right), \frac{1}{4}(2 + \sqrt{3})\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}a^{7/3}b \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \sqrt{a + bx^6}}$$

output

```
1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/27*(a*d+8*b*c)*x/a^2/b/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/81*(a*d+8*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^1/2*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(7/3)/b/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^1/2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2a^2dx + 8b^2cx^7 + abx(11c + dx^6) + 2(8bc + ad)x(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right]}{27a^2b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*d*x + 8*b^2*c*x^7 + a*b*x*(11*c + d*x^6) + 2*(8*b*c + a*d)*x*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, -(b*x^6)/a]]/(27*a^2*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {910, 749, 766}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{910} \\ & \frac{(ad + 8bc) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9ab} + \frac{x(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \\ & \frac{(ad + 8bc) \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9ab} + \frac{x(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{766} \end{aligned}$$

$$(ad + 8bc) \left( \frac{x \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3} x^4}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{4} (2 + \sqrt{3}) \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{3} a^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a + bx^6}} + \frac{x}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right) + \frac{9ab}{x(bc - ad)} \frac{1}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x)/(9*a*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((8*b*c + a*d)*(x/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(3*3^(1/4)*a^(4/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(9*a*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`



rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(d*x^6 + c)/(b^3*x^18 + 3*a*b^2*x^12 + 3*a^2*b*x^6 + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 119.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{cx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{5}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{6}\right)} + \frac{dx^7\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{7}{6}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{\frac{5}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{13}{6}\right)}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `c*x*gamma(1/6)*hyper((1/6, 5/2), (7/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**  
(5/2)*gamma(7/6)) + d*x**7*gamma(7/6)*hyper((7/6, 5/2), (13/6,), b*x**6*exp  
_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(5/2)*gamma(13/6))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} dx + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3x^{18} + 3ab^2x^{12} + 3a^2bx^6 + a^3} dx \right) a^3d + 8 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3x^{18} + 3ab^2x^{12} + 3a^2bx^6 + a^3} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2), x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d*x + int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18), x)*a**3*d + 8*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18), x)*a**2*b*c + 2*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18), x)*a**2*b*d*x**6 + 16*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18), x)*a*b**2*c*x**6 + int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18), x)*a*b**2*d*x**12 + 8*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18), x)*b**3*c*x**12)/(8*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

**3.45**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^6(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	551
Mathematica [C] (verified)	552
Rubi [A] (verified)	552
Maple [F]	554
Fricas [F]	555
Sympy [F(-1)]	555
Maxima [F]	555
Giac [F]	556
Mupad [F(-1)]	556
Reduce [F]	556

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 302

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^6(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{5ax^5(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(14bc-5ad)x}{45a^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{8(14bc-5ad)x}{135a^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{8(14bc-5ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{135^2 a^{10/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right), \frac{1}{4}(2 + \sqrt{3})\right)$$

output

```
-1/5*c/a/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/45*(-5*a*d+14*b*c)*x/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-8/
135*(-5*a*d+14*b*c)*x/a^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-8/405*(-5*a*d+14*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)
+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/
2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1
/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/
4)/a^(10/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3
)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-112b^2cx^{12} + 2abx^6(-77c + 20dx^6) + a^2(-27c + 55dx^6) + 16(-14bc + 5ad)x^6(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}{135a^3x^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-112*b^2*c*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6*(-77*c + 20*d*x^6) + a^2*(-27*c + 55*d*x^6) +
16*(-14*b*c + 5*a*d)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F
1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, -((b*x^6)/a)]/(135*a^3*x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {955, 749, 749, 766}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 955$$

$$-\frac{(14bc - 5ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{5a} - \frac{c}{5ax^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 749$$

$$-\frac{(14bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{8 \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9a} + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{c}{5ax^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 749 \\
 (14bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{8 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{x}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{c}{5ax^5(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 766 \\
 (14bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{8 \left( \frac{x \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + \sqrt[3]{a}} \right), \frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3}) \right)}{\sqrt[3]{3}a^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}} + \frac{x}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{c}{5ax^5(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/5*c/(a*x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - ((14*b*c - 5*a*d)*(x/(9*a*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (8*(x/(3*a*sqrt[a + b*x^6])) + (x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + sqrt[3])/4])/(3*3^(1/4)*a^(4/3)*sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(9*a)))/(5*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 749 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || Denominator[p + 1/n] < Denominator[p])`

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(d*x^6 + c)/(b^3*x^24 + 3*a*b^2*x^18 + 3*a^2*b*x^12 + a^3*x^6), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**6/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^6), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^6), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^6*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^6 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} d - 5 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3 x^{24} + 3a b^2 x^{18} + 3a^2 b x^{12} + a^3 x^6} dx \right) a^3 d x^5 + 14 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3 x^{24} + 3a b^2 x^{18} + 3a^2 b x^{12} + a^3 x^6} dx \right) a^3 d x^5}{1}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^6/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 5*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*x**12 + 3*a*b**2*x**18 + b**3*x**24),x)*a**3*d*x**5 + 14*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*x**12 + 3*a*b**2*x**18 + b**3*x**24),x)*a**2*b*c*x**5 - 10*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*x**12 + 3*a*b**2*x**18 + b**3*x**24),x)*a**2*b*d*x**11 + 28*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*x**12 + 3*a*b**2*x**18 + b**3*x**24),x)*a*b**2*c*x**11 - 5*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*x**12 + 3*a*b**2*x**18 + b**3*x**24),x)*a*b**2*d*x**17 + 14*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*x**12 + 3*a*b**2*x**18 + b**3*x**24),x)*b**3*c*x**17)/(14*b*x**5*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

**3.46**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{12}(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	558
Mathematica [C] (verified)	559
Rubi [A] (verified)	559
Maple [F]	562
Fricas [F]	563
Sympy [F(-1)]	563
Maxima [F]	563
Giac [F]	564
Mupad [F(-1)]	564
Reduce [F]	564

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 337

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^{12}(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{11ax^{11}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{20bc-11ad}{99a^2x^5(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{14(20bc-11ad)}{297a^3x^5\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{112(20bc-11ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{1485a^4x^5}$$

$$+ \frac{112b(20bc-11ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right), \frac{1}{4}\right) (2 +$$

$$+ \frac{1485\sqrt[4]{3}a^{13/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}{1485\sqrt[4]{3}a^{13/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/11*c/a/x^11/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/99*(-11*a*d+20*b*c)/a^2/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-14/297*(-11*a*d+20*b*c)/a^3/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+112/1485*(-11*a*d+20*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^5+112/4455*b*(-11*a*d+20*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4)*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/a^(13/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-5a^2c + (20bc - 11ad)x^6(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{55a^3x^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^12*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-5*a^2*c + (20*b*c - 11*a*d)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 5/2, 1/6, -((b*x^6)/a)]/(55*a^3*x^11*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {955, 819, 819, 847, 766}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\ & -\frac{(20bc - 11ad) \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx}{11a} - \frac{c}{11ax^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\ & -\frac{(20bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{14 \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax^5 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{c}{11ax^{11} (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (20bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{14 \left( \frac{8 \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^5 \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax^5(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 11a \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{c}{11ax^{11}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 847 \\
 (20bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{14 \left( \frac{8 \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{5a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{5ax^5} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax^5 \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax^5(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{11a}{c} \\
 \frac{11ax^{11}(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}{c} \\
 \downarrow 766
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(20bc - 11ad)}{9a} \left( \frac{8}{14} \left( \frac{bx \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2 + b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2 + \sqrt[3]{a}}}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2 + \sqrt[3]{a}}} \right), \frac{1}{4} (2 + \sqrt{3}) \right)}{\sqrt[5]{3} a^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1 + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \sqrt{a + bx^6}} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{5ax^5} \right) + \frac{c}{11a} \right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^12*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/11*c/(a*x^11*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - ((20*b*c - 11*a*d)*(1/(9*a*x^5*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (14*(1/(3*a*x^5*sqrt[a + b*x^6])) + (8*(-1/5*sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(a*x^5) - (b*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*ellipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + sqrt[3])/4])/(5*3^(1/4)*a^(4/3)*sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*sqrt[a + b*x^6])))/(3*a))/(9*a)))/(11*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^{12} (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^{12}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(d*x^6 + c)/(b^3*x^30 + 3*a*b^2*x^24 + 3*a^2*b*x^18 + a^3*x^12), x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**12/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^{12}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^12), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^{12}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^12), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^{12} (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^12*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^12*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^{12} (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} d - 11 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3 x^{30} + 3a b^2 x^{24} + 3a^2 b x^{18} + a^3 x^{12}} dx \right) a^3 d x^{11} + 20 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6}}{b^3 x^{30} + 3a b^2 x^{24} + 3a^2 b x^{18} + a^3 x^{12}} dx \right) a^3 d x^{11}}{1}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^12/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 11*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**12 + 3*a**2*b*x*
*18 + 3*a*b**2*x**24 + b**3*x**30),x)*a**3*d*x**11 + 20*int(sqrt(a + b*x**
6)/(a**3*x**12 + 3*a**2*b*x**18 + 3*a*b**2*x**24 + b**3*x**30),x)*a**2*b*c
*x**11 - 22*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**12 + 3*a**2*b*x**18 + 3*a*b**2*x
**24 + b**3*x**30),x)*a**2*b*d*x**17 + 40*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**12
+ 3*a**2*b*x**18 + 3*a*b**2*x**24 + b**3*x**30),x)*a*b**2*c*x**17 - 11*in
t(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**12 + 3*a**2*b*x**18 + 3*a*b**2*x**24 + b**3*x*
*30),x)*a*b**2*d*x**23 + 20*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**12 + 3*a**2*b*x*
*18 + 3*a*b**2*x**24 + b**3*x**30),x)*b**3*c*x**23)/(20*b*x**11*(a**2 + 2*
a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

**3.47**       $\int \frac{x^{16}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	566
Mathematica [C] (verified)	567
Rubi [A] (verified)	568
Maple [F]	573
Fricas [F]	574
Sympy [F(-1)]	574
Maxima [F]	574
Giac [F]	575
Mupad [F(-1)]	575
Reduce [F]	575

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 608

$$\int \frac{x^{16}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^{11}}{9b^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(11bc-20ad)x^5}{27b^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{dx^5\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{8b^3} + \frac{55(1+\sqrt{3})(8bc-17ad)x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{432b^{11/3}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$


---


$$55\sqrt[3]{a}(8bc-17ad)x\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)$$


---


$$144\sqrt[3]{3}b^{11/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}$$

$$55(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}(8bc-17ad)x\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)$$


---


$$864\sqrt[4]{3}b^{11/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}$$

output

```

-1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x^11/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/27*(-20*a*d+11*b*c)*x^5/b^3/(b*
x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/8*d*x^5*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^3+55/432*(1+3^(1/2))*(-17*a*d+8*b
*c)*x*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^(11/3)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)-55/432*a^
(1/3)*(-17*a*d+8*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^
2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((1-(a^
(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)
),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/b^(11/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*
x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-55/2592*(1
-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)*(-17*a*d+8*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3
))*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*Inve
rseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*
b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/b^(11/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1
/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2
)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{x^{16}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^5 \left( -187a^2d + ab(88c - 68dx^6) + 8b^2x^6(4c + dx^6) + 11(-8bc + 17ad)(a + bx^6) \right) \sqrt{1}}{64b^3(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^16*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```

(x^5*(-187*a^2*d + a*b*(88*c - 68*d*x^6) + 8*b^2*x^6*(4*c + d*x^6) + 11*(-
8*b*c + 17*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/6, 5/2
, 11/6, -(b*x^6)/a]))/(64*b^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 592, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$ , Rules used = {959, 817, 817, 837, 25, 766, 2420}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{16}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(8bc - 17ad) \int \frac{x^{16}}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{8b} + \frac{dx^{17}}{8b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(8bc - 17ad) \left( \frac{11 \int \frac{x^{10}}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9b} - \frac{x^{11}}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{8b} + \frac{dx^{17}}{8b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(8bc - 17ad) \left( \frac{11 \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3b} - \frac{x^5}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9b} - \frac{x^{11}}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{8b} + \frac{dx^{17}}{8b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{837}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(8bc - 17ad) \left( \frac{11 \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{x^5}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9b} - \frac{x^{11}}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{8b}{dx^{17}} \\ 8b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}$$

↓ 25

$$(8bc - 17ad) \left( \frac{11 \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{x^5}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9b} - \frac{x^{11}}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{8b}{dx^{17}} \\ 8b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}$$

↓ 766

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 5 \\ 11 \end{array} \right) \left( \int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx \right) \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{ax}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{2b^{2/3}} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)$$


---


$$\frac{4\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3}}{3b} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}$$


---


$$(8bc - 17ad) \qquad \qquad \qquad 9b$$

---


$$\frac{dx^{17}}{8b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \qquad \qquad \qquad 8b$$

↓ 2420

$$\left( \frac{(1+\sqrt{3})x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt[3]{a}x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+\sqrt[3]{a}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\right)} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} (2+\sqrt{a+bx^6})$$

5

---

11

---

(8bc - 17ad)

---



input `Int[(x^16*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*x^17)/(8*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((8*b*c - 17*a*d)*(-1/9*x^11/(b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (11*(-1/3*x^5/(b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (5*(((1 + Sqrt[3])*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2) - (3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticE[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4]))/(Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(2*b^(2/3)) - ((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4]))/(4*3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(3*b))/(9*b))/(8*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2)])))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 817 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 837 `Int[(x_)^4/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(Sqrt[3] - 1)*(s^2/(2*r^2)) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] - Simp[1/(2*r^2) Int[((Sqrt[3] - 1)*s^2 - 2*r^2*x^4)/Sqrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 2420 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^4)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(1 + Sqrt[3])*d*s^3*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(2*a*r^2*(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*d*s*x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*r^2*Sqrt[(r*x^2*(s + r*x^2))/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))*EllipticE[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[2*Rt[b/a, 3]^2*c - (1 - Sqrt[3])*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{16}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^16*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^16*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{16}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{16}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^16*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^22 + c*x^16)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^3*x^18 + 3*a*b^2*x^12 + 3*a^2*b*x^6 + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{16}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**16*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{16}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{16}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^16*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^16/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{16}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{16}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^16*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^16/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{16}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{16}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^16*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^16*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{16}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-187\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2dx^5 + 88\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abcx^5 - 68\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abd x^{11} + 32\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^2c}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^16*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 187*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*d*x**5 + 88*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b*c*x**5 - 68
*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b*d*x**11 + 32*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**2*c*x**11 + 8*sqrt(
a + b*x**6)*b**2*d*x**17 + 935*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*
b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**5*d - 440*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6
)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*b*c +
1870*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 +
b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*b*d*x**6 - 880*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*
a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b**2*c*x**6 + 935*int((
sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18
),x)*a**3*b**2*d*x**12 - 440*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*
x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**12)/(64*b**3*(a**2 +
2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

**3.48** 
$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	577
Mathematica [C] (verified)	578
Rubi [A] (verified)	579
Maple [F]	584
Fricas [F]	585
Sympy [F(-1)]	585
Maxima [F]	585
Giac [F]	586
Mupad [F(-1)]	586
Reduce [F]	586

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 592

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^5}{9b^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(5bc-14ad)x^5}{27ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{5(1+\sqrt{3})(2bc-11ad)x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{54ab^{8/3}(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}$$

$$+ \frac{5(2bc-11ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{18\sqrt[3]{3}a^{2/3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{5(1-\sqrt{3})(2bc-11ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),\frac{1}{4}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{108\sqrt[4]{3}a^{2/3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}}$$

output

```
-1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x^5/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/27*(-14*a*d+5*b*c)*x^5/a/b^2/(b*
x^6+a)^(1/2)-5/54*(1+3^(1/2))*(-11*a*d+2*b*c)*x*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a/b^(8/3)/
(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)+5/54*(-11*a*d+2*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*
x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/
3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((1-(a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2/(a^(1/3)
+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/a^(2/3
)/b^(8/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*
x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+5/324*(1-3^(1/2))*(-11*a*d+2*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)
+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/
2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/
3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/
4)/a^(2/3)/b^(8/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2)
)*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^5 \left( a(-2bc + 11ad + 4bdx^6) + (2bc - 11ad)(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \right)}{8ab^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^10*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^5*(a*(-2*b*c + 11*a*d + 4*b*d*x^6) + (2*b*c - 11*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[
1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/6, 5/2, 11/6, -((b*x^6)/a)]))/(8*a*b^2*
(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 592, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$ , Rules used = {959, 817, 819, 837, 25, 766, 2420}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 11ad) \int \frac{x^{10}}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{2b} + \frac{dx^{11}}{2b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9b} - \frac{x^5}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{dx^{11}}{2b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3a} \right)}{9b} - \frac{x^5}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{2b} + \frac{dx^{11}}{2b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{837}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$(2bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{2b^{2/3}} dx \right)}{3a} \right)}{9b} - \frac{x^5}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2b}{dx^{11}} \frac{1}{2b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$(2bc - 11ad) \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{9b} - \frac{x^5}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2b}{dx^{11}} \frac{1}{2b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 766

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{ax}(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}})}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}})}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}\right)}{4\sqrt[3]{3}b^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{5}{3a} \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{3a}{9b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$(2bc - 11ad)$

$2b$

$$\frac{dx^{11}}{2b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \downarrow 2420$$

$$\frac{(1+\sqrt{3})x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt[3]{ax}\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2+\sqrt[3]{a}}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2+\sqrt[3]{a}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}$$


---


$$\frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$


---

$(2bc - 11ad)$

$$\frac{dx^{11}}{2b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^10*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*x^11)/(2*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*c - 11*a*d)*(-1/9*x^5/(b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (5*(x^5/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - (2*(((1 + Sqrt[3])*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2) - (3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticE[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/((Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(2*b^(2/3)) - ((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/((4*3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(3*a)))/(9*b)))/(2*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2])/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 817 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 837 `Int[(x_)^4/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(Sqrt[3] - 1)*(s^2/(2*r^2)) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] - Simp[1/(2*r^2) Int[((Sqrt[3] - 1)*s^2 - 2*r^2*x^4)/Sqrt[a + b*x^6], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 2420 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^4)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(1 + Sqrt[3])*d*s^3*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(2*a*r^2*(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*d*s*x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*r^2*Sqrt[(r*x^2*(s + r*x^2))/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))*EllipticE[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[2*Rt[b/a, 3]^2*c - (1 - Sqrt[3])*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{10}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^16 + c*x^10)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^3*x^18 + 3*a*b^2*x^12 + 3*a^2*b*x^6 + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**10*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{10}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^10/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{10}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^10/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{10}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^10*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^10*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{10}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{11\sqrt{bx^6 + a} adx^5 - 2\sqrt{bx^6 + a} bcx^5 + 4\sqrt{bx^6 + a} bdx^{11} - 55 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^4}{b^3 x^{18} + 3ab^2 x^{12} + 3a^2 bx^6} dx \right)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^10*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(11*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*d*x**5 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*c*x**5 + 4*sqrt(a + b
*x**6)*b*d*x**11 - 55*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 +
3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*d + 10*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a
**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b*c - 110*int((
sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18
),x)*a**3*b*d*x**6 + 20*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6
+ 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**6 - 55*int((sqrt(a + b*x*
*6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**
2*d*x**12 + 10*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**
2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a*b**3*c*x**12)/(8*b**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2
*x**12))
```



**3.49**       $\int \frac{x^4(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	588
Mathematica [C] (verified)	589
Rubi [A] (verified)	590
Maple [F]	594
Fricas [F]	594
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	595
Maxima [F]	595
Giac [F]	596
Mupad [F(-1)]	596
Reduce [F]	596

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 595

$$\int \frac{x^4(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)x^5}{9ab(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(4bc+5ad)x^5}{27a^2b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{(1+\sqrt{3})(4bc+5ad)x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{27a^2b^{5/3}(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}$$


---


$$(4bc+5ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)$$


---


$$+ \frac{9\sqrt[3]{3}a^{5/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}$$


---


$$(1-\sqrt{3})(4bc+5ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)$$


---


$$+ \frac{54\sqrt[3]{3}a^{5/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}$$

output

```

1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x^5/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/27*(5*a*d+4*b*c)*x^5/a^2/b/(b*x^6
+a)^(1/2)-1/27*(1+3^(1/2))*(5*a*d+4*b*c)*x*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^2/b^(5/3)/(a^
(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)+1/27*(5*a*d+4*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*
((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^
2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((1-(a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2/(a^(1/3)+(1+3
^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/a^(5/3)/b^(
5/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^
2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/162*(1-3^(1/2))*(5*a*d+4*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3
)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(
1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2
)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(5
/3)/b^(5/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3
)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^5 \left( -5a^2d + (4bc + 5ad)(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{20a^2b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^4*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```

(x^5*(-5*a^2*d + (4*b*c + 5*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeom
etric2F1[5/6, 5/2, 11/6, -((b*x^6)/a)])/(20*a^2*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 576, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {957, 819, 837, 25, 766, 2420}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{957} \\
 & \frac{(5ad + 4bc) \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9ab} + \frac{x^5(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(5ad + 4bc) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3a} \right)}{9ab} + \frac{x^5(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{837} \\
 & \frac{(5ad + 4bc) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{9ab} + \frac{x^5(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{(5ad + 4bc) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{9ab} + \frac{x^5(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 766

$$(5ad + 4bc) \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}x(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}\right)}{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)$$

9ab

$$\frac{x^5(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 2420

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{(1+\sqrt{3})x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt[3]{ax}\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2+\sqrt[3]{a}}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2+\sqrt[3]{a}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right) \\
 & \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2}{2b^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$(5ad + 4bc)$

$9ab$

$$\frac{x^5(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(x^4*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
((b*c - a*d)*x^5)/(9*a*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((4*b*c + 5*a*d)*(x^5/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - (2*(((1 + Sqrt[3])*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2) - (3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4]))/(Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(2*b^(2/3)) - ((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4]))/(4*3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(3*a))/(9*a*b)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 766

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2)])))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 819

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 837

```
Int[(x_)^4/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(Sqrt[3] - 1)*(s^2/(2*r^2)) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] - Simp[1/(2*r^2) Int[((Sqrt[3] - 1)*s^2 - 2*r^2*x^4)/Sqrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 957

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

rule 2420

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^4)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(1 + Sqrt[3])*d*s^3*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(2*a*r^2*(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*d*s*x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*r^2*Sqrt[(r*x^2*(s + r*x^2))/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))*EllipticE[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[2*Rt[b/a, 3]^2*c - (1 - Sqrt[3])*d, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((d*x^10 + c*x^4)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(b^3*x^18 + 3*a*b^2*x^12 + 3*a^2*b*x^6 + a^3), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 137.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{cx^5\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{5/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{6}\right)} + \frac{dx^{11}\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{6}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{11}{6}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{5/2}\Gamma\left(\frac{17}{6}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2), x)`

output `c*x**5*gamma(5/6)*hyper((5/6, 5/2), (11/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(5/2)*gamma(11/6)) + d*x**11*gamma(11/6)*hyper((11/6, 5/2), (17/6,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**(5/2)*gamma(17/6))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^4/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^4/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^4*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((x^4*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} dx^5 + 5 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^4}{b^3 x^{18} + 3a b^2 x^{12} + 3a^2 b x^6 + a^3} dx \right) a^3 d + 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^4}{b^3 x^{18} + 3a b^2 x^{12} + 3a^2 b x^6 + a^3} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^4*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d*x**5 + 5*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2
*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*d + 4*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)
*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b*c +
10*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b*
*3*x**18),x)*a**2*b*d*x**6 + 8*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*
b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a*b**2*c*x**6 + 5*int((sqrt(a + b
*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a*b**
2*d*x**12 + 4*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**4)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2
*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*b**3*c*x**12)/(4*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12
))
```

**3.50**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^2(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	598
Mathematica [C] (verified)	599
Rubi [A] (verified)	599
Maple [F]	605
Fricas [F]	606
Sympy [F(-1)]	606
Maxima [F]	606
Giac [F]	607
Mupad [F(-1)]	607
Reduce [F]	607

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 610

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^2(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{ax(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(10bc-ad)x^5}{9a^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{4(10bc-ad)x^5}{27a^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{4(1+\sqrt{3})(10bc-ad)x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{27a^3b^{2/3}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{4(10bc-ad)x\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)}{9\cdot 3^{3/4}a^{8/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$


---


$$+ \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})(10bc-ad)x\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),\frac{1}{4}\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}a^{8/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$


---

output

```
-c/a/x/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/9*(-a*d+10*b*c)*x^5/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-4/27*(-a*d+10*b*c)*x^5/a^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+4/27*(1+3^(1/2))*(-a*d+10*b*c)*x*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^3/b^(2/3)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)-4/27*(-a*d+10*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((1-(a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/a^(8/3)/b^(2/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-2/81*(1-3^(1/2))*(-a*d+10*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(8/3)/b^(2/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-5a^2c + (-10bc + ad)x^6(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{5a^3x(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-5*a^2*c + (-10*b*c + a*d)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/6, 5/2, 11/6, -((b*x^6)/a)]/(5*a^3*x*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 588, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$ , Rules used = {955, 819, 819, 837, 25, 766, 2420}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\
 & \frac{(10bc - ad) \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{a} - \frac{c}{ax (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(10bc - ad) \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9a} + \frac{x^5}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{c}{ax (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(10bc - ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{3a} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x^5}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{c}{ax (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{837} \\
 & \frac{(10bc - ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} - \frac{\int -\frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x^5}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{a} - \frac{c}{ax (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(10bc - ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{9a} + \frac{x^5}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\frac{a}{c}}{ax(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 766

$$(10bc - ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{2 \left( \int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{ax} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arccos \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}} \right)}{2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2} \right)}{3a} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( \sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a}$$

$$\frac{\frac{c}{a}}{ax(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 2420

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{(1+\sqrt{3})x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt[3]{ax}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}}{2b^{2/3}} \right) \\
 & \frac{x^5}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$(10bc - ad)$

$$\frac{c}{ax(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$



input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-(c/(a*x*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))) - ((10*b*c - a*d)*(x^5/(9*a*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (4*(x^5/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - (2*(((1 + Sqrt[3])*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/ (a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2) - (3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticE[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(2*b^(2/3)) - ((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(4*3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(3*a))/(9*a))/a`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*((s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 837

```
Int[(x_)^4/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a,
3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(Sqrt[3] - 1)*(s^2/(2*r^2)) Int[1/Sqrt[
a + b*x^6], x], x] - Simp[1/(2*r^2) Int[((Sqrt[3] - 1)*s^2 - 2*r^2*x^4)/S
qrt[a + b*x^6], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 955

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*
c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) ||
(LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2420

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^4)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r =
Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(1 + Sqrt[3])*d*s^3*x*(Sqr
t[a + b*x^6]/(2*a*r^2*(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*d*s*x*
(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2
*r^2*Sqrt[(r*x^2*(s + r*x^2))/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])
)*EllipticE[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2
+ Sqrt[3])/4], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[2*Rt[b/a, 3]^2*c - (1
- Sqrt[3])*d, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^2 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(d*x^6 + c)/(b^3*x^20 + 3*a*b^2*x^14 + 3*a^2*b*x^8 + a^3*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**2/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^2 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} d - \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3 x^{20} + 3a b^2 x^{14} + 3a^2 b x^8 + a^3 x^2} dx \right) a^3 dx + 10 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3 x^{20} + 3a b^2 x^{14} + 3a^2 b x^8 + a^3 x^2} dx \right)}{10}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**2 + 3*a**2*b*x**8 +
3*a*b**2*x**14 + b**3*x**20),x)*a**3*d*x + 10*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*
x**2 + 3*a**2*b*x**8 + 3*a*b**2*x**14 + b**3*x**20),x)*a**2*b*c*x - 2*int(
sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**2 + 3*a**2*b*x**8 + 3*a*b**2*x**14 + b**3*x**20)
,x)*a**2*b*d*x**7 + 20*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**2 + 3*a**2*b*x**8 + 3
*a*b**2*x**14 + b**3*x**20),x)*a*b**2*c*x**7 - int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*
x**2 + 3*a**2*b*x**8 + 3*a*b**2*x**14 + b**3*x**20),x)*a*b**2*d*x**13 + 10
*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**2 + 3*a**2*b*x**8 + 3*a*b**2*x**14 + b**3*x
**20),x)*b**3*c*x**13)/(10*b*x*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

**3.51**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^8(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	609
Mathematica [C] (verified)	610
Rubi [A] (verified)	611
Maple [F]	618
Fricas [F]	619
Sympy [F(-1)]	619
Maxima [F]	619
Giac [F]	620
Mupad [F(-1)]	620
Reduce [F]	620

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 642

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^8(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{7ax^7(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{16bc-7ad}{63a^2x(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{10(16bc-7ad)}{189a^3x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{40(16bc-7ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{189a^4x} - \frac{40(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{b}(16bc-7ad)x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{189a^4(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}$$

$$+ \frac{40\sqrt[3]{b}(16bc-7ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{4}(2+\sqrt{3})\right)}{63\cdot 3^{3/4}a^{11/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{20(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{b}(16bc-7ad)x(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)}{189\sqrt[4]{3}a^{11/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a}+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/7*c/a/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/63*(-7*a*d+16*b*c)/a^2/x/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-10
/189*(-7*a*d+16*b*c)/a^3/x/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+40/189*(-7*a*d+16*b*c)*(b*x^6+a
)^(1/2)/a^4/x-40/189*(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*(-7*a*d+16*b*c)*x*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
/a^4/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)+40/189*b^(1/3)*(-7*a*d+16*b*c)*x*(a
^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/(a^(1/3)+(1
+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((1-(a^(1/3)+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*
x^2)^2/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2),1/4*6^(1/2)+1/4*2^(1/2))
*3^(1/4)/a^(11/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*
b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+20/567*(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*(-7*a*d+1
6*b*c)*x*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/
(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccos((a^(1/3)
+(1-3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)),1/4*6^(1/2)+1
/4*2^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/a^(11/3)/(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3)+(
1+3^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-a^2c + (16bc - 7ad)x^6(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{7a^3x^7(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^8*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-(a^2*c) + (16*b*c - 7*a*d)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeom
etric2F1[-1/6, 5/2, 5/6, -((b*x^6)/a)]/(7*a^3*x^7*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 618, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {955, 819, 819, 847, 837, 25, 766, 2420}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\
 & - \frac{(16bc - 7ad) \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx}{7a} - \frac{c}{7ax^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & - \frac{(16bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{10 \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{c}{7ax^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & - \frac{(16bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{10 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{c}{7ax^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847} \\
 & - \frac{(16bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{10 \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2b \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^6}}{ax} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax\sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{7a} - \frac{c}{7ax^7 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{837}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{ax} \right) \\
 & \frac{10}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\
 & \frac{(16bc - 7ad)}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{c}{7ax^7(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\left( \frac{(16bc - 7ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{2b \left( \int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx}{2b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{ax} \right)}{3a} + \frac{1}{3ax\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{1}{9ax(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{c}{7ax^7} \frac{7a}{(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 766

$(16bc - 7ad)$	$2b$	$\int \frac{2b^{2/3}x^4 + (1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx$	$(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{ax}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})$	$\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}}$	$\text{EllipticF}\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})}{(1+\sqrt{3})}\right), \dots\right)$
	$4$			$\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3}$	$\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{(\sqrt[3]{a} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}$
	$10$			$3a$	
				$9a$	

↓ 2420

$\frac{(1+\sqrt{3})x\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}$	$\frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt[3]{ax}\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arccos\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2+\sqrt[3]{a}}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{bx^2+\sqrt[3]{a}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)}{\left(\sqrt[3]{a+(1+\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}}$
$2b$	$2b^{2/3}$
$4$	
$10$	

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^8*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/7*c/(a*x^7*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - ((16*b*c - 7*a*d)*(1/(9*a*x*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (10*(1/(3*a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + (4*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(a*x)) + (2*b*(((1 + Sqrt[3])*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2) - (3^(1/4)*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(2*b^(2/3)) - (((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3)*x*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcCos[(a^(1/3) + (1 - Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4])/(4*3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(b^(1/3)*x^2*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))]/(a^(1/3) + (1 + Sqrt[3])*b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/a)/(3*a))/(9*a))/(7*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 766 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*3^(1/4)*s*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]*Sqrt[r*x^2*(s + r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 837 `Int[(x_)^4/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(Sqrt[3] - 1)*(s^2/(2*r^2)) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] - Simp[1/(2*r^2) Int[((Sqrt[3] - 1)*s^2 - 2*r^2*x^4)/Sqrt[a + b*x^6], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2420 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^4)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^6], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(1 + Sqrt[3])*d*s^3*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^6]/(2*a*r^2*(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*d*s*x*(s + r*x^2)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x^2 + r^2*x^4)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]/(2*r^2*Sqrt[(r*x^2*(s + r*x^2))/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))*EllipticE[ArcCos[(s + (1 - Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)/(s + (1 + Sqrt[3])*r*x^2)], (2 + Sqrt[3])/4], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[2*Rt[b/a, 3]^2*c - (1 - Sqrt[3])*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^8 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^6 + a)*(d*x^6 + c)/(b^3*x^26 + 3*a*b^2*x^20 + 3*a^2*b*x^14 + a^3*x^8), x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**8/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^8), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^8} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^8), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^8 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^8*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^8*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^8 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} d - 7 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3 x^{26} + 3a b^2 x^{20} + 3a^2 b x^{14} + a^3 x^8} dx \right) a^3 d x^7 + 16 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3 x^{26} + 3a b^2 x^{20} + 3a^2 b x^{14} + a^3 x^8} dx \right) a^3 d x^7}{1}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**8 + 3*a**2*b*x**14 + 3*a*b**2*x**20 + b**3*x**26),x)*a**3*d*x**7 + 16*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**8 + 3*a**2*b*x**14 + 3*a*b**2*x**20 + b**3*x**26),x)*a**2*b*c*x**7 - 14*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**8 + 3*a**2*b*x**14 + 3*a*b**2*x**20 + b**3*x**26),x)*a**2*b*d*x**13 + 32*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**8 + 3*a**2*b*x**14 + 3*a*b**2*x**20 + b**3*x**26),x)*a*b**2*c*x**13 - 7*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**8 + 3*a**2*b*x**14 + 3*a*b**2*x**20 + b**3*x**26),x)*a*b**2*d*x**19 + 16*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**8 + 3*a**2*b*x**14 + 3*a*b**2*x**20 + b**3*x**26),x)*b**3*c*x**19)/(16*b*x**7*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))
```

**3.52** 
$$\int \frac{x^{15}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	622
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	623
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	624
Maple [F] . . . . .	629
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	630
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	630
Maxima [F] . . . . .	631
Giac [F] . . . . .	631
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	631
Reduce [F] . . . . .	632

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 606

$$\int \frac{x^{15}(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^{10}}{9b^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(10bc-19ad)x^4}{27b^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{dx^4\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{7b^3} + \frac{40(7bc-16ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{189b^{11/3}\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$


---


$$20\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(7bc-16ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)-7-$$


---


$$63\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}$$


---


$$40\sqrt{2}\sqrt[3]{a}(7bc-16ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right),-7-$$


---


$$189\sqrt[4]{3}b^{11/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}$$

output

```
-1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x^10/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/27*(-19*a*d+10*b*c)*x^4/b^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+1/7*d*x^4*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^3+40/189*(-16*a*d+7*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/b^(11/3)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)-20/189*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*a^(1/3)*(-16*a*d+7*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(1/4)/b^(11/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+40/567*2^(1/2)*a^(1/3)*(-16*a*d+7*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/b^(11/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{x^{15}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^4 \left( -32a^2d + 2ab(7c - 8dx^6) + b^2x^6(7c + dx^6) + 2(-7bc + 16ad)(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \right)}{7b^3(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^15*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^4*(-32*a^2*d + 2*a*b*(7*c - 8*d*x^6) + b^2*x^6*(7*c + d*x^6) + 2*(-7*b*c + 16*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3, 5/2, 5/3, -((b*x^6)/a)]))/(7*b^3*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 611, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$ , Rules used = {959, 807, 817, 817, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{15}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(7bc - 16ad) \int \frac{x^{15}}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{7b} + \frac{dx^{16}}{7b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{(7bc - 16ad) \int \frac{x^{14}}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx^2}{14b} + \frac{dx^{16}}{7b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(7bc - 16ad) \left( \frac{10 \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{9b} - \frac{2x^{10}}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{14b} + \frac{dx^{16}}{7b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{(7bc - 16ad) \left( \frac{10 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3b} - \frac{2x^4}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2x^{10}}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{14b} + \frac{dx^{16}}{7b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{10 \left( \frac{4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2 - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2x^4}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9b} - \frac{2x^{10}}{9b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{14b}{dx^{16}} \\
 & \frac{7b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}{\downarrow} \quad \color{blue}{759}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 4 \\ 10 \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2 \\ \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2}+b^{2/3}x^4}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+a}}\right)\right) \\ \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3}}{3b} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}} \end{array} \right)$$

(7bc - 16ad)

14b

$$\frac{dx^{16}}{7b(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \downarrow 2416$$

$$\left( \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{b}((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1+\sqrt{3})}}\right)\right)} \right) \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

(7bc - 16ad)



input `Int[(x^15*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*x^16)/(7*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((7*b*c - 16*a*d)*((-2*x^10)/(9*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + (10*((-2*x^4)/(3*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])) + (4*((2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(b^(1/3)*((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(b^(1/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/b^(1/3) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(3*b))/(9*b))/(14*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 817 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{15}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^15*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^15*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{x^{15}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{40((7b^3c - 16ab^2d)x^{12} + 2(7ab^2c - 16a^2bd)x^6 + 7a^2bc - 16a^3d)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}\left(0, -\frac{4a}{b}, \text{weierstrass}\right)}{189(b^6x^{12} + 2ab^5x^6 + a^2b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^15*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/189*(40*((7*b^3*c - 16*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 2*(7*a*b^2*c - 16*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + 7*a^2*b*c - 16*a^3*d)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4*a/b, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2)) - (27*b^3*d*x^16 - 13*(7*b^3*c - 16*a*b^2*d)*x^10 - 10*(7*a*b^2*c - 16*a^2*b*d)*x^4)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(b^6*x^12 + 2*a*b^5*x^6 + a^2*b^4)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{15}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**15*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{15}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{15}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^15*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^15/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{15}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^{15}}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^15*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^15/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{15}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^{15}(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^15*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^15*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{15}(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-32\sqrt{bx^6 + a}a^2dx^4 + 14\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abcx^4 - 16\sqrt{bx^6 + a}abd x^{10} + 7\sqrt{bx^6 + a}b^2cx^{16}}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^15*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - 32*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a**2*d*x**4 + 14*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b*c*x**4 - 16*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*b*d*x**10 + 7*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**2*c*x**10 + sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b**2*d*x**16 + 128*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**5*d - 56*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*b*c + 256*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*b*d*x**6 - 112*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b**2*c*x**6 + 128*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b**2*d*x**12 - 56*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**12)/(7*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

### 3.53 $\int \frac{x^9(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	633
Mathematica [C] (verified)	634
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	635
Maple [F]	638
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	639
Sympy [F(-1)]	639
Maxima [F]	639
Giac [F]	640
Mupad [F(-1)]	640
Reduce [F]	640

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 587

$$\int \frac{x^9(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^4}{9b^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(4bc-13ad)x^4}{27ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{4(bc-10ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{27ab^{8/3}\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(bc-10ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)}{9\sqrt[3]{3}a^{2/3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{2}(bc-10ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}a^{2/3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```
-1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x^4/b^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/27*(-13*a*d+4*b*c)*x^4/a/b^2/(b*
x^6+a)^(1/2)-4/27*(-10*a*d+b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a/b^(8/3)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(
1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)+2/27*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(-10*a*d+b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(
1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)
+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(
1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(1/4)/a^(2/3)/b^(8/3)/(a^(1/3)
*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a
)^(1/2)-4/81*2^(1/2)*(-10*a*d+b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)
*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I
*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a^(2/3)/b^(8/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3
^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^4 \left( a(-bc + 10ad + 5bdx^6) + (bc - 10ad)(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{5ab^2(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^9*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^4*(a*(-b*c) + 10*a*d + 5*b*d*x^6) + (b*c - 10*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1
+ (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3, 5/2, 5/3, -((b*x^6)/a)])/(5*a*b^2*(a
+ b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 594, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {957, 807, 817, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{957} \\
 & \frac{x^{10}(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(bc - 10ad) \int \frac{x^9}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{x^{10}(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(bc - 10ad) \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{18ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{817} \\
 & \frac{x^{10}(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3b} - \frac{2x^4}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{18ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{x^{10}(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(bc - 10ad) \left( \frac{4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3b} - \frac{2x^4}{3b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{18ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{x^{10}(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \\
 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2 + (1-\sqrt{3})} \sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)^{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}} \sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2 + b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2 + (1-\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2 + (1+\sqrt{3})}} \right) \right) \\
 \frac{\sqrt[4]{3} b^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}}{3b} \\
 (bc - 10ad)
 \end{array}$$

18ab

↓ 2416

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{x^{10}(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} - \\
 \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} \sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^2 + b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2 + (1-\sqrt{3})} \sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2 + (1+\sqrt{3})} \sqrt[3]{a}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b} \left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)} \right)^{2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\
 \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \left( \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)}{\left( (1+\sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2} \right)^2}}}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \\
 (bc - 10ad)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x^9*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x^10)/(9*a*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - ((b*c - 10*a*d)*((-2*x^4)/(3*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) + 4*((2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(b^(1/3)*((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]]/(b^(1/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/b^(1/3) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]]/(3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])))/(3*b)))/(18*a*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*(s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 817 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m + 1, n] && ! ILtQ[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 957 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^9(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4((b^3c - 10ab^2d)x^{12} + 2(ab^2c - 10a^2bd)x^6 + a^2bc - 10a^3d)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -\sqrt{b}) + (4b^3c - 13a^2b^2d)x^{10} + (ab^2c - 10a^2b^2d)x^4}{27(ab^5x^{12} + 2a^2b^4x^6 + a^3b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/27*(4*((b^3*c - 10*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 2*(a*b^2*c - 10*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + a^2*b*c - 10*a^3*d)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4*a/b, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2)) + ((4*b^3*c - 13*a*b^2*d)*x^10 + (a*b^2*c - 10*a^2*b*d)*x^4)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a)/(a*b^5*x^12 + 2*a^2*b^4*x^6 + a^3*b^3)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**9*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^9}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^9/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^9}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^9/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^9(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^9*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^9*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{10\sqrt{bx^6 + a} adx^4 - \sqrt{bx^6 + a} bcx^4 + 5\sqrt{bx^6 + a} bdx^{10} - 40 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^3}{b^3 x^{18} + 3ab^2 x^{12} + 3a^2 bx^6 + c} dx \right)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^9*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(10*sqrt(a + b*x**6)*a*d*x**4 - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*b*c*x**4 + 5*sqrt(a + b*x
**6)*b*d*x**10 - 40*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*
a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**4*d + 4*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3
+ 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*b*c - 80*int((sqrt
(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)
*a**3*b*d*x**6 + 8*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a
*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*c*x**6 - 40*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x
**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*d*x
**12 + 4*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**1
2 + b**3*x**18),x)*a*b**3*c*x**12)/(5*b**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12
))
```

**3.54**      $\int \frac{x^3(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 593

$$\int \frac{x^3(c+dx^6)}{(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)x^4}{9ab(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} + \frac{(5bc+4ad)x^4}{27a^2b\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{(5bc+4ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{27a^2b^{5/3}\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(5bc+4ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\mid-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{18\ 3^{3/4}a^{5/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(5bc+4ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{27\sqrt[4]{3}a^{5/3}b^{5/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```

1/9*(-a*d+b*c)*x^4/a/b/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)+1/27*(4*a*d+5*b*c)*x^4/a^2/b/(b*x^6
+a)^(1/2)-1/27*(4*a*d+5*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^2/b^(5/3)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1
/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)+1/54*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*(4*a*d+5*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(
1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+
b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1
/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(1/4)/a^(5/3)/b^(5/3)/(a^(1/3)*
(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)
^(1/2)-1/81*2^(1/2)*(4*a*d+5*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*
b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*
3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a^(5/3)/b^(5/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^
(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^4 \left( -4a^2d + (5bc + 4ad)(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a} \right) \right)}{20a^2b(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^3*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```

(x^4*(-4*a^2*d + (5*b*c + 4*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeom
etric2F1[2/3, 5/2, 5/3, -((b*x^6)/a)])/(20*a^2*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))

```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 595, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {957, 807, 819, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{957} \\
 & \frac{(4ad + 5bc) \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx}{9ab} + \frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{(4ad + 5bc) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{18ab} + \frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(4ad + 5bc) \left( \frac{2x^4}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3a} \right)}{18ab} + \frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{(4ad + 5bc) \left( \frac{2x^4}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{18ab} + \frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{(4ad + 5bc) \left( \frac{2x^4}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{2^{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}}} \right)}{18ab} + \frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2416

$$(4ad + 5bc) \left( \frac{\frac{2x^4}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + (1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

$$\frac{x^4(bc - ad)}{9ab(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

18a

input `Int[(x^3*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x^4)/(9*a*b*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) + ((5*b*c + 4*a*d)*((2*x^4)/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]) - ((2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(b^(1/3)*((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(b^(1/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/b^(1/3) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(3*a))/(18*a*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 807

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 819

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(
c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p +
1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 957

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a
*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*
(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && N
eQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1
, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((5b^3c + 4ab^2d)x^{12} + 2(5ab^2c + 4a^2bd)x^6 + 5a^2bc + 4a^3d)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}(0, -\frac{4a}{b})}{27(a^2b^4x^{12} + \dots)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/27*(((5*b^3*c + 4*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 2*(5*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + 5*a^2*b*c + 4*a^3*d)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4*a/b, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2)) + ((5*b^3*c + 4*a*b^2*d)*x^10 + (8*a*b^2*c + a^2*b*d)*x^4)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^2*b^4*x^12 + 2*a^3*b^3*x^6 + a^4*b^2)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 100.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{cx^4 \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{5/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)} + \frac{dx^{10} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{5}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^6 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{6a^{5/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(d*x**6+c)/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2), x)`output `c*x**4*gamma(2/3)*hyper((2/3, 5/2), (5/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**5/2*gamma(5/3)) + d*x**10*gamma(5/3)*hyper((5/3, 5/2), (8/3,), b*x**6*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(6*a**5/2*gamma(8/3))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^3}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^3/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^6 + c)x^3}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)*x^3/(b*x^6 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3(dx^6 + c)}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^3*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2),x)`output `int((x^3*(c + d*x^6))/(a + b*x^6)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3(c + dx^6)}{(a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a} dx^4 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^3}{b^3 x^{18} + 3a b^2 x^{12} + 3a^2 b x^6 + a^3} dx \right) a^3 d + 5 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a} x^3}{b^3 x^{18} + 3a b^2 x^{12} + 3a^2 b x^6 + a^3} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^3*(d*x^6+c)/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d*x**4 + 4*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**3*d + 5*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b*c + 8*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a**2*b*d*x**6 + 10*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a*b**2*c*x**6 + 4*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*a*b**2*d*x**12 + 5*int((sqrt(a + b*x**6)*x**3)/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*x**12 + b**3*x**18),x)*b**3*c*x**12)/(5*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

**3.55** 
$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^3(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	650
Mathematica [C] (verified)	651
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	651
Maple [F]	656
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Sympy [F(-1)]	657
Maxima [F]	658
Giac [F]	658
Mupad [F(-1)]	658
Reduce [F]	659

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 610

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^3(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{2ax^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{(11bc-2ad)x^4}{18a^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{5(11bc-2ad)x^4}{54a^3\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{5(11bc-2ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{54a^3b^{2/3}\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(11bc-2ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)}{-7-4\sqrt{3}}$$


---


$$+ \frac{36\ 3^{3/4}a^{8/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}}{5(11bc-2ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}$$


---


$$+ \frac{27\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{3}a^{8/3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}}{}$$

output

```
-1/2*c/a/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/18*(-2*a*d+11*b*c)*x^4/a^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-
5/54*(-2*a*d+11*b*c)*x^4/a^3/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+5/54*(-2*a*d+11*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)
)^(1/2)/a^3/b^(2/3)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)-5/108*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1
/2*2^(1/2))*(-2*a*d+11*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3
)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(((
1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2
)+2*I)*3^(1/4)/a^(8/3)/b^(2/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))
*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+5/162*(-2*a*d+11*b*c)*(a^(1
/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a
^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((
1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*2^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/a^(8/3)/b^(
2/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)^(
1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-4a^2c + (-11bc + 2ad)x^6(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{8a^3x^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-4*a^2*c + (-11*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeo
metric2F1[2/3, 5/2, 5/3, -((b*x^6)/a)]/(8*a^3*x^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))
```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 611, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$ , Rules used = {955, 807, 819, 819, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{c}{2ax^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6+a)^{5/2}} dx^2}{4a} - \frac{c}{2ax^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6+a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{9a} + \frac{2x^4}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c}{2ax^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{2x^4}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{3a} \right)}{9a} + \frac{2x^4}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c}{2ax^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x^2 + (1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{2x^4}{9a(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{c}{2ax^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{4a}{2ax^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt[3]{a}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2 - \frac{2^{(1-\sqrt{3})}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) \\
 & \frac{2x^4}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3}}{3a} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \sqrt{a+bx^2} \\
 & \frac{(11bc - 2ad)}{9a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{c}{2ax^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \downarrow 2416$$

4a

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt{b}\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)^2}\sqrt{a+bx^6}\right)} \\
 & 5 \frac{2x^4}{3a\sqrt{a+bx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

(11bc - 2ad)

$$\frac{c}{2ax^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output

```

-1/2*c/(a*x^2*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2)) - ((11*b*c - 2*a*d)*((2*x^4)/(9*a*(a + b*
x^6)^(3/2)) + 5*((2*x^4)/(3*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])) - ((2*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/(b
^(1/3)*((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)) - (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]
*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(
2/3)*x^4])/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 -
Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7
- 4*Sqrt[3]])/(b^(1/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[
3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6])/b^(1/3) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])
*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)
*b^(1/3)*x^2 + b^(2/3)*x^4])/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2)*Ellip
ticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) +
b^(1/3)*x^2)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3) +
b^(1/3)*x^2))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^2)^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^6]))/(
3*a))/(9*a))/(4*a)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```

Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]

```

rule 807

```

Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]

```

rule 819

```

Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(
c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p +
1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p
, x]

```

rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2)/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^3 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5((11b^3c - 2ab^2d)x^{14} + 2(11ab^2c - 2a^2bd)x^8 + (11a^2bc - 2a^3d)x^2)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(0, -\frac{4a}{b}, \operatorname{weierstrassP}\operatorname{Inverse}\left(0, -4\frac{a}{b}, x^2\right)\right) + (5(11b^3c - 2a^2bd)x^{12} + 8(11ab^2c - 2a^2bd)x^6 + 27a^2bc)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{54(a^3b^3x^{14} + 2a^4b^2x^8 + a^5bx^2)}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/54*(5*((11*b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d)*x^14 + 2*(11*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x^8 + (
11*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^2)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4*a/b, weierstrassP
Inverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2)) + (5*(11*b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d)*x^12 + 8*(11*a*b^2*c
- 2*a^2*b*d)*x^6 + 27*a^2*b*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^3*b^3*x^14 + 2*a^4*b^2*
x^8 + a^5*b*x^2)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**3/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^3 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a}d - 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3x^{21} + 3ab^2x^{15} + 3a^2bx^9 + a^3x^3} dx\right) a^3dx^2 + 11\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3x^{21} + 3ab^2x^{15} + 3a^2bx^9}\right)}{}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 2*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**9 + 3*a*b**2*x**15 + b**3*x**21),x)*a**3*d*x**2 + 11*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**9 + 3*a*b**2*x**15 + b**3*x**21),x)*a**2*b*c*x**2 - 4*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**9 + 3*a*b**2*x**15 + b**3*x**21),x)*a**2*b*d*x**8 + 22*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**9 + 3*a*b**2*x**15 + b**3*x**21),x)*a*b**2*c*x**8 - 2*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**9 + 3*a*b**2*x**15 + b**3*x**21),x)*a*b**2*d*x**14 + 11*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**9 + 3*a*b**2*x**15 + b**3*x**21),x)*b**3*c*x**14)/(11*b*x**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`



**3.56**  $\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^9(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	660
Mathematica [C] (verified)	661
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	662
Maple [F]	668
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	669
Sympy [F(-1)]	669
Maxima [F]	670
Giac [F]	670
Mupad [F(-1)]	670
Reduce [F]	671

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 640

$$\int \frac{c+dx^6}{x^9(a+bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{c}{8ax^8(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} - \frac{17bc-8ad}{72a^2x^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{11(17bc-8ad)}{216a^3x^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} + \frac{55(17bc-8ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{432a^4x^2} - \frac{55\sqrt[3]{b}(17bc-8ad)\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{432a^4\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{55\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{b}(17bc-8ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)}{288\sqrt[3]{4}a^{11/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

$$+ \frac{55\sqrt[3]{b}(17bc-8ad)\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)}{216\sqrt{2}\sqrt[3]{3}a^{11/3}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}\sqrt{a+bx^6}}$$

output

```

-1/8*c/a/x^8/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-1/72*(-8*a*d+17*b*c)/a^2/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(3/2)-
11/216*(-8*a*d+17*b*c)/a^3/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)+55/432*(-8*a*d+17*b*c)*(b*x
^6+a)^(1/2)/a^4/x^2-55/432*b^(1/3)*(-8*a*d+17*b*c)*(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)/a^4/((1
+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)+55/864*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*b^(1/3)*(-
8*a*d+17*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*
x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(
1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(1/4)
/a^(11/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)
^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1/2)-55/1296*b^(1/3)*(-8*a*d+17*b*c)*(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)
*x^2)*((a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^2+b^(2/3)*x^4)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1
/3)*x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))
*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*2^(1/2)*3^(3/4)/a^(11/3)/(a^(1/3)*(a
^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^6+a)^(1
/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2a^2c + (17bc - 8ad)x^6(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^6}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{16a^3x^8(a + bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^6)/(x^9*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```

(-2*a^2*c + (17*b*c - 8*a*d)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^6)/a]*Hypergeom
etric2F1[-1/3, 5/2, 2/3, -((b*x^6)/a)]/(16*a^3*x^8*(a + b*x^6)^(3/2))

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 639, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {955, 807, 819, 819, 847, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\
 & - \frac{(17bc - 8ad) \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx}{8a} - \frac{c}{8ax^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{807} \\
 & - \frac{(17bc - 8ad) \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx^2}{16a} - \frac{c}{8ax^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & - \frac{(17bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{11 \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a)^{3/2}} dx^2}{9a} + \frac{2}{9ax^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{c}{8ax^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{819} \\
 & - \frac{(17bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{11 \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^2}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^2 \sqrt{a + bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{2}{9ax^2 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{c}{8ax^8 (a + bx^6)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{847}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(17bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{11 \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{b \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{ax^2} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{2}{9ax^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{16a}{c} \frac{1}{8ax^8(a+bx^6)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 832

$$(17bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{11 \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2 - \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^6+a}} dx^2}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{ax^2} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2}{3ax^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}} \right)}{9a} + \frac{2}{9ax^2(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{c}{8ax^8(a+bx^6)^{3/2}} \frac{16a}{c}$$

↓ 759

(17bc - 8ad)

b	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2 + (1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}} dx^2$	$2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2} + b^{2/3}x^4}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}}{\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2}}\right)\right)$
5	$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}^{2/3}}{2a} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})}{((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^2})^2 \sqrt{a+bx^6}}}$	
11		3a
(17bc - 8ad)		9a

↓ 2416

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}{\sqrt[3]{b}\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^2+b^{2/3}x^4}}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^2+(1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)}{\left((1+\sqrt{3})\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^2}\right)^2\sqrt{a+bx^6}}}$$

b

5

11

input `Int[(c + d*x^6)/(x^9*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8*c/(a*x^8*(a + b*x^6)^{(3/2)}) - ((17*b*c - 8*a*d)*(2/(9*a*x^2*(a + b*x^6)^{(3/2)}) + (11*(2/(3*a*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]) + (5*(-\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]/(a*x^2)) + (b*((2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6])/b^{(1/3)}*((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})) - (3^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[2 - \text{Sqrt}[3]]*a^{(1/3)}*(a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})*\text{Sqrt}[(a^{(2/3)} - a^{(1/3)*b^{(1/3)*x^2} + b^{(2/3)*x^4})/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2}/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3]])/(b^{(1/3)*\text{Sqrt}[(a^{(1/3)}*(a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]))/b^{(1/3)} - (2*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*\text{Sqrt}[2 + \text{Sqrt}[3]]*a^{(1/3)}*(a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})*\text{Sqrt}[(a^{(2/3)} - a^{(1/3)*b^{(1/3)*x^2} + b^{(2/3)*x^4})/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2}/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3]))/(3^{(1/4)}*b^{(2/3)*\text{Sqrt}[(a^{(1/3)}*(a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)*x^2})^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^6]))/(2*a)))/(3*a)))/(9*a)))/(16*a) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 807 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 819 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`



rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 847 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2416 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^9 (bx^6 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x^6+c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{55((17b^3c - 8ab^2d)x^{20} + 2(17ab^2c - 8a^2bd)x^{14} + (17a^2bc - 8a^3d)x^8)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(0, -4a/b, x^2) + (55(17b^3c - 8ab^2d)x^{18} + 88(17ab^2c - 8a^2bd)x^{12} + 27(17a^2bc - 8a^3d)x^6 - 54a^3c)\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{(a^4b^2x^{20} + 2a^5bx^{14} + a^6x^8)}$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/432*(55*((17*b^3*c - 8*a*b^2*d)*x^20 + 2*(17*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*b*d)*x^14 + (17*a^2*b*c - 8*a^3*d)*x^8)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(0, -4*a/b, weierstrassPInverse(0, -4*a/b, x^2)) + (55*(17*b^3*c - 8*a*b^2*d)*x^18 + 88*(17*a*b^2*c - 8*a^2*b*d)*x^12 + 27*(17*a^2*b*c - 8*a^3*d)*x^6 - 54*a^3*c)*sqrt(b*x^6 + a))/(a^4*b^2*x^20 + 2*a^5*b*x^14 + a^6*x^8)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x**6+c)/x**9/(b*x**6+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^9), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{(bx^6 + a)^{5/2} x^9} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x^6+c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^6 + c)/((b*x^6 + a)^(5/2)*x^9), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^6 + c}{x^9 (bx^6 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^9*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^6)/(x^9*(a + b*x^6)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^6}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^6 + a}d - 8 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3x^{27} + 3ab^2x^{21} + 3a^2bx^{15} + a^3x^9} dx \right) a^3d x^8 + 17 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^6 + a}}{b^3x^{27} + 3ab^2x^{21} + 3a^2bx^{15} + a^3x^9} dx \right) a^3d x^8}{x^9 (a + bx^6)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d*x^6+c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**6)*d - 8*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**9 + 3*a**2*b*x**15 + 3*a*b**2*x**21 + b**3*x**27),x)*a**3*d*x**8 + 17*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**9 + 3*a**2*b*x**15 + 3*a*b**2*x**21 + b**3*x**27),x)*a**2*b*c*x**8 - 16*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**9 + 3*a**2*b*x**15 + 3*a*b**2*x**21 + b**3*x**27),x)*a**2*b*d*x**14 + 34*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**9 + 3*a**2*b*x**15 + 3*a*b**2*x**21 + b**3*x**27),x)*a*b**2*c*x**14 - 8*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**9 + 3*a**2*b*x**15 + 3*a*b**2*x**21 + b**3*x**27),x)*a*b**2*d*x**20 + 17*int(sqrt(a + b*x**6)/(a**3*x**9 + 3*a**2*b*x**15 + 3*a*b**2*x**21 + b**3*x**27),x)*b**3*c*x**20)/(17*b*x**8*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**6 + b**2*x**12))`

**3.57**  $\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	672
Mathematica [A] (verified)	672
Rubi [A] (verified)	673
Maple [A] (verified)	674
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	675
Sympy [F]	675
Maxima [F(-2)]	676
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	676
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	677
Reduce [F]	677

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{(bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{3b^2d^2} + \frac{(c+dx^6)^{3/2}}{9bd^2} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output

$$-1/3*(a*d+b*c)*(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}/b^2/d^2+1/9*(d*x^6+c)^{(3/2)}/b/d^2-1/3*a^2*a$$

$$\operatorname{rctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)})/b^{(5/2)}/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)}$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(-2bc-3ad+bdx^6)}{9b^2d^2} + \frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}\sqrt{-bc+ad}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^17/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

$$(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6]*(-2*b*c - 3*a*d + b*d*x^6))/(9*b^2*d^2) + (a^2*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(b*c) + a*d])]/(3*b^{(5/2)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(b*c) + a*d])$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {948, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x^{12}}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 99$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} + \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{bd} + \frac{-bc - ad}{b^2d\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} \right) dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{2a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx^6}(ad+bc)}{b^2d^2} + \frac{2(c+dx^6)^{3/2}}{3bd^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x^17/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((-2*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(b^2*d^2) + (2*(c + d*x^6)^(3/2))/(3*b*d^2) - (2*a^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(b^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/6`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 99  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] := \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}\{m, n\} \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}\{p\} \mid \mid (\text{GtQ}\{m, 0\} \ \&\& \ \text{GeQ}\{n, -1\}))$

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{-a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right) d^2 + \sqrt{dx^6+c} \sqrt{(ad-cb)b} \left(\frac{(-dx^6+2c)b}{3} + ad\right)}{3\sqrt{(ad-cb)b} b^2 d^2}$	93

input  $\text{int}(x^{17}/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output 
$$-1/3*(-a^2*\arctan((d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)})*d^2+(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}*((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}*(1/3*(-d*x^6+2*c)*b+a*d)/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}/b^2/d^2$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ 3\sqrt{b^2c - abda^2d^2} \log\left(\frac{bdx^6 + 2bc - ad - 2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}\sqrt{b^2c - abd}}{bx^6 + a}\right) + 2((b^3cd - ab^2d^2)x^6 - 2b^3c^2 - ab^2cd + 3a^2bd^2)\sqrt{c + dx^6} \right]}{18(b^4cd^2 - ab^3d^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^17/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/18*(3*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d)*a^2*d^2*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^6 + a)) + 2*((b^3*c*d - a*b^2*d^2)*x^6 - 2*b^3*c^2 - a*b^2*c*d + 3*a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/(b^4*c*d^2 - a*b^3*d^3), 1/9*(3*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*a^2*d^2*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^6 + b*c)) + ((b^3*c*d - a*b^2*d^2)*x^6 - 2*b^3*c^2 - a*b^2*c*d + 3*a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/(b^4*c*d^2 - a*b^3*d^3)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**17/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**17/((a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`



**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^17/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a\*d-b\*c>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{3a^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}b^2} + \frac{(dx^6+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2 - 3\sqrt{dx^6+cb}^2c - 3\sqrt{dx^6+cb}d}{9d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^17/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/9*(3*a^2*d^2*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*b^2) + ((d*x^6 + c)^(3/2)*b^2 - 3*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b^2*c - 3*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a*b*d)/b^3)/d^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{(dx^6 + c)^{3/2}}{9bd^2} - \left( \frac{2c}{3bd^2} + \frac{3ad^3 - 3bcd^2}{9b^2d^4} \right) \sqrt{dx^6 + c} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}\sqrt{ad-bc}}$$

input `int(x^17/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `(c + d*x^6)^(3/2)/(9*b*d^2) - ((2*c)/(3*b*d^2) + (3*a*d^3 - 3*b*c*d^2)/(9*b^2*d^4))*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2) + (a^2*atan((b^(1/2)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2))/(a*d - b*c)^(1/2)))/(3*b^(5/2)*(a*d - b*c)^(1/2))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}c + \sqrt{dx^6 + c}dx^6 - 9\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}x^{11}}{bdx^{12}+adx^6+bcx^6+ac} dx\right)ad^2}{9bd^2}$$

input `int(x^17/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*c + sqrt(c + d*x**6)*d*x**6 - 9*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*x**12),x)*a*d**2)/(9*b*d**2)`

**3.58**  $\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	678
Mathematica [A] (verified)	678
Rubi [A] (verified)	679
Maple [A] (verified)	680
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	681
Sympy [F]	681
Maxima [F(-2)]	682
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	682
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	682
Reduce [F]	683

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{3bd} + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{bc - ad}}$$

output

```
1/3*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/b/d+1/3*a*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{bd} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{-bc + ad}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^11/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/(b*d) - (a*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d]))/3
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{bd} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{bd} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{12}}{a} + a - \frac{bc}{a}} d\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{bd} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^11/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(b*d) + (2*a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/6`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{d} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}b}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{3b}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}$	59

input `int(x^11/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/b*(1/d*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)-a/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)*arctan((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{b^2c - abd} \operatorname{ad} \log\left(\frac{bdx^6 + 2bc - ad + 2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}\sqrt{b^2c - abd}}{bx^6 + a}\right) + 2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}(b^2c - abd)}{6(b^3cd - ab^2d^2)}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2c + abd} \operatorname{ad} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}\sqrt{-b^2c + abd}}{bdx^6 + bc}\right) - \sqrt{dx^6 + c}(b^2c - abd)}{3(b^3cd - ab^2d^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d)*a*d*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^6 + a)) + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b^3*c*d - a*b^2*d^2), -1/3*(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*a*d*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^6 + b*c)) - sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b^3*c*d - a*b^2*d^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**11/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**11/((a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a\*d-b\*c>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = -\frac{ad \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}b}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{b}}{3d}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(a*d*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*b) - sqrt(d*x^6 + c)/b)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{3bd} - \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right)}{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{ad-bc}}$$

input `int(x^11/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output  $(c + d*x^6)^{(1/2)}/(3*b*d) - (a*atan((b^{(1/2)}*(c + d*x^6)^{(1/2)})/(a*d - b*c)^{(1/2}))/((3*b^{(3/2)}*(a*d - b*c)^{(1/2}))$

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^{11}}{bdx^{12} + adx^6 + bcx^6 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^11/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*x**12),x)`



**3.59**  $\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	684
Mathematica [A] (verified)	684
Rubi [A] (verified)	685
Maple [A] (verified)	686
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	686
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	687
Maxima [F(-2)]	687
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	688
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	688
Reduce [F]	689

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output

$-1/3*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)} / (-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)})/b^{(1/2)} / (-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)}$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-bc+ad}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^5/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

`ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d]]/(3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {946, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 946$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{12}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{3d}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

input `Int[x^5/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `-1/3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 946 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{3\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}$	39

input `int(x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)*arctan((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\log\left(\frac{bdx^6+2bc-ad-2\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{b^2c-abd}}{bx^6+a}\right)}{6\sqrt{b^2c-abd}}, \frac{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}{bdx^6+bc}\right)}{3(b^2c-abd)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/6*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^6 + a))/sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d), 1/3*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^6 + b*c))/(b^2*c - a*b*d)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{\frac{ad-bc}{b}}}\right)}{3b\sqrt{\frac{ad-bc}{b}}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^6}{6a\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \tilde{\infty}x^6 & \text{for } \sqrt{c} = 0 \text{ otherwise} \\ \frac{\log(6a\sqrt{c}+6b\sqrt{cx^6})}{6b\sqrt{c}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**5/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((atan(sqrt(c + d*x**6))/sqrt((a*d - b*c)/b))/(3*b*sqrt((a*d - b*c)/b)), Ne(d, 0)), (Piecewise((x**6/(6*a*sqrt(c)), Eq(b, 0)), (zoo*x**6, Eq(sqrt(c), 0))), (log(6*a*sqrt(c) + 6*b*sqrt(c)*x**6)/(6*b*sqrt(c)), True)), True))
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*d-b*c>0)', see `assume?` for m
ore detail
```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/3*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{abd-b^2c}}\right)}{3\sqrt{abd-b^2c}}$$

input

```
int(x^5/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
atan((b*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2))/(a*b*d - b^2*c)^(1/2))/(3*(a*b*d - b^2*c)^(1/2)
)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + cx^5}}{bdx^{12} + adx^6 + bcx^6 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**5)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*x**12),x)`

### 3.60 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	690
Mathematica [A] (verified)	690
Rubi [A] (verified)	691
Maple [A] (verified)	692
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	693
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	694
Maxima [F]	694
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	695
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	695
Reduce [F]	696

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{3a\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{3a\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output

```
-1/3*arctanh((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/a/c^(1/2)+1/3*b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)
)*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/a/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{3a}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
-1/3*((Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d]])/Sqrt[
-(b*c) + a*d] + ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[c])/a
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {948, 97, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{x^6(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^6 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{97} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^6\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^6}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^6}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{12}}{d} - \frac{c}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{ad} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{12}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{ad} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{a\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/Sqrt[c]])/(a*Sqrt[c]) + (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(a*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/6`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 97 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}}{3a}}$	65

input `int(1/x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/3/a*(-arctanh((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)*arctan((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.53

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}} \log\left(\frac{bdx^6+2bc-ad+2\sqrt{dx^6+c}(bc-ad)\sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}}}{bx^6+a}\right) + \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{dx^6-2\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x^6}\right)}{6ac}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2c\sqrt{-\frac{b}{bc-ad}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{bc-ad}}\right) - \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{dx^6-2\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x^6}\right)}{6ac}, \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}} \log\left(\frac{bdx^6+2bc-ad+2\sqrt{dx^6+c}(bc-ad)\sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}}}{bx^6+a}\right)}{6ac}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{c\sqrt{-\frac{b}{bc-ad}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{bc-ad}}\right) - \sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c}}{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}\right)}{3ac} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(c*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^6 + a)) + sqrt(c)*log((d*x^6 - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^6))/(a*c), -1/6*(2*c*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) - sqrt(c)*log((d*x^6 - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^6))/(a*c), 1/6*(c*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^6 + a)) + 2*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^6 + c)))/(a*c), -1/3*(c*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) - sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^6 + c)))/(a*c)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right)}{6a\sqrt{\frac{ad-bc}{b}}} + \frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{6a\sqrt{-c}} \right)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{a}{2b}+x^6\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{a^2}{b^2}}}\right)}{3b\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\frac{a^2}{b^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(-d*atan(sqrt(c + d*x**6)/sqrt((a*d - b*c)/b)))/(6*a*sqrt((a*d - b*c)/b)) + d*atan(sqrt(c + d*x**6)/sqrt(-c))/(6*a*sqrt(-c))/d, Ne(d, 0)), (atan(2*(a/(2*b) + x**6)/sqrt(-a**2/b**2))/(3*b*sqrt(c)*sqrt(-a**2/b**2)), True))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+cx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x), x)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = -\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abda}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b^2c+abda}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{3a\sqrt{-c}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*b*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*a) + 1/3*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)/sqrt(-c))/(a*sqrt(-c))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 652, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{3a\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2c-abd}\left(\frac{2b^3d^2\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{27} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-abd}\left(\frac{2a^2b^2d^3}{9} - \frac{(8a^3b^2d^3-16a^2b^3cd^2)\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{b^2c-abd}}{36(a^2d-abc)}\right)}{6(a^2d-abc)}\right)}{a^2d-abc}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2c-abd}\left(\frac{2b^3d^2\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{27} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-abd}\left(\frac{2a^2b^2d^3}{9} - \frac{(8a^3b^2d^3-16a^2b^3cd^2)\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{b^2c-abd}}{36(a^2d-abc)}\right)}{6(a^2d-abc)}\right)}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-abd}\left(\frac{2b^3d^2\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{27} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-abd}\left(\frac{2a^2b^2d^3}{9} - \frac{(8a^3b^2d^3-16a^2b^3cd^2)\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{b^2c-abd}}{36(a^2d-abc)}\right)}{6(a^2d-abc)}\right)}{a^2d-abc}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2c-abd}\left(\frac{2b^3d^2\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{27} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-abd}\left(\frac{2a^2b^2d^3}{9} - \frac{(8a^3b^2d^3-16a^2b^3cd^2)\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{b^2c-abd}}{36(a^2d-abc)}\right)}{6(a^2d-abc)}\right)}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-abd}\left(\frac{2b^3d^2\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{27} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-abd}\left(\frac{2a^2b^2d^3}{9} - \frac{(8a^3b^2d^3-16a^2b^3cd^2)\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{b^2c-abd}}{36(a^2d-abc)}\right)}{6(a^2d-abc)}\right)}{a^2d-abc}\right)}{3(a^2d-abc)}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```
- atanh((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/(3*a*c^(1/2)) - (atan((((b^2*c - a*b*d)
^(1/2)*((2*b^3*d^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2))/27 - ((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*((2*a^2*
b^2*d^3)/9 - ((8*a^3*b^2*d^3 - 16*a^2*b^3*c*d^2)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(b^2*c
- a*b*d)^(1/2))/(36*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))))/(6*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))*1i)/(a^2*d - a
*b*c) + ((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*((2*b^3*d^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2))/27 + ((b^2*c
- a*b*d)^(1/2)*((2*a^2*b^2*d^3)/9 + ((8*a^3*b^2*d^3 - 16*a^2*b^3*c*d^2)*(
c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2))/(36*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))))/(6*(a^2*d -
a*b*c)))*1i)/(a^2*d - a*b*c)/(((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*((2*b^3*d^2*(c + d*
x^6)^(1/2))/27 - ((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*((2*a^2*b^2*d^3)/9 - ((8*a^3*b^2*d
^3 - 16*a^2*b^3*c*d^2)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2))/(36*(a^2*d
- a*b*c)))))/(6*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))/(a^2*d - a*b*c) - ((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2
)*((2*b^3*d^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2))/27 + ((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*((2*a^2*b^2*d
^3)/9 + ((8*a^3*b^2*d^3 - 16*a^2*b^3*c*d^2)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(b^2*c - a*b
*d)^(1/2))/(36*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))))/(6*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))/(a^2*d - a*b*c))*
(b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*1i)/(3*(a^2*d - a*b*c))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx^6+c} - \sqrt{c}) - \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx^6+c} + \sqrt{c}) - 6 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c} x^5}{bdx^{12}+adx^6+bcx^6+ac} dx \right) bc}{6ac}$$

input

```
int(1/x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c)) - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) +
sqrt(c)) - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**5)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*
x**12),x)*b*c)/(6*a*c)
```

### 3.61 $\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	697
Mathematica [A] (verified)	697
Rubi [A] (verified)	698
Maple [A] (verified)	700
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	701
Sympy [F]	701
Maxima [F]	702
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	702
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	703
Reduce [F]	704

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6acx^6} + \frac{(2bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{6a^2c^{3/2}} - \frac{b^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{3a^2\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output `-1/6*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a/c/x^6+1/6*(a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/a^2/c^(3/2)-1/3*b^(3/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{-\frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{cx^6} + \frac{2b^{3/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}} + \frac{(2bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}}{6a^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output 
$$\left( -\frac{a\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{cx^6} + \frac{2b^{3/2}\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + dx^6}]}{\sqrt{-(bc) + ad}} + \frac{(2bc + ad)\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{c + dx^6}/\sqrt{c}]}{c^{3/2}} \right) / (6a^2)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {948, 114, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 948 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{x^{12} (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6 \\ & \quad \downarrow 114 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{bdx^6 + 2bc + ad}{2x^6 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{acx^6} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{bdx^6 + 2bc + ad}{x^6 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{acx^6} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 174 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{(ad + 2bc) \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6 - \frac{2b^2c \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{a}}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{acx^6} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{2(ad+2bc) \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{12}}{d} - \frac{c}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{ad} - \frac{4b^2c \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{12}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{ad} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{acx^6} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{4b^{3/2}c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{a\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2(ad+2bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{acx^6} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/(a*c*x^6)) - ((-2*(2*b*c + a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/Sqrt[c]])/(a*Sqrt[c]) + (4*b^(3/2)*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(a*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(2*a*c))/6`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`



rule 174 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*  
((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^  
p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d  
*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x  
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^  
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ  
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{a\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{cx^6} + \frac{(ad+2cb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b^2\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}}{6a^2}$	92

input `int(1/x^7/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/a^2*(-a/c*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/x^6+(a*d+2*b*c)/c^(3/2)*arctanh((d*x^6+c)^(1  
/2)/c^(1/2))+2*b^2/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)*arctan((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*b/((a*d-b*c)  
*b)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ 2bc^2x^6 \sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}} \log\left(\frac{bdx^6+2bc-ad-2\sqrt{dx^6+c}(bc-ad)\sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}}}{bx^6+a}\right) + (2bc+ad)\sqrt{c}x^6 \log\left(\frac{dx^6+2\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x^6}\right) - 2\sqrt{c} \right]}{12a^2c^2x^6}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(2*b*c^2*x^6*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^6 + a)) + (2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(c)*x^6*log((d*x^6 + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^6) - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a*c)/(a^2*c^2*x^6), 1/12*(4*b*c^2*x^6*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) + (2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(c)*x^6*log((d*x^6 + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^6) - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a*c)/(a^2*c^2*x^6), 1/6*(b*c^2*x^6*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^6 + a)) - (2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-c)*x^6*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^6 + c)) - sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a*c)/(a^2*c^2*x^6), 1/6*(2*b*c^2*x^6*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) - (2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-c)*x^6*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^6 + c)) - sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a*c)/(a^2*c^2*x^6)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**7/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**7*(a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))*x^7), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b^2c+ab}da^2} - \frac{(2bc+ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{6a^2\sqrt{-c}} - \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{6acx^6}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*b^2*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*a^2) - 1/6*(2*b*c + a*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)/sqrt(-c))/(a^2*sqrt(-c)*c) - 1/6*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)/(a*c*x^6)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln \left( \sqrt{dx^6 + c} (b^4 c - a b^3 d)^{3/2} + b^6 c^2 + a^2 b^4 d^2 - 2 a b^5 c d \right) \sqrt{b^4 c - a b^3 d}}{6 a^3 d - 6 a^2 b c} - \frac{\ln \left( \sqrt{dx^6 + c} (b^4 c - a b^3 d)^{3/2} - b^6 c^2 - a^2 b^4 d^2 + 2 a b^5 c d \right) \sqrt{b^4 c - a b^3 d}}{6 (a^3 d - a^2 b c)} - \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{6 a c x^6} - \frac{\operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{b^4 d^4 \sqrt{dx^6 + c} i}{18 \sqrt{c^3} \left( \frac{b^4 d^4}{18 c} + \frac{5 a b^3 d^5}{108 c^2} + \frac{a^2 b^2 d^6}{108 c^3} \right)} + \frac{b^2 d^6 \sqrt{dx^6 + c} i}{108 \sqrt{c^3} \left( \frac{5 b^3 d^5}{108 a} + \frac{b^2 d^6}{108 c} + \frac{b^4 c d^4}{18 a^2} \right)} + \frac{b^3 d^5 \sqrt{dx^6 + c} 5i}{108 \sqrt{c^3} \left( \frac{b^4 d^4}{18 a} + \frac{5 b^3 d^5}{108 c} + \frac{a b^2 d^6}{108 c^2} \right)} \right) (a d + 2 b c)}{6 a^2 \sqrt{c^3}}$$

input `int(1/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `(log((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(b^4*c - a*b^3*d)^(3/2) + b^6*c^2 + a^2*b^4*d^2 - 2*a*b^5*c*d)*(b^4*c - a*b^3*d)^(1/2))/(6*a^3*d - 6*a^2*b*c) - (log((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(b^4*c - a*b^3*d)^(3/2) - b^6*c^2 - a^2*b^4*d^2 + 2*a*b^5*c*d)*(b^4*c - a*b^3*d)^(1/2))/(6*(a^3*d - a^2*b*c)) - (c + d*x^6)^(1/2)/(6*a*c*x^6) - (atan((b^4*d^4*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*i)/(18*(c^3)^(1/2)*((b^4*d^4)/(18*c) + (5*a*b^3*d^5)/(108*c^2) + (a^2*b^2*d^6)/(108*c^3))) + (b^2*d^6*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*i)/(108*(c^3)^(1/2)*((5*b^3*d^5)/(108*a) + (b^2*d^6)/(108*c) + (b^4*c*d^4)/(18*a^2))) + (b^3*d^5*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*5i)/(108*(c^3)^(1/2)*((b^4*d^4)/(18*a) + (5*b^3*d^5)/(108*c) + (a*b^2*d^6)/(108*c^2))))*(a*d + 2*b*c)*i)/(6*a^2*(c^3)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^6 + c} a^2 cd + 4\sqrt{dx^6 + c} b^2 c^2 x^6 - \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx^6 + c} - \sqrt{c}) a^2 d^2 x^6 - 2\sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx^6 + c} - \sqrt{c}) a b c d x^6 + \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx^6 + c} + \sqrt{c}) a^2 d^2 x^6 + 2\sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx^6 + c} + \sqrt{c}) a b c d x^6 - 12 \int \frac{(\sqrt{c + dx^6}) x^{11}}{(a^2 c + a d x^6 + b^2 c x^6 + b d x^{12})} dx}{12 a^3 c^2 d x^6}$$

input

```
int(1/x^7/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a**2*c*d + 4*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*b**2*c**2*x**6 - sqrt
(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*a**2*d**2*x**6 - 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c
+ d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*a*b*c*d*x**6 + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c)
)*a**2*d**2*x**6 + 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c))*a*b*c*d*x**6
- 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*x**12),
x)*b**3*c**2*d*x**6)/(12*a**3*c**2*d*x**6)
```

**3.62**  $\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	705
Mathematica [A] (verified)	705
Rubi [A] (verified)	706
Maple [A] (verified)	708
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	709
Sympy [F]	710
Maxima [F]	710
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	710
Mupad [F(-1)]	711
Reduce [F]	711

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^3\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6bd} + \frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^3}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{3b^2\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{(bc+2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^3}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{6b^2d^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/6*x^3*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/b/d+1/3*a^(3/2)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^3/a^(1/2)
)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2))/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)-1/6*(2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)*x^
3/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2))/b^2/d^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{bx^3\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{d} + \frac{2a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+bx^3}(\sqrt{d}x^3+\sqrt{c+dx^6})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{(bc+2ad) \log(\sqrt{d}x^3+\sqrt{c+dx^6})}{d^{3/2}}$$

$6b^2$

input `Integrate[x^14/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((b*x^3*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/d + (2*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(a*Sqrt[d] + b*x^3*(Sqrt[d]*x^3 + Sqrt[c + d*x^6]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d] - ((b*c + 2*a*d)*Log[Sqrt[d]*x^3 + Sqrt[c + d*x^6]])/d^(3/2))/(6*b^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {965, 381, 398, 224, 219, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^{12}}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{381} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{x^3\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2bd} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc+2ad)x^6+ac}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{2bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{x^3\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2bd} - \frac{(2ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{2a^2d \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{2bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{x^3\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2bd} - \frac{(2ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{1-dx^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}}{b} - \frac{2a^2d \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2bd} - \frac{(2ad+bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^3}}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{2a^2 d \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{b} \right)$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2bd} - \frac{(2ad+bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^3}}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{2a^2 d \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}}{b} \right)$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2bd} - \frac{(2ad+bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^3}}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{2a^{3/2} d \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{bc-ad}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^14/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((x^3*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(2*b*d) - ((-2*a^(3/2)*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^3)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])])/(b*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*x^3)/Sqrt[c + d*x^6]])/(b*Sqrt[d]))/(2*b*d)/3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`



rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst  
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 381 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_ -  
) , x_Symbol] := Simp[e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q  
+ 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^4/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))  
Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m +  
2*q - 1) + b*c*(m + 2*p - 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q  
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2  
, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2])  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/  
b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}  
, x]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_ -  
), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -  
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free  
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}} - \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}bx^3}{d} + \frac{(2ad+cb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	98

input `int(x^14/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/6/b^2*(-2*a^2/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/x^3/(a*(a*d
-b*c))^(1/2))-(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*b/d*x^3+(2*a*d+b*c)/d^(3/2)*arctanh((d*x^6+c
)^(1/2)/x^3/d^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 739, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.01

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}bdx^3 + ad^2\sqrt{-\frac{a}{bc-ad}} \log\left(\frac{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{12} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^6 + a^2c^2 + 4((b^2c^2 - 3abcd + 2a^2d^2)x^9 - (abc^2 - a^2cd)x^3 + a^2c^2)}{b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2}}{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{12} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^6 + a^2c^2 + 4((b^2c^2 - 3abcd + 2a^2d^2)x^9 - (abc^2 - a^2cd)x^3 + a^2c^2)}\right)}{12b^2d^2} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^14/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b*d*x^3 + a*d^2*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d))*log(((b^2*c^
2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*c^2
+ 4*((b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^9 - (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^3))*sqrt
(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d)))/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2)) + (b*c + 2
*a*d)*sqrt(d)*log(-2*d*x^6 + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(d)*x^3 - c))/(b^2*d^2)
, 1/12*(2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b*d*x^3 + a*d^2*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d))*log(((b^2*c^
^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*c^2
+ 4*((b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^9 - (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^3))*sqr
t(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d)))/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2)) + 2*(b*c
+ 2*a*d)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x^3/sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/(b^2*d^2), 1/12*(2
*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b*d*x^3 - 2*a*d^2*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(-1/2*((b*c -
2*a*d)*x^6 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d)))/(a*d*x^9 + a*c*x^3)
) + (b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(d)*log(-2*d*x^6 + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(d)*x^3 - c
))/(b^2*d^2), 1/6*(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b*d*x^3 - a*d^2*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d))*arc
tan(-1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^6 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d)))/(a*
d*x^9 + a*c*x^3)) + (b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x^3/sqrt(d*x^6
+ c)))/(b^2*d^2)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**14/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**14/((a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^14/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^14/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Error detected during grading. Assigning place holder grade for now.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Recursiveassumptionc} \\ & \geq \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + cx^3}}{6bd} - \frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+\frac{c}{x^6}}}{\sqrt{abc-a^2d}}\right)}{3\sqrt{abc-a^2d}\operatorname{sgn}(x)} \\ & + \frac{\left(2a^2\sqrt{-dd}\arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{abc-a^2d}}\right) - \sqrt{abc-a^2d}bc\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) - 2\sqrt{abc-a^2d}ad\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)\right)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{6\sqrt{abc-a^2d}b^2\sqrt{-dd}} \\ & + \frac{(bc + 2ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+\frac{c}{x^6}}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{6b^2\sqrt{-dd}\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{\text{dignored}}{t_{\text{nostep}}^6} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^14/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Recursive\*assumption\*c >= 1/6\*sqrt(d\*x^6 + c)\*x^3/(b\*d) - 1/3\*a^2\*arctan(a\*sqrt(d + c/x^6)/sqrt(a\*b\*c - a^2\*d))/(sqrt(a\*b\*c - a^2\*d)\*b^2\*sgn(x)) + 1/6\*(2\*a^2\*sqrt(-d)\*d\*arctan(a\*sqrt(d)/sqrt(a\*b\*c - a^2\*d)) - sqrt(a\*b\*c - a^2\*d)\*b\*c\*arctan(sqrt(d)/sqrt(-d)) - 2\*sqrt(a\*b\*c - a^2\*d)\*a\*d\*arctan(sqrt(d)/sqrt(-d)))\*sgn(x)/(sqrt(a\*b\*c - a^2\*d)\*b^2\*sqrt(-d)\*d) + 1/6\*(b\*c + 2\*a\*d)\*arctan(sqrt(d + c/x^6)/sqrt(-d))/(b^2\*sqrt(-d)\*d\*sgn(x)) - d\*ignored/t\_nostep^6

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^14/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^14/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}bdx^3 + 2\sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{dx^6 + c} - \sqrt{d}x^3)ad + \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{dx^6 + c} - \sqrt{d}x^3)bc - 2\sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{dx^6 + c} - \sqrt{d}x^3)}{12b^2d^2}$$

input `int(x^14/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*b*d*x**3 + 2*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(d)*x*
*3)*a*d + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(d)*x**3)*b*c - 2*sqrt(d)*log
(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(d)*x**3)*a*d - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqr
t(d)*x**3)*b*c + 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6
+ b*d*x**12),x)*a**2*d**2)/(12*b**2*d**2)
```

### 3.63 $\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	713
Mathematica [A] (verified)	713
Rubi [A] (verified)	714
Maple [A] (verified)	716
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	716
Sympy [F]	717
Maxima [F]	717
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	718
Mupad [F(-1)]	718
Reduce [F]	719

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^3}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{3b\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^3}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{3b\sqrt{d}}$$

output

$$-1/3*a^{(1/2)}*\arctan((-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)}*x^3/a^{(1/2)}/(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)})/b/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)}+1/3*\operatorname{arctanh}(d^{(1/2)}*x^3/(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)})/b/d^{(1/2)}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}+bx^3(\sqrt{d}x^3+\sqrt{c+dx^6})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{3b\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{d}x^3+\sqrt{c+dx^6})}{\sqrt{d}}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^8/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]), x]$$

output

$$\left( -\left( \text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{ArcTan}\left[ \frac{a \cdot \text{Sqrt}[d] + b \cdot x^3 \cdot \left( \text{Sqrt}[d] \cdot x^3 + \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^6] \right)}{\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d]} \right] \right) / \text{Sqrt}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d] + \text{Log}\left[ \text{Sqrt}[d] \cdot x^3 + \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x^6] \right] / \text{Sqrt}[d] \right) / (3 \cdot b)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {965, 385, 224, 219, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{385} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - dx^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^3}}{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{b} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^3}}{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a - (ad - bc)x^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}}{b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^3}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{bc-ad}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^8/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^3)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])])/(b*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])) + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*x^3)/Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(b*Sqrt[d]))/3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 385 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2/b Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] - Simp[a*(e^2/b Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LeQ[2, m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, -1, q, x]`



rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
 x_Symbol] :> With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
 Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}x^6+c}{x^3\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^6+c}{x^3\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}}$	70

input

```
int(x^8/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3/b*(a/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/x^3/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(
1/2))-1/d^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/x^3/d^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.95

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{d\sqrt{-\frac{a}{bc-ad}} \log\left(\frac{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{12} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^6 + a^2c^2 - 4((b^2c^2 - 3abcd + 2a^2d^2)x^9 - (abc^2 - a^2cd)x^3)\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{bc-ad}}}{b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2}\right)}{12bd} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^8/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(d*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d))*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^12
- 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 2*a^
2*d^2)*x^9 - (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^3)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d))
)/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2)) + 2*sqrt(d)*log(-2*d*x^6 - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 +
c)*sqrt(d)*x^3 - c)/(b*d), 1/12*(d*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d))*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8
*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*c^2 - 4*(
b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^9 - (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^3)*sqrt(d*x^
6 + c)*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d)))/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2)) - 4*sqrt(-d)*ar
ctan(sqrt(-d)*x^3/sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/(b*d), 1/6*(d*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d))*arct
an(-1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^6 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d))/(a*d
*x^9 + a*c*x^3)) + sqrt(d)*log(-2*d*x^6 - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(d)*x^3 -
c)/(b*d), 1/6*(d*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(-1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^6 - a*c
)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d))/(a*d*x^9 + a*c*x^3)) - 2*sqrt(-d)*ar
ctan(sqrt(-d)*x^3/sqrt(d*x^6 + c)))/(b*d)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**8/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**8/((a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^8/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^8/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\left(a\sqrt{-d} \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{abc-a^2d}}\right) - \sqrt{abc-a^2d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3\sqrt{abc-a^2d}b\sqrt{-d}}$$

$$+ \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+\frac{c}{x^6}}}{\sqrt{abc-a^2d}}\right)}{3\sqrt{abc-a^2d}b\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+\frac{c}{x^6}}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{3b\sqrt{-d}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(a*sqrt(-d)*arctan(a*sqrt(d)/sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)) - sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*arctan(sqrt(d)/sqrt(-d)))*sgn(x)/(sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*b*sqrt(-d)) + 1/3*a*arctan(a*sqrt(d + c/x^6)/sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d))/(sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*b*sgn(x)) - 1/3*arctan(sqrt(d + c/x^6)/sqrt(-d))/(b*sqrt(-d)*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^8/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^8/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{dx^6 + c} - \sqrt{d}x^3) + \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{dx^6 + c} + \sqrt{d}x^3) - 6\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}x^2}{bdx^{12} + adx^6 + bcx^6 + ac} dx\right) ad}{6bd}$$

input `int(x^8/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(d)*x**3) + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(d)*x**3) - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*x**12),x)*a*d)/(6*b*d)`

### 3.64 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	720
Mathematica [A] (verified)	720
Rubi [A] (verified)	721
Maple [A] (verified)	722
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	722
Sympy [F]	723
Maxima [F]	723
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	724
Mupad [F(-1)]	724
Reduce [F]	724

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^3}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output `1/3*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^3/a^(1/2)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}+bx^3(\sqrt{d}x^3+\sqrt{c+dx^6})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `ArcTan[(a*Sqrt[d] + b*x^3*(Sqrt[d]*x^3 + Sqrt[c + d*x^6]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])]/(3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {965, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{965}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{291}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{a - (ad - bc)x^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{218}$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^3)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])]/(3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst  
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),  
x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -  
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free  
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{3\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}$	42

input `int(x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/x^3/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 96 vs. 2(42) = 84.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-abc + a^2d} \log\left(\frac{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{12} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^6 + a^2c^2 - 4((bc - 2ad)x^9 - acx^3)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}\sqrt{-abc + a^2d}}{b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2}\right)}{12(abc - a^2d)}, \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right) \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/12*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d)*log((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^12 -
2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^9 - a*c*x^3)*
sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d))/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2))/(a*b*c
- a^2*d), 1/6*arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^6 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(a
*b*c - a^2*d)/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^9 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^3))/sqrt(a*
b*c - a^2*d)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2/((a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^2/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{dx^3 - \sqrt{dx^6 + c}})^2 b - bc + 2ad}{2\sqrt{abcd - a^2 d^2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{abcd - a^2 d^2}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*sqrt(d)*arctan(1/2*((sqrt(d)*x^3 - sqrt(d*x^6 + c))^2*b - b*c + 2*a*d)/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2))/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^2/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + cx^2}}{bdx^{12} + adx^6 + bcx^6 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*x**12),x)`

### 3.65 $\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	725
Mathematica [A] (verified)	725
Rubi [A] (verified)	726
Maple [A] (verified)	728
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	728
Sympy [F]	729
Maxima [F]	729
Giac [F(-1)]	730
Mupad [F(-1)]	730
Reduce [F]	730

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{3acx^3} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^3}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output

$$-1/3*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a/c/x^3-1/3*b*\arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^3/a^(1/2)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{3acx^3} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+bx^3}(\sqrt{dx^3+\sqrt{c+dx^6}})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

```
-1/3*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/(a*c*x^3) - (b*ArcTan[(a*Sqrt[d] + b*x^3*(Sqrt[d]*x^3
+ Sqrt[c + d*x^6]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])]/(3*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d
])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {965, 382, 25, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{382} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{bc}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{acx^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{bc}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{acx^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{acx^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^6} d\frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{acx^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{acx^3} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/(a*c*x^3)) - (b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^3)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]]))/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])/3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 382 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*c*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(m + 3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] :> With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3} - \frac{bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{3ac}}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}$	67

input

```
int(1/x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3/a*(-(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/x^3-b*c/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/x^3/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))/c
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-abc + a^2dbc} x^3 \log \left( \frac{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{12} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^6 + a^2c^2 + 4((bc - 2ad)x^9 - acx^3)\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{-abc+a^2d}}{b^2x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} \right)}{12(a^2bc^2 - a^3cd)x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{abc - a^2dbc} x^3 \arctan \left( \frac{((bc - 2ad)x^6 - ac)\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{abc - a^2d}}{2((abcd - a^2d^2)x^9 + (abc^2 - a^2cd)x^3)} \right) + 2\sqrt{dx^6+c}(abc - a^2d)}{6(a^2bc^2 - a^3cd)x^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/12*(sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d)*b*c*x^3*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*c^2 + 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^9 - a*c*x^3)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d))/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2)) + 4*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(a*b*c - a^2*d))/((a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*x^3), -1/6*(sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*b*c*x^3*arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^6 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d))/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^9 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^3)) + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(a*b*c - a^2*d))/((a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*x^3)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**4/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**4*(a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + cx^4}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^4), x)
```

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{bdx^{16} + adx^{10} + bcx^{10} + acx^4} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**6)/(a*c*x**4 + a*d*x**10 + b*c*x**10 + b*d*x**16),x)`

### 3.66 $\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	731
Mathematica [A] (verified)	731
Rubi [A] (verified)	732
Maple [A] (verified)	734
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	735
Sympy [F]	735
Maxima [F]	736
Giac [F(-1)]	736
Mupad [F(-1)]	736
Reduce [F]	737

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{9acx^9} + \frac{(3bc+2ad)\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{9a^2c^2x^3} + \frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-adx^3}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{3a^{5/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output

```
-1/9*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a/c/x^9+1/9*(2*a*d+3*b*c)*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2/x^3
+1/3*b^2*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^3/a^(1/2)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(-a*
d+b*c)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(-ac+3bcx^6+2adx^6)}{9a^2c^2x^9} + \frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+bx^3}(\sqrt{dx^3+\sqrt{c+dx^6}})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{3a^{5/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$



input `Integrate[1/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6]*(-(a*c) + 3*b*c*x^6 + 2*a*d*x^6))/(9*a^2*c^2*x^9) + (b^2*\text{ArcTan}[(a*\text{Sqrt}[d] + b*x^3*(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x^3 + \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6]))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]))/(3*a^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {965, 382, 25, 445, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 965 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^{12} (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow 382 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{2bdx^6 + 3bc + 2ad}{x^6(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{3acx^9} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{2bdx^6 + 3bc + 2ad}{x^6(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{3acx^9} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 445 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3b^2c^2}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}(2ad + 3bc)}{acx^3} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{3acx^9} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{3b^2c \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(2ad+3bc)}{acx^3} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{3acx^9} \right)$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{3b^2c \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(2ad+3bc)}{acx^3} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{3acx^9} \right)$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{3b^2c \arctan\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(2ad+3bc)}{acx^3} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{3acx^9} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `(-1/3*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/(a*c*x^9) - (-(((3*b*c + 2*a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(a*c*x^3)) - (3*b^2*c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^3)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])])/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(3*a*c))/3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst  
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 382 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/  
(a*c*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*c*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*  
x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(m + 3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m  
+ 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[  
b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p  
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))  
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c  
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^  
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),  
x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -  
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free  
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}(-2adx^6-3bcx^6+ac)}{3x^9} + \frac{b^2c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{3a^2c^2\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}$	88

input `int(1/x^10/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{3}a^{-2}(-1/3(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}*(-2*a*d*x^6-3*b*c*x^6+a*c)/x^9+b^2*c^2/(a*(a*d-b*c))^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(a*(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}/x^3/(a*(a*d-b*c))^{(1/2)}))/c^2$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{3 \sqrt{-abc + a^2d} b^2 c^2 x^9 \log \left( \frac{(b^2 c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2 d^2) x^{12} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2 cd) x^6 + a^2 c^2 - 4((bc - 2ad)x^9 - acx^3) \sqrt{dx^6 + c} \sqrt{-abc + a^2 d}}{b^2 x^{12} + 2abx^6 + a^2} \right)}{36 (a^3 bc^3 - a^4 c^2 d) x^9} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[-1/36*(3*\sqrt{-a*b*c + a^2*d})*b^2*c^2*x^9*\log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^{12} - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^9 - a*c*x^3)*\sqrt{d*x^6 + c}*\sqrt{-a*b*c + a^2*d}))/((b^2*x^{12} + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2)) - 4*((3*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d - 2*a^3*d^2)*x^6 - a^2*b*c^2 + a^3*c*d)*\sqrt{d*x^6 + c}))/((a^3*b*c^3 - a^4*c^2*d)*x^9), 1/18*(3*\sqrt{a*b*c - a^2*d}*b^2*c^2*x^9*\arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^6 - a*c)*\sqrt{d*x^6 + c})*\sqrt{a*b*c - a^2*d}))/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^9 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^3)) + 2*((3*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d - 2*a^3*d^2)*x^6 - a^2*b*c^2 + a^3*c*d)*\sqrt{d*x^6 + c}))/((a^3*b*c^3 - a^4*c^2*d)*x^9)]$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**10/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**10*(a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^{10}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))*x^10, x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{10} (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{dx^6+c}c + 2\sqrt{dx^6+c}dx^6 - 9\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{bdx^{16}+adx^{10}+bcx^{10}+acx^4} dx\right)bc^2x^9}{9ac^2x^9}$$

input `int(1/x^10/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `(-sqrt(c+d*x**6)*c+2*sqrt(c+d*x**6)*d*x**6-9*int(sqrt(c+d*x**6)/(a*c*x**4+a*d*x**10+b*c*x**10+b*d*x**16),x)*b*c**2*x**9)/(9*a*c**2*x**9)`

### 3.67 $\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	738
Mathematica [A] (verified)	738
Rubi [A] (verified)	739
Maple [F]	740
Fricas [F(-2)]	740
Sympy [F]	741
Maxima [F]	741
Giac [F]	741
Mupad [F(-1)]	742
Reduce [F]	742

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{6}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{5a\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5(1+d*x^6/c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}(5/6, 1, 1/2, 11/6, -b*x^6/a, -d*x^6/c)/a/(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{5a\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^4/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

`(x^5*Sqrt[(c + d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[5/6, 1/2, 1, 11/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)])/(5*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^5 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{6}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{5a\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input `Int[x^4/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `(x^5*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[5/6, 1, 1/2, 11/6, -(b*x^6)/a], -((d*x^6)/c)]/(5*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```



rule 1013

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])

```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: Not integrable (provided residues have no relations)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/((a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^4/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}x^4}{bdx^{12} + adx^6 + bcx^6 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**4)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*x**12),x)`

$$3.68 \quad \int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$$

Optimal result	743
Mathematica [A] (verified)	743
Rubi [A] (verified)	744
Maple [F]	745
Fricas [F(-1)]	746
Sympy [F]	746
Maxima [F]	746
Giac [F]	747
Mupad [F(-1)]	747
Reduce [F]	747

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{4a\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

output

```
1/4*x^4*(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(2/3,1,1/2,5/3,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{4a\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
(x^4*Sqrt[(c + d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1, 5/3, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)])/(4*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {965, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{c + dx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
 & \frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{4a\sqrt{c + dx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `(x^4*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[2/3, 1, 1/2, 5/3, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x^6)/c)])/(4*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
  1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1 /; Free
  Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
  ))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
  + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
  b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
  - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
  ))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
  n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
  & NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^3/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}x^3}{bdx^{12} + adx^6 + bcx^6 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**3)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*x**12),x)`



### 3.69 $\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	748
Mathematica [A] (verified)	748
Rubi [A] (verified)	749
Maple [F]	750
Fricas [F(-1)]	750
Sympy [F]	751
Maxima [F]	751
Giac [F]	751
Mupad [F(-1)]	752
Reduce [F]	752

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{2a\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

output `1/2*x^2*(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/3,1,1/2,4/3,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{2a\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[x/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[(c + d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1, 4/3, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)])/(2*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {965, 937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{c + dx^6}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{2a\sqrt{c + dx^6}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[1/3, 1, 1/2, 4/3, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x^6)/c)])/(2*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] :> With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}x}{bdx^{12} + adx^6 + bcdx^6 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*x**12),x)`

### 3.70 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	753
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	753
Rubi [A] (verified)	754
Maple [F]	755
Fricas [F(-2)]	755
Sympy [F]	756
Maxima [F]	756
Giac [F]	756
Mupad [F(-1)]	757
Reduce [F]	757

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{a\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

output `x*(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/6,1,1/2,7/6,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 161 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{7acx \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6} \left(-7ac \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right) + 3x^6 \left(2bc \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{13}{6}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)\right)\right)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-7*a*c*x*AppellF1[1/6, 1/2, 1, 7/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)]/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]*(-7*a*c*AppellF1[1/6, 1/2, 1, 7/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + 3*x^6*(2*b*c*AppellF1[7/6, 1/2, 2, 13/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + a*d*AppellF1[7/6, 3/2, 1, 13/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)])) \end{aligned}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{a\sqrt{c + dx^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]$$

output

$$\frac{(x*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[1/6, 1, 1/2, 7/6, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x^6)/c)])/(a*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])}{a\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: Not
integrable (provided residues have no relations)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{bdx^{12} + adx^6 + bcx^6 + ac} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**6)/(a*c + a*d*x**6 + b*c*x**6 + b*d*x**12),x)`

### 3.71 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	758
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	758
Rubi [A] (verified)	759
Maple [F]	760
Fricas [F]	760
Sympy [F]	761
Maxima [F]	761
Giac [F]	761
Mupad [F(-1)]	762
Reduce [F]	762

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{ax\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

output `-(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/6,1,1/2,5/6,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a/x/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{-55a(c+dx^6) - 11(bc-2ad)x^6\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right) + 10bdx^{12}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{55a^2cx\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

```
(-55*a*(c + d*x^6) - 11*(b*c - 2*a*d)*x^6*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[5/6, 1/2, 1, 11/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + 10*b*d*x^12*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[11/6, 1/2, 1, 17/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)])/(55*a^2*c*x*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c}+1} \int \frac{1}{x^2(bx^6+a)\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c}+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{ax\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[-1/6, 1, 1/2, 5/6, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x^6)/c)])/(a*x*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)/(b*d*x^14 + (b*c + a*d)*x^8 + a*c*x^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{bdx^{14} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + acx^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**6)/(a*c*x**2 + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**14),x)`

### 3.72 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	763
Mathematica [B] (verified)	763
Rubi [A] (verified)	764
Maple [F]	765
Fricas [F(-1)]	766
Sympy [F]	766
Maxima [F]	766
Giac [F]	767
Mupad [F(-1)]	767
Reduce [F]	767

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{2ax^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

output `-1/2*(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/3,1,1/2,2/3,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a/x^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{-20a(c+dx^6) + 5(-2bc+ad)x^6\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right) + 2bdx^{12}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{40a^2cx^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`



output

```
(-20*a*(c + d*x^6) + 5*(-2*b*c + a*d)*x^6*sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1, 5/3, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + 2*b*d*x^12*sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1, 8/3, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)]/(40*a^2*c*x^2*sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {965, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 965$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{2ax^2\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)*sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[-1/3, 1, 1/2, 2/3, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x^6)/c)]/(a*x^2*sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
  1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1 /; Free
  Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
  + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
  b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
  - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p])
  Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
  & NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + cx^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))*x^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{bdx^{15} + adx^9 + bcx^9 + acx^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**6)/(a*c*x**3 + a*d*x**9 + b*c*x**9 + b*d*x**15),x)`

### 3.73 $\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	768
Mathematica [B] (verified)	768
Rubi [A] (verified)	769
Maple [F]	770
Fricas [F(-1)]	771
Sympy [F]	771
Maxima [F]	771
Giac [F]	772
Mupad [F(-1)]	772
Reduce [F]	772

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{4ax^4\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

output `-1/4*(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-2/3,1,1/2,1/3,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a/x^4/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{-8a(c+dx^6) - 4(4bc+ad)x^6\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right) - bdx^{12}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right)}{32a^2cx^4\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

```
(-8*a*(c + d*x^6) - 4*(4*b*c + a*d)*x^6*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[1/3,
1/2, 1, 4/3, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] - b*d*x^12*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*Ap
pellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1, 7/3, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)])/(32*a^2*c*x^4*Sqrt[c
+ d*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {965, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 965$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{4ax^4\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[-2/3, 1, 1/2, 1/3, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x
^6)/c)])/(a*x^4*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
  1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1 /; Free
  Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
  ))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
  + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
  b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
  - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
  ))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
  n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
  & NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**5/(b*x**6+a)/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**5*(a + b*x**6)*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + cx^5}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))*x^5, x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^5}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))*x^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{bdx^{17} + adx^{11} + bcdx^{11} + acx^5} dx$$

input `int(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**6)/(a*c*x**5 + a*d*x**11 + b*c*x**11 + b*d*x**17),x)`

### 3.74 $\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{3b^2d} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6b^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} + \frac{a(4bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{6b^{5/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{(d x^6 + c)^{1/2}}{b^2 d} - \frac{1}{6} \frac{a^2 (d x^6 + c)^{1/2}}{b^2 (-a d + b^2 c)} \frac{1}{(b x^6 + a)} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{a (-3 a d + 4 b^2 c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b^{1/2} (d x^6 + c)^{1/2}}{(-a d + b^2 c)^{1/2}}\right)}{b^5 (-a d + b^2 c)^{3/2}}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}(-3a^2d+2b^2cx^6+2ab(c-dx^6))}{d(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} + \frac{a(4bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{6b^{5/2}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^17/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{c + d*x^6})*(-3*a^2*d + 2*b^2*c*x^6 + 2*a*b*(c - d*x^6)))/(d*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6)) + (a*(4*b*c - 3*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{c + d*x^6})/\sqrt{-(b*c) + a*d}])/(-(b*c) + a*d)^{(3/2)}}{(6*b^{(5/2)})}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {948, 100, 27, 90, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x^{12}}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6$$

↓ 100

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{a(2bc-ad)-2b(bc-ad)x^6}{2(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^6}{b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{b^2(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a(2bc-ad)-2b(bc-ad)x^6}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^6}{2b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{b^2(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

↓ 90

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{a(4bc-3ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^6 - \frac{4\sqrt{c+dx^6}(bc-ad)}{d}}{2b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{b^2(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{2a(4bc-3ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{12}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{2b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{4\sqrt{c+dx^6}(bc-ad)}{d} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{b^2(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}{b^2 (a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} - \frac{2a(4bc-3ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - \frac{4\sqrt{c+dx^6}(bc-ad)}{d}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bc-ad} \cdot 2b^2(bc-ad)} \right)$$

input `Int[x^17/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((-(a^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6))) - ((-4*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/d - (2*a*(4*b*c - 3*a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(2*b^2*(b*c - a*d))/6`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 100  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))], x] - \text{Simp}[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || (\text{EqQ}[n + p + 3, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \&\& (\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1] || !\text{SumSimplerQ}[p, 1])))$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-(bx^6+a)da\left(ad-\frac{4cb}{3}\right)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}b}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)+\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}\sqrt{dx^6+c}\left(-\frac{2b^2cx^6}{3}-\frac{2a(-dx^6+c)b}{3}+a^2d\right)}{2\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}db^2(ad-cb)(bx^6+a)}$	133

input  $\text{int}(x^{17}/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/2/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}*(-(b*x^6+a)*d*a*(a*d-4/3*c*b)*\arctan((d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)})+((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}*(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}*(-2/3*b^2*c*x^6-2/3*a*(-d*x^6+c)*b+a^2*d)/d/b^2/(a*d-b*c)/(b*x^6+a)$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.86

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{((4ab^2cd - 3a^2bd^2)x^6 + 4a^2bcd - 3a^3d^2)\sqrt{b^2c - abd} \log\left(\frac{bdx^6 + 2bc - ad + 2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}\sqrt{b^2c - abd}}{bx^6 + a}\right) + 2(2(b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd^2 + a^2b^2c^2d - 5a^2b^2c^2d + 3a^3b^2d^2)\sqrt{dx^6 + c})}{12(ab^5c^2d - 2a^2b^4cd^2 + a^3b^3d^3 + (b^6c^2d - 2ab^5cd^2 + a^2b^4c^2d^2 + a^3b^3d^3))} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{((4ab^2cd - 3a^2bd^2)x^6 + 4a^2bcd - 3a^3d^2)\sqrt{-b^2c + abd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}\sqrt{-b^2c + abd}}{bdx^6 + bc}\right) - (2(b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd^2 + a^2b^2c^2d - 5a^2b^2c^2d + 3a^3b^2d^2)\sqrt{dx^6 + c})}{6(ab^5c^2d - 2a^2b^4cd^2 + a^3b^3d^3 + (b^6c^2d - 2ab^5cd^2 + a^2b^4c^2d^2 + a^3b^3d^3))} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^17/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(((4*a*b^2*c*d - 3*a^2*b*d^2)*x^6 + 4*a^2*b*c*d - 3*a^3*d^2)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d)*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^6 + a)) + 2*(2*(b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^6 + 2*a*b^3*c^2 - 5*a^2*b^2*c*d + 3*a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/(a*b^5*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b^4*c*d^2 + a^3*b^3*d^3 + (b^6*c^2*d - 2*a*b^5*c*d^2 + a^2*b^4*d^3)*x^6), -1/6*(((4*a*b^2*c*d - 3*a^2*b*d^2)*x^6 + 4*a^2*b*c*d - 3*a^3*d^2)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^6 + b*c)) - (2*(b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^6 + 2*a*b^3*c^2 - 5*a^2*b^2*c*d + 3*a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/(a*b^5*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b^4*c*d^2 + a^3*b^3*d^3 + (b^6*c^2*d - 2*a*b^5*c*d^2 + a^2*b^4*d^3)*x^6)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**17/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^17/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a\*d-b\*c>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+ca^2d^3}}{(b^3c-ab^2d)((dx^6+c)b-bc+ad)} + \frac{(4abcd^2-3a^2d^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{(b^3c-ab^2d)\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx^6+cd}}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^17/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/6*(\text{sqrt}(d*x^6 + c)*a^2*d^3/((b^3*c - a*b^2*d)*((d*x^6 + c)*b - b*c + a*d)) + (4*a*b*c*d^2 - 3*a^2*d^3)*\arctan(\text{sqrt}(d*x^6 + c)*b/\text{sqrt}(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/((b^3*c - a*b^2*d)*\text{sqrt}(-b^2*c + a*b*d)) - 2*\text{sqrt}(d*x^6 + c)*d/b^2)/d^2$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{3b^2d} - \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{dx^6+c}(3ad-4bc)}{(3a^2d-4abc)\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right)(3ad-4bc)}{6b^{5/2}(ad-bc)^{3/2}} + \frac{a^2d\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{2(ad-bc)(3b^3(dx^6+c) - 3b^3c + 3ab^2d)}$$

input `int(x^17/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)/(3*b^2*d) - (a*atan((a*b^(1/2)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(3*a*d - 4*b*c))/((3*a^2*d - 4*a*b*c)*(a*d - b*c)^(1/2)))*(3*a*d - 4*b*c))/(6*b^(5/2)*(a*d - b*c)^(3/2)) + (a^2*d*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2))/(2*(a*d - b*c)*(3*b^3*(c + d*x^6) - 3*b^3*c + 3*a*b^2*d))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^6+c}ac + \sqrt{dx^6+c}adx^6 - 2\sqrt{dx^6+c}bcx^6 - 9\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}x^{11}}{ab^2d^2x^{18}-2b^3cdx^{18}+2a^2bd^2x^{12}-3ab^2cdx^{12}-2b^3c^2x^{12}+}$$

input `int(x^17/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`



output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a*c + sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a*d*x**6 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)
)*b*c*x**6 - 9*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2
*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**
12 + a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**4*d**
3 + 30*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*
c**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b
**2*d**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**3*b*c*d**2 -
9*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c**2
+ 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b**2*d
**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**3*b*d**3*x**6 - 24
*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c**2 +
2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b**2*d*
**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d + 30*
int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c**2 +
2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b**2*d**
2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**6 -
24*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c**
2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b**2
*d**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a*b**3*c**2*d*x**6)
/(3*b*d*(a**2*d - 2*a*b*c + a*b*d*x**6 - 2*b**2*c*x**6))
```

### 3.75 $\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	781
Mathematica [A] (verified)	781
Rubi [A] (verified)	782
Maple [A] (verified)	783
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	784
Sympy [F(-1)]	784
Maxima [F(-2)]	785
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	785
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	786
Reduce [F]	786

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6b(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} - \frac{(2bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{6b^{3/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{6}a*(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}/b/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^6+a)-1/6*(-a*d+2*b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}/(-a*d+b*c)^{(3/2)}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} - \frac{(2bc-ad)\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{6b^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[x^{11}/((a+b*x^6)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c+d*x^6]),x]$$

output

$$\frac{((a\sqrt{b})\sqrt{c + dx^6})/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6)) - ((2*b*c - a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b})\sqrt{c + dx^6}]/\sqrt{-(b*c) + a*d}]/(-b*c) + a*d)^{(3/2)}}{(6*b^{(3/2)})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{2b(bc - ad)} + \frac{a\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{b(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{12}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{bd(bc - ad)} + \frac{a\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{b(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{a\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{b(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} - \frac{(2bc - ad)\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{b^{3/2}(bc - ad)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{11}/((a + b*x^6)^2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6]),x]$$

output 
$$\frac{((a\sqrt{c + dx^6})/(b(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6)) - ((2*b*c - a*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{c + dx^6}]/\sqrt{b*c - a*d}]/(b^{(3/2)}*(b*c - a*d)^{(3/2)}))/6$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] || !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] || !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 221 
$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 948 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+ca}}{bx^6+a} + \frac{(ad-2cb) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{6(ad-cb)b}$	83

input `int(x^11/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{6} \frac{(a*d-b*c)}{b} \frac{-(d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}*a/(b*x^6+a)+(a*d-2*b*c)/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}*\arctan((d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)}*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)})}{12(ab^4c^2 - 2a^2b^3cd + a^3b^2d^2 + (b^5c^2 - 2ab^4cd + a^2b^3d^2)x^6)}$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{((2b^2c - abd)x^6 + 2abc - a^2d)\sqrt{b^2c - abd} \log\left(\frac{bdx^6 + 2bc - ad - 2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}\sqrt{b^2c - abd}}{bx^6 + a}\right) + 2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}(ab^2c - a^2bd)}{12(ab^4c^2 - 2a^2b^3cd + a^3b^2d^2 + (b^5c^2 - 2ab^4cd + a^2b^3d^2)x^6)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(((2*b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^6 + 2*a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d)*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^6 + a) ) + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(a*b^2*c - a^2*b*d))/(a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^3*c*d + a^3*b^2*d^2 + (b^5*c^2 - 2*a*b^4*c*d + a^2*b^3*d^2)*x^6), 1/6*(((2*b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^6 + 2*a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^6 + b*c)) + sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(a*b^2*c - a^2*b*d))/(a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^3*c*d + a^3*b^2*d^2 + (b^5*c^2 - 2*a*b^4*c*d + a^2*b^3*d^2)*x^6)]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**11/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a\*d-b\*c>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cad^2}}{(b^2c-abd)((dx^6+c)b-bc+ad)} + \frac{(2bcd-ad^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{6d}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a*d^2/((b^2*c - a*b*d)*((d*x^6 + c)*b - b*c + a*d)) + (2*b*c*d - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/((b^2*c - a*b*d)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)))/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right) (ad - 2bc)}{6b^{3/2}(ad - bc)^{3/2}} - \frac{ad\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{2b(ad - bc)(3b(dx^6+c) + 3ad - 3bc)}$$

input `int(x^11/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `(atan((b^(1/2)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2))/(a*d - b*c)^(1/2))*(a*d - 2*b*c))/(6*b^(3/2)*(a*d - b*c)^(3/2)) - (a*d*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2))/(2*b*(a*d - b*c)*(3*b*(c + d*x^6) + 3*a*d - 3*b*c))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}x^{11}}{b^2dx^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2c x^{12} + a^2d x^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2c} dx$$

input `int(x^11/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)`

### 3.76 $\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	787
Mathematica [A] (verified)	787
Rubi [A] (verified)	788
Maple [A] (verified)	789
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	790
Sympy [F(-1)]	790
Maxima [F(-2)]	791
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	791
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	792
Reduce [F]	792

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} + \frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{6\sqrt{b}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^6+a)+1/6*d*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6))) + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d]])/(Sqrt[b]*(-(b*c) + a*d)^(3/2)))/6
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {946, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 946$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 52$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{d \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{2(bc - ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{12}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{bc - ad} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(bc - ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x^5/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6))) + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(Sqrt[b]*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2)))/6
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52  $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * (c + d*x)^{n+1} / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d * ((m + n + 2) / ((b*c - a*d)*(m+1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1} * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1} * (c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTanh}[x / \text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 946  $\text{Int}[x^m * (a + b*x^n)^p * (c + d*x^n)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^p * (c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m - n + 1, 0]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{bx^6+a} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{6ad-6cb}$	71

input `int(x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{(a*d-b*c)} * ((d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)} / (b*x^6+a) + d / ((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)} * \arctan((d*x^6+c)^{(1/2)} * b / ((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}))$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.47

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{(bdx^6 + ad)\sqrt{b^2c - abd} \log\left(\frac{bdx^6 + 2bc - ad - 2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}\sqrt{b^2c - abd}}{bx^6 + a}\right) + 2\sqrt{dx^6 + c}(b^2c - abd)}{12((b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd + a^2b^2d^2)x^6 + ab^3c^2 - 2a^2b^2cd + a^3bd^2)}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(bdx^6 + ad)\sqrt{-b^2c + abd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}\sqrt{-b^2c + abd}}{bdx^6 + bc}\right) + \sqrt{dx^6 + c}(b^2c - abd)}{6((b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd + a^2b^2d^2)x^6 + ab^3c^2 - 2a^2b^2cd + a^3bd^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/12*((b*d*x^6 + a*d)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d)*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^6 + a)) + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)/((b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^6 + a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2), -1/6*((b*d*x^6 + a*d)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^6 + b*c)) + sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)/((b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^6 + a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**5/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a\*d-b\*c>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{6\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cd}}{6((dx^6+c)b-bc+ad)(bc-ad)}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*d*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*(b*c - a*d)) - 1/6*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*d/(((d*x^6 + c)*b - b*c + a*d)*(b*c - a*d))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{d \sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{2 (ad - bc) (3b(dx^6 + c) + 3ad - 3bc)} + \frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{\sqrt{ad - bc}}\right)}{6 \sqrt{b} (ad - bc)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^5/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `(d*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2))/(2*(a*d - b*c)*(3*b*(c + d*x^6) + 3*a*d - 3*b*c)) + (d*atan((b^(1/2)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2))/(a*d - b*c)^(1/2)))/(6*b^(1/2)*(a*d - b*c)^(3/2))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^5}{b^2 d x^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 d x^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**5)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)`

**3.77**  $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	793
Mathematica [A] (verified)	793
Rubi [A] (verified)	794
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Reduce [F]	800

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6a(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{3a^2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(2bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{6a^2(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/6*b*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^6+a)-1/3*arctanh((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/c
^(1/2))/a^2/c^(1/2)+1/6*b^(1/2)*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^6+c)^(
1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{-\frac{ab\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{(-bc+ad)(a+bx^6)} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(2bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{(-bc+ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{6a^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^6)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output 
$$\left( -\left( \frac{a \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{(-bc + ad)(a + bx^6)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{b}(2bc - 3ad) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc + ad}}\right]}{(-bc + ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right]}{\sqrt{c}} \right) / (6a^2)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {948, 114, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 948 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6 \\ & \quad \downarrow 114 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{bdx^6 + 2bc - 2ad}{2x^6(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{a(bc - ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{a(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\int \frac{bdx^6 + 2(bc - ad)}{x^6(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{2a(bc - ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{a(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 174 \\ & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\frac{2(bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{a} - \frac{b(2bc - 3ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{a}}{2a(bc - ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{a(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{4(bc-ad) \int \frac{x^{12}-c}{d} d\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{ad} - \frac{2b(2bc-3ad) \int \frac{bx^{12}+a-\frac{bc}{d}}{d} d\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{ad} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{a(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{b}(2bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{a\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{4(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{a(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((b*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(a*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6)) + ((-4*(b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/Sqrt[c]])/(a*Sqrt[c]) + (2*Sqrt[b]*(2*b*c - 3*a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(a*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(2*a*(b*c - a*d))/6`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`



rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`

rule 174 `Int[(((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(bx^6+a)\left(cb-\frac{3ad}{2}\right)b\sqrt{c}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}\left(2(ad-cb)(bx^6+a)\arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)+\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{cab}\right)}{2}}{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{(ad-cb)ba^2(ad-cb)(bx^6+a)}}$	146

input `int(1/x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/3/c^(1/2)/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)*((b*x^6+a)*(c*b-3/2*a*d)*b*c^(1/2)*arctan(
(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2))-1/2*((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)*(2*(a*d-b*c
)*(b*x^6+a)*arctanh((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))+(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*a*b))
/a^2/(a*d-b*c)/(b*x^6+a)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 816, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a*b*c + ((2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d)*x^6 + 2*a*b*c^2
- 3*a^2*c*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^6
+ c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^6 + a)) + 2*((b^2*c - a*b*d)*x
^6 + a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(c)*log((d*x^6 - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/
x^6))/((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*c*d)*x^6 + a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*c*d), 1/6*(sqrt(d*x
^6 + c)*a*b*c - ((2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d)*x^6 + 2*a*b*c^2 - 3*a^2*c*d)*sqrt
(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) + ((b^2*c -
a*b*d)*x^6 + a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(c)*log((d*x^6 - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(c)
+ 2*c)/x^6))/((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*c*d)*x^6 + a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*c*d), 1/12*
(2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a*b*c + 4*((b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^6 + a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(-c
)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^6 + c)) + ((2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d)*x^6 + 2*a*b*
c^2 - 3*a^2*c*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d
*x^6 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^6 + a)))/((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a
^3*b*c*d)*x^6 + a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*c*d), 1/6*(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a*b*c - ((2*b^2
*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d)*x^6 + 2*a*b*c^2 - 3*a^2*c*d)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan
(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) + 2*((b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^6 + a*b*c -
a^2*d)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^6 + c)))/((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*c*
d)*x^6 + a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*c*d)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^2\sqrt{dx^6+cx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cbd}}{6(abc-a^2d)((dx^6+c)b-bc+ad)} - \frac{(2b^2c-3abd)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{6(a^2bc-a^3d)\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{3a^2\sqrt{-c}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/6*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b*d/((a*b*c - a^2*d)*((d*x^6 + c)*b - b*c + a*d)) - 1/
6*(2*b^2*c - 3*a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/((a^2
*b*c - a^3*d)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)) + 1/3*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)/sqrt(-c))
/(a^2*sqrt(-c))
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3025, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(x*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
(atan((((((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(13*a^2*b^3*d^4 + 8*b^5*c^2*d^2 - 20*a*b^4*c*d
^3)))/(18*(a^4*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d)) - (((4*a^6*b^2*d^5)/3 - 2
*a^5*b^3*c*d^4 + (2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^3)/3)/(a^5*d^2 + a^3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^4*b*c
*d) - ((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(3*a*d - 2*b*c)*(-b*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(144*a^7
*b^2*d^5 - 576*a^6*b^3*c*d^4 - 288*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 720*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^3))
/(216*(a^4*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d)*(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^3
*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)))*(3*a*d - 2*b*c)*(-b*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2))/(1
2*(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)))*(3*a*d - 2*b
*c)*(-b*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*1i)/(12*(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^
2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)) + (((((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(13*a^2*b^3*d^4 + 8*b^5*c^2*d
^2 - 20*a*b^4*c*d^3)))/(18*(a^4*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d)) + (((4*a
^6*b^2*d^5)/3 - 2*a^5*b^3*c*d^4 + (2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^3)/3)/(a^5*d^2 + a^3*b^
2*c^2 - 2*a^4*b*c*d) + ((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(3*a*d - 2*b*c)*(-b*(a*d - b*c)^
3)^(1/2)*(144*a^7*b^2*d^5 - 576*a^6*b^3*c*d^4 - 288*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 720*
a^5*b^4*c^2*d^3))/(216*(a^4*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d)*(a^5*d^3 - a^
2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)))*(3*a*d - 2*b*c)*(-b*(a*d -
b*c)^3)^(1/2))/(12*(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^
2)))*(3*a*d - 2*b*c)*(-b*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*1i)/(12*(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^3*c
^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)))/(((a*b^3*d^4)/18 - (b^4*c*d^3)/27)
/(a^5*d^2 + a^3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^4*b*c*d) - (((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(13*a^2*b...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a*b*c + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*a**
2*d - 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*a*b*c + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c
+ d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*a*b*d*x**6 - 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c
))*b**2*c*x**6 - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c))*a**2*d + 2*sqrt(c
)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c))*a*b*c - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + s
qrt(c))*a*b*d*x**6 + 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c))*b**2*c*x**6
- 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c
**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b
**2*d**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**3*b**2*c*d**2
+ 48*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c
**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b
**2*d**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d
- 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c
**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b
**2*d**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d
*6 - 24*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b
*c**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a
b**2*d**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a*b**4*c**3 + 4
8*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c**2
+ 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b**...
```

### 3.78 $\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = -\frac{b(2bc - ad)\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{6a^2c(bc - ad)(a + bx^6)} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{6acx^6(a + bx^6)} + \frac{(4bc + ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{6a^3c^{3/2}} - \frac{b^{3/2}(4bc - 5ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{6a^3(bc - ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*b*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^6+a)-1/6*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a/c/x^6/(b*x^6+a)+1/6*(a*d+4*b*c)*arctanh((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/a^3/c^(3/2)-1/6*b^(3/2)*(-5*a*d+4*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/a^3/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^6}(-a^2d+2b^2cx^6+ab(c-dx^6))}{c(-bc+ad)x^6(a+bx^6)} - \frac{b^{3/2}(4bc-5ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{(-bc+ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{(4bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

$$6a^3$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((a*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]*(-(a^2*d) + 2*b^2*c*x^6 + a*b*(c - d*x^6)))/(c*(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)) - (b^(3/2)*(4*b*c - 5*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d]])/(-(b*c) + a*d)^(3/2) + ((4*b*c + a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^6]/Sqrt[c]]/c^(3/2))/(6*a^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {948, 114, 27, 168, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{x^{12} (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6$$

$$\downarrow 114$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3bdx^6 + 4bc + ad}{2x^6 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^6}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{acx^6 (a + bx^6)} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{3bdx^6+4bc+ad}{x^6(bx^6+a)^2\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^6}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{acx^6(a+bx^6)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 168 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{bd(2bc-ad)x^6+(bc-ad)(4bc+ad)}{x^6(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^6}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{c+dx^6}(2bc-ad)}{a(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{acx^6(a+bx^6)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 174 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( - \frac{\frac{(bc-ad)(ad+4bc) \int \frac{1}{x^6\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^6}{a} - \frac{b^2c(4bc-5ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^6}{a}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{c+dx^6}(2bc-ad)}{a(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{acx^6(a+bx^6)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( - \frac{\frac{2(bc-ad)(ad+4bc) \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{12}{d}-c} d\sqrt{dx^6+c}}}{ad} - \frac{2b^2c(4bc-5ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{\frac{12}{d}+a}-bc}{d} d\sqrt{dx^6+c}}}{ad}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{c+dx^6}(2bc-ad)}{a(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{acx^6(a+bx^6)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{1}{6} \left( - \frac{\frac{2b^{3/2}c(4bc-5ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{a\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2(bc-ad)(ad+4bc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{c+dx^6}(2bc-ad)}{a(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{acx^6(a+bx^6)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`



output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( -\frac{\sqrt{c + d x^6}}{a c x^6 (a + b x^6)} \right) - \left( \frac{2 b (2 b^2 c - a d) \sqrt{c + d x^6}}{a (b^2 c - a d) (a + b x^6)} + \frac{(-2 (b^2 c - a d) (4 b^2 c + a d) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{c + d x^6}}{\sqrt{c}} \right])}{a \sqrt{c}} + \frac{2 b^{3/2} c (4 b^2 c - 5 a d) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{c + d x^6}}{\sqrt{b^2 c - a d}} \right]}{a \sqrt{b^2 c - a d}} \right) / (a (b^2 c - a d)) / (2 a c) / 6 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) (F x_*), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F x, (b_*) (G x_*)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 73

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^{(m_*)} ((c_*) + (d_*) (x_*)^{(n_*)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[p/b \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(p(m+1)-1)} (c - a(d/b) + d(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 114

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^{(m_*)} ((c_*) + (d_*) (x_*)^{(n_*)} ((e_*) + (f_*) (x_*)^{(p_*)}), x_] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[b (a + b x)^{(m+1)} (c + d x)^{(n+1)} ((e + f x)^{(p+1}) / ((m+1) (b^2 c - a d) (b e - a f))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1 / ((m+1) (b^2 c - a d) (b e - a f)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x)^{(m+1)} (c + d x)^n (e + f x)^p \operatorname{Simp}[a d f (m+1) - b (d e (m+n+2) + c f (m+p+2)) - b d f (m+n+p+3) x, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[n] \|\operatorname{IntegersQ}[2 n, 2 p] \|\operatorname{ILtQ}[m+n+p+3, 0])$$

rule 168

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^{(m_*)} ((c_*) + (d_*) (x_*)^{(n_*)} ((e_*) + (f_*) (x_*)^{(p_*)} ((g_*) + (h_*) (x_*)^{(q_*)}), x_] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b g - a h) (a + b x)^{(m+1)} (c + d x)^{(n+1)} ((e + f x)^{(p+1}) / ((m+1) (b^2 c - a d) (b e - a f))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1 / ((m+1) (b^2 c - a d) (b e - a f)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x)^{(m+1)} (c + d x)^n (e + f x)^p \operatorname{Simp}[(a d f g - b (d e + c f) g + b c e h) (m+1) - (b g - a h) (d e (n+1) + c f (p+1)) - d f (b g - a h) (m+n+p+3) x, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{ILtQ}[m, -1]$$

```
rule 174 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*
((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^
p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d
*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2 \left( (b x^6 + a) \left( c b - \frac{5 a d}{4} \right) c^{\frac{5}{2}} b^2 x^6 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d x^6 + c} b}{\sqrt{(a d - c b) b}} \right) - \left( c x^6 (b x^6 + a) (a d + 4 c b) (a d - c b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d x^6 + c}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + c^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{d x^6 + c} a (2 b^2 x^6 + a) \right)}{3 \sqrt{(a d - c b) b} c^{\frac{5}{2}} x^6 a^3 (a d - c b) (b x^6 + a)}$

```
input int(1/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*((b*x^6+a)*(c*b-5/4*a*d)*c^(5/2)*b^2*x^6*arctan((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*b/((a
*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2))-1/4*(c*x^6*(b*x^6+a)*(a*d+4*b*c)*(a*d-b*c)*arctanh((d*x^
6+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))+c^(3/2)*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*a*(2*b^2*c*x^6+a*(-d*x^6+c)*b-
a^2*d))*((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2))/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)/c^(5/2)/x^6/a^3/(a*d-b*c)
/(b*x^6+a)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1189, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(((4*b^3*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^2*d)*x^12 + (4*a*b^2*c^3 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d)*x^6)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^6 + a) + ((4*b^3*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*d - a^2*b*d^2)*x^12 + (4*a*b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*b*c*d - a^3*d^2)*x^6)*sqrt(c)*log((d*x^6 + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^6) - 2*((2*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/((a^3*b^2*c^3 - a^4*b*c^2*d)*x^12 + (a^4*b*c^3 - a^5*c^2*d)*x^6), 1/12*(2*((4*b^3*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^2*d)*x^12 + (4*a*b^2*c^3 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d)*x^6)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) + ((4*b^3*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*d - a^2*b*d^2)*x^12 + (4*a*b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*b*c*d - a^3*d^2)*x^6)*sqrt(c)*log((d*x^6 + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^6) - 2*((2*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/((a^3*b^2*c^3 - a^4*b*c^2*d)*x^12 + (a^4*b*c^3 - a^5*c^2*d)*x^6), -1/12*(2*((4*b^3*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*d - a^2*b*d^2)*x^12 + (4*a*b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*b*c*d - a^3*d^2)*x^6)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^6 + c)) - ((4*b^3*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^2*d)*x^12 + (4*a*b^2*c^3 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d)*x^6)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^6 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^6 + a) + 2*((2*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/((a^3*b^2*c^3 - a^4*b*c^2*d)*x^12 + (a^4*b*c^3 - a^5*c^2*d)*x^6), 1/6*(((4*b^3*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^2*d)*x^12 + (4*a*b^2*c^3 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d)*x^6)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**7/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**7*(a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^7), x)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{(4b^3c - 5ab^2d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{6(a^3bc - a^4d)\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}} - \frac{2(dx^6+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2cd - 2\sqrt{dx^6+cb}c^2d - (dx^6+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}abd^2 + 2\sqrt{dx^6+cb}abcd^2 - \sqrt{dx^6+cb}ca^2d^3}{6(a^2bc^2 - a^3cd)((dx^6+c)^2b - 2(dx^6+c)bc + bc^2 + (dx^6+c)ad - acd)} - \frac{(4bc + ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{6a^3\sqrt{-cc}}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(4*b^3*c - 5*a*b^2*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(a^3*b*c - a^4*d)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d) - 1/6*(2*(d*x^6 + c)^(3/2)*b^2*c*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*b^2*c^2*d - (d*x^6 + c)^(3/2)*a*b*d^2 + 2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a*b*c*d^2 - sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*a^2*d^3)/((a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*((d*x^6 + c)^2*b - 2*(d*x^6 + c)*b*c + b*c^2 + (d*x^6 + c)*a*d - a*c*d)) - 1/6*(4*b*c + a*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)/sqrt(-c))/(a^3*sqrt(-c)*c)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3860, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^7*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```
(((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3 + 2*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2))/(2*a^2*(b*c^2 -
a*c*d)) + (b*(c + d*x^6)^(3/2)*(a*d^2 - 2*b*c*d))/(2*a^2*(b*c^2 - a*c*d))
)/((c + d*x^6)*(3*a*d - 6*b*c) + 3*b*(c + d*x^6)^2 + 3*b*c^2 - 3*a*c*d) +
(atan((((-b^3*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 4*b*c)*((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(a^
4*b^3*d^6 + 32*b^7*c^4*d^2 - 64*a*b^6*c^3*d^3 + 6*a^3*b^4*c*d^5 + 26*a^2*b
^5*c^2*d^4)))/(18*(a^4*b^2*c^4 + a^6*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^5*b*c^3*d)) + ((-b^3*(a*
d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 4*b*c)*((144*a^9*b^2*c*d^6 + 288*a^6*b^5*c^4*d^
3 - 576*a^7*b^4*c^3*d^4 + 144*a^8*b^3*c^2*d^5)/(216*(a^6*b^2*c^4 + a^8*c^2
*d^2 - 2*a^7*b*c^3*d)) - ((-b^3*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(5*
a*d - 4*b*c)*(288*a^6*b^5*c^5*d^2 - 720*a^7*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 576*a^8*b^3*c^3*
d^4 - 144*a^9*b^2*c^2*d^5))/(216*(a^4*b^2*c^4 + a^6*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^5*b*c^3*
d)*(a^6*d^3 - a^3*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^5*b*c*d^2)))))/(12*(a^6*d
^3 - a^3*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^5*b*c*d^2))*1i)/(12*(a^6*d^3 - a
^3*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^5*b*c*d^2)) + ((-b^3*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/
2)*(5*a*d - 4*b*c)*((c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(a^4*b^3*d^6 + 32*b^7*c^4*d^2 - 64*
a*b^6*c^3*d^3 + 6*a^3*b^4*c*d^5 + 26*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^4))/(18*(a^4*b^2*c^4 +
a^6*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^5*b*c^3*d)) - ((-b^3*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 4*b*c
)*((144*a^9*b^2*c*d^6 + 288*a^6*b^5*c^4*d^3 - 576*a^7*b^4*c^3*d^4 + 144*a^
8*b^3*c^2*d^5)/(216*(a^6*b^2*c^4 + a^8*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^7*b*c^3*d)) + ((-b^3*
(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 4*b*c)*(288*a^6*b^5*c^5...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^7/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a**3*c*d + 4*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a**2*b*c**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 16*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 + 8*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + 8*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(c))*b**3*c**2*x**12 + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c))*a**3*d**2*x**6 + 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c))*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c))*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 8*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c))*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c))*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 - 8*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(c))*b**3*c**2*x**12 + 60*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**6 - 168*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**12 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**2*b**4*c**3*d*x**6 + 60*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**11)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**6 - 2*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**12 + a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - ...
```

**3.79**  $\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	810
Mathematica [A] (verified)	810
Rubi [A] (verified)	811
Maple [A] (verified)	813
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	814
Sympy [F(-1)]	815
Maxima [F]	815
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	815
Mupad [F(-1)]	816
Reduce [F]	816

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{ax^3 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6b(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} - \frac{\sqrt{a}(3bc-2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^3}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{6b^2(bc-ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^3}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{3b^2\sqrt{d}}$$

output

```
1/6*a*x^3*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/b/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^6+a)-1/6*a^(1/2)*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)
)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^3/a^(1/2)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2))/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
)+1/3*arctanh(d^(1/2)*x^3/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2))/b^2/d^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{\frac{abx^3 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}{(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} + \frac{\sqrt{a}(-3bc+2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+bx^3}(\sqrt{dx^3+\sqrt{c+dx^6}})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{(bc-ad)^{3/2}}}{6b^2} + \frac{2 \log(\sqrt{dx^3+\sqrt{c+dx^6}})}{\sqrt{d}}$$

input `Integrate[x^14/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a*b*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6])/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6)) + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*(-3*b*c + 2*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(a*\text{Sqrt}[d] + b*x^3*(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x^3 + \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6]))/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d])))/(b*c - a*d)^{(3/2)} + (2*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d]*x^3 + \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6]])/\text{Sqrt}[d])/(6*b^2)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {965, 372, 398, 224, 219, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^{12}}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{ax^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2b(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} - \frac{\int \frac{ac - 2(bc - ad)x^6}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{2b(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{ax^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2b(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} - \frac{\frac{a(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{2(bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{b}}{2b(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{ax^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2b(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} - \frac{\frac{a(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)\sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{2(bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{1 - dx^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}}{b}}{2b(bc - ad)} \right) \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{ax^3\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2b(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} - \frac{a(3bc-2ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{b} - \frac{2(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^3}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} \right) \\ & \downarrow 291 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{ax^3\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2b(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} - \frac{a(3bc-2ad) \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}}{b} - \frac{2(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^3}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} \right) \\ & \downarrow 218 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{ax^3\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2b(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{a}(3bc-2ad) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^3}{\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^14/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((a*x^3*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6)) - ((Sqrt[a]*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^3)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])])/(b*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (2*(b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*x^3)/Sqrt[c + d*x^6]])/(b*Sqrt[d]))/(2*b*(b*c - a*d))/3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 372 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[e^4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + 2*b*c*(p + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$a \left( -\frac{\sqrt{d x^6 + c} b x^3}{b x^6 + a} - \frac{(2ad - 3cb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sqrt{d x^6 + c}}{x^3 \sqrt{a(ad - cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad - cb)}} \right) - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d x^6 + c}}{x^3 \sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}}$	117



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**14/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^14/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^14/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\left(3abc\sqrt{-d} \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{abc-a^2d}}\right) - 2a^2\sqrt{-d}d \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{abc-a^2d}}\right) - 2\sqrt{abc-a^2d}bc \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) + 2\sqrt{d}\right)}{6\left(\sqrt{abc-a^2d}b^3c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{abc-a^2d}ab^2\sqrt{-d}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{ac\sqrt{d + \frac{c}{x^6}}}{6\left(b^2\text{csgn}(x) - abd\text{sgn}(x)\right)\left(bc + a\left(d + \frac{c}{x^6}\right) - ad\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{(3abc - 2a^2d) \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d + \frac{c}{x^6}}}{\sqrt{abc-a^2d}}\right)}{6\left(b^3\text{csgn}(x) - ab^2d\text{sgn}(x)\right)\sqrt{abc-a^2d}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d + \frac{c}{x^6}}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{3b^2\sqrt{-d}\text{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(x^14/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(3*a*b*c*sqrt(-d)*arctan(a*sqrt(d)/sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)) - 2*a^2*sqrt(-d)*d*arctan(a*sqrt(d)/sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)) - 2*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*b*c*arctan(sqrt(d)/sqrt(-d)) + 2*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*a*d*arctan(sqrt(d)/sqrt(-d)) + sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*a*sqrt(-d)*sqrt(d)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*b^3*c*sqrt(-d) - sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*a*b^2*sqrt(-d)*d) + 1/6*a*c*sqrt(d + c/x^6)/((b^2*c*sgn(x) - a*b*d*sgn(x))*(b*c + a*(d + c/x^6) - a*d)) + 1/6*(3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*arctan(a*sqrt(d + c/x^6)/sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d))/((b^3*c*sgn(x) - a*b^2*d*sgn(x))*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)) - 1/3*arctan(sqrt(d + c/x^6)/sqrt(-d))/(b^2*sqrt(-d)*sgn(x))`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^{14}}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^14/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^14/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{14}}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^14/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a*b*d*x**3 - 2*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(
d)*x**3)*a**2*d + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(d)*x**3)*a*b*c - 2*s
qrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) - sqrt(d)*x**3)*a*b*d*x**6 + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(
c + d*x**6) - sqrt(d)*x**3)*b**2*c*x**6 + 2*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) +
sqrt(d)*x**3)*a**2*d - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(d)*x**3)*a*b*c
+ 2*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(d)*x**3)*a*b*d*x**6 - sqrt(d)*log
(sqrt(c + d*x**6) + sqrt(d)*x**3)*b**2*c*x**6 - 24*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x
**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*
a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x
**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**5*d**3 + 48*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a*
**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**
2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**
3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**4*b*c*d**2 - 24*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d
+ 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**1
2 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*
x**18),x)*a**4*b*d**3*x**6 - 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d +
2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 -
2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**
18),x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d + 48*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a
**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - ...
```

**3.80**  $\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	818
Mathematica [A] (verified)	818
Rubi [A] (verified)	819
Maple [A] (verified)	821
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	821
Sympy [F]	822
Maxima [F]	822
Giac [F(-1)]	823
Mupad [F(-1)]	823
Reduce [F]	823

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^3}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{6\sqrt{a}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output `-1/6*x^3*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^6+a)+1/6*c*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^3/a^(1/2)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}{(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+bx^3}(\sqrt{dx^3+\sqrt{c+dx^6}})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(bc-ad)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^8/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

$$\left( -\left( x^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6} \right) / \left( (bc - ad)(a + bx^6) \right) + \left( c \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[ \frac{a \sqrt{d} + bx^3 (\sqrt{d} x^3 + \sqrt{c + dx^6})}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{bc - ad}} \right] \right) / \left( \sqrt{a} (bc - ad)^{3/2} \right) \right) / 6$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$ , Rules used = {965, 373, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x^6}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{c}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{2(bc - ad)} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{2(bc - ad)} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{a - (ad - bc)x^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}}{2(bc - ad)} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{c \arctan \left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt{bc - ad}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c + dx^6}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}(bc - ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right) \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[x^8/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `(-1/2*(x^3*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6)) + (c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^3)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])])/(2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2)))/3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 373 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}x^3}{c(bx^6+a)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}} \right)$	81

input `int(x^8/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/6*c/(a*d-b*c)*(-(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*x^3/c/(b*x^6+a)+1/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(a*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/x^3/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs.  $2(77) = 154$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.58

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{4\sqrt{dx^6+c}(abc-a^2d)x^3 - (bcx^6+ac)\sqrt{-abc+a^2d} \log\left(\frac{(b^2c^2-8abcd+8a^2d^2)x^{12}-2(3abc^2-4a^2cd)x^6+a^2c^2+4b^2x^{12}+2abx^6+a^2c^2}{24((ab^3c^2-2a^2b^2cd+a^3bd^2)x^6+a^2b^2c^2-2a^3bcd+a^4d^2)}\right)}{12((ab^3c^2-2a^2b^2cd+a^3bd^2)x^6+a^2b^2c^2-2a^3bcd+a^4d^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\sqrt{dx^6+c}(abc-a^2d)x^3 - (bcx^6+ac)\sqrt{abc-a^2d} \arctan\left(\frac{((bc-2ad)x^6-ac)\sqrt{dx^6+c}\sqrt{abc-a^2d}}{2((abcd-a^2d^2)x^9+(abc^2-a^2cd)x^3)}\right)}{12((ab^3c^2-2a^2b^2cd+a^3bd^2)x^6+a^2b^2c^2-2a^3bcd+a^4d^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^8/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/24*(4*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(a*b*c - a^2*d)*x^3 - (b*c*x^6 + a*c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d)*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*c^2 + 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^9 - a*c*x^3)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d))/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2)))/((a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*x^6 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2), -1/12*(2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*(a*b*c - a^2*d)*x^3 - (b*c*x^6 + a*c)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^6 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^9 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^3)))/((a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*x^6 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**8/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**8/((a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^8/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^8/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^8/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^8/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^3 - 6 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^2}{2ab^2d^2x^{18} - b^3cdx^{18} + 4a^2bd^2x^{12} - b^3c^2x^{12} + 2a^3d^2x^6 + 3a^2bcdx^6 - 2ab^2c^2x^6 + 2a^3cd - a^2bc^2} dx \right) a^3cd + 3 \left( \int \right)}{}$$

input `int(x^8/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**3 - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**
3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*
b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x
)*a**3*c*d + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6
- a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x*
*6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**2*b*c**
2 - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*
c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*
b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 3
*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2
+ 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*
d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a*b**2*c**2*x**6)/(3*(2*
a**2*d - a*b*c + 2*a*b*d*x**6 - b**2*c*x**6))
```

### 3.81 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	825
Mathematica [A] (verified)	825
Rubi [A] (verified)	826
Maple [A] (verified)	827
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	828
Sympy [F]	829
Maxima [F]	829
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	829
Mupad [F(-1)]	830
Reduce [F]	830

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{bx^3 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6a(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)} + \frac{(bc-2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^3}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output `1/6*b*x^3*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^6+a)+1/6*(-2*a*d+b*c)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^3/a^(1/2)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{bx^3 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6a(-bc+ad)(a+bx^6)} + \frac{(bc-2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}+b\sqrt{dx^6}+bx^3\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

$$-1/6*(b*x^3*sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(a*(-(b*c) + a*d)*(a + b*x^6)) + ((b*c - 2*a*d)*ArcTan[(a*sqrt[d] + b*sqrt[d]*x^6 + b*x^3*sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(sqrt[a]*sqrt[b*c - a*d])])/(6*a^(3/2)*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {965, 296, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 965$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 296$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{2a(bc - ad)} + \frac{bx^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2a(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 291$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{a - (ad - bc)x^6} d \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}}{2a(bc - ad)} + \frac{bx^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2a(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(bc - 2ad) \arctan \left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt{bc - ad}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c + dx^6}} \right)}{2a^{3/2}(bc - ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{bx^3 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2a(a + bx^6)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2/((a + b*x^6)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]$$

output

$$\frac{((b*x^3*\sqrt{c+d*x^6})/(2*a*(b*c-a*d)*(a+b*x^6)) + ((b*c-2*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b*c-a*d}*x^3)/(\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c+d*x^6})])/(2*a^{(3/2)}*(b*c-a*d)^{(3/2)))/3}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 291

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2})*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2))), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$$

rule 296

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1})/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*c + 2*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*(p+q+2) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ !\text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 965

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{GCD}[m+1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m+1)/k - 1)}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p*(c + d*x^{(n/k)})^q, x], x, x^k], x] \text{ ; } k \neq 1 \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{d x^6+c} b x^3}{b x^6+a} + \frac{(2 a d-c b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sqrt{d x^6+c}}{x^3 \sqrt{a(d-c b)}}\right)}{6 a(d-c b)}$	90



input `int(x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/a/(a*d-b*c)*(-(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*b*x^3/(b*x^6+a)+(2*a*d-b*c)/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/x^3/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 213 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.49

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{4\sqrt{dx^6+c}(ab^2c-a^2bd)x^3 - ((b^2c-2abd)x^6 + abc - 2a^2d)\sqrt{-abc+a^2d} \log\left(\frac{(b^2c^2-8abcd+8a^2d^2)x^{12}-2}{24(a^3b^2c^2-2a^4bcd+a^5d^2+(a^2b^3c^2-2a^3b^2cd+a^4bd^2))}\right)}{24(a^3b^2c^2-2a^4bcd+a^5d^2+(a^2b^3c^2-2a^3b^2cd+a^4bd^2))} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/24*(4*sqrt(d*x^6+c)*(a*b^2*c-a^2*b*d)*x^3-((b^2*c-2*a*b*d)*x^6+a*b*c-2*a^2*d)*sqrt(-a*b*c+a^2*d)*log(((b^2*c^2-8*a*b*c*d+8*a^2*d^2)*x^12-2*(3*a*b*c^2-4*a^2*c*d)*x^6+a^2*c^2-4*((b*c-2*a*d)*x^9-a*c*x^3)*sqrt(d*x^6+c)*sqrt(-a*b*c+a^2*d))/(b^2*x^12+2*a*b*x^6+a^2)))/(a^3*b^2*c^2-2*a^4*b*c*d+a^5*d^2+(a^2*b^3*c^2-2*a^3*b^2*c*d+a^4*b*d^2)*x^6), 1/12*(2*sqrt(d*x^6+c)*(a*b^2*c-a^2*b*d)*x^3+((b^2*c-2*a*b*d)*x^6+a*b*c-2*a^2*d)*sqrt(a*b*c-a^2*d)*arctan(1/2*((b*c-2*a*d)*x^6-a*c)*sqrt(d*x^6+c)*sqrt(a*b*c-a^2*d)/((a*b*c*d-a^2*d)^2*x^9+(a*b*c^2-a^2*c*d)*x^3)))/(a^3*b^2*c^2-2*a^4*b*c*d+a^5*d^2+(a^2*b^3*c^2-2*a^3*b^2*c*d+a^4*b*d^2)*x^6)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{6} d^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \frac{(bc - 2ad) \arctan \left( \frac{(\sqrt{dx^3 - \sqrt{dx^6 + c}})^2 b - bc + 2ad}{2\sqrt{abcd - a^2 d^2}} \right)}{(abcd - a^2 d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + \frac{2 \left( (\sqrt{dx^3 - \sqrt{dx^6 + c}})^2 b \right)}{\left( (\sqrt{dx^3 - \sqrt{dx^6 + c}})^4 b - 2(\sqrt{dx^3 - \sqrt{dx^6 + c}}) \right)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/6*d^(3/2)*((b*c - 2*a*d)*arctan(1/2*((sqrt(d)*x^3 - sqrt(d*x^6 + c))^2*
b - b*c + 2*a*d)/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2))/(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)^(3/2) + 2*((
sqrt(d)*x^3 - sqrt(d*x^6 + c))^2*b*c - 2*(sqrt(d)*x^3 - sqrt(d*x^6 + c))^2
*a*d - b*c^2)/(((sqrt(d)*x^3 - sqrt(d*x^6 + c))^4*b - 2*(sqrt(d)*x^3 - sqrt
(d*x^6 + c))^2*b*c + 4*(sqrt(d)*x^3 - sqrt(d*x^6 + c))^2*a*d + b*c^2)*(a*
b*c*d - a^2*d^2)))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^2}{b^2 d x^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 d x^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d
*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)
```

**3.82**  $\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	831
Mathematica [A] (verified)	831
Rubi [A] (verified)	832
Maple [A] (verified)	834
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	835
Sympy [F]	836
Maxima [F]	836
Giac [F(-1)]	836
Mupad [F(-1)]	837
Reduce [F]	837

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{(3bc-2ad)\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6a^2c(bc-ad)x^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6a(bc-ad)x^3(a+bx^6)} - \frac{b(3bc-4ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^3}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{6a^{5/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output -1/6\*(-2\*a\*d+3\*b\*c)\*(d\*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-a\*d+b\*c)/x^3+1/6\*b\*(d\*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a\*d+b\*c)/x^3/(b\*x^6+a)-1/6\*b\*(-4\*a\*d+3\*b\*c)\*arctan((-a\*d+b\*c)^(1/2)\*x^3/a^(1/2)/(d\*x^6+c)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(-a\*d+b\*c)^(3/2)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(2abc-2a^2d+3b^2cx^6-2abdx^6)}{6a^2c(-bc+ad)x^3(a+bx^6)} - \frac{b(3bc-4ad)\arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}+b\sqrt{dx^6+bx^3\sqrt{c+dx^6}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{6a^{5/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6]*(2*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d + 3*b^2*c*x^6 - 2*a*b*d*x^6))/(6*a^2*c*(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^3*(a + b*x^6)) - (b*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(a*\text{Sqrt}[d] + b*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x^6 + b*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6])]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]))/(6*a^(5/2)*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {965, 374, 25, 445, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 965$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow 374$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2ax^3 (a + bx^6) (bc - ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2bdx^6 + 3bc - 2ad}{x^6 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{2a(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2bdx^6 + 3bc - 2ad}{x^6 (bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{2a(bc - ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2ax^3 (a + bx^6) (bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 445$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{bc(3bc - 4ad)}{(bx^6 + a) \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3}{2a(bc - ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6} (3bc - 2ad)}{acx^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^6}}{2ax^3 (a + bx^6) (bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{-\frac{b(3bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(3bc-2ad)}{acx^3}}{2a(bc-ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2ax^3(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 \downarrow 291 \\
 \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{-\frac{b(3bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^6} d\frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6+c}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(3bc-2ad)}{acx^3}}{2a(bc-ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2ax^3(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{-\frac{b(3bc-4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(3bc-2ad)}{acx^3}}{2a(bc-ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2ax^3(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((b*sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(2*a*(b*c - a*d)*x^3*(a + b*x^6)) + (-(((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(a*c*x^3)) - (b*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTan[(sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^3)/(sqrt[a]*sqrt[c + d*x^6])])/(a^(3/2)*sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(2*a*(b*c - a*d)))/3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst  
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 374 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_  
) , x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q  
+ 1)/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))  
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c -  
a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,  
c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b,  
c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_  
) * ((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p  
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))  
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c  
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^  
2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),  
x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -  
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free  
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3} + \frac{bc \left( \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}bx^3}{bx^6+a} - \frac{(4ad-3cb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}} \right)}{3a^2c}$	112

input `int(1/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{a^2} \frac{(-dx^6+c)^{1/2}}{x^3+1/2*bc/(a*d-b*c)} * ((dx^6+c)^{1/2} * b*x^3 / (b*x^6+a) - (4*a*d-3*b*c) / (a*(a*d-b*c)))^{1/2} * \operatorname{arctanh}(a*(dx^6+c)^{1/2} / x^3 / (a*(a*d-b*c)))^{1/2} / c$$
**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs.  $2(129) = 258$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{((3b^3c^2 - 4ab^2cd)x^9 + (3ab^2c^2 - 4a^2bcd)x^3) \sqrt{-abc + a^2d} \log \left( \frac{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{12} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^6 + b^2x^{12} + 2a^2d^2}{24((a^3b^3c^3 - 2a^4b^2c^2d + a^5bcd^2)x^9 + (a^4b^2c^3 - 2a^5bcd^2)x^3)} \right)}{12((a^3b^3c^3 - 2a^4b^2c^2d + a^5bcd^2)x^9 + (a^4b^2c^3 - 2a^5bcd^2)x^3)} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{((3b^3c^2 - 4ab^2cd)x^9 + (3ab^2c^2 - 4a^2bcd)x^3) \sqrt{abc - a^2d} \arctan \left( \frac{(bc - 2ad)x^6 - ac}{2((abcd - a^2d^2)x^9 + (abc^2 - a^2cd)x^3)} \right)}{12((a^3b^3c^3 - 2a^4b^2c^2d + a^5bcd^2)x^9 + (a^4b^2c^3 - 2a^5bcd^2)x^3)} \right] + 2 \left( \frac{((3b^3c^2 - 4ab^2cd)x^9 + (3ab^2c^2 - 4a^2bcd)x^3) \sqrt{-abc + a^2d}}{12((a^3b^3c^3 - 2a^4b^2c^2d + a^5bcd^2)x^9 + (a^4b^2c^3 - 2a^5bcd^2)x^3)} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/24*(((3*b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c*d)*x^9 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*d)*x^3)*
sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d)*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - 2*(3*a*
b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*c^2 + 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^9 - a*c*x^3)*sqrt(d*
x^6 + c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d))/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2)) + 4*((3*a*b^3
*c^2 - 5*a^2*b^2*c*d + 2*a^3*b*d^2)*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d + 2*
a^4*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/((a^3*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + a^5*b*c*d^2)*x
^9 + (a^4*b^2*c^3 - 2*a^5*b*c^2*d + a^6*c*d^2)*x^3), -1/12*(((3*b^3*c^2 -
4*a*b^2*c*d)*x^9 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*d)*x^3)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*ar
ctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^6 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)/((a
*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^9 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^3)) + 2*((3*a*b^3*c^2 - 5*a^
2*b^2*c*d + 2*a^3*b*d^2)*x^6 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d + 2*a^4*d^2)*sq
rt(d*x^6 + c))/((a^3*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + a^5*b*c*d^2)*x^9 + (a^4*b
^2*c^3 - 2*a^5*b*c^2*d + a^6*c*d^2)*x^3)]
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*(a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^4), x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^6 + c} ad + \sqrt{dx^6 + c} bc - 2\sqrt{dx^6 + c} bd x^6 - 24 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^2}{2ab^2 d^2 x^{18} - b^3 cd x^{18} + 4a^2 b d^2 x^{12} - b^3 c^2 x^{12} + 2a^3 d^2 x^6 + 3a^2 bc} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int(1/x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a*d + sqrt(c + d*x**6)*b*c - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*b*d
*x**6 - 24*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**
2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 +
2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**3*b*c*d**2*
x**3 + 30*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**
2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 +
2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*
d*x**3 - 24*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a
**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6
+ 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d
**2*x**9 - 9*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 -
a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6
+ 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a*b**3*c**3*
x**3 + 30*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**
2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 +
2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a*b**3*c**2*d*x
**9 - 9*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*
b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*
a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*b**4*c**3*x**9)/(
3*a*c*x**3*(2*a**2*d - a*b*c + 2*a*b*d*x**6 - b**2*c*x**6))
```

**3.83**  $\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	839
Mathematica [A] (verified)	840
Rubi [A] (verified)	840
Maple [A] (verified)	843
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	844
Sympy [F]	844
Maxima [F]	845
Giac [F(-1)]	845
Mupad [F(-1)]	845
Reduce [F]	846

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10}(a+bx^6)^2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = -\frac{(5bc-2ad)\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{18a^2c(bc-ad)x^9} + \frac{(15b^2c^2-8abcd-4a^2d^2)\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{18a^3c^2(bc-ad)x^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{6a(bc-ad)x^9(a+bx^6)} + \frac{b^2(5bc-6ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-adx^3}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right)}{6a^{7/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/18*(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-a*d+b*c)/x^9+1/18*(-4*a^2*d^2-8*a*b*c*d+15*b^2*c^2)*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a^3/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/x^3+1/6*b*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/x^9/(b*x^6+a)+1/6*b^2*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^3/a^(1/2)/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{c + dx^6} (15b^3 c^2 x^{12} + 2ab^2 cx^6 (5c - 4dx^6) + 2a^3 d (c - 2dx^6) - 2a^2 b (c^2 + 3cdx^6 + 2d^2 x^{12}))}{18a^3 c^2 (-bc + ad) x^9 (a + bx^6)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 (5bc - 6ad) \arctan \left( \frac{a\sqrt{d} + bx^3 (\sqrt{dx^3 + \sqrt{c + dx^6}})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc - ad}} \right)}{6a^{7/2} (bc - ad)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `-1/18*(Sqrt[c + d*x^6]*(15*b^3*c^2*x^12 + 2*a*b^2*c*x^6*(5*c - 4*d*x^6) + 2*a^3*d*(c - 2*d*x^6) - 2*a^2*b*(c^2 + 3*c*d*x^6 + 2*d^2*x^12)))/(a^3*c^2*(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^9*(a + b*x^6)) + (b^2*(5*b*c - 6*a*d)*ArcTan[(a*Sqrt[d] + b*x^3*(Sqrt[d]*x^3 + Sqrt[c + d*x^6]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])])/(6*a^(7/2)*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {965, 374, 25, 445, 445, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{965}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^{12} (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{374}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2ax^9(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{4bdx^6+5bc-2ad}{x^{12}(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{2a(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4bdx^6+5bc-2ad}{x^{12}(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{2a(bc-ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2ax^9(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 445 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2bd(5bc-2ad)x^6+15b^2c^2-4a^2d^2-8abcd}{x^6(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{2a(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(5bc-2ad)}{3acx^9} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2ax^9(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 445 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{-\frac{\int \frac{3b^2c^2(5bc-6ad)}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}\left(\frac{15b^2c}{a} - \frac{4ad^2}{c} - 8bd\right)}{x^3}}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(5bc-2ad)}{3acx^9} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2ax^9(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{-\frac{3b^2c(5bc-6ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}\left(\frac{15b^2c}{a} - \frac{4ad^2}{c} - 8bd\right)}{x^3}}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(5bc-2ad)}{3acx^9} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2ax^9(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 291 \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{-\frac{3b^2c(5bc-6ad) \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^6} \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^3}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}\left(\frac{15b^2c}{a} - \frac{4ad^2}{c} - 8bd\right)}{x^3}}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(5bc-2ad)}{3acx^9} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2ax^9(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 218
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{3b^2c(5bc-6ad) \arctan\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^6}}\right) - \sqrt{c+dx^6}\left(\frac{15b^2c}{a} - \frac{4ad^2}{c} - 8bd\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} \frac{3ac}{2a(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^6}(5bc-2ad)}{3acx^9} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^6}}{2ax^9(a+bx^6)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output `((b*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(2*a*(b*c - a*d)*x^9*(a + b*x^6)) + (-1/3*((5*b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/(a*c*x^9) - (-(((15*b^2*c)/a - 8*b*d - (4*a*d^2)/c)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])/x^3) - (3*b^2*c*(5*b*c - 6*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^3)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])])/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(3*a*c))/(2*a*(b*c - a*d))/3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 374

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 445

```
Int[((g._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._)*(e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 965

```
Int[(x._)^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^(m + 1)/k - 1*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}(-2adx^6-6bcx^6+ac)}{3x^9} - \frac{b^2c^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{dx^6+c}bx^3}{bx^6+a} - \frac{(6ad-5cb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^6+c}}{x^3\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}} \right)}{3a^3c^2}}{2(ad-cb)}$	134

```
input int(1/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3/a^3*(-1/3*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*(-2*a*d*x^6-6*b*c*x^6+a*c)/x^9-1/2*b^2*c^2/(a*d-b*c)*((d*x^6+c)^(1/2)*b*x^3/(b*x^6+a)-(6*a*d-5*b*c)/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))*arctanh(a*(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)/x^3/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))/c^2
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 760, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/72*(3*((5*b^4*c^3 - 6*a*b^3*c^2*d)*x^15 + (5*a*b^3*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)*x^9)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d)*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^6 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^9 - a*c*x^3))*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d))/(b^2*x^12 + 2*a*b*x^6 + a^2)) - 4*((15*a*b^4*c^3 - 23*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 4*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 + 4*a^4*b*d^3)*x^12 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*b*c^2*d - 2*a^5*c*d^2 + 2*(5*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*d^3)*x^6)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/((a^4*b^3*c^4 - 2*a^5*b^2*c^3*d + a^6*b*c^2*d^2)*x^15 + (a^5*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^6*b*c^3*d + a^7*c^2*d^2)*x^9), 1/36*(3*((5*b^4*c^3 - 6*a*b^3*c^2*d)*x^15 + (5*a*b^3*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)*x^9)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^6 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d))/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^9 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^3)) + 2*((15*a*b^4*c^3 - 23*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 4*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 + 4*a^4*b*d^3)*x^12 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*b*c^2*d - 2*a^5*c*d^2 + 2*(5*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*d^3)*x^6)*sqrt(d*x^6 + c))/((a^4*b^3*c^4 - 2*a^5*b^2*c^3*d + a^6*b*c^2*d^2)*x^15 + (a^5*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^6*b*c^3*d + a^7*c^2*d^2)*x^9)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**10/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output

`Integral(1/(x**10*(a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^{10}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^10), x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{10} (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^10*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10} (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^6 + c} a^2 cd + 4\sqrt{dx^6 + c} a^2 d^2 x^6 + \sqrt{dx^6 + c} abc^2 + 8\sqrt{dx^6 + c} abcd x^6 + 4\sqrt{dx^6 + c} ab d^2 x^{12} - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/x^10/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a**2*c*d + 4*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a**2*d**2*x**6 + sqrt
(c + d*x**6)*a*b*c**2 + 8*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*a*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*sqrt(c + d*x**
6)*a*b*d**2*x**12 - 5*sqrt(c + d*x**6)*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 10*sqrt(c + d*x**6
)*b**2*c*d*x**12 + 108*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d*
**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*a*b**2
*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18),x)*a*
**3*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**9 - 144*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a
**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 - 2*
a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**18)
,x)*a**2*b**3*c**3*d*x**9 + 108*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*d +
2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**12 -
2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d*x**
18),x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**15 + 45*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*
c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x
**12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c
*d*x**18),x)*a*b**4*c**4*x**9 - 144*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*
d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**
12 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**18 - b**3*c**2*x**12 - b**3*c*d
*x**18),x)*a*b**4*c**3*d*x**15 + 45*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**2)/(2*a**3*c*
d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**6 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**6 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*...
```

**3.84**  $\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	847
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	847
Rubi [A] (verified)	848
Maple [F]	849
Fricas [F]	849
Sympy [F]	850
Maxima [F]	850
Giac [F]	850
Mupad [F(-1)]	851
Reduce [F]	851

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{6}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{5a^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

output `1/5*x^5*(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(5/6,2,1/2,11/6,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 169 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^5 \left( 55ab(c + dx^6) + 11(bc - 6ad)(a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right) - 10bdx^6(a + b) \right)}{330a^2(bc - ad)(a + bx^6) \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

$$\frac{(x^5*(55*a*b*(c + d*x^6) + 11*(b*c - 6*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^6)/c]) * \text{AppellF1}[5/6, 1/2, 1, 11/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -(b*x^6)/a] - 10*b*d*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^6)/c] * \text{AppellF1}[11/6, 1/2, 1, 17/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -(b*x^6)/a])}{(330*a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6]}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6+a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$\frac{x^5 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{6}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{5a^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^4/((a + b*x^6)^2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6]),x]$$

output

$$(x^5*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[5/6, 2, 1/2, 11/6, -(b*x^6)/a], -((d*x^6)/c)))/(5*a^2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^4/(b^2*d*x^18 + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^12 + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^6 + a^2*c), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/((a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^4/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^4}{b^2 d x^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 d x^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)`



**3.85** 
$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$$

Optimal result	852
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	852
Rubi [A] (verified)	853
Maple [F]	854
Fricas [F(-1)]	855
Sympy [F]	855
Maxima [F]	855
Giac [F]	856
Mupad [F(-1)]	856
Reduce [F]	856

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{4a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

output

```
1/4*x^4*(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(2/3,2,1/2,5/3,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^4 \left( -10ab(c+dx^6) - 5(bc-3ad)(a+bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right) + bdx^6(a+bx^6) \right)}{60a^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
-1/60*(x^4*(-10*a*b*(c + d*x^6) - 5*(b*c - 3*a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (d*
x^6)/c]*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1, 5/3, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + b*d*x^6*(
a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1, 8/3, -((d*x^6)/c), -((
b*x^6)/a)]))/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {965, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

↓ 965

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^2$$

↓ 1013

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{4a^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[x^3/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
(x^4*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[2/3, 2, 1/2, 5/3, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x^6
)/c)])/(4*a^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
  1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1 /; Free
  Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
  + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
  b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
  - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p])
  Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
  & NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^3/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^3}{b^2 d x^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 d x^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)`

**3.86**  $\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	857
Mathematica [B] (verified)	857
Rubi [A] (verified)	858
Maple [F]	859
Fricas [F(-1)]	859
Sympy [F]	860
Maxima [F]	860
Giac [F]	860
Mupad [F(-1)]	861
Reduce [F]	861

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{2a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

output `1/2*x^2*(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/3,2,1/2,4/3,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{8abx^2(c+dx^6) + 8(2bc-3ad)x^2(a+bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right) + bdx^8(a+bx^6)}{48a^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^6) \sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[x/((a + b*x^6)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

$$\frac{(8abx^2(c+dx^6) + 8(2bc-3ad)x^2(a+bx^6)\sqrt{1+(dx^6)/c})\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right] + bdx^8(a+bx^6)\sqrt{1+(dx^6)/c}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right]}{(48a^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^6)\sqrt{c+dx^6})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {965, 937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6+c}} dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c}+1} \int \frac{1}{(bx^6+a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c}+1}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{c+dx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\ & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c}+1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{2a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\frac{x}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}, x\right]$$

output

$$\frac{(x^2 \sqrt{1+(dx^6)/c})\operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right]}{(2a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6})}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] :> With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output Timed out

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x}{b^2 d x^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 d x^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)`

**3.87**       $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	862
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	862
Rubi [A] (verified)	863
Maple [F]	864
Fricas [F(-1)]	864
Sympy [F]	865
Maxima [F]	865
Giac [F]	865
Mupad [F(-1)]	866
Reduce [F]	866

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

output x\*(1+d\*x^6/c)^(1/2)\*AppellF1(1/6,2,1/2,7/6,-b\*x^6/a,-d\*x^6/c)/a^2/(d\*x^6+c)^(1/2)

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 10.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx = \frac{x\left(-2bdx^6\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{13}{6}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right) - \frac{7a(7ac(6ad-b(6c+dx^6)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right) + 3a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6})}{(a+bx^6)\left(-7ac \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}\right) + 3a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}\right)}\right)}{42a^2(-bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^6}}$$

input Integrate[1/((a + b\*x^6)^2\*sqrt[c + d\*x^6]),x]

output

```
(x*(-2*b*d*x^6*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[7/6, 1/2, 1, 13/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] - (7*a*(7*a*c*(6*a*d - b*(6*c + d*x^6))*AppellF1[1/6, 1/2, 1, 7/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + 3*b*x^6*(c + d*x^6)*(2*b*c*AppellF1[7/6, 1/2, 2, 13/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + a*d*AppellF1[7/6, 3/2, 1, 13/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)])))/(a + b*x^6)*(-7*a*c*AppellF1[1/6, 1/2, 1, 7/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + 3*x^6*(2*b*c*AppellF1[7/6, 1/2, 2, 13/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + a*d*AppellF1[7/6, 3/2, 1, 13/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)])))/(42*a^2*(-(b*c) + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[1/6, 2, 1/2, 7/6, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x^6)/c)]/(a^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c}}{b^2 d x^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 d x^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**6)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)`

**3.88**  $\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	867
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	867
Rubi [A] (verified)	868
Maple [F]	869
Fricas [F]	869
Sympy [F]	870
Maxima [F]	870
Giac [F]	870
Mupad [F(-1)]	871
Reduce [F]	871

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{a^2 x \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

output `-(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/6,2,1/2,5/6,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a^2/x/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 226 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 10.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{55a(c + dx^6) (6a^2d - 7b^2cx^6 - 6ab(c - dx^6)) - 11(7b^2c^2 - 24abcd + 12a^2d^2) x^6 (a + bx^6) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{330a^3c(bc - ad)x^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`



output

```
(55*a*(c + d*x^6)*(6*a^2*d - 7*b^2*c*x^6 - 6*a*b*(c - d*x^6)) - 11*(7*b^2*c^2 - 24*a*b*c*d + 12*a^2*d^2)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[5/6, 1/2, 1, 11/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + 10*b*d*(7*b*c - 6*a*d)*x^12*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[11/6, 1/2, 1, 17/6, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)]/(330*a^3*c*(b*c - a*d)*x*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{a^2 x \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[-1/6, 2, 1/2, 5/6, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x^6)/c)])/(a^2*x*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(d*x^6 + c)/(b^2*d*x^20 + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^14 + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^8 + a^2*c*x^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{dx^6 + c} - 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^{10}}{b^2 dx^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 dx^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx \right) abdx - 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^{10}}{b^2 dx^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 dx^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx \right)}{abdx - 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + c} x^{10}}{b^2 dx^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 dx^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx \right)}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`output `( - sqrt(c + d*x**6) - 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**10)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*a*b*d*x - 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**10)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*b**2*d*x**7 + 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*a**2*d*x - 7*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*a*b*c*x + 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*a*b*d*x**7 - 7*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**4)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*b**2*c*x**7)/(a*c*x*(a + b*x**6))`

**3.89**  $\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	872
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	872
Rubi [A] (verified)	873
Maple [F]	874
Fricas [F(-1)]	875
Sympy [F]	875
Maxima [F]	875
Giac [F]	876
Mupad [F(-1)]	876
Reduce [F]	876

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{2a^2 x^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

output `-1/2*(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/3,2,1/2,2/3,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a^2/x^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 226 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{20a(c + dx^6)(3a^2d - 4b^2cx^6 - 3ab(c - dx^6)) - 5(8b^2c^2 - 15abcd + 3a^2d^2)x^6(a + bx^6)\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{120a^3c(bc - ad)x^2 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

```
(20*a*(c + d*x^6)*(3*a^2*d - 4*b^2*c*x^6 - 3*a*b*(c - d*x^6)) - 5*(8*b^2*c^2 - 15*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*x^6*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1, 5/3, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)] + 2*b*d*(4*b*c - 3*a*d)*x^12*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1, 8/3, -((d*x^6)/c), -((b*x^6)/a)])/(120*a^3*c*(b*c - a*d)*x^2*(a + b*x^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {965, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 965$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{2a^2 x^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*AppellF1[-1/3, 2, 1/2, 2/3, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x^6)/c)])/(a^2*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^6])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
  1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
  Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
  ))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
  + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
  b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
  - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
  ))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
  n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
  & NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^3), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{dx^6 + c} - 5 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + cx^9}}{b^2 dx^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 dx^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx \right) abd x^2 - 5 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + cx^9}}{b^2 dx^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 dx^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx \right)}{}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c + d*x**6) - 5*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**9)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6
+ 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*a*b*d*x*
*2 - 5*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**9)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 +
2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*b**2*d*x**8 + int((sqrt(c
+ d*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**
2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*a**2*d*x**2 - 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**3)/(
a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*
d*x**18),x)*a*b*c*x**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6
+ 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*a*b*d*x*
*8 - 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**3)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 +
2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*b**2*c*x**8)/(2*a*c*x**2*(
a + b*x**6))
```

**3.90**  $\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a+bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^6}} dx$

Optimal result	878
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	878
Rubi [A] (verified)	879
Maple [F]	880
Fricas [F(-1)]	881
Sympy [F]	881
Maxima [F]	881
Giac [F]	882
Mupad [F(-1)]	882
Reduce [F]	882

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{4a^2 x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$

output `-1/4*(1+d*x^6/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-2/3,2,1/2,1/3,-b*x^6/a,-d*x^6/c)/a^2/x^4/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 225 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \frac{8a(c + dx^6)(3a^2d - 5b^2cx^6 - 3ab(c - dx^6)) + 4(-20b^2c^2 + 21abcd + 3a^2d^2)x^6(a + bx^6)\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^6}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{96a^3c(bc - ad)x^4 (c + dx^6)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^6]),x]`

output

$$\frac{(8a(c + dx^6)(3a^2d - 5b^2cx^6 - 3ab(c - dx^6)) + 4(-20b^2c^2 + 21ab^2cd + 3a^2d^2)x^6(a + bx^6)\sqrt{1 + (dx^6)/c})\text{AppellF1}[1/3, 1/2, 1, 4/3, -((dx^6)/c), -((bx^6)/a)] + b d(-5b^2c + 3a^2d)x^{12}(a + bx^6)\sqrt{1 + (dx^6)/c}\text{AppellF1}[4/3, 1/2, 1, 7/3, -((dx^6)/c), -((bx^6)/a)]}{96a^3c(b^2c - a^2d)x^4(a + bx^6)\sqrt{c + dx^6}}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {965, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{c + dx^6}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\ & -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^6}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^6}{a}, -\frac{dx^6}{c}\right)}{4a^2x^4\sqrt{c + dx^6}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6]),x]$$

output

$$-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^6)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[-2/3, 2, 1/2, 1/3, -((b*x^6)/a), -((d*x^6)/c)])/(a^2*x^4*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^6])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
 x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
  1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
 Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
 ))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
 + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
 b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
 - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
 ))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
 n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
 & NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**5/(b*x**6+a)**2/(d*x**6+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**5*(a + b*x**6)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**6)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^5}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^5), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + cx^5}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^6 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^6 + c)*x^5), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 (bx^6 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^6 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^5*(a + b*x^6)^2*(c + d*x^6)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^6)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^6}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{dx^6 + c} - 7 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + cx^7}}{b^2 dx^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 dx^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx \right) abd x^4 - 7 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^6 + cx^7}}{b^2 dx^{18} + 2abd x^{12} + b^2 c x^{12} + a^2 dx^6 + 2abc x^6 + a^2 c} dx \right)}{}$$

input `int(1/x^5/(b*x^6+a)^2/(d*x^6+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c + d*x**6) - 7*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**7)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6
+ 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*a*b*d*x*
*4 - 7*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x**7)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 +
2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*b**2*d*x**10 - int((sqrt(c
+ d*x**6)*x)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*
c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*a**2*d*x**4 - 10*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x)/(a**2
*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x*
*18),x)*a*b*c*x**4 - int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*
b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*a*b*d*x**10 - 1
0*int((sqrt(c + d*x**6)*x)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*x**6 + 2*a*b*d*
x**12 + b**2*c*x**12 + b**2*d*x**18),x)*b**2*c*x**10)/(4*a*c*x**4*(a + b*x
**6))
```



### 3.91 $\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	884
Mathematica [A] (verified)	884
Rubi [A] (verified)	885
Maple [A] (verified)	886
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	887
Sympy [F]	887
Maxima [F(-2)]	888
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	888
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	889
Reduce [F]	889

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{(bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b^2d^2} + \frac{(c+dx^8)^{3/2}}{12bd^2} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output 
$$-1/4*(a*d+b*c)*(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}/b^2/d^2+1/12*(d*x^8+c)^{(3/2)}/b/d^2-1/4*a^2*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)})/b^{(5/2)}/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(-2bc-3ad+bdx^8)}{12b^2d^2} + \frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}\sqrt{-bc+ad}}$$

input `Integrate[x^23/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output 
$$(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]*(-2*b*c - 3*a*d + b*d*x^8))/(12*b^2*d^2) + (a^2*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(b*c) + a*d])])/(4*b^{(5/2)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(b*c) + a*d])$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {948, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{x^{16}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8$$

$$\downarrow 99$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} + \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bd} + \frac{-bc - ad}{b^2d\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right) dx^8$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{2a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx^8}(ad+bc)}{b^2d^2} + \frac{2(c+dx^8)^{3/2}}{3bd^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x^23/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((-2*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(b^2*d^2) + (2*(c + d*x^8)^(3/2))/(3*b*d^2) - (2*a^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(b^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/8`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right) d^2 + \sqrt{dx^8+c} \left(\frac{(-dx^8+2c)b}{3} + ad\right) \sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}{4\sqrt{(ad-cb)b} b^2 d^2}$	93

input `int(x^23/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*(-a^2*arctan((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2))*d^2+(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*(1/3*(-d*x^8+2*c)*b+a*d)*((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)/b^2/d^2`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ 3\sqrt{b^2c - abda^2d^2} \log\left(\frac{bdx^8 + 2bc - ad - 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}\sqrt{b^2c - abd}}{bx^8 + a}\right) + 2((b^3cd - ab^2d^2)x^8 - 2b^3c^2 - ab^2cd + 3a^2bd^2)\sqrt{c + dx^8} \right]}{24(b^4cd^2 - ab^3d^3)}$$

```
input integrate(x^23/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [1/24*(3*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d)*a^2*d^2*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^8 + a)) + 2*((b^3*c*d - a*b^2*d^2)*x^8 - 2*b^3*c^2 - a*b^2*c*d + 3*a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/(b^4*c*d^2 - a*b^3*d^3), 1/12*(3*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*a^2*d^2*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^8 + b*c)) + ((b^3*c*d - a*b^2*d^2)*x^8 - 2*b^3*c^2 - a*b^2*c*d + 3*a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/(b^4*c*d^2 - a*b^3*d^3)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**23/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**23/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^23/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a\*d-b\*c>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{3a^2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}b^2} + \frac{(dx^8+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2 - 3\sqrt{dx^8+cb^2c} - 3\sqrt{dx^8+cabd}}{12d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^23/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(3*a^2*d^2*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*b^2) + ((d*x^8 + c)^(3/2)*b^2 - 3*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b^2*c - 3*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*b*d)/b^3/d^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{(dx^8 + c)^{3/2}}{12bd^2} - \left( \frac{c}{2bd^2} + \frac{4ad^3 - 4bcd^2}{16b^2d^4} \right) \sqrt{dx^8 + c} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}\sqrt{ad-bc}}$$

input `int(x^23/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `(c + d*x^8)^(3/2)/(12*b*d^2) - (c/(2*b*d^2) + (4*a*d^3 - 4*b*c*d^2)/(16*b^2*d^4))*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2) + (a^2*atan((b^(1/2)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2))/(a*d - b*c)^(1/2)))/(4*b^(5/2)*(a*d - b*c)^(1/2))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}c + \sqrt{dx^8 + c}dx^8 - 12\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}x^{15}}{bdx^{16}+adx^8+bcx^8+ac} dx\right)ad^2}{12bd^2}$$

input `int(x^23/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)*c + sqrt(c + d*x**8)*d*x**8 - 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**15)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)*a*d**2)/(12*b*d**2)`

### 3.92 $\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	890
Mathematica [A] (verified)	890
Rubi [A] (verified)	891
Maple [A] (verified)	892
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	893
Sympy [F]	893
Maxima [F(-2)]	894
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	894
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	894
Reduce [F]	895

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4bd} + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}\sqrt{bc - ad}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}}{b/d+1/4*a*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)}}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{bd} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{-bc + ad}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^15/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]/(b*d) - (a*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(b*c) + a*d])]/(b^{(3/2)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(b*c) + a*d]})))/4$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{bd} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{bd} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{16}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{2a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{bd} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^15/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(b*d) + (2*a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(b^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/8`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{d} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}b}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}}{4b}$	59

input `int(x^15/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/b*(1/d*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-a/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)*arctan((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{b^2c - abd} \operatorname{ad} \log \left( \frac{bdx^8 + 2bc - ad + 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}\sqrt{b^2c - abd}}{bx^8 + a} \right) + 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}(b^2c - abd)}{8(b^3cd - ab^2d^2)}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2c + abd} \operatorname{ad} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}\sqrt{-b^2c + abd}}{bdx^8 + bc} \right) - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}(b^2c - abd)}{4(b^3cd - ab^2d^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^15/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d)*a*d*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^8 + a)) + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b^3*c*d - a*b^2*d^2), -1/4*(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*a*d*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^8 + b*c)) - sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b^3*c*d - a*b^2*d^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**15/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**15/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^15/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a\*d-b\*c>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = -\frac{ad \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{b}}{4d}$$

input `integrate(x^15/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(a*d*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*b) - sqrt(d*x^8 + c)/b)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{4bd} - \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}\sqrt{ad-bc}}$$

input `int(x^15/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output  $(c + d*x^8)^{(1/2)}/(4*b*d) - (a*atan((b^{(1/2)}*(c + d*x^8)^{(1/2)})/(a*d - b*c)^{(1/2}))/((4*b^{(3/2)}*(a*d - b*c)^{(1/2}))$

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^{15}}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^15/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**15)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)`

### 3.93 $\int \frac{x^7}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	896
Mathematica [A] (verified)	896
Rubi [A] (verified)	897
Maple [A] (verified)	898
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	898
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	899
Maxima [F(-2)]	899
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	900
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	900
Reduce [F]	901

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output

$-1/4*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)} / (-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)})/b^{(1/2)}/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-bc+ad}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^7/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

`ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d]]/(4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {946, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 946$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{16}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

input `Int[x^7/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `-1/4*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 946 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{4\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}$	39

input `int(x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)*arctan((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\log\left(\frac{bdx^8+2bc-ad-2\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{b^2c-abd}}{bx^8+a}\right)}{8\sqrt{b^2c-abd}}, \frac{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}{bdx^8+bc}\right)}{4(b^2c-abd)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^8 + a))/sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d), 1/4*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^8 + b*c))/(b^2*c - a*b*d)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{\frac{ad-bc}{b}}}\right)}{4b\sqrt{\frac{ad-bc}{b}}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^8}{8a\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \tilde{\infty}x^8 & \text{for } \sqrt{c} = 0 \text{ otherwise} \\ \frac{\log(8a\sqrt{c} + 8b\sqrt{cx^8})}{8b\sqrt{c}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**7/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((atan(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/sqrt((a*d - b*c)/b))/(4*b*sqrt((a*d - b*c)/b)), Ne(d, 0)), (Piecewise((x**8/(8*a*sqrt(c)), Eq(b, 0)), (zoo*x**8, Eq(sqrt(c), 0))), (log(8*a*sqrt(c) + 8*b*sqrt(c)*x**8)/(8*b*sqrt(c)), True)), True))
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*d-b*c>0)', see `assume?` for m
ore detail
```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{abd-b^2c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abd-b^2c}}$$

input

```
int(x^7/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
atan((b*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2))/(a*b*d - b^2*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a*b*d - b^2*c)^(1/2)
)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + cx^7}}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**7)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)`

### 3.94 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	902
Mathematica [A] (verified)	902
Rubi [A] (verified)	903
Maple [A] (verified)	904
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	905
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	906
Maxima [F]	906
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	907
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	907
Reduce [F]	908

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4a\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4a\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output

```
-1/4*arctanh((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/a/c^(1/2)+1/4*b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)
)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/a/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4a}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*((Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d]])/Sqrt[
-(b*c) + a*d] + ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[c])/a
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {948, 97, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{1}{x^8(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8$$

$$\downarrow 97$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^8\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8}{a} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{x^{16}}{d} - \frac{c}{d} d\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{ad} - \frac{2b \int \frac{bx^{16}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d} d\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{ad} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{a\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/Sqrt[c]])/(a*Sqrt[c]) + (2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(a*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/8`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[  
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +  
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL  
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 97 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))),  
 x_] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c  
 - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p},  
 x] && !IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x  
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.  
 ), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^  
 p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ  
 [b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^8+c}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^8+cb}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}}{4a}$	65

input `int(1/x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4/a*(-arctanh((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2)*arc  
tan((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.53

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}} \log\left(\frac{bdx^8+2bc-ad+2\sqrt{dx^8+c}(bc-ad)\sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}}}{bx^8+a}\right) + \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{dx^8-2\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x^8}\right)}{8ac}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2c\sqrt{-\frac{b}{bc-ad}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{bc-ad}}\right) - \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{dx^8-2\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x^8}\right)}{8ac}, \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}} \log\left(\frac{bdx^8+2bc-ad+2\sqrt{dx^8+c}(bc-ad)\sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}}}{bx^8+a}\right)}{8ac}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{c\sqrt{-\frac{b}{bc-ad}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{bc-ad}}\right) - \sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c}}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}\right)}{4ac} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(c*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^8 + a)) + sqrt(c)*log((d*x^8 - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^8))/(a*c), -1/8*(2*c*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) - sqrt(c)*log((d*x^8 - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^8))/(a*c), 1/8*(c*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^8 + a)) + 2*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^8 + c)))/(a*c), -1/4*(c*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) - sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^8 + c)))/(a*c)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right)}{8a\sqrt{\frac{ad-bc}{b}}} + \frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{8a\sqrt{-c}} \right)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{a}{2b}+x^8\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{a^2}{b^2}}}\right)}{4b\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-\frac{a^2}{b^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(-d*atan(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/sqrt((a*d - b*c)/b)))/(8*a*sqrt((a*d - b*c)/b)) + d*atan(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/sqrt(-c))/(8*a*sqrt(-c))/d, Ne(d, 0)), (atan(2*(a/(2*b) + x**8)/sqrt(-a**2/b**2))/(4*b*sqrt(c)*sqrt(-a**2/b**2)), True))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+cx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x), x)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abda}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-b^2c+abda}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{4a\sqrt{-c}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*b*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*a) + 1/4*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)/sqrt(-c))/(a*sqrt(-c))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 652, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4a\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-ad} \left( \frac{b^3d^2\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-ad} \left( a^2b^2d^3 - \frac{(8a^3b^2d^3-16a^2b^3cd^2)\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{b^2c-ad}}{8(a^2d-abc)} \right)}{8(a^2d-abc)} \right)}{8(a^2d-abc)} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-ad} \left( \frac{b^3d^2\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2c-ad} \left( a^2b^2d^3 - \frac{(8a^3b^2d^3-16a^2b^3cd^2)\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{b^2c-ad}}{8(a^2d-abc)} \right)}{8(a^2d-abc)} \right)}{8(a^2d-abc)} \right)}{4(a^2d-abc)}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`



output

```
- atanh((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/(4*a*c^(1/2)) - (atan((((b^2*c - a*b*d)
^(1/2)*((b^3*d^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2))/4 - ((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*(a^2*b^2*d^
3 - ((8*a^3*b^2*d^3 - 16*a^2*b^3*c*d^2)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)^(
1/2))/(8*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))))/(8*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))*1i)/(8*(a^2*d - a*b*c))
+ ((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*((b^3*d^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2))/4 + ((b^2*c - a*b*d)
^(1/2)*(a^2*b^2*d^3 + ((8*a^3*b^2*d^3 - 16*a^2*b^3*c*d^2)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)
)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2))/(8*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))))/(8*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))*1i)/(8
*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))/((((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*((b^3*d^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2))/4
- ((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*(a^2*b^2*d^3 - ((8*a^3*b^2*d^3 - 16*a^2*b^3*c*d^2)
)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2))/(8*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))))/(8*(a^2*d
- a*b*c)))/((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*((b^3*d^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2))/4
+ ((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*(a^2*b^2*d^3 + ((8*a^3*b^2*d^3 - 1
6*a^2*b^3*c*d^2)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2))/(8*(a^2*d - a*b*
c)))))/(8*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))/((b^2*c - a*b*d)^(1/2)*1i
)/(4*(a^2*d - a*b*c))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx^8 + c} - \sqrt{c}) - \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx^8 + c} + \sqrt{c}) - 8 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^7}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx \right) bc}{8ac}$$

input

```
int(1/x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) - sqrt(c)) - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) +
sqrt(c)) - 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**7)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*
x**16),x)*b*c)/(8*a*c)
```

### 3.95 $\int \frac{1}{x^9(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	909
Mathematica [A] (verified)	909
Rubi [A] (verified)	910
Maple [A] (verified)	912
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	913
Sympy [F]	913
Maxima [F]	914
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	914
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	915
Reduce [F]	916

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8acx^8} + \frac{(2bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8a^2c^{3/2}} - \frac{b^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4a^2\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/c/x^8+1/8*(a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/a^2/c^(3/2)-1/4*b^(3/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{-\frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{cx^8} + \frac{2b^{3/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}} + \frac{(2bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}}{8a^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^9*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output 
$$\frac{-(a\sqrt{c + dx^8})/(cx^8) + (2b^{3/2}\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + dx^8}])/\sqrt{-(b*c) + a*d}}{\sqrt{-(b*c) + a*d}} + ((2b*c + a*d)\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{c + dx^8}/\sqrt{c}])/c^{3/2}}{(8a^2)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {948, 114, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 948 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{1}{x^{16} (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8 \\ & \quad \downarrow 114 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{bdx^8 + 2bc + ad}{2x^8 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{acx^8} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{bdx^8 + 2bc + ad}{x^8 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{acx^8} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 174 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{(ad + 2bc) \int \frac{1}{x^8 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8 - \frac{2b^2c \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8}{a}}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{acx^8} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{2(ad+2bc) \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{16}}{d} - \frac{c}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{ad} - \frac{4b^2c \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{16}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{ad} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^8} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{4b^{3/2}c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{a\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2(ad+2bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^8} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^9*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/(a*c*x^8)) - ((-2*(2*b*c + a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/Sqrt[c]])/(a*Sqrt[c]) + (4*b^(3/2)*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(a*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(2*a*c))/8`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`

rule 174  $\text{Int}[\frac{((e_{.}) + (f_{.})*(x_{.}))^{(p_{.})}*((g_{.}) + (h_{.})*(x_{.}))}{((a_{.}) + (b_{.})*(x_{.}))*((c_{.}) + (d_{.})*(x_{.}))}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\frac{(b*g - a*h)}{(b*c - a*d)} \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[\frac{(d*g - c*h)}{(b*c - a*d)} \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_{.}) + (b_{.})*(x_{.})^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_{.})^{(m_{.})}*((a_{.}) + (b_{.})*(x_{.})^{(n_{.}))^{(p_{.})}*((c_{.}) + (d_{.})*(x_{.})^{(n_{.}))^{(q_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{a\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{cx^8} + \frac{(ad+2cb)\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b^2\text{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}}{8a^2}$	92

input `int(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{8}a^{-2}*(-a/c*(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}/x^8+(a*d+2*b*c)/c^{(3/2)}*\text{arctanh}((d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)})+2*b^2/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}*\text{arctan}((d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)})$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ 2bc^2x^8 \sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}} \log\left(\frac{bdx^8+2bc-ad-2\sqrt{dx^8+c}(bc-ad)\sqrt{\frac{b}{bc-ad}}}{bx^8+a}\right) + (2bc+ad)\sqrt{c}x^8 \log\left(\frac{dx^8+2\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x^8}\right) - 2\sqrt{c} \right]}{16a^2c^2x^8}$$

input `integrate(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(2*b*c^2*x^8*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^8 + a)) + (2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(c)*x^8*log((d*x^8 + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^8) - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*c)/(a^2*c^2*x^8), 1/16*(4*b*c^2*x^8*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) + (2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(c)*x^8*log((d*x^8 + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^8) - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*c)/(a^2*c^2*x^8), 1/8*(b*c^2*x^8*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^8 + a)) - (2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-c)*x^8*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^8 + c)) - sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*c)/(a^2*c^2*x^8), 1/8*(2*b*c^2*x^8*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) - (2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-c)*x^8*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^8 + c)) - sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*c)/(a^2*c^2*x^8)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**9/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**9*(a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^9}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))*x^9, x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-b^2c+ab}da^2} - \frac{(2bc+ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{8a^2\sqrt{-c}} - \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{8acx^8}$$

input `integrate(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*b^2*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*a^2) - 1/8*(2*b*c + a*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)/sqrt(-c))/(a^2*sqrt(-c)*c) - 1/8*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)/(a*c*x^8)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln\left(\sqrt{dx^8 + c}(b^4c - ab^3d)^{3/2} + b^6c^2 + a^2b^4d^2 - 2ab^5cd\right) \sqrt{b^4c - ab^3d}}{8a^3d - 8a^2bc} - \frac{\ln\left(\sqrt{dx^8 + c}(b^4c - ab^3d)^{3/2} - b^6c^2 - a^2b^4d^2 + 2ab^5cd\right) \sqrt{b^4c - ab^3d}}{8(a^3d - a^2bc)} - \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{8acx^8} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{b^4d^4\sqrt{dx^8+c}3i}{128\sqrt{c^3}\left(\frac{3b^4d^4}{128c} + \frac{5ab^3d^5}{256c^2} + \frac{a^2b^2d^6}{256c^3}\right)} + \frac{b^2d^6\sqrt{dx^8+c}1i}{256\sqrt{c^3}\left(\frac{5b^3d^5}{256a} + \frac{b^2d^6}{256c} + \frac{3b^4cd^4}{128a^2}\right)} + \frac{b^3d^5\sqrt{dx^8+c}5i}{256\sqrt{c^3}\left(\frac{3b^4d^4}{128a} + \frac{5b^3d^5}{256c} + \frac{ab^2d^6}{256c^2}\right)}\right)}{8a^2\sqrt{c^3}} (ad + \dots)$$

input `int(1/(x^9*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `(log((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(b^4*c - a*b^3*d)^(3/2) + b^6*c^2 + a^2*b^4*d^2 - 2*a*b^5*c*d)*(b^4*c - a*b^3*d)^(1/2))/(8*a^3*d - 8*a^2*b*c) - (log((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(b^4*c - a*b^3*d)^(3/2) - b^6*c^2 - a^2*b^4*d^2 + 2*a*b^5*c*d)*(b^4*c - a*b^3*d)^(1/2))/(8*(a^3*d - a^2*b*c)) - (c + d*x^8)^(1/2)/(8*a*c*x^8) - (atan((b^4*d^4*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*3i)/(128*(c^3)^(1/2)*((3*b^4*d^4)/(128*c) + (5*a*b^3*d^5)/(256*c^2) + (a^2*b^2*d^6)/(256*c^3))) + (b^2*d^6*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*1i)/(256*(c^3)^(1/2)*((5*b^3*d^5)/(256*a) + (b^2*d^6)/(256*c) + (3*b^4*c*d^4)/(128*a^2))) + (b^3*d^5*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*5i)/(256*(c^3)^(1/2)*((3*b^4*d^4)/(128*a) + (5*b^3*d^5)/(256*c) + (a*b^2*d^6)/(256*c^2))))*(a*d + 2*b*c)*1i)/(8*a^2*(c^3)^(1/2))`



Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^9 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

### 3.96 $\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	917
Mathematica [A] (verified)	917
Rubi [A] (verified)	918
Maple [A] (verified)	920
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	921
Sympy [F]	922
Maxima [F]	922
Giac [F(-2)]	922
Mupad [F(-1)]	923
Reduce [F]	923

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^4\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8bd} + \frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^4}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{4b^2\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{(bc+2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^4}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8b^2d^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*x^4*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/b/d+1/4*a^(3/2)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^4/a^(1/2)
)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)-1/8*(2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)*x^
4/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^2/d^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{bx^4\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{d} + \frac{2a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+bx^4}(\sqrt{d}x^4+\sqrt{c+dx^8})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{(bc+2ad) \log(\sqrt{d}x^4+\sqrt{c+dx^8})}{d^{3/2}}$$

$8b^2$

input `Integrate[x^19/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((b*x^4*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/d + (2*a^(3/2)*ArcTan[(a*Sqrt[d] + b*x^4*(Sqrt[d]*x^4 + Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d] - ((b*c + 2*a*d)*Log[Sqrt[d]*x^4 + Sqrt[c + d*x^8]])/d^(3/2))/(8*b^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {965, 381, 398, 224, 219, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{x^{16}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{381} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2bd} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc+2ad)x^8+ac}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{2bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2bd} - \frac{(2ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{b} - \frac{2a^2 d \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{2bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2bd} - \frac{(2ad+bc) \int \frac{1-dx^8}{1-dx^8} d \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}}{b} - \frac{2a^2 d \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2bd} - \frac{(2ad+bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^4}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{2a^2 d \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{b} \right)$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2bd} - \frac{(2ad+bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^4}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{2a^2 d \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^8} d \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}}{b} \right)$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2bd} - \frac{(2ad+bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^4}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{2a^{3/2} d \arctan\left(\frac{x^4 \sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{bc-ad}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^19/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((x^4*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(2*b*d) - ((-2*a^(3/2)*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^4)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]])/(b*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*x^4)/Sqrt[c + d*x^8]])/(b*Sqrt[d]))/(2*b*d))/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst  
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 381 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q  
+ 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^4/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))  
Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m +  
2*q - 1) + b*c*(m + 2*p - 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q  
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2  
, p, q, x]`

rule 398 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2])  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^2], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/  
b Int[1/((a + b*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}  
, x]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),  
x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -  
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free  
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{x^4\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}} - \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}bx^4}{d} + \frac{(2ad+cb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{x^4\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	98

input `int(x^19/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/8/b^2*(-2*a^2/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/x^4/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))-(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*b/d*x^4+(2*a*d+b*c)/d^(3/2)*arctanh((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/x^4/d^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 745, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.06

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c} b dx^4 + ad^2 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{bc-ad}} \log \left( \frac{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{16} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^8 + a^2c^2 + 4((b^2c^2 - 3abcd + 2a^2d^2)x^{12} - (a^2c^2 - 8abc^2d + 8a^2d^2)x^8 + a^2c^2)}{b^2x^{16} + 2abx^8 + a^2} \right)}{16b^2d^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^19/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b*d*x^4 + a*d^2*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d))*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^16 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 + 4*((b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d)))/(b^2*x^16 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2)) + (b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(d)*log(-2*d*x^8 + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(d)*x^4 - c))/(b^2*d^2), 1/16*(2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b*d*x^4 + a*d^2*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d))*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^16 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 + 4*((b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d)))/(b^2*x^16 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2)) + 2*(b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-d)/(d*x^4)))/(b^2*d^2), 1/16*(2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b*d*x^4 - 2*a*d^2*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(-1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d)))/(a*d*x^12 + a*c*x^4)) + (b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(d)*log(-2*d*x^8 + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(d)*x^4 - c))/(b^2*d^2), 1/8*(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b*d*x^4 - a*d^2*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(-1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d)))/(a*d*x^12 + a*c*x^4)) + (b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-d)/(d*x^4)))/(b^2*d^2)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**19/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**19/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{19}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^19/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^19/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^19/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E  
rror: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{19}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^19/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^19/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}bdx^4 + 2\sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{dx^8 + c} - \sqrt{dx^4})ad + \sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{dx^8 + c} - \sqrt{dx^4})bc - 2\sqrt{d}\log(\sqrt{dx^8 + c} - \sqrt{dx^4})}{16b^2d^2}$$

input `int(x^19/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)*b*d*x**4 + 2*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) - sqrt(d)*x**4)*a*d + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) - sqrt(d)*x**4)*b*c - 2*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) + sqrt(d)*x**4)*a*d - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) + sqrt(d)*x**4)*b*c + 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)*a**2*d**2)/(16*b**2*d**2)`



### 3.97 $\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	924
Mathematica [A] (verified)	924
Rubi [A] (verified)	925
Maple [A] (verified)	927
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	927
Sympy [F]	928
Maxima [F]	928
Giac [F(-2)]	929
Mupad [F(-1)]	929
Reduce [F]	929

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^4}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{4b\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^4}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{4b\sqrt{d}}$$

output

$-1/4*a^{(1/2)}*\arctan((-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)}*x^4/a^{(1/2)}/(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)})/b/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)}+1/4*\operatorname{arctanh}(d^{(1/2)}*x^4/(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)})/b/d^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}+bx^4(\sqrt{d}x^4+\sqrt{c+dx^8})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4b\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{d}x^4+\sqrt{c+dx^8})}{\sqrt{d}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^11/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

```
(-((Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(a*Sqrt[d] + b*x^4*(Sqrt[d]*x^4 + Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])))/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + Log[Sqrt[d]*x^4 + Sqrt[c + d*x^8]]/Sqrt[d])/(4*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {965, 385, 224, 219, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{965}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4$$

$$\downarrow \text{385}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{b} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{224}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-dx^8} d \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{b} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{219}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^4}}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{b} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{291}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^4}}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^8} d \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}}{b} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^4}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x^4\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{bc-ad}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^11/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[a]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^4)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(b*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])) + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*x^4)/Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(b*Sqrt[d]))/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 385 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^2/b Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] - Simp[a*(e^2/b) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LeQ[2, m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, -1, q, x]`

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
 x_Symbol] :> With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
 Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}x^8+c}{x^4\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^8+c}{x^4\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}}$	70

input

```
int(x^11/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4/b*(a/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/x^4/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(
1/2))-1/d^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/x^4/d^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 638, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.01

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{d\sqrt{-\frac{a}{bc-ad}} \log\left(\frac{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{16} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^8 + a^2c^2 - 4((b^2c^2 - 3abcd + 2a^2d^2)x^{12} - (abc^2 - a^2cd)x^4)\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{-\frac{a}{bc-ad}}}{b^2x^{16} + 2abx^8 + a^2}\right)}{16bd}$$

input

```
integrate(x^11/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(d*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d))*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^16 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d)))/(b^2*x^16 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2)) + 2*sqrt(d)*log(-2*d*x^8 - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(d)*x^4 - c)/(b*d), 1/16*(d*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d))*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^16 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^12 - (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-a/(b*c - a*d)))/(b^2*x^16 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2)) - 4*sqrt(-d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-d)/(d*x^4)))/(b*d), 1/8*(d*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(-1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d)))/(a*d*x^12 + a*c*x^4)) + sqrt(d)*log(-2*d*x^8 - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(d)*x^4 - c)/(b*d), 1/8*(d*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(-1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(a/(b*c - a*d)))/(a*d*x^12 + a*c*x^4)) - 2*sqrt(-d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-d)/(d*x^4)))/(b*d)]
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**11/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**11/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)
```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^11/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^11/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E  
rror: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^11/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^11/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{d} \log\left(\sqrt{dx^8 + c} - \sqrt{d}x^4\right) + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\sqrt{dx^8 + c} + \sqrt{d}x^4\right) - 8\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}x^3}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx\right) ad}{8bd}$$

input `int(x^11/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) - sqrt(d)*x**4) + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*  
x**8) + sqrt(d)*x**4) - 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*  
c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)*a*d)/(8*b*d)
```

### 3.98 $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	931
Mathematica [A] (verified)	931
Rubi [A] (verified)	932
Maple [A] (verified)	933
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	933
Sympy [F]	934
Maxima [F]	934
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	935
Mupad [F(-1)]	935
Reduce [F]	935

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^4}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output

`1/4*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^4/a^(1/2)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}+bx^4(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c+dx^8}})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^3/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

`ArcTan[(a*Sqrt[d] + b*x^4*(Sqrt[d]*x^4 + Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])]/(4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {965, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{965}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4$$

$$\downarrow \text{291}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{a - (ad - bc)x^8} d \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{218}$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x^4\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

input `Int[x^3/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^4)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])]/(4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst  
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),  
x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -  
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free  
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}x^8+c}{x^4\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}$	42

input `int(x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/x^4/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 96 vs.  $2(42) = 84$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-abc + a^2d} \log\left(\frac{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{16} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^8 + a^2c^2 - 4((bc - 2ad)x^{12} - acx^4)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}\sqrt{-abc + a^2d}}{b^2x^{16} + 2abx^8 + a^2}\right)}{16(abc - a^2d)}, \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}x^8 + c}{x^4\sqrt{a(ad - cb)}}\right) \right]$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/16*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d)*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^16 -
2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^12 - a*c*x^4)
*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d))/(b^2*x^16 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2))/(a*b*
c - a^2*d), 1/8*arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(
a*b*c - a^2*d)/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^12 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4))/sqrt(
a*b*c - a^2*d)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^3/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^2 b - bc + 2ad}{2\sqrt{abcd - a^2d^2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{abcd - a^2d^2}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*sqrt(d)*arctan(1/2*((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b - b*c + 2*a*d)/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2))/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^3/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}x^3}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)`

**3.99**  $\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	936
Mathematica [A] (verified)	936
Rubi [A] (verified)	937
Maple [A] (verified)	939
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	939
Sympy [F]	940
Maxima [F]	940
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	941
Mupad [F(-1)]	941
Reduce [F]	942

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4acx^4} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^4}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output `-1/4*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/c/x^4-1/4*b*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^4/a^(1/2)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4acx^4} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+bx^4}(\sqrt{dx^4+c+dx^8})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^5*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

```
-1/4*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/(a*c*x^4) - (b*ArcTan[(a*Sqrt[d] + b*x^4*(Sqrt[d]*x^4
+ Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])]/(4*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d
])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {965, 382, 25, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{x^8 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{382} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{bc}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{acx^4} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{bc}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{acx^4} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{acx^4} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^8} d\frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{acx^4} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{x^4 \sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^4} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^5*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/(a*c*x^4)) - (b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^4)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]]))/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 382 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*c*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(m + 3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] :> With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 9.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{x^4} - \frac{bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{x^4\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{4ac}}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}$	67

input

```
int(1/x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{a} \frac{-(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}/x^4 - b*c/(a*(a*d-b*c))^{(1/2)} * \operatorname{arctanh}(a*(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}/x^4/(a*(a*d-b*c))^{(1/2)})}{c}$$
**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{-abc + a^2dbc} x^4 \log \left( \frac{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{16} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^8 + a^2c^2 + 4((bc - 2ad)x^{12} - acx^4)\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{-abc+a^2d}}{b^2x^{16} + 2abx^8 + a^2} \right)}{16(a^2bc^2 - a^3cd)x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{abc - a^2dbc} x^4 \arctan \left( \frac{((bc - 2ad)x^8 - ac)\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{abc - a^2d}}{2((abcd - a^2d^2)x^{12} + (abc^2 - a^2cd)x^4)} \right) + 2\sqrt{dx^8+c}(abc - a^2d)}{8(a^2bc^2 - a^3cd)x^4} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
[-1/16*(sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d)*b*c*x^4*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^16 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 + 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^12 - a*c*x^4)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d))/(b^2*x^16 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2)) + 4*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(a*b*c - a^2*d)/((a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*x^4), -1/8*(sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*b*c*x^4*arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^12 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4)) + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(a*b*c - a^2*d)/((a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*x^4)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**5/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**5*(a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^5}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^5), x)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} d^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \frac{b \arctan \left( \frac{(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^2 b - bc + 2ad}{2\sqrt{abcd - a^2 d^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{abcd - a^2 d^2} ad} + \frac{2}{\left( (\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^2 - c \right) ad} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*d^(3/2)*(b*arctan(1/2*((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b - b*c + 2*a*d)/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2))/(sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*a*d) + 2/(((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2 - c)*a*d)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^5*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^5*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bdx^{21} + adx^{13} + bcdx^{13} + acx^5} dx$$

input `int(1/x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/(a*c*x**5 + a*d*x**13 + b*c*x**13 + b*d*x**21),x)`

**3.100**  $\int \frac{1}{x^{13}(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	943
Mathematica [A] (verified)	943
Rubi [A] (verified)	944
Maple [A] (verified)	946
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	947
Sympy [F]	947
Maxima [F]	948
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	948
Mupad [F(-1)]	949
Reduce [F]	949

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{12acx^{12}} + \frac{(3bc+2ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{12a^2c^2x^4} + \frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^4}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

output

```
-1/12*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/c/x^12+1/12*(2*a*d+3*b*c)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2/x^4+1/4*b^2*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^4/a^(1/2)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(-ac+3bcx^8+2adx^8)}{12a^2c^2x^{12}} + \frac{b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+bx^4}(\sqrt{dx^4+c+dx^8})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^13*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]*(-(a*c) + 3*b*c*x^8 + 2*a*d*x^8))/(12*a^2*c^2*x^{12}) + (b^2*\text{ArcTan}[(a*\text{Sqrt}[d] + b*x^4*(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4 + \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]))/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d])])/(4*a^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {965, 382, 25, 445, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 965 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{x^{16} (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 382 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{2bdx^8 + 3bc + 2ad}{x^8 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3acx^{12}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{2bdx^8 + 3bc + 2ad}{x^8 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3acx^{12}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 445 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3b^2c^2}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8} (2ad + 3bc)}{acx^4} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3acx^{12}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{3b^2c \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(2ad+3bc)}{acx^4} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{3acx^{12}} \right)$$

↓ 291

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{3b^2c \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^8} d \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(2ad+3bc)}{acx^4} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{3acx^{12}} \right)$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{3b^2c \arctan\left(\frac{x^4\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(2ad+3bc)}{acx^4} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{3acx^{12}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^13*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `(-1/3*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/(a*c*x^12) - (-(((3*b*c + 2*a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(a*c*x^4)) - (3*b^2*c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^4)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(3*a*c))/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst  
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 382 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/  
(a*c*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*c*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*  
x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(m + 3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m  
+ 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[  
b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p  
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))  
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c  
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^  
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),  
x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -  
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free  
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 20.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}(-2adx^8-3bcx^8+ac)}{3x^{12}} + \frac{b^2c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{x^4\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{4a^2c^2\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}$	88

input `int(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{4}a^{-2}(-1/3(dx^8+c)^{1/2}*(-2*adx^8-3*b*c*x^8+a*c)/x^{12}+b^2*c^2/(a*(a*d-b*c))^{1/2}*\operatorname{arctanh}(a*(dx^8+c)^{1/2}/x^4/(a*(a*d-b*c))^{1/2}))/c^2$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{3 \sqrt{-abc + a^2 d} b^2 c^2 x^{12} \log \left( \frac{(b^2 c^2 - 8 abcd + 8 a^2 d^2) x^{16} - 2 (3 abc^2 - 4 a^2 cd) x^8 + a^2 c^2 - 4 ((bc - 2 ad) x^{12} - acx^4) \sqrt{dx^8 + c} \sqrt{-abc + a^2 d}}{b^2 x^{16} + 2 abx^8 + a^2} \right)}{48 (a^3 bc^3 - a^4 c^2 d) x^{12}} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[-1/48*(3*\sqrt{-a*b*c + a^2*d})*b^2*c^2*x^{12}*\log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^{16} - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^{12} - a*c*x^4)*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c}*\sqrt{-a*b*c + a^2*d}))/((b^2*x^{16} + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2)) - 4*((3*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d - 2*a^3*d^2)*x^8 - a^2*b*c^2 + a^3*c*d)*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c}))/((a^3*b*c^3 - a^4*c^2*d)*x^{12}), 1/24*(3*\sqrt{a*b*c - a^2*d})*b^2*c^2*x^{12}*\arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c})*\sqrt{a*b*c - a^2*d}))/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^{12} + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4) + 2*((3*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d - 2*a^3*d^2)*x^8 - a^2*b*c^2 + a^3*c*d)*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c}))/((a^3*b*c^3 - a^4*c^2*d)*x^{12})]$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**13/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**13*(a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^{13}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^13), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 205 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{12} d^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( \frac{3b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8 + c})^2 b - bc + 2ad}{2\sqrt{abcd - a^2 d^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{abcd - a^2 d^2} a^2 d^2} + \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( \sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8 + c} \right)^4 b - 6 \left( \sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8 + c} \right) \right)}{\left( \left( \sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8 + c} \right)^2 - c \right)^3 a^2 d^2} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/12*d^(5/2)*(3*b^2*arctan(1/2*((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b - b*c + 2*a*d)/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2))/(sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*a^2*d^2) + 2*(3*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^4*b - 6*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b*c - 6*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*a*d + 3*b*c^2 + 2*a*c*d)/(((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2 - c)^3*a^2*d^2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{13} (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^13*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^13*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{dx^8 + c}c + 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}dx^8 - 12 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bdx^{21} + adx^{13} + bcx^{13} + acx^5} dx \right) bc^2x^{12}}{12ac^2x^{12}}$$

input `int(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `( - sqrt(c + d*x**8)*c + 2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)*d*x**8 - 12*int(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/(a*c*x**5 + a*d*x**13 + b*c*x**13 + b*d*x**21),x)*b*c**2*x**12)/(12*a*c**2*x**12)`

**3.101**  $\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	950
Mathematica [C] (verified)	951
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	952
Maple [F]	958
Fricas [F(-1)]	958
Sympy [F]	959
Maxima [F]	959
Giac [F]	959
Mupad [F(-1)]	960
Reduce [F]	960

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 672

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{6bd} - \frac{(-a)^{5/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8b^{7/4}\sqrt{-bc+ad}} - \frac{(-a)^{5/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8b^{7/4}\sqrt{-bc+ad}}$$

$$- \frac{c^{3/4}(bc+4ad)(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{12bd^{5/4}(bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$+ \frac{a(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{16b^2\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$+ \frac{a(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{16b^2\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output

```

1/6*x^2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/b/d-1/8*(-a)^(5/4)*arctan((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)
^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^(7/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(1/2)-1/8*(-a)^(5/4)*arc
tanh((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^(7/4)/(a*d-
b*c)^(1/2)-1/12*c^(3/4)*(4*a*d+b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1
/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/
2*2^(1/2))/b/d^(5/4)/(a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/16*a*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a
)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^2
/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/16
*a*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(
c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))
),1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d
^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^2/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4
)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left( -5a(c + dx^8) + 5ac\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a} \right) + (bc + 3ad)x^8\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a} \right) \right)}{30abd\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^17/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```

-1/30*(x^2*(-5*a*(c + d*x^8) + 5*a*c*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[1/4, 1/2
, 1, 5/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + (b*c + 3*a*d)*x^8*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)
/c]*AppellF1[5/4, 1/2, 1, 9/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)]))/(a*b*d*Sqrt[c
+ d*x^8])

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1022, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {965, 979, 1021, 761, 925, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^{16}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{979} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x^2\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3bd} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc+3ad)x^8+ac}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1021} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x^2\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3bd} - \frac{\frac{(3ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b} - \frac{3a^2d \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b}}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x^2\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3bd} - \frac{\frac{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} (3ad+bc) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{3a^2d \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b}}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{925}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3bd} - \frac{(\sqrt{c + dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c + dx^8}{(\sqrt{c + dx^4})^2}} (3ad + bc) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d} x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{c + dx^8}} - \frac{3a^2 d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1 - \sqrt{bx^4}) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-c}} dx^2}{b} \right)}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 1541

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3bd} - \frac{(\sqrt{c + dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c + dx^8}{(\sqrt{c + dx^4})^2}} (3ad + bc) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d} x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{c + dx^8}} - \frac{3a^2 d \left( \frac{\sqrt{d} (\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{c + a\sqrt{d}}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad + bc} \right)}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3bd} - \frac{(\sqrt{c + dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c + dx^8}{(\sqrt{c + dx^4})^2}} (3ad + bc) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d} x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{c + dx^8}} - \frac{3a^2 d \left( \frac{\sqrt{d} (\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{c + a\sqrt{d}}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad + bc} \right)}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 761

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3bd} - \frac{(\sqrt{c + dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c + dx^8}{(\sqrt{c + dx^4})^2}} (3ad + bc) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d} x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{c + dx^8}} - \frac{3a^2 d \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{c}}}{ad + bc}} \right)}{3a^2 d} \right)$$

↓ 2221

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{x^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{3bd} - \frac{(bc + 3ad)(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8 + c}{(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d} x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} - \frac{3a^2 d \left( \frac{a \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} + \sqrt{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{d} (\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}{c}}}{2 \sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{3a^2 d} \right)$$

↓ 2223

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{3bd} - \frac{(bc+3ad)(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b^4 \sqrt{c} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{dx^8+c}} - \frac{3a^2 d \left( \frac{a \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right) \sqrt[4]{d} (\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}}}{2 \sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{c}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^17/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`



output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((x^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}) / (3bd) - ((bc + 3ad)(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4) \operatorname{Sqrt}[(c + dx^8) / (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)^2] \operatorname{EllipticF}[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}x^2) / c^{1/4}], 1/2]) / (2b^{1/4}c^{1/4}d^{1/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8}) - (3a^2d((a(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}) / \sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{d})d^{1/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4) \operatorname{Sqrt}[(c + dx^8) / (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)^2] \operatorname{EllipticF}[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}x^2) / c^{1/4}], 1/2]) / (2c^{1/4}(bc + ad) \sqrt{c + dx^8}) + (\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}))(((-a)^{3/4}((\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}) / \sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{d}) \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{bc - ad}x^2) / ((-a)^{1/4}b^{1/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8})]) / (2b^{1/4} \sqrt{bc - ad}) + ((\sqrt{c} + (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) / \sqrt{b})(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4) \operatorname{Sqrt}[(c + dx^8) / (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)^2] \operatorname{EllipticPi}[-1/4(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2 / (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}), 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}x^2) / c^{1/4}], 1/2]) / (4c^{1/4}d^{1/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8}))) / (bc + ad) / (2a) + (((\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + a\sqrt{d})d^{1/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4) \operatorname{Sqrt}[(c + dx^8) / (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)^2] \operatorname{EllipticF}[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}x^2) / c^{1/4}], 1/2]) / (2c^{1/4}(bc + ad) \sqrt{c + dx^8}) + (\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}))(((-a)^{1/4}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{bc - ad}x^2) / ((-a)^{1/4}b^{1/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8})]) / (2b^{1/4} \sqrt{bc - ad}) + ((\sqrt{c} - (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) / \sqrt{b})(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4) \operatorname{Sqrt}[(c + dx^8) / (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)^2] \operatorname{EllipticPi}[(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \dots \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 761

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[(1 + q^2x^2)(\sqrt{(a + b^2x^4)/(a(1 + q^2x^2)^2}) / (2q\sqrt{a + b^2x^4})) \operatorname{EllipticF}[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[qx], 1/2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 925

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4} * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^4)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/(2c) \operatorname{Int}[1/(\sqrt{a + b^2x^4} * (1 - \operatorname{Rt}[-d/c, 2]x^2)), x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(2c) \operatorname{Int}[1/(\sqrt{a + b^2x^4} * (1 + \operatorname{Rt}[-d/c, 2]x^2)), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b^2c - a^2d, 0]$$

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
  1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
  Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 979

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := Simp[e^(2*n - 1)*(e*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p +
  1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^(2*n)/(b*d
  *(m + n*(p + q) + 1) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*Sim
  p[a*c*(m - 2*n + 1) + (a*d*(m + n*(q - 1) + 1) + b*c*(m + n*(p - 1) + 1))*x
  ^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && I
  GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m - n + 1, n] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x
  ]
```

rule 1021

```
Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_
  _)^n]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^n], x], x] + Simp[(b*
  e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^n)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
  d, e, f, n}, x]
```

rule 1541

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4
  ], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*
  x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e
  ^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
  , x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e)
  + a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
  + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*
  d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
  ], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
  sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0
] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^17/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^17/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^17/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**17/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**17/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{17}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^17/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^17/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{17}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^17/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^17/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{17}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^17/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^17/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}x^2 - 6\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}x^9}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx\right)ad - 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}x^9}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx\right)bc - 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}x}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx\right)d}{6bd}$$

input `int(x^17/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**2 - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**9)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)*a*d - 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**9)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)*b*c - 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)*a*c)/(6*b*d)`

### 3.102 $\int \frac{x^9}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	961
Mathematica [C] (verified)	962
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	963
Maple [F]	968
Fricas [F(-1)]	968
Sympy [F]	969
Maxima [F]	969
Giac [F]	969
Mupad [F(-1)]	970
Reduce [F]	970

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 635

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^9}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx \\
 = & -\frac{\sqrt[4]{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right) - \sqrt[4]{-a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8b^{3/4}\sqrt{-bc+ad}} \\
 & + \frac{c^{3/4}\left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{d}(bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} \\
 & - \frac{\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{16b\sqrt[4]{c}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} \\
 & - \frac{\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{16b\sqrt[4]{c}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/8*(-a)^(1/4)*arctan((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^(3/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(1/2)-1/8*(-a)^(1/4)*arctanh((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^(3/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(1/2)+1/4*c^(3/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/16*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/b/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/16*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/b/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^{10} \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{10a\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^9/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(x^10*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[5/4, 1/2, 1, 9/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])/(10*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 976, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$ , Rules used = {965, 983, 761, 925, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{983} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c + dx^8}} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{925} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c + dx^8}} - \frac{a \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}} + 1)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{2a} \right)}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1541}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - a \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+a\sqrt{d}}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})}{2a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - a \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+a\sqrt{d}}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})}{2a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - a \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}}{2a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2221

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - a \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \sqrt[4]{c} \right)$$

↓ 2223

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{(\sqrt{dx^4} + \sqrt{c}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} - a \frac{a\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\sqrt{d}\right)\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c})\sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{C(bc+ad)}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^9/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \left( \left( \text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4 \right) \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8] / \left( \text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4 \right)^2 \right) \text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}*x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2] / (2*b*c^{1/4}*d^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]) - (a*((a*((\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c])/ \text{Sqrt}[-a] + \text{Sqrt}[d])*d^{1/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]) / (\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)^2) \text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}*x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2] / (2*c^{1/4}*(b*c + a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]) + (\text{Sqrt}[b]*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d]))*((-a)^{3/4}*((\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c])/ \text{Sqrt}[-a] - \text{Sqrt}[d])* \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^{1/4}*b^{1/4})*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]]) / (2*b^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]) + ((\text{Sqrt}[c] + (\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])/ \text{Sqrt}[b])*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)^2] \text{EllipticPi}[-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])^2/(\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]), 2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}*x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2] / (4*c^{1/4}*d^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])) / (b*c + a*d) / (2*a) + (((\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + a*\text{Sqrt}[d])*d^{1/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)^2] \text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}*x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2] / (2*c^{1/4}*(b*c + a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]) + (\text{Sqrt}[b]*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d]))*((-a)^{1/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])* \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^{1/4}*b^{1/4})*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]]) / (2*b^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]) + ((\text{Sqrt}[c] - (\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])/ \text{Sqrt}[b])*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)^2] \text{EllipticPi}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])^2/(4*\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]), 2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}*x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2] / (4*\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]) \right) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2]) / (2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 925 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^4)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(2*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 - Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 + Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 983 `Int[(((e_.)*(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^n/b Int[(e*x)^(m - n)*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] - Simp[a*(e^n/b) Int[(e*x)^(m - n)*((c + d*x^n)^q/(a + b*x^n)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LeQ[n, m, 2*n - 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, -1, q, x]`

rule 1541 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 2221 `Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e)*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2]))], x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]`

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0
] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**9/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**9/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^9}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^9/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^9}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^9/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^9}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^9/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^9/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^9}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^9/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**9)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)`

### 3.103 $\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	971
Mathematica [C] (verified)	972
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	973
Maple [F]	976
Fricas [F(-1)]	977
Sympy [F]	977
Maxima [F]	977
Giac [F]	978
Mupad [F(-1)]	978
Reduce [F]	978

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 635

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8(-a)^{3/4}\sqrt{-bc+ad}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8(-a)^{3/4}\sqrt{-bc+ad}}$$

$$+ \frac{d^{3/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{c}(bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{16a\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{16a\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$



output

```
-1/8*b^(1/4)*arctan((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))
)/(-a)^(3/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(1/2)-1/8*b^(1/4)*arctanh((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)
)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(3/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(1/2)+1/4*d^(3/4)*(c^(1/2)
+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiA
M(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/c^(1/4)/(a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)
+1/16*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)
)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),
-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),
1/2*2^(1/2))/a/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)
+1/16*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)
)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),
1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),
1/2*2^(1/2))/a/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{2a\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(x^2*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[1/4, 1/2, 1, 5/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)
)/a])/(2*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 876, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$ , Rules used = {965, 925, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{925} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}} + 1\right)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{2a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1541} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + a\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad + bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{2a}}{ad + bc} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} + \sqrt{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad + bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{2a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + a\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad + bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad + bc}}{2a} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} + \sqrt{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad + bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{2a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+a\sqrt{d}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{c+dx^8}(ad+bc)} \right)$$

↓ 2221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+a\sqrt{d}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{c+dx^8}(ad+bc)} \right)$$

↓ 2223

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{a\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\sqrt{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}(bc+ad)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \left(\frac{(-a)^{3/4}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt{d}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{bc}}\right)}{2a} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} &(((a*((\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c])/\text{Sqrt}[-a] + \text{Sqrt}[d])*d^{1/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4) \\ &)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)^2]*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}) \\ &x^2/c^{1/4}], 1/2])/(2*c^{1/4}*(b*c + a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]) + (\text{Sqrt}[b]*(\text{S} \\ &\text{qrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])*((( -a)^{3/4}*((\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c])/\text{Sqrt}[-a \\ &] - \text{Sqrt}[d])* \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^{1/4}*b^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x \\ &^8])]))/(2*b^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]) + ((\text{Sqrt}[c] + (\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])/\text{Sqrt}[b \\ &])*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)^2]*\text{Ell} \\ &\text{ipticPi}[-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])^2/(\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt} \\ &[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]), 2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4})x^2/c^{1/4}], 1/2))/(4*c^{1/4}*d^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt} \\ &[c + d*x^8]))/(b*c + a*d))/(2*a) + (((\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + a*\text{Sqrt} \\ &[d])*d^{1/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x \\ &^4)^2]*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4})x^2/c^{1/4}], 1/2])/(2*c^{1/4}*(b*c + \\ &a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]) + (\text{Sqrt}[b]*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])*((( - \\ &a)^{1/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])* \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]*x^2 \\ &)/((-a)^{1/4}*b^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])]))/(2*b^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]) + ((\text{S} \\ &\text{qrt}[c] - (\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])/\text{Sqrt}[b])*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x \\ &^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)^2]*\text{EllipticPi}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt} \\ &[d])^2/(4*\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]), 2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4})x^2/c^{1/4} \\ &], 1/2))/(4*c^{1/4}*d^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]))/(b*c + a*d))/(2*a))/2 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))* \text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 925

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4]*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^4)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(2*c) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]*(1 - \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*c) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]*(1 + \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$$

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
 x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
  1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
 Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1541

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
 {q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4
 ], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e
 x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e
 ^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4])
 , x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e
 ) + a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
 + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*
 d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
 ], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
 sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4])
 , x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
 (d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
 )), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
 2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
 Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0
 ] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
 /d)]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output `int(x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)`

### 3.104 $\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	979
Mathematica [C] (verified)	980
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	981
Maple [F]	987
Fricas [F]	987
Sympy [F]	988
Maxima [F]	988
Giac [F]	988
Mupad [F(-1)]	989
Reduce [F]	989

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 672

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{6acx^6} - \frac{b^{5/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8(-a)^{7/4}\sqrt{-bc+ad}} - \frac{b^{5/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8(-a)^{7/4}\sqrt{-bc+ad}}$$

$$- \frac{d^{3/4}(4bc+ad)(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{12ac^{5/4}(bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$- \frac{b(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{16a^2\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$- \frac{b(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{16a^2\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$



output

```

-1/6*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/c/x^6-1/8*b^(5/4)*arctan((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(
1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(7/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(1/2)-1/8*b^(5/4)*arcta
nh((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(7/4)/(a*d
-b*c)^(1/2)-1/12*d^(3/4)*(a*d+4*b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(
1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1
/2*2^(1/2))/a/c^(5/4)/(a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/16*b*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-
a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2
)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)
)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^
2/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/1
6*b*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/
(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)
)),1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d
^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^2/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/
4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5a(c+dx^8) - 5(3bc+ad)x^8 \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) - bdx^{16} \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{30a^2cx^6\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^7*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```

(-5*a*(c + d*x^8) - 5*(3*b*c + a*d)*x^8*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[1/4,
1/2, 1, 5/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] - b*d*x^16*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*Ap
pellF1[5/4, 1/2, 1, 9/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])/(30*a^2*c*x^6*Sqrt[c
+ d*x^8])

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1006, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.458$ , Rules used = {965, 980, 25, 1021, 761, 925, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 965 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^8 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 980 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{bdx^8 + 3bc + ad}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3acx^6} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{bdx^8 + 3bc + ad}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3acx^6} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1021 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{3bc \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 + d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3acx^6} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 761 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{3bc \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 + \frac{d^{3/4} (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c + dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2^4 \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{c + dx^8}}}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{3acx^6} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 925
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3bc \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}} + 1\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a} \right) + \frac{d^{3/4} (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d} x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{c+dx^8}}}{3ac}$$

↓ 1541

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3bc \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + a\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4} + \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a(ad+bc)} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} + \sqrt{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{3ac}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3bc \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + a\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4} + \sqrt{c}}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a(ad+bc)} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} + \sqrt{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})}{2a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{3ac}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 3bc \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{{}^4\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+a}\sqrt{d}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{{}^4\sqrt{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2a} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{d^{3/4}(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})\sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{{}^4\sqrt{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} + 3bc \left( \frac{a\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\sqrt{d}\right){}^4\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})\sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{{}^4\sqrt{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}(bc+ad)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2223

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{d^{3/4} (\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8 + c}{(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d} x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} + 3bc \frac{a \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt[4]{d} (\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8 + c}{(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d} x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{c} (bc + ad) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^7*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(-1/3*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/(a*c*x^6) - ((d^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2]))/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + 3*b*c*((a*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[d])*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2]))/(2*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*((-a)^(3/4)*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[d])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(2*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((Sqrt[c] + (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[-1/4*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]), 2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2]))/(4*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))/(b*c + a*d))/(2*a) + (((Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + a*Sqrt[d])*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2]))/(2*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*((-a)^(1/4)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(2*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((Sqrt[c] - (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2/(4*Sqrt[-a]*Sqr...
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 925  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^4)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]*(1 - \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]*(1 + \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 965  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m + 1)/k - 1}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p*(c + d*x^{(n/k)})^q, x], x, x^k], x] /;$   $k \neq 1] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 980  $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^n)^{(q + 1)}/(a*c*e^{(m + 1)})), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*c*e^{(m + 1)}) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m + n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*\text{Simp}[(b*c + a*d)*(m + n + 1) + n*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m + n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]$

rule 1021  $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_)*(x_)^{(n_)})/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/((a + b*x^n)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n]), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 1541  $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \text{ Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(- (B*d - A*e)) * (ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e)
+ a*(e/d), 2] * (x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e) * (1 + q^2*x^2) * (Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])) * EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(- (B*d - A*e)) * (ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2] * (x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e) * (1 + q^2*x^2) * (Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2])/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])) * EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
&& PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)/(b*d*x^23 + (b*c + a*d)*x^15 + a*c*x^7), x)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**7/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**7*(a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^7), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^7), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^7*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^7*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bdx^{23} + adx^{15} + bcdx^{15} + acx^7} dx$$

input `int(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/(a*c*x**7 + a*d*x**15 + b*c*x**15 + b*d*x**23),x)`

$$3.105 \quad \int \frac{x^{13}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

Optimal result	990
Mathematica [C] (verified)	991
Rubi [A] (verified)	992
Maple [F]	998
Fricas [F]	998
Sympy [F]	999
Maxima [F]	999
Giac [F]	999
Mupad [F(-1)]	1000
Reduce [F]	1000

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 1017

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

1/2*x^2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/b/d^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)+1/8*(-a)^(3/4)*arc
tan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^(5/4)/(-a*d
+b*c)^(1/2)-1/8*(-a)^(3/4)*arctanh((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)
/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^(5/4)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)-1/2*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^
4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)
)*x^2/c^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/b/d^(3/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/4*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)
)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2
*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b/d^(3/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/8*a*
d^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*In
verseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^(1/4)/(
b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/8*a*d^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)
+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*
arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+
(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/16*a*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(
1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*Elli
pticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)
*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^(1/4
))/((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+a*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/16*((-a)
^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+a*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/
2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),...

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^{14} \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{11}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{14a\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^13/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(x^14*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[7/4, 1/2, 1, 11/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x
^8)/a)])/(14*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {965, 983, 834, 27, 761, 993, 1510, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^{12}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{983} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{834} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{dx^4}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{\sqrt{d}}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{\sqrt{d}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{dx^4}}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{\sqrt{d}}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c + dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2a^{3/4}\sqrt{c + dx^8}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{dx^4}}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{\sqrt{d}}}{b} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{b} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{993}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2d^{3/4}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{dx^4}}}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{\sqrt{d}} - a \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{bx^4+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{-a-v}}{(\sqrt{-a-v})} \right) \right) \frac{1}{b}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2d^{3/4}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{c+d}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{d}}}$$

↓ 1541

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2d^{3/4}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{c+d}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{d}}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2d^{3/4}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{c+d}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{d}}}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2d^{3/4}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}}$$

↓ 2221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2d^{3/4}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}$$

↓ 2223

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2d^{3/4}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}} \right) / b$$

input `Int[x^13/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`



output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( - \left( - \left( x^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right) + c^{1/4} \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right) \sqrt{c + dx^8} / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right)^2 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \text{EllipticE} \left[ 2 \text{ArcTan} \left[ \left( d^{1/4} x^2 \right) / c^{1/4} \right], 1/2 \right] \right) / \left( d^{1/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) / \sqrt{d} \right) + \left( c^{1/4} \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right) \sqrt{c + dx^8} / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right)^2 \right. \\ & \left. \left. \text{EllipticF} \left[ 2 \text{ArcTan} \left[ \left( d^{1/4} x^2 \right) / c^{1/4} \right], 1/2 \right] \right) / \left( 2 d^{3/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) \right) / b - \left( a \left( -1/2 \left( \left( \sqrt{b} \sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{d} \right) d^{1/4} \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right) \sqrt{c + dx^8} / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right)^2 \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. \text{EllipticF} \left[ 2 \text{ArcTan} \left[ \left( d^{1/4} x^2 \right) / c^{1/4} \right], 1/2 \right] \right) / \left( 2 c^{1/4} (b*c + a*d) \sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + \left( \sqrt{b} \left( \sqrt{b} \sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{d} \right) \left( \left( \sqrt{b} \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{d} \right) \text{ArcTanh} \left[ \left( \sqrt{b*c - a*d} x^2 \right) / \left( (-a)^{1/4} b^{1/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) \right] \right) / \left( 2 (-a)^{1/4} b^{1/4} \sqrt{b*c - a*d} \right) - \left( \left( a \sqrt{c} \right) / (-a)^{3/2} + \sqrt{d} / \sqrt{b} \right) \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right) \sqrt{c + dx^8} / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right)^2 \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \text{EllipticPi} \left[ \left( \sqrt{b} \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{d} \right)^2 / \left( 4 \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \right), 2 \text{ArcTan} \left[ \left( d^{1/4} x^2 \right) / c^{1/4} \right], 1/2 \right] \right) / \left( 4 c^{1/4} d^{1/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) \right) / \left( b*c + a*d \right) / \sqrt{b} + \left( -1/2 \left( \left( \sqrt{b} \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{d} \right) d^{1/4} \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right) \sqrt{c + dx^8} / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} x^4 \right)^2 \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. \text{EllipticF} \left[ 2 \text{ArcTan} \left[ \left( d^{1/4} x^2 \right) / c^{1/4} \right], 1/2 \right] \right) / \left( c^{1/4} (b*c + a*d) \sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) + \left( \sqrt{b} \left( \sqrt{b} \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{d} \right) \left( \left( \sqrt{b} \sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{d} \right) \text{ArcTan} \left[ \left( \sqrt{b*c - a*d} x^2 \right) / \left( (-a)^{1/4} b^{1/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) \right] \right) / \left( 2 (-a)^{1/4} b^{1/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) \right) \right) / \left( 2 (-a)^{1/4} b^{1/4} \sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) (F x_*) , x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F x, x], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& !\text{MatchQ}[F x, (b_*) (G x_*) / ; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2 x^2) (\sqrt{(a + b x^4) / (a (1 + q^2 x^2)^2})} / (2 q \sqrt{a + b x^4})) * \text{EllipticF}[2 \text{ArcTan}[q x], 1/2], x]] / ; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 834

$$\text{Int}[(x_*)^2 / \sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*) (x_*)^4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[1/\sqrt{a + b x^4}, x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q x^2) / \sqrt{a + b x^4}, x], x]] / ; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 965  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m + 1)/k - 1}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p*(c + d*x^{(n/k)})^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 983  $\text{Int}[(((e_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)})/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^n/b \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m - n)}*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] - \text{Simp}[a*(e^n/b \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m - n)}*((c + d*x^n)^q/(a + b*x^n)], x), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[n, m, 2*n - 1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, -1, q, x]$

rule 993  $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^4]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], s = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]]\}, \text{Simp}[s/(2*b \text{ Int}[1/((r + s*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^4]), x], x] - \text{Simp}[s/(2*b \text{ Int}[1/((r - s*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^4]), x], x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 1510  $\text{Int}[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x] /; \text{EqQ}[e + d*q^2, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 1541  $\text{Int}[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2 \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2 \text{ Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]), x], x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e)
+ a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0
] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{13}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^13/(b*d*x^16 + (b*c + a*d)*x^8 + a*c), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**13/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**13/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{13}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^13/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{13}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^13/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{13}}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^13/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^13/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^{13}}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^13/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**13)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)`

**3.106**  $\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1001
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1002
Rubi [A] (verified)	1003
Maple [F]	1007
Fricas [F(-1)]	1007
Sympy [F]	1007
Maxima [F]	1008
Giac [F]	1008
Mupad [F(-1)]	1008
Reduce [F]	1009

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 788

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{bc-ad}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{16\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+a\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+a\sqrt{d})(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{16a\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output

```

1/8*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(
1/4)/b^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)-1/8*arctanh((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/
b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)-1/8*d^(1/4)*(
c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJaco
biAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c
^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/8*d^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x
^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1
/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*
d^(1/2))/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/16*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2
)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*
arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(
-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/((-a)^(1/2)
*b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+a*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/16*((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/
2)*c^(1/2)+a*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x
^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2)
)/a/b^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)
^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^6 \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{6a\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```

(x^6*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[3/4, 1/2, 1, 7/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8
)/a)])/(6*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 881, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {965, 993, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{993} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{bx^4 + \sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-a - \sqrt{bx^4}})\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1541} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{bx^4 + \sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad+bc}}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} - \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}}{(\sqrt{bx^4 + \sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad+bc}}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} - \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{(\sqrt{bx^4+\sqrt{-a}})\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{c+dx^8}(ad+bc)}}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

↓ 2221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}) \left( \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \arctan\left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{c}\left(\sqrt{b}-\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} \right)}{ad+bc}}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

↓ 2223

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \left( \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{dx^8+c}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)(\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c})\sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{c}\left(\sqrt{b}-\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} \right)}{bc+ad}}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

input

`Int[x^5/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/2*((\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])*d^{1/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4) \\ & * \text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)^2]*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4} \\ & *x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2])/(2*c^{1/4}*(b*c + a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]) + (\text{Sqrt}[b]*( \\ & \text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])*((\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d]) \\ & *\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^{1/4}*b^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])])/(2*( \\ & -a)^{1/4}*b^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]) - ((a*\text{Sqrt}[c])/(-a)^{3/2} + \text{Sqrt}[d]/\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{rt}[b])*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)^2] \\ & *\text{EllipticPi}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])^2/(4*\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d]), 2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}*x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2])/(4*c^{1/4}*d^{1/4}*\text{S} \\ & \text{qrt}[c + d*x^8]))/(b*c + a*d))/\text{Sqrt}[b] + (-1/2*((\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[-a] \\ & * \text{Sqrt}[d])*d^{1/4}*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[d]*x^4)^2]*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}*x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2])/(c^{1/4}*(b* \\ & c + a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]) + (\text{Sqrt}[b]*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])* \\ & ((\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[c] - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])* \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^{1/4} \\ & *b^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])])/(2*(-a)^{1/4}*b^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]) + \\ & ((\text{Sqrt}[c]/\text{Sqrt}[-a] + \text{Sqrt}[d]/\text{Sqrt}[b])*(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d* \\ & x^8)/(\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4)^2]*\text{EllipticPi}[-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(\text{Sqrt}[b] - (\text{Sqrt} \\ & [-a]*\text{Sqrt}[d])/ \text{Sqrt}[c])^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*\text{Sqrt}[d]), 2*\text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}*x^2) \\ & )/c^{1/4}], 1/2])/(4*c^{1/4}*d^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]))/(b*c + a*d))/(2*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{rt}[b]))/2 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 965

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p*(c + d*x^{(n/k)})^q}, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 993

```
Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :=
With[{r = Numerator[Rt[-a/b, 2]], s = Denominator[Rt[-a/b, 2]]}, Simp[s/(2*
b) Int[1/((r + s*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^4]), x], x] - Simp[s/(2*b) Int[1/((r
- s*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0]
```

rule 1541

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4
], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e
x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e
^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e
) + a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0
] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^5/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^5/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^5/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + cx^5}}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**5)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)`

$$3.107 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

Optimal result	1010
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1011
Rubi [A] (verified)	1012
Maple [F]	1014
Fricas [F(-1)]	1014
Sympy [F]	1015
Maxima [F]	1015
Giac [F]	1015
Mupad [F(-1)]	1016
Reduce [F]	1016

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 1053

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-1/2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/c/x^2+1/2*d^(1/2)*x^2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/c/(c^(1/2)+
d^(1/2)*x^4)+1/8*b^(3/4)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d
*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(5/4)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)-1/8*b^(3/4)*arctanh((-a*d+b*c)^(
1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(5/4)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)-
1/2*d^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2
)*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/a/c^(3/4)/(d*x
^8+c)^(1/2)+1/4*d^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*
x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a
/c^(3/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/8*b^(1/2)*d^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8
+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(
1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/(d*x^8+
c)^(1/2)+1/8*b^(1/2)*d^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(
1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/
2))/a/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/16*b^(
1/2)*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c
)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/
4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2
)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/a/c^(1/4)/((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+a*d^(1/2))/d^(
1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/16*b^(1/2)*((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+a*d^(1/2))*
(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipti...

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-21a(c + dx^8) + 7(-bc + ad)x^8 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) + 3bdx^{16} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{11}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{42a^2cx^2\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```

(-21*a*(c + d*x^8) + 7*(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^8*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[3/4
, 1/2, 1, 7/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + 3*b*d*x^16*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c
]*AppellF1[7/4, 1/2, 1, 11/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)]/(42*a^2*c*x^2*S
qrt[c + d*x^8])

```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1021, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$ , Rules used = {965, 980, 25, 1054, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{980} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{x^4(-bdx^8+bc-ad)}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{x^4(-bdx^8+bc-ad)}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1054} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\int \left( \frac{bcx^4}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} - \frac{dx^4}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} \right) dx^2}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{bc}^{3/4} (\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{8\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[4]{d}(bc+ad)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} + \frac{b^{3/4}c \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{4\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{c}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \left( -\frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{a^2cx^2} \right) - \left( -\frac{\sqrt{d}x^2\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4} \right) + \left( b^{3/4}c \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[ \frac{\sqrt{bc - ad}x^2}{(-a)^{1/4}b^{1/4}\sqrt{c + dx^8}} \right] \right) / \left( 4(-a)^{1/4}\sqrt{bc - ad} \right) - \left( b^{3/4}c \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[ \frac{\sqrt{bc - ad}x^2}{(-a)^{1/4}b^{1/4}\sqrt{c + dx^8}} \right] \right) / \left( 4(-a)^{1/4}\sqrt{bc - ad} \right) + \left( c^{1/4}d^{1/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)\sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4 \right)^2 \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[ 2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[ \frac{d^{1/4}x^2}{c^{1/4}} \right], \frac{1}{2} \right] / \sqrt{c + dx^8} - \left( c^{1/4}d^{1/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)\sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4 \right)^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[ 2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[ \frac{d^{1/4}x^2}{c^{1/4}} \right], \frac{1}{2} \right] / (2\sqrt{c + dx^8}) - \left( bc^{3/4}(\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) / \sqrt{b} \right) d^{1/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)\sqrt{c + dx^8} / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4 \right)^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[ 2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[ \frac{d^{1/4}x^2}{c^{1/4}} \right], \frac{1}{2} \right] / (4(bc + ad)\sqrt{c + dx^8}) - \left( bc^{3/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) / \sqrt{b} \right) d^{1/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)\sqrt{c + dx^8} / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4 \right)^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[ 2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[ \frac{d^{1/4}x^2}{c^{1/4}} \right], \frac{1}{2} \right] / (4(bc + ad)\sqrt{c + dx^8}) - \left( \sqrt{b}c^{3/4}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)\sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4 \right)^2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[ \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[ \frac{d^{1/4}x^2}{c^{1/4}} \right], \frac{1}{2} \right] / (8\sqrt{-a}d^{1/4}(bc + ad)\sqrt{c + dx^8}) + \left( \sqrt{b}c^{3/4}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)\sqrt{c + dx^8} \right) / \left( \sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4 \right)^2 \operatorname{Elliptic} \dots \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 980 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*c*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*c*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(m + n + 1) + n*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m + n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1054 `Int[(((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((e + f*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bdx^{19} + adx^{11} + bcdx^{11} + acx^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/(a*c*x**3 + a*d*x**11 + b*c*x**11 + b*d*x**19),x)`

**3.108** 
$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

Optimal result	1017
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1017
Rubi [A] (verified)	1018
Maple [F]	1019
Fricas [F(-1)]	1019
Sympy [F]	1019
Maxima [F]	1020
Giac [F]	1020
Mupad [F(-1)]	1020
Reduce [F]	1021

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{8}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{5a\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output  $\frac{1}{5}x^5(1+d*x^8/c)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}(5/8, 1, 1/2, 13/8, -b*x^8/a, -d*x^8/c)/a/(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{13}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{5a\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output  $(x^5*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(c + d*x^8)/c]*\operatorname{AppellF1}[5/8, 1/2, 1, 13/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])/(5*a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^5 \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{8}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{5a\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input `Int[x^4/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `(x^5*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[5/8, 1, 1/2, 13/8, -(b*x^8)/a], -((d*x^8)/c)]/(5*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**4/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)
```



output `Integral(x**4/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^4/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + cx^4}}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**4)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)`

$$3.109 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

Optimal result	1022
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1022
Rubi [A] (verified)	1023
Maple [F]	1024
Fricas [F(-1)]	1024
Sympy [F]	1024
Maxima [F]	1025
Giac [F]	1025
Mupad [F(-1)]	1025
Reduce [F]	1026

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{8}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{3a\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output

```
1/3*x^3*(1+d*x^8/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(3/8,1,1/2,11/8,-b*x^8/a,-d*x^8/c)/a/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{11}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{3a\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(x^3*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[3/8, 1/2, 1, 11/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])/(3*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{8}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{3a\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input `Int[x^2/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `(x^3*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[3/8, 1, 1/2, 11/8, -(b*x^8)/a], -((d*x^8)/c)]/(3*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output `Integral(x**2/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^2/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + cx^2}}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcx^8 + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)`

**3.110**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1027
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1027
Rubi [A] (verified)	1028
Maple [F]	1029
Fricas [F(-1)]	1029
Sympy [F]	1030
Maxima [F]	1030
Giac [F]	1030
Mupad [F(-1)]	1031
Reduce [F]	1031

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{a\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output `x*(1+d*x^8/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/8,1,1/2,9/8,-b*x^8/a,-d*x^8/c)/a/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 161 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 10.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{9acx \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8} \left(-9ac \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) + 4x^8 \left(2bc \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{9}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{17}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)\right)\right)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`



output

```
(-9*a*c*x*AppellF1[1/8, 1/2, 1, 9/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)]/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]*(-9*a*c*AppellF1[1/8, 1/2, 1, 9/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + 4*x^8*(2*b*c*AppellF1[9/8, 1/2, 2, 17/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + a*d*AppellF1[9/8, 3/2, 1, 17/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{a\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[1/8, 1, 1/2, 9/8, -((b*x^8)/a), -((d*x^8)/c)]/(a*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)  
 ], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]  
 && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])  
 Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q  
 }, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bdx^{16} + adx^8 + bcdx^8 + ac} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/(a*c + a*d*x**8 + b*c*x**8 + b*d*x**16),x)`

**3.111**  $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1032
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1032
Rubi [A] (verified)	1033
Maple [F]	1034
Fricas [F]	1034
Sympy [F]	1035
Maxima [F]	1035
Giac [F]	1035
Mupad [F(-1)]	1036
Reduce [F]	1036

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{8}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{ax\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output `-(1+d*x^8/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/8,1,1/2,7/8,-b*x^8/a,-d*x^8/c)/a/x/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{-35a(c+dx^8) - 5(bc-3ad)x^8 \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{7}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{15}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) + 7bdx^{16} \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{7}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{15}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{35a^2cx\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

```
(-35*a*(c + d*x^8) - 5*(b*c - 3*a*d)*x^8*sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[7/8,
1/2, 1, 15/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + 7*b*d*x^16*sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c
]*AppellF1[15/8, 1/2, 1, 23/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])/(35*a^2*c*x*sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{8}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{ax\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^8)*sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
-((sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[-1/8, 1, 1/2, 7/8, -((b*x^8)/a), -((d*x^8)/c)])/(a*x*sqrt[c + d*x^8]))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)/(b*d*x^18 + (b*c + a*d)*x^10 + a*c*x^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^2), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bdx^{18} + adx^{10} + bcx^{10} + acx^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/(a*c*x**2 + a*d*x**10 + b*c*x**10 + b*d*x**18),x)`

**3.112**  $\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1037
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1037
Rubi [A] (verified)	1038
Maple [F]	1039
Fricas [F(-1)]	1039
Sympy [F]	1040
Maxima [F]	1040
Giac [F]	1040
Mupad [F(-1)]	1041
Reduce [F]	1041

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{8}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{3ax^3\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output `-1/3*(1+d*x^8/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-3/8,1,1/2,5/8,-b*x^8/a,-d*x^8/c)/a/x^3/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{-65a(c+dx^8) + 13(-3bc+ad)x^8\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{13}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) + 5bdx^{16}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{13}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{195a^2cx^3\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-65*a*(c + d*x^8) + 13*(-3*b*c + a*d)*x^8*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[5/8, 1/2, 1, 13/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + 5*b*d*x^16*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[13/8, 1/2, 1, 21/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)]}{(195*a^2*c*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^4(bx^8+a)\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{8}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{3ax^3\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]),x]$$

output

$$-1/3*(\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[-3/8, 1, 1/2, 5/8, -((b*x^8)/a), -((d*x^8)/c)])/(a*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(b*x**8+a)/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*(a + b*x**8)*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^8)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bdx^{20} + adx^{12} + bcdx^{12} + acx^4} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/(a*c*x**4 + a*d*x**12 + b*c*x**12 + b*d*x**20),x)`

### 3.113 $\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1042
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1042
Rubi [A] (verified)	1043
Maple [A] (verified)	1045
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1046
Sympy [F(-1)]	1046
Maxima [F(-2)]	1047
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1047
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1048
Reduce [F]	1048

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b^2d} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8b^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{a(4bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d-1/8*a^2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)
+1/8*a*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}(-3a^2d+2b^2cx^8+2ab(c-dx^8))}{d(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{a(4bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^23/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{c + d*x^8})*(-3*a^2*d + 2*b^2*c*x^8 + 2*a*b*(c - d*x^8)))/(d*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) + (a*(4*b*c - 3*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{c + d*x^8})/\sqrt{-(b*c) + a*d}])/(-(b*c) + a*d)^{(3/2)}}{(8*b^{(5/2)})}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {948, 100, 27, 90, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{x^{16}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8$$

$$\downarrow 100$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{a(2bc-ad)-2b(bc-ad)x^8}{2(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8}{b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{b^2(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{a(2bc-ad)-2b(bc-ad)x^8}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8}{2b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{b^2(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{a(4bc-3ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8 - \frac{4\sqrt{c+dx^8}(bc-ad)}{d}}{2b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{b^2(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{2a(4bc-3ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{16}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{2b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{4\sqrt{c+dx^8}(bc-ad)}{d} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{b^2(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right)$$



$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{b^2 (a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{2a(4bc-3ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - \frac{4\sqrt{c+dx^8}(bc-ad)}{d}}{2b^2(bc-ad)} \right)$$

input `Int[x^23/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((-(a^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8))) - ((-4*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/d - (2*a*(4*b*c - 3*a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(2*b^2*(b*c - a*d))/8`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)2*(c + d*x)(n + 1)*((e + f*x)(p + 1)/(d2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)(n + 1)*(e + f*x)p*Simp[a2*d2*f*(n + p + 2) + b2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)2)(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_))(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)p*(c + d*x)q, x], x, xn], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3d(bx^8+a)a(ad-\frac{4cb}{3})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right) + 3\sqrt{dx^8+c}\left(-\frac{2b^2c}{3}x^8 - \frac{2a(-dx^8+c)b}{3} + a^2d\right)\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}{b^2(ad-cb)d(bx^8+a)\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}$	133

input `int(x23/(b*x8+a)2/(d*x8+c)(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/8/((a*d-b*c)*b)(1/2)*(-d*(b*x8+a)*a*(a*d-4/3*c*b)*arctan((d*x8+c)(1/2)*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)(1/2))+(d*x8+c)(1/2)*(-2/3*b2*c*x8-2/3*a*(-d*x8+c)*b+a2*d)*((a*d-b*c)*b)(1/2)/d/b2/(a*d-b*c)/(b*x8+a)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.86

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{((4ab^2cd - 3a^2bd^2)x^8 + 4a^2bcd - 3a^3d^2)\sqrt{b^2c - abd} \log\left(\frac{bdx^8 + 2bc - ad + 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}\sqrt{b^2c - abd}}{bx^8 + a}\right) + 2(2(b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd^2 + a^2b^2d^2)x^8 + 2a^2b^3c^2 - 5a^2b^2cd^2 + 3a^3bd^2)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{16(ab^5c^2d - 2a^2b^4cd^2 + a^3b^3d^3 + (b^6c^2d - 2ab^5cd^2 + a^2b^4d^3)x^8)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{((4ab^2cd - 3a^2bd^2)x^8 + 4a^2bcd - 3a^3d^2)\sqrt{-b^2c + abd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}\sqrt{-b^2c + abd}}{bdx^8 + bc}\right) - (2(b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd^2 + a^2b^2d^2)x^8 + 2a^2b^3c^2 - 5a^2b^2cd^2 + 3a^3bd^2)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{8(ab^5c^2d - 2a^2b^4cd^2 + a^3b^3d^3 + (b^6c^2d - 2ab^5cd^2 + a^2b^4d^3)x^8)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^23/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(((4*a*b^2*c*d - 3*a^2*b*d^2)*x^8 + 4*a^2*b*c*d - 3*a^3*d^2)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d)*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^8 + a)) + 2*(2*(b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^8 + 2*a*b^3*c^2 - 5*a^2*b^2*c*d + 3*a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/(a*b^5*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b^4*c*d^2 + a^3*b^3*d^3 + (b^6*c^2*d - 2*a*b^5*c*d^2 + a^2*b^4*d^3)*x^8), -1/8*(((4*a*b^2*c*d - 3*a^2*b*d^2)*x^8 + 4*a^2*b*c*d - 3*a^3*d^2)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^8 + b*c)) - (2*(b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^8 + 2*a*b^3*c^2 - 5*a^2*b^2*c*d + 3*a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/(a*b^5*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b^4*c*d^2 + a^3*b^3*d^3 + (b^6*c^2*d - 2*a*b^5*c*d^2 + a^2*b^4*d^3)*x^8)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**23/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^23/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a\*d-b\*c>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+ca^2d^3}}{(b^3c-ab^2d)((dx^8+c)b-bc+ad)} + \frac{(4abcd^2-3a^2d^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{(b^3c-ab^2d)\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx^8+cd}}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^23/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/8*(\text{sqrt}(d*x^8 + c)*a^2*d^3/((b^3*c - a*b^2*d)*((d*x^8 + c)*b - b*c + a*d)) + (4*a*b*c*d^2 - 3*a^2*d^3)*\arctan(\text{sqrt}(d*x^8 + c)*b/\text{sqrt}(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/((b^3*c - a*b^2*d)*\text{sqrt}(-b^2*c + a*b*d)) - 2*\text{sqrt}(d*x^8 + c)*d/b^2)/d^2$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{4b^2d} - \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{dx^8+c}(3ad-4bc)}{(3a^2d-4abc)\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right) (3ad-4bc)}{8b^{5/2}(ad-bc)^{3/2}} + \frac{a^2d\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{2(ad-bc)(4b^3(dx^8+c) - 4b^3c + 4ab^2d)}$$

input `int(x^23/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output 
$$\frac{(c + dx^8)^{1/2}}{4b^2d} - \frac{(a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{b}(c + dx^8)^{1/2}(3ad - 4bc)}{(3a^2d - 4abc)(ad - bc)^{1/2}}\right) (3ad - 4bc))}{8b^{5/2}(ad - bc)^{3/2}} + \frac{a^2d(c + dx^8)^{1/2}}{2(ad - bc)(4b^3(dx^8 + c) - 4b^3c + 4ab^2d)}$$
**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{23}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}ac + \sqrt{dx^8 + c}adx^8 - 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}bcx^8 - 12 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}x^{15}}{ab^2d^2x^{24} - 2b^3cdx^{24} + 2a^2bd^2x^{16} - 3ab^2cdx^{16} - 2b^3c^2x^{16}} \right)}{}$$

input `int(x^23/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)*a*c + sqrt(c + d*x**8)*a*d*x**8 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)
)*b*c*x**8 - 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**15)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**8 -
2*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x*
*16 + a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**16 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**4*d*
*3 + 40*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**15)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**8 - 2*a**2*b
*c**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**16 + a
b**2*d**2*x**24 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**16 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**3*b*c*d**2 -
12*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**15)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**8 - 2*a**2*b*c**
2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**16 + a*b**2
*d**2*x**24 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**16 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**3*b*d**3*x**8 -
32*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**15)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**8 - 2*a**2*b*c**2
+ 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**16 + a*b**2*
d**2*x**24 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**16 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d + 4
0*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**15)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**8 - 2*a**2*b*c**2
+ 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**16 + a*b**2*d
**2*x**24 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**16 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**8
- 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**15)/(a**3*c*d + a**3*d**2*x**8 - 2*a**2*b*c
**2 + 2*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 4*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 - 3*a*b**2*c*d*x**16 + a*b
**2*d**2*x**24 - 2*b**3*c**2*x**16 - 2*b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a*b**3*c**2*d*x**
8)/(4*b*d*(a**2*d - 2*a*b*c + a*b*d*x**8 - 2*b**2*c*x**8))
```

**3.114**  $\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1050
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1050
Rubi [A] (verified)	1051
Maple [A] (verified)	1052
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1053
Sympy [F(-1)]	1053
Maxima [F(-2)]	1054
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1054
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1055
Reduce [F]	1055

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8b(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} - \frac{(2bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{8}a*(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}/b/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)-1/8*(-a*d+2*b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}/(-a*d+b*c)^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}/(-a*d+b*c)^{(3/2)}$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} - \frac{(2bc-ad)\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^15/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a\sqrt{b})\sqrt{c + dx^8})/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) - ((2*b*c - a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b})\sqrt{c + dx^8})/\sqrt{-(b*c) + a*d}])}{(-b*c) + a*d}^{(3/2)}/(8*b^{(3/2)})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8}{2b(bc - ad)} + \frac{a\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{b(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{16}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bd(bc - ad)} + \frac{a\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{b(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{a\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{b(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} - \frac{(2bc - ad)\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{b^{3/2}(bc - ad)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{15}/((a + b*x^8)^2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]),x]$$



output 
$$\frac{((a\sqrt{c + dx^8})/(b(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) - ((2*b*c - a*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{c + dx^8}]/\sqrt{b*c - a*d}]/(b^{(3/2)}*(b*c - a*d)^{(3/2)}))/8$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] || !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] || !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n]))))$$

rule 221 
$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 948 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x)^{p*(c + d*x)^q}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-\frac{a\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{bx^8+a} + \frac{(ad-2cb) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}b}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{8(ad-cb)b}}{8(ad-cb)b}$	83

input `int(x^15/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{8} \frac{(a*d-b*c)}{b} \frac{(-a*(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)})}{(b*x^8+a)} + \frac{(a*d-2*b*c)}{((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}} * \arctan\left(\frac{(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}*b}{(a*d-b*c)*b^{(1/2)}}\right)$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.52

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{((2b^2c - abd)x^8 + 2abc - a^2d)\sqrt{b^2c - abd} \log\left(\frac{bdx^8 + 2bc - ad - 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}\sqrt{b^2c - abd}}{bx^8 + a}\right) + 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}(ab^2c - a^2bd)}{16((b^5c^2 - 2ab^4cd + a^2b^3d^2)x^8 + ab^4c^2 - 2a^2b^3cd + a^3b^2d^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^15/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(((2*b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^8 + 2*a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d)*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^8 + a)) + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(a*b^2*c - a^2*b*d))/((b^5*c^2 - 2*a*b^4*c*d + a^2*b^3*d^2)*x^8 + a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^3*c*d + a^3*b^2*d^2), 1/8*(((2*b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^8 + 2*a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^8 + b*c)) + sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(a*b^2*c - a^2*b*d))/((b^5*c^2 - 2*a*b^4*c*d + a^2*b^3*d^2)*x^8 + a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^3*c*d + a^3*b^2*d^2)]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**15/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^15/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a\*d-b\*c>0)', see `assume?` for more detail)

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cad^2}}{(b^2c-abd)((dx^8+c)b-bc+ad)} + \frac{(2bcd-ad^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{8d}$$

input `integrate(x^15/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*d^2/((b^2*c - a*b*d)*((d*x^8 + c)*b - b*c + a*d)) + (2*b*c*d - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/((b^2*c - a*b*d)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right) (ad - 2bc)}{8b^{3/2} (ad - bc)^{3/2}} - \frac{ad\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{2b(ad-bc)(4b(dx^8+c) + 4ad - 4bc)}$$

input `int(x^15/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `(atan((b^(1/2)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2))/(a*d - b*c)^(1/2))*(a*d - 2*b*c))/(8*b^(3/2)*(a*d - b*c)^(3/2)) - (a*d*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2))/(2*b*(a*d - b*c)*(4*b*(c + d*x^8) + 4*a*d - 4*b*c))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{15}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}x^{15}}{b^2dx^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2c x^{16} + a^2d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2c} dx$$

input `int(x^15/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**15)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)`

**3.115**  $\int \frac{x^7}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1056
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1056
Rubi [A] (verified)	1057
Maple [A] (verified)	1058
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1059
Sympy [F(-1)]	1059
Maxima [F(-2)]	1060
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1060
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1061
Reduce [F]	1061

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)+1/8*d*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^7/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8))) + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d]])/(Sqrt[b]*(-(b*c) + a*d)^(3/2)))/8
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {946, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{946} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{d \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8}{2(bc - ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\frac{bx^{16}}{d} + a - \frac{bc}{d}}{bc - ad} d\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{bc - ad} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{\text{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(bc - ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x^7/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8))) + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(Sqrt[b]*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2)))/8
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 946  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_.)}((c_) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m - n + 1, 0]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{bx^8+a} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}}{8ad-8cb}$	71

input `int(x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $\frac{1}{8} / (a*d - b*c) * ((d*x^8 + c)^{(1/2)} / (b*x^8 + a) + d / ((a*d - b*c) * b)^{(1/2)} * \arctan((d*x^8 + c)^{(1/2)} * b / ((a*d - b*c) * b)^{(1/2)}))$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.47

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{(bdx^8 + ad)\sqrt{b^2c - abd} \log\left(\frac{bdx^8 + 2bc - ad - 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}\sqrt{b^2c - abd}}{bx^8 + a}\right) + 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}(b^2c - abd)}{16((b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd + a^2b^2d^2)x^8 + ab^3c^2 - 2a^2b^2cd + a^3bd^2)}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(bdx^8 + ad)\sqrt{-b^2c + abd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}\sqrt{-b^2c + abd}}{bdx^8 + bc}\right) + \sqrt{dx^8 + c}(b^2c - abd)}{8((b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd + a^2b^2d^2)x^8 + ab^3c^2 - 2a^2b^2cd + a^3bd^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/16*((b*d*x^8 + a*d)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d)*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(b^2*c - a*b*d))/(b*x^8 + a)) + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)/((b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^8 + a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2), -1/8*((b*d*x^8 + a*d)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)/(b*d*x^8 + b*c)) + sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(b^2*c - a*b*d)/((b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^8 + a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**7/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(a*d-b*c>0)', see `assume?` for more detail`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cd}}{8((dx^8+c)b-bc+ad)(bc-ad)}$$

input `integrate(x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*d*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)*(b*c - a*d)) - 1/8*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*d/(((d*x^8 + c)*b - b*c + a*d)*(b*c - a*d))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{d \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{2(ad - bc)(4b(dx^8 + c) + 4ad - 4bc)} + \frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{\sqrt{ad - bc}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}(ad - bc)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^7/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `(d*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2))/(2*(a*d - b*c)*(4*b*(c + d*x^8) + 4*a*d - 4*b*c)) + (d*atan((b^(1/2)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2))/(a*d - b*c)^(1/2)))/(8*b^(1/2)*(a*d - b*c)^(3/2))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^7}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^7}{b^2 d x^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2 c x^{16} + a^2 d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**7)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)`

**3.116**  $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1062
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1062
Rubi [A] (verified)	1063
Maple [A] (verified)	1065
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1066
Sympy [F]	1067
Maxima [F]	1067
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1067
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1068
Reduce [F]	1069

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8a(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4a^2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(2bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{8a^2(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*b*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)-1/4*arctanh((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/c
^(1/2))/a^2/c^(1/2)+1/8*b^(1/2)*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^8+c)^(
1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{-\frac{ab\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{(-bc+ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(2bc-3ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{(-bc+ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{8a^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output 
$$\left( -\left( \frac{a*b*\sqrt{c + d*x^8}}{(-b*c) + a*d} \right) + \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}*(2*b*c - 3*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{c + d*x^8}}{\sqrt{-b*c + a*d}}\right]}{(-b*c) + a*d} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \left( \frac{2*\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c + d*x^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right]}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) / (8*a^2)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {948, 114, 27, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 948 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{1}{x^8 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8 \\ & \quad \downarrow 114 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{\int \frac{bdx^8 + 2bc - 2ad}{2x^8(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8}{a(bc - ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{\int \frac{bdx^8 + 2(bc - ad)}{x^8(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8}{2a(bc - ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 174 \\ & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{\frac{2(bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{x^8 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8}{a} - \frac{b(2bc - 3ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8}{a}}{2a(bc - ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{4(bc-ad) \int \frac{x^{16}-c}{d} d\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{ad} - \frac{2b(2bc-3ad) \int \frac{bx^{16}+a-\frac{bc}{d}}{d} d\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{ad} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{a(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{b}(2bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{a\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{4(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{a(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((b*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(a*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) + ((-4*(b*c - a*d)*ArcTan h[Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/Sqrt[c]])/(a*Sqrt[c]) + (2*Sqrt[b]*(2*b*c - 3*a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(a*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(2*a*(b*c - a*d))/8`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`

rule 174 `Int[(((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{-2(bx^8+a)\sqrt{c}b\left(cb-\frac{3ad}{2}\right)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)+\left(2(ad-cb)(bx^8+a)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)+\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{cab}\right)\sqrt{(ad-cb)}}{8\sqrt{c}\sqrt{(ad-cb)ba^2(ad-cb)(bx^8+a)}}$

input `int(1/x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-1/8/c^{(1/2)}*(-2*(b*x^8+a)*c^{(1/2)}*b*(c*b-3/2*a*d)*\arctan((d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)})+(2*(a*d-b*c)*(b*x^8+a)*\operatorname{arctanh}((d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)}))+d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}*a*b*((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)})/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}/a^2/(a*d-b*c)/(b*x^8+a)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 816, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*b*c + ((2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d)*x^8 + 2*a*b*c^2 - 3*a^2*c*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^8 + a)) + 2*((b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^8 + a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(c)*log((d*x^8 - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^8))/((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*c*d)*x^8 + a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*c*d), 1/8*(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*b*c - ((2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d)*x^8 + 2*a*b*c^2 - 3*a^2*c*d)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) + ((b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^8 + a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(c)*log((d*x^8 - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^8))/((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*c*d)*x^8 + a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*c*d), 1/16*(2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*b*c + 4*((b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^8 + a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(-c))*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^8 + c)) + ((2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d)*x^8 + 2*a*b*c^2 - 3*a^2*c*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^8 + a)))/((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*c*d)*x^8 + a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*c*d), 1/8*(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*b*c - ((2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d)*x^8 + 2*a*b*c^2 - 3*a^2*c*d)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) + 2*((b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^8 + a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^8 + c)))/((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*c*d)*x^8 + a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*c*d)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)^2\sqrt{dx^8+cx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cbd}}{8(abc-a^2d)((dx^8+c)b-bc+ad)} - \frac{(2b^2c-3abd)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{8(a^2bc-a^3d)\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{4a^2\sqrt{-c}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
1/8*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b*d/((a*b*c - a^2*d)*((d*x^8 + c)*b - b*c + a*d)) - 1/
8*(2*b^2*c - 3*a*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/((a^2
*b*c - a^3*d)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d)) + 1/4*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)/sqrt(-c))
/(a^2*sqrt(-c))
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3017, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(x*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
(atan((((((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(13*a^2*b^3*d^4 + 8*b^5*c^2*d^2 - 20*a*b^4*c*d
^3)))/(32*(a^4*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d)) - (((a^6*b^2*d^5 - (3*a^5*
b^3*c*d^4)/2 + (a^4*b^4*c^2*d^3)/2)/(a^5*d^2 + a^3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^4*b*c*d)
- ((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(3*a*d - 2*b*c))*(-b*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(256*a^7*b^2
*d^5 - 1024*a^6*b^3*c*d^4 - 512*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 1280*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^3))/(
512*(a^4*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d)*(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^3*b
^2*c^2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)))*(3*a*d - 2*b*c))*(-b*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2))/(16*
(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)))*(3*a*d - 2*b*c
)*(-b*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*1i)/(16*(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*
d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)) + (((((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(13*a^2*b^3*d^4 + 8*b^5*c^2*d^2
- 20*a*b^4*c*d^3)))/(32*(a^4*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d)) + (((a^6*b^
2*d^5 - (3*a^5*b^3*c*d^4)/2 + (a^4*b^4*c^2*d^3)/2)/(a^5*d^2 + a^3*b^2*c^2
- 2*a^4*b*c*d) + ((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(3*a*d - 2*b*c))*(-b*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/
2)*(256*a^7*b^2*d^5 - 1024*a^6*b^3*c*d^4 - 512*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 1280*a^5*
b^4*c^2*d^3))/(512*(a^4*d^2 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d)*(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^
3*c^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)))*(3*a*d - 2*b*c))*(-b*(a*d - b*c)
^3)^(1/2))/(16*(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)))
*(3*a*d - 2*b*c))*(-b*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*1i)/(16*(a^5*d^3 - a^2*b^3*c^3 +
3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)))/(((3*a*b^3*d^4)/128 - (b^4*c*d^3)/64)/
(a^5*d^2 + a^3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^4*b*c*d) - (((((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(13*a^2*b^...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(bx^8+a)^2\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**3.117**  $\int \frac{1}{x^9(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1070
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1071
Rubi [A] (verified)	1071
Maple [A] (verified)	1074
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1075
Sympy [F]	1075
Maxima [F]	1076
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1076
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1077
Reduce [F]	1077

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{b(2bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8a^2c(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8acx^8(a+bx^8)}$$

$$+ \frac{(4bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8a^3c^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{b^{3/2}(4bc-5ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{8a^3(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*b*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)-1/8*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/c/x^8/(b*x^8+a)+1/8*(a*d+4*b*c)*arctanh((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/a^3/c^(3/2)-1/8*b^(3/2)*(-5*a*d+4*b*c)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/a^3/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^8}(-a^2d+2b^2cx^8+ab(c-dx^8))}{c(-bc+ad)x^8(a+bx^8)} - \frac{b^{3/2}(4bc-5ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{-bc+ad}}\right)}{(-bc+ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{(4bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{8a^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^9*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((a*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]*(-(a^2*d) + 2*b^2*c*x^8 + a*b*(c - d*x^8)))/(c*(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^8*(a + b*x^8)) - (b^(3/2)*(4*b*c - 5*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/Sqrt[-(b*c) + a*d]])/(-(b*c) + a*d)^(3/2) + ((4*b*c + a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^8]/Sqrt[c]]/c^(3/2))/(8*a^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {948, 114, 27, 168, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{948}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{1}{x^{16} (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^8$$

$$\downarrow \text{114}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3bdx^8+4bc+ad}{2x^8(bx^8+a)^2\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^8(a+bx^8)} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{3bdx^8+4bc+ad}{x^8(bx^8+a)^2\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^8(a+bx^8)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 168 \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{bd(2bc-ad)x^8+(bc-ad)(4bc+ad)}{x^8(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{c+dx^8}(2bc-ad)}{a(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^8(a+bx^8)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 174 \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( - \frac{\frac{(bc-ad)(ad+4bc) \int \frac{1}{x^8\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8}{a} - \frac{b^2c(4bc-5ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^8}{a}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{c+dx^8}(2bc-ad)}{a(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^8(a+bx^8)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( - \frac{\frac{2(bc-ad)(ad+4bc) \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{16}{d}-c} d\sqrt{dx^8+c}}}{ad} - \frac{2b^2c(4bc-5ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^{\frac{16}{d}}}{d}+a-\frac{bc}{d}} d\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{ad}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{c+dx^8}(2bc-ad)}{a(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^8(a+bx^8)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{1}{8} \left( - \frac{\frac{2b^{3/2}c(4bc-5ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{a\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2(bc-ad)(ad+4bc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a\sqrt{c}}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{c+dx^8}(2bc-ad)}{a(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{acx^8(a+bx^8)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^9*(a + b*x^8)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( -\frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{a^2cx^8(a + bx^8)} \right) - \left( \frac{2b(2bc - ad)\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{a^2(b^2c - a^2d)(a + bx^8)} + \frac{(-2(b^2c - a^2d)(4b^2c + ad)\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{\sqrt{c}}\right]}{a^2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2b^{3/2}c(4b^2c - 5ad)\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{\sqrt{b^2c - a^2d}}\right]}{a^2\sqrt{b^2c - a^2d}} \right) / (a^2(b^2c - a^2d)) / (2ac) / 8 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 73

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^m * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{n_}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[p/b \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{p(m+1)-1}(c - a(d/b) + d(x^p/b))^{n_}], x], x, (a + bx)^{1/p}], x]] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 114

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^m * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{n_} * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{p_}], x_] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[b(a + bx)^{m+1}(c + dx)^{n+1}((e + fx)^{p+1}) / ((m+1)(b^2c - a^2d)(b^2e - a^2f)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1 / ((m+1)(b^2c - a^2d)(b^2e - a^2f)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + bx)^{m+1}(c + dx)^n(e + fx)^p \operatorname{Simp}[ad*f*(m+1) - b*(d*e*(m+n+2) + c*f*(m+p+2)) - b*d*f*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[n] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{IntegersQ}[2*n, 2*p] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{ILtQ}[m+n+p+3, 0])$$

rule 168

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^m * ((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{n_} * ((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{p_} * ((g_*) + (h_*)(x_))], x_] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)(a + bx)^{m+1}(c + dx)^{n+1}((e + fx)^{p+1}) / ((m+1)(b^2c - a^2d)(b^2e - a^2f)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1 / ((m+1)(b^2c - a^2d)(b^2e - a^2f)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + bx)^{m+1}(c + dx)^n * (e + fx)^p \operatorname{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h]*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{ILtQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[\frac{((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))}{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_}))^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_}))^{(q_.)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-4(bx^8+a)\left(cb-\frac{5ad}{4}\right)c^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2x^8\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}}\right)+\sqrt{(ad-cb)b}\left(cx^8(bx^8+a)(ad+4cb)(ad-cb)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)+c^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{(ad-cb)bc^{\frac{5}{2}}x^8a^3(ad-cb)(bx^8+a)}$

input  $\text{int}(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $\frac{1}{8}*(-4*(b*x^8+a)*(c*b-5/4*a*d)*c^{(5/2)}*b^2*x^8*\arctan((d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}*b/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}+((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}*(c*x^8*(b*x^8+a)*(a*d+4*b*c)*(a*d-b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}((d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)}))+c^{(3/2)}*(d*x^8+c)^{(1/2)}*a*(2*b^2*c*x^8+a*(-d*x^8+c)*b-a^2*d))/((a*d-b*c)*b)^{(1/2)}/c^{(5/2)}/x^8/a^3/(a*d-b*c)/(b*x^8+a)$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1189, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*((4*b^3*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^2*d)*x^16 + (4*a*b^2*c^3 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d)*x^8)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^8 + a) + ((4*b^3*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*d - a^2*b*d^2)*x^16 + (4*a*b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*b*c*d - a^3*d^2)*x^8)*sqrt(c)*log((d*x^8 + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^8) - 2*((2*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/((a^3*b^2*c^3 - a^4*b*c^2*d)*x^16 + (a^4*b*c^3 - a^5*c^2*d)*x^8), 1/16*(2*((4*b^3*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^2*d)*x^16 + (4*a*b^2*c^3 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d)*x^8)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a*d))) + ((4*b^3*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*d - a^2*b*d^2)*x^16 + (4*a*b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*b*c*d - a^3*d^2)*x^8)*sqrt(c)*log((d*x^8 + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x^8) - 2*((2*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/((a^3*b^2*c^3 - a^4*b*c^2*d)*x^16 + (a^4*b*c^3 - a^5*c^2*d)*x^8), -1/16*(2*((4*b^3*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*d - a^2*b*d^2)*x^16 + (4*a*b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*b*c*d - a^3*d^2)*x^8)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x^8 + c)) - ((4*b^3*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^2*d)*x^16 + (4*a*b^2*c^3 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d)*x^8)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d))*log((b*d*x^8 + 2*b*c - a*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(b/(b*c - a*d)))/(b*x^8 + a) + 2*((2*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/((a^3*b^2*c^3 - a^4*b*c^2*d)*x^16 + (a^4*b*c^3 - a^5*c^2*d)*x^8), 1/8*((4*b^3*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c^2*d)*x^16 + (4*a*b^2*c^3 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d)*x^8)*sqrt(-b/(b*c - a...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**9/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`



output `Integral(1/(x**9*(a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^9}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^9), x)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{(4b^3c - 5ab^2d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}}\right)}{8(a^3bc - a^4d)\sqrt{-b^2c+abd}} - \frac{2(dx^8+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2cd - 2\sqrt{dx^8+cb}c^2d - (dx^8+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}abd^2 + 2\sqrt{dx^8+cb}abcd^2 - \sqrt{dx^8+cb}ca^2d^3}{8(a^2bc^2 - a^3cd)((dx^8+c)^2b - 2(dx^8+c)bc + bc^2 + (dx^8+c)ad - acd)} - \frac{(4bc + ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{8a^3\sqrt{-cc}}$$

input `integrate(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(4*b^3*c - 5*a*b^2*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b/sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d))/(a^3*b*c - a^4*d)*sqrt(-b^2*c + a*b*d) - 1/8*(2*(d*x^8 + c)^(3/2)*b^2*c*d - 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*b^2*c^2*d - (d*x^8 + c)^(3/2)*a*b*d^2 + 2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a*b*c*d^2 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*a^2*d^3)/((a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*((d*x^8 + c)^2*b - 2*(d*x^8 + c)*b*c + b*c^2 + (d*x^8 + c)*a*d - a*c*d)) - 1/8*(4*b*c + a*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)/sqrt(-c))/(a^3*sqrt(-c)*c)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3832, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.71

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^9*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```
(((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3 + 2*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2))/(2*a^2*(b*c^2 -
a*c*d)) + (b*(c + d*x^8)^(3/2)*(a*d^2 - 2*b*c*d))/(2*a^2*(b*c^2 - a*c*d))
)/((c + d*x^8)*(4*a*d - 8*b*c) + 4*b*(c + d*x^8)^2 + 4*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d) +
(atan((((-b^3*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 4*b*c)*((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(a^
4*b^3*d^6 + 32*b^7*c^4*d^2 - 64*a*b^6*c^3*d^3 + 6*a^3*b^4*c*d^5 + 26*a^2*b
^5*c^2*d^4))/(32*(a^4*b^2*c^4 + a^6*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^5*b*c^3*d)) + ((-b^3*(a*
d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 4*b*c)*((a^9*b^2*c*d^6)/2 + a^6*b^5*c^4*d^3 -
2*a^7*b^4*c^3*d^4 + (a^8*b^3*c^2*d^5)/2)/(a^6*b^2*c^4 + a^8*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^
7*b*c^3*d) - ((-b^3*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 4*b*c)
*(512*a^6*b^5*c^5*d^2 - 1280*a^7*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 1024*a^8*b^3*c^3*d^4 - 256*
a^9*b^2*c^2*d^5))/(512*(a^4*b^2*c^4 + a^6*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^5*b*c^3*d)*(a^6*d^
3 - a^3*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^5*b*c*d^2))))/(16*(a^6*d^3 - a^3*b
^3*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^5*b*c*d^2))*1i)/(16*(a^6*d^3 - a^3*b^3*c^3
+ 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^5*b*c*d^2)) + ((-b^3*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(5*a*d
- 4*b*c)*((c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(a^4*b^3*d^6 + 32*b^7*c^4*d^2 - 64*a*b^6*c^3*
d^3 + 6*a^3*b^4*c*d^5 + 26*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^4))/(32*(a^4*b^2*c^4 + a^6*c^2*d^
2 - 2*a^5*b*c^3*d) - ((-b^3*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 4*b*c)*((a^9*b
^2*c*d^6)/2 + a^6*b^5*c^4*d^3 - 2*a^7*b^4*c^3*d^4 + (a^8*b^3*c^2*d^5)/2)/(
a^6*b^2*c^4 + a^8*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^7*b*c^3*d) + ((-b^3*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(
c + d*x^8)^(1/2)*(5*a*d - 4*b*c)*(512*a^6*b^5*c^5*d^2 - 1280*a^7*b^4*c^...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^9 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**3.118**  $\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1079
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1079
Rubi [A] (verified)	1080
Maple [A] (verified)	1082
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1083
Sympy [F]	1084
Maxima [F]	1084
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1084
Mupad [F(-1)]	1085
Reduce [F]	1085

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8b(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} - \frac{\sqrt{a}(3bc-2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^4}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8b^2(bc-ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^4}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{4b^2\sqrt{d}}$$

output

```
1/8*a*x^4*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/b/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)-1/8*a^(1/2)*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)
)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^4/a^(1/2)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
)+1/4*arctanh(d^(1/2)*x^4/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^2/d^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{abx^4 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{\sqrt{a}(-3bc+2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+bx^4}(\sqrt{dx^4+c+dx^8})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{(bc-ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{2 \log(\sqrt{dx^4+c+dx^8})}{\sqrt{d}}$$

input `Integrate[x^19/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a*b*x^4*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*(-3*b*c + 2*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(a*\text{Sqrt}[d] + b*x^4*(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4 + \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]))/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d])))/(b*c - a*d)^{(3/2)} + (2*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[d]*x^4 + \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]])/\text{Sqrt}[d])/(8*b^2)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {965, 372, 398, 224, 219, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{x^{16}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{372} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2b(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} - \frac{\int \frac{ac - 2(bc - ad)x^8}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{2b(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{398} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2b(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} - \frac{\frac{a(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{b} - \frac{2(bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{b}}{2b(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2b(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} - \frac{\frac{a(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{b} - \frac{2(bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{1 - dx^8} d\frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}}{b}}{2b(bc - ad)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ax^4\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{a(3bc-2ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{b} - \frac{2(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^4}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} \right) \\ & \downarrow 291 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ax^4\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{a(3bc-2ad) \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^8} d\frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}}{b} - \frac{2(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^4}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} \right) \\ & \downarrow 218 \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{ax^4\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{a}(3bc-2ad) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{x^4\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^4}{\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^19/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((a*x^4*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) - ((Sqrt[a]*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^4)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(b*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (2*(b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*x^4)/Sqrt[c + d*x^8]])/(b*Sqrt[d]))/(2*b*(b*c - a*d))/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 291  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 372  $\text{Int}[((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)*e^{3*(e*x)^{(m-3)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q+1))/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))}, x] + \text{Simp}[e^{4/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(p+1))} \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m-4)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q * \text{Simp}[a*c*(m-3) + (a*d*(m+2*q-1) + 2*b*c*(p+1))*x^2, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 398  $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{Int}[1/((a + b*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 965  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(n_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{GCD}[m+1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m+1)/k - 1}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p*(c + d*x^{(n/k)})^q, x], x, x^k], x] \text{ /; } k \neq 1] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 20.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$a \left( -\frac{\sqrt{d}x^8 + c}{bx^8 + a} - \frac{(2ad - 3cb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}x^8 + c}{x^4\sqrt{a(ad - cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad - cb)}} \right) - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^8 + c}{x^4\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}}$	117

input `int(x^19/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/8/b^2*(-a/(a*d-b*c))*(-(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*b*x^4/(b*x^8+a)-(2*a*d-3*b*c)/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(a*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/x^4/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))-2/d^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/x^4/d^(1/2))$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1083, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.68

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^19/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & [1/32*(4*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c})*a*b*d*x^4 + 4*((b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^8 + a*b*c - a^2*d)*\sqrt{d}*\log(-2*d*x^8 - 2*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c}*\sqrt{d}*x^4 - c) + ((3*b^2*c*d - 2*a*b*d^2)*x^8 + 3*a*b*c*d - 2*a^2*d^2)*\sqrt{-a/(b*c - a*d)}*\log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^{16} - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^{12} - (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4)*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c}*\sqrt{-a/(b*c - a*d)}))/((b^2*x^{16} + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2))] / ((b^4*c*d - a*b^3*d^2)*x^8 + a*b^3*c*d - a^2*b^2*d^2), 1/32*(4*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c})*a*b*d*x^4 - 8*((b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^8 + a*b*c - a^2*d)*\sqrt{-d}*\arctan(\sqrt{d*x^8 + c}*\sqrt{-d}/(d*x^4)) + ((3*b^2*c*d - 2*a*b*d^2)*x^8 + 3*a*b*c*d - 2*a^2*d^2)*\sqrt{-a/(b*c - a*d)}*\log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^{16} - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2)*x^{12} - (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4)*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c}*\sqrt{-a/(b*c - a*d)}))/((b^2*x^{16} + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2))] / ((b^4*c*d - a*b^3*d^2)*x^8 + a*b^3*c*d - a^2*b^2*d^2), 1/16*(2*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c})*a*b*d*x^4 + ((3*b^2*c*d - 2*a*b*d^2)*x^8 + 3*a*b*c*d - 2*a^2*d^2)*\sqrt{a/(b*c - a*d)}*\arctan(-1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c}*\sqrt{a/(b*c - a*d)})/(a*d*x^{12} + a*c*x^4)) + 2*((b^2*c - a*b*d)*x^8 + a*b*c - a^2*d)*\sqrt{d}*\log(-2*d*x^8 - 2*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c}*\sqrt{d}*x^4 - c))/((b^4*c*d - a*b^3*d^2)*x^8 + a*b^3*c*d - a^2*b^2*d^2), 1/16*(2*\sqrt{d*x^8 + c})*a*b*d*x^4 + ((3*b^2*c*d - 2*a*b*d^2)*x^8 + 3*a*b*c*d - 2*a^2*d^2)*\sqrt{a/(b*c - a*d)}*\arctan(-1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x...$$



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**19/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**19/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{19}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^19/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^19/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\left(3abc\sqrt{d} - 2a^2d^{\frac{3}{2}}\right) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8+c})^2 b - bc + 2ad}{2\sqrt{abcd - a^2d^2}}\right)}{8(b^3c - ab^2d)\sqrt{abcd - a^2d^2}} - \frac{(\sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8+c})^2 abc\sqrt{d} - 2(\sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8+c})^2 a^2d^{\frac{3}{2}} - abc^2\sqrt{d}}{4\left((\sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8+c})^4 b - 2(\sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8+c})^2 bc + 4(\sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8+c})^2 ad + bc^2\right)(b^3c - ab^2d)} - \frac{\log\left((\sqrt{dx^4} - \sqrt{dx^8+c})^2\right)}{8b^2\sqrt{d}}$$

input `integrate(x^19/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/8*(3*a*b*c*\sqrt{d} - 2*a^2*d^{(3/2)})*\arctan(-1/2*((\sqrt{d}*x^4 - \sqrt{d*x^8 + c})^2*b - b*c + 2*a*d)/\sqrt{a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2})/((b^3*c - a*b^2*d)*\sqrt{a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2}) - 1/4*((\sqrt{d}*x^4 - \sqrt{d*x^8 + c})^2*a*b*c*\sqrt{d} - 2*(\sqrt{d}*x^4 - \sqrt{d*x^8 + c})^2*a^2*d^{(3/2)} - a*b*c^2*\sqrt{d})/(((\sqrt{d}*x^4 - \sqrt{d*x^8 + c})^4*b - 2*(\sqrt{d}*x^4 - \sqrt{d*x^8 + c})^2*b*c + 4*(\sqrt{d}*x^4 - \sqrt{d*x^8 + c})^2*a*d + b*c^2)*(b^3*c - a*b^2*d)) - 1/8*\log((\sqrt{d}*x^4 - \sqrt{d*x^8 + c})^2)/(b^2*\sqrt{d})$$

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{19}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^19/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^19/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{19}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^19/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(c + d*x**8)*a*b*d*x**4 - 2*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) - sqrt(
d)*x**4)*a**2*d + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) - sqrt(d)*x**4)*a*b*c - 2*s
qrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) - sqrt(d)*x**4)*a*b*d*x**8 + sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(
c + d*x**8) - sqrt(d)*x**4)*b**2*c*x**8 + 2*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) +
sqrt(d)*x**4)*a**2*d - sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) + sqrt(d)*x**4)*a*b*c
+ 2*sqrt(d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x**8) + sqrt(d)*x**4)*a*b*d*x**8 - sqrt(d)*log
(sqrt(c + d*x**8) + sqrt(d)*x**4)*b**2*c*x**8 - 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x
**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*
a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x
**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**5*d**3 + 64*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a*
**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**
2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**
3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**4*b*c*d**2 - 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d
+ 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**1
6 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*
x**24),x)*a**4*b*d**3*x**8 - 24*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d +
2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 -
2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**
24),x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d + 64*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a
**3*d**2*x**8 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - ...
```

**3.119**  $\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1087
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1087
Rubi [A] (verified)	1088
Maple [A] (verified)	1090
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1090
Sympy [F]	1091
Maxima [F]	1091
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1092
Mupad [F(-1)]	1092
Reduce [F]	1093

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{x^4 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^4}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output `-1/8*x^4*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)+1/8*c*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^4/a^(1/2)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{x^4 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d+bx^4}(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c+dx^8}})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(bc-ad)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^11/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

$$\left( -\left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{(bc - ad)(a + bx^8)} \right) + \frac{c \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[ \frac{a \sqrt{d} + bx^4 (\sqrt{d} x^4 + \sqrt{c + dx^8})}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{bc - ad}} \right]}{\sqrt{a} (bc - ad)^{3/2}} \right) / 8$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$ , Rules used = {965, 373, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{373} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{c}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{2(bc - ad)} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{2(bc - ad)} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{a - (ad - bc)x^8} d \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}}{2(bc - ad)} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\ & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{c \arctan\left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt{bc - ad}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c + dx^8}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}(bc - ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^11/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `(-1/2*(x^4*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) + (c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^4)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2)))/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 373 `Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$c \left( -\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}x^4}{c(bx^8+a)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{x^4\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}} \right)$	81

input `int(x^11/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/8*c/(a*d-b*c)*(-(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*x^4/c/(b*x^8+a)+1/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(a*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/x^4/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.58

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \begin{aligned} &-\frac{4\sqrt{dx^8+c}(abc-a^2d)x^4-(bcx^8+ac)\sqrt{-abc+a^2d}\log\left(\frac{(b^2c^2-8abcd+8a^2d^2)x^{16}-2(3abc^2-4a^2cd)x^8+a^2c^2+4a^2d^2}{b^2x^{16}+2abx^8+a^2}\right)}{32((ab^3c^2-2a^2b^2cd+a^3bd^2)x^8+a^2b^2c^2-2a^3bcd+a^4d^2)} \right. \\ &\left. -\frac{2\sqrt{dx^8+c}(abc-a^2d)x^4-(bcx^8+ac)\sqrt{abc-a^2d}\arctan\left(\frac{((bc-2ad)x^8-ac)\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{abc-a^2d}}{2((abcd-a^2d^2)x^{12}+(abc^2-a^2cd)x^4)}\right)}{16((ab^3c^2-2a^2b^2cd+a^3bd^2)x^8+a^2b^2c^2-2a^3bcd+a^4d^2)} \right] \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/32*(4*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(a*b*c - a^2*d)*x^4 - (b*c*x^8 + a*c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d)*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^16 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 + 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^12 - a*c*x^4)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d))/(b^2*x^16 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2)))/((a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*x^8 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2), -1/16*(2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*(a*b*c - a^2*d)*x^4 - (b*c*x^8 + a*c)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^12 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4)))/((a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*x^8 + a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**11/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**11/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^11/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^11/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)
```



**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs.  $2(77) = 154$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^2 b - bc + 2ad}{2\sqrt{abcd - a^2d^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{abcd - a^2d^2}(bc - ad)} + \frac{(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^2 bc\sqrt{d} - 2(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^2 ad^{\frac{3}{2}} - bc^2\sqrt{d}}{4\left(\left(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}\right)^4 b - 2\left(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}\right)^2 bc + 4\left(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}\right)^2 ad + bc^2\right)(b^2c - abd)}$$

input `integrate(x^11/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*c*sqrt(d)*arctan(-1/2*((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b - b*c + 2*a*d)/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2))/(sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*(b*c - a*d)) + 1/4*((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b*c*sqrt(d) - 2*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*a*d^(3/2) - b*c^2*sqrt(d))/(((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^4*b - 2*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b*c + 4*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*a*d + b*c^2)*(b^2*c - a*b*d))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{11}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^11/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^11/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{11}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}x^4 - 8 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}x^3}{2ab^2d^2x^{24} - b^3cdx^{24} + 4a^2bd^2x^{16} - b^3c^2x^{16} + 2a^3d^2x^8 + 3a^2bcdx^8 - 2ab^2c^2x^8 + 2a^3cd - a^2bc^2} dx \right) a^3cd + 4 \left( \int \right)}{\dots}$$

input `int(x^11/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**4 - 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**3*c*d + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**2*b*c**2 - 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a*b**2*c**2*x**8)/(4*(2*a**2*d - a*b*c + 2*a*b*d*x**8 - b**2*c*x**8))
```

**3.120**  $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1094
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1094
Rubi [A] (verified)	1095
Maple [A] (verified)	1096
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1097
Sympy [F]	1098
Maxima [F]	1098
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1098
Mupad [F(-1)]	1099
Reduce [F]	1099

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{bx^4 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8a(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{(bc-2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}x^4}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output `1/8*b*x^4*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)+1/8*(-2*a*d+b*c)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^4/a^(1/2)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{bx^4 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8a(-bc+ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{(bc-2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}+b\sqrt{dx^8}+bx^4\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

$$-1/8*(b*x^4*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])/(a*(-(b*c) + a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) + ((b*c - 2*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(a*\text{Sqrt}[d] + b*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x^8 + b*x^4*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]))/(8*a^(3/2)*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {965, 296, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 965$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4$$

$$\downarrow 296$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{2a(bc - ad)} + \frac{bx^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 291$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{a - (ad - bc)x^8} d \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}}{2a(bc - ad)} + \frac{bx^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{(bc - 2ad) \arctan \left( \frac{x^4 \sqrt{bc - ad}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c + dx^8}} \right)}{2a^{3/2}(bc - ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{bx^4 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^3/((a + b*x^8)^2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]),x]$$

output 
$$\frac{((b*x^4*\sqrt{c + d*x^8})/(2*a*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) + ((b*c - 2*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b*c - a*d}*x^4)/(\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c + d*x^8})])/(2*a^{(3/2)}*(b*c - a*d)^{(3/2)))/4$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 291 
$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2})*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$$

rule 296 
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^2)^{(q + 1)})/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + \text{Simp}[(b*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ !\text{LtQ}[q, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 965 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)} )^{(p_)*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)} )^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m + 1)/k - 1)}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p*(c + d*x^{(n/k)})^q, x], x, x^k], x] \text{ ; } k \neq 1] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 15.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{d x^8 + c} b x^4}{b x^8 + a} + \frac{(2ad - cb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a \sqrt{d x^8 + c}}{x^4 \sqrt{a(ad - cb)}}\right)}{8a(ad - cb)}$	90

input `int(x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/a/(a*d-b*c)*(-(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*b*x^4/(b*x^8+a)+(2*a*d-b*c)/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2)*arctanh(a*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/x^4/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 213 vs.  $2(88) = 176$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.49

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{4\sqrt{dx^8+c}(ab^2c-a^2bd)x^4 - ((b^2c-2abd)x^8 + abc - 2a^2d)\sqrt{-abc+a^2d} \log\left(\frac{(b^2c^2-8abcd+8a^2d^2)x^{16}-2}{32((a^2b^3c^2-2a^3b^2cd+a^4bd^2)x^8+a^3b^2c^2-2a^4bcd+}\right)}{32((a^2b^3c^2-2a^3b^2cd+a^4bd^2)x^8+a^3b^2c^2-2a^4bcd+}\right)}{32((a^2b^3c^2-2a^3b^2cd+a^4bd^2)x^8+a^3b^2c^2-2a^4bcd+}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/32*(4*sqrt(d*x^8+c)*(a*b^2*c-a^2*b*d)*x^4-((b^2*c-2*a*b*d)*x^8+a*b*c-2*a^2*d)*sqrt(-a*b*c+a^2*d)*log(((b^2*c^2-8*a*b*c*d+8*a^2*d^2)*x^16-2*(3*a*b*c^2-4*a^2*c*d)*x^8+a^2*c^2-4*((b*c-2*a*d)*x^12-a*c*x^4)*sqrt(d*x^8+c)*sqrt(-a*b*c+a^2*d))/(b^2*x^16+2*a*b*x^8+a^2)))/((a^2*b^3*c^2-2*a^3*b^2*c*d+a^4*b*d^2)*x^8+a^3*b^2*c^2-2*a^4*b*c*d+a^5*d^2), 1/16*(2*sqrt(d*x^8+c)*(a*b^2*c-a^2*b*d)*x^4+((b^2*c-2*a*b*d)*x^8+a*b*c-2*a^2*d)*sqrt(a*b*c-a^2*d)*arctan(1/2*((b*c-2*a*d)*x^8-a*c)*sqrt(d*x^8+c)*sqrt(a*b*c-a^2*d)/((a*b*c*d-a^2*d^2)*x^12+(a*b*c^2-a^2*c*d)*x^4)))/((a^2*b^3*c^2-2*a^3*b^2*c*d+a^4*b*d^2)*x^8+a^3*b^2*c^2-2*a^4*b*c*d+a^5*d^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} d^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \frac{(bc - 2ad) \arctan \left( \frac{(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^2 b - bc + 2ad}{2\sqrt{abcd - a^2 d^2}} \right)}{(abcd - a^2 d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + \frac{2 \left( (\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^2 b \right)}{\left( (\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^4 b - 2(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}) \right)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*d^(3/2)*((b*c - 2*a*d)*arctan(1/2*((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*
b - b*c + 2*a*d)/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2))/(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)^(3/2) + 2*((
sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b*c - 2*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2
*a*d - b*c^2)/(((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^4*b - 2*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt
(d*x^8 + c))^2*b*c + 4*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*a*d + b*c^2)*(a*
b*c*d - a^2*d^2)))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^3}{b^2 d x^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2 c x^{16} + a^2 d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2 c} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d
*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)
```



**3.121**  $\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1100
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1100
Rubi [A] (verified)	1101
Maple [A] (verified)	1103
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1104
Sympy [F]	1105
Maxima [F]	1105
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1105
Mupad [F(-1)]	1106
Reduce [F]	1106

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = -\frac{(3bc - 2ad)\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{8a^2c(bc - ad)x^4} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{8a(bc - ad)x^4 (a + bx^8)} - \frac{b(3bc - 4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc - ad}x^4}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + dx^8}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}(bc - ad)^{3/2}}$$

output `-1/8*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-a*d+b*c)/x^4+1/8*b*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/x^4/(b*x^8+a)-1/8*b*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^4/a^(1/2)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}(2abc - 2a^2d + 3b^2cx^8 - 2abdx^8)}{8a^2c(-bc + ad)x^4 (a + bx^8)} - \frac{b(3bc - 4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d}+b\sqrt{dx^8+bx^4\sqrt{c+dx^8}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}(bc - ad)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^5*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]*(2*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d + 3*b^2*c*x^8 - 2*a*b*d*x^8))/(8*a^2*c*(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^4*(a + b*x^8)) - (b*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(a*\text{Sqrt}[d] + b*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x^8 + b*x^4*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]))/(8*a^(5/2)*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$ , Rules used = {965, 374, 25, 445, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 965$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{x^8 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4$$

$$\downarrow 374$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2ax^4 (a + bx^8) (bc - ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2bdx^8 + 3bc - 2ad}{x^8 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{2a(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2bdx^8 + 3bc - 2ad}{x^8 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{2a(bc - ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2ax^4 (a + bx^8) (bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 445$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{bc(3bc - 4ad)}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4}{2a(bc - ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8} (3bc - 2ad)}{acx^4} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{2ax^4 (a + bx^8) (bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{-\frac{b(3bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(3bc-2ad)}{acx^4}}{2a(bc-ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2ax^4(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 291 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{-\frac{b(3bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^8} d\frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(3bc-2ad)}{acx^4}}{2a(bc-ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2ax^4(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{-\frac{b(3bc-4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{x^4\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(3bc-2ad)}{acx^4}}{2a(bc-ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2ax^4(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^5*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((b*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(2*a*(b*c - a*d)*x^4*(a + b*x^8)) + (-(((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(a*c*x^4)) - (b*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^4)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(2*a*(b*c - a*d)))/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst  
[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 374 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_  
) , x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q  
+ 1)/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))  
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c -  
a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,  
c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b,  
c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_  
) * ((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p  
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))  
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c  
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^  
2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),  
x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -  
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free  
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 24.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{x^4} + \frac{bc \left( \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}bx^4}{bx^8+a} - \frac{(4ad-3cb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{x^4\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}} \right)}{4a^2c}$	112

input `int(1/x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{a^2} \frac{(-dx^8+c)^{1/2}}{x^4+1/2*bc/(a*d-b*c)} * ((dx^8+c)^{1/2} * b*x^4 / (b*x^8+a) - (4*a*d-3*b*c) / (a*(a*d-b*c)))^{1/2} * \operatorname{arctanh}(a*(dx^8+c)^{1/2} / x^4 / (a*(a*d-b*c)))^{1/2} / c$$
**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs.  $2(129) = 258$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{((3b^3c^2 - 4ab^2cd)x^{12} + (3ab^2c^2 - 4a^2bcd)x^4) \sqrt{-abc + a^2d} \log\left(\frac{(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2)x^{16} - 2(3abc^2 - 4a^2cd)x^8}{b^2x^{16} + \dots}\right)}{32((a^3b^3c^3 - 2a^4b^2c^2d + a^5bcd^2)x^{12} + \dots)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{((3b^3c^2 - 4ab^2cd)x^{12} + (3ab^2c^2 - 4a^2bcd)x^4) \sqrt{abc - a^2d} \arctan\left(\frac{((bc-2ad)x^8 - ac)\sqrt{dx^8+c}\sqrt{abc-a^2d}}{2((abcd-a^2d^2)x^{12} + (abc^2-a^2cd)x^4)}\right)}{16((a^3b^3c^3 - 2a^4b^2c^2d + a^5bcd^2)x^{12} + (a^4b^2c^3 - \dots))} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/32*(((3*b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c*d)*x^12 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*d)*x^4)
*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d)*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^16 - 2*(3*a
*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 + 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^12 - a*c*x^4))*sqrt(
d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d))/(b^2*x^16 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2)) + 4*((3*a*b
^3*c^2 - 5*a^2*b^2*c*d + 2*a^3*b*d^2)*x^8 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d +
2*a^4*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/((a^3*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + a^5*b*c*d^2)
*x^12 + (a^4*b^2*c^3 - 2*a^5*b*c^2*d + a^6*c*d^2)*x^4), -1/16*(((3*b^3*c^2
- 4*a*b^2*c*d)*x^12 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*d)*x^4)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)
)*arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)
/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^12 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4)) + 2*((3*a*b^3*c^2 -
5*a^2*b^2*c*d + 2*a^3*b*d^2)*x^8 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d + 2*a^4*d^
2)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/((a^3*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + a^5*b*c*d^2)*x^12 +
(a^4*b^2*c^3 - 2*a^5*b*c^2*d + a^6*c*d^2)*x^4)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**5/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**5*(a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^5}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^5), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 418 vs.  $2(129) = 258$ .

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} d^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( \frac{(3b^2c - 4abd) \arctan \left( \frac{(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^2 b - bc + 2ad}{2\sqrt{abcd - a^2d^2}} \right)}{(a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3)\sqrt{abcd - a^2d^2}} + \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( \sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right)^4 b^2c - 4 \left( \sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right)^3 \left( \sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right) b - 3 \left( \sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right)^2 \left( \sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right) c \right)}{\left( \left( \sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right)^6 b - 3 \left( \sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right)^4 \left( \sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right) c \right)} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/8*d^(5/2)*((3*b^2*c - 4*a*b*d)*arctan(1/2*((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c
))^2*b - b*c + 2*a*d)/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2))/((a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*sq
rt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)) + 2*(3*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^4*b^2*c - 4*
(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^4*a*b*d - 6*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c)
)^2*b^2*c^2 + 14*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*a*b*c*d - 8*(sqrt(d)*x^
4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*a^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d)/(((sqrt(d)*x^4 -
sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^6*b - 3*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^4*b*c + 4*(sqrt(
d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^4*a*d + 3*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b*c^
2 - 4*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*a*c*d - b*c^3)*(a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*
d^3)))

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^5*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^5*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}ad + \sqrt{dx^8 + c}bc - 2\sqrt{dx^8 + c}bdx^8 - 32 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}x^3}{2ab^2d^2x^{24} - b^3cdx^{24} + 4a^2bd^2x^{16} - b^3c^2x^{16} + 2a^3d^2x^8 + 3a^2bc} \right)}{1}$$

input

```
int(1/x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)*a*d + sqrt(c + d*x**8)*b*c - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)*b*d
*x**8 - 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a*
**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 +
2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**3*b*c*d**2*
x**4 + 40*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a**
2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8 +
2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*
d*x**4 - 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a
**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8
+ 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d
**2*x**12 - 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8
- a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x*
*8 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a*b**3*c**
3*x**4 + 40*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a
**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8
+ 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*a*b**3*c**2*d
*x**12 - 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**3)/(2*a**3*c*d + 2*a**3*d**2*x**8 - a
**2*b*c**2 + 3*a**2*b*c*d*x**8 + 4*a**2*b*d**2*x**16 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*x**8
+ 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**24 - b**3*c**2*x**16 - b**3*c*d*x**24),x)*b**4*c**3*x**
12)/(4*a*c*x**4*(2*a**2*d - a*b*c + 2*a*b*d*x**8 - b**2*c*x**8))
```



**3.122**  $\int \frac{1}{x^{13}(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1108
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1109
Rubi [A] (verified)	1109
Maple [A] (verified)	1112
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1113
Sympy [F]	1113
Maxima [F]	1114
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1114
Mupad [F(-1)]	1115
Reduce [F]	1115

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13}(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{(5bc-2ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{24a^2c(bc-ad)x^{12}} + \frac{(15b^2c^2-8abcd-4a^2d^2)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{24a^3c^2(bc-ad)x^4} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8a(bc-ad)x^{12}(a+bx^8)} + \frac{b^2(5bc-6ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc-adx^4}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/24*(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-a*d+b*c)/x^12+1/24*(-4*a^2*d^2-8*a*b*c*d+15*b^2*c^2)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a^3/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/x^4+1/8*b*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/x^12/(b*x^8+a)+1/8*b^2*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^4/a^(1/2)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}(15b^3c^2x^{16} + 2ab^2cx^8(5c - 4dx^8) + 2a^3d(c - 2dx^8) - 2a^2b(c^2 + 3cdx^8 + 2d^2x^{16}))}{24a^3c^2(-bc + ad)x^{12}(a + bx^8)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2(5bc - 6ad) \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{d} + bx^4(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c + dx^8}})}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}(bc - ad)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^13*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `-1/24*(Sqrt[c + d*x^8]*(15*b^3*c^2*x^16 + 2*a*b^2*c*x^8*(5*c - 4*d*x^8) + 2*a^3*d*(c - 2*d*x^8) - 2*a^2*b*(c^2 + 3*c*d*x^8 + 2*d^2*x^16)))/(a^3*c^2*(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^12*(a + b*x^8)) + (b^2*(5*b*c - 6*a*d)*ArcTan[(a*Sqrt[d] + b*x^4*(Sqrt[d]*x^4 + Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d])])/(8*a^(7/2)*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {965, 374, 25, 445, 445, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{965}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{x^{16} (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^4$$

$$\downarrow \text{374}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2ax^{12}(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{4bdx^8+5bc-2ad}{x^{16}(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{2a(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{4bdx^8+5bc-2ad}{x^{16}(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{2a(bc-ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2ax^{12}(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 445 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{2bd(5bc-2ad)x^8+15b^2c^2-4a^2d^2-8abcd}{x^8(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{2a(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(5bc-2ad)}{3acx^{12}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2ax^{12}(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 445 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{-\frac{\int \frac{3b^2c^2(5bc-6ad)}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}\left(\frac{15b^2c}{a} - \frac{4ad^2}{c} - 8bd\right)}{3ac}}{2a(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(5bc-2ad)}{3acx^{12}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2ax^{12}(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{-\frac{3b^2c(5bc-6ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^4}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}\left(\frac{15b^2c}{a} - \frac{4ad^2}{c} - 8bd\right)}{3ac}}{2a(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(5bc-2ad)}{3acx^{12}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2ax^{12}(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 291 \\
& \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{-\frac{3b^2c(5bc-6ad) \int \frac{1}{a-(ad-bc)x^8} d\frac{x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}\left(\frac{15b^2c}{a} - \frac{4ad^2}{c} - 8bd\right)}{3ac}}{2a(bc-ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(5bc-2ad)}{3acx^{12}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2ax^{12}(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 218
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{3b^2c(5bc-6ad) \arctan\left(\frac{x^4\sqrt{bc-ad}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}\left(\frac{15b^2c}{a} - \frac{4ad^2}{c} - 8bd\right)}{x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(5bc-2ad)}{3acx^{12}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{2ax^{12}(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^13*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((b*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(2*a*(b*c - a*d)*x^12*(a + b*x^8)) + (-1/3*((5*b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(a*c*x^12) - (-((((15*b^2*c)/a - 8*b*d - (4*a*d^2)/c)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/x^4) - (3*b^2*c*(5*b*c - 6*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^4)/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(3*a*c))/(2*a*(b*c - a*d))/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[F_x, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 374

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*e*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 445

```
Int[((g._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._)*(e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 965

```
Int[(x._)^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^(m + 1)/k - 1*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 45.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}(-2adx^8-6bcx^8+ac)}{3x^{12}} - \frac{b^2c^2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}bx^4}{bx^8+a} - \frac{(6ad-5cb) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{x^4\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a(ad-cb)}} \right)}{4a^3c^2}$	134

input

```
int(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4/a^3*(-1/3*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*(-2*a*d*x^8-6*b*c*x^8+a*c)/x^12-1/2*b^2*c^2/(a*d-b*c)*((d*x^8+c)^(1/2)*b*x^4/(b*x^8+a)-(6*a*d-5*b*c)/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))*arctanh(a*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/x^4/(a*(a*d-b*c))^(1/2))/c^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 760, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/96*(3*((5*b^4*c^3 - 6*a*b^3*c^2*d)*x^20 + (5*a*b^3*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)*x^12)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d)*log(((b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^16 - 2*(3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x^8 + a^2*c^2 - 4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^12 - a*c*x^4)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(-a*b*c + a^2*d))/(b^2*x^16 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2)) - 4*((15*a*b^4*c^3 - 23*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 4*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 + 4*a^4*b*d^3)*x^16 + 2*(5*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*d^3)*x^8 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*b*c^2*d - 2*a^5*c*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/((a^4*b^3*c^4 - 2*a^5*b^2*c^3*d + a^6*b*c^2*d^2)*x^20 + (a^5*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^6*b*c^3*d + a^7*c^2*d^2)*x^12), 1/48*(3*((5*b^4*c^3 - 6*a*b^3*c^2*d)*x^20 + (5*a*b^3*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)*x^12)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d)*arctan(1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*x^8 - a*c)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*sqrt(a*b*c - a^2*d))/((a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*x^12 + (a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*x^4) + 2*((15*a*b^4*c^3 - 23*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 4*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 + 4*a^4*b*d^3)*x^16 + 2*(5*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*d^3)*x^8 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^4*b*c^2*d - 2*a^5*c*d^2)*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))/((a^4*b^3*c^4 - 2*a^5*b^2*c^3*d + a^6*b*c^2*d^2)*x^20 + (a^5*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^6*b*c^3*d + a^7*c^2*d^2)*x^12)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**13/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output

`Integral(1/(x**13*(a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^{13}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^13), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 395 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} d^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( \frac{3(5b^3c - 6ab^2d) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}})^2 b - bc + 2ad}{2\sqrt{abcd - a^2d^2}}\right)}{(a^3bcd^3 - a^4d^4)\sqrt{abcd - a^2d^2}} - \frac{6\left(\left(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}\right)^4\right)}{(a^3bcd^3 - a^4d^4)\left(\left(\sqrt{dx^4 - \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}\right)^4\right)} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*d^(7/2)*(3*(5*b^3*c - 6*a*b^2*d)*arctan(-1/2*((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b - b*c + 2*a*d)/sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2))/((a^3*b*c*d^3 - a^4*d^4)*sqrt(a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)) - 6*((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b^3*c - 2*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*a*b^2*d - b^3*c^2)/((a^3*b*c*d^3 - a^4*d^4)*((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^4*b - 2*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b*c + 4*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*a*d + b*c^2)) - 8*(3*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^4*b - 6*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*b*c - 3*(sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2*a*d + 3*b*c^2 + a*c*d)/(((sqrt(d)*x^4 - sqrt(d*x^8 + c))^2 - c)^3*a^3*d^3))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{13} (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^13*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^13*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{13} (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{13} (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`



**3.123** 
$$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

Optimal result	1116
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1117
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1118
Maple [F]	1125
Fricas [F(-1)]	1126
Sympy [F(-1)]	1126
Maxima [F]	1126
Giac [F]	1127
Mupad [F(-1)]	1127
Reduce [F]	1127

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 788

$$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{(4bc - 7ad)x^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{24b^2d(bc - ad)} + \frac{ax^{10} \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8b(bc - ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{(-a)^{5/4}(9bc - 7ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{32b^{11/4}(-bc + ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{(-a)^{5/4}(9bc - 7ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{32b^{11/4}(-bc + ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{c^{3/4}(bc + 7ad) \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{12b^2d^{5/4}(bc + ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} + \frac{a\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) (9bc - 7ad) \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)\right)}{64b^3\sqrt[4]{c}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{d}(bc - ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}} + \frac{a\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) (9bc - 7ad) \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)\right)}{64b^3\sqrt[4]{c}\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{d}(bc - ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output

```

1/24*(-7*a*d+4*b*c)*x^2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(-a*d+b*c)+1/8*a*x^10*(d*x^8
+c)^(1/2)/b/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)+1/32*(-a)^(5/4)*(-7*a*d+9*b*c)*arctan((a*
d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^(11/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(3
/2)+1/32*(-a)^(5/4)*(-7*a*d+9*b*c)*arctanh((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/
b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^(11/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(3/2)-1/12*c^(3/4)*(7*a*d+b*c)
*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJa
cobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^2/d^(5/4)/(a*d+b*c)/(d
*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/64*a*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-7*a*d+9*b*c)*
(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(
sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2)
))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^3/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*
c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/64*a*(b(
1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-7*a*d+9*b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*
x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/
c^(1/4))),1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c
^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^3/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2)
)/d^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2 \left( -5a(c + dx^8)(7a^2d - 4b^2cx^8 - 4ab(c - dx^8)) + 5ac(-4bc + 7ad)(a + bx^8) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{4}, \right. \right.}{120ab^2d(bc - ad)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^25/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```

(x^2*(-5*a*(c + d*x^8)*(7*a^2*d - 4*b^2*c*x^8 - 4*a*b*(c - d*x^8)) + 5*a*c
*(-4*b*c + 7*a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[1/4, 1/2, 1, 5/
4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] - (4*b^2*c^2 + 20*a*b*c*d - 21*a^2*d^2)*x^8
*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[5/4, 1/2, 1, 9/4, -((d*x^8)/c),
-((b*x^8)/a)))/(120*a*b^2*d*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {965, 970, 1052, 25, 1021, 761, 925, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{25}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^{24}}{(bx^8+a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{970} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^{10} \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int \frac{x^8(5ac-(4bc-7ad)x^8)}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{4b(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1052} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^{10} \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(4b^2c^2+20abdc-21a^2d^2)x^8+ac(4bc-7ad)}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{3bd} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}(4bc-7ad)}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^{10} \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int \frac{(4b^2c^2+20abdc-21a^2d^2)x^8+ac(4bc-7ad)}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{3bd} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}(4bc-7ad)}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1021} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^{10} \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\frac{(-21a^2d^2+20abcd+4b^2c^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b} - \frac{3a^2d(9bc-7ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b}}{3bd} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}(4bc-7ad)}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^{10}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}}(-21a^2d^2+20abcd+4b^2c^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{3a^2d(9bc-7ad)\int\frac{dx^8}{bx^8}}{3bd} \right) \frac{1}{4b(bc-ad)}$$

↓ 925

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^{10}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}}(-21a^2d^2+20abcd+4b^2c^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{3a^2d(9bc-7ad)\int\frac{dx^8}{bx^8}}{3bd} \right) \frac{1}{4b(bc-ad)}$$

↓ 1541

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^{10}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}}(-21a^2d^2+20abcd+4b^2c^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{3a^2d(9bc-7ad)\int\frac{dx^8}{bx^8}}{3bd} \right) \frac{1}{4b(bc-ad)}$$

↓ 27

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^{10}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}}(-21a^2d^2+20abcd+4b^2c^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{3a^2d(9bc-7ad)}{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})} \right)$$

↓ 761

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^{10}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}}(-21a^2d^2+20abcd+4b^2c^2)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right),\frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}} - \frac{3a^2d(9bc-7ad)}{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})} \right)$$

↓ 2221

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^{10}\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{4b(bc-ad)(bx^8+a)} - \frac{(4b^2c^2+20abdc-21a^2d^2)(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})\sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} - \frac{a\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{3a^2d(9bc-7ad)}$$

↓ 2223

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^{10}\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{4b(bc-ad)(bx^8+a)} - \frac{(4b^2c^2+20abdc-21a^2d^2)(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})\sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{dx^8+c}}$$

input `Int[x^25/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((a*x^{10}*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(4*b*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) - (-1/3*((4*b*c - 7*a*d)*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(b*d) + (((4*b^2*c^2 + 20*a*b*c*d - 21*a^2*d^2) * (Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*b*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) - (3*a^2*d*(9*b*c - 7*a*d)*((a*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[d])*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d]))*((-a)^(3/4)*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[d])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(2*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((Sqrt[c] + (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[-1/4*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]), 2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(4*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))/(b*c + a*d))/(2*a) + (((Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + a*Sqrt[d])*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d]))*((-a)^(1/4)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(2*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((Sqrt[c] - (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])...$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))* \text{EllipticF}[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$



rule 925  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^4)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]*(1 - \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]*(1 + \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

rule 965  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m + 1)/k - 1}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p*(c + d*x^{(n/k)})^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 970  $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)*e^{(2*n - 1)}*(e*x)^{(m - 2*n + 1)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^n)^{(q + 1)}/(b*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[e^{(2*n)}/(b*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m - 2*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^n)^q*\text{Simp}[a*c*(m - 2*n + 1) + (a*d*(m - n + n*q + 1) + b*c*n*(p + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m - n + 1, n] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]$

rule 1021  $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^{(n_)}/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/((a + b*x^n)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 1052  $\text{Int}[(g_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*g^{(n - 1)}*(g*x)^{(m - n + 1)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^n)^{(q + 1)}/(b*d*(m + n*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[g^n/(b*d*(m + n*(p + q + 1) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(g*x)^{(m - n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*\text{Simp}[a*f*c*(m - n + 1) + (a*f*d*(m + n*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + n*p + 1) - e*d*(m + n*(p + q + 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, n - 1]$

rule 1541

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4]
], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*
x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e
^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(- (B*d - A*e))* (ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e)
+ a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(- (B*d - A*e))* (ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
&& PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^25/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^25/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^25/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**25/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{25}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^25/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^25/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{25}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^25/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^25/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{25}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^25/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^25/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{25}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{25}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^25/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^25/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**3.124**  $\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1128
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1129
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1130
Maple [F]	1136
Fricas [F(-1)]	1136
Sympy [F]	1137
Maxima [F]	1137
Giac [F]	1137
Mupad [F(-1)]	1138
Reduce [F]	1138

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 735

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{ax^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8b(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{-a}(5bc-3ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{32b^{7/4}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{-a}(5bc-3ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{32b^{7/4}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{3/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4b\sqrt[4]{d}(bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(5bc-3ad)(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)\right)}{64b^2\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}(bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(5bc-3ad)(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)\right)}{64b^2\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}(bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output

```

1/8*a*x^2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/b/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)+1/32*(-a)^(1/4)*(-3*a*d+5
*b*c)*arctan((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^(7/
4)/(a*d-b*c)^(3/2)+1/32*(-a)^(1/4)*(-3*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*
x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/b^(7/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(3/2)+1/4*c^(3/4
)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJ
acobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b/d^(1/4)/(a*d+b*c)/(d*
x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/64*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-3*a*d+5*b*c)*(c^(
1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin
(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^
2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^2/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/64*(b^(1/2)*
c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-3*a*d+5*b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c
)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/
4))),1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2
)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^2/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(
1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2 \left( 5a^2(c+dx^8) - 5ac(a+bx^8) \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a} \right) + (4bc-3ad)x^8(a+bx^8) \right)}{40ab(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^17/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```

(x^2*(5*a^2*(c + d*x^8) - 5*a*c*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[1
/4, 1/2, 1, 5/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + (4*b*c - 3*a*d)*x^8*(a + b*
x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[5/4, 1/2, 1, 9/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8
)/a)]))/(40*a*b*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1052, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {965, 970, 1021, 761, 925, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{17}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^{16}}{(bx^8+a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{970} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int \frac{ac-(4bc-3ad)x^8}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{4b(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1021} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\frac{a(5bc-3ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b} - \frac{(4bc-3ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b}}{4b(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\frac{a(5bc-3ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b} - \frac{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} (4bc-3ad) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{2b\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{4b(bc-ad)}}{4b(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{925}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{a(5bc-3ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}+1\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a} \right)}{b} - \frac{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}}(4bc-3ad)}{2b^4\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

↓ 1541

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{a(5bc-3ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+a\sqrt{d}}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}}{b} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{a(5bc-3ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+a\sqrt{d}}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{b} \right)}{b} \right)$$

↓ 761



$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} - \frac{a(5bc-3ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+c}}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+a}\sqrt{d})}{2a \cdot 2\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{c+dx^8}(ad+bc)} \right)}{4b(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right)$$

↓ 2221

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^2\sqrt{dx^8+c}}{4b(bc-ad)(bx^8+a)} - \frac{a(5bc-3ad) \left( \frac{a\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\sqrt{d}\right)\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{dx^4+c}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+c})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{C}(bc+ad)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})}{2\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{c+dx^8}(ad+bc)} \right)}{4b(bc-ad)(bx^8+a)} \right)$$

↓ 2223

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{4b(bc - ad)(bx^8 + a)} - \frac{a(5bc - 3ad) \frac{a \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right) \sqrt[4]{d} (\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8 + c}{(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{d} dx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right) \sqrt{b} (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d})}{2 \sqrt[4]{C(bc + ad)} \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^17/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

```

((a*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(4*b*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) - (-1/2*((4*b*c - 3
*a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*
EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(b*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[c
+ d*x^8]) + (a*(5*b*c - 3*a*d)*((a*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[d]
)*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)
^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d
)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*((-a)^
(3/4)*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[d])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/
((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(2*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((Sqr
t[c] + (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8
)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[-1/4*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*S
qrt[d])^2/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]), 2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/
4)], 1/2])/(4*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))/(b*c + a*d)/(2*a) + ((S
qrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + a*Sqrt[d])*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[
(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^
(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*
Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*((-a)^(1/4)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[
d])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(
2*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((Sqrt[c] - (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*(Sqrt
[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*Elliptic...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```

Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

rule 761

```

Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(
1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*
EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

```

rule 925

```

Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^4)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
1/(2*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 - Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] + Simp[1/(2
*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 + Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]

```

rule 965  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m + 1)/k - 1}*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p*(c + d*x^{(n/k)})^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 970  $\text{Int}[(e_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)*e^{(2*n - 1)}*(e*x)^{(m - 2*n + 1)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^n)^{(q + 1)} / (b*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[e^{(2*n)} / (b*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m - 2*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^n)^q * \text{Simp}[a*c*(m - 2*n + 1) + (a*d*(m - n + n*q + 1) + b*c*n*(p + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m - n + 1, n] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]$

rule 1021  $\text{Int}[(e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)} / (((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}) * \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f/b \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n], x], x] + \text{Simp}[(b*e - a*f)/b \text{ Int}[1/((a + b*x^n) * \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 1541  $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2) * \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) \text{ Int}[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2) * \text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

rule 2221  $\text{Int}[(A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2 / (((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2) * \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[B/A, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(-B*d - A*e) * (\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2] * (x/\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4])]) / (2*d*e*\text{Rt}[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2]), x] + \text{Simp}[(B*d + A*e) * (1 + q^2*x^2) * (\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4] / (a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)) / (4*d*e*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]) * \text{EllipticPi}[-(e - d*q^2)^2 / (4*d*e*q^2), 2 * \text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c/a] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[B/A] \&\& \text{PosQ}[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]$

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(- (B*d - A*e)) * (ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2] * (x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e) * (1 + q^2*x^2) * (Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2])/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])) * EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0
] && PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^17/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^17/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^17/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**17/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**17/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{17}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^17/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^17/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{17}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^17/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^17/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{17}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^17/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^17/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{17}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^{17}}{b^2 d x^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2 c x^{16} + a^2 d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x^17/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**17)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)`

**3.125**  $\int \frac{x^9}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1139
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1140
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1141
Maple [F]	1147
Fricas [F(-1)]	1147
Sympy [F]	1148
Maxima [F]	1148
Giac [F]	1148
Mupad [F(-1)]	1149
Reduce [F]	1149

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 627

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{x^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)}$$

$$+ \frac{(bc+ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}}\right)}{32(-a)^{3/4}b^{3/4}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{(bc+ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}}\right)}{32(-a)^{3/4}b^{3/4}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(bc+ad)(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)\right)}{64ab\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}(bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(bc+ad)(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)\right)}{64ab\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}(bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$



output

```

-1/8*x^2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)+1/32*(a*d+b*c)*arctan((a*d-b
*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(3/4)/b^(3/4)/(a*d-
b*c)^(3/2)+1/32*(a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(
d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(3/4)/b^(3/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(3/2)+1/64*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(
-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(a*d+b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(
1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(
1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*
2^(1/2))/a/b/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*
c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/64*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(a*d+b*c)*(c^(
1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(si
n(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^
2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/a/b/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left( 5a(c + dx^8) - 5c(a + bx^8) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a} \right) + dx^8(a + bx^8) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \right)}{40a(bc - ad)(a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^9/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```

-1/40*(x^2*(5*a*(c + d*x^8) - 5*c*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1
[1/4, 1/2, 1, 5/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + d*x^8*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1
+ (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[5/4, 1/2, 1, 9/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)]))/(a*(
b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1033, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$ , Rules used = {965, 971, 1021, 761, 925, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{971} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{c-dx^8}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{4(bc-ad)} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1021} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{(ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b}}{4(bc-ad)} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{(ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{b} - \frac{d^{3/4} (\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2b \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{c+dx^8}}}{4(bc-ad)} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{925}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(ad+bc) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}} + 1\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a} \right)}{b} - \frac{d^{3/4} (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{d} x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2b \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{c+dx^8}} \right) \frac{1}{4(bc-ad)}$$

↓ 1541

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(ad+bc) \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+a\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a(ad+bc)} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} + \sqrt{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a(ad+bc)} \right)}{b} \right) \frac{1}{4(bc-ad)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(ad+bc) \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+a\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a(ad+bc)} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} + \sqrt{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a(ad+bc)} \right)}{b} \right) \frac{1}{4(bc-ad)}$$

↓ 761

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} (ad+bc) \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{b}x^4}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+a\sqrt{d}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2a \sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{c+dx^8}(ad+bc)} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right) \quad b$$

↓ 2221

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} (bc+ad) \left( \frac{a\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\sqrt{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{C}(bc+ad)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \left(\frac{-a\right)^{3/4} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt{d}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{bc}} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 2223

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(bc+ad) \left( \frac{a \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right) \sqrt[4]{d} (\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8 + c}{(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{d} x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b} (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})} \right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{C(bc+ad)} \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} + \frac{\left( (-a)^{3/4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt{d} \right) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt{d} \right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{2a} \right)$$

input `Int[x^9/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

```
(-1/4*(x^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) + (-1/2*(d^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(b*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + ((b*c + a*d)*(((a*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[d])*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*((-a)^(3/4)*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[d])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(2*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((Sqrt[c] + (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[-1/4*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]), 2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(4*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))/(b*c + a*d))/(2*a) + (((Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + a*Sqrt[d])*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*((-a)^(1/4)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(2*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((Sqrt[c] - (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + S...
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 925

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^4)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(2*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 - Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 + Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 965

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k -
1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 971

```
Int[((e_)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^(n - 1)*(e*x)^(m - n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*
((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^n/(n*(b*c - a*d)
*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*(m -
n + 1) + d*(m + n*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e
, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GeQ[n, m - n +
1] && GtQ[m - n + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]
```

rule 1021

```
Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x
_)^(n_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^n], x], x] + Simp[(b*
e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^n)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, n}, x]
```

rule 1541

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4
], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*
x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e
^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e
) + a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(- (B*d - A*e)) * (ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2] * (x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]) / (2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)], x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e) * (1 + q^2*x^2) * (Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2]) / (4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4])) * EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
&& PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**9/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**9/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^9}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^9/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^9}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^9/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^9}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^9/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^9/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^9}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^9}{b^2 d x^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2 c x^{16} + a^2 d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x^9/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**9)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)`

**3.126**  $\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1150
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1151
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1152
Maple [F]	1158
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Sympy [F]	1159
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Mupad [F(-1)]	1160
Reduce [F]	1160

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 735

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{bx^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8a(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{b}(3bc-5ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{32(-a)^{7/4}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{b}(3bc-5ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{32(-a)^{7/4}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{d^{3/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{4a\sqrt[4]{c}(bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(3bc-5ad)(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)\right)}{64a^2\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}(bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})(3bc-5ad)(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)\right)}{64a^2\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})\sqrt[4]{d}(bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output

```

1/8*b*x^2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)-1/32*b^(1/4)*(-5*a*d+3*b*
c)*arctan((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(7/
4)/(a*d-b*c)^(3/2)-1/32*b^(1/4)*(-5*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2
/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(7/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(3/2)+1/4*d^(3/4
)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJ
acobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a/c^(1/4)/(a*d+b*c)/(d*
x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/64*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-5*a*d+3*b*c)*(c^(
1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin
(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^
2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^2/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/64*(b^(1/2)*
c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-5*a*d+3*b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c
)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/
4))),1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2
)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^2/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(
1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2 \left( 5ab(c + dx^8) + 5(3bc - 4ad)(a + bx^8) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a} \right) + bdx^8(a + bx^8) \right)}{40a^2(bc - ad)(a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```

(x^2*(5*a*b*(c + d*x^8) + 5*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c
])*AppellF1[1/4, 1/2, 1, 5/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + b*d*x^8*(a + b*
x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[5/4, 1/2, 1, 9/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8
)/a)))/(40*a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1036, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {965, 931, 25, 1021, 761, 925, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{931} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{bx^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{bdx^8 + 3bc - 4ad}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{bdx^8 + 3bc - 4ad}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} + \frac{bx^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1021} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(3bc - 5ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 + d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} + \frac{bx^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(3bc - 5ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 + \frac{d^{3/4} (\sqrt{c + \sqrt{dx^4}}) \sqrt{\frac{c + dx^8}{(\sqrt{c + \sqrt{dx^4}})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{c + dx^8}}}{4a(bc - ad)} + \frac{bx^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{925}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(3bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}} + 1\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a} \right) + \frac{d^{3/4} (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{2^4 \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{c+dx^8}}}{4a(bc - ad)} \right.$$

↓ 1541

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(3bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+a\sqrt{d}}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{c}\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a(ad+bc)} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\sqrt{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} \right)}{4a(bc - ad)} \right.$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(3bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+a\sqrt{d}}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a(ad+bc)} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\sqrt{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{ad+bc} \right)}{4a(bc - ad)} \right.$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( (3bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4 + c}}{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{ad + bc} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c + dx^8}{(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4})^2}} (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + a\sqrt{d}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)\right)}{2a \sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{c + dx^8}(ad + bc)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b\sqrt{dx^8 + cx^2}}{4a(bc - ad)(bx^8 + a)} + \frac{d^{3/4}(\sqrt{dx^4 + c}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8 + c}{(\sqrt{dx^4 + c})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} + (3bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{a\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}} + \sqrt{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{c}}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2223

$$\left( \frac{d^{3/4}(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})\sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}dx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} + (3bc - 5ad) \right) \frac{1}{2} \frac{b\sqrt{dx^8+cx^2}}{4a(bc-ad)(bx^8+a)} + \frac{a\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)^4 \sqrt[4]{c}}{\dots}$$

input `Int[x/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`



output

```

((b*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(4*a*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) + ((d^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c
] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (3*b*c - 5*a*d)*(((a*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[d])*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*((-a)^(3/4)*((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[d])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(2*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((Sqrt[c] + (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[-1/4*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]), 2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(4*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))/(b*c + a*d)/(2*a) + (((Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + a*Sqrt[d])*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*((-a)^(1/4)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(2*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + ((Sqrt[c] - (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sq...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 925 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^4)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(2*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 - Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 + Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 931 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1021 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_))/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^n], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^n)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 1541 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]`

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e)
+ a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2])), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-(B*d - A*e))*(ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
&& PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

```
input int(x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int(x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Timed out

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + cx}}{b^2 d x^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2 c x^{16} + a^2 d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)`

**3.127** 
$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

Optimal result	1161
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1162
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1163
Maple [F]	1169
Fricas [F(-1)]	1170
Sympy [F]	1170
Maxima [F]	1170
Giac [F]	1171
Mupad [F(-1)]	1171
Reduce [F]	1171

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 788

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{(7bc-4ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{24a^2c(bc-ad)x^6}$$

$$+ \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{8a(bc-ad)x^6(a+bx^8)} - \frac{b^{5/4}(7bc-9ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{32(-a)^{11/4}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{b^{5/4}(7bc-9ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc+adx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}\right)}{32(-a)^{11/4}(-bc+ad)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{d^{3/4}(7bc+ad) \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{12a^2c^{5/4}(bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$- \frac{b\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) (7bc-9ad) \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}}\right)\right)}{64a^3\sqrt[4]{c} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{d}(bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

$$- \frac{b\left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) (7bc-9ad) \left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{dx^4}}\right)\right)}{64a^3\sqrt[4]{c} \left(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}\right) \sqrt[4]{d}(bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output

```

-1/24*(-4*a*d+7*b*c)*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-a*d+b*c)/x^6+1/8*b*(d*x^8+c)^(
(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/x^6/(b*x^8+a)-1/32*b^(5/4)*(-9*a*d+7*b*c)*arctan((a*d-b
*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(11/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(3
/2)-1/32*b^(5/4)*(-9*a*d+7*b*c)*arctanh((a*d-b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(
1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(11/4)/(a*d-b*c)^(3/2)-1/12*d^(3/4)*(a*d+7*b*c)
*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJa
cobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^2/c^(5/4)/(a*d+b*c)/(d
*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/64*b*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-9*a*d+7*b*c)*(
c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(
sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2
))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^3/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*
c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/64*b*(b^(
1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-9*a*d+7*b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*
x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/
c^(1/4))),1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(
1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^3/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2)
)/d^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{5a(c + dx^8)(4a^2d - 7b^2cx^8 - 4ab(c - dx^8)) + 5(-21b^2c^2 + 20abcd + 4a^2d^2)x^8(a + bx^8)\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, -\left(\frac{dx^8}{c}\right), -\left(\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)\right] + b*d*(-7*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^16*(a + b*x^8)*\sqrt{1 + (d*x^8)/c}*AppellF1\left[\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{4}, -\left(\frac{dx^8}{c}\right), -\left(\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)\right]}{120a^3c(bc - ad)x^6(a + b*x^8)\sqrt{c + d*x^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^7*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```

(5*a*(c + d*x^8)*(4*a^2*d - 7*b^2*c*x^8 - 4*a*b*(c - d*x^8)) + 5*(-21*b^2*c
c^2 + 20*a*b*c*d + 4*a^2*d^2)*x^8*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1
[1/4, 1/2, 1, 5/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + b*d*(-7*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^16
*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[5/4, 1/2, 1, 9/4, -((d*x^8)/c),
-((b*x^8)/a)]/(120*a^3*c*(b*c - a*d)*x^6*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1092, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {965, 972, 25, 1053, 1021, 761, 925, 1541, 27, 761, 2221, 2223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^8 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{972} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4ax^6 (a + bx^8) (bc - ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{5bdx^8 + 7bc - 4ad}{x^8 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{5bdx^8 + 7bc - 4ad}{x^8 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4ax^6 (a + bx^8) (bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1053} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{bd(7bc - 4ad)x^8 + 21b^2c^2 - 4a^2d^2 - 20abcd}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8} (7bc - 4ad)}{3acx^6} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4ax^6 (a + bx^8) (bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1021} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{d(7bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 + 3bc(7bc - 9ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8} (7bc - 4ad)}{3acx^6} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4ax^6 (a + bx^8) (bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{761}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3bc(7bc-9ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2 + \frac{d^{3/4}(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} (7bc-4ad) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}}{3ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^8}(7bc-4ad)}{3acx^6} \right)$$

↓ 925

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3bc(7bc-9ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}+1\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a} \right) + \frac{d^{3/4}(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} (7bc-4ad) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{c+dx^8}}}{3ac} \right)$$

↓ 1541

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3bc(7bc-9ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+a\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a(ad+bc)} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\sqrt{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} \right)}{3ac} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3bc(7bc-9ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+a\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c}}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{2a(ad+bc)} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{-a}}+\sqrt{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2}{ad+bc} \right)}{3ac} \right)$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3bc(7bc-9ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})}{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^4}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2 + \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4}) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^8}{(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^4})^2}} (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}+a\sqrt{d}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)\right)}{2a \cdot 2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{c+dx^8}(ad+bc)}}{\dots}$$

↓ 2221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\frac{d^{3/4}(7bc-4ad)(\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4}+\sqrt{c})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{dx^8+c}} + 3bc}{\frac{\sqrt{dx^8+cb}}{4a(bc-ad)x^6(bx^8+a)} + \frac{\sqrt{dx^8+c}(7bc-4ad)}{3acx^6}}{\dots}$$

↓ 2223

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + cb}}{4a(bc - ad)x^6 (bx^8 + a)} + \frac{-\sqrt{dx^8 + c}(7bc - 4ad)}{3acx^6} - \frac{d^{3/4}(7bc - 4ad)(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8 + c}{(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} + 3bc \right)$$

input

```
Int [1/(x^7*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((b\sqrt{c + dx^8})/(4a(bc - ad)x^6(a + bx^8)) + (-1/3((7bc - 4 \\ & *ad)\sqrt{c + dx^8})/(a^2x^6) - ((d^{3/4}(7bc - 4ad)(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} \\ & *x^4)\sqrt{(c + dx^8)/(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)^2} * \text{EllipticF}[2 * \text{ArcTan} \\ & [(d^{1/4}x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2])/(2c^{1/4}\sqrt{c + dx^8}) + 3bc(7bc - \\ & 9ad) * ((a(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c})/\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{d})d^{1/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} \\ & *x^4)\sqrt{(c + dx^8)/(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)^2} * \text{EllipticF}[2 * \text{ArcTan} \\ & [(d^{1/4}x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2])/(2c^{1/4}(bc + ad)\sqrt{c + dx^8}) + (\sqrt{b} \\ & * (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) * (((-a)^{3/4} * (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}) \\ & / \sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{d}) * \text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{bc - ad}x^2)/((-a)^{1/4}b^{1/4}\sqrt{c \\ & + dx^8}]))/ (2b^{1/4}\sqrt{bc - ad}) + ((\sqrt{c} + (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \\ & ) / \sqrt{b}) * (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)\sqrt{(c + dx^8)/(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4 \\ & )^2} * \text{EllipticPi}[-1/4 * (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2 / (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b} \\ & * \sqrt{c} * \sqrt{d}), 2 * \text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2]) / (4c^{1/4}d^{1/4} \\ & * \sqrt{c + dx^8})) / (bc + ad) / (2a) + (((\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} \\ & + a\sqrt{d})d^{1/4}(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)\sqrt{(c + dx^8)/(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d} \\ & *x^4)^2} * \text{EllipticF}[2 * \text{ArcTan}[(d^{1/4}x^2)/c^{1/4}], 1/2]) / (2c^{1/4} \\ & * (bc + ad)\sqrt{c + dx^8}) + (\sqrt{b} * (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) \\ & * (((-a)^{1/4} * (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}) * \text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{bc - \\ & ad}x^2)/((-a)^{1/4}b^{1/4}\sqrt{c + dx^8}]))/ (2b^{1/4}\sqrt{bc - ad} \\ & )) + ((\sqrt{c} - (\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})/\sqrt{b}) * (\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}x^4)\sqrt{c + dx^8}) / (2b^{1/4}\sqrt{bc - ad})) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b\_)*(Gx\_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 761

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a\_ + (b\_)*(x_)^4)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2x^2) * (\sqrt{(a + bx^4)/(a(1 + q^2x^2)^2}) / (2q\sqrt{a + bx^4})) * \text{EllipticF}[2 * \text{ArcTan}[qx], 1/2], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 925 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^4)), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(2*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 - Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 + Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 972 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*e*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*b*(m + 1) + n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1021 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_))/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[f/b Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*x^n], x], x] + Simp[(b*e - a*f)/b Int[1/((a + b*x^n)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 1053 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^n*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m + n + 1) - e*n*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 1541

```
Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[c/a, 2]}, Simp[(c*d + a*e*q)/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[1/Sqrt[a + c*x^4]
], x], x] - Simp[(a*e*(e + d*q))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2) Int[(1 + q*x^2)/((d + e*
x^2)*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e
^2, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[c/a]
```

rule 2221

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(ArcTan[Rt[c*(d/e)
) + a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d), 2]), x]
+ Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(4*
d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*ArcTan[q*x
], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && Po
sQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && PosQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e/d)]
```

rule 2223

```
Int[((A_) + (B_.)*(x_)^2)/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4])
, x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[B/A, 2]}, Simp[(-B*d - A*e)*(ArcTanh[Rt[(-c)*
(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]*(x/Sqrt[a + c*x^4])]/(2*d*e*Rt[(-c)*(d/e) - a*(e/d), 2]
)), x] + Simp[(B*d + A*e)*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^
2)]/(4*d*e*q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticPi[-(e - d*q^2)^2/(4*d*e*q^2), 2*Arc
Tan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, A, B}, x] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0]
&& PosQ[c/a] && EqQ[c*A^2 - a*B^2, 0] && PosQ[B/A] && NegQ[c*(d/e) + a*(e
/d)]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**7/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**7*(a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^7), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^7}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c))*x^7), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^7*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^7*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^7 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^7 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^7/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`



$$3.128 \quad \int \frac{x^{13}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

Optimal result	1172
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1173
Rubi [A] (verified)	1174
Maple [F]	1176
Fricas [F(-1)]	1176
Sympy [F]	1177
Maxima [F]	1177
Giac [F]	1177
Mupad [F(-1)]	1178
Reduce [F]	1178

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 1177

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

1/8*d^(1/2)*x^2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/b/(-a*d+b*c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)-1/8*x^6
*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)+1/32*(-a*d+3*b*c)*arctan((-a*d+b*c)^(
1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(5/4)/(-a*d+b*c
)^(3/2)-1/32*(-a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/
(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(5/4)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)-1/8*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*
(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(s
in(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/b/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2
)+1/16*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x
^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b/
(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/32*d^(1/4)*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4
)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4
)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(
1/2))/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/32*d^(1/4)*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/
2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan
(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(
1/2)*d^(1/2))/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/64*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-a)^(1/2)*
d^(1/2))*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^
4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c^(
1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/2*2^(1/2)
)/b^(3/2)/c^(1/4)/((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+a*d^(1/2))/d^(1/4)/(-a*d+...

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^6 \left( -7a(c + dx^8) + 7c(a + bx^8) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a} \right) + dx^8(a + bx^8) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \right)}{56a(bc - ad)(a + bx^8) \sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^13/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(x^6*(-7*a*(c + d*x^8) + 7*c*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[3/4,
1/2, 1, 7/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + d*x^8*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*
x^8)/c]*AppellF1[7/4, 1/2, 1, 11/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])/(56*a*(b
*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {965, 971, 1054, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{965} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^{12}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{971} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{x^4(dx^8+3c)}{(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} dx^2 - \frac{x^6\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1054} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \int \left( \frac{dx^4}{b\sqrt{dx^8+c}} + \frac{(3bc-ad)x^4}{b(bx^8+a)\sqrt{dx^8+c}} \right) dx^2 - \frac{x^6\sqrt{c+dx^8}}{4(a+bx^8)(bc-ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(3bc-ad)(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8+c}{(\sqrt{dx^4+\sqrt{c}})^2}} \text{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d}})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right) (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{8\sqrt{-ab}^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d} (bc+ad) \sqrt{dx^8+c}} + \frac{(3bc-ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{-ab^5}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^13/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `(-1/4*(x^6*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/((b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) + ((Sqrt[d]*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(b*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)) + ((3*b*c - a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(4*(-a)^(1/4)*b^(5/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - ((3*b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(4*(-a)^(1/4)*b^(5/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + (c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*b*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) - ((Sqrt[c] - (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*d^(1/4)*(3*b*c - a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(4*b*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) - ((Sqrt[c] + (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*d^(1/4)*(3*b*c - a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(4*b*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) - ((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2*(3*b*c - a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2/(4*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]), 2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(8*Sqrt[-a]*b^(3/2)*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + ((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d]...`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 971 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^(n - 1)*(e*x)^(m - n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^n/(n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*(m - n + 1) + d*(m + n*(p + q + 1) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GeQ[n, m - n + 1] && GtQ[m - n + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1054

```
Int[(((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(e + f*x^n)/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**13/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**13/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{13}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^13/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{13}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^13/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^{13}}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^13/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^13/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{13}}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^{13}}{b^2 d x^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2 c x^{16} + a^2 d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x^13/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**13)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)`

$$3.129 \quad \int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$$

Optimal result	1179
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1180
Rubi [A] (verified)	1181
Maple [F]	1183
Fricas [F(-1)]	1184
Sympy [F]	1184
Maxima [F]	1184
Giac [F]	1185
Mupad [F(-1)]	1185
Reduce [F]	1185

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 1187

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$



output

```

-1/8*d^(1/2)*x^2*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)+1/8*b*
x^6*(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x^8+a)-1/32*(-3*a*d+b*c)*arctan((-a*d+
b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(5/4)/b^(1/4)/(-a*
d+b*c)^(3/2)+1/32*(-3*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*x^2/(-a)^(1/4)/b^(
1/4)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2))/(-a)^(5/4)/b^(1/4)/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)+1/8*c^(1/4)*d^(1
/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icE(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/a/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)
^(1/2)-1/16*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1
/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2
))/a/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/32*d^(1/4)*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)
*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(d
^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a/b^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(
1/2)*d^(1/2))/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)-1/32*d^(1/4)*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(c^(1/2
)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(2
*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a/b^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c^(1/
2)+(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))/(-a*d+b*c)/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)+1/64*(b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+(-
a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(c^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*x^4)*((d*x^8+c)/(c^(1/2)+d
^(1/2)*x^4)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticPi(sin(2*arctan(d^(1/4)*x^2/c^(1/4))),-1/4*(b
^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-(-a)^(1/2)*d^(1/2))^2/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1/
2*2^(1/2))/a/b^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^(1/2)+a*d^(1/2))/d^(...

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^6 \left( 21ab(c + dx^8) + 7(bc - 4ad)(a + bx^8) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a} \right) - 3bdx^8(a + bx^8) \right)}{168a^2(bc - ad)(a + bx^8)\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^6*(21*a*b*(c + d*x^8) + 7*(b*c - 4*a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c] * \text{AppellF1}[3/4, 1/2, 1, 7/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] - 3*b*d*x^8*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c] * \text{AppellF1}[7/4, 1/2, 1, 11/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])}{(168*a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1093, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$ , Rules used = {965, 972, 25, 1054, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 965$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 972$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{bx^6 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{x^4(-bdx^8 + bc - 4ad)}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^4(-bdx^8 + bc - 4ad)}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} + \frac{bx^6 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1054$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \left( \frac{(bc - 3ad)x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} - \frac{dx^4}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right) dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} + \frac{bx^6 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4a(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b\sqrt{dx^8 + cx^6}}{4a(bc - ad)(bx^8 + a)} + \frac{(bc - 3ad)(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8 + c}{(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}, 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right) (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})}{8\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}(bc + ad)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^5/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output `((b*x^6*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(4*a*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)) + (-((Sqrt[d]*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)) + ((b*c - 3*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(4*(-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - ((b*c - 3*a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(4*(-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + (c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/Sqrt[c + d*x^8] - (c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) - ((Sqrt[c] - (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*d^(1/4)*(b*c - 3*a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(4*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) - ((Sqrt[c] + (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*d^(1/4)*(b*c - 3*a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(4*c^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) - ((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2*(b*c - 3*a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2/(4*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]), 2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(8*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) + ((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2*(b*c ...`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 965 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m + 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p*(c + d*x^(n/k))^q, x], x, x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 972 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*e*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*b*(m + 1) + n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1054 `Int[(((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((e + f*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^5/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^5/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^5/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^5}{b^2 d x^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2 c x^{16} + a^2 d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**5)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)`

**3.130**       $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1186
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1187
Rubi [A] (verified)	1188
Maple [F]	1191
Fricas [F(-1)]	1191
Sympy [F]	1191
Maxima [F]	1192
Giac [F]	1192
Mupad [F(-1)]	1192
Reduce [F]	1193

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 1266

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$





output

```
(21*a*(c + d*x^8)*(4*a^2*d - 5*b^2*c*x^8 - 4*a*b*(c - d*x^8)) - 7*(5*b^2*c^2 - 12*a*b*c*d + 4*a^2*d^2)*x^8*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[3/4, 1/2, 1, 7/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + 3*b*d*(5*b*c - 4*a*d)*x^16*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[7/4, 1/2, 1, 11/4, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)]/(168*a^3*c*(b*c - a*d)*x^2*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {965, 972, 25, 1053, 1054, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 965 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 972 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4ax^2 (a + bx^8) (bc - ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3bdx^8 + 5bc - 4ad}{x^4 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{3bdx^8 + 5bc - 4ad}{x^4 (bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4ax^2 (a + bx^8) (bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1053 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^4 ((bc - 2ad)(5bc - 2ad) - bd(5bc - 4ad)x^8)}{(bx^8 + a) \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx^2}{4a(bc - ad)} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8} (5bc - 4ad)}{acx^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4ax^2 (a + bx^8) (bc - ad)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1054
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \left( \frac{(5b^2c^2 - 7abcd)x^4}{(bx^8 + a)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} - \frac{d(5bc - 4ad)x^4}{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right) dx^2}{ac} - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^8}(5bc - 4ad)}{acx^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{c + dx^8}}{4ax^2(a + bx^8)(bc - ad)} \right)$$

2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{4a(bc - ad)x^2(bx^8 + a)} + \frac{-\sqrt{dx^8 + c}(5bc - 4ad)}{acx^2} - \frac{\sqrt{bc}^{3/4}(5bc - 7ad)(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{\frac{dx^8 + c}{(\sqrt{dx^4 + \sqrt{c}})^2}} \text{EllipticPi} \left( \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{d})^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}} \right)^2}{8\sqrt{-a}^4 \sqrt{d}(bc + ad)\sqrt{dx^8 + c}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
((b*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(4*a*(b*c - a*d)*x^2*(a + b*x^8)) + (-(((5*b*c - 4*a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(a*c*x^2)) - (-((Sqrt[d]*(5*b*c - 4*a*d)*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)) + (b^(3/4)*c*(5*b*c - 7*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(4*(-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (b^(3/4)*c*(5*b*c - 7*a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*x^2)/((-a)^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])])/(4*(-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) + (c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(5*b*c - 4*a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/Sqrt[c + d*x^8] - (c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(5*b*c - 4*a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) - (b*c^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c] - (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*d^(1/4)*(5*b*c - 7*a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(4*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) - (b*c^(3/4)*(Sqrt[c] + (Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])/Sqrt[b])*d^(1/4)*(5*b*c - 7*a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x^2)/c^(1/4)], 1/2])/(4*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]) - (Sqrt[b]*c^(3/4)*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2*(5*b*c - 7*a*d)*(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)*Sqrt[(c + d*x^8)/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*x^4)^2]*EllipticPi[(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[d])^2/(4*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d]), 2*ArcTan[(d^(1/4)*x...
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 965  $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_)^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \text{Simp}[1/k \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(m + 1)/k - 1} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^{(n/k)})^p * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^{(n/k)})^q, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^k], \text{x}] /; k \neq 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b * c - a * d, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 972  $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) * (\text{e} * \text{x})^{(m + 1)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^n)^{(p + 1)} * ((c + \text{d} * \text{x}^n)^{(q + 1)} / (\text{a} * \text{e} * \text{n} * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (\text{a} * \text{n} * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} * \text{x})^m * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^n)^{(p + 1)} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^n)^q * \text{Simp}[c * \text{b} * (\text{m} + 1) + \text{n} * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{p} + 1) + \text{d} * \text{b} * (\text{m} + \text{n} * (\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1) * \text{x}^n, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, q\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b * c - a * d, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, \text{x}]$
- rule 1053  $\text{Int}[(\text{g}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{q}_)} * ((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)}), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e} * (\text{g} * \text{x})^{(m + 1)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^n)^{(p + 1)} * ((c + \text{d} * \text{x}^n)^{(q + 1)} / (\text{a} * \text{c} * \text{g} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (\text{a} * \text{c} * \text{g} * (\text{m} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{g} * \text{x})^{(m + n)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^n)^p * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^n)^q * \text{Simp}[\text{a} * \text{f} * \text{c} * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{e} * (\text{b} * \text{c} + \text{a} * \text{d}) * (\text{m} + \text{n} + 1) - \text{e} * \text{n} * (\text{b} * \text{c} * \text{p} + \text{a} * \text{d} * \text{q}) - \text{b} * \text{e} * \text{d} * (\text{m} + \text{n} * (\text{p} + \text{q} + 2) + 1) * \text{x}^n, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 1054  $\text{Int}[(\text{g}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)}), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(\text{g} * \text{x})^m * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^n)^p * ((\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x}^n) / (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^n)), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 2009  $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{SumQ}[\text{u}]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**3.131**  $\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1194
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1194
Rubi [A] (verified)	1195
Maple [F]	1196
Fricas [F(-1)]	1196
Sympy [F]	1197
Maxima [F]	1197
Giac [F]	1197
Mupad [F(-1)]	1198
Reduce [F]	1198

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{5a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output `1/5*x^5*(1+d*x^8/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(5/8,2,1/2,13/8,-b*x^8/a,-d*x^8/c)/a^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^5 \left( 65ab(c+dx^8) + 13(3bc-8ad)(a+bx^8) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{13}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) - 5bdx^8(a+bx^8) \right)}{520a^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

$$\frac{(x^5*(65*a*b*(c + d*x^8) + 13*(3*b*c - 8*a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[5/8, 1/2, 1, 13/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] - 5*b*d*x^8*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[13/8, 1/2, 1, 21/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])}{(520*a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^5 \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{5a^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Int[x^4/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(x^5*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[5/8, 2, 1/2, 13/8, -((b*x^8)/a), -((d*x^8)/c)])/(5*a^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^4/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^4}{b^2 d x^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2 c x^{16} + a^2 d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**4)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)`

**3.132**  $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1199
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1199
Rubi [A] (verified)	1200
Maple [F]	1201
Fricas [F(-1)]	1201
Sympy [F]	1202
Maxima [F]	1202
Giac [F]	1202
Mupad [F(-1)]	1203
Reduce [F]	1203

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{3a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output

```
1/3*x^3*(1+d*x^8/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(3/8,2,1/2,11/8,-b*x^8/a,-d*x^8/c)/a^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x^3 \left( 33ab(c+dx^8) + 11(5bc-8ad)(a+bx^8) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{11}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) + 3bdx^8(a+bx^8) \right)}{264a^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^8)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^3*(33*a*b*(c + d*x^8) + 11*(5*b*c - 8*a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[3/8, 1/2, 1, 11/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + 3*b*d*x^8*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[11/8, 1/2, 1, 19/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])}{(264*a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8])}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{3a^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Int[x^2/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(x^3*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[3/8, 2, 1/2, 11/8, -((b*x^8)/a), -((d*x^8)/c)])/(3*a^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(x^2/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c} x^2}{b^2 d x^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2 c x^{16} + a^2 d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**8)*x**2)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)`



**3.133**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1204
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1204
Rubi [A] (verified)	1205
Maple [F]	1206
Fricas [F(-1)]	1206
Sympy [F]	1207
Maxima [F]	1207
Giac [F]	1207
Mupad [F(-1)]	1208
Reduce [F]	1208

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output `x*(1+d*x^8/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/8,2,1/2,9/8,-b*x^8/a,-d*x^8/c)/a^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 328 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 10.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.56

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{x\left(bdx^8\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{9}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{17}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) + \frac{3a(9ac(8ad-b(8c+dx^8)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) + 4b(8c+dx^8) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) + 4x^8 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right))}{(a+bx^8)(-9ac \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) + 4x^8 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right))}\right)}{24a^2(-bc+ad)\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

```
-1/24*(x*(b*d*x^8*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[9/8, 1/2, 1, 17/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + (3*a*(9*a*c*(8*a*d - b*(8*c + d*x^8))*AppellF1[1/8, 1/2, 1, 9/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + 4*b*x^8*(c + d*x^8)*(2*b*c*AppellF1[9/8, 1/2, 2, 17/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + a*d*AppellF1[9/8, 3/2, 1, 17/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])))/(a + b*x^8)*(-9*a*c*AppellF1[1/8, 1/2, 1, 9/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + 4*x^8*(2*b*c*AppellF1[9/8, 1/2, 2, 17/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + a*d*AppellF1[9/8, 3/2, 1, 17/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)])))/(a^2*(-(b*c) + a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

↓ 937

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

↓ 936

$$\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[1/8, 2, 1/2, 9/8, -((b*x^8)/a), -((d*x^8)/c)])/(a^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^8 + c}}{b^2 d x^{24} + 2abd x^{16} + b^2 c x^{16} + a^2 d x^8 + 2abc x^8 + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(c + d*x**8)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x**8 + 2*a*b*c*x**8 + 2*a*b*d*x**16 + b**2*c*x**16 + b**2*d*x**24),x)`

**3.134**  $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1209
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1209
Rubi [A] (verified)	1210
Maple [F]	1211
Fricas [F]	1211
Sympy [F]	1212
Maxima [F]	1212
Giac [F]	1212
Mupad [F(-1)]	1213
Reduce [F]	1213

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{a^2x\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output `-(1+d*x^8/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/8,2,1/2,7/8,-b*x^8/a,-d*x^8/c)/a^2/x/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 226 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{35a(c+dx^8)(8a^2d-9b^2cx^8-8ab(c-dx^8))-5(9b^2c^2-40abcd+24a^2d^2)x^8(a+bx^8)\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{280a^3c(bc-ad)x\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^8)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (35*a*(c + d*x^8)*(8*a^2*d - 9*b^2*c*x^8 - 8*a*b*(c - d*x^8)) - 5*(9*b^2*c \\ & ^2 - 40*a*b*c*d + 24*a^2*d^2)*x^8*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*\text{AppellF1} \\ & [7/8, 1/2, 1, 15/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + 7*b*d*(9*b*c - 8*a*d)*x^ \\ & 16*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[15/8, 1/2, 1, 23/8, -((d*x^8)/ \\ & c), -((b*x^8)/a)]/(280*a^3*c*(b*c - a*d)*x*(a + b*x^8)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]) \end{aligned}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^8}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\ & -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{a^2 x \sqrt{c + dx^8}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^8)^2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]),x]$$

output

$$-((\text{Sqrt}[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*\text{AppellF1}[-1/8, 2, 1/2, 7/8, -((b*x^8)/a), -((d*x^8)/c)])/(a^2*x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^8]))$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(d*x^8 + c)/(b^2*d*x^26 + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^18 + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^10 + a^2*c*x^2), x)
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/x^2/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**3.135**  $\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx$

Optimal result	1214
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1214
Rubi [A] (verified)	1215
Maple [F]	1216
Fricas [F(-1)]	1216
Sympy [F]	1217
Maxima [F]	1217
Giac [F]	1217
Mupad [F(-1)]	1218
Reduce [F]	1218

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{3a^2x^3\sqrt{c+dx^8}}$$

output `-1/3*(1+d*x^8/c)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-3/8,2,1/2,5/8,-b*x^8/a,-d*x^8/c)/a^2/x^3/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 226 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 10.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^8)^2\sqrt{c+dx^8}} dx = \frac{65a(c+dx^8)(8a^2d-11b^2cx^8-8ab(c-dx^8))-13(33b^2c^2-56abcd+8a^2d^2)x^8(a+bx^8)\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^8}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{1560a^3c(bc-ad)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^8)^2*sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]`

output

```
(65*a*(c + d*x^8)*(8*a^2*d - 11*b^2*c*x^8 - 8*a*b*(c - d*x^8)) - 13*(33*b^2*c^2 - 56*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*x^8*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[5/8, 1/2, 1, 13/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)] + 5*b*d*(11*b*c - 8*a*d)*x^16*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[13/8, 1/2, 1, 21/8, -((d*x^8)/c), -((b*x^8)/a)]/(1560*a^3*c*(b*c - a*d)*x^3*(a + b*x^8)*Sqrt[c + d*x^8])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

↓ 1013

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

↓ 1012

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^8}{c} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{8}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}, -\frac{dx^8}{c}\right)}{3a^2 x^3 \sqrt{c + dx^8}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^8)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]),x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(Sqrt[1 + (d*x^8)/c]*AppellF1[-3/8, 2, 1/2, 5/8, -((b*x^8)/a), -((d*x^8)/c)]/(a^2*x^3*Sqrt[c + d*x^8]))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(b*x**8+a)**2/(d*x**8+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*(a + b*x**8)**2*sqrt(c + d*x**8)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^8 + a)^2*sqrt(d*x^8 + c)*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^8)^2*(c + d*x^8)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^8)^2 \sqrt{c + dx^8}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^8 + a)^2 \sqrt{dx^8 + c}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/x^4/(b*x^8+a)^2/(d*x^8+c)^(1/2),x)`

**3.136**  $\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^8)}{(a+bx^8)^{5/4}} dx$

Optimal result	1219
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1219
Rubi [A] (verified)	1220
Maple [F]	1221
Fricas [F]	1222
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1222
Maxima [F]	1223
Giac [F]	1223
Mupad [F(-1)]	1223
Reduce [F]	1224

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^8)}{(a+bx^8)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{dx^9}{7b^4\sqrt[4]{a+bx^8}} + \frac{(7bc-9ad)x^9\sqrt[4]{1+\frac{bx^8}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{8}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{17}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{63ab^4\sqrt[4]{a+bx^8}}$$

output

```
1/7*d*x^9/b/(b*x^8+a)^(1/4)+1/63*(-9*a*d+7*b*c)*x^9*(1+b*x^8/a)^(1/4)*hype
rgeom([9/8, 5/4], [17/8], -b*x^8/a)/a/b/(b*x^8+a)^(1/4)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^8(c+dx^8)}{(a+bx^8)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{x^9\sqrt[4]{1+\frac{bx^8}{a}} \left(17c \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{8}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{17}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right) + 9dx^8 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{8}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{17}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)\right)}{153a^4\sqrt[4]{a+bx^8}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^8*(c+d*x^8))/(a+b*x^8)^(5/4),x]
```



output

```
(x^9*(1 + (b*x^8)/a)^(1/4)*(17*c*Hypergeometric2F1[9/8, 5/4, 17/8, -((b*x^8)/a)] + 9*d*x^8*Hypergeometric2F1[5/4, 17/8, 25/8, -((b*x^8)/a)])/(153*a*(a + b*x^8)^(1/4))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^8)}{(a + bx^8)^{5/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(7bc - 9ad) \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^8+a)^{5/4}} dx}{7b} + \frac{dx^9}{7b\sqrt[4]{a + bx^8}}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{bx^8}{a} + 1}(7bc - 9ad) \int \frac{x^8}{\left(\frac{bx^8}{a} + 1\right)^{5/4}} dx}{7ab\sqrt[4]{a + bx^8}} + \frac{dx^9}{7b\sqrt[4]{a + bx^8}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^9\sqrt[4]{\frac{bx^8}{a} + 1}(7bc - 9ad) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{9}{8}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{17}{8}, -\frac{bx^8}{a}\right)}{63ab\sqrt[4]{a + bx^8}} + \frac{dx^9}{7b\sqrt[4]{a + bx^8}}$$

input

```
Int[(x^8*(c + d*x^8))/(a + b*x^8)^(5/4), x]
```

output

```
(d*x^9)/(7*b*(a + b*x^8)^(1/4)) + ((7*b*c - 9*a*d)*x^9*(1 + (b*x^8)/a)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[9/8, 5/4, 17/8, -((b*x^8)/a)]/(63*a*b*(a + b*x^8)^(1/4))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8(dx^8 + c)}{(bx^8 + a)^{\frac{5}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(x^8*(d*x^8+c)/(b*x^8+a)^(5/4),x)`

output `int(x^8*(d*x^8+c)/(b*x^8+a)^(5/4),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^8)}{(a + bx^8)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^8 + c)x^8}{(bx^8 + a)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^8*(d*x^8+c)/(b*x^8+a)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^16 + c*x^8)*(b*x^8 + a)^(3/4)/(b^2*x^16 + 2*a*b*x^8 + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 51.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^8)}{(a + bx^8)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{cx^9\Gamma\left(\frac{9}{8}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{9}{8}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{bx^8 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{8a^{5/4}\Gamma\left(\frac{17}{8}\right)} + \frac{dx^{17}\Gamma\left(\frac{17}{8}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{4}, \frac{17}{8} \middle| \frac{bx^8 e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{8a^{5/4}\Gamma\left(\frac{25}{8}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**8*(d*x**8+c)/(b*x**8+a)**(5/4),x)`

output `c*x**9*gamma(9/8)*hyper((9/8, 5/4), (17/8,), b*x**8*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(8*a**(5/4)*gamma(17/8)) + d*x**17*gamma(17/8)*hyper((5/4, 17/8), (25/8,), b*x**8*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(8*a**(5/4)*gamma(25/8))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^8)}{(a + bx^8)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^8 + c)x^8}{(bx^8 + a)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^8*(d*x^8+c)/(b*x^8+a)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^8 + c)*x^8/(b*x^8 + a)^(5/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^8)}{(a + bx^8)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^8 + c)x^8}{(bx^8 + a)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^8*(d*x^8+c)/(b*x^8+a)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^8 + c)*x^8/(b*x^8 + a)^(5/4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^8)}{(a + bx^8)^{5/4}} dx = \int \frac{x^8(dx^8 + c)}{(bx^8 + a)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `int((x^8*(c + d*x^8))/(a + b*x^8)^(5/4),x)`

output `int((x^8*(c + d*x^8))/(a + b*x^8)^(5/4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8(c + dx^8)}{(a + bx^8)^{5/4}} dx = \left( \int \frac{x^{16}}{(bx^8 + a)^{1/4} a + (bx^8 + a)^{1/4} bx^8} dx \right) d$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{x^8}{(bx^8 + a)^{1/4} a + (bx^8 + a)^{1/4} bx^8} dx \right) c$$

input `int(x^8*(d*x^8+c)/(b*x^8+a)^(5/4),x)`

output `int(x**16/((a + b*x**8)**(1/4)*a + (a + b*x**8)**(1/4)*b*x**8),x)*d + int(x**8/((a + b*x**8)**(1/4)*a + (a + b*x**8)**(1/4)*b*x**8),x)*c`

$$3.137 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	1225
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1225
Rubi [A] (verified)	1226
Maple [A] (verified)	1229
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1229
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1230
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1231
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1231
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1232
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1232

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} x^5} dx = \frac{d(2bc - ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} x^2}}{16c^2} + \frac{(6bc + ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} x^4}}{24c} + \frac{1}{6} a \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} x^6} - \frac{d^2(2bc - ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{16c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/16*d*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c^2+1/24*(a*d+6*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4/c+1/6*a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^6-1/16*d^2*(-a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} x} \left( \sqrt{cx}(6bc(d + 2cx^2) + a(-3d^2 + 2cdx^2 + 8c^2x^4)) + \frac{6d^2(-2bc+ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{-\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{d+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d+cx^2}} \right)}{48c^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x*(Sqrt[c]*x*(6*b*c*(d + 2*c*x^2) + a*(-3*d^2 + 2*c*d*x^2 + 8*c^2*x^4)) + (6*d^2*(-2*b*c + a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(-Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[d + c*x^2])])/Sqrt[d + c*x^2]))/(48*c^(5/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 51, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 d \frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^6 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2bc - ad) \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 d \frac{1}{x^2}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^6 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2bc - ad) \left( \frac{1}{4} d \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^6 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2bc - ad) \left( \frac{1}{4}d \left( -\frac{d \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^6 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2bc - ad) \left( \frac{1}{4}d \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{dx^4} - \frac{c}{d} d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^6 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2bc - ad) \left( \frac{1}{4}d \left( \frac{\operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^5,x]`

output `((a*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^6)/(3*c) - ((2*b*c - a*d)*(-1/2*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^4) + (d*(-((Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^2)/c) + (d*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c]])/c^(3/2))))/4)/(2*c))/2`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]$   
 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]

rule 52  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)})/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)))]$   
 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n), x], (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]

rule 87  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))]$   
 $\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^2(8ac^2x^4+2adx^2c+12bc^2x^2-3ad^2+6dbc)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{48c^2} + \frac{d^2(ad-2cb)\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{16c^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x\left(8c^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ax^3-6\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}adx+12c^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}bx+3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2x-6c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}bdx+3\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\right)}{48\sqrt{cx^2+d}c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{48}x^2(8ac^2x^4+2acdx^2+12bc^2x^2-3ad^2+6b^2cd)/c^2((cx^2+d)/x^2)^{(1/2)}+1/16d^2(a^2d-2b^2c)/c^{(5/2)}*\ln(c^{(1/2)}*x+(cx^2+d)^{(1/2)})$$
  

$$*((cx^2+d)/x^2)^{(1/2)}*x/(cx^2+d)^{(1/2)}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5 dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(2bcd^2 - ad^3)\sqrt{c} \log\left(-2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d\right) - 2(8ac^3x^6 + 2(6bc^3 + ac^2d)x^4 + 3(2bc^2d - a^2d^2))\sqrt{c}}{96c^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\left[-\frac{1}{96}(3(2b^2cd^2 - a^2d^3)\sqrt{c})\log(-2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{c}x^2\sqrt{(cx^2+d)/x^2} - d) - 2(8ac^3x^6 + 2(6bc^3 + ac^2d)x^4 + 3(2b^2cd - a^2d^2))\sqrt{c}\right]$$
  

$$+ \frac{1}{48}(3(2b^2cd^2 - a^2d^3)\sqrt{-c})\arctan(\sqrt{-c}x^2\sqrt{(cx^2+d)/x^2}/(cx^2+d)) + (8ac^3x^6 + 2(6bc^3 + ac^2d)x^4 + 3(2b^2cd - a^2d^2))\sqrt{(cx^2+d)/x^2}/c^3]$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 226 vs.  $2(105) = 210$ .

Time = 35.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5 dx = \frac{acx^7}{6\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{5a\sqrt{d}x^5}{24\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{ad^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3}{48c\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}$$

$$- \frac{ad^{\frac{5}{2}}x}{16c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{ad^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16c^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{bcx^5}{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}$$

$$+ \frac{3b\sqrt{d}x^3}{8\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{bd^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{8c\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{bd^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)*x**5,x)`

output `a*c*x**7/(6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 5*a*sqrt(d)*x**5/(24*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - a*d**(3/2)*x**3/(48*c*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - a*d**(5/2)*x/(16*c**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + a*d**3*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(16*c**(5/2)) + b*c*x**5/(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 3*b*sqrt(d)*x**3/(8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + b*d**(3/2)*x/(8*c*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - b*d**2*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(8*c**(3/2))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5 dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{96} \left( \frac{3d^3 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}+\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2\left(3\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3 - 8\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}cd^3 - 3\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}c^2d^3\right)}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^3c^2 - 3\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2c^3 + 3\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)c^4 - c^5} \right) a$$

$$+ \frac{1}{16} \left( \frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}+\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\left(\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 + \sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}cd^2\right)}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2c - 2\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)c^2 + c^3} \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/96*(3*d^3*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(5/2) + 2*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d^3 - 8*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c*d^3 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2*d^3)/((c + d/x^2)^3*c^2 - 3*(c + d/x^2)^2*c^3 + 3*(c + d/x^2)*c^4 - c^5))*a + 1/16*(d^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(3/2) + 2*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^2 + sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*d^2)/((c + d/x^2)^2*c - 2*(c + d/x^2)*c^2 + c^3))*b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{48} \left( 2 \left( 4ax^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{6bc^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + ac^3 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^4} \right) x^2 + \frac{3(2bc^3 d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - ac^2 d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x))}{c^4} \right) \sqrt{cx^2 + dx}$$

$$+ \frac{(2bcd^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - ad^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log(|-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}|)}{16c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{(2bcd^2 \log(|d|) - ad^3 \log(|d|)) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{32c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{48} * (2 * (4 * a * x^2 * \operatorname{sgn}(x) + (6 * b * c^4 * \operatorname{sgn}(x) + a * c^3 * d * \operatorname{sgn}(x)) / c^4) * x^2 + 3 * (2 * b * c^3 * d * \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a * c^2 * d^2 * \operatorname{sgn}(x)) / c^4) * \sqrt{c * x^2 + d} * x + \frac{1}{16} * (2 * b * c * d^2 * \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a * d^3 * \operatorname{sgn}(x)) * \log(\operatorname{abs}(-\sqrt{c} * x + \sqrt{c * x^2 + d})) / c^{(5/2)} - \frac{1}{32} * (2 * b * c * d^2 * \log(\operatorname{abs}(d)) - a * d^3 * \log(\operatorname{abs}(d))) * \operatorname{sgn}(x) / c^{(5/2)}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5 dx = \frac{a x^6 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{16} + \frac{b x^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8} + \frac{a x^6 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{6 c} - \frac{a x^6 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{16 c^2} + \frac{b x^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{8 c} - \frac{b d^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8 c^{3/2}} - \frac{a d^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{li}}{16 c^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output 
$$\frac{(a * x^6 * (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})}{16} + \frac{(b * x^4 * (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})}{8} + \frac{(a * x^6 * (c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)})}{(6 * c)} - \frac{(a * x^6 * (c + d/x^2)^{(5/2)})}{(16 * c^2)} + \frac{(b * x^4 * (c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)})}{(8 * c)} - \frac{(a * d^3 * \operatorname{atan}(((c + d/x^2)^{(1/2}) * \operatorname{li}) / c^{(1/2)}) * \operatorname{li})}{(16 * c^{(5/2)})} - \frac{(b * d^2 * \operatorname{atanh}((c + d/x^2)^{(1/2}) / c^{(1/2)}))}{(8 * c^{(3/2)})}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5 dx = \frac{8\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^3x^5 + 2\sqrt{cx^2+d}a^2c^2dx^3 - 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x + 12\sqrt{cx^2+db}c^3x^3 + 6\sqrt{cx^2+db}c^2dx + \dots}{48c^3}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^5,x)`

output `(8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**3*x**5 + 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**2*x + 12*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*x**3 + 6*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**3 - 6*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c*d**2)/(48*c**3)`

**3.138**  $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1234
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1234
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1235
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1237
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1238
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1238
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1239
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1240
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1240
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1241

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3 dx = \frac{(4bc + ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8c} + \frac{1}{4}a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^4 + \frac{d(4bc - ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*(a*d+4*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c+1/4*a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4+1/8*d*(-a*d+4*b*c)*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3 dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x(\sqrt{cx}\sqrt{d + cx^2}(4bc + a(d + 2cx^2)) + d(-4bc + ad) \log(-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{d + cx^2}))}{8c^{3/2}\sqrt{d + cx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x*(Sqrt[c]*x*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*(4*b*c + a*(d + 2*c*x^2)) + d*(-4*b*c + a*d)*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[d + c*x^2]])/(8*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + c*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 d \frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{2c} - \frac{(4bc - ad) \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 d \frac{1}{x^2}}{4c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{2c} - \frac{(4bc - ad) \left( \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} - x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right)}{4c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{2c} - \frac{(4bc - ad) \left( \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{dx^4} - \frac{c}{d}} d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right)}{4c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{2c} - \frac{(4bc - ad) \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{\operatorname{darctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{4c} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^3,x]`

output `((a*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4)/(2*c) - ((4*b*c - a*d)*(-(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^2) - (d*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[c]))/(4*c))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]`  
`Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`  
`] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^2(2acx^2+ad+4cb)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8c} - \frac{d(ad-4cb)\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$	91
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x\left(2\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ax - \sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+d}adx + 4c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}bx - \ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})ad^2 + 4\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})bcd\right)}{8\sqrt{cx^2+d}c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	122

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*x^2*(2*a*c*x^2+a*d+4*b*c)/c*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)-1/8*d*(a*d-4*b*c)/c^(3/2)*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3 dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(4bcd - ad^2)\sqrt{c} \log \left( -2cx^2 + 2\sqrt{cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d \right) - 2(2ac^2x^4 + (4bc^2 + acd)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{16c^2}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{(4bcd - ad^2)\sqrt{-c} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{cx^2+d} \right) - (2ac^2x^4 + (4bc^2 + acd)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8c^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/16*((4*b*c*d - a*d^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d) - 2*(2*a*c^2*x^4 + (4*b*c^2 + a*c*d)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/c^2, -1/8*((4*b*c*d - a*d^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d)) - (2*a*c^2*x^4 + (4*b*c^2 + a*c*d)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/c^2]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 33.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3 dx = \frac{acx^5}{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{3a\sqrt{d}x^3}{8\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{ad^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{8c\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}$$

$$- \frac{ad^2 \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{2} + \frac{bd \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)*x**3,x)`

output

```
a*c*x**5/(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 3*a*sqrt(d)*x**3/(8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + a*d**(3/2)*x/(8*c*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - a*d**2*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(8*c**(3/2)) + b*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/2 + b*d*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(2*sqrt(c))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 159 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \left( \frac{d^2 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2 \left( \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 + \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c d^2 \right)}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^2 c - 2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right) c^2 + c^3} \right) a$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 - \frac{d \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) b$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/16*(d^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(3/2) + 2*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^2 + sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*d^2)/((c + d/x^2)^2*c - 2*(c + d/x^2)*c^2 + c^3))*a + 1/4*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x^2 - d*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/sqrt(c))*b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3 dx = \frac{1}{8} \left( 2ax^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{4bc^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + acd \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^2} \right) \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \\ - \frac{(4bcd \operatorname{sgn}(x) - ad^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log(|-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}|)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ + \frac{(4bcd \log(|d|) - ad^2 \log(|d|)) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{16c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(2*a*x^2*sgn(x) + (4*b*c^2*sgn(x) + a*c*d*sgn(x))/c^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*x - 1/8*(4*b*c*d*sgn(x) - a*d^2*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(c*x^2 + d)))/c^(3/2) + 1/16*(4*b*c*d*log(abs(d)) - a*d^2*log(abs(d)))*sgn(x)/c^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3 dx = \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8} + \frac{bx^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2} + \frac{ax^4 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{8c} \\ + \frac{bd \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ad^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(a*x^4*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/8 + (b*x^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/2 + (a*x^4*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c) + (b*d*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(1/2)) - (a*d^2*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(8*c^(3/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2x^3 + \sqrt{cx^2+d}acdx + 4\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2x - \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ad^2 + 4\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bd}{8c^2}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3,x)`output `(2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*x**3 + sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x + 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*x - sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c*d)/(8*c**2)`

**3.139**  $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1242
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1242
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1243
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1245
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1246
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1246
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1247
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1247
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1248
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1248

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x dx = -b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \frac{1}{2}a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^2 + \frac{(2bc + ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

output `-b*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2+1/2*(a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x dx = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(-2b + ax^2 + \frac{2(2bc + ad)x\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{-\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{d+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d + cx^2}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x,x]`

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*(-2*b + a*x^2 + (2*(2*b*c + a*d))*x*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/(-\text{Sqrt}[d] + \text{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2])]))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2]))}{2}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{(ad + 2bc) \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2}}{2c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{(ad + 2bc) \left( c \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{(ad + 2bc) \left( \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{dx^4} d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{(ad + 2bc) \left(2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)}{2c} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x,x]`

output `((a*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2)/c - ((2*b*c + a*d)*(2*Sqrt[c + d/x^2] - 2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c]]))/(2*c))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	si
risch	$\frac{(ax^2 - 2b)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{2} + \frac{\left(\frac{ad}{2} + cb\right) \ln(\sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{cx^2+d})\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$	77
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} \left( 2c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}bx^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+d}adx^2 - 2\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}b + \ln(\sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{cx^2+d})ad^2x + 2\ln(\sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{cx^2+d})bcdx \right)}{2\sqrt{cx^2+d}d\sqrt{c}}$	112

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(a*x^2-2*b)*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+(1/2*a*d+c*b)*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(2bc + ad)\sqrt{c} \log \left( -2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{c}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d \right) + 2(acx^2 - 2bc)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{4c}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{(2bc + ad)\sqrt{-c} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{cx^2+d} \right) - (acx^2 - 2bc)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{2c} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*((2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d) + 2*(a*c*x^2 - 2*b*c)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/c, -1/2*((2*b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d)) - (a*c*x^2 - 2*b*c)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/c]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 33.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x dx = \frac{a\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{2} + \frac{ad \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

$$+ b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}} \right) - \frac{bcx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{b\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)*x,x)`

output

```
a*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/2 + a*d*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(2*sqrt(c)
) + b*sqrt(c)*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d)) - b*c*x/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)
) - b*sqrt(d)/(x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x dx = \frac{1}{4} \left( 2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 - \frac{d \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) a$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{c} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right) + 2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) b$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x^2 - d*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d
/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/sqrt(c))*a - 1/2*(sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c)
)/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c))) + 2*sqrt(c + d/x^2))*b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{cx^2 + d} ax \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{2b\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 - d}$$

$$- \frac{(2bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) + ad \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log \left( (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 \right)}{4\sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*x*sgn(x) + 2*b*sqrt(c)*d*sgn(x)/((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c
*x^2 + d))^2 - d) - 1/4*(2*b*c*sgn(x) + a*d*sgn(x))*log((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(
c*x^2 + d))^2)/sqrt(c)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x dx = \frac{a x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2} - b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + b \sqrt{c} \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) + \frac{a d \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2 \sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
int(x*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(a*x^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/2 - b*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2) + b*c^(1/2)*atanh((c + d
/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)) + (a*d*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x dx = \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2+d}acx^2 - 8\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc + 4\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) adx + 8\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) bcx - \sqrt{c} adx}{8cx}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x,x)
```

output

```
(4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c + 4*sqrt(c)*log((sqr
t(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*x + 8*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d
) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c*x - sqrt(c)*a*d*x - 8*sqrt(c)*b*c*x)/(8*c*x)
```

**3.140**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1249
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1249
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1250
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1252
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1252
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1253
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1253
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1254
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1254
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1255

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx = -a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3d} + a\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)$$

output `-a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*b*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d+a*c^(1/2)*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( 3adx^2 + b(d + cx^2) + \frac{3a\sqrt{cd}x^3 \log\left(-\sqrt{cx + \sqrt{d+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{d+cx^2}} \right)}{3dx^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x,x]`

output

```
-1/3*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(3*a*d*x^2 + b*(d + c*x^2) + (3*a*Sqrt[c]*d*x^3*Log[
-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[d + c*x^2]]))/Sqrt[d + c*x^2]))/(d*x^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -a \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3d} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -a \left( c \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3d} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -a \left( \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{dx^4} - \frac{c}{d}} d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3d} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -a \left( 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3d} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x,x]`

output `((-2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d) - a*(2*Sqrt[c + d/x^2] - 2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c]]))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(3adx^2+bcx^2+bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{3x^2d} + \frac{a\sqrt{c}\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}x$	84
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}\left(3c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}ax^4-3\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ax^2+3\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})acd x^3-\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}b\right)}{3x^2\sqrt{cx^2+d}d\sqrt{c}}$	110

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/3*(3*a*d*x^2+b*c*x^2+b*d)/x^2/d*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+a*c^(1/2)*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3a\sqrt{cd}x^2 \log\left(-2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{c}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d\right) - 2((bc + 3ad)x^2 + bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{6dx^2}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{3a\sqrt{-cd}x^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{cx^2+d}\right) + ((bc + 3ad)x^2 + bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{3dx^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/6*(3*a*sqrt(c)*d*x^2*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)
- d) - 2*((b*c + 3*a*d)*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d*x^2), -1/3*(
3*a*sqrt(-c)*d*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d))
+ ((b*c + 3*a*d)*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d*x^2)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx = -\frac{a \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2c \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c}} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ -\sqrt{c} \log(x^2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{c}}{x^2} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ -\frac{2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
-a*Piecewise((2*c*atan(sqrt(c + d/x**2)/sqrt(-c))/sqrt(-c) + 2*sqrt(c + d/
x**2), Ne(d, 0)), (-sqrt(c)*log(x**2), True))/2 + b*Piecewise((-sqrt(c)/x*
*2, Eq(d, 0)), (-2*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/(3*d), True))/2
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{c} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right) + 2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) a - \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))
+ 2*sqrt(c + d/x^2))*a - 1/3*b*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)/d
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2} a \sqrt{c} \log \left( \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^2 \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^4 b c^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^4 a \sqrt{cd} \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 6 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^2 a \sqrt{cd} \right)}{3 \left( \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^2 - d \right)^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2*a*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2)*sgn(x) + 2/3*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(3/2)*sgn(x) + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*sqrt(c)*d*sgn(x) - 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*sqrt(c)*d^2*sgn(x) + b*c^(3/2)*d^2*sgn(x) + 3*a*sqrt(c)*d^3*sgn(x))/((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^3
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx = a \sqrt{c} \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) - a \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \frac{b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (cx^2 + d)}{3 d x^2}$$

input

```
int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/x,x)
```

output

```
a*c^(1/2)*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)) - a*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2) - (b*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(d + c*x^2))/(3*d*x^2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{cx^2 + d}adx^2 - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}bcx^2 - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}bd + 3\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) adx^3 + \sqrt{c}adx^3 - \sqrt{c}bcx^3}{3dx^3}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `( - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d*x**2 - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*x**2 - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d + 3*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*x**3 + sqrt(c)*a*d*x**3 - sqrt(c)*b*c*x**3)/(3*d*x**3)`

$$3.141 \quad \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1256
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1256
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1257
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1258
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1259
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1259
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1260
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1260
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1261
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1261

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{(bc - ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3d^2} - \frac{b \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^2}$$

output  $1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^2-1/5*b*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^2$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (d + cx^2) (-3bd + 2bcx^2 - 5adx^2)}{15d^2x^4}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(d + c*x^2)*(-3*b*d + 2*b*c*x^2 - 5*a*d*x^2))/(15*d^2*x^4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {946, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 946$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d} + \frac{(ad - bc)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} \right) d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} (bc - ad)}{3d^2} - \frac{2b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^2} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x^3,x]`

output `((2*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d^2) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d^2))/2`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 946 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}(5adx^2-2bcx^2+3bd)(cx^2+d)}{15d^2x^4}$	48
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}(5adx^2-2bcx^2+3bd)(cx^2+d)}{15d^2x^4}$	48
orering	$-\frac{(5adx^2-2bcx^2+3bd)(cx^2+d)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{15d^2(ax^2+b)x^2}$	60
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}(5acd^2x^4-2bc^2x^4+5ad^2x^2+bcdx^2+3bd^2)}{15x^4d^2}$	62
trager	$-\frac{(5acd^2x^4-2bc^2x^4+5ad^2x^2+bcdx^2+3bd^2)\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{15x^4d^2}$	66

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/15*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*(5*a*d*x^2-2*b*c*x^2+3*b*d)*(c*x^2+d)/d^2/x^4`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{((2bc^2 - 5acd)x^4 - 3bd^2 - (bcd + 5ad^2)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{15d^2x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*((2*b*c^2 - 5*a*c*d)*x^4 - 3*b*d^2 - (b*c*d + 5*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d^2*x^4)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} - \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{c(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right)}{d^2} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{2x^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `-a*Piecewise((2*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/(3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/x**2, True))/2 - b*Piecewise((2*(-c*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + (c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5)/d**2, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(2*x**4), True))/2`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{15} b \left( \frac{3(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{d^2} - \frac{5(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} c}{d^2} \right) - \frac{a(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*b*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^2 - 5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c/d^2) - 1/3*a*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)/d`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.43

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2 \left( 15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 30 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^6 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 30 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^6 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*a*c^(3/2)*sgn(x) + 30*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*b*c^(5/2)*sgn(x) - 30*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^(3/2)*d*sgn(x) + 10*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(5/2)*d*sgn(x) + 20*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^(3/2)*d^2*sgn(x) + 10*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(5/2)*d^2*sgn(x) - 10*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*c^(3/2)*d^3*sgn(x) - 2*b*c^(5/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 5*a*c^(3/2)*d^4*sgn(x))/((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^5`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (bc^2 + adc)}{5d^2} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{5x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (5ad^2 + bcd)}{15d^2x^2} - \frac{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (8ad + bc)}{15d^2}$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/x^3,x)`output `((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(b*c^2 + a*c*d))/(5*d^2) - (b*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(5*x^4) - ((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(5*a*d^2 + b*c*d))/(15*d^2*x^2) - (c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(8*a*d + b*c))/(15*d^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-5\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd x^4 - 5\sqrt{cx^2+d}a d^2 x^2 + 2\sqrt{cx^2+d}b c^2 x^4 - \sqrt{cx^2+d}bcd x^2 - 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}b d^2 - \sqrt{c}}{15d^2x^5}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `(- 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x**4 - 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**2 - sqrt(c)*a*c*d*x**5 - 2*sqrt(c)*b*c**2*x**5)/(15*d**2*x**5)`

**3.142**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1262
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1262
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1263
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1264
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1265
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1265
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1266
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1266
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1267
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1267

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c(bc - ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3d^3} + \frac{(2bc - ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^3} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{7d^3}$$

output

```
-1/3*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^3+1/5*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^3
-1/7*b*(c+d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(d + cx^2)(-15bd^2 + 12bcdx^2 - 21ad^2x^2 - 8bc^2x^4 + 14acdx^4)}{105d^3x^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x^5,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*(d + c*x^2)*(-15*b*d^2 + 12*b*c*d*x^2 - 21*a*d^2*x^2 - 8*b*c^2*x^4 + 14*a*c*d*x^4))/(105*d^3*x^6)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} d \frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{d^2} + \frac{(ad - 2bc)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{d^2} + \frac{c(bc - ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^2} \right) d \frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2} (2bc - ad)}{5d^3} - \frac{2c(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} (bc - ad)}{3d^3} - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{7d^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2])/x^5, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-2*c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)})/(3*d^3) + (2*(2*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^{(5/2)})/(5*d^3) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^{(7/2)})/(7*d^3))/2}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1]) || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /;`  
`SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} (14acd x^4 - 8b c^2 x^4 - 21a d^2 x^2 + 12bcd x^2 - 15b d^2) (cx^2 + d)}{105d^3 x^6}$	70
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} (14acd x^4 - 8b c^2 x^4 - 21a d^2 x^2 + 12bcd x^2 - 15b d^2) (cx^2 + d)}{105d^3 x^6}$	70
orering	$\frac{(14acd x^4 - 8b c^2 x^4 - 21a d^2 x^2 + 12bcd x^2 - 15b d^2) (cx^2 + d) \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{105d^3 (ax^2 + b)x^4}$	82
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} (14a c^2 d x^6 - 8b c^3 x^6 - 7ac d^2 x^4 + 4b c^2 d x^4 - 21a d^3 x^2 - 3bc d^2 x^2 - 15b d^3)}{105x^6 d^3}$	87
trager	$\frac{(14a c^2 d x^6 - 8b c^3 x^6 - 7ac d^2 x^4 + 4b c^2 d x^4 - 21a d^3 x^2 - 3bc d^2 x^2 - 15b d^3) \sqrt{-\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{105x^6 d^3}$	91

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/105*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*(14*a*c*d*x^4-8*b*c^2*x^4-21*a*d^2*x^2+12*b*c*d*x^2-15*b*d^2)*(c*x^2+d)/d^3/x^6`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(2(4bc^3 - 7ac^2d)x^6 - (4bc^2d - 7acd^2)x^4 + 15bd^3 + 3(bcd^2 + 7ad^3)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{105d^3x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/105*(2*(4*b*c^3 - 7*a*c^2*d)*x^6 - (4*b*c^2*d - 7*a*c*d^2)*x^4 + 15*b*d^3 + 3*(b*c*d^2 + 7*a*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d^3*x^6)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( 2 \left( -\frac{c \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{\left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right)}{d^2} \text{ for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{2x^4} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{2} - \frac{b \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( 2 \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{2c \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{\left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \right)}{d^3} \text{ for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{3x^6} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**5,x)`

output

```
-a*Piecewise((2*(-c*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + (c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5)/d**2, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(2*x**4), True))/2 - b*Piecewise((2*(c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 - 2*c*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 + (c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7)/d**3, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(3*x**6), True))/2
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{105} b \left( \frac{15 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{d^3} - \frac{42 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}} c}{d^3} + \frac{35 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2}{d^3} \right) - \frac{1}{15} a \left( \frac{3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{d^2} - \frac{5 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} c}{d^2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/105*b*(15*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^3 - 42*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c/d^3 + 35*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^2/d^3) - 1/15*a*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^2 - 5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c/d^2)
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 310 vs.  $2(62) = 124$ .

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx = \frac{4 \left( 105 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{10} ac^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 280 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 bc^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 175 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 ac \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{4}{105} \cdot (105 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^{10} \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} \cdot \text{sgn}(x) + 280 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^8 \cdot b \cdot c^{7/2} \cdot \text{sgn}(x) - 175 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^6 \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} \cdot d \cdot \text{sgn}(x) + 140 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^4 \cdot b \cdot c^{7/2} \cdot d \cdot \text{sgn}(x) + 70 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^2 \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} \cdot d^2 \cdot \text{sgn}(x) + 84 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^0 \cdot b \cdot c^{7/2} \cdot d^2 \cdot \text{sgn}(x) - 42 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^8 \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} \cdot d^3 \cdot \text{sgn}(x) - 28 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^6 \cdot b \cdot c^{7/2} \cdot d^3 \cdot \text{sgn}(x) + 49 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^4 \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} \cdot d^4 \cdot \text{sgn}(x) + 4 \cdot b \cdot c^{7/2} \cdot d^4 \cdot \text{sgn}(x) - 7 \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} \cdot d^5 \cdot \text{sgn}(x)) / ((\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^2 - d)^7$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2ac^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{15d^2} - \frac{b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{7x^6} - \frac{a \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{5x^4} - \frac{8bc^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{105d^3} - \frac{ac \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{15dx^2} - \frac{bc \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{35dx^4} + \frac{4bc^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{105d^2x^2}$$

input

$$\text{int}(((a + b/x^2) \cdot (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/x^5, x)$$

output

$$(2 \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (15 \cdot d^2) - (b \cdot (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (7 \cdot x^6) - (a \cdot (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (5 \cdot x^4) - (8 \cdot b \cdot c^3 \cdot (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (105 \cdot d^3) - (a \cdot c \cdot (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (15 \cdot d \cdot x^2) - (b \cdot c \cdot (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (35 \cdot d \cdot x^4) + (4 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (105 \cdot d^2 \cdot x^2)$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^5} dx = \frac{14\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^2dx^6 - 7\sqrt{cx^2 + d}acd^2x^4 - 21\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ad^3x^2 - 8\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bc^3x^6 + 4\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bc^2dx^4}{105d^3x^7}$$



input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output `(14*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d*x**6 - 7*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**2*x**4 - 21*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**3*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*x**6 + 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d*x**4 - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 15*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**3 - 14*sqrt(c)*a*c**2*d*x**7 + 8*sqrt(c)*b*c**3*x**7)/(105*d**3*x**7)`

**3.143**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1269
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1269
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1270
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1271
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1272
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1272
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1273
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1273
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1274
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1275

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx = \frac{c^2(bc - ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3d^4} - \frac{c(3bc - 2ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^4} + \frac{(3bc - ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{7d^4} - \frac{b \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2}}{9d^4}$$

output

```
1/3*c^2*(-a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^4-1/5*c*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^4+1/7*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^4-1/9*b*(c+d/x^2)^(9/2)/d^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(d + cx^2)(-35bd^3 + 30bcd^2x^2 - 45ad^3x^2 - 24bc^2dx^4 + 36acd^2x^4 + 16bc^3x^6 - 24ac^2dx^6)}{315d^4x^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x^7,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*(d + c*x^2)*(-35*b*d^3 + 30*b*c*d^2*x^2 - 45*a*d^3*x^2 - 24*b*c^2*d*x^4 + 36*a*c*d^2*x^4 + 16*b*c^3*x^6 - 24*a*c^2*d*x^6))/(315*d^4*x^8)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 948

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} d\frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 86

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{d^3} + \frac{(ad - 3bc)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{d^3} + \frac{c(3bc - 2ad)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{d^3} - \frac{c^2(bc - ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^3} \right) d\frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2c^2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}(bc - ad)}{3d^4} + \frac{2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}(3bc - ad)}{7d^4} - \frac{2c(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}(3bc - 2ad)}{5d^4} - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}}{9d^4} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(a + b/x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]}{x^7}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((2*c^2*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d^4) - (2*c*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d^4) + (2*(3*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2))/(7*d^4) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2))/(9*d^4))/2}$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} (24a^2cx^6 - 16b^2c^3x^6 - 36acd^2x^4 + 24b^2c^2dx^4 + 45a^2d^3x^2 - 30bcd^2x^2 + 35b^2d^3)(cx^2+d)}{315d^4x^8}$	94
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} (24a^2cx^6 - 16b^2c^3x^6 - 36acd^2x^4 + 24b^2c^2dx^4 + 45a^2d^3x^2 - 30bcd^2x^2 + 35b^2d^3)(cx^2+d)}{315d^4x^8}$	94
orering	$-\frac{(24a^2cx^6 - 16b^2c^3x^6 - 36acd^2x^4 + 24b^2c^2dx^4 + 45a^2d^3x^2 - 30bcd^2x^2 + 35b^2d^3)(cx^2+d)\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315d^4(ax^2+b)x^6}$	106
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} (24a^2cx^6 - 16b^2c^3x^6 - 12a^2c^2d^2x^6 + 8b^2c^3dx^6 + 9acd^3x^4 - 6b^2c^2d^2x^4 + 45a^2d^4x^2 + 5bcd^3x^2 + 35b^2d^4)}{315x^8d^4}$	111
trager	$-\frac{(24a^2cx^6 - 16b^2c^3x^6 - 12a^2c^2d^2x^6 + 8b^2c^3dx^6 + 9acd^3x^4 - 6b^2c^2d^2x^4 + 45a^2d^4x^2 + 5bcd^3x^2 + 35b^2d^4)\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{315x^8d^4}$	115

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/315*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*(24*a*c^2*d*x^6-16*b*c^3*x^6-36*a*c*d^2*x^4+24*b*c^2*d*x^4+45*a*d^3*x^2-30*b*c*d^2*x^2+35*b*d^3)*(c*x^2+d)/d^4/x^8
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{(8(2bc^4 - 3ac^3d)x^8 - 4(2bc^3d - 3ac^2d^2)x^6 - 35bd^4 + 3(2bc^2d^2 - 3acd^3)x^4 - 5(bcd^3 + 9ad^4)x^2) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315d^4x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/315*(8*(2*b*c^4 - 3*a*c^3*d)*x^8 - 4*(2*b*c^3*d - 3*a*c^2*d^2)*x^6 - 35*b*d^4 + 3*(2*b*c^2*d^2 - 3*a*c*d^3)*x^4 - 5*(b*c*d^3 + 9*a*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d^4*x^8)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{a \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{c^2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{2c \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \right)}{d^3} \right.}{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{3x^6}} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } d \neq 0}{2} \text{ otherwise}$$

$$- \frac{b \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{2 \left( -\frac{c^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3c^2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{3c \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} \right)}{d^4} \right.}{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{4x^8}} \end{array} \right) \text{ for } d \neq 0}{2} \text{ otherwise}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**7,x)`

output

```
-a*Piecewise((2*(c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 - 2*c*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 +
(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7)/d**3, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(3*x**6), True))/2 - b*Pi
ecewise((2*(-c**3*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + 3*c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 - 3
*c*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7 + (c + d/x**2)**(9/2)/9)/d**4, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)
)/(4*x**8), True))/2
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{315} b \left( \frac{35 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{d^4} - \frac{135 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{7}{2}} c}{d^4} + \frac{189 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}} c^2}{d^4} - \frac{105 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3}{d^4} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{105} a \left( \frac{15 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{d^3} - \frac{42 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}} c}{d^3} + \frac{35 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2}{d^3} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/315*b*(35*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)/d^4 - 135*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*c/d^4 + 189*(c
+ d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^2/d^4 - 105*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^3/d^4) - 1/105*a*(15*(c +
d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^3 - 42*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c/d^3 + 35*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^2/
d^3)
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs.  $2(88) = 176$ .

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{16 \left( 210 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{12} ac^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 630 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{10} bc^{\frac{9}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 315 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 \right)}{105}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `16/315*(210*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^12*a*c^(7/2)*sgn(x) + 630*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*b*c^(9/2)*sgn(x) - 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*a*c^(7/2)*d*sgn(x) + 378*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*b*c^(9/2)*d*sgn(x) + 63*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*a*c^(7/2)*d^2*sgn(x) + 168*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*b*c^(9/2)*d^2*sgn(x) - 42*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^(7/2)*d^3*sgn(x) - 72*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(9/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 108*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^(7/2)*d^4*sgn(x) + 18*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(9/2)*d^4*sgn(x) - 27*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*c^(7/2)*d^5*sgn(x) - 2*b*c^(9/2)*d^5*sgn(x) + 3*a*c^(7/2)*d^6*sgn(x))/((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^9`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx = \frac{16bc^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315d^4} - \frac{b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{9x^8} - \frac{8ac^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{105d^3} - \frac{a \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{7x^6} - \frac{ac \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{35dx^4} - \frac{bc \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{63dx^6} + \frac{4ac^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{105d^2x^2} + \frac{2bc^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{105d^2x^4} - \frac{8bc^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315d^3x^2}$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/x^7,x)`

output `(16*b*c^4*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(315*d^4) - (b*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(9*x^8) - (8*a*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(105*d^3) - (a*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(7*x^6) - (a*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(35*d*x^4) - (b*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(63*d*x^6) + (4*a*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(105*d^2*x^2) + (2*b*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(105*d^2*x^4) - (8*b*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(315*d^3*x^2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-24\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^3dx^8 + 12\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2d^2x^6 - 9\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^3x^4 - 45\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^4x^2 + 16\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^4x^8 - 8\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^3c^2x^6 + 6\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2c^3x^4 - 5\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2c^2d^2x^2 - 35\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2cd^3x^2 - 35\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2cd^4x^2 + 24\sqrt{c}ac^3d^4x^9 - 16\sqrt{c}bd^4x^9}{(315d^4x^9)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x)`

output

```
( - 24*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**3*d*x**8 + 12*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d**2*x*
*6 - 9*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**3*x**4 - 45*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**4*x**2 +
16*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**4*x**8 - 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*d*x**6 + 6*sq
r
t(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**3*x**2 - 35*sq
r
t(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**4 + 24*sqrt(c)*a*c**3*d*x**9 - 16*sqrt(c)*b*c**4*x**9)/
(315*d**4*x**9)
```



**3.144** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx$$

Optimal result	1276
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1277
Rubi [A] (verified)	1277
Maple [A] (verified)	1279
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1279
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1280
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1281
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1281
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1282
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1283

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{c^3(bc - ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3d^5} + \frac{c^2(4bc - 3ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^5} - \frac{3c(2bc - ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{7d^5} + \frac{(4bc - ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2}}{9d^5} - \frac{b \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{11/2}}{11d^5}$$

output

```
-1/3*c^3*(-a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^5+1/5*c^2*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^5-3/7*c*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^5+1/9*(-a*d+4*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(9/2)/d^5-1/11*b*(c+d/x^2)^(11/2)/d^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(d + cx^2)(11adx^2(-35d^3 + 30cd^2x^2 - 24c^2dx^4 + 16c^3x^6) + b(-315d^4 + 280cd^3x^2 - 240c^2d^2x^4 + 192c^3dx^6 - 128c^4x^8))}{3465d^5x^{10}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x^9,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(d + c*x^2)*(11*a*d*x^2*(-35*d^3 + 30*c*d^2*x^2 - 24*c^2*d*x^4 + 16*c^3*x^6) + b*(-315*d^4 + 280*c*d^3*x^2 - 240*c^2*d^2*x^4 + 192*c^3*d*x^6 - 128*c^4*x^8)))/(3465*d^5*x^10)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^6} d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}}{d^4} + \frac{(ad - 4bc)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{d^4} + \frac{3c(2bc - ad)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{d^4} - \frac{c^2(4bc - 3ad)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{d^4} + \frac{c^3(bc - ad)}{d^4} \right) d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{2c^3 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} (bc - ad)}{3d^5} + \frac{2c^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} (4bc - 3ad)}{5d^5} + \frac{2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2} (4bc - ad)}{9d^5} - \frac{6c \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2} (2bc - ad)}{7d^5} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x^9,x]`

output `((-2*c^3*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d^5) + (2*c^2*(4*b*c - 3*a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d^5) - (6*c*(2*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2))/(7*d^5) + (2*(4*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2))/(9*d^5) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(11/2))/(11*d^5))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
gospers	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} (176ac^3dx^8 - 128b^4c^4x^8 - 264ac^2d^2x^6 + 192bc^3dx^6 + 330acd^3x^4 - 240b^2c^2d^2x^4 - 385ad^4x^2 + 280bc^3d^3x^2 - 315bd^4) (cx^2+d)}{3465d^5x^{10}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} (176ac^3dx^8 - 128b^4c^4x^8 - 264ac^2d^2x^6 + 192bc^3dx^6 + 330acd^3x^4 - 240b^2c^2d^2x^4 - 385ad^4x^2 + 280bc^3d^3x^2 - 315bd^4) (cx^2+d)}{3465d^5x^{10}}$
orering	$\frac{(176ac^3dx^8 - 128b^4c^4x^8 - 264ac^2d^2x^6 + 192bc^3dx^6 + 330acd^3x^4 - 240b^2c^2d^2x^4 - 385ad^4x^2 + 280bc^3d^3x^2 - 315bd^4) (cx^2+d) \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{3465d^5(a x^2 + b)x^8}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} (176ac^4dx^{10} - 128bc^5x^{10} - 88ac^3d^2x^8 + 64bc^4dx^8 + 66ac^2d^3x^6 - 48bc^3d^2x^6 - 55acd^4x^4 + 40bc^2d^3x^4 - 385ad^5x^2 - 35bcd^4) (cx^2+d)}{3465x^{10}d^5}$
trager	$\frac{(176ac^4dx^{10} - 128bc^5x^{10} - 88ac^3d^2x^8 + 64bc^4dx^8 + 66ac^2d^3x^6 - 48bc^3d^2x^6 - 55acd^4x^4 + 40bc^2d^3x^4 - 385ad^5x^2 - 35bcd^4) (cx^2+d)}{3465x^{10}d^5}$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{1}{3465} \left( \frac{(cx^2+d)}{x^2} \right)^{1/2} \frac{(176ac^3dx^8 - 128b^4c^4x^8 - 264ac^2d^2x^6 + 192bc^3dx^6 + 330acd^3x^4 - 240b^2c^2d^2x^4 - 385ad^4x^2 + 280bc^3d^3x^2 - 315bd^4) (cx^2+d)}{d^5x^{10}}$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx = \frac{(16(8bc^5 - 11ac^4d)x^{10} - 8(8bc^4d - 11ac^3d^2)x^8 + 6(8bc^3d^2 - 11ac^2d^3)x^6 + 315bd^5 - 5(8bc^2d^3 - 11ac^2d^4)x^4 + 35(bcd^4 + 11ad^5)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{3465d^5x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$-1/3465 * (16 * (8 * b * c^5 - 11 * a * c^4 * d) * x^{10} - 8 * (8 * b * c^4 * d - 11 * a * c^3 * d^2) * x^8 + 6 * (8 * b * c^3 * d^2 - 11 * a * c^2 * d^3) * x^6 + 315 * b * d^5 - 5 * (8 * b * c^2 * d^3 - 11 * a * c^2 * d^4) * x^4 + 35 * (b * c * d^4 + 11 * a * d^5) * x^2) * \text{sqrt}((c * x^2 + d) / x^2) / (d^5 * x^{10})$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{a \left( \begin{cases} 2 \left( -\frac{c^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3c^2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{3c \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} \right)}{d^4} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{4x^8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} - \frac{b \left( \begin{cases} 2 \left( \frac{c^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{4c^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6c^2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{4c \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} \right)}{d^5} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{5x^{10}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**9,x)`output `-a*Piecewise((2*(-c**3*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + 3*c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 - 3*c*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7 + (c + d/x**2)**(9/2)/9)/d**4, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(4*x**8), True))/2 - b*Piecewise((2*(c**4*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 - 4*c**3*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 + 6*c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7 - 4*c*(c + d/x**2)**(9/2)/9 + (c + d/x**2)**(11/2)/11)/d**5, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(5*x**10), True))/2`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{3465} b \left( \frac{315 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{d^5} - \frac{1540 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{9}{2}} c}{d^5} + \frac{2970 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{7}{2}} c^2}{d^5} - \frac{2772 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}} c^3}{d^5} + \frac{1155 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} c^4}{d^5} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{315} a \left( \frac{35 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{d^4} - \frac{135 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{7}{2}} c}{d^4} + \frac{189 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}} c^2}{d^4} - \frac{105 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3}{d^4} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3465*b*(315*(c + d/x^2)^(11/2)/d^5 - 1540*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)*c/d^5 + 2970*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*c^2/d^5 - 2772*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^3/d^5 + 1155*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^4/d^5) - 1/315*a*(35*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)/d^4 - 135*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*c/d^4 + 189*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^2/d^4 - 105*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^3/d^4)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 430 vs. 2(114) = 228.

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 430, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{32 \left( 3465 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{14} ac^{\frac{9}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 11088 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{12} bc^{\frac{11}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4851 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{10} c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 11088 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 bc^{\frac{11}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4851 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^6 c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 11088 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^4 bc^{\frac{11}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4851 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 4851 \operatorname{sgn}(x) \right)}{315 d^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
32/3465*(3465*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^14*a*c^(9/2)*sgn(x) + 11088*(s
qrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^12*b*c^(11/2)*sgn(x) - 4851*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(
c*x^2 + d))^12*a*c^(9/2)*d*sgn(x) + 7392*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*
b*c^(11/2)*d*sgn(x) + 231*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*a*c^(9/2)*d^2*s
gn(x) + 2640*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*b*c^(11/2)*d^2*sgn(x) - 165*(
sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*a*c^(9/2)*d^3*sgn(x) - 1320*(sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(c*x^2 + d))^6*b*c^(11/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 1815*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d)
)^6*a*c^(9/2)*d^4*sgn(x) + 440*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(11/2)*
d^4*sgn(x) - 605*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^(9/2)*d^5*sgn(x) - 88
*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(11/2)*d^5*sgn(x) + 121*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*c^(9/2)*d^6*sgn(x) + 8*b*c^(11/2)*d^6*sgn(x) - 11*a*c
^(9/2)*d^7*sgn(x))/((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^11
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx = \frac{16ac^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315d^4} - \frac{b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{11x^{10}} - \frac{a \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{9x^8}$$

$$- \frac{128bc^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{3465d^5} - \frac{ac \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{63dx^6} - \frac{bc \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{99dx^8}$$

$$+ \frac{2ac^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{105d^2x^4} - \frac{8ac^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315d^3x^2} + \frac{8bc^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{693d^2x^6}$$

$$- \frac{16bc^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{1155d^3x^4} + \frac{64bc^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{3465d^4x^2}$$

input

```
int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/x^9,x)
```

output

```
(16*a*c^4*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(315*d^4) - (b*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(11*x^10) -
(a*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(9*x^8) - (128*b*c^5*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(3465*d^5)
- (a*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(63*d*x^6) - (b*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(99*d*x^8)
+ (2*a*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(105*d^2*x^4) - (8*a*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/
(315*d^3*x^2) + (8*b*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(693*d^2*x^6) - (16*b*c^3*(c +
d/x^2)^(1/2))/(1155*d^3*x^4) + (64*b*c^4*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(3465*d^4*x^2
)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{176\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^4dx^{10} - 88\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^3d^2x^8 + 66\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2d^3x^6 - 55\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^4x^4 - 385\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^5x^2 - 128\sqrt{cx^2+d}b*c^5*x^{10} + 64\sqrt{cx^2+d}b*c^4*d*x^8 - 48\sqrt{cx^2+d}b*c^3*d^2*x^6 + 40\sqrt{cx^2+d}b*c^2*d^3*x^4 - 35\sqrt{cx^2+d}b*c*d^4*x^2 - 315\sqrt{cx^2+d}b*d^5 - 176\sqrt{c}a*c^4*d*x^{11} + 128\sqrt{c}b*c^5*x^{11})}{(3465*d^5*x^{11})}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^9,x)`

output

```
(176*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**4*d*x**10 - 88*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**3*d**2*x**
8 + 66*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d**3*x**6 - 55*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**4*x*
*4 - 385*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**5*x**2 - 128*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**5*x**10
+ 64*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**4*d*x**8 - 48*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*d**2*x**6
+ 40*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 35*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**4*x**
2 - 315*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**5 - 176*sqrt(c)*a*c**4*d*x**11 + 128*sqrt(c)
*b*c**5*x**11)/(3465*d**5*x**11)
```



**3.145**  $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^{10} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1284
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1285
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1285
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1287
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1288
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1289
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1290
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1290
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1291
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1291

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^{10} dx = -\frac{16d^3(11bc - 8ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3}{3465c^5} + \frac{8d^2(11bc - 8ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5}{1155c^4} - \frac{2d(11bc - 8ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7}{231c^3} + \frac{(11bc - 8ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^9}{99c^2} + \frac{a \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{11}}{11c}$$

output

```
-16/3465*d^3*(-8*a*d+11*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3/c^5+8/1155*d^2*(-8*a*d+11
*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5/c^4-2/231*d*(-8*a*d+11*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^7/
c^3+1/99*(-8*a*d+11*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^9/c^2+1/11*a*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^
11/c
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^{10} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x (d + cx^2) (11bc(-16d^3 + 24cd^2x^2 - 30c^2dx^4 + 35c^3x^6) + a(128d^4 - 192cd^3x^2 + 240c^2d^2x^4 - 280c^3d^2x^6 + 315c^4x^8))}{3465c^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^10,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x*(d + c*x^2)*(11*b*c*(-16*d^3 + 24*c*d^2*x^2 - 30*c^2*d*x^4 + 35*c^3*x^6) + a*(128*d^4 - 192*c*d^3*x^2 + 240*c^2*d^2*x^4 - 280*c^3*d^2*x^6 + 315*c^4*x^8)))/(3465*c^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{10} \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 955$$

$$\frac{(11bc - 8ad) \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx}{11c} + \frac{ax^{11} \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{11c}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$\frac{(11bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{x^9 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2d \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx}{3c} \right)}{11c} + \frac{ax^{11} \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{11c}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$(11bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{x^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{x^7 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4d \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx}{7c} \right)}{3c} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{11c}{11c} + \frac{ax^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{11c}$$

803

$$(11bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{x^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{x^7 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4d \left( \frac{x^5 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{2d \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right)}{3c} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{11c}{11c} + \frac{ax^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{11c}$$

796

$$(11bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{x^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{9c} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{x^7 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4d \left( \frac{x^5 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{2dx^3 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{15c^2} \right)}{7c} \right)}{3c} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{11c}{11c} + \frac{ax^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{11c}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^10,x]`

output

$$\frac{(a*(c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)}*x^{11})/(11*c) + ((11*b*c - 8*a*d)*((c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)}*x^9)/(9*c) - (2*d*((c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)}*x^7)/(7*c) - (4*d*((-2*d*(c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)}*x^3)/(15*c^2) + ((c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)}*x^5)/(5*c)))/(7*c)))/(3*c))/(11*c)}$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796

$$\text{Int}[(c_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1})/(a*c*(m+1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[(m+1)/n + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 803

$$\text{Int}[(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1})/(a*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1))) \ \text{Int}[x^{(m+n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{I} \ \text{LtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + p + 1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 955

$$\text{Int}[(e_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1})/(a*e*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(a*e^n*(m+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[e, 0]) \ \&\& \ ((\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]) \ || \ (\text{LtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+n, -1])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$$
**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
gospers	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c x^2+d}{x^2}} x (315 a x^8 c^4 - 280 a c^3 d x^6 + 385 b c^4 x^6 + 240 a c^2 d^2 x^4 - 330 b c^3 d x^4 - 192 a c d^3 x^2 + 264 b c^2 d^2 x^2 + 128 a d^4 - 176 b c d^3) (c x^2 + d)}{3465 c^5}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c x^2+d}{x^2}} x (315 a x^8 c^4 - 280 a c^3 d x^6 + 385 b c^4 x^6 + 240 a c^2 d^2 x^4 - 330 b c^3 d x^4 - 192 a c d^3 x^2 + 264 b c^2 d^2 x^2 + 128 a d^4 - 176 b c d^3) (c x^2 + d)}{3465 c^5}$
oring	$\frac{(315 a x^8 c^4 - 280 a c^3 d x^6 + 385 b c^4 x^6 + 240 a c^2 d^2 x^4 - 330 b c^3 d x^4 - 192 a c d^3 x^2 + 264 b c^2 d^2 x^2 + 128 a d^4 - 176 b c d^3) (c x^2 + d) x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{3465 c^5 (a x^2 + b)}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c x^2+d}{x^2}} x (315 a c^5 x^{10} + 35 a c^4 d x^8 + 385 b c^5 x^8 - 40 a c^3 d^2 x^6 + 55 b c^4 d x^6 + 48 a c^2 d^3 x^4 - 66 b c^3 d^2 x^4 - 64 a c d^4 x^2 + 88 b c^2 d^3 x^2 + 128 a d^5 - 176 b c d^4)}{3465 c^5}$
trager	$\frac{(315 a c^5 x^{10} + 35 a c^4 d x^8 + 385 b c^5 x^8 - 40 a c^3 d^2 x^6 + 55 b c^4 d x^6 + 48 a c^2 d^3 x^4 - 66 b c^3 d^2 x^4 - 64 a c d^4 x^2 + 88 b c^2 d^3 x^2 + 128 a d^5 - 176 b c d^4)}{3465 c^5}$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3465} \left( \frac{(c x^2 + d)}{x^2} \right)^{1/2} x \left( 315 a c^4 x^8 - 280 a c^3 d x^6 + 385 b c^4 x^6 + 240 a c^2 d^2 x^4 - 330 b c^3 d x^4 - 192 a c d^3 x^2 + 264 b c^2 d^2 x^2 + 128 a d^4 - 176 b c d^3 \right) (c x^2 + d) / c^5$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^{10} dx$$

$$= \frac{(315 a c^5 x^{11} + 35 (11 b c^5 + a c^4 d) x^9 + 5 (11 b c^4 d - 8 a c^3 d^2) x^7 - 6 (11 b c^3 d^2 - 8 a c^2 d^3) x^5 + 8 (11 b c^2 d^3 - 8 a c d^4) x^3 - 16 (11 b c d^4 - 8 a d^5) x) \sqrt{(c x^2 + d) / x^2}}{3465 c^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3465} (315 a c^5 x^{11} + 35 (11 b c^5 + a c^4 d) x^9 + 5 (11 b c^4 d - 8 a c^3 d^2) x^7 - 6 (11 b c^3 d^2 - 8 a c^2 d^3) x^5 + 8 (11 b c^2 d^3 - 8 a c d^4) x^3 - 16 (11 b c d^4 - 8 a d^5) x) \sqrt{(c x^2 + d) / x^2} / c^5$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1386 vs.  $2(146) = 292$ .

Time = 4.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1386, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.24

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^{10} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)*x**10,x)`

output

```
315*a*c**9*d**(33/2)*x**18*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 1386
0*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c
**5*d**20) + 1295*a*c**8*d**(35/2)*x**16*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**
16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19
*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 1990*a*c**7*d**(37/2)*x**14*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/
(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13
860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 1358*a*c**6*d**(39/2)*x**12*sqrt(
c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d
**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 343*a*c**5*d**(41/2
)*x**10*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 +
20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 35*a*c
**4*d**(43/2)*x**8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d
**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**2
0) + 280*a*c**3*d**(45/2)*x**6*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 +
13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 34
65*c**5*d**20) + 560*a*c**2*d**(47/2)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d
**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**
19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 448*a*c*d**(49/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(34
65*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860
*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 128*a*d**(51/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^{10} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( 35 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}} x^9 - 135 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} d x^7 + 189 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 x^5 - 105 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 x^3 \right) b}{315 c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{\left( 315 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{11}{2}} x^{11} - 1540 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}} d x^9 + 2970 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} d^2 x^7 - 2772 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3 x^5 + 1155 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^4 x^3 \right) a}{3465 c^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/315*(35*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)*x^9 - 135*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*d*x^7 + 189*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d^2*x^5 - 105*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^3*x^3)*b/c^4 + 1/3465*(315*(c + d/x^2)^(11/2)*x^11 - 1540*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)*d*x^9 + 2970*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*d^2*x^7 - 2772*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d^3*x^5 + 1155*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^4*x^3)*a/c^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^{10} dx = \frac{16 \left( 11 bcd^{\frac{9}{2}} - 8 ad^{\frac{11}{2}} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3465 c^5}$$

$$+ \frac{315 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} a \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 385 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} b c \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 1540 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} a d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 1485 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} b c d \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 1155 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} a d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3465 c^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
16/3465*(11*b*c*d^(9/2) - 8*a*d^(11/2))*sgn(x)/c^5 + 1/3465*(315*(c*x^2 +
d)^(11/2)*a*sgn(x) + 385*(c*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 1540*(c*x^2 + d)^(
9/2)*a*d*sgn(x) - 1485*(c*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*b*c*d*sgn(x) + 2970*(c*x^2 + d)^(
7/2)*a*d^2*sgn(x) + 2079*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) - 2772*(c*x^2 +
d)^(5/2)*a*d^3*sgn(x) - 1155*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c*d^3*sgn(x) + 1155*(c*x^
2 + d)^(3/2)*a*d^4*sgn(x))/c^5
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^{10} dx = \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( \frac{a x^{11}}{11} + \frac{x(128 a d^5 - 176 b c d^4)}{3465 c^5} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{x^9(385 b c^5 + 35 a d c^4)}{3465 c^5} - \frac{d x^7(8 a d - 11 b c)}{693 c^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2 d^2 x^5(8 a d - 11 b c)}{1155 c^3} - \frac{8 d^3 x^3(8 a d - 11 b c)}{3465 c^4} \right)$$

input

```
int(x^10*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*((a*x^11)/11 + (x*(128*a*d^5 - 176*b*c*d^4))/(3465*c^5)
+ (x^9*(385*b*c^5 + 35*a*c^4*d))/(3465*c^5) - (d*x^7*(8*a*d - 11*b*c))/(69
3*c^2) + (2*d^2*x^5*(8*a*d - 11*b*c))/(1155*c^3) - (8*d^3*x^3*(8*a*d - 11*
b*c))/(3465*c^4))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^{10} dx \\ = \frac{\sqrt{c x^2 + d} (315 a c^5 x^{10} + 35 a c^4 d x^8 + 385 b c^5 x^8 - 40 a c^3 d^2 x^6 + 55 b c^4 d x^6 + 48 a c^2 d^3 x^4 - 66 b c^3 d^2 x^4 - 6 a d^3 x^2 + 6 b d^2)}{3465 c^5}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^10,x)
```



output

```
(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(315*a*c**5*x**10 + 35*a*c**4*d*x**8 - 40*a*c**3*d**2*x*  
*6 + 48*a*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 64*a*c*d**4*x**2 + 128*a*d**5 + 385*b*c**5*x**8  
+ 55*b*c**4*d*x**6 - 66*b*c**3*d**2*x**4 + 88*b*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 176*b*c*  
d**4))/(3465*c**5)
```

$$3.146 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx$$

Optimal result	1293
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1294
Rubi [A] (verified)	1294
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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx = \frac{8d^2(3bc - 2ad) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^3}{315c^4} - \frac{4d(3bc - 2ad) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^5}{105c^3} + \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^7}{21c^2} + \frac{a \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^9}{9c}$$

output

```
8/315*d^2*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3/c^4-4/105*d*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5/c^3+1/21*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^7/c^2+1/9*a*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^9/c
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x (d + cx^2) (24bcd^2 - 16ad^3 - 36bc^2 dx^2 + 24acd^2 x^2 + 45bc^3 x^4 - 30ac^2 dx^4 + 35ac^3 x^6)}{315c^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^8,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x*(d + c*x^2)*(24*b*c*d^2 - 16*a*d^3 - 36*b*c^2*d*x^2 + 2
4*a*c*d^2*x^2 + 45*b*c^3*x^4 - 30*a*c^2*d*x^4 + 35*a*c^3*x^6))/(315*c^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^8 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{955}$$

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx}{3c} + \frac{ax^9 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{9c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{803}$$

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{x^7 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4d \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx}{7c} \right)}{3c} + \frac{ax^9 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{9c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{803}$$

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{x^7 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4d \left( \frac{x^5 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{2d \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx}{5c} \right)}{7c} \right)}{3c} + \frac{ax^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{9c}$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{\left( \frac{x^7 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{7c} - \frac{4d \left( \frac{x^5 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{2dx^3 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{15c^2} \right)}{7c} \right) (3bc - 2ad)}{3c} + \frac{ax^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{9c}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^8,x]`

output `(a*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^9)/(9*c) + ((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^7)/(7*c) - (4*d*((-2*d*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3)/(15*c^2) + ((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5)/(5*c)))/(7*c))/(3*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && ! LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 955

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))),
x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*
c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) ||
(LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (35a x^6 c^3 - 30a c^2 d x^4 + 45b c^3 x^4 + 24ac d^2 x^2 - 36b c^2 d x^2 - 16a d^3 + 24bc d^2) (cx^2+d)}{315c^4}$	89
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (35a x^6 c^3 - 30a c^2 d x^4 + 45b c^3 x^4 + 24ac d^2 x^2 - 36b c^2 d x^2 - 16a d^3 + 24bc d^2) (cx^2+d)}{315c^4}$	89
orering	$\frac{(35a x^6 c^3 - 30a c^2 d x^4 + 45b c^3 x^4 + 24ac d^2 x^2 - 36b c^2 d x^2 - 16a d^3 + 24bc d^2) (cx^2+d) x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315c^4 (ax^2+b)}$	103
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (35a x^8 c^4 + 5a c^3 d x^6 + 45b c^4 x^6 - 6a c^2 d^2 x^4 + 9b c^3 d x^4 + 8ac d^3 x^2 - 12b c^2 d^2 x^2 - 16a d^4 + 24bc d^3)}{315c^4}$	106
trager	$\frac{(35a x^8 c^4 + 5a c^3 d x^6 + 45b c^4 x^6 - 6a c^2 d^2 x^4 + 9b c^3 d x^4 + 8ac d^3 x^2 - 12b c^2 d^2 x^2 - 16a d^4 + 24bc d^3) x \sqrt{-\frac{cx^2-d}{x^2}}}{315c^4}$	110

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/315*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(35*a*c^3*x^6-30*a*c^2*d*x^4+45*b*c^3*x^4+24
*a*c*d^2*x^2-36*b*c^2*d*x^2-16*a*d^3+24*b*c*d^2)*(c*x^2+d)/c^4
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{(35ac^4x^9 + 5(9bc^4 + ac^3d)x^7 + 3(3bc^3d - 2ac^2d^2)x^5 - 4(3bc^2d^2 - 2acd^3)x^3 + 8(3bcd^3 - 2ad^4)x) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315c^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{315}*(35*a*c^4*x^9 + 5*(9*b*c^4 + a*c^3*d)*x^7 + 3*(3*b*c^3*d - 2*a*c^2*d^2)*x^5 - 4*(3*b*c^2*d^2 - 2*a*c*d^3)*x^3 + 8*(3*b*c*d^3 - 2*a*d^4)*x)*\sqrt{\frac{(c*x^2 + d)}{x^2}}/c^4$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 910 vs.  $2(112) = 224$ .

Time = 3.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 910, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.78

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)*x**8,x)`

output  $35*a*c**7*d**(19/2)*x**14*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 110*a*c**6*d**(21/2)*x**12*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 114*a*c**5*d**(23/2)*x**10*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 40*a*c**4*d**(25/2)*x**8*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) - 5*a*c**3*d**(27/2)*x**6*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) - 30*a*c**2*d**(29/2)*x**4*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) - 40*a*c*d**(31/2)*x**2*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) - 16*a*d**(33/2)*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 15*b*c**5*d**(9/2)*x**10*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 33*b*c**4*d**(11/2)*x**8*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 17*b*c**3*d**(13/2)*x**6*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 3*b*c**2*d**(15/2)*x**4*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 12*b*c*d**(17/2)*x**2*\sqrt{c*x**2/d + 1}/(105*c...$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( 15 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} x^7 - 42 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} d x^5 + 35 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 x^3 \right) b}{105 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\left( 35 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}} x^9 - 135 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} d x^7 + 189 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 x^5 - 105 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 x^3 \right) a}{315 c^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/105*(15*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*x^7 - 42*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d*x^5 + 35*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^2*x^3)*b/c^3 + 1/315*(35*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)*x^9 - 135*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*d*x^7 + 189*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d^2*x^5 - 105*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^3*x^3)*a/c^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx = -\frac{8 \left( 3 b c d^{\frac{7}{2}} - 2 a d^{\frac{9}{2}} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{315 c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{35 (c x^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} a \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 45 (c x^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} b c \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 135 (c x^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} a d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 126 (c x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} b c d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 189 (c x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} a d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 105 (c x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} b c d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 105 (c x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} a d^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{315 c^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-8/315*(3*b*c*d^(7/2) - 2*a*d^(9/2))*sgn(x)/c^4 + 1/315*(35*(c*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*a*sgn(x) + 45*(c*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 135*(c*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*a*d*sgn(x) - 126*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*b*c*d*sgn(x) + 189*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*d^2*sgn(x) + 105*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) - 105*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*d^3*sgn(x))/c^4`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx = \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( \frac{a x^9}{9} - \frac{x(16 a d^4 - 24 b c d^3)}{315 c^4} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{x^7(45 b c^4 + 5 a d c^3)}{315 c^4} - \frac{d x^5(2 a d - 3 b c)}{105 c^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{4 d^2 x^3(2 a d - 3 b c)}{315 c^3} \right)$$

input `int(x^8*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*((a*x^9)/9 - (x*(16*a*d^4 - 24*b*c*d^3))/(315*c^4) + (x^7*(45*b*c^4 + 5*a*c^3*d))/(315*c^4) - (d*x^5*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(105*c^2) + (4*d^2*x^3*(2*a*d - 3*b*c))/(315*c^3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8 dx \\ = \frac{\sqrt{c x^2 + d} (35 a c^4 x^8 + 5 a c^3 d x^6 + 45 b c^4 x^6 - 6 a c^2 d^2 x^4 + 9 b c^3 d x^4 + 8 a c d^3 x^2 - 12 b c^2 d^2 x^2 - 16 a d^4 + 24 b c d^3)}{315 c^4}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^8,x)`output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(35*a*c**4*x**8 + 5*a*c**3*d*x**6 - 6*a*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 8*a*c*d**3*x**2 - 16*a*d**4 + 45*b*c**4*x**6 + 9*b*c**3*d*x**4 - 12*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 24*b*c*d**3))/(315*c**4)`



**3.147**  $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1300
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1300
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1301
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1302
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1303
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1303
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1305
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1305
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1306
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1306

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx = -\frac{2d(7bc - 4ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3}{105c^3} + \frac{(7bc - 4ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5}{35c^2} + \frac{a \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7}{7c}$$

output

```
-2/105*d*(-4*a*d+7*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3/c^3+1/35*(-4*a*d+7*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5/c^2+1/7*a*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^7/c
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x (d + cx^2) (-14bcd + 8ad^2 + 21bc^2x^2 - 12acdx^2 + 15ac^2x^4)}{105c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^6,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{c + d/x^2} * x * (d + c * x^2) * (-14 * b * c * d + 8 * a * d^2 + 21 * b * c^2 * x^2 - 12 * a * c * d * x^2 + 15 * a * c^2 * x^4)) / (105 * c^3)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^6 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\ & \frac{(7bc - 4ad) \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx}{7c} + \frac{ax^7 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{7c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\ & \frac{(7bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{x^5 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{2d \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx}{5c} \right)}{7c} + \frac{ax^7 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{7c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{796} \\ & \frac{\left( \frac{x^5 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{5c} - \frac{2dx^3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{15c^2} \right) (7bc - 4ad)}{7c} + \frac{ax^7 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{7c} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x^6, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(a * (c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)} * x^7) / (7 * c) + ((7 * b * c - 4 * a * d) * ((-2 * d * (c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)}) * x^3) / (15 * c^2) + ((c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)} * x^5) / (5 * c)) / (7 * c)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796  $\text{Int}[\text{((c\_)}*(x\_))^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)}*(x\_)^{\text{(n\_)}))^{\text{(p\_)}}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(c*x)^{\text{(m + 1)}}*((a + b*x^n)^{\text{(p + 1)}}/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 803  $\text{Int}[(x\_)^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)}*(x\_)^{\text{(n\_)}))^{\text{(p\_)}}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[x^{\text{(m + 1)}}*((a + b*x^n)^{\text{(p + 1)}}/(a*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))] \ \text{Int}[x^{\text{(m + n)}}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 955  $\text{Int}[\text{((e\_)}*(x\_))^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)}*(x\_)^{\text{(n\_)}))^{\text{(p\_)}* \text{((c\_)} + \text{(d\_)}*(x\_)^{\text{(n\_)})), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[c*(e*x)^{\text{(m + 1)}}*((a + b*x^n)^{\text{(p + 1)}}/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1))] \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{\text{(m + n)}}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[e, 0]) \ \&\& \ ((\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]) \ || \ (\text{LtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m + n, -1])) \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[p, -1]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (15a^2c^2x^4 - 12ad^2cx^2 + 21b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 14dbc) (cx^2+d)}{105c^3}$	65
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (15a^2c^2x^4 - 12ad^2cx^2 + 21b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 14dbc) (cx^2+d)}{105c^3}$	65
orering	$\frac{(15a^2c^2x^4 - 12ad^2cx^2 + 21b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 14dbc) (cx^2+d) x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{105c^3(ax^2+b)}$	79
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (15ax^6c^3 + 3a^2c^2dx^4 + 21b^2c^3x^4 - 4ac^2d^2x^2 + 7b^2c^2dx^2 + 8ad^3 - 14bcd^2)}{105c^3}$	82
trager	$\frac{(15ax^6c^3 + 3a^2c^2dx^4 + 21b^2c^3x^4 - 4ac^2d^2x^2 + 7b^2c^2dx^2 + 8ad^3 - 14bcd^2) x \sqrt{-\frac{cx^2-d}{x^2}}}{105c^3}$	86

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^{(1/2)}*x^6,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/105*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(15*a*c^2*x^4-12*a*c*d*x^2+21*b*c^2*x^2+8*a*
d^2-14*b*c*d)*(c*x^2+d)/c^3
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx$$

$$= \frac{(15ac^3x^7 + 3(7bc^3 + ac^2d)x^5 + (7bc^2d - 4acd^2)x^3 - 2(7bcd^2 - 4ad^3)x) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{105c^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/105*(15*a*c^3*x^7 + 3*(7*b*c^3 + a*c^2*d)*x^5 + (7*b*c^2*d - 4*a*c*d^2)*
x^3 - 2*(7*b*c*d^2 - 4*a*d^3)*x)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/c^3
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 422 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.02

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx = \frac{15ac^5 d^{\frac{9}{2}} x^{10} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5 d^4 x^4 + 210c^4 d^5 x^2 + 105c^3 d^6} + \frac{33ac^4 d^{\frac{11}{2}} x^8 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5 d^4 x^4 + 210c^4 d^5 x^2 + 105c^3 d^6} + \frac{17ac^3 d^{\frac{13}{2}} x^6 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5 d^4 x^4 + 210c^4 d^5 x^2 + 105c^3 d^6} + \frac{3ac^2 d^{\frac{15}{2}} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5 d^4 x^4 + 210c^4 d^5 x^2 + 105c^3 d^6} + \frac{12acd^{\frac{17}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5 d^4 x^4 + 210c^4 d^5 x^2 + 105c^3 d^6} + \frac{8ad^{\frac{19}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5 d^4 x^4 + 210c^4 d^5 x^2 + 105c^3 d^6} + \frac{b\sqrt{d}x^4 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5} + \frac{bd^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c} - \frac{2bd^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)*x**6,x)`

output `15*a*c**5*d**(9/2)*x**10*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 33*a*c**4*d**(11/2)*x**8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 17*a*c**3*d**(13/2)*x**6*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 3*a*c**2*d**(15/2)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 12*a*c*d**(17/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 8*a*d**(19/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + b*sqrt(d)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/5 + b*d**(3/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c) - 2*b*d**(5/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c**2)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( 3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^5 - 5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx^3 \right) b}{15 c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\left( 15 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} x^7 - 42 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx^5 + 35 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 x^3 \right) a}{105 c^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/15*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5 - 5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d*x^3)*b/c^2 + 1/105*(15*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*x^7 - 42*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d*x^5 + 35*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^2*x^3)*a/c^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx = \frac{2 \left( 7bcd^{\frac{5}{2}} - 4ad^{\frac{7}{2}} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{105 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{15 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} a \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 21 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 42 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} ad \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 35 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} bcd \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 35 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} a d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{105 c^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/105*(7*b*c*d^(5/2) - 4*a*d^(7/2))*sgn(x)/c^3 + 1/105*(15*(c*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*a*sgn(x) + 21*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 42*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*d*sgn(x) - 35*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c*d*sgn(x) + 35*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*d^2*sgn(x))/c^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx = \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( \frac{a x^7}{7} + \frac{x (8 a d^3 - 14 b c d^2)}{105 c^3} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{x^5 (21 b c^3 + 3 a d c^2)}{105 c^3} - \frac{d x^3 (4 a d - 7 b c)}{105 c^2} \right)$$

input `int(x^6*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*((a*x^7)/7 + (x*(8*a*d^3 - 14*b*c*d^2))/(105*c^3) + (x^5*(21*b*c^3 + 3*a*c^2*d))/(105*c^3) - (d*x^3*(4*a*d - 7*b*c))/(105*c^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6 dx \\ = \frac{\sqrt{c x^2 + d} (15 a c^3 x^6 + 3 a c^2 d x^4 + 21 b c^3 x^4 - 4 a c d^2 x^2 + 7 b c^2 d x^2 + 8 a d^3 - 14 b c d^2)}{105 c^3}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^6,x)`output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(15*a*c**3*x**6 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**4 - 4*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 8*a*d**3 + 21*b*c**3*x**4 + 7*b*c**2*d*x**2 - 14*b*c*d**2))/(105*c**3)`

$$3.148 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1307
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1307
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1308
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1309
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1310
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1310
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1311
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1311
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1312
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1312

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx = \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^3}{15c^2} + \frac{a \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^5}{5c}$$

output  $1/15*(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3/c^2+1/5*a*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5/c$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x (d + cx^2) (5bc - 2ad + 3acx^2)}{15c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^4,x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x*(d + c*x^2)*(5*b*c - 2*a*d + 3*a*c*x^2))/(15*c^2)$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {955, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{955}$$

$$\frac{(5bc - 2ad) \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx}{5c} + \frac{ax^5 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{5c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{796}$$

$$\frac{x^3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} (5bc - 2ad)}{15c^2} + \frac{ax^5 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{5c}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^4,x]`

output `((5*b*c - 2*a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3)/(15*c^2) + (a*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5)/(5*c)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 955

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (3acx^2 - 2ad + 5cb) (cx^2 + d)}{15c^2}$	43
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (3acx^2 - 2ad + 5cb) (cx^2 + d)}{15c^2}$	43
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (3ac^2x^4 + adx^2c + 5bc^2x^2 - 2ad^2 + 5dbc)}{15c^2}$	57
orering	$\frac{(3acx^2 - 2ad + 5cb) (cx^2 + d) x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{15c^2 (ax^2 + b)}$	57
trager	$\frac{(3ac^2x^4 + adx^2c + 5bc^2x^2 - 2ad^2 + 5dbc) x \sqrt{-\frac{cx^2-d}{x^2}}}{15c^2}$	61

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/15*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(3*a*c*x^2-2*a*d+5*b*c)*(c*x^2+d)/c^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx = \frac{(3ac^2x^5 + (5bc^2 + acd)x^3 + (5bcd - 2ad^2)x) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{15c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(3*a*c^2*x^5 + (5*b*c^2 + a*c*d)*x^3 + (5*b*c*d - 2*a*d^2)*x)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/c^2`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 119 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 2.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx = \frac{a\sqrt{d}x^4\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5} + \frac{ad^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c} - \frac{2ad^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{d}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3} + \frac{bd^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)*x**4,x)`

output `a*sqrt(d)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/5 + a*d**(3/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c) - 2*a*d**(5/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c**2) + b*sqrt(d)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/3 + b*d**(3/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx = \frac{b \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3}{3c} + \frac{\left( 3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^5 - 5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx^3 \right) a}{15c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*b*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3/c + 1/15*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5 - 5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d*x^3)*a/c^2`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx \\ &= - \frac{\left( 5bcd^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2ad^{\frac{5}{2}} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15c^2} \\ &+ \frac{3(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} a \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 5(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} b c \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 5(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} a d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15c^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/15*(5*b*c*d^(3/2) - 2*a*d^(5/2))*sgn(x)/c^2 + 1/15*(3*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*sgn(x) + 5*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 5*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*d*sgn(x))/c^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx = \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( \frac{a x^5}{5} - \frac{x (2 a d^2 - 5 b c d)}{15 c^2} + \frac{x^3 (5 b c^2 + a d c)}{15 c^2} \right)$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*((a*x^5)/5 - (x*(2*a*d^2 - 5*b*c*d))/(15*c^2) + (x^3*(5*b*c^2 + a*c*d))/(15*c^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 dx = \frac{\sqrt{c x^2 + d} (3 a c^2 x^4 + a c d x^2 + 5 b c^2 x^2 - 2 a d^2 + 5 b c d)}{15 c^2}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4,x)`output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(3*a*c**2*x**4 + a*c*d*x**2 - 2*a*d**2 + 5*b*c**2*x**2 + 5*b*c*d))/(15*c**2)`

**3.149**  $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx = b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \frac{a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3}{3c} - b\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x}\right)$$

output

$$b*(c+d/x^2)^{(1/2)}*x+1/3*a*(c+d/x^2)^{(3/2)}*x^3/c-b*d^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(d^{(1/2)}/(c+d/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x)$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x \left(3b + a\left(\frac{d}{c} + x^2\right) - \frac{3b\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}\right)$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(a + b/x^2)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x^2,x]$$

output

$$(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x*(3*b + a*(d/c + x^2) - (3*b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2]))/3$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {953, 773, 247, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{953} \\
 & b \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx + \frac{ax^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & \frac{ax^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3c} - b \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & \frac{ax^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3c} - b \left( d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x} - x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{ax^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3c} - b \left( d \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x} - x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{ax^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3c} - b \left( \sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right) - x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^2,x]`

output  $(a*(c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)}*x^3)/(3*c) - b*(-(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x) + Sqrt[d]*ArcTan$   
 $h[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x]))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] \&\& NegQ[a/b] \&\& (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])$

rule 224  $Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] \&\& !GtQ[a, 0]$

rule 247  $Int[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m+1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m+1))) Int[(c*x)^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] \&\& GtQ[p, 0] \&\& LtQ[m, -1] \&\& !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] \&\& IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 773  $Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] \&\& ILtQ[n, 0] \&\& !IntegerQ[p]$

rule 953  $Int[((e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*e*(m+1))), x] + Simp[d/e^n Int[(e*x)^{(m+n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] \&\& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& EqQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0] \&\& (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) \&\& ((GtQ[n, 0] \&\& LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] \&\& GtQ[m + n, -1]))$



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x \left( 3\sqrt{d} \ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right) bc - a(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{cx^2+d} bc \right)}{3\sqrt{cx^2+d} c}$	83

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/3*((cx^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(3*d^(1/2)*\ln(2*(d^(1/2)*(cx^2+d)^(1/2)+d)/x)*b*c-a*(cx^2+d)^(3/2)-3*(cx^2+d)^(1/2)*b*c)/(cx^2+d)^(1/2)/c$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3bc\sqrt{d} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2-2\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}+2d}{x^2}\right) + 2(acx^3 + (3bc + ad)x)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{6c}, \frac{3bc\sqrt{-d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{d}\right)}{3d} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$[1/6*(3*b*c*\sqrt{d}*\log(-(cx^2 - 2*\sqrt{d})*x*\sqrt{(cx^2 + d)/x^2} + 2*d)/x^2) + 2*(a*c*x^3 + (3*b*c + a*d)*x)*\sqrt{(cx^2 + d)/x^2})/c, 1/3*(3*b*c*\sqrt{-d}*\arctan(\sqrt{-d}*x*\sqrt{(cx^2 + d)/x^2}/d) + (a*c*x^3 + (3*b*c + a*d)*x)*\sqrt{(cx^2 + d)/x^2})/c]$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx = \frac{a\sqrt{d}x^2 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3} + \frac{ad^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c} + \frac{b\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - b\sqrt{d} \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}} \right) + \frac{bd}{\sqrt{cx} \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)*x**2,x)`output `a*sqrt(d)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/3 + a*d**(3/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c) + b*sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)) - b*sqrt(d)*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x)) + b*d/(sqrt(c)*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx = \frac{a(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3}{3c} + \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}} \right) \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*a*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3/c + 1/2*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d))))*b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 116 vs.  $2(54) = 108$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx = \frac{bd \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-d}} - \frac{\left( 3bcd \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-d}} \right) + 3bc\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{d} + a\sqrt{-d}d^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3c\sqrt{-d}} + \frac{(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} ac^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3\sqrt{cx^2 + d} bc^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3c^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*d*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))*sgn(x)/sqrt(-d) - 1/3*(3*b*c*d*arctan(sqrt(d)/sqrt(-d)) + 3*b*c*sqrt(-d)*sqrt(d) + a*sqrt(-d)*d^(3/2))*sgn(x)/(c*sqrt(-d)) + 1/3*((c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*c^2*sgn(x) + 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c^3*sgn(x))/c^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx = bx \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \frac{ax \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (cx^2 + d)}{3c} + \frac{b\sqrt{d} \operatorname{asin} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{c}x} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1}}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `b*x*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2) + (a*x*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(d + c*x^2))/(3*c) + (b*d^(1/2)*asin((d^(1/2)*li)/(c^(1/2)*x))*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*li/(c^(1/2)*(d/(c*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}acx^2 + \sqrt{cx^2+d}ad + 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc + 3\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{c}x-\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc - 3\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{c}x+\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc}{3c}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2,x)`output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*x**2 + sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d + 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c)/(3*c)`

### 3.150 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1320
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1320
Rubi [A] (verified)	1321
Maple [A] (verified)	1323
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1323
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1324
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1324
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1325
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1325
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1326

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = -\frac{(bc + 2ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2cx} + \frac{a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x}{c} - \frac{(bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}}$$

output `-1/2*(2*a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c/x+a*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x/c-1/2*(2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(-b + 2ax^2 - \frac{(bc+2ad)x^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+cx^2}}\right)}{2x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(-b + 2*a*x^2 - ((b*c + 2*a*d)*x^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]
]/Sqrt[d]))/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]))/(2*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {899, 359, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\
 & - \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{ax \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{(2ad + bc) \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{x}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{ax \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{(2ad + bc) \left( \frac{1}{2} c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{ax \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{(2ad + bc) \left( \frac{1}{2} c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{ax \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{(2ad + bc) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right)}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2], x]$

output  $(a*(c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)*x}/c - ((b*c + 2*a*d)*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]/(2*x) + (c*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d]/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x)])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[d]))) / c$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \parallel \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 359  $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m + 2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{2x} + \frac{\left(-\frac{(2ad+cb)\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}} + a\sqrt{cx^2+d}\right)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x}{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}\left(2d^{\frac{3}{2}}\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)ax^2+\sqrt{d}\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)bcx^2-2\sqrt{cx^2+d}adx^2-\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcx^2+(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}b\right)}{2x\sqrt{cx^2+d}d}$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/2*b/x*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+(-1/2*(2*a*d+b*c)/d^(1/2)*\ln((2*d+2*d^(1/2)*\sqrt{c*x^2+d})/x)+a*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(bc + 2ad)\sqrt{dx} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + 2d}{x^2}\right) + 2(2adx^2 - bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{4dx}, \frac{(bc + 2ad)\sqrt{-dx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-dx}}{2d}\right)}{2d} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$[1/4*((b*c + 2*a*d)*\sqrt{d})*x*\log(-(c*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{d})*x*\sqrt{(c*x^2 + d)/x^2} + 2*d)/x^2) + 2*(2*a*d*x^2 - b*d)*\sqrt{(c*x^2 + d)/x^2})/(d*x), 1/2*((b*c + 2*a*d)*\sqrt{-d})*x*\arctan(\sqrt{-d})*x*\sqrt{(c*x^2 + d)/x^2}/d) + (2*a*d*x^2 - b*d)*\sqrt{(c*x^2 + d)/x^2})/(d*x)]$$



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - a\sqrt{d} \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}} \right) + \frac{ad}{\sqrt{cx}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}{2x} - \frac{bc \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}} \right)}{2\sqrt{d}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2),x)`output `a*sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)) - a*sqrt(d)*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x)) + a*d/(sqrt(c)*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - b*sqrt(c)*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))/(2*x) - b*c*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(2*sqrt(d))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \sqrt{d} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \sqrt{d}} \right) \right) a - \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}cx}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})x^2 - d} - \frac{c \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \sqrt{d}} \right)}{\sqrt{d}} \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d))))*a - 1/4*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*x/((c + d/x^2)*x^2 - d) - c*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/sqrt(d))*b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + d} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c} + \frac{(bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 2ad \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c\sqrt{-d}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{cx^2} \right) c$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(2*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*sgn(x)/c + (b*c*sgn(x) + 2*a*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/(c*sqrt(-d)) - sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*sgn(x)/(c*x^2))*c`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = ax \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \frac{b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} - \frac{bc \ln\left(\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}}$$

$$+ \frac{a\sqrt{d} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `a*x*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2) - (b*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(2*x) - (b*c*log((c + d/x^2)^(1/2) + d^(1/2)/x))/(2*d^(1/2)) + (a*d^(1/2)*asin((d^(1/2)*li)/(c^(1/2)*x)))*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*li/(c^(1/2)*(d/(c*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+d}adx^2 - \sqrt{cx^2+d}bd + 2\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx-\sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)adx^2 + \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx-\sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bcx^2 - 2}{2dx^2}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d*x**2 - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d + 2*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*d*x**2 + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c*x**2 - 2*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*d*x**2 - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c*x**2)/(2*d*x**2)`

**3.151**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1327
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1327
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1328
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1330
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1330
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1331
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1332
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1332
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1333
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1333

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx = \frac{(bc - 4ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8dx} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4dx} + \frac{c(bc - 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}\right)}{8d^{3/2}}$$

output `1/8*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d/x-1/4*b*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d/x+1/8*c*(-4*a*d+b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( -\sqrt{d}(2bd + bcx^2 + 4adx^2) + \frac{c(bc-4ad)x^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d+cx^2}} \right)}{8d^{3/2}x^3}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(-(Sqrt[d]*(2*b*d + b*c*x^2 + 4*a*d*x^2)) + (c*(b*c - 4*a*d)*x^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d]])/Sqrt[d + c*x^2)))/(8*d^(3/2)*x^3)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {959, 858, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & -\frac{(bc - 4ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx}{4d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 4ad) \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{4d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right)}{4d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right)}{4d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right)}{4d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4dx}$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x^2,x]`

output `-1/4*(b*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(d*x) + ((b*c - 4*a*d)*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(2*x) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)]/(2*Sqrt[d])))/(4*d)`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(4ad^2x^2+bcx^2+2bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8x^3d} - \frac{c(4ad-cb)\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8d^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}\left(4d^{\frac{3}{2}}\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)acx^4-\sqrt{d}\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)bc^2x^4-4\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x^4+\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2x^4+4(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{8x^3\sqrt{cx^2+d}d^2}$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/8*(4*a*d*x^2+b*c*x^2+2*b*d)/x^3/d*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)-1/8*c*(4*a*d-b*c)/d^(3/2)*\ln((2*d+2*d^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x)*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(bc^2 - 4acd)\sqrt{d}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + 2d}{x^2}\right) + 2(2bd^2 + (bcd + 4ad^2)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{16d^2x^3}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{(bc^2 - 4acd)\sqrt{-d}x^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{d}\right) + (2bd^2 + (bcd + 4ad^2)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8d^2x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/16*((b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*sqrt(d)*x^3*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2) + 2*(2*b*d^2 + (b*c*d + 4*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d^2*x^3), -1/8*((b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*sqrt(-d)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d) + (2*b*d^2 + (b*c*d + 4*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d^2*x^3)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}{2x} - \frac{ac \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}} - \frac{bc^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8dx\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{3b\sqrt{c}}{8x^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{bc^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{8d^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{bd}{4\sqrt{c}x^5\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**2,x)
```

output

```
-a*sqrt(c)*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))/(2*x) - a*c*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(2*sqrt(d)) - b*c**(3/2)/(8*d*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 3*b*sqrt(c)/(8*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + b*c**2*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(8*d**(3/2)) - b*d/(4*sqrt(c)*x**5*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)))
```



**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs.  $2(75) = 150$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}cx}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)x^2 - d} - \frac{c \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} \right) a$$

$$- \frac{1}{16} \left( \frac{c^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\left(\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^3 + \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}c^2dx\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2 dx^4 - 2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)d^2x^2 + d^3} \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*x/((c + d/x^2)*x^2 - d) - c*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/sqrt(d))*a - 1/16*(c^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(3/2) + 2*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^2*x^3 + sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2*d*x)/((c + d/x^2)^2*d*x^4 - 2*(c + d/x^2)*d^2*x^2 + d^3))*b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{(bc^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4ac^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-dd}} + \frac{(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} bc^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 4(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} ac^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \sqrt{cx^2+d} bc^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4\sqrt{cx^2+d} ac^2 d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^2 dx^4}$$

8 c

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*((b*c^3*sgn(x) - 4*a*c^2*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/(sqrt(-d)*d) + ((c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c^3*sgn(x) + 4*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d*sgn(x) + sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c^3*d*sgn(x) - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*c^2*d^2*sgn(x))/(c^2*d*x^4))/c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/x^2, x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{cx^2+d}bcdx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2 + 4\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{c}x-\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)acd x^4 - \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{c}x+\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)acd x^4}{8d^2x^4}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**2 + 4*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c*d*x**4 - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*x**4 - 4*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c*d*x**4 + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*x**4)/(8*d**2*x**4)
```

**3.152**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1334
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1334
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1335
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1337
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1338
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1338
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1339
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1340
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1340
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1341

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx = \frac{(bc - 2ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8dx^3} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{6dx^3} + \frac{c(bc - 2ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{16d^2x} - \frac{c^2(bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}\right)}{16d^{5/2}}$$

output `1/8*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d/x^3-1/6*b*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d/x^3+1/16*c*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x-1/16*c^2*(-2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(5/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(-8bd^2 - 2bcdx^2 - 12ad^2x^2 + 3bc^2x^4 - 6acdx^4)}{48d^2x^5} - \frac{c^2(bc - 2ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16d^{5/2}\sqrt{d + cx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x^4,x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*(-8*b*d^2 - 2*b*c*d*x^2 - 12*a*d^2*x^2 + 3*b*c^2*x^4 - 6*a*c*d*x^4))/(48*d^2*x^5) - (c^2*(b*c - 2*a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(16*d^{(5/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {959, 858, 248, 262, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & -\frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx}{2d} - \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{6dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2d} - \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{6dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{248} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{1}{4}c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4x^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{6dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{1}{4}c \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4x^3} \right)}{2d} - \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{6dx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 224 \\
 (bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{\frac{1}{4}c \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} x}}}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4x^3}}{2d} \right) - \frac{b \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{6dx^3} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 (bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{\frac{1}{4}c \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{2d^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4x^3}}{2d} \right) - \frac{b \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{6dx^3}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/x^4,x]`

output `-1/6*(b*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(d*x^3) + ((b*c - 2*a*d)*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(4*x^3) + (c*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(2*d*x) - (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)])/(2*d^(3/2))))/4)/(2*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 248 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(m + 2*p + 1))Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 262  $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[a \cdot c^2 \cdot (m - 1) / (b \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x$  &&  $\text{GtQ}[m, 2 - 1]$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0]$  &&  $\text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 858  $\text{Int}[(x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p / x^{m+2}, x], x, 1/x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x$  &&  $\text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$  &&  $\text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (b \cdot e \cdot (m + n \cdot (p + 1) + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot (m + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m + n \cdot (p + 1) + 1)) / (b \cdot (m + n \cdot (p + 1) + 1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[m + n \cdot (p + 1) + 1, 0]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(6acd x^4 - 3b c^2 x^4 + 12a d^2 x^2 + 2bcd x^2 + 8b d^2) \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}}}{48x^5 d^2} + \frac{c^2 (2ad - cb) \ln\left(\frac{2d + 2\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c x^2 + d}}{x}\right) \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}}}{16d^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{c x^2 + d}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}} \left(6d^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{2d + 2\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c x^2 + d}}{x}\right) a c^2 x^6 - 3\sqrt{d} \ln\left(\frac{2d + 2\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c x^2 + d}}{x}\right) b c^3 x^6 - 6\sqrt{c x^2 + d} a c^2 d x^6 + 3\sqrt{c x^2 + d} b c^3 x^6 + 6(c x^2 + d)\right)}{48x^5 \sqrt{c x^2 + d} d^3}$

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2) \cdot (c+d/x^2)^{(1/2)} / x^4, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $-1/48 \cdot (6 \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x^4 - 3 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot x^4 + 12 \cdot a \cdot d^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x^2 + 8 \cdot b \cdot d^2) / x^5 / d^2 \cdot ((c \cdot x^2 + d) / x^2)^{(1/2)} + 1/16 \cdot c^2 \cdot (2 \cdot a \cdot d - b \cdot c) / d^{(5/2)} \cdot \ln((2 \cdot d + 2 \cdot d^{(1/2)} \cdot (c \cdot x^2 + d)^{(1/2)}) / x) \cdot ((c \cdot x^2 + d) / x^2)^{(1/2)} \cdot x / (c \cdot x^2 + d)^{(1/2)}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{3(bc^3 - 2ac^2d)\sqrt{d}x^5 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 + 2\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + 2d}{x^2}\right) - 2(3(bc^2d - 2acd^2)x^4 - 8bd^3 - 2(bcd^2 + 6ad^3)x^3)}{96d^3x^5} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/96*(3*(b*c^3 - 2*a*c^2*d)*sqrt(d)*x^5*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2) - 2*(3*(b*c^2*d - 2*a*c*d^2)*x^4 - 8*b*d^3 - 2*(b*c*d^2 + 6*a*d^3)*x^3)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d^3*x^5), 1/48*(3*(b*c^3 - 2*a*c^2*d)*sqrt(-d)*x^5*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d) + (3*(b*c^2*d - 2*a*c*d^2)*x^4 - 8*b*d^3 - 2*(b*c*d^2 + 6*a*d^3)*x^3)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d^3*x^5)]
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 226 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 13.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{ac^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8dx\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{3a\sqrt{c}}{8x^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{ac^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{8d^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{ad}{4\sqrt{cx^5}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{bc^{\frac{5}{2}}}{16d^2x\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{bc^{\frac{3}{2}}}{48dx^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{5b\sqrt{c}}{24x^5\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{bc^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{16d^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{bd}{6\sqrt{cx^7}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**4,x)`

output

```
-a*c**(3/2)/(8*d*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 3*a*sqrt(c)/(8*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/
(c*x**2))) + a*c**2*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(8*d**(3/2)) - a*d/(4*sqrt(
c)*x**5*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + b*c**(5/2)/(16*d**2*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))
) + b*c**(3/2)/(48*d*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 5*b*sqrt(c)/(24*x**5*sqrt
(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - b*c**3*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(16*d**(5/2)) - b*d
/(6*sqrt(c)*x**7*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)))
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{16} \left( \frac{c^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\left(\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^3 + \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}c^2dx\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2dx^4 - 2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)d^2x^2 + d^3} \right) a$$

$$+ \frac{1}{96} \left( \frac{3c^3 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2\left(3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^3x^5 - 8\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3dx^3 - 3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}c^3d^2x\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^3d^2x^6 - 3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2d^3x^4 + 3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)d^4x^2 - d^5} \right) b$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/16*(c^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d))
)/d^(3/2) + 2*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^2*x^3 + sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2*d*x)/((c +
d/x^2)^2*d*x^4 - 2*(c + d/x^2)*d^2*x^2 + d^3))*a + 1/96*(3*c^3*log((sqrt(c
+ d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(5/2) + 2*(3*(c +
d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^3*x^5 - 8*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^3*d*x^3 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c
^3*d^2*x)/((c + d/x^2)^3*d^2*x^6 - 3*(c + d/x^2)^2*d^3*x^4 + 3*(c + d/x^2)
*d^4*x^2 - d^5))*b
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{48} c^3 \left( \frac{3(b \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 2 a d \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{c \sqrt{-d d^2}} + \frac{3(c x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} b \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 6(c x^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} a d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 8(c x^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} b c d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 3 \sqrt{c x^2 + d} b c d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 6 \sqrt{c x^2 + d} a d^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^4 d^2 x^6} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/48*c^3*(3*(b*c*sgn(x) - 2*a*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/(c*sqrt(-d)*d^2) + (3*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 6*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*d*sgn(x) - 8*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c*d*sgn(x) - 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) + 6*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*d^3*sgn(x))/(c^4*d^2*x^6))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/x^4,x)`

output `int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/x^4, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4} dx$$


---


$$= \frac{-6\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x^4 - 12\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^3x^2 + 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2dx^4 - 2\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcd^2x^2 - 8\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^3}{48d^3x^6}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x)`output `( - 6*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**2*x**4 - 12*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d*x**4 - 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**3 - 6*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c**2*d*x**6 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**3*x**6 + 6*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c**2*d*x**6 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**3*x**6)/(48*d**3*x**6)`

### 3.153 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5 dx$

Optimal result	1342
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1342
Rubi [A] (verified)	1343
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5 dx = \frac{d(10bc + ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}}{16c} + \frac{1}{8}(2bc + ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^4} + \frac{1}{6}a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6 + \frac{d^2(6bc - ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/16*d*(a*d+10*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c+1/8*(a*d+2*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*
x^4+1/6*a*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^6+1/16*d^2*(-a*d+6*b*c)*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)
)/c^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5 dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x(\sqrt{cx}\sqrt{d + cx^2}(6bc(5d + 2cx^2) + a(3d^2 + 14cdx^2 + 8c^2x^4)) + 3d^2(-6bc + ad))}{48c^{3/2}\sqrt{d + cx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x*(Sqrt[c]*x*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*(6*b*c*(5*d + 2*c*x^2) + a*(3*d^2 + 14*c*d*x^2 + 8*c^2*x^4)) + 3*d^2*(-6*b*c + a*d)*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[d + c*x^2]])/(48*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[d + c*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 51, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^5 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 948 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^8 d \frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^6 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{3c} - \frac{(6bc - ad) \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^6 d \frac{1}{x^2}}{6c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^6 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{3c} - \frac{(6bc - ad) \left( \frac{3}{4} d \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4 d \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right)}{6c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^6 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{3c} - \frac{(6bc - ad) \left( \frac{3}{4} d \left( \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} - x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} x^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right)}{6c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^6 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c} - \frac{(6bc - ad) \left( \frac{3}{4}d \left( \int \frac{1}{dx^4 - \frac{c}{d}} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} \right)}{6c} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^6 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c} - \frac{(6bc - ad) \left( \frac{3}{4}d \left( x^2 \left( -\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{d \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} \right)}{6c} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5,x]`

output `((a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^6)/(3*c) - ((6*b*c - a*d)*(-1/2*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4) + (3*d*(-(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^2) - (d*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[c]))/4))/(6*c))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))*Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_]
:> Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x]
- Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))
Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !
(EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^2(8ac^2x^4 + 14adx^2c + 12b^2c^2x^2 + 3ad^2 + 30dbc)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{48c} - \frac{d^2(ad-6cb)\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{16c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3\left(8\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}ax - 2\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}adx + 12c^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}bx - 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2x + 18c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}bdx - 3\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\right)}{48(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/48/c*x^2*(8*a*c^2*x^4+14*a*c*d*x^2+12*b*c^2*x^2+3*a*d^2+30*b*c*d)*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)-1/16*d^2*(a*d-6*b*c)/c^(3/2)*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5 dx = \frac{3(6bcd^2 - ad^3)\sqrt{c} \log\left(-2cx^2 + 2\sqrt{cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d\right) - 2(8ac^3x^6 + 2(6bc^3 + 7ac^2d)x^4 + 3(10bc^2d + acd^2)x^2)\sqrt{c}}{96c^2} - \frac{3(6bcd^2 - ad^3)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{cx^2+d}\right) - (8ac^3x^6 + 2(6bc^3 + 7ac^2d)x^4 + 3(10bc^2d + acd^2)x^2)\sqrt{-c}}{48c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/96*(3*(6*b*c*d^2 - a*d^3)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d) - 2*(8*a*c^3*x^6 + 2*(6*b*c^3 + 7*a*c^2*d)*x^4 + 3*(10*b*c^2*d + a*c*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/c^2, -1/48*(3*(6*b*c*d^2 - a*d^3)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d)) - (8*a*c^3*x^6 + 2*(6*b*c^3 + 7*a*c^2*d)*x^4 + 3*(10*b*c^2*d + a*c*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/c^2]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 253 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 68.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5 dx = \frac{ac^2x^7}{6\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{11ac\sqrt{d}x^5}{24\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{17ad^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3}{48\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{ad^{\frac{5}{2}}x}{16c\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{ad^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{16c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{bc^2x^5}{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{3bc\sqrt{d}x^3}{8\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{bd^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{2} + \frac{bd^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{8\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{3bd^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)*x**5,x)`

output `a*c**2*x**7/(6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 11*a*c*sqrt(d)*x**5/(24*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 17*a*d**(3/2)*x**3/(48*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + a*d**(5/2)*x/(16*c*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - a*d**3*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(16*c**(3/2)) + b*c**2*x**5/(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 3*b*c*sqrt(d)*x**3/(8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + b*d**(3/2)*x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/2 + b*d**(3/2)*x/(8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 3*b*d**2*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(8*sqrt(c))`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^5 dx = \frac{1}{96} \left( \frac{3d^3 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3 + 8 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} c d^3 - 3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^2 d^3 \right)}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^3 c - 3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^2 c^2 + 3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right) c^3 - c^4} \right) a$$

$$- \frac{1}{16} \left( \frac{3d^2 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2 \left( 5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 - 3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c d^2 \right)}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^2 - 2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right) c + c^2} \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(3*d^3*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(3/2) + 2*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d^3 + 8*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c*d^3 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2*d^3)/((c + d/x^2)^3*c - 3*(c + d/x^2)^2*c^2 + 3*(c + d/x^2)*c^3 - c^4)*a - 1/16*(3*d^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/sqrt(c) - 2*(5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^2 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*d^2)/((c + d/x^2)^2 - 2*(c + d/x^2)*c + c^2))*b`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5 dx = \frac{1}{48} \left( 2 \left( 4acx^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{6bc^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 7ac^4 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^4} \right) x^2 + \frac{3(10bc^4 d \operatorname{sgn}(x) + ac^3 d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x))}{c^4} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(6bcd^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - ad^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log(|-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}|)}{16c^{3/2}} \right) \\ + \frac{(6bcd^2 \log(|d|) - ad^3 \log(|d|)) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{32c^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/48*(2*(4*a*c*x^2*sgn(x) + (6*b*c^5*sgn(x) + 7*a*c^4*d*sgn(x))/c^4)*x^2 + 3*(10*b*c^4*d*sgn(x) + a*c^3*d^2*sgn(x))/c^4)*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*x - 1/16*(6*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) - a*d^3*sgn(x))*log(abs(-sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(c*x^2 + d)))/c^(3/2) + 1/32*(6*b*c*d^2*log(abs(d)) - a*d^3*log(abs(d)))*sgn(x)/c^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5 dx = \frac{ax^6 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{6} \\ + \frac{5bx^4 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{8} + \frac{ax^6 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{16c} + \frac{3bd^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}} \\ - \frac{acx^6 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{16} - \frac{3bcx^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8} + \frac{ad^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{li}}{16c^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(a*x^6*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/6 + (5*b*x^4*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/8 + (a*x^6*(c +
d/x^2)^(5/2))/(16*c) + (a*d^3*atan(((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*1i)/c^(1/2))*1i)/(16
*c^(3/2)) + (3*b*d^2*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(8*c^(1/2)) - (a*c*
x^6*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/16 - (3*b*c*x^4*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/8
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^5 dx = \frac{8\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^3x^5 + 14\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2dx^3 + 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x + 12\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^3x^3 + 30\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2dx + 18\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2x + 18\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2x + 18\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2x + 18\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2x}{48c^2}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5,x)
```

output

```
(8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**3*x**5 + 14*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d*x**3 + 3*sq
rt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**2*x + 12*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*x**3 + 30*sqrt(c*x*
*2 + d)*b*c**2*d*x - 3*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))
*a*d**3 + 18*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c*d**2)
/(48*c**2)
```

### 3.154 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 dx$

Optimal result	1350
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1350
Rubi [A] (verified)	1351
Maple [A] (verified)	1353
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1354
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1356
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1356
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1357

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 dx = -bd\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \frac{1}{8}(4bc + 3ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^2 + \frac{1}{4}a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 + \frac{3d(4bc + ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}}$$

output `-b*d*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(3*a*d+4*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2+1/4*a*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4+3/8*d*(a*d+4*b*c)*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 dx = \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(-8bd + 4bcx^2 + 5adx^2 + 2acx^4 + \frac{6d(4bc + ad)x\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{-\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{d+cx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d + cx^2}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(-8*b*d + 4*b*c*x^2 + 5*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c*x^4 + (6*d*(4*b*c + a*d)*x*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(-Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[d + c*x^2])]))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]))/8`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 948 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^6 d \frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{2c} - \frac{(ad + 4bc) \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^4 d \frac{1}{x^2}}{4c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{2c} - \frac{(ad + 4bc) \left( \frac{3}{2} d \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2} - x^2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right)}{4c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{2c} - \frac{(ad + 4bc) \left( \frac{3}{2} d \left( c \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - x^2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right)}{4c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{2c} - \frac{(ad + 4bc) \left( \frac{3}{2}d \left( \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{dx^4} - \frac{c}{d} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - x^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} \right)}{4c} \right) \\ & \downarrow 221 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{2c} - \frac{(ad + 4bc) \left( \frac{3}{2}d \left( 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) - x^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} \right)}{4c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3,x]`

output `((a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^4)/(2*c) - ((4*b*c + a*d)*(-(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2) + (3*d*(2*sqrt[c + d/x^2] - 2*sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c]]))/2))/(4*c))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]`  
`Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`  
`] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2acx^4 + 5adx^2 + 4bcx^2 - 8bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8} + \frac{3d(ad+4cb)\ln(\sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{cx^2+d})\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2\left(8c^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}bx^2 + 12c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}bdx^2 + 2\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}adx^2 - 8\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}b + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2x^2 + 3\ln(\sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{cx^2+d})\right)}{8(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d\sqrt{c}}$

```
input int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $1/8*(2*a*c*x^4+5*a*d*x^2+4*b*c*x^2-8*b*d)*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+3/8*d*(a*d+4*b*c)*\ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^3 dx = \left[ \frac{3(4bcd + ad^2)\sqrt{c} \log \left( -2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d \right) + 2(2ac^2x^4 - 8bcd + (4bc^2 + 5acd)x^2)}{16c} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(4bcd + ad^2)\sqrt{-c} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{cx^2+d} \right) - (2ac^2x^4 - 8bcd + (4bc^2 + 5acd)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8c} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[1/16*(3*(4*b*c*d + a*d^2)*\sqrt{c}*\log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{c})*x^2*\sqrt{((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d} + 2*(2*a*c^2*x^4 - 8*b*c*d + (4*b*c^2 + 5*a*c*d)*x^2)*\sqrt{((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)}/c, -1/8*(3*(4*b*c*d + a*d^2)*\sqrt{-c}*\arctan(\sqrt{-c})*x^2*\sqrt{((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d)} - (2*a*c^2*x^4 - 8*b*c*d + (4*b*c^2 + 5*a*c*d)*x^2)*\sqrt{((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)})/c]$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 216 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 85.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 dx = \frac{ac^2 x^5}{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{3ac\sqrt{d}x^3}{8\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}$$

$$+ \frac{ad^{3/2}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{2} + \frac{ad^{3/2}x}{8\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{3ad^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}}$$

$$+ \frac{3b\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2} + \frac{bc\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{2} - \frac{bc\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{bd^{3/2}}{x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)*x**3,x)`

output `a*c**2*x**5/(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 3*a*c*sqrt(d)*x**3/(8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + a*d**(3/2)*x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/2 + a*d**(3/2)*x/(8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 3*a*d**2*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(8*sqrt(c)) + 3*b*sqrt(c)*d*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/2 + b*c*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/2 - b*c*sqrt(d)*x/sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1) - b*d**(3/2)/(x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1))`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{16} \left( \frac{3d^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}+\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2\left(5\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 - 3\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}cd^2\right)}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2 - 2\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)c + c^2} \right) a$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \left( 2\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}cx^2 - 3\sqrt{cd} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}+\sqrt{c}}\right) - 4\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}d \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
-1/16*(3*d^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/
sqrt(c) - 2*(5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^2 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*d^2)/((c + d/x^
2)^2 - 2*(c + d/x^2)*c + c^2))*a + 1/4*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*x^2 - 3*sqrt(c
)*d*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c))) - 4*sqrt(c
+ d/x^2)*d)*b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{cd^2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 - d} + \frac{1}{8} \left(2acx^2\operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{4bc^3\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 5ac^2d\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^2}\right) \sqrt{cx^2 + d} - \frac{3(4bcd\operatorname{sgn}(x) + ad^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log\left((\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2\right)}{16\sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*b*sqrt(c)*d^2*sgn(x)/((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d) + 1/8*(2*a*c*
x^2*sgn(x) + (4*b*c^3*sgn(x) + 5*a*c^2*d*sgn(x))/c^2)*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*x -
3/16*(4*b*c*d*sgn(x) + a*d^2*sgn(x))*log((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2)/
sqrt(c)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 dx = \frac{5ax^4 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{8} - bd\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2} + \frac{3ad^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}} - \frac{3acx^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8} + \frac{bcx^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(5*a*x^4*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/8 - b*d*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2) + (3*b*c^(1/2)*d*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/2 + (3*a*d^2*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(8*c^(1/2)) - (3*a*c*x^4*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/8 + (b*c*x^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/2`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^3 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2x^4 + 5\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd x^2 + 4\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2x^2 - 8\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcd + 3\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ad^2x + 12\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc^2x - 9\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc^2x}{8cx}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*x**4 + 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d + 3*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2*x + 12*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*x - 9*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c*d*x)/(8*c*x)`

### 3.155 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x dx$

Optimal result	1358
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1358
Rubi [A] (verified)	1359
Maple [A] (verified)	1361
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1362
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1362
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1363
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1364
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1364
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1365

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x dx = -\left((bc + ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{3}b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{2}ac\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^2 + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c}(2bc + 3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)$$

output

```
-(a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*b*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)+1/2*a*c*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x
^2+1/2*c^(1/2)*(3*a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(-6adx^2 + 3acr^4 - 2b(d + 4cx^2) + \frac{6\sqrt{c}(2bc+3ad)x^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{-\sqrt{d+\sqrt{d+cx^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}\right)}{6x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(-6*a*d*x^2 + 3*a*c*x^4 - 2*b*(d + 4*c*x^2) + (6*Sqrt[c]*(2*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(-Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[d + c*x^2])]))/Sqrt[d + c*x^2))/(6*x^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 948 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^4 d \frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{c} - \frac{(3ad + 2bc) \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{c} - \frac{(3ad + 2bc) \left( c \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{c} - \frac{(3ad + 2bc) \left( c \left( c \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right)}{2c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{c} - \frac{(3ad + 2bc) \left( c \left( \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{dx^4 - \frac{c}{d}} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} \right)}{2c} \right) \\ & \downarrow 221 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{c} - \frac{(3ad + 2bc) \left( c \left( 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} \right)}{2c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x,x]`

output `((a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^2)/c - ((2*b*c + 3*a*d)*((2*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/3 + c*(2*sqrt[c + d/x^2] - 2*sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[sqrt[c + d/x^2]/sqrt[c]])))/(2*c))/2`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 87 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
risch	$\frac{(3acx^4 - 6adx^2 - 8bcx^2 - 2bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{6x^2} + \frac{(3ad+2cb)\sqrt{c} \ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{2\sqrt{cx^2+d}} x$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(4c^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}bx^4 + 6c^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}bdx^4 + 6c^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}adx^4 - 4c^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}bx^2 + 9c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2x^4 - 6\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2\sqrt{c}\right)}{6(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2\sqrt{c}}$

```
input int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*(3*a*c*x^4-6*a*d*x^2-8*b*c*x^2-2*b*d)/x^2*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(3*a*d+2*b*c)*c^(1/2)*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x dx = \frac{3(2bc + 3ad)\sqrt{cx^2} \log\left(-2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d\right) + 2(3acx^4 - 2(4bc + 3ad)x^2 - 2bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{12x^2} - \frac{3(2bc + 3ad)\sqrt{-cx^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{cx^2+d}\right) - (3acx^4 - 2(4bc + 3ad)x^2 - 2bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/12*(3*(2*b*c + 3*a*d)*sqrt(c)*x^2*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d) + 2*(3*a*c*x^4 - 2*(4*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^2 - 2*b*d)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/x^2, -1/6*(3*(2*b*c + 3*a*d)*sqrt(-c)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d)) - (3*a*c*x^4 - 2*(4*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^2 - 2*b*d)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/x^2]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 23.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x dx = \frac{3a\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2} + \frac{ac\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{2} - \frac{ac\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{ad^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + bc^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) - \frac{bc^2x}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + bd \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{c}}{2x^2} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ -\frac{(c+\frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)*x,x)`

output `3*a*sqrt(c)*d*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/2 + a*c*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/2 - a*c*sqrt(d)*x/sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1) - a*d**(3/2)/(x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + b*c**(3/2)*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d)) - b*c**2*x/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - b*c*sqrt(d)/(x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + b*d*Piecewise((-sqrt(c)/(2*x**2), Eq(d, 0)), (-c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/(3*d), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x dx = \frac{1}{4} \left( 2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c x^2 - 3 \sqrt{cd} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right) - 4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d \right) a - \frac{1}{6} \left( 3 c^{3/2} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right) + 2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} + 6 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*x^2 - 3*sqrt(c)*d*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c))) - 4*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d)*a - 1/6*(3*c^(3/2)*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c))) + 2*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2) + 6*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c)*b`



**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 225 vs.  $2(75) = 150$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{cx^2 + d} acx \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{1}{4} \left(2bc^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3a\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{sgn}(x)\right) \log\left(\left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^2\right) + \frac{2\left(6\left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^4 bc^{\frac{3}{2}} d \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3\left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^4 a\sqrt{cd^2} \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 6\left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^2 bc^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3\left(\left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^2 - d\right)\right)}{3\left(\left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^2 - d\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*c*x*sgn(x) - 1/4*(2*b*c^(3/2)*sgn(x) + 3*a*sqrt(c)*d*sgn(x))*log((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2) + 2/3*(6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(3/2)*d*sgn(x) + 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*sqrt(c)*d^2*sgn(x) - 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(3/2)*d^2*sgn(x) - 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*sqrt(c)*d^3*sgn(x) + 4*b*c^(3/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 3*a*sqrt(c)*d^4*sgn(x))/((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x dx = bc^{3/2} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3} - ad\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - bc\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \frac{3a\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2} + \frac{acx^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2}$$

input `int(x*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
b*c^(3/2)*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)) - (b*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/3 - a*d
*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2) - b*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2) + (3*a*c^(1/2)*d*atanh((c + d/x
^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/2 + (a*c*x^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/2
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x dx = \frac{6\sqrt{cx^2+d}acx^4 - 12\sqrt{cx^2+d}adx^2 - 16\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcx^2 - 4\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd + 18\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{12x^3}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x,x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*x**4 - 12*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d*x**2 - 16*sqrt(c*x*
*2 + d)*b*c*x**2 - 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d + 18*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 +
d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*x**3 + 12*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqr
t(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c*x**3 + 5*sqrt(c)*a*d*x**3)/(12*x**3)
```

**3.156** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1366
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1366
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1367
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1369
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1369
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1370
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1370
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1371
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1371
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1372

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = -ac\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \frac{1}{3}a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d} + ac^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)$$

output

$-a*c*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)-1/3*a*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)-1/5*b*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d+a*c^(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}\left(-\frac{3b(d+cx^2)^2}{d} - 5ax^2(d + 4cx^2) - \frac{15ac^{3/2}x^5 \log(-\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{d+cx^2}})}{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}\right)}{15x^4}$$

input

`Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*((-3*b*(d + c*x^2)^2)/d - 5*a*x^2*(d + 4*c*x^2) - (15*a*c
^(3/2)*x^5*Log[-(Sqrt[c]*x) + Sqrt[d + c*x^2]])/Sqrt[d + c*x^2]))/(15*x^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 948

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 90

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -a \int \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2b \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -a \left( c \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2}{3} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2b \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -a \left( c \left( c \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2b \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -a \left( c \left( \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{\frac{dx^4}{d} - \frac{c}{d}} d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} + 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2b \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -a \left( c \left( 2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2b \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{5d} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x,x]`

output `((-2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d) - a*((2*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/3 + c*(2*Sqrt[c + d/x^2] - 2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c]]))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(20acd x^4 + 3b^2 c^2 x^4 + 5a d^2 x^2 + 6bcd x^2 + 3b d^2) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{15x^4 d} + \frac{a c^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}}) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{cx^2+d}} x$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(10c^{\frac{5}{2}}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} a x^6 + 15c^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{cx^2+d} a d x^6 - 10c^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} a x^4 + 15 \ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}}) a c^2 d^2 x^5 - 5\sqrt{c}(cx^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} a d\right)}{15x^2(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 \sqrt{c}}$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/15*(20*a*c*d*x^4+3*b*c^2*x^4+5*a*d^2*x^2+6*b*c*d*x^2+3*b*d^2)/x^4/d*((c
*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+a*c^(3/2)*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*((c*x^2+d)/x^2
^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \left[ \frac{15 a c^{\frac{3}{2}} dx^4 \log\left(-2 c x^2 - 2 \sqrt{c} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2+d}{x^2}} - d\right) - 2 \left(\left(3 b c^2 + 20 a c d\right) x^4 + 3 b c d\right)}{30 d x^4} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{15 a \sqrt{-c d} x^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2+d}{x^2}}}{c x^2+d}\right) + \left(\left(3 b c^2 + 20 a c d\right) x^4 + 3 b d^2 + \left(6 b c d + 5 a d^2\right) x^2\right) \sqrt{\frac{c x^2+d}{x^2}}}{15 d x^4} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/30*(15*a*c^(3/2)*d*x^4*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d) - 2*((3*b*c^2 + 20*a*c*d)*x^4 + 3*b*d^2 + (6*b*c*d + 5*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d*x^4), -1/15*(15*a*sqrt(-c)*c*d*x^4*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d)) + ((3*b*c^2 + 20*a*c*d)*x^4 + 3*b*d^2 + (6*b*c*d + 5*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d*x^4)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2ac^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c}} - 2ac\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \frac{2a(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ -ac^{3/2} \log\left(-\frac{bc^{3/2}}{x^2}\right) - \frac{bc^{3/2}}{x^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-2*a*c**2*atan(sqrt(c + d/x**2)/sqrt(-c))/sqrt(-c) - 2*a*c*sqrt(c + d/x**2) - 2*a*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 - 2*b*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/(5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (-a*c**(3/2)*log(-b*c**(3/2)/x**2) - b*c**(3/2)/x**2, True))/2
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = -\frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5d} - \frac{1}{6} \left( 3c^{3/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}}\right) + 2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} + 6\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}c \right) a$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/5*b*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)/d - 1/6*(3*c^(3/2)*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c)
)/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c))) + 2*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2) + 6*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c
)*a
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 254 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.34

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2} ac^{\frac{3}{2}} \log \left( (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{2 \left( 15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 30 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 90 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^6 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \dots \right)}{15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 30 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 90 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^6 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \dots}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2*a*c^(3/2)*log((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2)*sgn(x) + 2/15*(15*(sqrt
(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*b*c^(5/2)*sgn(x) + 30*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2
+ d))^8*a*c^(3/2)*d*sgn(x) - 90*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^(3/2)*
d^2*sgn(x) + 30*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(5/2)*d^2*sgn(x) + 110
*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^(3/2)*d^3*sgn(x) - 70*(sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*c^(3/2)*d^4*sgn(x) + 3*b*c^(5/2)*d^4*sgn(x) + 20*a*c^(3
/2)*d^5*sgn(x))/((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^5
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = ac^{3/2} \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) - \frac{a (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3} - ac \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \frac{b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (cx^2 + d)^2}{5 dx^4}$$



input `int((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x,x)`

output `a*c^(3/2)*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)) - (a*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/3 - a*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2) - (b*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(d + c*x^2)^2)/(5*d*x^4)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{-20\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd x^4 - 5\sqrt{cx^2+d}a d^2 x^2 - 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}b c^2 x^4 - 6\sqrt{cx^2+d}b c d x^2 - 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}b d^2}{15d^2 x^5} + \frac{a^2 c^2 \sqrt{cx^2+d} x^2 + 2a^2 c d \sqrt{cx^2+d} x + a^2 d^2 \sqrt{cx^2+d}}{15d^2 x^5} + \frac{2abcd \sqrt{cx^2+d} x + bd^2 \sqrt{cx^2+d}}{15d^2 x^5} + \frac{a^2 c^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) + 2a^2 c d \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) + a^2 d^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{15d^2 x^5}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `( - 20*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x**4 - 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*x**4 - 6*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d*x**5 + 8*sqrt(c)*a*c*d*x**5 - 3*sqrt(c)*b*c**2*x**5)/(15*d*x**5)`

**3.157**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1373
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1373
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1374
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1375
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Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1377
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1379
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1379

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{(bc - ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^2} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{7d^2}$$

output

$$1/5*(-a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^2-1/7*b*(c+d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^2$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(d + cx^2)^2(5bd - 2bcx^2 + 7adx^2)}{35d^2x^6}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}\left[\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}/x^3, x\right]$$

output

$$-1/35*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*(d + c*x^2)^2*(5*b*d - 2*b*c*x^2 + 7*a*d*x^2))/(d^2*x^6)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {946, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 946

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} d\frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 53

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{d} + \frac{(ad - bc)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d} \right) d\frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} (bc - ad)}{5d^2} - \frac{2b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{7d^2} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x]`

output `((2*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d^2) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2))/(7*d^2))/2`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7\*m + 4\*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9\*m + 5\*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])

rule 946  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$  SumQ[u]

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(7adx^2-2bcx^2+5bd)(cx^2+d)}{35d^2x^4}$	48
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(7adx^2-2bcx^2+5bd)(cx^2+d)}{35d^2x^4}$	48
orering	$-\frac{(7adx^2-2bcx^2+5bd)(cx^2+d)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35d^2(ax^2+b)x^2}$	60
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}(7a^2dx^6-2bc^3x^6+14acd^2x^4+bc^2dx^4+7ad^3x^2+8bcd^2x^2+5bd^3)}{35x^6d^2}$	86
trager	$-\frac{(7a^2dx^6-2bc^3x^6+14acd^2x^4+bc^2dx^4+7ad^3x^2+8bcd^2x^2+5bd^3)\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2-d}{x^2}}}{35x^6d^2}$	90

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^{(3/2)}/x^3, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $-1/35*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^{(3/2)}*(7*a*d*x^2-2*b*c*x^2+5*b*d)*(c*x^2+d)/d^2/x^4$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\left((2bc^3 - 7ac^2d)x^6 - (bc^2d + 14acd^2)x^4 - 5bd^3 - (8bcd^2 + 7ad^3)x^2\right) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{35d^2x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/35*((2*b*c^3 - 7*a*c^2*d)*x^6 - (b*c^2*d + 14*a*c*d^2)*x^4 - 5*b*d^3 - (8*b*c*d^2 + 7*a*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d^2*x^6)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.11

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{ac \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{x^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2}$$

$$- \frac{ad \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{c \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5} \right)}{d^2} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{2x^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2}$$

$$- \frac{bc \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{c \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5} \right)}{d^2} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{2x^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2}$$

$$- \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( \frac{c^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2c \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{7} \right)}{d^3} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{3x^6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `-a*c*Piecewise((2*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/(3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/x**2, True))/2 - a*d*Piecewise((2*(-c*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + (c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5)/d**2, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(2*x**4), True))/2 - b*c*Piecewise((2*(-c*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + (c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5)/d**2, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(2*x**4), True))/2 - b*d*Piecewise((2*(c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 - 2*c*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 + (c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7)/d**3, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(3*x**6), True))/2`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d} - \frac{1}{35} \left( \frac{5\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{d^2} - \frac{7\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}c}{d^2} \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)/d - 1/35*(5*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^2 - 7*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c/d^2)*b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.04

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2 \left( 35 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^{12} a c^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 70 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^{10} b c^7 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 70 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^{12} a c^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 70 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^{10} b c^7 \operatorname{sgn}(x) \right)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/35*(35*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^12*a*c^(5/2)*sgn(x) + 70*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*b*c^(7/2)*sgn(x) - 70*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*a*c^(5/2)*d*sgn(x) + 70*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*b*c^(7/2)*d*sgn(x) + 105*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*a*c^(5/2)*d^2*sgn(x) + 140*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*b*c^(7/2)*d^2*sgn(x) - 140*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^(5/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 28*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(7/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 77*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^(5/2)*d^4*sgn(x) + 14*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(7/2)*d^4*sgn(x) - 14*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*c^(5/2)*d^5*sgn(x) - 2*b*c^(7/2)*d^5*sgn(x) + 7*a*c^(5/2)*d^6*sgn(x))/(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^7`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{35d^2} - \frac{ac^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{5d} - \frac{2ac \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{5x^2} - \frac{ad \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{5x^4} - \frac{8bc \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{35x^4} - \frac{bd \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{7x^6} - \frac{bc^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{35dx^2}$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^3,x)`output `(2*b*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(35*d^2) - (a*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(5*d) - (2*a*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(5*x^2) - (a*d*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(5*x^4) - (8*b*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(35*x^4) - (b*d*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(7*x^6) - (b*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(35*d*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-7\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2dx^6 - 14\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x^4 - 7\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^3x^2 + 2\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x^3}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`output `( - 7*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d*x**6 - 14*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**2*x**4 - 7*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**3*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*x**6 - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d*x**4 - 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**3 - 3*sqrt(c)*a*c**2*d*x**7 - 2*sqrt(c)*b*c**3*x**7)/(35*d**2*x**7)`



**3.158** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1380
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1380
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1381
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1382
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1383
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1386
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1387

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{c(bc - ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^3} + \frac{(2bc - ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{7d^3} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2}}{9d^3}$$

output -1/5\*c\*(-a\*d+b\*c)\*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^3+1/7\*(-a\*d+2\*b\*c)\*(c+d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^3  
-1/9\*b\*(c+d/x^2)^(9/2)/d^3

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(d + cx^2)^2 (9adx^2(-5d + 2cx^2) + b(-35d^2 + 20cdx^2 - 8c^2x^4))}{315d^3x^8}$$

input Integrate[((a + b/x^2)\*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^5,x]

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*(d + c*x^2)^2*(9*a*d*x^2*(-5*d + 2*c*x^2) + b*(-35*d^2 + 20*c*d*x^2 - 8*c^2*x^4)))/(315*d^3*x^8)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} d\frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{d^2} + \frac{(ad - 2bc)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{d^2} + \frac{c(bc - ad)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{d^2} \right) d\frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}(2bc - ad)}{7d^3} - \frac{2c(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}(bc - ad)}{5d^3} - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}}{9d^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^5, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-2*c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d^3) + (2*(2*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2))/(7*d^3) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2))/(9*d^3))/2}$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(18acd^3x^4-8b^2c^2x^4-45ad^2x^2+20bcdx^2-35bd^2)(cx^2+d)}{315d^3x^6}$	70
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(18acd^3x^4-8b^2c^2x^4-45ad^2x^2+20bcdx^2-35bd^2)(cx^2+d)}{315d^3x^6}$	70
orering	$\frac{(18acd^3x^4-8b^2c^2x^4-45ad^2x^2+20bcdx^2-35bd^2)(cx^2+d)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315d^3(ax^2+b)x^4}$	82
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}(18a^3dx^8-8b^2c^4x^8-9a^2c^2d^2x^6+4bc^3dx^6-72acd^3x^4-3b^2c^2d^2x^4-45ad^4x^2-50bcd^3x^2-35bd^4)}{315x^8d^3}$	111
trager	$\frac{(18a^3dx^8-8b^2c^4x^8-9a^2c^2d^2x^6+4bc^3dx^6-72acd^3x^4-3b^2c^2d^2x^4-45ad^4x^2-50bcd^3x^2-35bd^4)\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{315x^8d^3}$	115

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/315*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)*(18*a*c*d*x^4-8*b*c^2*x^4-45*a*d^2*x^2+20*b*c*d*x^2-35*b*d^2)*(c*x^2+d)/d^3/x^6
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{(2(4bc^4 - 9ac^3d)x^8 - (4bc^3d - 9ac^2d^2)x^6 + 35bd^4 + 3(bc^2d^2 + 24acd^3)x^4 + 5(10bcd^3 + 9ad^4)x^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + d}}{315d^3x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/315*(2*(4*b*c^4 - 9*a*c^3*d)*x^8 - (4*b*c^3*d - 9*a*c^2*d^2)*x^6 + 35*b*d^4 + 3*(b*c^2*d^2 + 24*a*c*d^3)*x^4 + 5*(10*b*c*d^3 + 9*a*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d^3*x^8)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{ac \left( \begin{cases} 2 \left( \frac{c \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{\left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{5} \right)}{d^2} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{2x^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} - \frac{ad \left( \begin{cases} 2 \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2c \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{\left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{7/2}}{7} \right)}{d^3} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{3x^6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} - \frac{bc \left( \begin{cases} 2 \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2c \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{\left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{7/2}}{7} \right)}{d^3} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{3x^6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} - \frac{bd \left( \begin{cases} 2 \left( \frac{c^3 \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{3c^2 \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{5} - \frac{3c \left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{\left( \frac{c+d}{x^2} \right)^{9/2}}{9} \right)}{d^4} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{4x^8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**5,x)`output `-a*c*Piecewise((2*(-c*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + (c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5)/d**2, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(2*x**4), True))/2 - a*d*Piecewise((2*(c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 - 2*c*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 + (c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7)/d**3, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(3*x**6), True))/2 - b*c*Piecewise((2*(c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 - 2*c*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 + (c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7)/d**3, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(3*x**6), True))/2 - b*d*Piecewise((2*(-c**3*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + 3*c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 - 3*c*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7 + (c + d/x**2)**(9/2)/9)/d**4, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(4*x**8), True))/2`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{35} \left( \frac{5(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{d^2} - \frac{7(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}c}{d^2} \right) a$$

$$- \frac{1}{315} \left( \frac{35(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}}{d^3} - \frac{90(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}c}{d^3} + \frac{63(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}c^2}{d^3} \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/35*(5*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^2 - 7*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c/d^2)*a - 1/315*(35*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)/d^3 - 90*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*c/d^3 + 63*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^2/d^3)*b`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 430 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 430, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.81

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{4 \left( 315 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{14} ac^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 840 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{12} bc^{9/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

4/315*(315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^14*a*c^(7/2)*sgn(x) + 840*(sqrt(c)
)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^12*b*c^(9/2)*sgn(x) - 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
d))^12*a*c^(7/2)*d*sgn(x) + 1260*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*b*c^(9/
2)*d*sgn(x) + 315*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*a*c^(7/2)*d^2*sgn(x) +
1764*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*b*c^(9/2)*d^2*sgn(x) - 819*(sqrt(c)*x
- sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*a*c^(7/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 504*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 +
d))^6*b*c^(9/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 441*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^(7/2
)*d^4*sgn(x) + 144*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(9/2)*d^4*sgn(x) -
9*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^(7/2)*d^5*sgn(x) - 36*(sqrt(c)*x - s
qrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(9/2)*d^5*sgn(x) + 81*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^
2*a*c^(7/2)*d^6*sgn(x) + 4*b*c^(9/2)*d^6*sgn(x) - 9*a*c^(7/2)*d^7*sgn(x))/
((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^9

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2ac^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{35d^2} - \frac{8bc^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315d^3}$$

$$- \frac{8ac \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{35x^4} - \frac{ad \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{7x^6} - \frac{10bc \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{63x^6}$$

$$- \frac{bd \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{9x^8} - \frac{ac^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{35dx^2} - \frac{bc^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{105dx^4} + \frac{4bc^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315d^2x^2}$$

input

```
int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^5,x)
```

output

```

(2*a*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(35*d^2) - (8*b*c^4*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(315*d
3) - (8*a*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(35*x^4) - (a*d*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(7*x^6)
- (10*b*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(63*x^6) - (b*d*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(9*x^8) -
(a*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(35*d*x^2) - (b*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(105*d*x
4) + (4*b*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(315*d^2*x^2)

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{18\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^3dx^8 - 9\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2d^2x^6 - 72\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^3x^4 - 45\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^4x^2 - 8\sqrt{cx^2+d}b^2c^4x^8 + 4\sqrt{cx^2+d}b^2c^3d^2x^6 - 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}b^2c^2d^3x^4 - 50\sqrt{cx^2+d}b^2cd^3x^2 - 35\sqrt{cx^2+d}b^2d^4 - 18\sqrt{c}ac^3d^3x^9 + 8\sqrt{c}b^2c^4x^9}{(315d^3x^9)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x)`output `(18*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**3*d*x**8 - 9*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d**2*x**6 - 72*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**3*x**4 - 45*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**4*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**4*x**8 + 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*d*x**6 - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 50*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**3*x**2 - 35*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**4 - 18*sqrt(c)*a*c**3*d*x**9 + 8*sqrt(c)*b*c**4*x**9)/(315*d**3*x**9)`



**3.159**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1388
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1388
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1389
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1390
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1391
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1392
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1393
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1394
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1394
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1395

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{c^2(bc - ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^4} - \frac{c(3bc - 2ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{7d^4} + \frac{(3bc - ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2}}{9d^4} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{11/2}}{11d^4}$$

output 1/5\*c^2\*(-a\*d+b\*c)\*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^4-1/7\*c\*(-2\*a\*d+3\*b\*c)\*(c+d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^4+1/9\*(-a\*d+3\*b\*c)\*(c+d/x^2)^(9/2)/d^4-1/11\*b\*(c+d/x^2)^(11/2)/d^4

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(d + cx^2)^2(-11adx^2(35d^2 - 20cdx^2 + 8c^2x^4) - 3b(105d^3 - 70cd^2x^2)}{3465d^4x^{10}}$$

input Integrate[((a + b/x^2)\*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^7,x]

output

$$\left(\sqrt{c + d/x^2}*(d + c*x^2)^2*(-11*a*d*x^2*(35*d^2 - 20*c*d*x^2 + 8*c^2*x^4) - 3*b*(105*d^3 - 70*c*d^2*x^2 + 40*c^2*d*x^4 - 16*c^3*x^6))\right)/(3465*d^4*x^{10})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 948

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} d\frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 86

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2}}{d^3} + \frac{(ad - 3bc)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{d^3} + \frac{c(3bc - 2ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{d^3} - \frac{c^2(bc - ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d^3} \right) d\frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2c^2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}(bc - ad)}{5d^4} + \frac{2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2}(3bc - ad)}{9d^4} - \frac{2c\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}(3bc - 2ad)}{7d^4} - \frac{2b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{11/2}}{11d^4} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\left((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)}\right)/x^7, x]$$

output

$$\left(\frac{2*c^2*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^{(5/2)}}{(5*d^4)} - \frac{2*c*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^{(7/2)}}{(7*d^4)} + \frac{2*(3*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^{(9/2)}}{(9*d^4)} - \frac{2*b*(c + d/x^2)^{(11/2)}}{(11*d^4)}\right)/2$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(88ac^2dx^6-48b^3c^3x^6-220ac^2d^2x^4+120b^2c^2dx^4+385ad^3x^2-210bc^2d^2x^2+315bd^3)(cx^2+d)}{3465d^4x^8}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(88ac^2dx^6-48b^3c^3x^6-220ac^2d^2x^4+120b^2c^2dx^4+385ad^3x^2-210bc^2d^2x^2+315bd^3)(cx^2+d)}{3465d^4x^8}$
orering	$-\frac{(88ac^2dx^6-48b^3c^3x^6-220ac^2d^2x^4+120b^2c^2dx^4+385ad^3x^2-210bc^2d^2x^2+315bd^3)(cx^2+d)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465d^4(a^2x^2+b)x^6}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}(88ac^4dx^{10}-48b^5c^5x^{10}-44ac^3d^2x^8+24b^4c^4dx^8+33ac^2d^3x^6-18b^3c^3d^2x^6+550ac^4d^4x^4+15b^2c^2d^3x^4+385ad^5x^2+420bd^4x^2+315d^5)}{3465x^{10}d^4}$
trager	$-\frac{(88ac^4dx^{10}-48b^5c^5x^{10}-44ac^3d^2x^8+24b^4c^4dx^8+33ac^2d^3x^6-18b^3c^3d^2x^6+550ac^4d^4x^4+15b^2c^2d^3x^4+385ad^5x^2+420bd^4x^2+315d^5)}{3465x^{10}d^4}$

```
input int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3465*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)*(88*a*c^2*d*x^6-48*b*c^3*x^6-220*a*c*d^2*x^4
+120*b*c^2*d*x^4+385*a*d^3*x^2-210*b*c*d^2*x^2+315*b*d^3)*(c*x^2+d)/d^4/x^
8
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{(8(6bc^5 - 11ac^4d)x^{10} - 4(6bc^4d - 11ac^3d^2)x^8 + 3(6bc^3d^2 - 11ac^2d^3)x^6 - 3465d^4x^4 + 315bd^5 - 5(3b^2c^2d^3 + 110a^2cd^4)x^2 - 35(12b^2cd^4 + 11a^2d^5)x^2) \sqrt{(cx^2 + d)/x^2}}{3465d^4x^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3465*(8*(6*b*c^5 - 11*a*c^4*d)*x^10 - 4*(6*b*c^4*d - 11*a*c^3*d^2)*x^8 +
3*(6*b*c^3*d^2 - 11*a*c^2*d^3)*x^6 - 315*b*d^5 - 5*(3*b*c^2*d^3 + 110*a*c
*d^4)*x^4 - 35*(12*b*c*d^4 + 11*a*d^5)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d^4*x^1
0)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^7} dx =$$

$$\frac{ac \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left( \frac{c^2 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{2c (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \right)}{d^3} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{3x^6} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{2}$$

$$\frac{ad \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{c^3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3c^2 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{3c (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} \right)}{d^4} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{4x^8} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{2}$$

$$\frac{bc \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{c^3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3c^2 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{3c (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} \right)}{d^4} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{4x^8} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{2}$$

$$\frac{bd \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left( \frac{c^4 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{4c^3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{6c^2 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{4c (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} \right)}{d^5} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{5x^{10}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**7,x)`

output

```
-a*c*Piecewise((2*(c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 - 2*c*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5
+ (c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7)/d**3, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(3*x**6), True))/2 - a*
d*Piecewise((2*(-c**3*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + 3*c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5
- 3*c*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7 + (c + d/x**2)**(9/2)/9)/d**4, Ne(d, 0)), (sq
rt(c)/(4*x**8), True))/2 - b*c*Piecewise((2*(-c**3*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 +
3*c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 - 3*c*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7 + (c + d/x**2)**
(9/2)/9)/d**4, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(4*x**8), True))/2 - b*d*Piecewise((2*(
c**4*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 - 4*c**3*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 + 6*c**2*(c + d/
x**2)**(7/2)/7 - 4*c*(c + d/x**2)**(9/2)/9 + (c + d/x**2)**(11/2)/11)/d**5
, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(5*x**10), True))/2
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{1}{315} \left( \frac{35(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}}{d^3} - \frac{90(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}c}{d^3} + \frac{63(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}c^2}{d^3} \right) a$$

$$- \frac{1}{1155} \left( \frac{105(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{11/2}}{d^4} - \frac{385(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}c}{d^4} + \frac{495(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}c^2}{d^4} - \frac{231(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}c^3}{d^4} \right) b$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/315*(35*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)/d^3 - 90*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*c/d^3 + 63*(c + d/
x^2)^(5/2)*c^2/d^3)*a - 1/1155*(105*(c + d/x^2)^(11/2)/d^4 - 385*(c + d/x^
2)^(9/2)*c/d^4 + 495*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*c^2/d^4 - 231*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^3
/d^4)*b
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 490 vs.  $2(88) = 176$ .

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{16 \left(2310 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^{16} ac^{\frac{9}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 6930 \left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^{14} bc^{\frac{11}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x)\right)}{x^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
16/3465*(2310*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^16*a*c^(9/2)*sgn(x) + 6930*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^14*b*c^(11/2)*sgn(x) - 1155*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^14*a*c^(9/2)*d*sgn(x) + 12474*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^12*b*c^(11/2)*d*sgn(x) + 231*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^12*a*c^(9/2)*d^2*sgn(x) + 15246*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*b*c^(11/2)*d^2*sgn(x) - 4851*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*a*c^(9/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 4950*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*b*c^(11/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 2475*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*a*c^(9/2)*d^4*sgn(x) + 990*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*b*c^(11/2)*d^4*sgn(x) + 495*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^(9/2)*d^5*sgn(x) - 330*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(11/2)*d^5*sgn(x) + 605*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^(9/2)*d^6*sgn(x) + 66*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(11/2)*d^6*sgn(x) - 121*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*c^(9/2)*d^7*sgn(x) - 6*b*c^(11/2)*d^7*sgn(x) + 11*a*c^(9/2)*d^8*sgn(x))/((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^11
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{16 b c^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{1155 d^4} - \frac{8 a c^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315 d^3} - \frac{10 a c \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{63 x^6} - \frac{a d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{9 x^8} - \frac{4 b c \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{33 x^8} - \frac{b d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{11 x^{10}} - \frac{a c^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{105 d x^4} + \frac{4 a c^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{315 d^2 x^2} - \frac{b c^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{231 d x^6} + \frac{2 b c^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{385 d^2 x^4} - \frac{8 b c^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{1155 d^3 x^2}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^7,x`

output  $(16*b*c^5*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(1155*d^4) - (8*a*c^4*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(315*d^3) - (10*a*c*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(63*x^6) - (a*d*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(9*x^8) - (4*b*c*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(33*x^8) - (b*d*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(11*x^{10}) - (a*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(105*d*x^4) + (4*a*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(315*d^2*x^2) - (b*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(231*d*x^6) + (2*b*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(385*d^2*x^4) - (8*b*c^4*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(1155*d^3*x^2)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-88\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^4dx^{10} + 44\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^3d^2x^8 - 33\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^2d^3x^6 - 550\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^4d^2x^4 - 33\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^3d^3x^2 - 550\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^2d^4}{(3465d^4x^{11})}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^7,x`

output  $(-88*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*a*c**4*d*x**10 + 44*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*a*c**3*d**2*x**8 - 33*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*a*c**2*d**3*x**6 - 550*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*a*c*d**4*x**4 - 385*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*a*d**5*x**2 + 48*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*b*c**5*x**10 - 24*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*b*c**4*d*x**8 + 18*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*b*c**3*d**2*x**6 - 15*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*b*c**2*d**3*x**4 - 420*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*b*c*d**4*x**2 - 315*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*b*d**5 + 88*\sqrt{c}*a*c**4*d*x**11 - 48*\sqrt{c}*b*c**5*x**11)/(3465*d**4*x**11)$



**3.160**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	1396
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1396
Rubi [A] (verified)	1397
Maple [A] (verified)	1398
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1399
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1400
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1401
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1402
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1403
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1403

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{c^3(bc - ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^5} + \frac{c^2(4bc - 3ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{7d^5} - \frac{c(2bc - ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2}}{3d^5} + \frac{(4bc - ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{11/2}}{11d^5} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{13/2}}{13d^5}$$

output `-1/5*c^3*(-a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^5+1/7*c^2*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^5-1/3*c*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(9/2)/d^5+1/11*(-a*d+4*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(11/2)/d^5-1/13*b*(c+d/x^2)^(13/2)/d^5`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(d + cx^2)^2(13adx^2(-105d^3 + 70cd^2x^2 - 40c^2dx^4 + 16c^3x^6) + b(-11d^3 + 7cd^2x^2 - 4c^2dx^4 + 16c^3x^6))}{15015d^5x^{12}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^9,x]`

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{c + d/x^2}*(d + c*x^2)^2*(13*a*d*x^2*(-105*d^3 + 70*c*d^2*x^2 - 40*c^2*d*x^4 + 16*c^3*x^6) + b*(-1155*d^4 + 840*c*d^3*x^2 - 560*c^2*d^2*x^4 + 320*c^3*d*x^6 - 128*c^4*x^8)))/(15015*d^5*x^{12})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^9} dx$$

↓ 948

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} d\frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 86

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{11/2}}{d^4} + \frac{(ad - 4bc)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}}{d^4} + \frac{3c(2bc - ad)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{d^4} - \frac{c^2(4bc - 3ad)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{d^4} + \frac{c^3(bc - ad)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{d^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{2c^3(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}(bc - ad)}{5d^5} + \frac{2c^2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}(4bc - 3ad)}{7d^5} + \frac{2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{11/2}(4bc - ad)}{11d^5} - \frac{2c(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}(2bc - ad)}{3d^5} + \frac{c^3(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}(bc - ad)}{d^5} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^9, x]$$

```
output ((-2*c^3*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d^5) + (2*c^2*(4*b*c - 3*a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2))/(7*d^5) - (2*c*(2*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2))/(3*d^5) + (2*(4*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(11/2))/(11*d^5) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(13/2))/(13*d^5))/2
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
gospers	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(208ac^3dx^8-128b^4x^8-520ac^2d^2x^6+320bc^3dx^6+910acd^3x^4-560b^2c^2d^2x^4-1365ad^4x^2+840bc^3d^3x^2-1155bd^4)(cx^2+d)}{15015d^5x^{10}}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(208ac^3dx^8-128b^4x^8-520ac^2d^2x^6+320bc^3dx^6+910acd^3x^4-560b^2c^2d^2x^4-1365ad^4x^2+840bc^3d^3x^2-1155bd^4)(cx^2+d)}{15015d^5x^{10}}$
orering	$\frac{(208ac^3dx^8-128b^4x^8-520ac^2d^2x^6+320bc^3dx^6+910acd^3x^4-560b^2c^2d^2x^4-1365ad^4x^2+840bc^3d^3x^2-1155bd^4)(cx^2+d)\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)}{15015d^5(ax^2+b)x^8}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}(208ac^5dx^{12}-128b^6c^6x^{12}-104ac^4d^2x^{10}+64bc^5dx^{10}+78ac^3d^3x^8-48b^4c^4d^2x^8-65ac^2d^4x^6+40bc^3d^3x^6-1820acd^5x^4-35b^2c^2d^4x^2)}{15015x^{12}d^5}$
trager	$\frac{(208ac^5dx^{12}-128b^6c^6x^{12}-104ac^4d^2x^{10}+64bc^5dx^{10}+78ac^3d^3x^8-48b^4c^4d^2x^8-65ac^2d^4x^6+40bc^3d^3x^6-1820acd^5x^4-35b^2c^2d^4x^2)}{15015x^{12}d^5}$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15015*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)*(208*a*c^3*d*x^8-128*b*c^4*x^8-520*a*c^2*d^2*x^6+320*b*c^3*d*x^6+910*a*c*d^3*x^4-560*b*c^2*d^2*x^4-1365*a*d^4*x^2+840*b*c*d^3*x^2-1155*b*d^4)*(c*x^2+d)/d^5/x^10`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx =$$

$$\frac{(16(8bc^6 - 13ac^5d)x^{12} - 8(8bc^5d - 13ac^4d^2)x^{10} + 6(8bc^4d^2 - 13ac^3d^3)x^8 + 1155bd^6 - 5(8bc^3d^3 - 13ac^2d^4)x^6 + 35(b^2c^2d^4 + 52ac^2d^5)x^4 + 105(14b^2c^2d^5 + 13a^2c^2d^6)x^2) \sqrt{(cx^2 + d)/x^2}}{15015d^5x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15015*(16*(8*b*c^6 - 13*a*c^5*d)*x^12 - 8*(8*b*c^5*d - 13*a*c^4*d^2)*x^10 + 6*(8*b*c^4*d^2 - 13*a*c^3*d^3)*x^8 + 1155*b*d^6 - 5*(8*b*c^3*d^3 - 13*a*c^2*d^4)*x^6 + 35*(b*c^2*d^4 + 52*a*c*d^5)*x^4 + 105*(14*b*c*d^5 + 13*a*d^6)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d^5*x^12)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^9} dx =$$

$$ac \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{c^3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{3c^2 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5} - \frac{3c (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}}{9} \right)}{d^4} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{4x^8} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$ad \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left( \frac{c^4 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{4c^3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{6c^2 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{7} - \frac{4c (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{11/2}}{11} \right)}{d^5} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{5x^{10}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$bc \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left( \frac{c^4 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{4c^3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{6c^2 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{7} - \frac{4c (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{11/2}}{11} \right)}{d^5} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{5x^{10}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$bd \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{c^5 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3} + c^4 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2} - \frac{10c^3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{10c^2 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{9/2}}{9} - \frac{5c (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{13/2}}{13} \right)}{d^6} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c}}{6x^{12}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

2

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**9,x)`

output

```
-a*c*Piecewise((2*(-c**3*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + 3*c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)
)/5 - 3*c*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7 + (c + d/x**2)**(9/2)/9)/d**4, Ne(d, 0)),
(sqrt(c)/(4*x**8), True))/2 - a*d*Piecewise((2*(c**4*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3
- 4*c**3*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 + 6*c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7 - 4*c*(c +
d/x**2)**(9/2)/9 + (c + d/x**2)**(11/2)/11)/d**5, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(5*x
**10), True))/2 - b*c*Piecewise((2*(c**4*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 - 4*c**3*(c
+ d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 + 6*c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7 - 4*c*(c + d/x**2)**(9/
2)/9 + (c + d/x**2)**(11/2)/11)/d**5, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)/(5*x**10), True)
)/2 - b*d*Piecewise((2*(-c**5*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + c**4*(c + d/x**2)**(
5/2) - 10*c**3*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7 + 10*c**2*(c + d/x**2)**(9/2)/9 - 5*c
*(c + d/x**2)**(11/2)/11 + (c + d/x**2)**(13/2)/13)/d**6, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt
(c)/(6*x**12), True))/2
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{1155} \left( \frac{105 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{11/2}}{d^4} - \frac{385 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2} c}{d^4} + \frac{495 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2} c^2}{d^4} - \frac{231 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} c^3}{d^4} \right) a$$

$$-\frac{1}{15015} \left( \frac{1155 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{13/2}}{d^5} - \frac{5460 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{11/2} c}{d^5} + \frac{10010 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2} c^2}{d^5} - \frac{8580 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2} c^3}{d^5} + \frac{3003 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} c^4}{d^5} \right) b$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/1155*(105*(c + d/x^2)^(11/2)/d^4 - 385*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)*c/d^4 + 495*(c
+ d/x^2)^(7/2)*c^2/d^4 - 231*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^3/d^4)*a - 1/15015*(1155
*(c + d/x^2)^(13/2)/d^5 - 5460*(c + d/x^2)^(11/2)*c/d^5 + 10010*(c + d/x^2
)^(9/2)*c^2/d^5 - 8580*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*c^3/d^5 + 3003*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*
c^4/d^5)*b
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 550 vs.  $2(114) = 228$ .

Time = 2.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 550, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
32/15015*(15015*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^18*a*c^(11/2)*sgn(x) + 48048
*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^16*b*c^(13/2)*sgn(x) - 3003*(sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(c*x^2 + d))^16*a*c^(11/2)*d*sgn(x) + 96096*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d)
)^14*b*c^(13/2)*d*sgn(x) - 6006*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^14*a*c^(11/2
)*d^2*sgn(x) + 109824*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^12*b*c^(13/2)*d^2*sgn(
x) - 28314*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^12*a*c^(11/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 37752*
(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*b*c^(13/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 13728*(sqrt(c)*x
- sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^10*a*c^(11/2)*d^4*sgn(x) + 5720*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2
+ d))^8*b*c^(13/2)*d^4*sgn(x) + 5720*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*a*c^
(11/2)*d^5*sgn(x) - 2288*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*b*c^(13/2)*d^5*sg
n(x) + 3718*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^(11/2)*d^6*sgn(x) + 624*(s
qrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(13/2)*d^6*sgn(x) - 1014*(sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^(11/2)*d^7*sgn(x) - 104*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))
^2*b*c^(13/2)*d^7*sgn(x) + 169*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*c^(11/2)*
d^8*sgn(x) + 8*b*c^(13/2)*d^8*sgn(x) - 13*a*c^(11/2)*d^9*sgn(x))/((sqrt(c)
*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^13
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{16ac^5\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{1155d^4} - \frac{128bc^6\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{15015d^5}$$

$$- \frac{4ac\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{33x^8} - \frac{ad\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{11x^{10}} - \frac{14bc\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{143x^{10}} - \frac{bd\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{13x^{12}}$$

$$- \frac{ac^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{231dx^6} + \frac{2ac^3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{385d^2x^4} - \frac{8ac^4\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{1155d^3x^2} - \frac{bc^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{429dx^8}$$

$$+ \frac{8bc^3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{3003d^2x^6} - \frac{16bc^4\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{5005d^3x^4} + \frac{64bc^5\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{15015d^4x^2}$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^9,x)`output  $(16*a*c^5*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(1155*d^4) - (128*b*c^6*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(15015*d^5) - (4*a*c*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(33*x^8) - (a*d*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(11*x^{10}) - (14*b*c*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(143*x^{10}) - (b*d*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(13*x^{12}) - (a*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(231*d*x^6) + (2*a*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(385*d^2*x^4) - (8*a*c^4*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(1155*d^3*x^2) - (b*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(429*d*x^8) + (8*b*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(3003*d^2*x^6) - (16*b*c^4*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(5005*d^3*x^4) + (64*b*c^5*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(15015*d^4*x^2)$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^9} dx = \frac{208\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^5dx^{12} - 104\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^4d^2x^{10} + 78\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^3d^3x^8 - 65$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x)`



output

```
(208*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**5*d*x**12 - 104*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**4*d**2*x*  
*10 + 78*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**3*d**3*x**8 - 65*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d*  
*4*x**6 - 1820*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**5*x**4 - 1365*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d*  
*6*x**2 - 128*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**6*x**12 + 64*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**5*d  
*x**10 - 48*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**4*d**2*x**8 + 40*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3  
*d**3*x**6 - 35*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d**4*x**4 - 1470*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*  
b*c*d**5*x**2 - 1155*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**6 - 208*sqrt(c)*a*c**5*d*x**13  
+ 128*sqrt(c)*b*c**6*x**13)/(15015*d**5*x**13)
```

### 3.161 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{12} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1405
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1406
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1406
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1408
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1409
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1410
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1411
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1411
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1412
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1412

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{12} dx = -\frac{16d^3(13bc - 8ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^5}{15015c^5} + \frac{8d^2(13bc - 8ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^7}{3003c^4} - \frac{2d(13bc - 8ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^9}{429c^3} + \frac{(13bc - 8ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^{11}}{143c^2} + \frac{a \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^{13}}{13c}$$

output

```
-16/15015*d^3*(-8*a*d+13*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5/c^5+8/3003*d^2*(-8*a*d+13*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^7/c^4-2/429*d*(-8*a*d+13*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^9/c^3+1/143*(-8*a*d+13*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^11/c^2+1/13*a*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^13/c
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{12} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x (d + cx^2)^2 (13bc(-16d^3 + 40cd^2x^2 - 70c^2dx^4 + 105c^3x^6) + a(128d^4 - 320cd^3x^2 + 560c^2d^2x^4 - 840c^3dx^6 + 1155c^4x^8))}{15015c^5}$$

input

Integrate[(a + b/x^2)\*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)\*x^12,x]

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x*(d + c*x^2)^2*(13*b*c*(-16*d^3 + 40*c*d^2*x^2 - 70*c^2*d*x^4 + 105*c^3*x^6) + a*(128*d^4 - 320*c*d^3*x^2 + 560*c^2*d^2*x^4 - 840*c^3*d*x^6 + 1155*c^4*x^8)))/(15015*c^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{12} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\ & \frac{(13bc - 8ad) \int \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{10} dx}{13c} + \frac{ax^{13} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{13c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\ & \frac{(13bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{x^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6d \int \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^8 dx}{11c} \right)}{13c} + \frac{ax^{13} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{13c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \end{aligned}$$

$$(13bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{x^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6d \left( \frac{x^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{9c} - \frac{4d \int \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6 dx}{9c} \right)}{11c} \right) + \frac{ax^{13} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{13c}$$

↓ 803

$$(13bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{x^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6d \left( \frac{x^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{9c} - \frac{4d \left( \frac{x^7 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{2d \int \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 dx}{7c} \right)}{9c} \right)}{11c} \right) + \frac{13c}{13c} \frac{ax^{13} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{13c}$$

↓ 796

$$\left( \frac{x^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{11c} - \frac{6d \left( \frac{x^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{9c} - \frac{4d \left( \frac{x^7 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{2dx^5 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{35c^2} \right)}{9c} \right)}{11c} \right) (13bc - 8ad) + \frac{13c}{13c} \frac{ax^{13} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{13c}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^12,x]`

output

$$\frac{(a*(c + d/x^2)^{(5/2)}*x^{13})/(13*c) + ((13*b*c - 8*a*d)*((c + d/x^2)^{(5/2)}*x^{11})/(11*c) - (6*d*((c + d/x^2)^{(5/2)}*x^9)/(9*c) - (4*d*((-2*d*(c + d/x^2)^{(5/2)}*x^5)/(35*c^2) + ((c + d/x^2)^{(5/2)}*x^7)/(7*c)))/(9*c)))/(11*c))/(13*c)}$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && !LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 955

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
gospers	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 (1155a^2 x^8 c^4 - 840a^2 c^3 d x^6 + 1365b^2 c^4 x^6 + 560a^2 c^2 d^2 x^4 - 910b^2 c^3 d x^4 - 320ac^3 d^3 x^2 + 520b^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 128a^2 d^4 - 208bc^3 d^3) (cx^2+d)}{15015c^5}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 (1155a^2 x^8 c^4 - 840a^2 c^3 d x^6 + 1365b^2 c^4 x^6 + 560a^2 c^2 d^2 x^4 - 910b^2 c^3 d x^4 - 320ac^3 d^3 x^2 + 520b^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 128a^2 d^4 - 208bc^3 d^3) (cx^2+d)}{15015c^5}$
orering	$\frac{(1155a^2 x^8 c^4 - 840a^2 c^3 d x^6 + 1365b^2 c^4 x^6 + 560a^2 c^2 d^2 x^4 - 910b^2 c^3 d x^4 - 320ac^3 d^3 x^2 + 520b^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 128a^2 d^4 - 208bc^3 d^3) (cx^2+d) x^5 \left(a + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{15015c^5 (ax^2+b)}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (1155a^2 c^6 x^{12} + 1470a^2 c^5 d x^{10} + 1365b^2 c^6 x^{10} + 35a^2 c^4 d^2 x^8 + 1820b^2 c^5 d x^8 - 40a^2 c^3 d^3 x^6 + 65b^2 c^4 d^2 x^6 + 48a^2 c^2 d^4 x^4 - 78b^2 c^3 d^3 x^4 - 64ac^3 d^5)}{15015c^5}$
trager	$\frac{(1155a^2 c^6 x^{12} + 1470a^2 c^5 d x^{10} + 1365b^2 c^6 x^{10} + 35a^2 c^4 d^2 x^8 + 1820b^2 c^5 d x^8 - 40a^2 c^3 d^3 x^6 + 65b^2 c^4 d^2 x^6 + 48a^2 c^2 d^4 x^4 - 78b^2 c^3 d^3 x^4 - 64ac^3 d^5)}{15015c^5}$

```
input int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15015*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3*(1155*a*c^4*x^8-840*a*c^3*d*x^6+1365*b*c^4*x^6+560*a*c^2*d^2*x^4-910*b*c^3*d*x^4-320*a*c*d^3*x^2+520*b*c^2*d^2*x^2+128*a*d^4-208*b*c*d^3)*(c*x^2+d)/c^5
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{12} dx = \frac{(1155ac^6x^{13} + 105(13bc^6 + 14ac^5d)x^{11} + 35(52bc^5d + ac^4d^2)x^9 + 5(13bc^4d^2 - 8ac^3d^3)x^7 - 6(13b^2c^3d^3 - 8a^2c^2d^4)x^5 + 8(13b^2c^2d^4 - 8a^2c^3d^5)x^3 - 16(13b^2cd^5 - 8a^2d^6)x) \sqrt{(cx^2+d)/x^2}}{c^5}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/15015*(1155*a*c^6*x^13 + 105*(13*b*c^6 + 14*a*c^5*d)*x^11 + 35*(52*b*c^5*d + a*c^4*d^2)*x^9 + 5*(13*b*c^4*d^2 - 8*a*c^3*d^3)*x^7 - 6*(13*b*c^3*d^3 - 8*a*c^2*d^4)*x^5 + 8*(13*b*c^2*d^4 - 8*a*c^3*d^5)*x^3 - 16*(13*b*c*d^5 - 8*a*d^6)*x)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/c^5
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3351 vs.  $2(146) = 292$ .

Time = 7.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3351, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.34

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{12} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)*x**12,x)`

output

```
693*a*c**12*d**(51/2)*x**22*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(9009*c**11*d**25*x**10 + 4
5045*c**10*d**26*x**8 + 90090*c**9*d**27*x**6 + 90090*c**8*d**28*x**4 + 45
045*c**7*d**29*x**2 + 9009*c**6*d**30) + 3528*a*c**11*d**(53/2)*x**20*sqrt
(c*x**2/d + 1)/(9009*c**11*d**25*x**10 + 45045*c**10*d**26*x**8 + 90090*c*
*9*d**27*x**6 + 90090*c**8*d**28*x**4 + 45045*c**7*d**29*x**2 + 9009*c**6*
d**30) + 7175*a*c**10*d**(55/2)*x**18*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(9009*c**11*d**25
*x**10 + 45045*c**10*d**26*x**8 + 90090*c**9*d**27*x**6 + 90090*c**8*d**28
*x**4 + 45045*c**7*d**29*x**2 + 9009*c**6*d**30) + 7290*a*c**9*d**(57/2)*x
**16*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(9009*c**11*d**25*x**10 + 45045*c**10*d**26*x**8 +
90090*c**9*d**27*x**6 + 90090*c**8*d**28*x**4 + 45045*c**7*d**29*x**2 + 9
009*c**6*d**30) + 315*a*c**9*d**(35/2)*x**18*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9
*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d
**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 3699*a*c**8*d**(59/2)*x**14*sqrt(c*x**2/d +
1)/(9009*c**11*d**25*x**10 + 45045*c**10*d**26*x**8 + 90090*c**9*d**27*x*
*6 + 90090*c**8*d**28*x**4 + 45045*c**7*d**29*x**2 + 9009*c**6*d**30) + 12
95*a*c**8*d**(37/2)*x**16*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860
*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c*
*5*d**20) + 756*a*c**7*d**(61/2)*x**12*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(9009*c**11*d**2
5*x**10 + 45045*c**10*d**26*x**8 + 90090*c**9*d**27*x**6 + 90090*c**8*d**2
8*x**4 + 45045*c**7*d**29*x**2 + 9009*c**6*d**30) + 1990*a*c**7*d**(39/...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{12} dx = \frac{\left(105 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{11/2} x^{11} - 385 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2} dx^9 + 495 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2} d^2 x^7 - 231 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} d^3 x^5\right) b}{1155 c^4} + \frac{\left(1155 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{13/2} x^{13} - 5460 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{11/2} dx^{11} + 10010 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{9/2} d^2 x^9 - 8580 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2} d^3 x^7 + 3003 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} d^4 x^5\right) a}{15015 c^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/1155*(105*(c + d/x^2)^(11/2)*x^11 - 385*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)*d*x^9 + 495*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*d^2*x^7 - 231*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d^3*x^5)*b/c^4 + 1/15015*(1155*(c + d/x^2)^(13/2)*x^13 - 5460*(c + d/x^2)^(11/2)*d*x^11 + 10010*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)*d^2*x^9 - 8580*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*d^3*x^7 + 3003*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d^4*x^5)*a/c^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{12} dx = \frac{16 \left(13 bcd^{\frac{11}{2}} - 8 ad^{\frac{13}{2}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15015 c^5} + \frac{1155 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{13}{2}} a \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 1365 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} b c \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 5460 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} a d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 5005 (cx^2 + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} b c d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15015 c^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
16/15015*(13*b*c*d^(11/2) - 8*a*d^(13/2))*sgn(x)/c^5 + 1/15015*(1155*(c*x^2 + d)^(13/2)*a*sgn(x) + 1365*(c*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 5460*(c*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*a*d*sgn(x) - 5005*(c*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*b*c*d*sgn(x) + 10010*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*d^2*sgn(x) + 6435*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) - 8580*(c*x^2 + d)^(1/2)*a*d^3*sgn(x) - 3003*(c*x^2 + d)^(1/2)*b*c*d^3*sgn(x) + 3003*(c*x^2 + d)^(1/2)*a*d^4*sgn(x))/c^5
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{12} dx = \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( \frac{x(128ad^6 - 208bcd^5)}{15015c^5} + \frac{x^{11}(1365bc^6 + 1470adc^5)}{15015c^5} + \frac{acx^{13}}{13} + \frac{dx^9(ad + 52bc)}{429c} - \frac{d^2x^7(8ad - 13bc)}{3003c^2} + \frac{2d^3x^5(8ad - 13bc)}{5005c^3} - \frac{8d^4x^3(8ad - 13bc)}{15015c^4} \right)$$

input

```
int(x^12*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*((x*(128*a*d^6 - 208*b*c*d^5))/(15015*c^5) + (x^11*(1365*b*c^6 + 1470*a*c^5*d))/(15015*c^5) + (a*c*x^13)/13 + (d*x^9*(a*d + 52*b*c))/(429*c) - (d^2*x^7*(8*a*d - 13*b*c))/(3003*c^2) + (2*d^3*x^5*(8*a*d - 13*b*c))/(5005*c^3) - (8*d^4*x^3*(8*a*d - 13*b*c))/(15015*c^4))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{12} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}(1155ac^6x^{12} + 1470a^5cdx^{10} + 1365b^6c^6x^{10} + 35a^4d^2x^8 + 1820b^5cdx^8 - 40a^3b^2d^2x^6 + 1820b^4cd^2x^6 - 1365b^5cd^2x^4 + 1365b^6cd^2x^4 - 1365b^7cd^2x^2 + 1365b^8cd^2x^2 - 1365b^9cd^2x^2 + 1365b^{10}cd^2x^2 - 1365b^{11}cd^2x^2 + 1365b^{12}cd^2x^2)}{15015c^5}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^12,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(1155*a*c**6*x**12 + 1470*a*c**5*d*x**10 + 35*a*c**4*d**2*x**8 - 40*a*c**3*d**3*x**6 + 48*a*c**2*d**4*x**4 - 64*a*c*d**5*x**2 + 128*a*d**6 + 1365*b*c**6*x**10 + 1820*b*c**5*d*x**8 + 65*b*c**4*d**2*x**6 - 78*b*c**3*d**3*x**4 + 104*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 208*b*c*d**5))/(15015*c**5)
```

### 3.162 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{10} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1414
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1414
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1415
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1417
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1417
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1418
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1419
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1419
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1420
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1420

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{10} dx = \frac{8d^2(11bc - 6ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^5}{3465c^4} - \frac{4d(11bc - 6ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^7}{693c^3} + \frac{(11bc - 6ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^9}{99c^2} + \frac{a \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^{11}}{11c}$$

output

```
8/3465*d^2*(-6*a*d+11*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5/c^4-4/693*d*(-6*a*d+11*b*c)
*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^7/c^3+1/99*(-6*a*d+11*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^9/c^2+1/11
*a*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^11/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{10} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x (d + cx^2)^2 (11bc(8d^2 - 20cdx^2 + 35c^2x^4) + 3a(-16d^3 + 40cd^2x^2 - 70c^2dx^4 + \dots))}{3465c^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^10,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{c + d/x^2} * x * (d + c*x^2)^2 * (11*b*c*(8*d^2 - 20*c*d*x^2 + 35*c^2*x^4) + 3*a*(-16*d^3 + 40*c*d^2*x^2 - 70*c^2*d*x^4 + 105*c^3*x^6)))}{(3465*c^4)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{10} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 955$$

$$\frac{(11bc - 6ad) \int \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^8 dx}{11c} + \frac{ax^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{11c}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$\frac{(11bc - 6ad) \left( \frac{x^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{9c} - \frac{4d \int \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6 dx}{9c} \right)}{11c} + \frac{ax^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{11c}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$\frac{(11bc - 6ad) \left( \frac{x^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{9c} - \frac{4d \left( \frac{x^7 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{2d \int \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 dx}{7c} \right)}{9c} \right)}{11c} + \frac{ax^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{11c}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{\left( \frac{x^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{9c} - \frac{4d \left( \frac{x^7 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{2dx^5 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{35c^2} \right)}{9c} \right) (11bc - 6ad)}{11c} + \frac{ax^{11} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{11c}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^10,x]`

output `(a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^11)/(11*c) + ((11*b*c - 6*a*d)*((c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^9)/(9*c) - (4*d*(-2*d*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5)/(35*c^2) + ((c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^7)/(7*c)))/(9*c))/(11*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
gospers	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 (315a^6 c^3 - 210a^2 c^2 d x^4 + 385b^3 c^3 x^4 + 120ac d^2 x^2 - 220b^2 c^2 d x^2 - 48a d^3 + 88bc d^2) (cx^2+d)}{3465c^4}$
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 (315a^6 c^3 - 210a^2 c^2 d x^4 + 385b^3 c^3 x^4 + 120ac d^2 x^2 - 220b^2 c^2 d x^2 - 48a d^3 + 88bc d^2) (cx^2+d)}{3465c^4}$
orering	$\frac{(315a^6 c^3 - 210a^2 c^2 d x^4 + 385b^3 c^3 x^4 + 120ac d^2 x^2 - 220b^2 c^2 d x^2 - 48a d^3 + 88bc d^2) (cx^2+d) x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3465c^4 (ax^2+b)}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (315a^5 c^5 x^{10} + 420a^4 c^4 d x^8 + 385b^3 c^5 x^8 + 15a^3 c^3 d^2 x^6 + 550b^2 c^4 d x^6 - 18a^2 c^2 d^3 x^4 + 33b^3 c^3 d^2 x^4 + 24ac d^4 x^2 - 44b^2 c^2 d^3 x^2 - 48a^2 d^5 + 88bc d^4)}{3465c^4}$
trager	$\frac{(315a^5 c^5 x^{10} + 420a^4 c^4 d x^8 + 385b^3 c^5 x^8 + 15a^3 c^3 d^2 x^6 + 550b^2 c^4 d x^6 - 18a^2 c^2 d^3 x^4 + 33b^3 c^3 d^2 x^4 + 24ac d^4 x^2 - 44b^2 c^2 d^3 x^2 - 48a^2 d^5 + 88bc d^4)}{3465c^4}$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3465} \left( \frac{cx^2+d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 (315a^6 c^3 x^6 - 210a^2 c^2 d x^4 + 385b^3 c^3 x^4 + 120a^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 220b^2 c^2 d x^2 - 48a^2 d^3 + 88b^3 c^2 d^2) (cx^2+d) / c^4$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{10} dx = \frac{(315ac^5x^{11} + 35(11bc^5 + 12ac^4d)x^9 + 5(110bc^4d + 3ac^3d^2)x^7 + 3(11bc^3d^2 - 6ac^2d^3))}{3465c^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3465} (315a^5c^5x^{11} + 35(11b^3c^5 + 12a^2c^4d)x^9 + 5(110b^2c^4d + 3a^2c^3d^2)x^7 + 3(11b^2c^3d^2 - 6a^2c^2d^3)x^5 - 4(11b^2c^2d^3 - 6a^2c^2d^4)x^3 + 8(11b^2c^2d^4 - 6a^2d^5)x) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} / c^4$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2304 vs.  $2(112) = 224$ .

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2304, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.69

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^{10} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)*x**10,x)`

output

```
315*a*c**10*d**(33/2)*x**18*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 1295*a*c**9*d**(35/2)*x**16*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 1990*a*c**8*d**(37/2)*x**14*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 1358*a*c**7*d**(39/2)*x**12*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 35*a*c**7*d**(21/2)*x**14*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 343*a*c**6*d**(41/2)*x**10*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 110*a*c**6*d**(23/2)*x**12*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 35*a*c**5*d**(43/2)*x**8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 13860*c**6*d**19*x**2 + 3465*c**5*d**20) + 114*a*c**5*d**(25/2)*x**10*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 280*a*c**4*d**(45/2)*x**6*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3465*c**9*d**16*x**8 + 13860*c**8*d**17*x**6 + 20790*c**7*d**18*x**4 + 138...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^{10} dx = \frac{\left( 35 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{9/2} x^9 - 90 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{7/2} dx^7 + 63 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} d^2 x^5 \right) b}{315 c^3} + \frac{\left( 105 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{11/2} x^{11} - 385 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{9/2} dx^9 + 495 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{7/2} d^2 x^7 - 231 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} d^3 x^5 \right) a}{1155 c^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/315*(35*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)*x^9 - 90*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*d*x^7 + 63*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d^2*x^5)*b/c^3 + 1/1155*(105*(c + d/x^2)^(11/2)*x^11 - 385*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)*d*x^9 + 495*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*d^2*x^7 - 231*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d^3*x^5)*a/c^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^{10} dx = -\frac{8 \left( 11 bcd^{9/2} - 6 ad^{11/2} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3465 c^4} + \frac{315 (cx^2 + d)^{11/2} a \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 385 (cx^2 + d)^{9/2} b c \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 1155 (cx^2 + d)^{7/2} a d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 990 (cx^2 + d)^{5/2} b c d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3465 c^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-8/3465*(11*b*c*d^(9/2) - 6*a*d^(11/2))*sgn(x)/c^4 + 1/3465*(315*(c*x^2 + d)^(11/2)*a*sgn(x) + 385*(c*x^2 + d)^(9/2)*b*c*sgn(x) - 1155*(c*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*a*d*sgn(x) - 990*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*b*c*d*sgn(x) + 1485*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*d^2*sgn(x) + 693*(c*x^2 + d)^(1/2)*b*c*d^3*sgn(x))/c^4`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^{10} dx = \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( \frac{x^9 (385 b c^5 + 420 a d c^4)}{3465 c^4} - \frac{x (48 a d^5 - 88 b c d^4)}{3465 c^4} + \frac{a c x^{11}}{11} + \frac{d x^7 (3 a d + 110 b c)}{693 c} - \frac{d^2 x^5 (6 a d - 11 b c)}{1155 c^2} + \frac{4 d^3 x^3 (6 a d - 11 b c)}{3465 c^3} \right)$$

input `int(x^10*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*((x^9*(385*b*c^5 + 420*a*c^4*d))/(3465*c^4) - (x*(48*a*d^5 - 88*b*c*d^4))/(3465*c^4) + (a*c*x^11)/11 + (d*x^7*(3*a*d + 110*b*c))/(693*c) - (d^2*x^5*(6*a*d - 11*b*c))/(1155*c^2) + (4*d^3*x^3*(6*a*d - 11*b*c))/(3465*c^3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^{10} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c x^2 + d} (315 a c^5 x^{10} + 420 a c^4 d x^8 + 385 b c^5 x^8 + 15 a c^3 d^2 x^6 + 550 b c^4 d x^6 - 18 a c^2 d^3 x^4 + 33 b c^3 d^2 x^4 - 44 b c^2 d^3 x^2 + 88 b c d^4)}{3465 c^4}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^10,x)`output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(315*a*c**5*x**10 + 420*a*c**4*d*x**8 + 15*a*c**3*d**2*x**6 - 18*a*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 24*a*c*d**4*x**2 - 48*a*d**5 + 385*b*c**5*x**8 + 550*b*c**4*d*x**6 + 33*b*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 44*b*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 88*b*c*d**4))/(3465*c**4)`

### 3.163 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^8 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1421
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1421
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1422
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1423
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1424
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1424
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1425
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1426
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1426
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1427

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^8 dx = -\frac{2d(9bc - 4ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^5}{315c^3} + \frac{(9bc - 4ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^7}{63c^2} + \frac{a \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^9}{9c}$$

```
output -2/315*d*(-4*a*d+9*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5/c^3+1/63*(-4*a*d+9*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^7/c^2+1/9*a*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^9/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^8 dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x (d + cx^2)^2 (9bc(-2d + 5cx^2) + a(8d^2 - 20cdx^2 + 35c^2x^4))}{315c^3}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^8,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x*(d + c*x^2)^2*(9*b*c*(-2*d + 5*c*x^2) + a*(8*d^2 - 20*c
*d*x^2 + 35*c^2*x^4)))/(315*c^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^8 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 955$$

$$\frac{(9bc - 4ad) \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^6 dx}{9c} + \frac{ax^9 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{9c}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$\frac{(9bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{x^7 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{2d \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^4 dx}{7c} \right)}{9c} + \frac{ax^9 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{9c}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{\left( \frac{x^7 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{7c} - \frac{2dx^5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{35c^2} \right) (9bc - 4ad)}{9c} + \frac{ax^9 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{9c}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^8,x]
```

output

```
(a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^9)/(9*c) + ((9*b*c - 4*a*d)*((-2*d*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)
)*x^5)/(35*c^2) + ((c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^7)/(7*c))/(9*c)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*c*(m+1))\}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[(m+1)/n+p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 803  $\text{Int}[(x\_)^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)}*\{(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[b*\{(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1))\} \ \text{Int}[x^{(m+n)}*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n+p+1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 955  $\text{Int}[\{(e\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*e*(m+1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1)-b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(a*e^n*(m+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m+n)}*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c-a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[e, 0]) \ \&\& \ ((\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]) \ || \ (\text{LtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m+n, -1])) \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 (35a^2c^2x^4 - 20ad^2c^2x^2 + 45b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 18dbc) (cx^2+d)}{315c^3}$	67
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 (35a^2c^2x^4 - 20ad^2c^2x^2 + 45b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 18dbc) (cx^2+d)}{315c^3}$	67
orering	$\frac{(35a^2c^2x^4 - 20ad^2c^2x^2 + 45b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 18dbc) (cx^2+d) x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{315c^3(a x^2 + b)}$	79
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (35a^2x^8c^4 + 50a^2c^3dx^6 + 45b^2c^4x^6 + 3a^2c^2d^2x^4 + 72b^2c^3dx^4 - 4ac^2d^3x^2 + 9b^2c^2d^2x^2 + 8ad^4 - 18bc^2d^3)}{315c^3}$	106
trager	$\frac{(35a^2x^8c^4 + 50a^2c^3dx^6 + 45b^2c^4x^6 + 3a^2c^2d^2x^4 + 72b^2c^3dx^4 - 4ac^2d^3x^2 + 9b^2c^2d^2x^2 + 8ad^4 - 18bc^2d^3) x \sqrt{-\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{315c^3}$	110

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^{(3/2)}*x^8, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/315*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3*(35*a*c^2*x^4-20*a*c*d*x^2+45*b*c^2*x^2+8*
a*d^2-18*b*c*d)*(c*x^2+d)/c^3
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^8 dx = \frac{(35ac^4x^9 + 5(9bc^4 + 10ac^3d)x^7 + 3(24bc^3d + ac^2d^2)x^5 + (9bc^2d^2 - 4acd^3)x^3 - 2(9bcd^2 - 4ad^3))x^8}{315c^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/315*(35*a*c^4*x^9 + 5*(9*b*c^4 + 10*a*c^3*d)*x^7 + 3*(24*b*c^3*d + a*c^2
*d^2)*x^5 + (9*b*c^2*d^2 - 4*a*c*d^3)*x^3 - 2*(9*b*c*d^3 - 4*a*d^4)*x)*sqrt
t((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/c^3
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1340 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 4.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1340, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.95

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^8 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)*x**8,x)
```

output

```

35*a*c**8*d**(19/2)*x**14*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**
6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 110*a*c**7*d**(21/2
)*x**12*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945
*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 114*a*c**6*d**(23/2)*x**10*sqrt(c*x**
2/d + 1)/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 +
315*c**4*d**12) + 40*a*c**5*d**(25/2)*x**8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(315*c**7*d
**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 1
5*a*c**5*d**(11/2)*x**10*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4
*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) - 5*a*c**4*d**(27/2)*x**6*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(
315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*
d**12) + 33*a*c**4*d**(13/2)*x**8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 +
210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) - 30*a*c**3*d**(29/2)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**
2/d + 1)/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d**11*x**2 +
315*c**4*d**12) + 17*a*c**3*d**(15/2)*x**6*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d
**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) - 40*a*c**2*d**(31/2)*x**2*
sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d*
*11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 3*a*c**2*d**(17/2)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(1
05*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) - 16*a*c*d**(33/2)
*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(315*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 945*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 945*c**5*d
**11*x**2 + 315*c**4*d**12) + 12*a*c*d**(19/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/...

```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^8 dx = \frac{\left( 5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{7/2} x^7 - 7 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} dx^5 \right) b}{35 c^2} + \frac{\left( 35 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{9/2} x^9 - 90 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{7/2} dx^7 + 63 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} d^2 x^5 \right) a}{315 c^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/35*(5*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*x^7 - 7*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d*x^5)*b/c^2 + 1/315*(
35*(c + d/x^2)^(9/2)*x^9 - 90*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*d*x^7 + 63*(c + d/x^2)^(5/
2)*d^2*x^5)*a/c^3

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^8 dx = \frac{2 \left(9bcd^{7/2} - 4ad^{9/2}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{315c^3} + \frac{35(cx^2 + d)^{9/2} a \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 45(cx^2 + d)^{7/2} b c \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 90(cx^2 + d)^{7/2} a d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 63(cx^2 + d)^{5/2} b c d \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 63}{315c^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output  $\frac{2}{315} * (9 * b * c * d^{(7/2)} - 4 * a * d^{(9/2)}) * \operatorname{sgn}(x) / c^3 + \frac{1}{315} * (35 * (c * x^2 + d)^{(9/2)} * a * \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 45 * (c * x^2 + d)^{(7/2)} * b * c * \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 90 * (c * x^2 + d)^{(7/2)} * a * d * \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 63 * (c * x^2 + d)^{(5/2)} * b * c * d * \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 63 * (c * x^2 + d)^{(5/2)} * a * d^2 * \operatorname{sgn}(x)) / c^3$ **Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^8 dx = \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( \frac{x(8ad^4 - 18bcd^3)}{315c^3} + \frac{x^7(45bc^4 + 50adc^3)}{315c^3} + \frac{acx^9}{9} + \frac{dx^5(ad + 24bc)}{105c} - \frac{d^2x^3(4ad - 9bc)}{315c^2} \right)$$

input `int(x^8*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`output  $(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)} * ((x * (8 * a * d^4 - 18 * b * c * d^3)) / (315 * c^3) + (x^7 * (45 * b * c^4 + 50 * a * c^3 * d)) / (315 * c^3) + (a * c * x^9) / 9 + (d * x^5 * (a * d + 24 * b * c)) / (105 * c) - (d^2 * x^3 * (4 * a * d - 9 * b * c)) / (315 * c^2))$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^8 dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} (35ac^4x^8 + 50ac^3dx^6 + 45bc^4x^6 + 3a^2d^2x^4 + 72bc^3dx^4 - 4acd^3x^2 + 9b^2c^2d^2 - 18b^2cd^3)}{315c^3}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^8,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(35*a*c**4*x**8 + 50*a*c**3*d*x**6 + 3*a*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*a*c*d**3*x**2 + 8*a*d**4 + 45*b*c**4*x**6 + 72*b*c**3*d*x**4 + 9*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 18*b*c*d**3))/(315*c**3)
```



### 3.164 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1428
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1428
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1429
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1430
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1431
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1431
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1432
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1432
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1433
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1433

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6 dx = \frac{(7bc - 2ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^5}{35c^2} + \frac{a \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^7}{7c}$$

output

```
1/35*(-2*a*d+7*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5/c^2+1/7*a*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^7/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6 dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x (d + cx^2)^2 (7bc - 2ad + 5acx^2)}{35c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^6,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x*(d + c*x^2)^2*(7*b*c - 2*a*d + 5*a*c*x^2))/(35*c^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {955, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^6 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{955}$$

$$\frac{(7bc - 2ad) \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^4 dx}{7c} + \frac{ax^7 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{7c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{796}$$

$$\frac{x^5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} (7bc - 2ad)}{35c^2} + \frac{ax^7 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{7c}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^6,x]
```

output

```
((7*b*c - 2*a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5)/(35*c^2) + (a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^7)/(7*c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 796 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 955 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 (5acx^2 - 2ad + 7cb)(cx^2 + d)}{35c^2}$	45
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 (5acx^2 - 2ad + 7cb)(cx^2 + d)}{35c^2}$	45
orering	$\frac{(5acx^2 - 2ad + 7cb)(cx^2 + d)x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35c^2(ax^2 + b)}$	57
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x (5ax^6c^3 + 8ac^2dx^4 + 7bc^3x^4 + acd^2x^2 + 14b^2cdx^2 - 2ad^3 + 7bcd^2)}{35c^2}$	81
trager	$\frac{(5ax^6c^3 + 8ac^2dx^4 + 7bc^3x^4 + acd^2x^2 + 14b^2cdx^2 - 2ad^3 + 7bcd^2)x\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{35c^2}$	85

```
input int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/35*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3*(5*a*c*x^2-2*a*d+7*b*c)*(c*x^2+d)/c^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^6 dx = \frac{(5ac^3x^7 + (7bc^3 + 8ac^2d)x^5 + (14bc^2d + acd^2)x^3 + (7bcd^2 - 2ad^3)x)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{35c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/35*(5*a*c^3*x^7 + (7*b*c^3 + 8*a*c^2*d)*x^5 + (14*b*c^2*d + a*c*d^2)*x^3 + (7*b*c*d^2 - 2*a*d^3)*x)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/c^2`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 498 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.40

$$\begin{aligned} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^6 dx = & \frac{15ac^6d^{\frac{9}{2}}x^{10}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5d^4x^4 + 210c^4d^5x^2 + 105c^3d^6} \\ & + \frac{33ac^5d^{\frac{11}{2}}x^8\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5d^4x^4 + 210c^4d^5x^2 + 105c^3d^6} + \frac{17ac^4d^{\frac{13}{2}}x^6\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5d^4x^4 + 210c^4d^5x^2 + 105c^3d^6} \\ & + \frac{3ac^3d^{\frac{15}{2}}x^4\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5d^4x^4 + 210c^4d^5x^2 + 105c^3d^6} + \frac{12ac^2d^{\frac{17}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5d^4x^4 + 210c^4d^5x^2 + 105c^3d^6} \\ & + \frac{8acd^{\frac{19}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{105c^5d^4x^4 + 210c^4d^5x^2 + 105c^3d^6} + \frac{ad^{\frac{3}{2}}x^4\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5} + \frac{ad^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c} \\ & - \frac{2ad^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c^2} + \frac{bc\sqrt{d}x^4\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5} + \frac{2bd^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5} + \frac{bd^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5c} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)*x**6,x)`

output

```

15*a*c**6*d**(9/2)*x**10*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4
*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 33*a*c**5*d**(11/2)*x**8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/
(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 17*a*c**4*d**
(13/2)*x**6*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 1
05*c**3*d**6) + 3*a*c**3*d**(15/2)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*
x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + 12*a*c**2*d**(17/2)*x**2*sqrt
(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 105*c**3*d**6) +
8*a*c*d**(19/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(105*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 210*c**4*d**5*x*
*2 + 105*c**3*d**6) + a*d**(3/2)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/5 + a*d**(5/2)*x*
*2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c) - 2*a*d**(7/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c**2) +
b*c*sqrt(d)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/5 + 2*b*d**(3/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d +
1)/5 + b*d**(5/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(5*c)

```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6 dx = \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^5}{5c} + \frac{\left(5\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2} x^7 - 7\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} dx^5\right)a}{35c^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/5*b*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5/c + 1/35*(5*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*x^7 - 7*(c + d/x
^2)^(5/2)*d*x^5)*a/c^2

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6 dx = -\frac{\left(7bcd^{5/2} - 2ad^{7/2}\right)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{35c^2} + \frac{5(cx^2 + d)^{7/2}a\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 7(cx^2 + d)^{5/2}bc\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 7(cx^2 + d)^{5/2}ad\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{35c^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/35*(7*b*c*d^{(5/2)} - 2*a*d^{(7/2)})*sgn(x)/c^2 + 1/35*(5*(c*x^2 + d)^{(7/2)} * a*sgn(x) + 7*(c*x^2 + d)^{(5/2)}*b*c*sgn(x) - 7*(c*x^2 + d)^{(5/2)}*a*d*sgn(x))/c^2$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^6 dx = \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( \frac{x^5 (7bc^3 + 8adc^2)}{35c^2} - \frac{x(2ad^3 - 7bcd^2)}{35c^2} + \frac{acx^7}{7} + \frac{dx^3(ad + 14bc)}{35c} \right)$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^6*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)}, x)$$

output

$$(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}*((x^5*(7*b*c^3 + 8*a*c^2*d))/(35*c^2) - (x*(2*a*d^3 - 7*b*c*d^2))/(35*c^2) + (a*c*x^7)/7 + (d*x^3*(a*d + 14*b*c))/(35*c))$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^6 dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}(5a^3c^3x^6 + 8a^2c^2d*x^4 + acd^2*x^2 - 2ad^3 + 7bcd^2)}{35c^2}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^{(3/2)}*x^6, x)$$

output

$$(\text{sqrt}(c*x**2 + d)*(5*a*c**3*x**6 + 8*a*c**2*d*x**4 + a*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*a*d**3 + 7*b*c**3*x**4 + 14*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 7*b*c*d**2))/(35*c**2)$$

### 3.165 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 dx$

Optimal result	1434
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1434
Rubi [A] (verified)	1435
Maple [A] (verified)	1437
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1437
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1438
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Mupad [F(-1)]	1440
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1440

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 dx = \frac{4}{3}bd\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \frac{1}{3}bc\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^3 + \frac{a(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}x^5}{5c} - bd^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}\right)$$

output

```
4/3*b*d*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x+1/3*b*c*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3+1/5*a*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)
)*x^5/c-b*d^(3/2)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 dx = \frac{1}{15}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x \left(\frac{3a(d + cx^2)^2}{c} + 5b(4d + cx^2) - \frac{15bd^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d + cx^2}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x*((3*a*(d + c*x^2)^2)/c + 5*b*(4*d + c*x^2) - (15*b*d^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d]])/Sqrt[d + c*x^2))/15`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {953, 858, 247, 247, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{953} \\
 & b \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^2 dx + \frac{ax^5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{5c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\
 & \frac{ax^5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{5c} - b \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^4 d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & \frac{ax^5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{5c} - b \left( d \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & \frac{ax^5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{5c} - b \left( d \left( d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x} - x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{ax^5(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5c} - b \left( d \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x}} - x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{ax^5(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5c} - b \left( d \left( \sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right) - x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4,x]`

output `(a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5)/(5*c) - b*(-1/3*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3) + d*(-(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x) + Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 247 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 953

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d/e^n Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1]))
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 \left(-3a(cx^2+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 15d^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right) bc - 5(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} bc - 15\sqrt{cx^2+d} bcd\right)}{15(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c}$	99

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/15*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3*(-3*a*(c*x^2+d)^(5/2)+15*d^(3/2)*ln(2*(d^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)+d)/x)*b*c-5*(c*x^2+d)^(3/2)*b*c-15*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*b*c*d)/(c*x^2+d)^(3/2)/c
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 dx = \frac{15 bcd^{\frac{3}{2}} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + 2d}{x^2}\right) + 2(3ac^2x^5 + (5bc^2 + 6acd)x^3 + (20bcd + 3ad^2)x^2)}{30c}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/30*(15*b*c*d^(3/2)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d))*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2) + 2*(3*a*c^2*x^5 + (5*b*c^2 + 6*a*c*d)*x^3 + (20*b*c*d + 3*a*d^2)*x)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/c, 1/15*(15*b*c*sqrt(-d)*d*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d) + (3*a*c^2*x^5 + (5*b*c^2 + 6*a*c*d)*x^3 + (20*b*c*d + 3*a*d^2)*x)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/c]
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 3.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^4 dx = \frac{ac\sqrt{d}x^4\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5} + \frac{2ad^{3/2}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5} + \frac{ad^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5c} + \frac{b\sqrt{cd}x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{bc\sqrt{d}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3} + \frac{bd^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3} - bd^{3/2} \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}} \right) + \frac{bd^2}{\sqrt{cx}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)*x**4,x)
```

output

```
a*c*sqrt(d)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/5 + 2*a*d**(3/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/5 + a*d**(5/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(5*c) + b*sqrt(c)*d*x/sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)) + b*c*sqrt(d)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/3 + b*d**(3/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/3 - b*d**(3/2)*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x)) + b*d**2/(sqrt(c)*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 dx = \frac{a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} x^5}{5c} + \frac{1}{6} \left( 2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 + 6 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx + 3 d^{3/2} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}} \right) \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5/c + 1/6*(2*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3 + 6*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d*x + 3*d^(3/2)*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d))))*b`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 dx = \frac{bd^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-d}} - \frac{\left(15bcd^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) + 20bc\sqrt{-d}d^{3/2} + 3a\sqrt{-d}d^{5/2}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15c\sqrt{-d}} + \frac{3(cx^2 + d)^{5/2}ac^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 5(cx^2 + d)^{3/2}bc^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 15\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bc^5 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15c^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b*d^2*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))*sgn(x)/sqrt(-d) - 1/15*(15*b*c*d^2*arctan(sqrt(d)/sqrt(-d)) + 20*b*c*sqrt(-d)*d^(3/2) + 3*a*sqrt(-d)*d^(5/2))*sgn(x)/(c*sqrt(-d)) + 1/15*(3*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*c^4*sgn(x) + 5*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c^5*sgn(x) + 15*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c^5*d*sgn(x))/c^5`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 dx = \int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^4*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4 dx = \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^2x^4 + 6\sqrt{cx^2 + d}acd x^2 + 3\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ad^2 + 5\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bc^2x^2 + 20\sqrt{cx^2 + d} + 15c}{15c}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4,x)`output `(3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*x**4 + 6*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**2 + 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*x**2 + 20*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d + 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c*d - 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c*d)/(15*c)`

### 3.166 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2 dx$

Optimal result	1441
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1441
Rubi [A] (verified)	1442
Maple [A] (verified)	1444
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1445
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1445
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1446
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1446
Mupad [F(-1)]	1447
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1447

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2 dx = -\frac{d(3bc + 2ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{6cx} + \frac{1}{3}(3bc + 2ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \frac{a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}x^3}{3c} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{d}(3bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}\right)$$

output

```
-1/6*d*(2*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c/x+1/3*(2*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x+1/3*a*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^3/c-1/2*d^(1/2)*(2*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(\sqrt{d + cx^2}(-3bd + 6bcx^2 + 8adx^2 + 2acx^4) - 3\sqrt{d}(3bc + 2ad)x^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)}{6x\sqrt{d + cx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*(-3*b*d + 6*b*c*x^2 + 8*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c*x^4) - 3*Sqrt[d]*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d]]))/(6*x*Sqrt[d + c*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {955, 773, 247, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\
 & \frac{(2ad + 3bc) \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx}{3c} + \frac{ax^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & \frac{ax^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2ad + 3bc) \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^2 d\frac{1}{x}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & \frac{ax^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2ad + 3bc) \left( 3d \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d\frac{1}{x} - x \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right)}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{ax^3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2ad + 3bc) \left( 3d \left( \frac{1}{2} c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right) - x \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} \right)}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{ax^3(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2ad + 3bc) \left( 3d \left( \frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right) - x(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} \right)}{3c}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{ax^3(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2ad + 3bc) \left( 3d \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right) - x(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} \right)}{3c}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2,x]`

output `(a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^3)/(3*c) - ((3*b*c + 2*a*d)*(-(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x) + 3*d*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(2*x) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)))/(2*Sqrt[d])))/(3*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`



```
rule 247 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]
```

```
rule 773 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 955 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
risch	$-\frac{db\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{2x} + \frac{\left(-\frac{\sqrt{d}(2ad+3cb)\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)}{2} + \sqrt{cx^2+d}bc + ac^2\left(\frac{x^2\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{3c} - \frac{2d\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{3c^2}\right) + 2ad\sqrt{cx^2+d}\right)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x\left(6d^{\frac{5}{2}}\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)ax^2+9d^{\frac{3}{2}}\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)bcx^2-2(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}adx^2-3(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}bcx^2+3(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d\right)}{6(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}$

```
input int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*d*b/x*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+(-1/2*d^(1/2)*(2*a*d+3*b*c)*ln((2*d+2*d^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x)+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*b*c+a*c^2*(1/3*x^2/c*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)-2/3*d/c^2*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))+2*a*d*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2 dx = \frac{3(3bc + 2ad)\sqrt{d}x \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2} + 2d}}{x^2}\right) + 2(2acx^4 + 2(3bc + 4ad)x^2 - 3bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{12x}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(d)*x*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2) + 2*(2*a*c*x^4 + 2*(3*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^2 - 3*b*d)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/x, 1/6*(3*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(-d)*x*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d) + (2*a*c*x^4 + 2*(3*b*c + 4*a*d)*x^2 - 3*b*d)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/x]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2 dx = \frac{a\sqrt{cd}x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{ac\sqrt{d}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3}$$

$$+ \frac{ad^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3} - ad^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right) + \frac{ad^2}{\sqrt{cx}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{bc^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{b\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}{2x} + \frac{b\sqrt{cd}}{x\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{3bc\sqrt{d}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)*x**2,x)`

output

```
a*sqrt(c)*d*x/sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)) + a*c*sqrt(d)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/3
+ a*d**(3/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/3 - a*d**(3/2)*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))
+ a*d**2/(sqrt(c)*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + b*c**(3/2)*x/sqrt(1 + d/(c*x
*2)) - b*sqrt(c)*d*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))/(2*x) + b*sqrt(c)*d/(x*sqrt(1 + d/
(c*x**2))) - 3*b*c*sqrt(d)*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/2
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} \left( 2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 + 6 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx + 3 d^{\frac{3}{2}} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}} \right) \right) a + \frac{1}{4} \left( 4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} cx - \frac{2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c dx}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right) x^2 - d} + 3 c \sqrt{d} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}} \right) \right) b$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(2*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3 + 6*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d*x + 3*d^(3/2)*log((sqrt
(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d))))*a + 1/4*(4*sqrt(c
+ d/x^2)*c*x - 2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*d*x/((c + d/x^2)*x^2 - d) + 3*c*sqrt(d
)*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d))))*b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} c \left( \frac{3(3bcd\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 2ad^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}} \right)}{c\sqrt{-d}} - \frac{3\sqrt{cx^2+dbd}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{cx^2} + \frac{2((cx^2 + d)^{3/2})}{c} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*c*(3*(3*b*c*d*sgn(x) + 2*a*d^2*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/(c*sqrt(-d)) - 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*d*sgn(x)/(c*x^2) + 2*((c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*c^2*sgn(x) + 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c^3*sgn(x) + 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*c^2*d*sgn(x))/c^3)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^2 dx = \int x^2 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2), x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^2 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + d}acx^4 + 8\sqrt{cx^2 + d}adx^2 + 6\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bcx^2 - 3\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bd + 6\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}}\right)}{1}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2,x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*x**4 + 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d + 6*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*d*x**2 + 9*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c*x**2 - 6*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*d*x**2 - 9*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c*x**2)/(6*x**2)
```

### 3.167 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1449
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1449
Rubi [A] (verified)	1450
Maple [A] (verified)	1452
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1453
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1453
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1454
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1455
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1455
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1456

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3(bc + 4ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8x} - \frac{(bc + 4ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4cx} + \frac{a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}x}{c} - \frac{3c(bc + 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}\right)}{8\sqrt{d}}$$

output

```
-3/8*(4*a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/4*(4*a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/c/x+a*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)*x/c-3/8*c*(4*a*d+b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(-2bd - 5bcx^2 - 4adx^2 + 8acx^4 - \frac{3c(bc+4ad)x^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{d+cx^2}}\right)}{8x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(-2*b*d - 5*b*c*x^2 - 4*a*d*x^2 + 8*a*c*x^4 - (3*c*(b*c + 4*a*d)*x^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]))/(8*x^3)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {899, 359, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\
 & - \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{ax \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{c} - \frac{(4ad + bc) \int \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{ax \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{c} - \frac{(4ad + bc) \left( \frac{3}{4}c \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{4x} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{ax \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{c} - \frac{(4ad + bc) \left( \frac{3}{4}c \left( \frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right) + \frac{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2}}{4x} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{ax\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{c} - \frac{(4ad + bc) \left( \frac{3}{4}c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right) + \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4x}}{c}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{ax\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{c} - \frac{(4ad + bc) \left( \frac{3}{4}c \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right) + \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4x} \right)}{c}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x)/c - ((b*c + 4*a*d)*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)/(4*x) + (3*c*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(2*x) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)))/(2*Sqrt[d])))/4)/c`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`



```
rule 359 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x
_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 899 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol
] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(4ad^2x^2+5bcx^2+2bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8x^3} + \frac{c\left(-\frac{(12ad+3cb)\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)+8a\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x}{8\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(12d^{\frac{5}{2}}\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)acx^4+3d^{\frac{3}{2}}\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)bc^2x^4-4(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}acd x^4-(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}bc^2x^4+4(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2\right)}{8x(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2}$

```
input int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8*(4*a*d*x^2+5*b*c*x^2+2*b*d)/x^3*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*c*(-(12*a*d
+3*b*c)/d^(1/2)*ln((2*d+2*d^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x)+8*a*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))
*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(bc^2 + 4acd)\sqrt{d}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + 2d}{x^2}\right) + 2(8acdx^4 - 2bd^2 - (5bcd + 4ad^2)x^2)}{16dx^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(3*(b*c^2 + 4*a*c*d)*sqrt(d)*x^3*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2) + 2*(8*a*c*d*x^4 - 2*b*d^2 - (5*b*c*d + 4*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d*x^3), 1/8*(3*(b*c^2 + 4*a*c*d)*sqrt(-d)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d) + (8*a*c*d*x^4 - 2*b*d^2 - (5*b*c*d + 4*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d*x^3)]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 216 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 6.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{ac^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{a\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}{2x} + \frac{a\sqrt{cd}}{x\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{3ac\sqrt{d} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{2} - \frac{bc^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}{2x} - \frac{bc^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8x\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{3b\sqrt{cd}}{8x^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{3bc^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{8\sqrt{d}} - \frac{bd^2}{4\sqrt{cx^5}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
a*c**(3/2)*x/sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)) - a*sqrt(c)*d*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))/(2*x)
+ a*sqrt(c)*d/(x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 3*a*c*sqrt(d)*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/2
- b*c**(3/2)*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))/(2*x) - b*c**(3/2)/(8*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)))
- 3*b*sqrt(c)*d/(8*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 3*b*c**2*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(8*sqrt(d))
- b*d**2/(4*sqrt(c)*x**5*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 207 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left( 4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} cx - \frac{2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c dx}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right) x^2 - d} + 3 c \sqrt{d} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}} \right) \right) a + \frac{1}{16} \left( \frac{3 c^2 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}} \right)}{\sqrt{d}} - \frac{2 \left( 5 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} c^2 x^3 - 3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^2 dx \right)}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^2 x^4 - 2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right) dx^2 + d^2} \right) b$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*(4*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*x - 2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*d*x/((c + d/x^2)*x^2 - d)
+ 3*c*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d))))*a
+ 1/16*(3*c^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/sqrt(d)
- 2*(5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^2*x^3 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2*d*x)/((c + d/x^2)^2*x^4
- 2*(c + d/x^2)*d*x^2 + d^2))*b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{8 \sqrt{cx^2 + d} ac^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{3 (bc^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 4 ac^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}} - \frac{5 (cx^2 + d)^{3/2} bc^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 4 (cx^2 + d)^{3/2} ac^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{8c}}{8c}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(8*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*c^2*sgn(x) + 3*(b*c^3*sgn(x) + 4*a*c^2*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/sqrt(-d) - (5*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c^3*sgn(x) + 4*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d*sgn(x) - 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c^3*d*sgn(x) - 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*c^2*d^2*sgn(x))/(c^2*x^4))/c`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{ax(cx^2 + d)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{c} + x^2\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{b(cx^2 + d)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{x\left(\frac{d}{c} + x^2\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(a*x*(d + c*x^2)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -1/2], 1/2, -d/(c*x^2)))/(d/c + x^2)^(3/2) - (b*(d + c*x^2)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/2], 3/2, -d/(c*x^2)))/(x*(d/c + x^2)^(3/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x^4 - 4\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2x^2 - 5\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcdx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2 + 12\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ac^2d^2x^4 + 3\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc^2d^2x^4 - 12\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ac^2d^2x^4 - 3\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc^2d^2x^4}{(8d^2x^4)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x**4 - 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**2*x**2 - 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**2 + 12*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c*d*x**4 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*x**4 - 12*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c*d*x**4 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*x**4)/(8*d*x**4)`

**3.168** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1457
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1457
Rubi [A] (verified)	1458
Maple [A] (verified)	1460
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1460
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1461
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1462
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1462
Mupad [F(-1)]	1463
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1463

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{c(bc - 6ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{16dx} + \frac{(bc - 6ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{24dx} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{6dx} + \frac{c^2(bc - 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/16*c*(-6*a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d/x+1/24*(-6*a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d/x-1/6*b*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d/x+1/16*c^2*(-6*a*d+b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(-\sqrt{d}(6adx^2(2d + 5cx^2) + b(8d^2 + 14cdx^2 + 3c^2x^4)) + \frac{3c^2(bc - 6ad)x^6}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{48d^{3/2}x^5}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(-(Sqrt[d]*(6*a*d*x^2*(2*d + 5*c*x^2) + b*(8*d^2 + 14*c*d*x^2 + 3*c^2*x^4))) + (3*c^2*(b*c - 6*a*d)*x^6*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d]]))/Sqrt[d + c*x^2])/(48*d^(3/2)*x^5)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {959, 858, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 6ad) \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx}{6d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{6dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 6ad) \int \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} d\frac{1}{x}}{6d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{6dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 6ad) \left( \frac{3}{4}c \int \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4x} \right)}{6d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{6dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 6ad) \left( \frac{3}{4}c \left( \frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right) + \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4x} \right)}{6d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{6dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(bc - 6ad) \left( \frac{3}{4}c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right) + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{4x}}{6d} - \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{6dx}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(bc - 6ad) \left( \frac{3}{4}c \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2x} \right) + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{4x} \right)}{6d} - \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{6dx}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `-1/6*(b*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(d*x) + ((b*c - 6*a*d)*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)/(4*x) + (3*c*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(2*x) + (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)))/(2*Sqrt[d])))/4)/(6*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`





input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/96*(3*(b*c^3 - 6*a*c^2*d)*sqrt(d)*x^5*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2) + 2*(3*(b*c^2*d + 10*a*c*d^2)*x^4 + 8*b*d^3 + 2*(7*b*c*d^2 + 6*a*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d^2*x^5), -1/48*(3*(b*c^3 - 6*a*c^2*d)*sqrt(-d)*x^5*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d) + (3*(b*c^2*d + 10*a*c*d^2)*x^4 + 8*b*d^3 + 2*(7*b*c*d^2 + 6*a*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d^2*x^5)]`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 253 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 14.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{ac^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}{2x} - \frac{ac^{3/2}}{8x \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{3a\sqrt{cd}}{8x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{3ac^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{8\sqrt{d}} - \frac{ad^2}{4\sqrt{cx^5} \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{bc^{5/2}}{16dx \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{17bc^{3/2}}{48x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{11b\sqrt{cd}}{24x^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{bc^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}} - \frac{bd^2}{6\sqrt{cx^7} \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `-a*c**(3/2)*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))/(2*x) - a*c**(3/2)/(8*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 3*a*sqrt(c)*d/(8*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 3*a*c**2*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(8*sqrt(d)) - a*d**2/(4*sqrt(c)*x**5*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - b*c**(5/2)/(16*d*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 17*b*c**(3/2)/(48*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 11*b*sqrt(c)*d/(24*x**5*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + b*c**3*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(16*d**(3/2)) - b*d**2/(6*sqrt(c)*x**7*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{16} \left( \frac{3c^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} - \frac{2\left(5\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^3 - 3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}c^2dx\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2x^4 - 2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)dx^2 + d^2} \right) a$$

$$- \frac{1}{96} \left( \frac{3c^3 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\left(3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^3x^5 + 8\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3dx^3 - 3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}c^3d^2x\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^3dx^6 - 3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2d^2x^4 + 3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)d^3x^2 - d^4} \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(3*c^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/sqrt(d) - 2*(5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^2*x^3 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2*d*x)/(c + d/x^2)^2*x^4 - 2*(c + d/x^2)*d*x^2 + d^2)*a - 1/96*(3*c^3*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(3/2) + 2*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^3*x^5 + 8*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^3*d*x^3 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^3*d^2*x)/((c + d/x^2)^3*d*x^6 - 3*(c + d/x^2)^2*d^2*x^4 + 3*(c + d/x^2)*d^3*x^2 - d^4))*b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{48}c^3 \left( \frac{3(b\text{csgn}(x) - 6a\text{dsgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-dd}} + \frac{3(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}b\text{csgn}(x) + 30(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}a\text{dsgn}(x) + 8}{c\sqrt{-dd}} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/48*c^3*(3*(b*c*sgn(x) - 6*a*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/
(c*sqrt(-d)*d) + (3*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*b*c*sgn(x) + 30*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*
d*sgn(x) + 8*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c*d*sgn(x) - 48*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*d^2*s
gn(x) - 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) + 18*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*d^3*sgn(x)
)/(c^4*d*x^6)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^2, x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-30\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x^4 - 12\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^3x^2 - 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2dx^4 - 14\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 30*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**2*x**4 - 12*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**3*x**2 -
3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d*x**4 - 14*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 8*s
qrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**3 + 18*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c**2*d*x**6 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*
x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**3*x**6 - 18*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqr
t(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c**2*d*x**6 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)
+ sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**3*x**6)/(48*d**2*x**6)
```

**3.169**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1464
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1465
Rubi [A] (verified)	1465
Maple [A] (verified)	1468
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1468
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1469
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1470
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1470
Mupad [F(-1)]	1471
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1471

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{c(3bc - 8ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{64dx^3} + \frac{(3bc - 8ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{48dx^3}$$

$$- \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{8dx^3} + \frac{c^2(3bc - 8ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{128d^2x} - \frac{c^3(3bc - 8ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}\right)}{128d^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/64*c*(-8*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d/x^3+1/48*(-8*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d/x^3-1/8*b*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d/x^3+1/128*c^2*(-8*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x-1/128*c^3*(-8*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(\sqrt{d} \sqrt{d + cx^2} (8adx^2(8d^2 + 14cdx^2 + 3c^2x^4) + b(48d^3 + 72cd^2x^2 + 6c^2dx^4 - 9c^3x^6)) + 3c^3(3bc - 8ad)\right)}{384d^{5/2}x^7\sqrt{d + cx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/384*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*(8*a*d*x^2*(8*d^2 + 14*c*d*x^2 + 3*c^2*x^4) + b*(48*d^3 + 72*c*d^2*x^2 + 6*c^2*d*x^4 - 9*c^3*x^6)) + 3*c^3*(3*b*c - 8*a*d)*x^8*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d]])/(d^(5/2)*x^7*Sqrt[d + c*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$ , Rules used = {959, 858, 248, 248, 262, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & -\frac{(3bc - 8ad) \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx}{8d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{8dx^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\ & \frac{(3bc - 8ad) \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{8d} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{8dx^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 248 \\
& \frac{(3bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{1}{2}c \int \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \right)}{8d} - \frac{b\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{8dx^3} \\
& \downarrow 248 \\
& \frac{(3bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{1}{2}c \left( \frac{1}{4}c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}x^2} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{4x^3} \right) + \frac{\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \right)}{8d} - \frac{b\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{8dx^3} \\
& \downarrow 262 \\
& \frac{(3bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{1}{2}c \left( \frac{1}{4}c \left( \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{4x^3} \right) + \frac{\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \right)}{8d} - \frac{b\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{8dx^3} \\
& \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{(3bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{1}{2}c \left( \frac{1}{4}c \left( \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{d}{x^2}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}x}}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{4x^3} \right) + \frac{\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \right)}{8d} - \frac{b\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{8dx^3} \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{(3bc - 8ad) \left( \frac{1}{2}c \left( \frac{1}{4}c \left( \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{4x^3} \right) + \frac{\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{6x^3} \right)}{8d} - \frac{b\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{8dx^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/8*(b*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(d*x^3) + ((3*b*c - 8*a*d)*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)/(6*x^3) + (c*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(4*x^3) + (c*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(2*d*x) - (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)]/(2*d^(3/2))))/4))/2)/(8*d)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 248  $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(m + 2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 262  $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 858  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m+2)}, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]$





**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs.  $2(141) = 282$ .

Time = 43.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{ac^{5/2}}{16dx\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{17ac^{3/2}}{48x^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{11a\sqrt{cd}}{24x^5\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{ac^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{16d^{3/2}} - \frac{ad^2}{6\sqrt{cx^7}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{3bc^{7/2}}{128d^2x\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{bc^{5/2}}{128dx^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{13bc^{3/2}}{64x^5\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{5b\sqrt{cd}}{16x^7\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{3bc^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{128d^{5/2}} - \frac{bd^2}{8\sqrt{cx^9}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**4,x)`

output `-a*c**(5/2)/(16*d*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 17*a*c**(3/2)/(48*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 11*a*sqrt(c)*d/(24*x**5*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + a*c**3*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(16*d**(3/2)) - a*d**2/(6*sqrt(c)*x**7*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + 3*b*c**(7/2)/(128*d**2*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + b*c**(5/2)/(128*d*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 13*b*c**(3/2)/(64*x**5*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 5*b*sqrt(c)*d/(16*x**7*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 3*b*c**4*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(128*d**(5/2)) - b*d**2/(8*sqrt(c)*x**9*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 354 vs.  $2(135) = 270$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{96} \left( \frac{3c^3 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x - \sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x + \sqrt{d}}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{2\left(3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}c^3x^5 + 8\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}c^3dx^3 - 3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}c^3d^2x\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^3dx^6 - 3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2d^2x^4 + 3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)d^3x^2 - d^4} \right) a$$

$$+ \frac{1}{256} \left( \frac{3c^4 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x - \sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x + \sqrt{d}}}\right)}{d^{5/2}} + \frac{2\left(3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}c^4x^7 - 11\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}c^4dx^5 - 11\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}c^4d^2x^3 + 3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}c^4d^3x\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^4d^2x^8 - 4\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^3d^3x^6 + 6\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2d^4x^4 - 4\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)d^5x^2 + d^6} \right) b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/96*(3*c^3*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(3/2) + 2*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^3*x^5 + 8*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^3*d*x^3 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^3*d^2*x)/((c + d/x^2)^3*d*x^6 - 3*(c + d/x^2)^2*d^2*x^4 + 3*(c + d/x^2)*d^3*x^2 - d^4))*a + 1/256*(3*c^4*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(5/2) + 2*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)*c^4*x^7 - 11*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^4*d*x^5 - 11*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^4*d^2*x^3 + 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^4*d^3*x)/((c + d/x^2)^4*d^2*x^8 - 4*(c + d/x^2)^3*d^3*x^6 + 6*(c + d/x^2)^2*d^4*x^4 - 4*(c + d/x^2)*d^5*x^2 + d^6))*b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{3(3bc^5\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 8ac^4d\operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-dd^2}} + \frac{9(cx^2+d)^{7/2}bc^5\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 24(cx^2+d)^{7/2}ac^4d\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 33d^2c^3\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/384*(3*(3*b*c^5*sgn(x) - 8*a*c^4*d*sgn(x))*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-
d))/(sqrt(-d)*d^2) + (9*(c*x^2 + d)^(7/2)*b*c^5*sgn(x) - 24*(c*x^2 + d)^(7
/2)*a*c^4*d*sgn(x) - 33*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*b*c^5*d*sgn(x) - 40*(c*x^2 + d)^(
5/2)*a*c^4*d^2*sgn(x) - 33*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c^5*d^2*sgn(x) + 88*(c*x^2
+ d)^(3/2)*a*c^4*d^3*sgn(x) + 9*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c^5*d^3*sgn(x) - 24*sqrt
(c*x^2 + d)*a*c^4*d^4*sgn(x))/(c^4*d^2*x^8))/c
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b/x^2)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/x^4, x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-24\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^2d^2x^6 - 112\sqrt{cx^2 + d}acd^3x^4 - 64\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ad^4x^2 + 9\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ad^4x^2 + 9\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ad^4x^2}{x^4}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 24*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d**2*x**6 - 112*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**3*x
**4 - 64*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**4*x**2 + 9*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*d*x**6 -
6*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 72*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**3*x**2 -
48*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**4 - 24*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x
- sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c**3*d*x**8 + 9*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt
(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**4*x**8 + 24*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)
+ sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c**3*d*x**8 - 9*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2
+ d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**4*x**8)/(384*d**3*x**8)
```

**3.170**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1472
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1473
Rubi [A] (verified)	1473
Maple [A] (verified)	1476
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1476
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1477
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1477
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1478
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1478
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1479

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{(4bc - 3ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^2}{8c^2} + \frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^4}{4c} - \frac{d(4bc - 3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}}$$

output

$1/8*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c^2+1/4*a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4/c-1/8*d*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(5/2)$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c}(d + cx^2)(4bc - 3ad + 2acx^2) + \frac{2d(-4bc + 3ad)\sqrt{d+cx^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{-\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{d+cx^2}}\right)}{x}}{8c^{5/2}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*x^3)/Sqrt[c + d/x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c]*(d + c*x^2)*(4*b*c - 3*a*d + 2*a*c*x^2) + (2*d*(-4*b*c + 3*a*d)*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(-Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[d + c*x^2])])/x)/(8*c^(5/2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^6}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 87$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2c} - \frac{(4bc - 3ad) \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{4c} \right)$$

↓ 52

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2c} - \frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left( -\frac{d \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{2c} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} \right)}{4c} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2c} - \frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{dx^4} - \frac{c}{d} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} \right)}{4c} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2c} - \frac{(4bc - 3ad) \left( \frac{\operatorname{darctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} \right)}{4c} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*x^3)/Sqrt[c + d/x^2],x]`

output `((a*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^4)/(2*c) - ((4*b*c - 3*a*d)*(-(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^2)/c) + (d*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c]])/c^(3/2)))/(4*c))/2`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(2acx^2 - 3ad + 4cb)(cx^2 + d)}{8c^2 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}} + \frac{d(3ad - 4cb) \ln(\sqrt{cx + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}}) \sqrt{cx^2 + d}}{8c^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}} x}$	99
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} \left( 2c^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{cx^2 + d} a x^3 - 3c^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{cx^2 + d} a d x + 4c^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{cx^2 + d} b x + 3 \ln(\sqrt{cx + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}}) a c d^2 - 4 \ln(\sqrt{cx + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}}) b c^2 d \right)}{8 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}} x c^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	12

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^3/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*(2*a*c*x^2-3*a*d+4*b*c)*(c*x^2+d)/c^2/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*d*(3*a*d-4*b*c)/c^(5/2)*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(4bcd - 3ad^2)\sqrt{c} \log\left(-2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{c}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d\right) - 2(2ac^2x^4 + (4bc^2 - 3acd)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{16c^3}, \frac{(4bcd - 3ad^2)\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x\sqrt{c}}\right) + 2(2ac^2x^4 + (4bc^2 - 3acd)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{16c^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^3/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/16*((4*b*c*d - 3*a*d^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d) - 2*(2*a*c^2*x^4 + (4*b*c^2 - 3*a*c*d)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/c^3, 1/8*((4*b*c*d - 3*a*d^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d)) + (2*a*c^2*x^4 + (4*b*c^2 - 3*a*c*d)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/c^3]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 24.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{ax^5}{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{a\sqrt{d}x^3}{8c\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{3ad^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{8c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}$$

$$+ \frac{3ad^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{b\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{2c} - \frac{bd \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*x**3/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2), x)`output `a*x**5/(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - a*sqrt(d)*x**3/(8*c*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - 3*a*d**(3/2)*x/(8*c**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 3*a*d**2*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(8*c**(5/2)) + b*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(2*c) - b*d*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(2*c**(3/2))`**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs. 2(74) = 148.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}d}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})c - c^2} + \frac{d \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{16} a \left( \frac{3d^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2\left(3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 - 5\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}cd^2\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2 c^2 - 2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)c^3 + c^4} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^3/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*b*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d/((c + d/x^2)*c - c^2) + d*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)
- sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(3/2)) - 1/16*a*(3*d^2*log((sqrt
(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(5/2) + 2*(3*(c + d/
x^2)^(3/2)*d^2 - 5*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*d^2)/((c + d/x^2)^2*c^2 - 2*(c + d/x^
2)*c^3 + c^4))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \left( \frac{2ax^2}{c \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{4bc^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 3acd \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^3} \right) - \frac{(4bcd \log(|d|) - 3ad^2 \log(|d|)) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{16c^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{(4bcd - 3ad^2) \log(|-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}|)}{8c^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^3/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/8*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*x*(2*a*x^2/(c*sgn(x)) + (4*b*c^2*sgn(x) - 3*a*c*d*sgn(
x))/c^3) - 1/16*(4*b*c*d*log(abs(d)) - 3*a*d^2*log(abs(d)))*sgn(x)/c^(5/2)
+ 1/8*(4*b*c*d - 3*a*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(c*x^2 + d)))/c^(5/2)
*sgn(x))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{5ax^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8c} - \frac{3ax^4 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{8c^2} + \frac{bx^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2c} - \frac{bd \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}} + \frac{3ad^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}}$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b/x^2))/(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(5*a*x^4*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(8*c) - (3*a*x^4*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(8*c^2) + (b*x^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(2*c) - (b*d*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(3/2)) + (3*a*d^2*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(8*c^(5/2))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2x^3 - 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}acdx + 4\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2x + 3\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ad^2 - 4\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8c^3}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^3/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*x**3 - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x + 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*x + 3*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 - 4*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c*d)/(8*c**3)`

**3.171**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1480
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1480
Rubi [A] (verified)	1481
Maple [A] (verified)	1483
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1483
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1484
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1484
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1485
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1485
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1486

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^2}{2c} + \frac{(2bc - ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}}$$

output `1/2*a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c+1/2*(-a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{cx}(d + cx^2) + (-2bc + ad)\sqrt{d + cx^2} \log(-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{d + cx^2})}{2c^{3/2}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*x)/Sqrt[c + d/x^2],x]`

output

$$\frac{(a\sqrt{c}x(d + cx^2) + (-2bc + a)d)\sqrt{d + cx^2}\operatorname{Log}[-(\sqrt{c}x) + \sqrt{d + cx^2}]}{(2c^{3/2})\sqrt{c + d/x^2}x}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 948 \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{2c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{(2bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{dx^4}{dx^4} - \frac{c}{d}} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{cd} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 221 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(2bc - ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} + \frac{ax^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*x)/Sqrt[c + d/x^2],x]`

output `((a*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^2)/c + ((2*b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c ]])/c^(3/2))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{a(c x^2+d)}{2c\sqrt{\frac{c x^2+d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(ad-2cb)\ln(\sqrt{c}x+\sqrt{c x^2+d})\sqrt{c x^2+d}}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{c x^2+d}{x^2}}x}$	82
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{c x^2+d}\left(-c^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{c x^2+d}ax+\ln(\sqrt{c}x+\sqrt{c x^2+d})acd-2b\ln(\sqrt{c}x+\sqrt{c x^2+d})c^2\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{c x^2+d}{x^2}}x c^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	90

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a/c*(c*x^2+d)/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*d-2*b*c)/c^(3/2)*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2acx^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - (2bc - ad)\sqrt{c}\log\left(-2cx^2 + 2\sqrt{cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d\right)}{4c^2}, \frac{acx^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - (2bc - ad)\sqrt{-c}\arctan\left(\sqrt{-c}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}\right)}{2c^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*a*c*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - (2*b*c - a*d)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d))/c^2, 1/2*(a*c*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - (2*b*c - a*d)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(c*x^2 + d))/c^2]`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 29.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{2c} - \frac{ad \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*x/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `a*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(2*c) - a*d*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(2*c**  
(3/2)) + b*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/sqrt(c)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{1}{4} a \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}d}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})c - c^2} + \frac{d \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d/((c + d/x^2)*c - c^2) + d*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)  
- sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(3/2)) - 1/2*b*log((sqrt(c + d/x  
^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/sqrt(c)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ax}{2c\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(2bc \log(|d|) - ad \log(|d|))\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{4c^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{(2bc - ad) \log(|-\sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}|)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*x/(c*sgn(x)) + 1/4*(2*b*c*log(abs(d)) - a*d*log(abs(d)))*sgn(x)/c^(3/2) - 1/2*(2*b*c - a*d)*log(abs(-sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(c*x^2 + d)))/(c^(3/2)*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{a x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2c} - \frac{a d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}}$$

input `int((x*(a + b/x^2))/(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(b*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/c^(1/2) + (a*x^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(2*c) - (a*d*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(3/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} acx - \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ad + 2\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) bc}{2c^2}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*x - sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d + 2*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c)/(2*c**2)`

$$3.172 \quad \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1487
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1487
Rubi [A] (verified)	1488
Maple [A] (verified)	1489
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1490
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1490
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1491
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1491
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1492
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1492

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x}} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
-b*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d+a*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x}} dx = \frac{-b\sqrt{c}(d + cx^2) - adx\sqrt{d + cx^2} \log(-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{d + cx^2})}{\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-b\sqrt{c}(d + cx^2)) - a dx \sqrt{d + cx^2} \operatorname{Log}[-(\sqrt{c}x) + \sqrt{d + cx^2}]}{\sqrt{c} d \sqrt{c + d/x^2} x^2}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( -a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{dx^4} - \frac{c}{d}} d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} - \frac{2b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2a \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b/x^2)/(\sqrt{c + d/x^2}*x), x]$$

output  $\frac{((-2*b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2])/d + (2*a*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c]])/\text{Sqrt}[c])/2}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b)^n], x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 90  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^(n+1)*((e + f*x)^(p+1)/(d*f*(n+p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))]/(d*f*(n+p+2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n+p+2, 0]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q}, x], x, x^n], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} \left( a \ln(\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{cx^2+d}) dx - b\sqrt{cx^2+d} \sqrt{c} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x^2 \sqrt{cd}}$	69
risch	$-\frac{b(cx^2+d)}{dx^2 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{cx^2+d}) \sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} x}$	77

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $(c*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*(a*\ln(c^{(1/2)}*x+(c*x^2+d)^{(1/2)})*d*x-b*(c*x^2+d)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)})/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x^2/c^{(1/2)}/d$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \left[ \frac{a\sqrt{cd} \log \left( -2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d \right) - 2bc\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{2cd}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{a\sqrt{-cd} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{cx^2+d} \right) + bc\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{cd} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[1/2*(a*\sqrt{c}*d*\log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*\sqrt{c}*x^2*\sqrt{(c*x^2 + d)/x^2}) - d) - 2*b*c*\sqrt{(c*x^2 + d)/x^2})/(c*d), -(a*\sqrt{-c}*d*\arctan(\sqrt{-c}*x^2*\sqrt{(c*x^2 + d)/x^2})/(c*x^2 + d)) + b*c*\sqrt{(c*x^2 + d)/x^2})/(c*d)]$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = - \frac{a \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{-c}} \right)}{\sqrt{-c}} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ -\frac{\log(x^2)}{\sqrt{c}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{2} + \frac{b \left( \begin{array}{l} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{cx^2}} \quad \text{for } d = 0 \\ -\frac{2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `-a*Piecewise((2*atan(sqrt(c + d/x**2)/sqrt(-c))/sqrt(-c), Ne(d, 0)), (-log(x**2)/sqrt(c), True))/2 + b*Piecewise((-1/(sqrt(c)*x**2), Eq(d, 0)), (-2*sqrt(c + d/x**2)/d, True))/2`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x} dx = -\frac{a \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/sqrt(c) - b*sqrt(c + d/x^2)/d`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x} dx = -\frac{a \log\left(\left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^2\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{c}}{\left(\left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^2 - d\right)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*a*log((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2)/(sqrt(c)*sgn(x)) + 2*b*sqrt(c)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)*sgn(x))`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x} dx = \frac{a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(x*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `(a*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/c^(1/2) - (b*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/d`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bc + \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) adx - \sqrt{c}bcx}{cdx}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `( - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c + sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d*x - sqrt(c)*b*c*x)/(c*d*x)`

$$3.173 \quad \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1493
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1493
Rubi [A] (verified)	1494
Maple [A] (verified)	1495
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1496
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1496
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1497
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1497
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1498
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1498

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^3}} dx = \frac{(bc - ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^2} - \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3d^2}$$

output `(-a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2-1/3*b*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^3}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(3adx^2 + b(d - 2cx^2))}{3d^2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^3),x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(3*a*d*x^2 + b*(d - 2*c*x^2)))/(d^2*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {946, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 946$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} b}{d} + \frac{ad - bc}{d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right) d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (bc - ad)}{d^2} - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3d^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^3),x]`

output `((2*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/d^2 - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d^2))/2`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 946 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.  
, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n],  
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n  
+ 1, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{(3adx^2 - 2bcx^2 + bd)\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}}{3x^2d^2}$	44
gospers	$-\frac{(3adx^2 - 2bcx^2 + bd)(cx^2 + d)}{3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}d^2x^4}$	47
default	$-\frac{(3adx^2 - 2bcx^2 + bd)(cx^2 + d)}{3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}d^2x^4}$	47
risch	$-\frac{(3adx^2 - 2bcx^2 + bd)(cx^2 + d)}{3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}d^2x^4}$	47
orering	$-\frac{(3adx^2 - 2bcx^2 + bd)(cx^2 + d)\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{3d^2(ax^2 + b)x^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$	59

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3/x^2*(3*a*d*x^2-2*b*c*x^2+b*d)/d^2*(-(c*x^2-d)/x^2)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3} dx = \frac{((2bc - 3ad)x^2 - bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{3d^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*((2*b*c - 3*a*d)*x^2 - b*d)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d^2*x^2)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3} dx = \frac{\begin{cases} \frac{-2a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \frac{2b\left(-c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{d}}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{a}{x^2} - \frac{b}{2x^4}}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**3,x)`output `Piecewise((( -2*a*sqrt(c + d/x**2) - 2*b*(-c*sqrt(c + d/x**2) + (c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3)/d)/d, Ne(d, 0)), ((-a/x**2 - b/(2*x**4))/sqrt(c), True))/2`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^3}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}b \left( \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}c}}{d^2} \right) - \frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*b*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^2 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c/d^2) - a*sqrt(c + d/x^2)/d`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^3}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 3 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^4 a\sqrt{c} + 6 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 bc^{\frac{3}{2}} - 6 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 a\sqrt{cd} - 2bc^{\frac{3}{2}}d + 3a\sqrt{c} \right)}{3 \left( (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 - d \right)^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*sqrt(c) + 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(3/2) - 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*sqrt(c)*d - 2*b*c^(3/2)*d + 3*a*sqrt(c)*d^2)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^3*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (bd + 3adx^2 - 2bcx^2)}{3d^2 x^2}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(x^3*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `-((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(b*d + 3*a*d*x^2 - 2*b*c*x^2))/(3*d^2*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{cx^2 + d}adx^2 + 2\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bcx^2 - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}bd + \sqrt{c}adx^3 - 2\sqrt{c}bcx^3}{3d^2x^3}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `( - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*x**2 - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d + sqrt(c)*a*d*x**3 - 2*sqrt(c)*b*c*x**3)/(3*d**2*x**3)`

**3.174**  $\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1499
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1499
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1500
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1501
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1502
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1502
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1503
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1503
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1504
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1504

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5} dx = -\frac{c(bc - ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^3} + \frac{(2bc - ad)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3d^3} - \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5d^3}$$

output

```
-c*(-a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^3+1/3*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^3-1/5
*b*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(-5adx^2(d - 2cx^2) + b(-3d^2 + 4cdx^2 - 8c^2x^4))}{15d^3x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^5), x]
```



output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*(-5*a*d*x^2*(d - 2*c*x^2) + b*(-3*d^2 + 4*c*d*x^2 - 8*c^2*x^4)))/(15*d^3*x^4)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2} d \frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{d^2} + \frac{(ad - 2bc)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{c(bc - ad)}{d^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right) d \frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} (2bc - ad)}{3d^3} - \frac{2c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (bc - ad)}{d^3} - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5d^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^5), x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-2*c*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/d^3 + (2*(2*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d^3) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d^3))/2}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
trager	$\frac{(10acd x^4 - 8b^2 c^2 x^4 - 5a d^2 x^2 + 4bcd x^2 - 3b d^2) \sqrt{-\frac{c x^2 - d}{x^2}}}{15x^4 d^3}$	67
gospers	$\frac{(10acd x^4 - 8b^2 c^2 x^4 - 5a d^2 x^2 + 4bcd x^2 - 3b d^2) (c x^2 + d)}{15 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}} d^3 x^6}$	70
default	$\frac{(10acd x^4 - 8b^2 c^2 x^4 - 5a d^2 x^2 + 4bcd x^2 - 3b d^2) (c x^2 + d)}{15 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}} d^3 x^6}$	70
risch	$\frac{(10acd x^4 - 8b^2 c^2 x^4 - 5a d^2 x^2 + 4bcd x^2 - 3b d^2) (c x^2 + d)}{15 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}} d^3 x^6}$	70
orering	$\frac{(10acd x^4 - 8b^2 c^2 x^4 - 5a d^2 x^2 + 4bcd x^2 - 3b d^2) (c x^2 + d) \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{15d^3 (a x^2 + b)x^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$	82

```
input int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15/x^4*(10*a*c*d*x^4-8*b*c^2*x^4-5*a*d^2*x^2+4*b*c*d*x^2-3*b*d^2)/d^3*(-(c*x^2-d)/x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5} dx = -\frac{(2(4bc^2 - 5acd)x^4 + 3bd^2 - (4bcd - 5ad^2)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{15d^3x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/15*(2*(4*b*c^2 - 5*a*c*d)*x^4 + 3*b*d^2 - (4*b*c*d - 5*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d^3*x^4)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^5} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2a \left( -c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right) - 2b \left( c^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \frac{2c\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right)}{d^2} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{a}{2x^4} - \frac{b}{3x^6}}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**5,x)`output `Piecewise((((-2*a*(-c*sqrt(c + d/x**2) + (c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3)/d - 2*b*(c**2*sqrt(c + d/x**2) - 2*c*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + (c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5)/d**2)/d, Ne(d, 0)), ((-a/(2*x**4) - b/(3*x**6))/sqrt(c), True))/2`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{15} b \left( \frac{3 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{d^3} - \frac{10 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} c}{d^3} + \frac{15 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^2}{d^3} \right) - \frac{1}{3} a \left( \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d^2} - \frac{3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c}{d^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*b*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^3 - 10*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c/d^3 + 15*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2/d^3) - 1/3*a*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^2 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c/d^2)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^5} dx = \frac{4 \left( 15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^6 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} + 40 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^4 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} - 35 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^4 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d - 20 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} d + 25 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 + 4 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 - 5 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 \right)}{15 \left( (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 - d \right)^5 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/15*(15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^(3/2) + 40*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(5/2) - 35*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^(3/2)*d - 20*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(5/2)*d + 25*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 4*b*c^(5/2)*d^2 - 5*a*c^(3/2)*d^3)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^5*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^5}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(8bc^2x^4 - 10acd^2x^4 - 4bcdx^2 + 5ad^2x^2 + 3bd^2)}{15d^3x^4}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(x^5*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `-((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(3*b*d^2 + 5*a*d^2*x^2 + 8*b*c^2*x^4 - 10*a*c*d*x^4 - 4*b*c*d*x^2))/(15*d^3*x^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^5}} dx$$

$$= \frac{10\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x^4 - 5\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2x^2 - 8\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2x^4 + 4\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcdx^2 - 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2 - 10}{15d^3x^5}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^5,x)`output `(10*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x**4 - 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*x**4 + 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**2 - 10*sqrt(c)*a*c*d*x**5 + 8*sqrt(c)*b*c**2*x**5)/(15*d**3*x**5)`

**3.175** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^7}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1505
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1505
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1506
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1507
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1508
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1508
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1509
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1509
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1510
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1510

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^7}} dx = \frac{c^2(bc - ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^4} - \frac{c(3bc - 2ad)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3d^4} + \frac{(3bc - ad)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5d^4} - \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{7d^4}$$

output `c^2*(-a*d+b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^4-1/3*c*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^4+1/5*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^4-1/7*b*(c+d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^4`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^7}} dx = \frac{(d + cx^2)(-15bd^3 + 18bcd^2x^2 - 21ad^3x^2 - 24bc^2dx^4 + 28acd^2x^4 + 48bc^3x^6 - 56ac^2dx^6)}{105d^4\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^8}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^7), x]`

output  $((d + c*x^2)*(-15*b*d^3 + 18*b*c*d^2*x^2 - 21*a*d^3*x^2 - 24*b*c^2*d*x^4 + 28*a*c*d^2*x^4 + 48*b*c^3*x^6 - 56*a*c^2*d*x^6))/(105*d^4*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^8)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^7 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4} d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{d^3} + \frac{(ad - 3bc)(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{d^3} + \frac{c(3bc - 2ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^3} - \frac{c^2(bc - ad)}{d^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right) d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2c^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (bc - ad)}{d^4} + \frac{2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2} (3bc - ad)}{5d^4} - \frac{2c(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} (3bc - 2ad)}{3d^4} - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{7/2}}{7d^4} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^7), x]`

```
output ((2*c^2*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/d^4 - (2*c*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d^4) + (2*(3*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d^4) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2))/(7*d^4))/2
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
trager	$-\frac{(56ac^2dx^6 - 48bc^3x^6 - 28acd^2x^4 + 24b^2c^2dx^4 + 21ad^3x^2 - 18bcd^2x^2 + 15bd^3)\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2-d}{x^2}}}{105x^6d^4}$	91
gospers	$-\frac{(56ac^2dx^6 - 48bc^3x^6 - 28acd^2x^4 + 24b^2c^2dx^4 + 21ad^3x^2 - 18bcd^2x^2 + 15bd^3)(cx^2+d)}{105\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}d^4x^8}$	94
default	$-\frac{(56ac^2dx^6 - 48bc^3x^6 - 28acd^2x^4 + 24b^2c^2dx^4 + 21ad^3x^2 - 18bcd^2x^2 + 15bd^3)(cx^2+d)}{105\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}d^4x^8}$	94
risch	$-\frac{(56ac^2dx^6 - 48bc^3x^6 - 28acd^2x^4 + 24b^2c^2dx^4 + 21ad^3x^2 - 18bcd^2x^2 + 15bd^3)(cx^2+d)}{105\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}d^4x^8}$	94
orering	$-\frac{(56ac^2dx^6 - 48bc^3x^6 - 28acd^2x^4 + 24b^2c^2dx^4 + 21ad^3x^2 - 18bcd^2x^2 + 15bd^3)(cx^2+d)\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{105d^4(ax^2+b)x^6\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$	106



input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/105/x^6*(56*a*c^2*d*x^6-48*b*c^3*x^6-28*a*c*d^2*x^4+24*b*c^2*d*x^4+21*a*d^3*x^2-18*b*c*d^2*x^2+15*b*d^3)/d^4*(-(c*x^2-d)/x^2)^(1/2)$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^7}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(8(6bc^3 - 7ac^2d)x^6 - 4(6bc^2d - 7acd^2)x^4 - 15bd^3 + 3(6bcd^2 - 7ad^3)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{105d^4x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/105*(8*(6*b*c^3 - 7*a*c^2*d)*x^6 - 4*(6*b*c^2*d - 7*a*c*d^2)*x^4 - 15*b*d^3 + 3*(6*b*c*d^2 - 7*a*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(d^4*x^6)$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^7}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\begin{cases} \frac{2a \left( c^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \frac{2c \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{2b \left( -c^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + c^2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3c \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \right)}{d^3}}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{a}{3x^6} - \frac{b}{4x^8}}{\sqrt{c}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**7,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((( -2*a*(c**2*sqrt(c + d/x**2) - 2*c*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/3 + (c +
d/x**2)**(5/2)/5)/d**2 - 2*b*(-c**3*sqrt(c + d/x**2) + c**2*(c + d/x**2)*
*(3/2) - 3*c*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/5 + (c + d/x**2)**(7/2)/7)/d**3)/d, Ne(d,
0)), ((-a/(3*x**6) - b/(4*x**8))/sqrt(c), True))/2
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{35} b \left( \frac{5 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{d^4} - \frac{21 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} c}{d^4} + \frac{35 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2}{d^4} - \frac{35 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^3}{d^4} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{15} a \left( \frac{3 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{d^3} - \frac{10 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} c}{d^3} + \frac{15 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^2}{d^3} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/35*b*(5*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^4 - 21*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c/d^4 + 35*(c + d/
x^2)^(3/2)*c^2/d^4 - 35*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^3/d^4) - 1/15*a*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(
5/2)/d^3 - 10*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c/d^3 + 15*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2/d^3)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{16 \left( 70 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 ac^{\frac{5}{2}} + 210 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^6 bc^{\frac{7}{2}} - 175 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^6 ac^{\frac{5}{2}} d - 126 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^4 bc^{\frac{7}{2}} d + 126 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^4 ac^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 - 126 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 bc^{\frac{7}{2}} d^2 + 126 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 ac^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3 - 126 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}) bc^{\frac{7}{2}} d^3 + 126 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}) ac^{\frac{5}{2}} d^4 - 126 bc^{\frac{7}{2}} d^4 + 126 ac^{\frac{5}{2}} d^5 \right)}{128 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{16}{105} \cdot (70 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^8 \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} + 210 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^6 \cdot b \cdot c^{7/2} - 175 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^6 \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} \cdot d - 126 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^4 \cdot b \cdot c^{7/2} \cdot d + 147 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^4 \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} \cdot d^2 + 42 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^2 \cdot b \cdot c^{7/2} \cdot d^2 - 49 \cdot (\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^2 \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} \cdot d^3 - 6 \cdot b \cdot c^{7/2} \cdot d^3 + 7 \cdot a \cdot c^{5/2} \cdot d^4) / ((\sqrt{c} \cdot x - \sqrt{c \cdot x^2 + d})^2 - d)^7 \cdot \text{sgn}(x)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (48 b c^3 - 56 a c^2 d)}{105 d^4} - \frac{b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{7 d x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (24 b c^2 - 28 a c d)}{105 d^3 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (7 a d - 6 b c)}{35 d^2 x^4}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(x^7*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output 
$$\frac{((c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)} \cdot (48 \cdot b \cdot c^3 - 56 \cdot a \cdot c^2 \cdot d)) / (105 \cdot d^4) - (b \cdot (c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}) / (7 \cdot d \cdot x^6) - ((c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)} \cdot (24 \cdot b \cdot c^2 - 28 \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d)) / (105 \cdot d^3 \cdot x^2) - ((c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)} \cdot (7 \cdot a \cdot d - 6 \cdot b \cdot c)) / (35 \cdot d^2 \cdot x^4)}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^7} dx = \frac{-56 \sqrt{c x^2 + d} a c^2 d x^6 + 28 \sqrt{c x^2 + d} a c d^2 x^4 - 21 \sqrt{c x^2 + d} a d^3 x^2 + 48 \sqrt{c x^2 + d} b c^3 x^6 - 24 \sqrt{c x^2 + d} b c^2 x^4 - 7 a d \sqrt{c x^2 + d} x^2 + 6 b c \sqrt{c x^2 + d}}{105 d^4 x^7}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^7,x)`

output `( - 56*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d*x**6 + 28*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**2*x**4  
- 21*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**3*x**2 + 48*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*x**6 - 24*s  
qrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d*x**4 + 18*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 15*sqr  
t(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**3 + 56*sqrt(c)*a*c**2*d*x**7 - 48*sqrt(c)*b*c**3*x**7)/  
(105*d**4*x**7)`

$$3.176 \quad \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	1512
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1512
Rubi [A] (verified)	1513
Maple [A] (verified)	1514
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1515
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1515
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1516
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1516
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1517
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1517

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = -\frac{2d(5bc - 4ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{15c^3} + \frac{(5bc - 4ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^3}{15c^2} + \frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^5}{5c}$$

output

```
-2/15*d*(-4*a*d+5*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^3+1/15*(-4*a*d+5*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c^2+1/5*a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^5/c
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x(5bc(-2d + cx^2) + a(8d^2 - 4cdx^2 + 3c^2x^4))}{15c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*x^4)/Sqrt[c + d/x^2], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x*(5*b*c*(-2*d + c*x^2) + a*(8*d^2 - 4*c*d*x^2 + 3*c^2*x^4)))/(15*c^3)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

↓ 955

$$\frac{(5bc - 4ad) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx}{5c} + \frac{ax^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{5c}$$

↓ 803

$$\frac{(5bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{3c} - \frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx}{3c} \right)}{5c} + \frac{ax^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{5c}$$

↓ 746

$$\frac{\left( \frac{x^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{3c} - \frac{2dx \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{3c^2} \right) (5bc - 4ad)}{5c} + \frac{ax^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{5c}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)*x^4/\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(a*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x^5)/(5*c) + ((5*b*c - 4*a*d)*((-2*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x)/(3*c^2) + (\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x^3)/(3*c)))/(5*c)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))] Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && ! LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1))] Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && ! ILtQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
trager	$\frac{(3a^2c^2x^4 - 4ad^2x^2c + 5b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 10dbc)x\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{15c^3}$	62
gospers	$\frac{(3a^2c^2x^4 - 4ad^2x^2c + 5b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 10dbc)(cx^2+d)}{15x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}c^3}$	67
default	$\frac{(3a^2c^2x^4 - 4ad^2x^2c + 5b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 10dbc)(cx^2+d)}{15x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}c^3}$	67
risch	$\frac{(3a^2c^2x^4 - 4ad^2x^2c + 5b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 10dbc)(cx^2+d)}{15x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}c^3}$	67
orering	$\frac{(3a^2c^2x^4 - 4ad^2x^2c + 5b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 10dbc)(cx^2+d)x\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{15c^3(a x^2 + b)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$	77

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^4/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/15*(3*a*c^2*x^4-4*a*c*d*x^2+5*b*c^2*x^2+8*a*d^2-10*b*c*d)*x/c^3*(-(-c*x^2-d)/x^2)^(1/2)$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{(3ac^2x^5 + (5bc^2 - 4acd)x^3 - 2(5bcd - 4ad^2)x)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{15c^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^4/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/15*(3*a*c^2*x^5 + (5*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x^3 - 2*(5*b*c*d - 4*a*d^2)*x)*\text{sqr}t((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/c^3$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 338 vs.  $2(76) = 152$ .

Time = 2.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.12

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = & \frac{3ac^4d^{\frac{9}{2}}x^8\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c^5d^4x^4 + 30c^4d^5x^2 + 15c^3d^6} + \frac{2ac^3d^{\frac{11}{2}}x^6\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c^5d^4x^4 + 30c^4d^5x^2 + 15c^3d^6} \\ & + \frac{3ac^2d^{\frac{13}{2}}x^4\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c^5d^4x^4 + 30c^4d^5x^2 + 15c^3d^6} + \frac{12acd^{\frac{15}{2}}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c^5d^4x^4 + 30c^4d^5x^2 + 15c^3d^6} \\ & + \frac{8ad^{\frac{17}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{15c^5d^4x^4 + 30c^4d^5x^2 + 15c^3d^6} + \frac{b\sqrt{d}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c} \\ & - \frac{2bd^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*x**4/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2),x)`



output

```
3*a*c**4*d**(9/2)*x**8*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 30*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 15*c**3*d**6) + 2*a*c**3*d**(11/2)*x**6*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 30*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 15*c**3*d**6) + 3*a*c**2*d**(13/2)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 30*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 15*c**3*d**6) + 12*a*c*d**(15/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 30*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 15*c**3*d**6) + 8*a*d**(17/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(15*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 30*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 15*c**3*d**6) + b*sqrt(d)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c) - 2*b*d**(3/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c**2)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\left( (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 - 3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx \right) b}{3c^2} + \frac{\left( 3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{5}{2}} x^5 - 10 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx^3 + 15 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^2 x \right) a}{15c^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^4/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d*x)*b/c^2 + 1/15*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5 - 10*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d*x^3 + 15*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^2*x)*a/c^3
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 5bcd^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4ad^{\frac{5}{2}} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15c^3} - \frac{(bcd - ad^2)\sqrt{cx^2 + d}}{c^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{3(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}a + 5(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}bc - 10(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ad}{15c^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^4/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{2}{15} \frac{(5bc^2d^{3/2} - 4a^2d^{5/2}) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^3} - \frac{(b^2cd - a^2d^2) \sqrt{cx^2 + d}}{c^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{1}{15} \frac{(3(c^2x^2 + d)^{5/2} a + 5(c^2x^2 + d)^{3/2} b^2c - 10(c^2x^2 + d)^{3/2} a^2d)}{c^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (3ac^2x^4 + 5b^2c^2x^2 - 4acd^2 - 10bcd + 8ad^2)}{15c^3}$$

input `int((x^4*(a + b/x^2))/(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output 
$$\frac{(x^2(c + d/x^2)^{1/2} (8a^2d^2 + 3a^2c^2x^4 + 5b^2c^2x^2 - 10b^2cd - 4a^2cdx^2))}{(15c^3)}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} (3ac^2x^4 - 4acd^2 + 5b^2c^2x^2 + 8ad^2 - 10bcd)}{15c^3}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^4/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output 
$$\frac{(\sqrt{cx^2 + d} (3a^2c^2x^4 - 4a^2cdx^2 + 8a^2d^2 + 5b^2c^2x^2 - 10b^2cd))}{(15c^3)}$$

$$3.177 \quad \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	1518
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1518
Rubi [A] (verified)	1519
Maple [A] (verified)	1520
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1521
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1521
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1521
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1522
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1522
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1523

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{(3bc - 2ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{3c^2} + \frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^3}{3c}$$

output `1/3*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^2+1/3*a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x(3bc - 2ad + acx^2)}{3c^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*x^2)/Sqrt[c + d/x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x*(3*b*c - 2*a*d + a*c*x^2))/(3*c^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {955, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{955}$$

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx}{3c} + \frac{ax^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{746}$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (3bc - 2ad)}{3c^2} + \frac{ax^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{3c}$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*x^2)/Sqrt[c + d/x^2],x]`

output `((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)/(3*c^2) + (a*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^3)/(3*c)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
trager	$\frac{(acx^2 - 2ad + 3cb)x\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}}{3c^2}$	39
gospers	$\frac{(acx^2 - 2ad + 3cb)(cx^2 + d)}{3x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}c^2}$	44
default	$\frac{(acx^2 - 2ad + 3cb)(cx^2 + d)}{3x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}c^2}$	44
risch	$\frac{(acx^2 - 2ad + 3cb)(cx^2 + d)}{3x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}c^2}$	44
orering	$\frac{(acx^2 - 2ad + 3cb)(cx^2 + d)x\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{3c^2(ax^2 + b)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$	54

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^2/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(a*c*x^2-2*a*d+3*b*c)*x/c^2*(-(c*x^2-d)/x^2)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{(acx^3 + (3bc - 2ad)x)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{3c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^2/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(a*c*x^3 + (3*b*c - 2*a*d)*x)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/c^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{d}x^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c} - \frac{2ad^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*x**2/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2),x)`output `a*sqrt(d)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c) - 2*a*d**(3/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c**2) + b*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/c`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}{c} + \frac{\left(\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3 - 3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}dx\right)a}{3c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^2/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
b*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x/c + 1/3*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3 - 3*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d*x)
*a/c^2
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = -\frac{(3bc\sqrt{d} - 2ad^{\frac{3}{2}})\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3c^2} + \frac{(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}a}{3c^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}(bc - ad)}{c^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^2/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/3*(3*b*c*sqrt(d) - 2*a*d^(3/2))*sgn(x)/c^2 + 1/3*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a/(c
^2*sgn(x)) + sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*(b*c - a*d)/(c^2*sgn(x))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{ax^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (c - \frac{2d}{x^2})}{3c^2} + \frac{bx \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1} + 1 \right)}$$

input

```
int((x^2*(a + b/x^2))/(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(a*x^3*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(c - (2*d)/x^2))/(3*c^2) + (b*x*((c*x^2)/d + 1)^(
1/2))/((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(((c*x^2)/d + 1)^(1/2) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c x^2 + d} (a c x^2 - 2 a d + 3 b c)}{3 c^2}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^2/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(a*c*x**2 - 2*a*d + 3*b*c))/(3*c**2)`



$$3.178 \quad \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	1524
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1524
Rubi [A] (verified)	1525
Maple [A] (verified)	1526
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1527
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1527
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1528
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1528
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1529
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1529

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}}$$

output

```
a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c-b*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{d}(d + cx^2) - bc\sqrt{d + cx^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/Sqrt[c + d/x^2],x]
```

output

```
(a*Sqrt[d]*(d + c*x^2) - b*c*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d]])/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {899, 358, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\
 & - \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{358} \\
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x^2)/Sqrt[c + d/x^2], x]
```

output  $(a\sqrt{c + d/x^2}x)/c - (b\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{d}/(\sqrt{c + d/x^2}x)])/\sqrt{d}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 358  $\text{Int}[(e_)(x_)^m*((a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{p_})*((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{m+1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(a*e^{m+1})), x] + \text{Simp}[d/e^2 \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2*p + 3], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^{n_})^{p_}*((c_ + (d_)(x_)^{n_})^{q_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} \left( a\sqrt{cx^2+d}\sqrt{d}-b \ln \left( \frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x} \right) c \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} xc\sqrt{d}}$	73

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(a*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*d^(1/2)-b*ln(2*(d^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)+d)/x)*c)/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)/x/c/d^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 adx \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + bc\sqrt{d} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2-2\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}+2d}{x^2}\right)}{2 cd}, \frac{adx \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + bc\sqrt{-d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{d}\right)}{cd} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(2*a*d*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + b*c*sqrt(d)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d))*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2)/(c*d), (a*d*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + b*c*sqrt(-d)*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d))/(c*d)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{c} - \frac{b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
a*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/c - b*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/sqrt(d)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} + \frac{b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x/c + 1/2*b*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/sqrt(d)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs. 2(39) = 78.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = -\frac{\left(bc \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) + a\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{d}\right)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c\sqrt{-d}} + \frac{\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+da}}{c}}{\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(b*c*arctan(sqrt(d)/sqrt(-d)) + a*sqrt(-d)*sqrt(d))*sgn(x)/(c*sqrt(-d)) + (b*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/sqrt(-d) + sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a/c)/sgn(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{ax \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1} + 1 \right)} - \frac{b \ln \left( \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}}{x} \right)}{\sqrt{d}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(a*x*((c*x^2)/d + 1)^(1/2))/((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(((c*x^2)/d + 1)^(1/2) + 1)) - (b*log((c + d/x^2)^(1/2) + d^(1/2)/x))/d^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ad + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} + \sqrt{cx - \sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} + \sqrt{cx + \sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc}{cd}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c)/(c*d)`

**3.179** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1530
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1530
Rubi [A] (verified)	1531
Maple [A] (verified)	1532
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1533
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1533
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1534
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1534
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1535
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1535

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} + \frac{(bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d/x+1/2*(-2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}} dx = \frac{-b\sqrt{d}(d + cx^2) + (bc - 2ad)x^2\sqrt{d + cx^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-b\sqrt{d}(d + cx^2)) + (bc - 2ad)x^2\sqrt{d + cx^2}\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{d + cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right]}{(2d^{3/2})\sqrt{c + d/x^2}x^3}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {959, 858, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2} dx}{2d} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\ & \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d^{\frac{1}{x}}}{2d} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\ & \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x}}}{2d} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\ & \frac{(bc - 2ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\frac{a + b/x^2}{\sqrt{c + d/x^2}x^2}, x\right]$$



output  $-1/2*(b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2])/(d*x) + ((b*c - 2*a*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d]/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x)])/(2*d^{(3/2)})$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 858  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^n))^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m + 2)}, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^n))^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^n)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)})/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{b(cx^2+d)}{2dx^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(2ad-cb)\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{2d^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x}$	93
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}\left(2a\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)d^2x^2 - \ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)bcdx^2 + d^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+db}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x^3d^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	105

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/d*b*(c*x^2+d)/x^3/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)/d^(3/2)*ln((2*d+2*d^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x)/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}} dx = \left[ \begin{aligned} & \frac{(bc - 2ad)\sqrt{dx} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + 2d}{x^2}\right) + 2bd\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{4d^2x}, \\ & - \frac{(bc - 2ad)\sqrt{-dx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-dx}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{d}\right) + bd\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{2d^2x} \end{aligned} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*((b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(d)*x*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2) + 2*b*d*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d^2*x), -1/2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(-d)*x*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d) + b*d*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d^2*x)]`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}} dx = -\frac{a \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}{2dx} + \frac{bc \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{2d^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output

```
-a*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/sqrt(d) - b*sqrt(c)*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))/(2*
d*x) + b*c*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(2*d**(3/2))
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. 2(49) = 98.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}cx}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})dx^2 - d^2} + \frac{c \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x - \sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x + \sqrt{d}}}\right)}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) b + \frac{a \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x - \sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x + \sqrt{d}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{d}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*x/((c + d/x^2)*d*x^2 - d^2) + c*log((sqrt(c + d/
x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(3/2))*b + 1/2*a*log((s
qrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/sqrt(d)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}} dx = -\frac{c \left( \frac{(bc-2ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{c\sqrt{-d}} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+db}}{cdx^2} \right)}{2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2*c*((b*c - 2*a*d)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/(c*sqrt(-d)*d) + sq
rt(c*x^2 + d)*b/(c*d*x^2))/sgn(x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{3ax^2+b}{3\sqrt{c}x^3} & \text{if } d = 0 \\ \frac{bc \ln\left(2\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}+\frac{2\sqrt{d}}{x}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{a \ln\left(\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}+\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} & \text{if } d \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(x^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `piecewise(d == 0, -(b + 3*a*x^2)/(3*c^(1/2)*x^3), d ~= 0, -(a*log((c + d/x^2)^(1/2) + d^(1/2)/x))/d^(1/2) - (b*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))/(2*d*x) + (b*c*log(2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2) + (2*d^(1/2))/x))/(2*d^(3/2)))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd + 2\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx-\sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)adx^2 - \sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx-\sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bcx^2 - 2\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^2x^2}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `(-sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d + 2*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*d*x**2 - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c*x**2 - 2*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*d*x**2 + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c*x**2)/(2*d**2*x**2)`

**3.180** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^4}} dx$$

Optimal result	1536
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1536
Rubi [A] (verified)	1537
Maple [A] (verified)	1539
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1539
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1540
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1541
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1541
Mupad [F(-1)]	1542
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1542

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^4}} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4dx^3} + \frac{(3bc - 4ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8d^2x} - \frac{c(3bc - 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x}}\right)}{8d^{5/2}}$$

output `-1/4*b*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d/x^3+1/8*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x-1/8*c*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(5/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^4}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{d}(d + cx^2)(2bd - 3bcx^2 + 4adx^2) - c(3bc - 4ad)x^4\sqrt{d + cx^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8d^{5/2}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^5}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^4), x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[d]*(d + c*x^2)*(2*b*d - 3*b*c*x^2 + 4*a*d*x^2)) - c*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*x^4*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d]])/(8*d^(5/2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^5)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {959, 858, 262, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4} dx}{4d} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{4d} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2d} \right)}{4d} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4dx^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x}}{2d} \right)}{4d} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4dx^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 219 \\ (3bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{2d^{3/2}} \right) \\ \hline 4d \end{array} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4dx^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^4),x]`

output `-1/4*(b*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])/(d*x^3) + ((3*b*c - 4*a*d)*(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(2*d*x) - (c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)])/(2*d^(3/2))))/(4*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 959

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx^2+d)(4adx^2-3bcx^2+2bd)}{8d^2x^5\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}} + \frac{c(4ad-3cb)\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{8d^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}\left(-4\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)acd^2x^4+3\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)bc^2dx^4+4d^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}ax^2-3d^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcx^2+2d^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}\right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x^5d^{\frac{7}{2}}}$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*(c*x^2+d)*(4*a*d*x^2-3*b*c*x^2+2*b*d)/d^2/x^5/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+
/8*c*(4*a*d-3*b*c)/d^(5/2)*ln((2*d+2*d^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x)/((c*x^2+d)
)/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^4}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{(3bc^2 - 4acd)\sqrt{d}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}+2d}{x^2}\right) + 2(2bd^2 - (3bcd - 4ad^2)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{16d^3x^3}, \frac{(3bc^2 - 4acd)}{16d^3x^3} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
[-1/16*((3*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*sqrt(d)*x^3*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2) + 2*(2*b*d^2 - (3*b*c*d - 4*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d^3*x^3), 1/8*((3*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*sqrt(-d)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d) - (2*b*d^2 - (3*b*c*d - 4*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(d^3*x^3)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^4}} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{c}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}{2dx} + \frac{ac \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{2d^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3bc^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8d^2x\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c}}{8dx^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{3bc^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{8d^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b}{4\sqrt{cx^5}\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**4,x)
```

output

```
-a*sqrt(c)*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))/(2*d*x) + a*c*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(2*d**(3/2)) + 3*b*c**(3/2)/(8*d**2*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + b*sqrt(c)/(8*d*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) - 3*b*c**2*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(8*d**(5/2)) - b/(4*sqrt(c)*x**5*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)))
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 200 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^4}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}cx}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})dx^2 - d^2} + \frac{c \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x - \sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x + \sqrt{d}}}\right)}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) a$$

$$+ \frac{1}{16} b \left( \frac{3c^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x - \sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x + \sqrt{d}}}\right)}{d^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2\left(3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2x^3 - 5\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}c^2dx\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2d^2x^4 - 2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)d^3x^2 + d^4} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*x/((c + d/x^2)*d*x^2 - d^2) + c*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(3/2))*a + 1/16*b*(3*c^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(5/2) + 2*(3*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^2*x^3 - 5*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2*d*x)/((c + d/x^2)^2*d^2*x^4 - 2*(c + d/x^2)*d^3*x^2 + d^4))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3bc^3 - 4ac^2d) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) + \frac{3(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}bc^3 - 4(cx^2+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ac^2d - 5\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^3d + 4\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2d^2}{c^2d^2x^4}}{8 \operatorname{csgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*((3*b*c^3 - 4*a*c^2*d)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/(sqrt(-d)*d^2)
+ (3*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c^3 - 4*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d - 5*sqrt(c*x^2
+ d)*b*c^3*d + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*c^2*d^2)/(c^2*d^2*x^4)/(c*sgn(x))
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^4}} dx = \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b/x^2)/(x^4*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b/x^2)/(x^4*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x^4}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2x^2 + 3\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcdx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2+d}bd^2 - 4\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx-d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)acd x^4 + 3\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx-d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)acd x^4 + 3\sqrt{d}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx-d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)acd x^4}{8d^3x^4}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d*x**2 - 2*sqrt
t(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**2 - 4*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(
d))/sqrt(d))*a*c*d*x**4 + 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sq
rt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*x**4 + 4*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x
+ sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c*d*x**4 - 3*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)
*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*x**4)/(8*d**3*x**4)
```

**3.181** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x^3}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1543
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1544
Rubi [A] (verified)	1544
Maple [A] (verified)	1547
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1548
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1548
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1549
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1550
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1550
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1551

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x^3}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d(bc - ad)}{c^3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{(4bc - 7ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8c^3} + \frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^4}{4c^2} - \frac{3d(4bc - 5ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
d*(-a*d+b*c)/c^3/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(-7*a*d+4*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c^3+1/4*a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^4/c^2-3/8*d*(-5*a*d+4*b*c)*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^3}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx}(4bc(3d + cx^2) + a(-15d^2 - 5cdx^2 + 2c^2x^4)) + 24bcd\sqrt{d + cx^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d} - \sqrt{d+cx}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*x^3)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[c]*x*(4*b*c*(3*d + c*x^2) + a*(-15*d^2 - 5*c*d*x^2 + 2*c^2*x^4)) + 24*b*c*d*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[d + c*x^2])] + 30*a*d^2*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(-Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[d + c*x^2])]/(8*c^(7/2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^6}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^4}{2c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(4bc - 5ad) \int \frac{x^4}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{4c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 52 \\
 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^4}{2c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}}{\frac{4c}{(4bc - 5ad) \left( -\frac{3d \int \frac{x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{2c} - \frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 61 \\
 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^4}{2c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}}{\frac{4c}{(4bc - 5ad) \left( -\frac{3d \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{c} + \frac{2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^4}{2c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}}{\frac{4c}{(4bc - 5ad) \left( -\frac{3d \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{dx^4} - \frac{c}{d} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{cd} + \frac{2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 221
 \end{array}$$

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{ax^4}{2c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(4bc - 5ad) \left( \frac{3d \left( \frac{2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{4c} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*x^3)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a*x^4)/(2*c*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]) - ((4*b*c - 5*a*d)*(-(x^2/(c*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])) - (3*d*(2/(c*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c]])/c^(3/2)))/(2*c)))/(4*c))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[  
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +  
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL  
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p  
 _.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p  
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p  
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]  
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege  
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x  
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q.  
 ), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^  
 p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ  
 [b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
default	$\frac{(cx^2+d)\left(2c^{\frac{7}{2}}ax^5-5c^{\frac{5}{2}}adx^3+4c^{\frac{7}{2}}bx^3-15c^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2d^2x+12c^{\frac{5}{2}}bdx+15\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2-12\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\sqrt{cx^2+d}\right)}{8\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3c^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{(2acx^2-7ad+4cb)(cx^2+d)}{8c^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}} + \frac{d\left(3c(5ad-4cb)\left(-\frac{x}{c\sqrt{cx^2+d}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right) + \frac{7adx}{\sqrt{cx^2+d}} - \frac{4bcx}{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}\right)\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{8c^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x}$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^3/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output

```
1/8*(c*x^2+d)*(2*c^(7/2)*a*x^5-5*c^(5/2)*a*d*x^3+4*c^(7/2)*b*x^3-15*c^(3/2)
)*a*d^2*x+12*c^(5/2)*b*d*x+15*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)
)*a*c*d^2-12*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*b*c^2*d)/((c*x^
2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3/c^(9/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^3}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{3(4bcd^2 - 5ad^3 + (4bc^2d - 5acd^2)x^2)\sqrt{c} \log\left(-2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d\right) - 2}{16(c^5x^2 + c^4d)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^3/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/16*(3*(4*b*c*d^2 - 5*a*d^3 + (4*b*c^2*d - 5*a*c*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c)*log(
-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d) - 2*(2*a*c^3*x^6 + (4*
b*c^3 - 5*a*c^2*d)*x^4 + 3*(4*b*c^2*d - 5*a*c*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x
^2))/(c^5*x^2 + c^4*d), 1/8*(3*(4*b*c*d^2 - 5*a*d^3 + (4*b*c^2*d - 5*a*c*d
^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d)) +
(2*a*c^3*x^6 + (4*b*c^3 - 5*a*c^2*d)*x^4 + 3*(4*b*c^2*d - 5*a*c*d^2)*x^2)
*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(c^5*x^2 + c^4*d)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 66.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^3}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = a \left( \frac{x^5}{4c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{5\sqrt{d}x^3}{8c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{15d^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{8c^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{15d^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{7}{2}}} \right) + b \left( \frac{x^3}{2c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{3\sqrt{d}x}{2c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{3d \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2c^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)*x**3/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
a*(x**5/(4*c*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - 5*sqrt(d)*x**3/(8*c**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - 15*d**(3/2)*x/(8*c**3*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 15*d**2*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(8*c**(7/2))) + b*(x**3/(2*c*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 3*sqrt(d)*x/(2*c**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - 3*d*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(2*c**(5/2)))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^3}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{16} a \left( \frac{2 \left( 15 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^2 d^2 - 25 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right) c d^2 + 8 c^2 d^2 \right)}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2} c^3 - 2 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} c^4 + \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^5} + \frac{15 d^2 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right)}{c^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} b \left( \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right) d - 2 c d \right)}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} c^2 - \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^3} + \frac{3 d \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}} \right)}{c^{5/2}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^3/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/16*a*(2*(15*(c + d/x^2)^2*d^2 - 25*(c + d/x^2)*c*d^2 + 8*c^2*d^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c^3 - 2*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^4 + sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^5) + 15*d^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(7/2) + 1/4*b*(2*(3*(c + d/x^2)*d - 2*c*d)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^2 - sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^3) + 3*d*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(5/2))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^3}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(x^2 \left(\frac{2ax^2}{c \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{4bc^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 5ac^3 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^5}\right) + \frac{3(4bc^3 d \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 5ac^2 d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x))}{c^5}\right) x}{8\sqrt{cx^2 + d}} - \frac{3(4bcd \log(|d|) - 5ad^2 \log(|d|)) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{16c^{7/2}} + \frac{3(4bcd - 5ad^2) \log(|-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}|)}{8c^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^3/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(x^2*(2*a*x^2/(c*sgn(x)) + (4*b*c^4*sgn(x) - 5*a*c^3*d*sgn(x))/c^5) + 3*(4*b*c^3*d*sgn(x) - 5*a*c^2*d^2*sgn(x))/c^5)*x/sqrt(c*x^2 + d) - 3/16*(4*b*c*d*log(abs(d)) - 5*a*d^2*log(abs(d)))*sgn(x)/c^(7/2) + 3/8*(4*b*c*d - 5*a*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(c*x^2 + d)))/(c^(7/2)*sgn(x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^3}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ax^4}{4c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{15ad^2}{8c^3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{bx^2}{2c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{3bd \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}} + \frac{15ad^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}} + \frac{3bd}{2c^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{5adx^2}{8c^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

input `int((x^3*(a + b/x^2))/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(a*x^4)/(4*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)) - (15*a*d^2)/(8*c^3*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)) + (b*x^2)/(2*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)) - (3*b*d*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(5/2)) + (15*a*d^2*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(8*c^(7/2)) + (3*b*d)/(2*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)) - (5*a*d*x^2)/(8*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^3}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^3x^5 - 5\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2dx^3 - 15\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x + 4\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^3x^3 + 12\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x + 15\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ac^2d^2x^2 + 15\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ad^3 - 12\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc^2d^2x^2 - 12\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc^2d^2 - 10\sqrt{c}ac^2d^2x^2 - 10\sqrt{c}ad^3 + 9\sqrt{c}bc^2d^2x^2 + 9\sqrt{c}bc^2d^2}{8c^4(cx^2+d)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^3/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**3*x**5 - 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d*x**3 - 15*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**2*x + 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*x**3 + 12*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d*x + 15*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**3 - 12*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*d*x**2 - 12*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c*d**2 - 10*sqrt(c)*a*c*d**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(c)*a*d**3 + 9*sqrt(c)*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 9*sqrt(c)*b*c*d**2)/(8*c**4*(c*x**2 + d))
```

**3.182** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1552
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1552
Rubi [A] (verified)	1553
Maple [A] (verified)	1555
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1556
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1556
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1557
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1558
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1558
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1559

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{bc - ad}{c^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^2}{2c^2} + \frac{(2bc - 3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-(-a*d+b*c)/c^2/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+1/2*a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/c^2+1/2*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6ad\sqrt{d + cx^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d - \sqrt{d + cx^2}}}\right) + \sqrt{c}\left(-2bcx + 3adx + acx^3 + 4b\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d + cx^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)}{2c^{5/2}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*x)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(6*a*d*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[d + c*x^2])] +
Sqrt[c]*(-2*b*c*x + 3*a*d*x + a*c*x^3 + 4*b*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*ArcTan
h[(Sqrt[c]*x)/(-Sqrt[d] + Sqrt[d + c*x^2])])/(2*c^(5/2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x
)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \int \frac{x^2}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x^2}}{c} + \frac{2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{dx^4} - \frac{c}{d} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{cd} + \frac{2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{ax^2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \left( \frac{2}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*x)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a*x^2)/(c*sqrt[c + d/x^2]) - ((2*b*c - 3*a*d)*(2/(c*sqrt[c + d/x^2]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/Sqrt[c]])/c^(3/2)))/(2*c))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(cx^2+d)\left(c^{\frac{5}{2}}ax^3+3c^{\frac{3}{2}}adx-2c^{\frac{5}{2}}bx-3\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd+2\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2\right)}{2\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3c^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	114
risch	$\frac{a(cx^2+d)}{2c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{adx}{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}+c(3ad-2cb)\left(-\frac{x}{c\sqrt{cx^2+d}}+\frac{\ln(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}})}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)\right)\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{2c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x}$	119

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(c*x^2+d)*(c^(5/2)*a*x^3+3*c^(3/2)*a*d*x-2*c^(5/2)*b*x-3*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*a*c*d+2*ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*b*c^2)/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3/c^(7/2)`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{(2bcd - 3ad^2 + (2bc^2 - 3acd)x^2)\sqrt{c} \log\left(-2cx^2 + 2\sqrt{cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d\right) - 2(ac^2x^4 - (2bc^2 - 3acd)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{4(c^4x^2 + c^3d)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(2bcd - 3ad^2 + (2bc^2 - 3acd)x^2)\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx^2}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{cx^2+d}\right) - (ac^2x^4 - (2bc^2 - 3acd)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{2(c^4x^2 + c^3d)} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*((2*b*c*d - 3*a*d^2 + (2*b*c^2 - 3*a*c*d)*x^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d) - 2*(a*c^2*x^4 - (2*b*c^2 - 3*a*c*d)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(c^4*x^2 + c^3*d), -1/2*((2*b*c*d - 3*a*d^2 + (2*b*c^2 - 3*a*c*d)*x^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d)) - (a*c^2*x^4 - (2*b*c^2 - 3*a*c*d)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(c^4*x^2 + c^3*d)]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 28.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = a \left( \frac{x^3}{2c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{3\sqrt{d}x}{2c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} - \frac{3d \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2c^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right) \\ + b \left( -\frac{2c^3x^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}}{2c^{\frac{9}{2}}x^2 + 2c^{\frac{7}{2}}d} - \frac{c^3x^2 \log\left(\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{2c^{\frac{9}{2}}x^2 + 2c^{\frac{7}{2}}d} + \frac{2c^3x^2 \log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}} + 1\right)}{2c^{\frac{9}{2}}x^2 + 2c^{\frac{7}{2}}d} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{c^2d \log\left(\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{2c^{\frac{9}{2}}x^2 + 2c^{\frac{7}{2}}d} + \frac{2c^2d \log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}} + 1\right)}{2c^{\frac{9}{2}}x^2 + 2c^{\frac{7}{2}}d} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*x/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `a*(x**3/(2*c*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 3*sqrt(d)*x/(2*c**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) - 3*d*asinh(sqrt(c)*x/sqrt(d))/(2*c**(5/2))) + b*(-2*c**3*x**2*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))/(2*c**(9/2)*x**2 + 2*c**(7/2)*d) - c**3*x**2*log(d/(c*x**2))/(2*c**(9/2)*x**2 + 2*c**(7/2)*d) + 2*c**3*x**2*log(sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)) + 1)/(2*c**(9/2)*x**2 + 2*c**(7/2)*d) - c**2*d*log(d/(c*x**2))/(2*c**(9/2)*x**2 + 2*c**(7/2)*d) + 2*c**2*d*log(sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)) + 1)/(2*c**(9/2)*x**2 + 2*c**(7/2)*d))`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs.  $2(69) = 138$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{4} a \left( \frac{2(3(c + \frac{d}{x^2})d - 2cd)}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} c^2 - \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^3} + \frac{3d \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*(2*(3*(c + d/x^2)*d - 2*c*d)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^2 - sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^3) + 3*d*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(5/2)) - 1/2*b*(log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(3/2) + 2/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{ax^2}{c \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2bc^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 3ac d \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^3} \right)}{2\sqrt{cx^2 + d}} + \frac{(2bc \log(|d|) - 3ad \log(|d|)) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{4c^{5/2}} - \frac{(2bc - 3ad) \log(|-\sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}|)}{2c^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*x*(a*x^2/(c*sgn(x)) - (2*b*c^2*sgn(x) - 3*a*c*d*sgn(x))/c^3)/sqrt(c*x^2 + d) + 1/4*(2*b*c*log(abs(d)) - 3*a*d*log(abs(d)))*sgn(x)/c^(5/2) - 1/2*(2*b*c - 3*a*d)*log(abs(-sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(c*x^2 + d)))/(c^(5/2)*sgn(x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{b}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{ax^2}{2c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{3ad \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}} + \frac{3ad}{2c^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

input `int((x*(a + b/x^2))/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(b*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/c^(3/2) - b/(c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)) + (a*x^2)/(2*c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)) - (3*a*d*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(5/2)) + (3*a*d)/(2*c^2*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2x^3 + 12\sqrt{cx^2+d}acdx - 8\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2x - 12\sqrt{c}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)ac}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*x**3 + 12*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x - 8*sqrt(c*x
**2 + d)*b*c**2*x - 12*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))
*a*c*d*x**2 - 12*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**
2 + 8*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*x**2 + 8*
sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*b*c*d + 9*sqrt(c)*a*c*
d*x**2 + 9*sqrt(c)*a*d**2 - 8*sqrt(c)*b*c**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c)*b*c*d)/(8*c
*3*(c*x**2 + d))
```

**3.183** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1560
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1560
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1561
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1562
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1563
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1563
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1564
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1564
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1565
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1565

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x} dx = \frac{bc - ad}{cd\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

output `(-a*d+b*c)/c/d/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+a*arctanh((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}(bc - ad)x - ad\sqrt{d + cx^2} \log(-\sqrt{cx} + \sqrt{d + cx^2})}{c^{3/2}d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x), x]`

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(b*c - a*d)*x - a*d*\text{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2]*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2]])/(c^{(3/2)*d}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2(bc - ad)}{cd\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x^2}}{c} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2(bc - ad)}{cd\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{dx^4} - \frac{c}{d}} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{cd} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} + \frac{2(bc - ad)}{cd\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)*x}), x]$$

output  $\frac{((2*(b*c - a*d))/(c*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]) + (2*a*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c]])/c^{(3/2)})/2}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{n}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 87  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1))*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] || !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] || !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] || \text{LtQ}[p, n]))))$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(cx^2+d)\left(c^{\frac{5}{2}}bx-c^{\frac{3}{2}}adx+\ln\left(\sqrt{cx+\sqrt{cx^2+d}}\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3dc^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	75

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(c*x^2+d)*(c^(5/2)*b*x-c^(3/2)*a*d*x+ln(c^(1/2)*x+(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*a*c*d)/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3/d/c^(5/2)`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 100 vs.  $2(44) = 88$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.85

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x} dx = \left[ \frac{2(bc^2 - acd)x^2 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + (acdx^2 + ad^2)\sqrt{c} \log\left(-2cx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - d\right)}{2(c^3dx^2 + c^2d^2)}, (b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(2*(b*c^2 - a*c*d)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + (a*c*d*x^2 + a*d^2)*sqrt(c)*log(-2*c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - d))/(c^3*d*x^2 + c^2*d^2), ((b*c^2 - a*c*d)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - (a*c*d*x^2 + a*d^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)*x^2*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*x^2 + d)))/(c^3*d*x^2 + c^2*d^2)]`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( \frac{ad \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{-c}} - \frac{ad-bc}{2c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{-a \log\left(-\frac{b}{x^2}\right) - \frac{b}{x^2}}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



input `integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(-a*d*atan(sqrt(c + d/x**2)/sqrt(-c))/(2*c*sqrt(-c)) - (a*d - b*c)/(2*c*sqrt(c + d/x**2)))/d, Ne(d, 0)), ((-a*log(-b/x**2) - b/x**2)/(2*c**(3/2)), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x} dx = -\frac{1}{2} a \left( \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} c}} \right) + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} d}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a*(log((sqrt(c + d/x^2) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2) + sqrt(c)))/c^(3/2) + 2/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c)) + b/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x} dx = \frac{a \log(|d|) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2 c^{3/2}} + \frac{(bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) - ad \operatorname{sgn}(x)) x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} cd} - \frac{a \log(|-\sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{cx^2 + d}|)}{c^{3/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a*log(abs(d))*sgn(x)/c^(3/2) + (b*c*sgn(x) - a*d*sgn(x))*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*c*d) - a*log(abs(-sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(c*x^2 + d)))/(c^(3/2)*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x} dx = \frac{a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{a}{c \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{b \sqrt{x^2}}{d \sqrt{c x^2 + d}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(x*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `(a*atanh((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/c^(3/2) - a/(c*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)) + (b*(x^2)^(1/2))/(d*(d + c*x^2)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{c x^2 + d} a c d x + \sqrt{c x^2 + d} b c^2 x + \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c x^2 + d} + \sqrt{c} x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) a c d x^2 + \sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c x^2 + d} + \sqrt{c} x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) c^2 d (c x^2 + d)}{c^2 d (c x^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x,x)`output `( - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x + sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*x + sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*c*d*x**2 + sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/sqrt(d))*a*d**2 - sqrt(c)*a*c*d*x**2 - sqrt(c)*a*d**2 + sqrt(c)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(c)*b*c*d)/(c**2*d*(c*x**2 + d))`

**3.184** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1566
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1566
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1567
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1568
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1569
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1569
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1569
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1570
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1570
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1571

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx = -\frac{bc - ad}{d^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^2}$$

output `-(-a*d+b*c)/d^2/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)-b*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx = \frac{adx^2 - b(d + 2cx^2)}{d^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3),x]`

output `(a*d*x^2 - b*(d + 2*c*x^2))/(d^2*sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {946, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^3 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{946}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{53}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{b}{d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{ad - bc}{d \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} \right) d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{2(bc - ad)}{d^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{2b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3),x]`

output `((-2*(b*c - a*d))/(d^2*sqrt[c + d/x^2]) - (2*b*sqrt[c + d/x^2])/d^2)/2`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 946 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(ad x^2 - 2bc x^2 - bd)(c x^2 + d)}{\left(\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 x^4}$	46
default	$\frac{(ad x^2 - 2bc x^2 - bd)(c x^2 + d)}{\left(\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 x^4}$	46
trager	$\frac{(ad x^2 - 2bc x^2 - bd) \sqrt{-\frac{c x^2 - d}{x^2}}}{d^2 (c x^2 + d)}$	49
risch	$-\frac{b(c x^2 + d)}{d^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}}} + \frac{ad - cb}{d^2 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}}}$	56
orering	$\frac{(ad x^2 - 2bc x^2 - bd)(c x^2 + d) \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{d^2 (a x^2 + b) x^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	58

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(a*d*x^2-2*b*c*x^2-b*d)*(c*x^2+d)/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)/d^2/x^4`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx = -\frac{((2bc - ad)x^2 + bd)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{cd^2x^2 + d^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-((2*b*c - a*d)*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*d^2*x^2 + d^3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a}{d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{2bc}{d^2\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{b}{dx^2\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{b}{4x^4} & \text{otherwise} \\ c^{\frac{3}{2}} & \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`output `Piecewise((a/(d*sqrt(c + d/x**2)) - 2*b*c/(d**2*sqrt(c + d/x**2)) - b/(d*x**2*sqrt(c + d/x**2))), Ne(d, 0)), ((-a/(2*x**2) - b/(4*x**4))/c**(3/2), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx = -b \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{c}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} d^2}} \right) + \frac{a}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2} d}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*(sqrt(c + d/x^2)/d^2 + c/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^2)) + a/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{c}}{\left(\left(\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}\right)^2 - d\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{(bc - ad)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*b*sqrt(c)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)*d*sgn(x)) - (b*c - a*d)*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*d^2*sgn(x))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(x^2 \left(\frac{a}{d} - \frac{2bc}{d^2}\right) - \frac{b}{d}\right)}{cx^3 + dx}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(x^3*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `(x*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(x^2*(a/d - (2*b*c)/d^2) - b/d))/(d*x + c*x^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}acd x^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bc^2 x^2 - \sqrt{cx^2 + d}bcd + \sqrt{c}acd x^3 + \sqrt{c}a d^2 x - 2\sqrt{c}d^2}{cd^2 x (cx^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d + sqrt(c)*a*c*d*x**3 + sqrt(c)*a*d**2*x - 2*sqrt(c)*b*c**2*x**3 - 2*sqrt(c)*b*c*d*x)/(c*d**2*x*(c*x**2 + d))`



**3.185** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1572
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1572
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1573
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1574
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1575
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1575
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1576
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1576
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1577
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1577

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx = \frac{c(bc - ad)}{d^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{(2bc - ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^3} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3d^3}$$

output

```
c*(-a*d+b*c)/d^3/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+(-a*d+2*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^3-1/3*b*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx = \frac{-3adx^2(d + 2cx^2) + b(-d^2 + 4cdx^2 + 8c^2x^4)}{3d^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5), x]
```

output

$$(-3*a*d*x^2*(d + 2*c*x^2) + b*(-d^2 + 4*c*d*x^2 + 8*c^2*x^4))/(3*d^3*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x^4)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^5 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} b}{d^2} + \frac{ad - 2bc}{d^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{c(bc - ad)}{d^2 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} \right) d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(2bc - ad)}{d^3} + \frac{2c(bc - ad)}{d^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{3d^3} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5), x]$$

output

$$((2*c*(b*c - a*d))/(d^3*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]) + (2*(2*b*c - a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2])/d^3 - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d^3))/2$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(6acd^2x^4 - 8b^2c^2x^4 + 3ad^2x^2 - 4bcdx^2 + bd^2)(cx^2 + d)}{3\left(\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3x^6}$	69
default	$-\frac{(6acd^2x^4 - 8b^2c^2x^4 + 3ad^2x^2 - 4bcdx^2 + bd^2)(cx^2 + d)}{3\left(\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3x^6}$	69
trager	$-\frac{(6acd^2x^4 - 8b^2c^2x^4 + 3ad^2x^2 - 4bcdx^2 + bd^2)\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}}{3x^2d^3(cx^2 + d)}$	75
risch	$-\frac{(cx^2 + d)(3ad^2x^2 - 5bcx^2 + bd^2)}{3d^3x^4\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(ad - cb)c}{d^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}}$	75
orering	$-\frac{(6acd^2x^4 - 8b^2c^2x^4 + 3ad^2x^2 - 4bcdx^2 + bd^2)(cx^2 + d)\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{3d^3(ax^2 + b)x^4\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	81

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*(6*a*c*d*x^4-8*b*c^2*x^4+3*a*d^2*x^2-4*b*c*d*x^2+b*d^2)*(c*x^2+d)/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)/d^3/x^6
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx = \frac{(2(4bc^2 - 3acd)x^4 - bd^2 + (4bcd - 3ad^2)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{3(cd^3x^4 + d^4x^2)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*(2*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*c*d)*x^4 - b*d^2 + (4*b*c*d - 3*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*d^3*x^4 + d^4*x^2)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left( \frac{b \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6d^2} - \frac{c(ad-bc)}{2d^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(ad-2bc)}{2d^2} \right) & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{a}{2x^4} - \frac{b}{3x^6}}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**5,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-b*(c + d/x**2)**(3/2)/(6*d**2) - c*(a*d - b*c)/(2*d**2*sqrt(c + d/x**2)) - sqrt(c + d/x**2)*(a*d - 2*b*c)/(2*d**2))/d, Ne(d, 0)), ((-a/(2*x**4) - b/(3*x**6))/(2*c**(3/2)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{3} b \left( \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d^3} - \frac{6 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c}{d^3} - \frac{3c^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^3} \right) - a \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{c}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*b*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^3 - 6*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c/d^3 - 3*c^2/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^3)) - a*(sqrt(c + d/x^2)/d^2 + c/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^2))`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx = \frac{(bc^2 - acd)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} d^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{2 \left( 3 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^4 bc^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^4 a \sqrt{cd} - 12 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^2 bc^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 6 \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^2 a \sqrt{cd} \right)}{3 \left( \left( \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} \right)^2 - d \right)^3 d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(b*c^2 - a*c*d)*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*d^3*sgn(x)) - 2/3*(3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(3/2) - 3*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*sqrt(c)*d - 12*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(3/2)*d + 6*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*a*sqrt(c)*d^2 + 5*b*c^(3/2)*d^2 - 3*a*sqrt(c)*d^3)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^3*d^2*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (-8bc^2x^4 + 6acd^2x^4 - 4bcdx^2 + 3ad^2x^2 + bd^2)}{3d^3x^2(cx^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(x^5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `-((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(b*d^2 + 3*a*d^2*x^2 - 8*b*c^2*x^4 + 6*a*c*d*x^4 - 4*b*c*d*x^2))/(3*d^3*x^2*(d + c*x^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{cx^2 + d}acd^2x^4 - 3\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ad^2x^2 + 8\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bc^2x^4 + 4\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bcdx^2 - 3d^3x^3(cx^2 + d)}{3d^3x^3(cx^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^5,x)`output `(-6*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d*x**4 - 3*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**2*x**2 + 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*x**4 + 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d*x**2 - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*a*c*d*x**5 + 6*sqrt(c)*a*d**2*x**3 - 8*sqrt(c)*b*c**2*x**5 - 8*sqrt(c)*b*c*d*x**3)/(3*d**3*x**3*(c*x**2 + d))`

**3.186** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7} dx$$

Optimal result	1578
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1578
Rubi [A] (verified)	1579
Maple [A] (verified)	1580
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1581
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1581
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1582
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1582
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1583
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1583

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7} dx = -\frac{c^2(bc - ad)}{d^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{c(3bc - 2ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^4} + \frac{(3bc - ad)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3d^4} - \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^4}$$

output

```
-c^2*(-a*d+b*c)/d^4/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)-c*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^4+1/3*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^4-1/5*b*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7} dx = \frac{-5adx^2(d^2 - 4cdx^2 - 8c^2x^4) - 3b(d^3 - 2cd^2x^2 + 8c^2dx^4 + 16c^3x^6)}{15d^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^7), x]
```

output  $(-5*a*d*x^2*(d^2 - 4*c*d*x^2 - 8*c^2*x^4) - 3*b*(d^3 - 2*c*d^2*x^2 + 8*c^2*d*x^4 + 16*c^3*x^6))/(15*d^4*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x^6)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^7 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 948

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^4} d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 86

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( -\frac{(bc - ad)c^2}{d^3 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} + \frac{(3bc - 2ad)c}{d^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}}{d^3} + \frac{(ad - 3bc)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^3} \right) d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{2c^2(bc - ad)}{d^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{2(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} (3bc - ad)}{3d^4} - \frac{2c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (3bc - 2ad)}{d^4} - \frac{2b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2}}{5d^4} \right)$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^7), x]$

output  $((-2*c^2*(b*c - a*d))/(d^4*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]) - (2*c*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2])/d^4 + (2*(3*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d^4) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d^4))/2$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(40ac^2dx^6 - 48bc^3x^6 + 20acd^2x^4 - 24b^2c^2dx^4 - 5ad^3x^2 + 6bcd^2x^2 - 3bd^3)(cx^2 + d)}{15\left(\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^4x^8}$	94
default	$\frac{(40ac^2dx^6 - 48bc^3x^6 + 20acd^2x^4 - 24b^2c^2dx^4 - 5ad^3x^2 + 6bcd^2x^2 - 3bd^3)(cx^2 + d)}{15\left(\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^4x^8}$	94
risch	$\frac{(cx^2 + d)(25acd^2x^4 - 33b^2c^2x^4 - 5ad^2x^2 + 9bcdx^2 - 3bd^2)}{15d^4x^6\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}} + \frac{c^2(ad - cb)}{d^4\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}}$	99
trager	$\frac{(40ac^2dx^6 - 48bc^3x^6 + 20acd^2x^4 - 24b^2c^2dx^4 - 5ad^3x^2 + 6bcd^2x^2 - 3bd^3)\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2 - d}{x^2}}}{15x^4d^4(cx^2 + d)}$	100
orering	$\frac{(40ac^2dx^6 - 48bc^3x^6 + 20acd^2x^4 - 24b^2c^2dx^4 - 5ad^3x^2 + 6bcd^2x^2 - 3bd^3)(cx^2 + d)\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{15d^4(ax^2 + b)x^6\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	106

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$\frac{1}{15} \cdot (40ac^2d^2x^6 - 48b^2c^3x^6 + 20ac^2d^2x^4 - 24b^2c^2d^2x^4 - 5ad^3x^2 + 6b^2cd^2x^2 - 3b^2d^3) \cdot (cx^2 + d) / ((cx^2 + d)/x^2)^{(3/2)} / d^4 / x^8$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7} dx = \frac{(8(6bc^3 - 5ac^2d)x^6 + 4(6bc^2d - 5acd^2)x^4 + 3bd^3 - (6bcd^2 - 5ad^3)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}}{15(cd^4x^6 + d^5x^4)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$-1/15 \cdot (8(6b^2c^3 - 5ac^2d)x^6 + 4(6b^2c^2d - 5ac^2d^2)x^4 + 3b^2d^3 - (6b^2cd^2 - 5ad^3)x^2) \cdot \sqrt{(cx^2 + d)/x^2} / (cd^4x^6 + d^5x^4)$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{b \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{5/2}}{10d^3} + \frac{c^2(ad-bc)}{2d^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{\left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^{3/2} (ad-3bc)}{6d^3} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (-2acd + 3bc^2)}{2d^3} \right)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{a}{3x^6} - \frac{b}{4x^8}}{2c^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**7,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-b*(c + d/x**2)**(5/2)/(10*d**3) + c**2*(a*d - b*c)/(2*d**3*sqrt(c + d/x**2)) - (c + d/x**2)**(3/2)*(a*d - 3*b*c)/(6*d**3) - sqrt(c + d/x**2)*(-2*a*c*d + 3*b*c**2)/(2*d**3))/d, Ne(d, 0)), ((-a/(3*x**6) - b/(4*x**8))/(2*c**(3/2)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{5} b \left( \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{d^4} - \frac{5 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} c}{d^4} + \frac{15 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^2}{d^4} + \frac{5 c^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^4} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} a \left( \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d^3} - \frac{6 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c}{d^3} - \frac{3 c^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*b*((c + d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^4 - 5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c/d^4 + 15*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2/d^4 + 5*c^3/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^4)) - 1/3*a*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^3 - 6*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c/d^3 - 3*c^2/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^3))`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 303 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7} dx = -\frac{(bc^3 - ac^2d)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}d^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left( 15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^8 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d - 90 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^6 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} d + 90 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^6 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d - 90 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^4 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} d + 90 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^4 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d - 90 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} d + 90 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^2 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d - 90 bc^{\frac{5}{2}} d + 90 ac^{\frac{3}{2}} d \right)}{d^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d)*x/(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*d^4*sgn(x)) + 2/15*(15*(sqrt(c)*x -
sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*b*c^(5/2) - 15*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^8*a*c^(3/2)
)*d - 90*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^6*b*c^(5/2)*d + 90*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt
(c*x^2 + d))^6*a*c^(3/2)*d^2 + 240*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*b*c^(5
/2)*d^2 - 160*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^4*a*c^(3/2)*d^3 - 150*(sqrt(c)
*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^2*b*c^(5/2)*d^3 + 110*(sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(c*x^2 + d))^
2*a*c^(3/2)*d^4 + 33*b*c^(5/2)*d^4 - 25*a*c^(3/2)*d^5)/(((sqrt(c)*x - sqrt
(c*x^2 + d))^2 - d)^5*d^3*sgn(x))

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (48 b c^3 x^6 - 40 a c^2 d x^6 + 24 b c^2 d x^4 - 20 a c d^2 x^4 - 6 b c d^2 x^2 + 5 a d^3 x^2 + 3 b d^3)}{15 d^4 x^4 (c x^2 + d)}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x^2)/(x^7*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```

-((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)*(3*b*d^3 + 5*a*d^3*x^2 + 48*b*c^3*x^6 - 20*a*c*d^2*x^4
- 40*a*c^2*d*x^6 - 6*b*c*d^2*x^2 + 24*b*c^2*d*x^4))/(15*d^4*x^4*(d + c*x^
2))

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^7} dx = \frac{40\sqrt{c x^2 + d} a c^2 d x^6 + 20\sqrt{c x^2 + d} a c d^2 x^4 - 5\sqrt{c x^2 + d} a d^3 x^2 - 48\sqrt{c x^2 + d} b c^3 x^6 - 48\sqrt{c x^2 + d} b c^2 d x^4 + 15\sqrt{c x^2 + d} b d^3 x^2}{15 d^4 x^4 (c x^2 + d)}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^7,x)
```

output

```
(40*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d*x**6 + 20*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**2*x**4 - 5
*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**3*x**2 - 48*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*x**6 - 24*sqrt(
c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d*x**4 + 6*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c*x*
*2 + d)*b*d**3 - 40*sqrt(c)*a*c**2*d*x**7 - 40*sqrt(c)*a*c*d**2*x**5 + 48*
sqrt(c)*b*c**3*x**7 + 48*sqrt(c)*b*c**2*d*x**5)/(15*d**4*x**5*(c*x**2 + d)
)
```

**3.187** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^9} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1585
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1585
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1586
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1587
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1588
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1588
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1589
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1589
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1590
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1591

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^9} dx = \frac{c^3(bc - ad)}{d^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{c^2(4bc - 3ad) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^5} - \frac{c(2bc - ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d^5} + \frac{(4bc - ad) \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{5d^5} - \frac{b \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{7d^5}$$

output

```
c^3*(-a*d+b*c)/d^5/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+c^2*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^5-
c*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/d^5+1/5*(-a*d+4*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^5-1/
7*b*(c+d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^9} dx = \frac{-7adx^2(d^3 - 2cd^2x^2 + 8c^2dx^4 + 16c^3x^6) + b(-5d^4 + 8cd^3x^2 - 16c^2d^2x^4 + 64c^3dx^6)}{35d^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^8}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^9), x]`

output `(-7*a*d*x^2*(d^3 - 2*c*d^2*x^2 + 8*c^2*d*x^4 + 16*c^3*x^6) + b*(-5*d^4 + 8*c*d^3*x^2 - 16*c^2*d^2*x^4 + 64*c^3*d*x^6 + 128*c^4*x^8))/(35*d^5*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^8)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^9 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{(bc - ad)c^3}{d^4 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{(4bc - 3ad)c^2}{d^4 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{3(2bc - ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d^4} + \frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{d^4} + \frac{(ad - 4bc)\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d^4} \right) d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2c^3(bc - ad)}{d^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{2c^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(4bc - 3ad)}{d^5} + \frac{2\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}(4bc - ad)}{5d^5} - \frac{2c\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}(2bc - ad)}{d^5} - \frac{2b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{7d^5} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^9), x]`

```
output ((2*c^3*(b*c - a*d))/(d^5*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]) + (2*c^2*(4*b*c - 3*a*d)*Sqrt[c
+ d/x^2])/d^5 - (2*c*(2*b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))/d^5 + (2*(4*b*c - a
*d)*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d^5) - (2*b*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2))/(7*d^5))/2
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(p_
.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1
] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p
+ 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{(112a^3 d x^8 - 128b c^4 x^8 + 56a^2 c^2 d^2 x^6 - 64b c^3 d x^6 - 14ac d^3 x^4 + 16b c^2 d^2 x^4 + 7a d^4 x^2 - 8bc d^3 x^2 + 5b d^4)(c x^2 + d)}{35 \left(\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^5 x^{10}}$	118
default	$-\frac{(112a^3 d x^8 - 128b c^4 x^8 + 56a^2 c^2 d^2 x^6 - 64b c^3 d x^6 - 14ac d^3 x^4 + 16b c^2 d^2 x^4 + 7a d^4 x^2 - 8bc d^3 x^2 + 5b d^4)(c x^2 + d)}{35 \left(\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^5 x^{10}}$	118
trager	$-\frac{(112a^3 d x^8 - 128b c^4 x^8 + 56a^2 c^2 d^2 x^6 - 64b c^3 d x^6 - 14ac d^3 x^4 + 16b c^2 d^2 x^4 + 7a d^4 x^2 - 8bc d^3 x^2 + 5b d^4) \sqrt{-\frac{c x^2 - d}{x^2}}}{35 x^6 d^5 (c x^2 + d)}$	124
risch	$-\frac{(c x^2 + d)(77a^2 c^2 d x^6 - 93b c^3 x^6 - 21ac d^2 x^4 + 29b c^2 d x^4 + 7a d^3 x^2 - 13bc d^2 x^2 + 5b d^3)}{35 d^5 x^8 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}}} - \frac{c^3 (ad - cb)}{d^5 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}}}$	124
orering	$-\frac{(112a^3 d x^8 - 128b c^4 x^8 + 56a^2 c^2 d^2 x^6 - 64b c^3 d x^6 - 14ac d^3 x^4 + 16b c^2 d^2 x^4 + 7a d^4 x^2 - 8bc d^3 x^2 + 5b d^4)(c x^2 + d) \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{35 d^5 (a x^2 + b) x^8 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	130





output

```
Piecewise((2*(-b*(c + d/x**2)**(7/2))/(14*d**4) - c**3*(a*d - b*c)/(2*d**4*sqrt(c + d/x**2)) - (c + d/x**2)**(5/2)*(a*d - 4*b*c)/(10*d**4) - (c + d/x**2)**(3/2)*(-3*a*c*d + 6*b*c**2)/(6*d**4) - sqrt(c + d/x**2)*(3*a*c**2*d - 4*b*c**3)/(2*d**4))/d, Ne(d, 0)), ((-a/(4*x**8) - b/(5*x**10))/(2*c**(3/2)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^9} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{35} b \left( \frac{5 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{7/2}}{d^5} - \frac{28 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} c}{d^5} + \frac{70 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} c^2}{d^5} - \frac{140 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^3}{d^5} - \frac{35 c^4}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^5} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{5} a \left( \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2}}{d^4} - \frac{5 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} c}{d^4} + \frac{15 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^2}{d^4} + \frac{5 c^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^4} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/35*b*(5*(c + d/x^2)^(7/2)/d^5 - 28*(c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*c/d^5 + 70*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c^2/d^5 - 140*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^3/d^5 - 35*c^4/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^5)) - 1/5*a*((c + d/x^2)^(5/2)/d^4 - 5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*c/d^4 + 15*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2/d^4 + 5*c^3/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^4))
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 414 vs.  $2(112) = 224$ .

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^9} dx = \frac{(bc^4 - ac^3d)x}{\sqrt{cx^2 + dd^5} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 35 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{12} bc^{\frac{7}{2}} - 35 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{12} ac^{\frac{5}{2}} d - 280 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{10} bc^{\frac{7}{2}} d + 280 (\sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{cx^2 + d})^{10} ac^{\frac{5}{2}} d \right)}{\sqrt{cx^2 + dd^5} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $(b*c^4 - a*c^3*d)*x/(\sqrt{c*x^2 + d}*d^5*\text{sgn}(x)) - 2/35*(35*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^{12}*b*c^{(7/2)} - 35*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^{12}*a*c^{(5/2)}*d - 280*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^{10}*b*c^{(7/2)}*d + 280*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^{10}*a*c^{(5/2)}*d^2 + 1015*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^8*b*c^{(7/2)}*d^2 - 1015*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^8*a*c^{(5/2)}*d^3 - 2240*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^6*b*c^{(7/2)}*d^3 + 1680*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^6*a*c^{(5/2)}*d^4 + 1673*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^4*b*c^{(7/2)}*d^4 - 1337*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^4*a*c^{(5/2)}*d^5 - 616*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^2*b*c^{(7/2)}*d^5 + 504*(\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^2*a*c^{(5/2)}*d^6 + 93*b*c^{(7/2)}*d^6 - 77*a*c^{(5/2)}*d^7)/((\sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})^2 - d)^7*d^4*\text{sgn}(x)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^9} dx = \frac{c \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (21 a d - 29 b c)}{35 d^4 x^2} - \frac{b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{7 d^2 x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} (7 a d^2 - 13 b c d)}{35 d^4 x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( x^2 \left( \frac{58 b c^4 - 42 a c^3 d}{35 d^5} + \frac{2 c^3 (77 a d - 93 b c)}{35 d^5} \right) + \frac{c^2 (77 a d - 93 b c)}{35 d^4} \right)}{c x^2 + d}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(x^9*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output  $(c*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}*(21*a*d - 29*b*c))/(35*d^4*x^2) - (b*(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)})/(7*d^2*x^6) - ((c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}*(7*a*d^2 - 13*b*c*d))/(35*d^4*x^4) - ((c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}*(x^2*((58*b*c^4 - 42*a*c^3*d)/(35*d^5) + (2*c^3*(77*a*d - 93*b*c))/(35*d^5)) + (c^2*(77*a*d - 93*b*c))/(35*d^4)))/(d + c*x^2)$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^9} dx = \frac{-112\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^3dx^8 - 56\sqrt{cx^2+d}ac^2d^2x^6 + 14\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^3x^4 - 7\sqrt{cx^2+d}a^2d^4x^2 + 128\sqrt{cx^2+d}b^2c^4x^8 + 64\sqrt{cx^2+d}b^2c^3d^2x^6 - 16\sqrt{cx^2+d}b^2c^2d^3x^4 + 8\sqrt{cx^2+d}b^2cd^4x^2 - 5\sqrt{cx^2+d}b^2d^5 + 112\sqrt{c}ac^3d^3x^9 + 112\sqrt{c}ac^2d^4x^7 - 128\sqrt{c}b^2c^4d^4x^9 - 128\sqrt{c}b^2c^3d^5x^7}{(35d^5x^7(cx^2+d))}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^9,x)`

output

```
( - 112*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**3*d*x**8 - 56*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c**2*d**2*x**6 + 14*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**3*x**4 - 7*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**4*x**2 + 128*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**4*x**8 + 64*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**3*d*x**6 - 16*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 8*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**3*x**2 - 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**4 + 112*sqrt(c)*a*c**3*d*x**9 + 112*sqrt(c)*a*c**2*d**2*x**7 - 128*sqrt(c)*b*c**4*x**9 - 128*sqrt(c)*b*c**3*d*x**7)/(35*d**5*x**7*(c*x**2 + d))
```

**3.188** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x^4}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1592
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1593
Rubi [A] (verified)	1593
Maple [A] (verified)	1596
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1596
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1597
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1598
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1599
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1599
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1600

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x^4}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{8d(5bc - 6ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{15c^4} - \frac{(5bc - 6ad)x^3}{5c^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{4(5bc - 6ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^3}{15c^3} + \frac{ax^5}{5c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

output

```
-8/15*d*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^4-1/5*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*x^3/c^2/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+4/15*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/c^3+1/5*a*x^5/c/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{5bc(-8d^2 - 4cdx^2 + c^2x^4) + 3a(16d^3 + 8cd^2x^2 - 2c^2dx^4 + c^3x^6)}{15c^4\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*x^4)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(5*b*c*(-8*d^2 - 4*c*d*x^2 + c^2*x^4) + 3*a*(16*d^3 + 8*c*d^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d*x^4 + c^3*x^6))/(15*c^4*sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {955, 803, 773, 245, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{955} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \int \frac{x^2}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx}{5c} + \frac{ax^5}{5c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\ & \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \left( \frac{x^3}{3c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{4d \int \frac{1}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx}{3c} \right)}{5c} + \frac{ax^5}{5c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \left( \frac{4d \int \frac{x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{3c} + \frac{x^3}{3c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{5c} + \frac{ax^5}{5c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 245 \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 6ad) \left( \frac{4d \left( \frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{x}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x^3}{3c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{5c} + \frac{ax^5}{5c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 208 \\
 & \frac{\left( \frac{4d \left( -\frac{2d}{c^2x\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{x}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{3c} + \frac{x^3}{3c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right) (5bc - 6ad)}{5c} + \frac{ax^5}{5c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)*x^4)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*x^5)/(5*c*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]) + ((5*b*c - 6*a*d)*(x^3/(3*c*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]) + (4*d*((-2*d)/(c^2*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])*x) - x/(c*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])))/(3*c)))/(5*c)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 208  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-3/2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 245  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(a*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[x^{(m + 2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 773  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 803  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/(a*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[x^{(m + n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$
- rule 955  $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m + n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \text{ || } \text{GtQ}[e, 0]) \&\& ((\text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]) \text{ || } (\text{LtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m + n, -1])) \&\& \text{!ILtQ}[p, -1]$



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(3ax^6c^3 - 6a^2cdx^4 + 5b^2c^3x^4 + 24acd^2x^2 - 20b^2c^2dx^2 + 48ad^3 - 40bcd^2)(cx^2 + d)}{15\left(\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3c^4}$	91
default	$\frac{(3ax^6c^3 - 6a^2cdx^4 + 5b^2c^3x^4 + 24acd^2x^2 - 20b^2c^2dx^2 + 48ad^3 - 40bcd^2)(cx^2 + d)}{15\left(\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3c^4}$	91
trager	$\frac{(3ax^6c^3 - 6a^2cdx^4 + 5b^2c^3x^4 + 24acd^2x^2 - 20b^2c^2dx^2 + 48ad^3 - 40bcd^2)x\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2 - d}{x^2}}}{15(cx^2 + d)c^4}$	95
risch	$\frac{(3ac^2x^4 - 9ad^2c + 5b^2c^2x^2 + 33ad^2 - 25dbc)(cx^2 + d)}{15c^4\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}x} + \frac{(ad - cb)d^2}{c^4\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}x}$	99
orering	$\frac{(3ax^6c^3 - 6a^2cdx^4 + 5b^2c^3x^4 + 24acd^2x^2 - 20b^2c^2dx^2 + 48ad^3 - 40bcd^2)(cx^2 + d)\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{15c^4(a^2x^2 + b)x\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	103

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^4/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{15} * (3 * a * c^3 * x^6 - 6 * a^2 * c * d * x^4 + 5 * b^2 * c^3 * x^4 + 24 * a * c * d^2 * x^2 - 20 * b^2 * c^2 * d * x^2 + 48 * a * d^3 - 40 * b * c * d^2) * (c * x^2 + d) / ((c * x^2 + d) / x^2)^{(3/2)} / x^3 / c^4$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^4}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(3ac^3x^7 + (5bc^3 - 6ac^2d)x^5 - 4(5bc^2d - 6acd^2)x^3 - 8(5bcd^2 - 6ad^3)x)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2 + d}{x^2}}}{15(c^5x^2 + c^4d)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^4/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{15} * (3 * a * c^3 * x^7 + (5 * b * c^3 - 6 * a * c^2 * d) * x^5 - 4 * (5 * b * c^2 * d - 6 * a * c * d^2) * x^3 - 8 * (5 * b * c * d^2 - 6 * a * d^3) * x) * \text{sqrt}((c * x^2 + d) / x^2) / (c^5 * x^2 + c^4 * d)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 561 vs.  $2(105) = 210$ .

Time = 4.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.01

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = a \left( \frac{c^5 d^{\frac{19}{2}} x^{10} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5c^7 d^9 x^6 + 15c^6 d^{10} x^4 + 15c^5 d^{11} x^2 + 5c^4 d^{12}} \right. \\ + \frac{5c^3 d^{\frac{23}{2}} x^6 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5c^7 d^9 x^6 + 15c^6 d^{10} x^4 + 15c^5 d^{11} x^2 + 5c^4 d^{12}} \\ + \frac{30c^2 d^{\frac{25}{2}} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5c^7 d^9 x^6 + 15c^6 d^{10} x^4 + 15c^5 d^{11} x^2 + 5c^4 d^{12}} \\ + \frac{40cd^{\frac{27}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5c^7 d^9 x^6 + 15c^6 d^{10} x^4 + 15c^5 d^{11} x^2 + 5c^4 d^{12}} \\ \left. + \frac{16d^{\frac{29}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{5c^7 d^9 x^6 + 15c^6 d^{10} x^4 + 15c^5 d^{11} x^2 + 5c^4 d^{12}} \right) \\ + b \left( \frac{c^3 d^{\frac{9}{2}} x^6 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c^5 d^4 x^4 + 6c^4 d^5 x^2 + 3c^3 d^6} - \frac{3c^2 d^{\frac{11}{2}} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c^5 d^4 x^4 + 6c^4 d^5 x^2 + 3c^3 d^6} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{12cd^{\frac{13}{2}} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c^5 d^4 x^4 + 6c^4 d^5 x^2 + 3c^3 d^6} - \frac{8d^{\frac{15}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c^5 d^4 x^4 + 6c^4 d^5 x^2 + 3c^3 d^6} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*x**4/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
a*(c**5*d**(19/2)*x**10*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(5*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 15*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 15*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 5*c**4*d**12) + 5*c**3*d**(23/2)*x**6*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(5*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 15*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 15*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 5*c**4*d**12) + 30*c**2*d**(25/2)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(5*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 15*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 15*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 5*c**4*d**12) + 40*c*d**(27/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(5*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 15*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 15*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 5*c**4*d**12) + 16*d**(29/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(5*c**7*d**9*x**6 + 15*c**6*d**10*x**4 + 15*c**5*d**11*x**2 + 5*c**4*d**12)) + b*(c**3*d**(9/2)*x**6*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 6*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 3*c**3*d**6) - 3*c**2*d**(11/2)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 6*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 3*c**3*d**6) - 12*c*d**(13/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 6*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 3*c**3*d**6) - 8*d**(15/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 6*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 3*c**3*d**6))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{3} b \left( \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^3 - 6 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx}{c^3} - \frac{3 d^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^3 x} \right) + \frac{1}{5} a \left( \frac{5 d^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^4 x} + \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{5/2} x^5 - 5 (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} dx^3 + 15 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^2 x}{c^4} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^4/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*b*((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3 - 6*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d*x)/c^3 - 3*d^2/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^3*x) + 1/5*a*(5*d^3/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^4*x) + ((c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*x^5 - 5*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d*x^3 + 15*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^2*x)/c^4)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8(5bcd^2 - 6ad^3)\text{sgn}(x)}{15c^4\sqrt{d}} - \frac{bcd^2 - ad^3}{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}c^4\text{sgn}(x)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cx^2 + d)^{5/2}ac^{16} + 5(cx^2 + d)^{3/2}bc^{17} - 15(cx^2 + d)^{3/2}ac^{16}d - 30\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bc^{17}d + 45\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^{16}d^2}{15c^{20}\text{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^4/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `8/15*(5*b*c*d^2 - 6*a*d^3)*sgn(x)/(c^4*sqrt(d)) - (b*c*d^2 - a*d^3)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*c^4*sgn(x)) + 1/15*(3*(c*x^2 + d)^(5/2)*a*c^16 + 5*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c^17 - 15*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*c^16*d - 30*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c^17*d + 45*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*c^16*d^2)/(c^20*sgn(x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2}) x^4}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3ac^3x^6 + 5bc^3x^4 - 6ac^2dx^4 - 20bc^2dx^2 + 24acd^2x^2 - 40bcd^2 + 48ad^3}{15c^4x\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

input `int((x^4*(a + b/x^2))/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(48*a*d^3 + 3*a*c^3*x^6 + 5*b*c^3*x^4 - 40*b*c*d^2 + 24*a*c*d^2*x^2 - 6*a*c^2*d*x^4 - 20*b*c^2*d*x^2)/(15*c^4*x*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^4}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} (3ac^3x^6 - 6ac^2dx^4 + 5bc^3x^4 + 24acd^2x^2 - 20b^2cdx^2 + 48ad^3 - 40bcd^2)}{15c^4(cx^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^4/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(3*a*c**3*x**6 - 6*a*c**2*d*x**4 + 24*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 48*a*d**3 + 5*b*c**3*x**4 - 20*b*c**2*d*x**2 - 40*b*c*d**2))/(15*c**4*(c*x**2 + d))`

**3.189** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1601
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1601
Rubi [A] (verified)	1602
Maple [A] (verified)	1604
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1604
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1605
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1605
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1606
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1606
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1607

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(3bc - 4ad)x}{3c^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{2(3bc - 4ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{3c^3} + \frac{ax^3}{3c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*x/c^2/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+2/3*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^3+1/3*a*x^3/c/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3bc(2d + cx^2) + a(-8d^2 - 4cdx^2 + c^2x^4)}{3c^3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b/x^2)*x^2)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$(3*b*c*(2*d + c*x^2) + a*(-8*d^2 - 4*c*d*x^2 + c^2*x^4))/(3*c^3*sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {955, 773, 245, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 955$$

$$\frac{(3bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx}{3c} + \frac{ax^3}{3c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

$$\downarrow 773$$

$$\frac{ax^3}{3c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \int \frac{x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 245$$

$$\frac{ax^3}{3c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(3bc - 4ad) \left( -\frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{x}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 208$$

$$\frac{ax^3}{3c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{\left( -\frac{2d}{c^2 x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{x}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right) (3bc - 4ad)}{3c}$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)*x^2)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*x^3)/(3*c*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]) - ((3*b*c - 4*a*d)*((-2*d)/(c^2*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x) - x/(c*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]))/(3*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 955 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*e^n*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[n] || GtQ[e, 0]) && ((GtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]) || (LtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m + n, -1])) && !ILtQ[p, -1]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
gosper	$\frac{(a c^2 x^4 - 4 a d x^2 c + 3 b c^2 x^2 - 8 a d^2 + 6 d b c)(c x^2 + d)}{3 \left(\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 c^3}$	66
default	$\frac{(a c^2 x^4 - 4 a d x^2 c + 3 b c^2 x^2 - 8 a d^2 + 6 d b c)(c x^2 + d)}{3 \left(\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 c^3}$	66
trager	$\frac{(a c^2 x^4 - 4 a d x^2 c + 3 b c^2 x^2 - 8 a d^2 + 6 d b c) x \sqrt{-\frac{c x^2 - d}{x^2}}}{3(c x^2 + d) c^3}$	70
risch	$\frac{(a c x^2 - 5 a d + 3 c b)(c x^2 + d)}{3 c^3 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}} x} - \frac{(a d - c b) d}{c^3 \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}} x}$	75
orering	$\frac{(a c^2 x^4 - 4 a d x^2 c + 3 b c^2 x^2 - 8 a d^2 + 6 d b c)(c x^2 + d) \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{3 c^3 (a x^2 + b) x \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	78

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^2/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3} * (a * c^2 * x^4 - 4 * a * c * d * x^2 + 3 * b * c^2 * x^2 - 8 * a * d^2 + 6 * b * c * d) * (c * x^2 + d) / ((c * x^2 + d) / x^2)^{(3/2)} / x^3 / c^3$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(a c^2 x^5 + (3 b c^2 - 4 a c d) x^3 + 2 (3 b c d - 4 a d^2) x) \sqrt{\frac{c x^2 + d}{x^2}}}{3 (c^4 x^2 + c^3 d)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^2/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3} * (a * c^2 * x^5 + (3 * b * c^2 - 4 * a * c * d) * x^3 + 2 * (3 * b * c * d - 4 * a * d^2) * x) * \text{sqrt}((c * x^2 + d) / x^2) / (c^4 * x^2 + c^3 * d)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 267 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 4.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = a \left( \frac{c^3 d^{9/2} x^6 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c^5 d^4 x^4 + 6c^4 d^5 x^2 + 3c^3 d^6} - \frac{3c^2 d^{11/2} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c^5 d^4 x^4 + 6c^4 d^5 x^2 + 3c^3 d^6} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{12cd^{13/2} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c^5 d^4 x^4 + 6c^4 d^5 x^2 + 3c^3 d^6} - \frac{8d^{15/2} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{3c^5 d^4 x^4 + 6c^4 d^5 x^2 + 3c^3 d^6} \right) \\ + b \left( \frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d}}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)*x**2/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `a*(c**3*d**(9/2)*x**6*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 6*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 3*c**3*d**6) - 3*c**2*d**(11/2)*x**4*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 6*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 3*c**3*d**6) - 12*c*d**(13/2)*x**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 6*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 3*c**3*d**6) - 8*d**(15/2)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(3*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 6*c**4*d**5*x**2 + 3*c**3*d**6)) + b*(x**2/(c*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 2*sqrt(d)/(c**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = b \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x}{c^2} + \frac{d}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^2 x} \right) \\ + \frac{1}{3} a \left( \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 - 6 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx}{c^3} - \frac{3d^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} c^3 x} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^2/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
b*(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x/c^2 + d/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^2*x)) + 1/3*a*(((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3 - 6*sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d*x)/c^3 - 3*d^2/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c^3*x))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x^2}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3bcd - 4ad^2)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3c^3\sqrt{d}} + \frac{bcd - ad^2}{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}c^3\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(cx^2 + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ac^6 + 3\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bc^7 - 6\sqrt{cx^2 + d}ac^6d}{3c^9\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)*x^2/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2/3*(3*b*c*d - 4*a*d^2)*sgn(x)/(c^3*sqrt(d)) + (b*c*d - a*d^2)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*c^3*sgn(x)) + 1/3*((c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*c^6 + 3*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c^7 - 6*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*c^6*d)/(c^9*sgn(x))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})x^2}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bc^2x^4 + 3bcdx^2 + 2bd^2}{c^2x^3(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} - \frac{-ac^2x^4 + 4acd^2 + 8ad^2}{3c^3x\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

input

```
int((x^2*(a + b/x^2))/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*b*d^2 + b*c^2*x^4 + 3*b*c*d*x^2)/(c^2*x^3*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)) - (8*a*d^2 - a*c^2*x^4 + 4*a*c*d*x^2)/(3*c^3*x*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} (ac^2x^4 - 4acd x^2 + 3bc^2x^2 - 8ad^2 + 6bcd)}{3c^3(cx^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)*x^2/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(a*c**2*x**4 - 4*a*c*d*x**2 - 8*a*d**2 + 3*b*c**2*x**2 + 6*b*c*d))/(3*c**3*(c*x**2 + d))`

$$3.190 \quad \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1608
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1608
Rubi [A] (verified)	1609
Maple [A] (verified)	1610
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1611
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1611
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1611
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1612
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1612
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1613

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{bc - 2ad}{c^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{ax}{c \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

output 
$$-(2ad + bc)/c^2/(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x + a*x/c/(c + d/x^2)^{(1/2)}$$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-bc + 2ad + acx^2}{c^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

input 
$$\text{Integrate}[(a + b/x^2)/(c + d/x^2)^{(3/2)}, x]$$

output 
$$(-bc) + 2ad + acx^2/(c^2 \sqrt{c + d/x^2}) * x$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {899, 359, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\
 & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right) x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{359} \\
 & \frac{ax}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{ax}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{bc - 2ad}{c^2 x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-((b*c - 2*a*d)/(c^2*sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)) + (a*x)/(c*sqrt[c + d/x^2])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 208  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{-3/2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 359  $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x_ )^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (a \cdot e^{m+1}), x] + \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot (m+1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m+2 \cdot p+3)) / (a \cdot e^{2 \cdot (m+1)}) \text{ Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m+2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{!ILtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^{n_})^{p_} \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )^{n_})^{q_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p \cdot (c + d/x^n)^q / x^2], x], x, 1/x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(acx^2+2ad-cb)(cx^2+d)}{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3c^2}$	43
default	$\frac{(acx^2+2ad-cb)(cx^2+d)}{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3c^2}$	43
trager	$\frac{x(acx^2+2ad-cb)\sqrt{-\frac{cx^2-d}{x^2}}}{(cx^2+d)c^2}$	47
orering	$\frac{(acx^2+2ad-cb)(cx^2+d)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{c^2(ax^2+b)x\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	55
risch	$\frac{a(cx^2+d)}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x} + \frac{ad-cb}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x}$	58

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $(a \cdot c \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot d - b \cdot c) \cdot (c \cdot x^2 + d) / ((c \cdot x^2 + d) / x^2)^{(3/2)} / x^3 / c^2$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(acx^3 - (bc - 2ad)x)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{c^3x^2 + c^2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(a*c*x^3 - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c^3*x^2 + c^2*d)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = a \left( \frac{x^2}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d}}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} \right) - \frac{b}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2),x)`output `a*(x**2/(c*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + 2*sqrt(d)/(c**2*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1))) - b/(c*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = a \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}{c^2} + \frac{d}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}c^2x} \right) - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}cx}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output  $a(\sqrt{c + d/x^2})x/c^2 + d/(\sqrt{c + d/x^2})c^2x) - b/(\sqrt{c + d/x^2})c^2x)$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(bc - 2ad)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + da}}{c^2\operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{bc - ad}{\sqrt{cx^2 + dc^2}\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $(b*c - 2*a*d)*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/(c^2*\sqrt{d}) + \sqrt{c*x^2 + d}*a/(c^2*\operatorname{sgn}(x)) - (b*c - a*d)/(\sqrt{c*x^2 + d})c^2*\operatorname{sgn}(x)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(cx^2 + d)(acx^2 + 2ad - bc)}{c^2x^3\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output  $((d + c*x^2)*(2*a*d - b*c + a*c*x^2))/(c^2*x^3*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2))$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}(acx^2 + 2ad - bc)}{c^2(cx^2 + d)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*(a*c*x**2 + 2*a*d - b*c))/(c**2*(c*x**2 + d))`

**3.191** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1614
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1614
Rubi [A] (verified)	1615
Maple [A] (verified)	1616
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1617
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1617
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1618
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1618
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1619
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1619

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx = \frac{bc - ad}{cd\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x}}\right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

output `(-a*d+b*c)/c/d/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x-b*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}(bc - ad) - bc\sqrt{d + cx^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{cd^{3/2}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}x}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2), x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[d]*(b*c - a*d) - b*c*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d]
])/((c*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {954, 858, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{954}$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2} dx}{d} + \frac{bc - ad}{cdx \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{858}$$

$$\frac{bc - ad}{cdx \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{224}$$

$$\frac{bc - ad}{cdx \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x}}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{219}$$

$$\frac{bc - ad}{cdx \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^2), x]
```

output  $(b*c - a*d)/(c*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x) - (b*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d]/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x)])/d^{(3/2)}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 858  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m+2)}, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 954  $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)})/(a*b*e*(m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n*(p+1) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(cx^2+d)\left(ad^{\frac{5}{2}}-d^{\frac{3}{2}}bc+\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcd\right)}{\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3cd^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	79

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^{(3/2)}/x^2,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-(c*x^2+d)*(a*d^(5/2)-d^(3/2)*b*c+ln(2*(d^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)+d)/x)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*b*c*d)/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)/x^3/c/d^(5/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx = \left[ \frac{2(bcd - ad^2)x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + (bc^2x^2 + bcd)\sqrt{d} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + 2d}{x^2}\right)}{2(c^2d^2x^2 + cd^3)}, \frac{(bcd - ad^2)}{2(c^2d^2x^2 + cd^3)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(2*(b*c*d - a*d^2)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + (b*c^2*x^2 + b*c*d)*sqrt(d)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2))/(c^2*d^2*x^2 + c*d^3), ((b*c*d - a*d^2)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + (b*c^2*x^2 + b*c*d)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d))/(c^2*d^2*x^2 + c*d^3)]
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 206 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 6.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}} + b \left( \frac{cd^2x^2 \log\left(\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{2cd^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2 + 2d^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{2cd^2x^2 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1} + 1\right)}{2cd^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2 + 2d^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{2cd^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2 + 2d^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{d^3 \log\left(\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{2cd^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2 + 2d^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{2d^3 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1} + 1\right)}{2cd^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2 + 2d^{\frac{9}{2}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `-a/(c*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)) + b*(c*d**2*x**2*log(c*x**2/d)/(2*c*d**  
(7/2)*x**2 + 2*d**(9/2)) - 2*c*d**2*x**2*log(sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1) + 1)/(2*c*d  
**(7/2)*x**2 + 2*d**(9/2)) + 2*d**3*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(2*c*d**(7/2)*x**2  
+ 2*d**(9/2)) + d**3*log(c*x**2/d)/(2*c*d**(7/2)*x**2 + 2*d**(9/2)) - 2*d*  
*3*log(sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1) + 1)/(2*c*d**(7/2)*x**2 + 2*d**(9/2)))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx} \right) - \frac{a}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} cx}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*b*(log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(  
(3/2) + 2/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d*x)) - a/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*c*x)`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 108 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx = \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d} \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{\left(bc\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) + bc\sqrt{-d} - a\sqrt{-dd}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c\sqrt{-dd}^{3/2}} + \frac{bc - ad}{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
b*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/(sqrt(-d)*d*sgn(x)) - (b*c*sqrt(d)*arctan(sqrt(d)/sqrt(-d)) + b*c*sqrt(-d) - a*sqrt(-d)*d)*sgn(x)/(c*sqrt(-d)*d^(3/2)) + (b*c - a*d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*c*d*sgn(x))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx = \frac{b}{dx \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{a}{cx \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{b \ln\left(\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{d}}{x}\right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x^2)/(x^2*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
b/(d*x*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)) - a/(c*x*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2)) - (b*log((c + d/x^2)^(1/2) + d^(1/2)/x))/d^(3/2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2 + \sqrt{cx^2+d}bcd + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{cx} - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)bc^2x^2 + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)cd^2}{cd^2(cx^2)}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**2 + sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c*d - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*x**2 - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c*d)/(c*d**2*(c*x**2 + d))
```



**3.192** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1620
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1620
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1621
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1623
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1623
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1624
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1625
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1625
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1626
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1626

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx = -\frac{bc - ad}{d^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2d^2 x} + \frac{(3bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}}$$

output `-(-a*d+b*c)/d^2/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x-1/2*b*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x+1/2*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(5/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}(2adx^2 - b(d + 3cx^2)) + (3bc - 2ad)x^2\sqrt{d + cx^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4), x]`

output

$$\left(\sqrt{d} \cdot (2adx^2 - b(d + 3cx^2)) + (3bc - 2ad)x^2 \sqrt{d + cx^2}\right) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{d + cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right] / (2d^{5/2} \sqrt{c + d/x^2} x^3)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {959, 858, 252, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^4 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx}{2d} - \frac{b}{2dx^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 858

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2d} - \frac{b}{2dx^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 252

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{d} - \frac{1}{dx \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{2d} - \frac{b}{2dx^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x}}{d} - \frac{1}{dx \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{2d} - \frac{b}{2dx^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{dx\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{b}{2dx^3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^4), x]`

output `-1/2*b/(d*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^3) + ((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*(-1/(d*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)]/d^(3/2))/(2*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 252 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^2*(m - 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 858 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 959

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{b(cx^2+d)}{2d^2x^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{bc}{\sqrt{cx^2+d}} + d(2ad-3cb)\left(\frac{1}{d\sqrt{cx^2+d}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)\right)\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{2d^2\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x}$	127
default	$\frac{(cx^2+d)\left(2d^{\frac{5}{2}}ax^2 - 3d^{\frac{3}{2}}bcx^2 - 2\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2x^2 + 3\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcdx^2 - d^{\frac{5}{2}}b\right)}{2\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^5d^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	132

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2/d^2*b*(c*x^2+d)/x^3/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)+1/2/d^2*(b*c/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)+d*(2*a*d-3*b*c)*(1/d/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/d^(3/2)*ln((2*d+2*d^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x)))/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx = \left[ \frac{((3bc^2 - 2acd)x^3 + (3bcd - 2ad^2)x)\sqrt{d} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + 2d}{x^2}\right) + 2(bd^2 + ((3bc^2 - 2acd)x^3 + (3bcd - 2ad^2)x)\sqrt{-d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-dx}\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{d}\right) + (bd^2 + (3bcd - 2ad^2)x^2)\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{4(cd^3x^3 + d^4x)} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*(((3*b*c^2 - 2*a*c*d)*x^3 + (3*b*c*d - 2*a*d^2)*x)*sqrt(d)*log(-(c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2) + 2*(b*d^2 + (3*b*c*d - 2*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(c*d^3*x^3 + d^4*x), -1/2*(((3*b*c^2 - 2*a*c*d)*x^3 + (3*b*c*d - 2*a*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/d) + (b*d^2 + (3*b*c*d - 2*a*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(c*d^3*x^3 + d^4*x)]`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 9.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx = a \left( \frac{cd^2 x^2 \log\left(\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{2cd^{7/2} x^2 + 2d^{9/2}} - \frac{2cd^2 x^2 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1} + 1\right)}{2cd^{7/2} x^2 + 2d^{9/2}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2d^3 \sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1}}{2cd^{7/2} x^2 + 2d^{9/2}} + \frac{d^3 \log\left(\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{2cd^{7/2} x^2 + 2d^{9/2}} - \frac{2d^3 \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{cx^2}{d} + 1} + 1\right)}{2cd^{7/2} x^2 + 2d^{9/2}} \right) \\ + b \left( -\frac{3\sqrt{c}}{2d^2 x \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{3c \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{cd} x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**4,x)`

output `a*(c*d**2*x**2*log(c*x**2/d)/(2*c*d**(7/2)*x**2 + 2*d**(9/2)) - 2*c*d**2*x**2*log(sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1) + 1)/(2*c*d**(7/2)*x**2 + 2*d**(9/2)) + 2*d**3*sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1)/(2*c*d**(7/2)*x**2 + 2*d**(9/2)) + d**3*log(c*x**2/d)/(2*c*d**(7/2)*x**2 + 2*d**(9/2)) - 2*d**3*log(sqrt(c*x**2/d + 1) + 1)/(2*c*d**(7/2)*x**2 + 2*d**(9/2))) + b*(-3*sqrt(c)/(2*d**2*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + 3*c*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(2*d**(5/2)) - 1/(2*sqrt(c)*d*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 162 vs.  $2(75) = 150$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} b \left( \frac{2 \left(3 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right) c x^2 - 2 c d\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} d^2 x^3 - \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^3 x} + \frac{3 c \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} a \left( \frac{\log \left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*b*(2*(3*(c + d/x^2)*c*x^2 - 2*c*d)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^2*x^3 - sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^3*x) + 3*c*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(5/2)) + 1/2*a*(log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(3/2) + 2/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d*x))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx = -\frac{(3bc - 2ad) \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

$$-\frac{3(cx^2+d)bc - 2(cx^2+d)ad - 2bcd + 2ad^2}{2\left((cx^2+d)^{3/2} - \sqrt{cx^2+dd}\right)d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-1/2*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*\arctan(\sqrt{c*x^2 + d}/\sqrt{-d})/(\sqrt{-d}*d^2*\operatorname{sgn}(x)) - 1/2*(3*(c*x^2 + d)*b*c - 2*(c*x^2 + d)*a*d - 2*b*c*d + 2*a*d^2)/(((c*x^2 + d)^{(3/2)} - \sqrt{c*x^2 + d})*d^2*\operatorname{sgn}(x))$$
**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx = \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^4 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}\left(\frac{a + b/x^2}{(x^4*(c + d/x^2)^{(3/2))}, x\right)$$

output

$$\operatorname{int}\left(\frac{a + b/x^2}{(x^4*(c + d/x^2)^{(3/2))}, x\right)$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{cx^2 + d} a d^2 x^2 - 3\sqrt{cx^2 + d} b c d x^2 - \sqrt{cx^2 + d} b d^2 + 2\sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d} + \sqrt{cx - \sqrt{d}}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^4}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}\left(\frac{a+b/x^2}{(c+d/x^2)^{(3/2)}/x^4}, x\right)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d})*a*d**2*x**2 - 3*\sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*b*c*d*x**2 - \sqrt{c*x**2 + d}*b*d**2 + 2*\sqrt{d}*\log((\sqrt{c*x**2 + d} + \sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{d})/\sqrt{d})*a*c*d*x**4 + 2*\sqrt{d}*\log((\sqrt{c*x**2 + d} + \sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{d})/\sqrt{d})*a*d**2*x**2 - 3*\sqrt{d}*\log((\sqrt{c*x**2 + d} + \sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{d})/\sqrt{d})*b*c**2*x**4 - 3*\sqrt{d}*\log((\sqrt{c*x**2 + d} + \sqrt{c}*x - \sqrt{d})/\sqrt{d})*b*c*d*x**2 - 2*\sqrt{d}*\log((\sqrt{c*x**2 + d} + \sqrt{c}*x + \sqrt{d})/\sqrt{d})*a*c*d*x**4 - 2*\sqrt{d}*\log((\sqrt{c*x**2 + d} + \sqrt{c}*x + \sqrt{d})/\sqrt{d})*a*d**2*x**2 + 3*\sqrt{d}*\log((\sqrt{c*x**2 + d} + \sqrt{c}*x + \sqrt{d})/\sqrt{d})*b*c**2*x**4 + 3*\sqrt{d}*\log((\sqrt{c*x**2 + d} + \sqrt{c}*x + \sqrt{d})/\sqrt{d})*b*c*d*x**2)/(2*d**3*x**2*(c*x**2 + d)) \end{aligned}$$

**3.193** 
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx$$

Optimal result	1627
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1628
Rubi [A] (verified)	1628
Maple [A] (verified)	1631
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1631
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1632
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1632
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1633
Mupad [F(-1)]	1634
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1634

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4d^2x^3} + \frac{c(bc - ad)}{d^3\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x} + \frac{(7bc - 4ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{8d^3x} - \frac{3c(5bc - 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}\right)}{8d^{7/2}}$$

output

$$-1/4*b*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^2/x^3+c*(-a*d+b*c)/d^3/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/8*(-4*a*d+7*b*c)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/d^3/x-3/8*c*(-4*a*d+5*b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/d^(7/2)$$



### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d}(-4adx^2(d + 3cx^2) + b(-2d^2 + 5cdx^2 + 15c^2x^4)) - 3c(5bc - 4ad)x^4\sqrt{d + cx^2}}{8d^{7/2}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^6), x]`

output `(Sqrt[d]*(-4*a*d*x^2*(d + 3*c*x^2) + b*(-2*d^2 + 5*c*d*x^2 + 15*c^2*x^4)) - 3*c*(5*b*c - 4*a*d)*x^4*Sqrt[d + c*x^2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[d + c*x^2]/Sqrt[d]])/(8*d^(7/2)*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x^5)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {959, 858, 252, 262, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^6 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & -\frac{(5bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx}{4d} - \frac{b}{4dx^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\ & -\frac{(5bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^4} d\frac{1}{x}}{4d} - \frac{b}{4dx^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(5bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{d} - \frac{1}{dx^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{4d} - \frac{b}{4dx^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 262 \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d\frac{1}{x}}}{2d} \right)}{d} - \frac{1}{dx^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{4d} - \frac{b}{4dx^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x}}{2d} \right)}{d} - \frac{1}{dx^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{4d} - \frac{b}{4dx^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 4ad) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{2dx} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{2d^{3/2}} \right)}{d} - \frac{1}{dx^3 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{4d} - \frac{b}{4dx^5 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*x^6), x]`

output

$$-1/4*b/(d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x^5) + ((5*b*c - 4*a*d)*(-1/(d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x^3)) + (3*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]/(2*d*x) - (c*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[d]/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x)])/(2*d^{(3/2)})))/d)/(4*d)$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 252

$$\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*b*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c^2*((m-1)/(2*b*(p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$$

rule 262

$$\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{(m-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$$

rule 858

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m+2)}, x], x, 1/x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 959

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^(p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(cx^2+d)(4adx^2-7bcx^2+2bd)}{8d^3x^5\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}} - \frac{c\left(-\frac{4ad-7cb}{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}+3d(4ad-5cb)\left(\frac{1}{d\sqrt{cx^2+d}}-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)\right)}{8d^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}x}\sqrt{cx^2+d}$
default	$-\frac{(cx^2+d)\left(12d^{\frac{5}{2}}acx^4-15d^{\frac{3}{2}}bc^2x^4-12\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x^4+15\ln\left(\frac{2d+2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{x}\right)\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2dx^4+4d^{\frac{7}{2}}\right)}{8\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^7d^{\frac{9}{2}}}$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*(c*x^2+d)*(4*a*d*x^2-7*b*c*x^2+2*b*d)/d^3/x^5/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)-1/8*c/d^3*(-(4*a*d-7*b*c)/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)+3*d*(4*a*d-5*b*c)*(1/d/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)-1/d^(3/2)*ln((2*d+2*d^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2))/x)))/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx = \left[ -\frac{3((5bc^3 - 4ac^2d)x^5 + (5bc^2d - 4acd^2)x^3)\sqrt{d} \log\left(-\frac{cx^2+2\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}+2d}}{x^2}\right) - 2}{16(cd^4x^5 + d^5x^3)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/16*(3*((5*b*c^3 - 4*a*c^2*d)*x^5 + (5*b*c^2*d - 4*a*c*d^2)*x^3)*sqrt(d)
)*log(-(c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) + 2*d)/x^2) - 2*(3*(5*b*
c^2*d - 4*a*c*d^2)*x^4 - 2*b*d^3 + (5*b*c*d^2 - 4*a*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2
+ d)/x^2))/(c*d^4*x^5 + d^5*x^3), 1/8*(3*((5*b*c^3 - 4*a*c^2*d)*x^5 + (5*b
*c^2*d - 4*a*c*d^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-d)*arctan(sqrt(-d)*x*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/
d) + (3*(5*b*c^2*d - 4*a*c*d^2)*x^4 - 2*b*d^3 + (5*b*c*d^2 - 4*a*d^3)*x^2)
*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(c*d^4*x^5 + d^5*x^3)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx = a \left( -\frac{3\sqrt{c}}{2d^2 x \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{3c \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{cd} x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} \right) + b \left( \frac{15c^{3/2}}{8d^3 x \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} + \frac{5\sqrt{c}}{8d^2 x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} - \frac{15c^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)}{8d^{7/2}} - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{cd} x^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}}} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2)/x**6,x)
```

output

```
a*(-3*sqrt(c)/(2*d**2*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + 3*c*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)
*x))/(2*d**(5/2)) - 1/(2*sqrt(c)*d*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2)))) + b*(15*c**
(3/2)/(8*d**3*x*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))) + 5*sqrt(c)/(8*d**2*x**3*sqrt(1 + d/
(c*x**2))) - 15*c**2*asinh(sqrt(d)/(sqrt(c)*x))/(8*d**(7/2)) - 1/(4*sqrt(c)
)*d*x**5*sqrt(1 + d/(c*x**2))))
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx = \frac{1}{16} b \left( \frac{2 \left(15 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^2 c^2 x^4 - 25 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right) c^2 d x^2 + 8 c^2 d^2\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{5/2} d^3 x^5 - 2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} d^4 x^3 + \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^5 x} + \frac{15 c^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{4} a \left( \frac{2 \left(3 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right) c x^2 - 2 c d\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} d^2 x^3 - \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} d^3 x} + \frac{3 c \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x - \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x + \sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*b*(2*(15*(c + d/x^2)^2*c^2*x^4 - 25*(c + d/x^2)*c^2*d*x^2 + 8*c^2*d^2)/((c + d/x^2)^(5/2)*d^3*x^5 - 2*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^4*x^3 + sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^5*x) + 15*c^2*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(7/2)) - 1/4*a*(2*(3*(c + d/x^2)*c*x^2 - 2*c*d)/((c + d/x^2)^(3/2)*d^2*x^3 - sqrt(c + d/x^2)*d^3*x) + 3*c*log((sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x - sqrt(d))/(sqrt(c + d/x^2)*x + sqrt(d)))/d^(5/2))`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx = \frac{3(5bc^2 - 4acd) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-d}d^3\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{bc^2 - acd}{\sqrt{cx^2 + dd^3}\operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{7(cx^2 + d)^{3/2}bc^2 - 4(cx^2 + d)^{3/2}acd - 9\sqrt{cx^2 + d}bc^2d + 4\sqrt{cx^2 + d}acd^2}{8c^2d^3x^4\operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*(5*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(-d))/(sqrt(-d)*d^3*sgn(x)) + (b*c^2 - a*c*d)/(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*d^3*sgn(x)) + 1/8*(7*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*b*c^2 - 4*(c*x^2 + d)^(3/2)*a*c*d - 9*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*b*c^2*d + 4*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*a*c*d^2)/(c^2*d^3*x^4*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx = \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{x^6 \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(x^6*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)),x)`output `int((a + b/x^2)/(x^6*(c + d/x^2)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^6} dx = \frac{-12\sqrt{cx^2+d}acd^2x^4 - 4\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^3x^2 + 15\sqrt{cx^2+d}bc^2dx^4 + 5\sqrt{cx^2+d}bcd}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2} x^6}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2)/x^6,x)`output `( - 12*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*c*d**2*x**4 - 4*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*a*d**3*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c**2*d*x**4 + 5*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*b*d**3 - 12*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c**2*d*x**6 - 12*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**2*x**4 + 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**3*x**6 + 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*d*x**4 + 12*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c**2*d*x**6 + 12*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*a*c*d**2*x**4 - 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**3*x**6 - 15*sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d))/sqrt(d))*b*c**2*d*x**4)/(8*d**4*x**4*(c*x**2 + d))`

### 3.194 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx$

Optimal result	1635
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1635
Rubi [A] (verified)	1636
Maple [F]	1637
Fricas [F]	1638
Sympy [F(-1)]	1638
Maxima [F]	1638
Giac [F]	1639
Mupad [F(-1)]	1639
Reduce [F]	1639

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx = \frac{1}{5} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} x^5 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -p, -q, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)$$

output `1/5*(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^5*AppellF1(-5/2,-p,-q,-3/2,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^5 \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{7}{2} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{-5 + 2p + 2q}$$



input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^4,x]`

output  $-\left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^5 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{5}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{7}{2} - p - q, -\left(\frac{a x^2}{b}\right), -\left(\frac{c x^2}{d}\right)\right] / \left(-5 + 2p + 2q\right) \left(1 + \frac{a x^2}{b}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{c x^2}{d}\right)^q\right)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {997, 395, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 997 \\ & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^6 d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 395 \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^6 d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 395 \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^q x^6 d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 394 \\ & \frac{1}{5} x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -p, -q, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^4,x]`

output  $((a + b/x^2)^p (c + d/x^2)^q x^5 \text{AppellF1}[-5/2, -p, -q, -3/2, -(b/(a*x^2)), -(d/(c*x^2))]) / (5*(1 + b/(a*x^2))^p (1 + d/(c*x^2))^q)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394  $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m (a + b \cdot x^2)^p (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p c^q (e \cdot x)^{m+1} / (e^{m+1}) \text{AppellF1}[(m+1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m+1)/2, (-b)(x^2/a), (-d)(x^2/c)], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]) \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[q] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 395  $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m (a + b \cdot x^2)^p (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} (a + b \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m (1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^p (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 997  $\text{Int}[x^m (a + b \cdot x^n)^p (c + d \cdot x^n)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p (c + d/x^n)^q / x^{m+2}], x], x, 1/x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx$$

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2)^p (c+d/x^2)^q x^4, x)$

output  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2)^p (c+d/x^2)^q x^4, x)$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^4*((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q*x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx = \int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x)`

output `int(x^4*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^4,x)`

output

```

(3*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a**2*c**2*x**5 + 2*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x
**2 + b)**p*a**2*c*d*q*x**3 + 4*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a**2*d**2*
q**2*x - 6*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a**2*d**2*q*x + 2*(c*x**2 + d)*
*q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*b*c**2*p*x**3 + 8*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*b
*c*d*p*q*x + 4*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b**2*c**2*p**2*x - 6*(c*x**
2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b**2*c**2*p*x + 8*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 +
d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*
x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a**3*d**3*q**3 - 1
6*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)
)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p +
2*q)*b*d),x)*a**3*d**3*q**2 + 6*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x*
*2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(
2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a**3*d**3*q + 24*x**(2*p + 2*
q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x
**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*
a**2*b*c*d**2*p*q**2 - 16*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)
**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2
*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*p*q + 24*x**(2*p + 2*q)
)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x*
*(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x...

```

### 3.195 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx$

Optimal result	1641
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1641
Rubi [A] (verified)	1642
Maple [F]	1643
Fricas [F]	1644
Sympy [F(-1)]	1644
Maxima [F]	1644
Giac [F]	1645
Mupad [F(-1)]	1645
Reduce [F]	1645

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -p, -q, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)$$

output `1/3*(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^3*AppellF1(-3/2,-p,-q,-1/2,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{5}{2} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{-3 + 2p + 2q}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^2,x]`

output 
$$-\left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{5}{2} - p - q, -\left(\frac{a x^2}{b}\right), -\left(\frac{c x^2}{d}\right)\right] / \left((-3 + 2p + 2q) \left(1 + \frac{a x^2}{b}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{c x^2}{d}\right)^q\right)\right)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {997, 395, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 997 \\ & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 395 \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 395 \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^q x^4 d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 394 \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -p, -q, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^2,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a + b/x^2)^p (c + d/x^2)^q x^3 \text{AppellF1}[-3/2, -p, -q, -1/2, -(b/(a*x^2)), -(d/(c*x^2))])}{3*(1 + b/(a*x^2))^p*(1 + d/(c*x^2))^q}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394 
$$\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m (a + b \cdot x^2)^p (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p c^q (e \cdot x)^{m+1} / (e^{m+1}) \text{AppellF1}[(m+1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m+1)/2, (-b) \cdot (x^2/a), (-d) \cdot (x^2/c)], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

rule 395 
$$\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m (a + b \cdot x^2)^p (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} (a + b \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m (1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^p (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 997 
$$\text{Int}[x^m (a + b \cdot x^n)^p (c + d \cdot x^n)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p (c + d/x^n)^q / x^{m+2}], x, x, 1/x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]

### Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx$$

input 
$$\text{int}((a+b/x^2)^p (c+d/x^2)^q x^2, x)$$

output 
$$\text{int}((a+b/x^2)^p (c+d/x^2)^q x^2, x)$$



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2*((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q*x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx = \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^2,x)`

output

```

((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*c*x**3 + 2*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)
**p*a*d*q*x + 2*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*c*p*x + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)
*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**
(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a
**2*d**2*q**2 - 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)
/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x
**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a**2*d**2*q + 8*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 +
d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d
*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a*b*c*d*p*q + 4*x
**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a
*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*
q)*b*d),x)*b**2*c**2*p**2 - 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2
+ b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p
+ 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b**2*c**2*p + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*i
nt(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p +
2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a*b*d**2*
p*q + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*
q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p
+ 2*q)*b*d),x)*a*b*d**2*q**2 - 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x*
**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*...

```

### 3.196 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$

Optimal result	1647
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1647
Rubi [A] (verified)	1648
Maple [F]	1649
Fricas [F]	1649
Sympy [F(-1)]	1650
Maxima [F]	1650
Giac [F]	1650
Mupad [F(-1)]	1651
Reduce [F]	1651

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)$$

output

$(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x*\operatorname{AppellF1}(-1/2,-p,-q,1/2,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{3}{2} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{-1 + 2p + 2q}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x]`

output

$$-\left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{3}{2} - p - q, -\left(\frac{a x^2}{b}\right), -\left(\frac{c x^2}{d}\right)\right] / \left((-1 + 2p + 2q) \left(1 + \frac{a x^2}{b}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{c x^2}{d}\right)^q\right)\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {899, 395, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^q x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{394} \\ & x \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}\left[\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q, x\right]$$

output

$$\left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \text{AppellF1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a x^2}, -\frac{d}{c x^2}\right] / \left((1 + \frac{b}{a x^2})^p \left(1 + \frac{d}{c x^2}\right)^q\right)\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*(c + d/x^n)^q/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q,x)`

output `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q,x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x)`output `int((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

$$= \frac{(cx^2 + d)^q (ax^2 + b)^p x + 2x^{2p+2q} \left( \int \frac{(cx^2 + d)^q (ax^2 + b)^p x^2}{x^{2p+2q} ac x^4 + x^{2p+2q} ad x^2 + x^{2p+2q} bc x^2 + x^{2p+2q} bd} dx \right) adq + 2x^{2p+2q} \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{2p+2q} ac} dx \right) adq + 2x^{2p+2q} \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{2p+2q} bc} dx \right) bcq + 2x^{2p+2q} \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{2p+2q} bd} dx \right) bdq$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q,x)`

output

```
((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a*d*q + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b*c*p + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b*d*p + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b*d*q/x**(2*p + 2*q)
```



**3.197**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1652
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1652
Rubi [A] (verified)	1653
Maple [F]	1654
Fricas [F]	1654
Sympy [F(-1)]	1655
Maxima [F]	1655
Giac [F]	1655
Mupad [F(-1)]	1656
Reduce [F]	1656

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx = - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{x}$$

output `-(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*AppellF1(1/2,-p,-q,3/2,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)/x`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx = - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{1}{2} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{(1 + 2p + 2q)x}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^2,x]`

output

$$-\left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \text{AppellF1}\left[-\frac{1}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{1}{2} - p - q, -\left(\frac{a x^2}{b}\right), -\left(\frac{c x^2}{d}\right)\right] / \left(\left(1 + 2p + 2q\right) x \left(1 + \frac{a x^2}{b}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{c x^2}{d}\right)^q\right)\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {997, 334, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{997} \\ & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^q d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\ & - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}\left[\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q / x^2, x\right]$$

output

$$-\left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a x^2}, -\frac{d}{c x^2}\right] / \left(\left(1 + \frac{b}{a x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{d}{c x^2}\right)^q x\right)\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 997 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*(c + d/x^n)^q/x^(m + 2)], x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q/x^2, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q/x**2,x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x^2, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^2,x)`output `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*d - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*
b*c + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(2*x**(2
*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*x**4 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q
)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*
c**2*p*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x*
*2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*x
**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2
*c**2*p*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p
+ x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d),x)*a**3*c*d**2*q**2*x + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((
(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 +
x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*x**4 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 + x**(2*p
+ 2*q)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)
*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*
d*q*x**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q + x
**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q
)*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d),
x)*a**3*c*d**2*q*x + 8*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p
*x**2)/(2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*x**4 +
2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*x**(
2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 2*x**(2*p + ...
```

**3.198**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1658
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1658
Rubi [A] (verified)	1659
Maple [F]	1660
Fricas [F]	1661
Sympy [F(-1)]	1661
Maxima [F]	1661
Giac [F]	1662
Mupad [F(-1)]	1662
Reduce [F]	1662

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{3x^3}$$

output `-1/3*(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*AppellF1(3/2,-p,-q,5/2,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)/x^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, -\frac{1}{2} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{(3 + 2p + 2q)x^3}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^4,x]`

output

$$-\left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \text{AppellF1}\left[-\frac{3}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, -\frac{1}{2} - p - q, -\left(\frac{a x^2}{b}\right), -\left(\frac{c x^2}{d}\right)\right]\right) / \left(\left(3 + 2p + 2q\right) x^3 \left(1 + \frac{a x^2}{b}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{c x^2}{d}\right)^q\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {997, 395, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{997} \\ & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^2} d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^q}{x^2} d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{394} \\ & - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{3x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}\left[\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q / x^4, x\right]$$

output

$$-1/3 * \left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right], -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right) / \left(\left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^q x^3\right)$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 997 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^(m + 2)), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^4,x)`

output `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^4,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q/x^4, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^4,x)`

output `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^4,x)`

output

```
( - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p + 8*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**
q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*p*q*x**6 + 6*x**(2*p + 2*q)*
a**2*c*d*p*x**6 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q**2*x**6 + 12*x**(2*p + 2*q)*
a**2*c*d*q*x**6 + 9*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*x**6 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d
**2*p*q*x**4 + 6*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*p*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d
**2*q**2*x**4 + 12*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**4 + 9*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2
*d**2*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p**2*x**6 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*
*2*p*q*x**6 + 12*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**6 + 6*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**
2*q*x**6 + 9*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*x**6 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p**2*
x**4 + 8*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*q*x**4 + 18*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**
4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q**2*x**4 + 18*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**4
+ 18*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*p*q*x**2 + 6*
x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*p*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q**2*x**2 + 12*
x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q*x**2 + 9*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*
p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p**2*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*q*x**4 + 12*x*
*(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**4 + 6*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*q*x**4 + 9*x**((
2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*
p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p*q*x**2 + 12*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p*x**2 + 6*x**(2*p
+ 2*q)*b**2*c*d*q*x**2 + 9*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*x**2), x)*a**2*d**2*p**
2*q*x**3 + 12*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(4*x...
```

### 3.199 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx$

Optimal result	1664
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1664
Rubi [A] (verified)	1665
Maple [F]	1666
Fricas [F]	1667
Sympy [F(-1)]	1667
Maxima [F]	1667
Giac [F]	1668
Mupad [F(-1)]	1668
Reduce [F]	1668

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx = \frac{b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{1+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + p, 3, -q, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)}{2a^3(1 + p)}$$

output

```
1/2*b^2*(a+b/x^2)^(p+1)*(c+d/x^2)^q*AppellF1(p+1,-q,3,2+p,-d*(a+b/x^2)/(-a*d+b*c),1+b/a/x^2)/a^3/(p+1)/((b*(c+d/x^2)/(-a*d+b*c))^q)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^4 \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(2 - p - q, -p, -q, 3 - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{2(-2 + p + q)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/2*((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^4*AppellF1[2 - p - q, -p, -q, 3 - p - q, -(a*x^2)/b, -(c*x^2)/d])/((-2 + p + q)*(1 + (a*x^2)/b)^p*(1 + (c*x^2)/d)^q)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 154, 153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 948 \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^6 d \frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 154 \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{bc}{bc - ad} + \frac{bd}{(bc - ad)x^2}\right)^q x^6 d \frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 153 \\ & \frac{b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{p+1} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -q, 3, p + 2, -\frac{d(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{bc - ad}, \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{a}\right)}{2a^3(p + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^3,x]$$

output

$$(b^2*(a + b/x^2)^{(1 + p)}*(c + d/x^2)^q*AppellF1[1 + p, -q, 3, 2 + p, -(d*(a + b/x^2))/(b*c - a*d)], (a + b/x^2)/a]/(2*a^3*(1 + p)*((b*(c + d/x^2))/(b*c - a*d))^q)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 153

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)^p*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(p + 1)*(m + 1)*Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c
- a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(
b*c - a*d)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x,
a + b*x])
```

rule 154

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^IntPart[n]
*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c
- a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && !G
tQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^3*((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q*x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^3, x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x^3,x)`

output

```

((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*c*x**4 + (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**
p*a*d*q*x**2 + (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*c*p*x**2 - (c*x**2 + d)**
q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*d*p - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*d*q + (c*x**2
+ d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*d + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**
2 + b)**p*x**3)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2
*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a**2*d**2*q**2 - 2*x**(2*p + 2
*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 +
x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)
*a**2*d**2*q + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)
/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x
**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a*b*c*d*p*q + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 +
d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d
*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b**2*c**2*p**2 -
2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)
)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p +
2*q)*b*d),x)*b**2*c**2*p - 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2
+ b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*
q)*b*c*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d*x),x)*b**2*d**2*p**2 - 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*i
nt(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**5 + x**(2*p +
2*q)*a*d*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d*x),x)*b**2...

```

### 3.200 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx$

Optimal result	1670
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1670
Rubi [A] (verified)	1671
Maple [F]	1672
Fricas [F]	1673
Sympy [F(-1)]	1673
Maxima [F]	1673
Giac [F]	1674
Mupad [F(-1)]	1674
Reduce [F]	1674

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx = \frac{b\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{1+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + p, 2, -q, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)}{2a^2(1 + p)}$$

output

$$-1/2*b*(a+b/x^2)^(p+1)*(c+d/x^2)^q*AppellF1(p+1,-q,2,2+p,-d*(a+b/x^2)/(-a*d+b*c),1+b/a/x^2)/a^2/(p+1)/((b*(c+d/x^2)/(-a*d+b*c))^q)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - p - q, -p, -q, 2 - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{2(-1 + p + q)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x,x]$$

output

$$-1/2*((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x^2*AppellF1[1 - p - q, -p, -q, 2 - p - q, -(a*x^2)/b, -(c*x^2)/d])/((-1 + p + q)*(1 + (a*x^2)/b)^p*(1 + (c*x^2)/d)^q)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {948, 154, 153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right)^p \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 948 \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right)^p \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^q x^4 d \frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 154 \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^q \left( \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}{bc - ad} \right)^{-q} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right)^p \left( \frac{bc}{bc - ad} + \frac{bd}{(bc - ad)x^2} \right)^q x^4 d \frac{1}{x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 153 \\ & \frac{b \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right)^{p+1} \left( c + \frac{d}{x^2} \right)^q \left( \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}{bc - ad} \right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1} \left( p + 1, -q, 2, p + 2, -\frac{d(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{bc - ad}, \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{a} \right)}{2a^2(p + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x,x]$$

output

$$-1/2*(b*(a + b/x^2)^(1 + p)*(c + d/x^2)^q*AppellF1[1 + p, -q, 2, 2 + p, -(d*(a + b/x^2))/(b*c - a*d)], (a + b/x^2)/a]/(a^2*(1 + p)*((b*(c + d/x^2))/(b*c - a*d))^q)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 153

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)^p*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(p + 1)*(m + 1)*Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c
- a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(
b*c - a*d)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x,
a + b*x])
```

rule 154

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^IntPart[n]
*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c
- a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && !G
tQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x*((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q*x,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x)`

output `int(x*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x,x)`

output

```

((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*d*q*x**2 + (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)
**p*b*c*p*x**2 - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*d*p - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(
a*x**2 + b)**p*b*d*q + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)*
*p*x**3)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2
+ x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + x**(2*
p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*
c**2*p*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p),x)*a**3*d**3*q**3 + 6*x**(2*p + 2
*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*
x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 +
x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 + x**(2*p +
2*q)*a*b*d**2*q + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*
d*p),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*p*q**2 + 6*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x*
*2 + b)**p*x**3)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**
2*q*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**2
+ x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q + x**(2*p + 2*
q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d*p**2*q +
2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(x**(2*p + 2*
q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*
c**2*p*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**
2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 + x**(2...

```



**3.201** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1676
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1676
Rubi [A] (verified)	1677
Maple [F]	1678
Fricas [F]	1679
Sympy [F(-1)]	1679
Maxima [F]	1679
Giac [F]	1680
Mupad [F(-1)]	1680
Reduce [F]	1680

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{1+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + p, 1, -q, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)}{2a(1 + p)}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2} * \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{p+1} * \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q * \text{AppellF1}\left(p+1, -q, 1, 2+p, -\frac{d * \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{-a*d + b*c}, 1 + \frac{b}{a*x^2}\right) / a / (p+1) / \left(\frac{b * \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{-a*d + b*c}\right)^q$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(-p - q, -p, -q, 1 - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{2(p + q)}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x,x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*AppellF1[-p - q, -p, -q, 1 - p - q, -(a*x^2)/b], -((c*x^2)/d)]/((p + q)*(1 + (a*x^2)/b)^p*(1 + (c*x^2)/d)^q)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 154, 153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 154$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{bc}{bc - ad} + \frac{bd}{(bc - ad)x^2}\right)^q x^2 d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 153$$

$$\frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^{p+1} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q \left(\frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -q, 1, p + 2, -\frac{d(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{bc - ad}, \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{a}\right)}{2a(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x,x]`

output `((a + b/x^2)^(1 + p)*(c + d/x^2)^q*AppellF1[1 + p, -q, 1, 2 + p, -((d*(a + b/x^2))/(b*c - a*d)), (a + b/x^2)/a]/(2*a*(1 + p)*((b*(c + d/x^2))/(b*c - a*d))^q)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 153

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)^p*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(p + 1)*(m + 1)*Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c
- a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(
b*c - a*d)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x,
a + b*x])
```

rule 154

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^IntPart[n]
*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c
- a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && !G
tQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q/x, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x,x)`

output `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x} dx = \int \frac{(cx^2 + d)^q (ax^2 + b)^p}{x^{2p+2q}x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x,x)`

output `int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*x),x)`

**3.202**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1681
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1681
Rubi [A] (verified)	1682
Maple [F]	1683
Fricas [F]	1684
Sympy [F(-1)]	1684
Maxima [F]	1684
Giac [F]	1685
Mupad [F(-1)]	1685
Reduce [F]	1685

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{1+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{1+q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2 + p + q, 2 + p, -\frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)}{2(bc - ad)(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b/x^2)^(p+1)*(c+d/x^2)^(1+q)*hypergeom([1, 2+p+q], [2+p], -d*(a+b/x^2)/(-a*d+b*c))/(-a*d+b*c)/(p+1)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} (d + cx^2) \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -1 - p - q, -p - q, \frac{d + cx^2}{d + cx^2}\right)}{2d(1 + p + q)x^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*(d + c*x^2)*(1 + (c*x^2)/d)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -1 - p - q, -p - q, ((b*c - a*d)*x^2)/(b*(d + c*x^2))]/(d*(1 + p + q)*x^2*(1 + (a*x^2)/b)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {946, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{946} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q d\frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{80} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{bc}{bc - ad} + \frac{bd}{(bc - ad)x^2}\right)^q d\frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{79} \\
 & \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{p+1} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p + 1, -q, p + 2, -\frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)}{2b(p + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^3,x]`

output

```
-1/2*((a + b/x^2)^(1 + p)*(c + d/x^2)^q*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + p, -q, 2 + p,
, -((d*(a + b/x^2))/(b*c - a*d))]/(b*(1 + p)*((b*(c + d/x^2))/(b*c - a*d)
)^q)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(((
a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1
, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m]
|| !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c
+ d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))
^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)
), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !Integ
erQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 946

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n
+ 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^3,x)
```



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^3,x)`

output `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*c*p*x**2 - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 +
b)**p*a*c*q*x**2 - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*d*q - (c*x**2 + d)**
q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*c*p + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 +
b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*p*q*x**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q**2*x*
*5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*p*q*x**3 +
x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q**2*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**3 + x**
(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p**2*x**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*q*x**5 + x**(2*
p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p**2*x**3 + 2*x**(2*p +
2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*q*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b
*c*d*q**2*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*p
*q*x + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q**2*x + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q*x + x**(
2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p**2*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*q*x**3 + x**(2
*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p**2*x + x**(2*p + 2*
q)*b**2*c*d*p*q*x + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p*x),x)*a**3*d**3*p**2*q**2*x*
*2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)
)*a**2*c*d*p*q*x**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q**2*x**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a
**2*c*d*q*x**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*p*q*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d
**2*q**2*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**3 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*
p**2*x**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*q*x**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x
**5 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p**2*x**3 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*q*x...
```

**3.203** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	1687
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1687
Rubi [A] (verified)	1688
Maple [F]	1690
Fricas [F]	1690
Sympy [F(-1)]	1690
Maxima [F]	1691
Giac [F]	1691
Mupad [F(-1)]	1691
Reduce [F]	1692

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{1+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{1+q}}{2bd(2+p+q)} + \frac{(bc(1+p) + ad(1+q)) \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{1+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{1+q} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2+p+q, 2+p, -\frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{bc-ad}\right)}{2bd(bc-ad)(1+p)(2+p+q)}$$

```
output -1/2*(a+b/x^2)^(p+1)*(c+d/x^2)^(1+q)/b/d/(2+p+q)+1/2*(b*c*(p+1)+a*d*(1+q))
*(a+b/x^2)^(p+1)*(c+d/x^2)^(1+q)*hypergeom([1, 2+p+q], [2+p], -d*(a+b/x^2)/(
-a*d+b*c))/b/d/(-a*d+b*c)/(p+1)/(2+p+q)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{1+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left( -b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right) + \frac{(bc(1+p)+ad(1+q)) \left(\frac{b(d+cx^2)}{(bc-ad)x^2}\right)^{-q} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1+p, -q, 2+p, -\frac{d(b+ax^2)}{(bc-ad)x^2}\right)}{1+p} \right)}{2b^2d(2+p+q)}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^5,x]`

output `((a + b/x^2)^(1 + p)*(c + d/x^2)^q*(-(b*(c + d/x^2)) + ((b*c*(1 + p) + a*d*(1 + q))*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + p, -q, 2 + p, -((d*(b + a*x^2))/((b*c - a*d)*x^2))])/((1 + p)*((b*(d + c*x^2))/((b*c - a*d)*x^2))^q)/(2*b^2*d*(2 + p + q))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 948 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{x^2} d\frac{1}{x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(ad(q+1) + bc(p+1)) \int (a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q d\frac{1}{x^2}}{bd(p+q+2)} - \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^{p+1} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{q+1}}{bd(p+q+2)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 80 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q (ad(q+1) + bc(p+1)) \left( \frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}{bc-ad} \right)^{-q} \int (a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p \left( \frac{bc}{bc-ad} + \frac{bd}{(bc-ad)x^2} \right)^q d\frac{1}{x^2}}{bd(p+q+2)} - \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^{p+1} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{q+1}}{bd(p+q+2)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 79
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^{p+1} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q (ad(q+1) + bc(p+1)) \left(\frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p+1, -q, p+2, -\frac{d(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{bc - ad}\right)}{b^2 d(p+1)(p+q+2)} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^5,x]`

output `(-(((a + b/x^2)^(1 + p)*(c + d/x^2)^(1 + q))/(b*d*(2 + p + q))) + ((b*c*(1 + p) + a*d*(1 + q))*(a + b/x^2)^(1 + p)*(c + d/x^2)^q*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + p, -q, 2 + p, -(d*(a + b/x^2))/(b*c - a*d)])/(b^2*d*(1 + p)*(2 + p + q)*((b*(c + d/x^2))/(b*c - a*d))^q)/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`

rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^5,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^5,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q/x^5, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q/x**5,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x^5, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^5,x)`

output `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^5, x)`



## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^5} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^5,x)`

output

```
((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a**2*c*d*p*x**4 - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a**2*d**2*p*q*x**2 + (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*b*c**2*q*x**4 - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*b*c*d*p**2*x**2 - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*b*c*d*q**2*x**2 - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*b*d**2*p*q - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*b*d**2*q**2 - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*b*d**2*q - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b**2*c**2*p*q*x**2 - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b**2*c*d*p**2 - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b**2*c*d*p*q - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b**2*c*d*p - 2*x***(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*p**2*q*x**5 + 2*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*p*q**2*x**5 + 3*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*p*q*x**5 + x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q**3*x**5 + 3*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q**2*x**5 + 2*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**5 + x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*p**2*q*x**3 + 2*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*p*q**2*x**3 + 3*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*p*q*x**3 + x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q**3*x**3 + 3*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**3 + 2*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**3 + x***(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p**3*x**5 + 2*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p**2*q*x**5 + 3*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p**2*x**5 + x***(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*q**2*x**5 + 3*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*q*x**5 + 2*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**5 + x***(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p**3*x**3 + 3*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p**2*q*x**3 + 3*x***(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p**2*x**3 + 6*...
```

**3.204**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1693
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1694
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1694
Maple [F]	1697
Fricas [F]	1697
Sympy [F(-1)]	1698
Maxima [F]	1698
Giac [F]	1698
Mupad [F(-1)]	1699
Reduce [F]	1699

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 230

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{(bc(2+p) + ad(4+p+2q)) \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{1+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{1+q}}{2b^2d^2(2+p+q)(3+p+q)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{2+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{1+q}}{2b^2d(3+p+q)}$$

$$- \frac{(b^2c^2(2+3p+p^2) + 2abcd(1+p)(1+q) + a^2d^2(2+3q+q^2)) \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{1+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{1+q} \text{Hypergeometric}}{2b^2d^2(bc-ad)(1+p)(2+p+q)(3+p+q)}$$

output

```
1/2*(b*c*(2+p)+a*d*(4+p+2*q))*(a+b/x^2)^(p+1)*(c+d/x^2)^(1+q)/b^2/d^2/(2+p
+q)/(3+p+q)-1/2*(a+b/x^2)^(2+p)*(c+d/x^2)^(1+q)/b^2/d/(3+p+q)-1/2*(b^2*c^2
*(p^2+3*p+2)+2*a*b*c*d*(p+1)*(1+q)+a^2*d^2*(q^2+3*q+2))*(a+b/x^2)^(p+1)*(c
+d/x^2)^(1+q)*hypergeom([1, 2+p+q], [2+p], -d*(a+b/x^2)/(-a*d+b*c))/b^2/d^2/
(-a*d+b*c)/(p+1)/(2+p+q)/(3+p+q)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 5.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^{1+p} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q \left( -\frac{d+cx^2}{x^4} + \frac{(bc(2+p)+ad(2+q))(d+cx^2)}{bd(2+p+q)x^2} - \frac{(b^2c^2(2+3p+p^2)+2abcd(1+p)(1+q)+a^2d^2(2+3q+q^2)) \left( \frac{b(d+cx^2)}{bc-d} \right)}{b^2d(1+p)} \right)}{2bd(3+p+q)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^7,x]
```

output

```
((a + b/x^2)^(1 + p)*(c + d/x^2)^q*(-((d + c*x^2)/x^4) + ((b*c*(2 + p) + a*d*(2 + q))*(d + c*x^2))/(b*d*(2 + p + q)*x^2) - ((b^2*c^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2) + 2*a*b*c*d*(1 + p)*(1 + q) + a^2*d^2*(2 + 3*q + q^2))*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + p, -q, 2 + p, -((d*(b + a*x^2))/(b*c - a*d)*x^2)]/(b^2*d*(1 + p)*(2 + p + q)*((b*(d + c*x^2))/(b*c - a*d)*x^2)^q))/(2*b*d*(3 + p + q))
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {948, 101, 25, 90, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{948}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{x^4} d \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{101}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\int -\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(ac + \frac{bc(p+2)+ad(q+2)}{x^2}\right) d\frac{1}{x^2}}{bd(p+q+3)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{p+1} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{q+1}}{bdx^2(p+q+3)} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(ac + \frac{bc(p+2)+ad(q+2)}{x^2}\right) d\frac{1}{x^2}}{bd(p+q+3)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{p+1} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{q+1}}{bdx^2(p+q+3)} \right)$$

↓ 90

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\left(ac - \frac{(ad(q+1)+bc(p+1))(ad(q+2)+bc(p+2))}{bd(p+q+2)}\right) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q d\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{p+1} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{q+1} (ad(q+2)+bc(p+2))}{bd(p+q+2)}}{bd(p+q+3)} - \dots \right)$$

↓ 80

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(ac - \frac{(ad(q+1)+bc(p+1))(ad(q+2)+bc(p+2))}{bd(p+q+2)}\right) \left(\frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{bc}{bc-ad} + \frac{bd}{(bc-ad)x^2}\right)^q d\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{p+1} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{q+1} (ad(q+2)+bc(p+2))}{bd(p+q+3)}}{bd(p+q+3)} - \dots \right)$$

↓ 79

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{p+1} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(ac - \frac{(ad(q+1)+bc(p+1))(ad(q+2)+bc(p+2))}{bd(p+q+2)}\right) \left(\frac{b\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p+1, -q, p+2, -\frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{bc-ad}\right)}{b(p+1)} + \dots}{bd(p+q+3)} - \dots \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^7,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -(((a + b/x^2)^{(1+p)}(c + d/x^2)^{(1+q)})/(b*d*(3+p+q)*x^2)) + (((b \\ & *c*(2+p) + a*d*(2+q))*(a + b/x^2)^{(1+p)}(c + d/x^2)^{(1+q)})/(b*d*(2 \\ & + p + q)) + ((a*c - ((b*c*(1+p) + a*d*(1+q))*(b*c*(2+p) + a*d*(2+ \\ & q)))/(b*d*(2+p+q)))*(a + b/x^2)^{(1+p)}(c + d/x^2)^q * \text{Hypergeometric2F} \\ & 1[1+p, -q, 2+p, -((d*(a + b/x^2))/(b*c - a*d))]/(b*(1+p)*((b*(c + d \\ & /x^2))/(b*c - a*d))^q)/(b*d*(3+p+q))/2 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 79

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[( \\ & (a + b*x)^{(m+1)}/(b*(m+1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-n, m+1 \\ & , m+2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, \text{x} \\ & \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \text{GtQ}[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] \&\& (\text{RationalQ}[m] \\ & \text{|| !}(\text{RationalQ}[n] \&\& \text{GtQ}[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0])) \end{aligned}$$

rule 80

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[(c \\ & + d*x)^{\text{FracPart}[n]}/(b/(b*c - a*d))^{\text{IntPart}[n]} * (b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d))) \\ & ^{\text{FracPart}[n]} \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m * \text{Simp}[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)) \\ & ], \text{x}]^n, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, \text{x} \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{!Integer} \\ & \text{Q}[n] \&\& (\text{RationalQ}[m] \text{|| !SimplerQ}[n+1, m+1]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 90

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^{(p \\ & _.)}, \text{x}_] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)}/(d*f*(n+p+2))), \\ & \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))]/(d*f*(n+p \\ & + 2)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, \\ & p\}, \text{x} \&\& \text{NeQ}[n+p+2, 0] \end{aligned}$$

rule 101 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 3))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(n + p + 3)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d*f*(n + p + 3) - b*(b*c*e + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(n + p + 4) - b*(d*e*(n + 2) + c*f*(p + 2)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 3, 0]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^7,x)`

output `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^7,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q/x^7, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q/x**7, x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^7, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x^7, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^7, x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/x^7, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^7,x)`output `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/x^7, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^7,x)`output `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/x^7,x)`



### 3.205 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1700
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1700
Rubi [A] (verified)	1701
Maple [F]	1702
Fricas [F]	1703
Sympy [F(-1)]	1703
Maxima [F]	1703
Giac [F]	1704
Mupad [F(-1)]	1704
Reduce [F]	1704

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} (ex)^{5/2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, -p, -q, -\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{5e}$$

output `2/5*(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(5/2)*AppellF1(-5/4,-p,-q,-1/4,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/e/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x (ex)^{3/2} \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{4} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{9}{4} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{-5 + 4p + 4q}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x*(e*x)^{(3/2)}*AppellF1[5/4 - p - q, -p, -q, 9/4 - p - q, -(a*x^2)/b], -(c*x^2)/d])}{((-5 + 4*p + 4*q)*(1 + (a*x^2)/b)^p*(1 + (c*x^2)/d)^q)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {998, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{998} \\ & \frac{2 \int e^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\ & \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int e^3 \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^3 d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\ & \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \int e^3 \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^q x^3 d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\ & \frac{2(ex)^{5/2} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, -p, -q, -\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{5e} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^{(3/2)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^{(5/2)}*AppellF1[-5/4, -p, -q, -1/4, -(b/(a*x^2)), -(d/(c*x^2))])}{(5*e*(1 + b/(a*x^2))^p*(1 + d/(c*x^2))^q)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 998

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[m]}, Simp[-g/e Subst[Int[(a + b/(e^n*x^(g*n)))^p*((c + d/(e^n*x^(g*n)))^q/x^(g*(m + 1) + 1)), x], x, 1/(e*x)^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && FractionQ[m]
```

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*(e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx = \int (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x)*e*x*((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q*(e*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx = \int (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx = \int (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx = \int (ex)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^{3/2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(e)*e*(4*sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*d*q*x**2 - sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*d*x**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*c*p*x**2 - sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*c*x**2 - 4*sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*d*p - 4*sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*d*q + 32*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 - 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p - x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d),x)*a**3*d**3*q**3 - 16*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 - 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p - x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d),x)*a**3*d**3*q**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2...
```

### 3.206 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx$

Optimal result	1706
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1706
Rubi [A] (verified)	1707
Maple [F]	1708
Fricas [F]	1709
Sympy [F(-1)]	1709
Maxima [F]	1709
Giac [F]	1710
Mupad [F(-1)]	1710
Reduce [F]	1710

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} (ex)^{3/2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, -p, -q, \frac{1}{4}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{3e}$$

output

```
2/3*(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(3/2)*AppellF1(-3/4,-p,-q,1/4,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/e/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x \sqrt{ex} \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{7}{4} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{-3 + 4p + 4q}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*Sqrt[e*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x*sqrt[e*x]*AppellF1[3/4 - p - q, -p, -q, 7/4 - p - q, -(a*x^2)/b, -(c*x^2)/d])/((-3 + 4*p + 4*q)*(1 + (a*x^2)/b)^p*(1 + (c*x^2)/d)^q}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {998, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{ex} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 998 \\ & \frac{2 \int e^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1013 \\ & \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int e^2 \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1013 \\ & \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \int e^2 \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^q x^2 d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1012 \\ & \frac{2(ex)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, -p, -q, \frac{1}{4}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{3e} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*sqrt[e*x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^{(3/2)}*AppellF1[-3/4, -p, -q, 1/4, -(b/(a*x^2)), -(d/(c*x^2))])/(3*e*(1 + b/(a*x^2))^p*(1 + d/(c*x^2))^q)}$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 998

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[m]}, Simp[-g/e Subst[Int[(a + b/(e^n*x^(g*n)))^p*((c + d/(e^n*x^(g*n)))^q/x^(g*(m + 1) + 1)), x], x, 1/(e*x)^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && FractionQ[m]
```

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{e} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx = \int \sqrt{ex} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x)*((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q*(e*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx = \int \sqrt{ex} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x)*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx = \int \sqrt{ex} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x)*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx = \int \sqrt{ex} \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \sqrt{ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{e} \left(\sqrt{x} (cx^2 + d)^q (ax^2 + b)^p x + 2x^{2p+2q} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} (cx^2 + d)^q (ax^2 + b)^p x^2}{x^{2p+2q} acx^4 + x^{2p+2q} adx^2 + x^{2p+2q} bcx^2 + x^{2p+2q} bd} dx\right) adq + 2x^{2p+2q}}{1}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(e)*(sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*i
nt((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4
 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d)
,x)*a*d*q + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*
x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*
b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b*c*p + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((sqrt(x)*(c
*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a
*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b*d*p + 2*x**(2
*p + 2*q)*int((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*
c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q
)*b*d),x)*b*d*q)/(3*x**(2*p + 2*q))
```

**3.207** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

Optimal result	1712
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1712
Rubi [A] (verified)	1713
Maple [F]	1714
Fricas [F]	1715
Sympy [F(-1)]	1715
Maxima [F]	1715
Giac [F]	1716
Mupad [F(-1)]	1716
Reduce [F]	1716

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} \sqrt{ex} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, -p, -q, \frac{3}{4}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{e}$$

output `2*(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/4,-p,-q,3/4,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/e/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{5}{4} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{(-1 + 4p + 4q)\sqrt{ex}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/Sqrt[e*x],x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x*AppellF1[1/4 - p - q, -p, -q, 5/4 - p - q, -(a*x^2)/b, -(c*x^2)/d])}{((-1 + 4*p + 4*q)*Sqrt[e*x]*(1 + (a*x^2)/b)^p*(1 + (c*x^2)/d)^q}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {998, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{998} \\ & \frac{2 \int e(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q x d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\ & \frac{2(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1)^{-p} \int e(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1)^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q x d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\ & \frac{2(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1)^{-p} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q (\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1)^{-q} \int e(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1)^p (\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1)^q x d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{ex}(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1)^{-p} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q (\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}(-\frac{1}{4}, -p, -q, \frac{3}{4}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2})}{e} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/Sqrt[e*x], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*Sqrt[e*x]*AppellF1[-1/4, -p, -q, 3/4, -(b/(a*x^2)), -(d/(c*x^2))])}{(e*(1 + b/(a*x^2))^p*(1 + d/(c*x^2))^q)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 998

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[m]}, Simp[-g/e Subst[Int[(a + b/(e^n*x^(g*n)))^p*((c + d/(e^n*x^(g*n)))^q/x^(g*(m + 1) + 1)), x], x, 1/(e*x)^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && FractionQ[m]
```

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x)*((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q/(e*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q/(e*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/sqrt(e*x), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/sqrt(e*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/(e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(e)*(-sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*d - sqrt(x)*(c*x*
**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*b*c + 8*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d
)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 - x**(2*p + 2
*q)*a**2*c*d*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**
2*d**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*x
**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 -
2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q - x**(2*p + 2*
q)*a*b*d**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2
*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p - x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d),x)*a**3*c*d
**2*q**2 - 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x
**3)/(4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*x**4 + 4*
x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*
p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)
*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 - 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c
*d*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2 + 4*x**(2*
p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*
q)*b**2*c*d*p - x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d),x)*a**3*c*d**2*q + 16*x**(2*p + 2
*q)*int((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a
**2*c*d*q*x**4 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2
*q*x**2 - x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x...

```

**3.208** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1718
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1718
Rubi [A] (verified)	1719
Maple [F]	1720
Fricas [F]	1721
Sympy [F(-1)]	1721
Maxima [F]	1721
Giac [F]	1722
Mupad [F(-1)]	1722
Reduce [F]	1722

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, -p, -q, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{e\sqrt{ex}}$$

output `-2*(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*AppellF1(1/4,-p,-q,5/4,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/e/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)/(e*x)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{4} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{3}{4} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{(1 + 4p + 4q)(ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/(e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x*AppellF1[-1/4 - p - q, -p, -q, 3/4 - p - q, -(a*x^2)/b], -((c*x^2)/d])}{((1 + 4*p + 4*q)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(1 + (a*x^2)/b)^p*(1 + (c*x^2)/d)^q)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {998, 937, 937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{998} \\ & \frac{2 \int (a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\ & \frac{2(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1)^{-p} \int (\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1)^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\ & \frac{2(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1)^{-p} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q (\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1)^{-q} \int (\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1)^p (\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1)^q d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\ & \frac{2(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1)^{-p} (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q (\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}(\frac{1}{4}, -p, -q, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2})}{e\sqrt{ex}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*AppellF1[1/4, -p, -q, 5/4, -(b/(a*x^2)), -(d/(c*x^2))])}{(e*(1 + b/(a*x^2))^p*(1 + d/(c*x^2))^q*sqrt[e*x])}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 998 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))
^(q_), x_Symbol] :> With[{g = Denominator[m]}, Simp[-g/e Subst[Int[(a +
b/(e^n*x^(g*n)))^p*((c + d/(e^n*x^(g*n)))^q/x^(g*(m + 1) + 1)), x], x, 1/(e
*x)^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && Fractio
nQ[m]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x)*((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q/(e^2*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q/(e*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(e)*(- (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*a*d - (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**
*2 + b)**p*b*c + 8*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*int((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*
x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2
*c*d*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*x
**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 4*
x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 + 2*x**(2*
p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d
**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*x**2 +
4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d*p + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d),x)*a**3*c*d**2*q**2
+ 2*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*int((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x
**2)/(4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*x**4 + 4*
x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*
p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)
*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*c
*d*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2*q + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*d**2 + 4*x**(2*
p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*
q)*b**2*c*d*p + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b**2*c*d),x)*a**3*c*d**2*q + 16*x**((4*p +
4*q + 1)/2)*int((sqrt(x)*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(4*x**(2*p
+ 2*q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*c*d*x**4 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a
**2*d**2*q*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*b*...

```



**3.209** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1724
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1724
Rubi [A] (verified)	1725
Maple [F]	1726
Fricas [F]	1727
Sympy [F(-1)]	1727
Maxima [F]	1727
Giac [F]	1728
Mupad [F(-1)]	1728
Reduce [F]	1728

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, -q, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{3e(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output 
$$-2/3*(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*AppellF1(3/4, -p, -q, 7/4, -b/a/x^2, -d/c/x^2)/e/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)/(e*x)^{(3/2)}$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{4} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{1}{4} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{(3 + 4p + 4q)(ex)^{5/2}}$$

input 
$$\text{Integrate}\left[\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q / (e*x)^{(5/2)}, x\right]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*x*AppellF1[-3/4 - p - q, -p, -q, 1/4 - p - q, -((a*x^2)/b), -((c*x^2)/d)])}{((3 + 4*p + 4*q)*(e*x)^(5/2)*(1 + (a*x^2)/b)^p*(1 + (c*x^2)/d)^q)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {998, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{998} \\ & - \frac{2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{ex} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\ & - \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{ex} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\ & - \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \frac{\left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^q}{ex} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}}}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\ & - \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, -p, -q, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{3e(ex)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}\left[\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q / (e*x)^{(5/2)}, x\right]$$

output 
$$\frac{(-2*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*AppellF1[3/4, -p, -q, 7/4, -(b/(a*x^2)), -(d/(c*x^2))])/(3*e*(1 + b/(a*x^2))^p*(1 + d/(c*x^2))^q*(e*x)^(3/2))$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 998 
$$\text{Int}[(e_{.})(x_{.})^{(m_{.})}((a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.})^{(n_{.})})^{(p_{.})}((c_{.}) + (d_{.})(x_{.})^{(n_{.})})^{(q_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{g = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[-g/e \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/(e^n*x^{(g*n)})]^p*((c + d/(e^n*x^{(g*n)}))^q/x^{(g*(m+1)+1)}), x], x, 1/(e*x)^{(1/g)}], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[m]$$

rule 1012 
$$\text{Int}[(e_{.})(x_{.})^{(m_{.})}((a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.})^{(n_{.})})^{(p_{.})}((c_{.}) + (d_{.})(x_{.})^{(n_{.})})^{(q_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*c^q*(e*x)^{(m+1)/(e*(m+1))}*AppellF1[(m+1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m+1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, n - 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]) \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[q] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$$

rule 1013 
$$\text{Int}[(e_{.})(x_{.})^{(m_{.})}((a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.})^{(n_{.})})^{(p_{.})}((c_{.}) + (d_{.})(x_{.})^{(n_{.})})^{(q_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*((a + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b*(x^n/a)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, n - 1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x^2})^p (c + \frac{d}{x^2})^q}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input 
$$\text{int}((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(5/2), x)$$

output 
$$\text{int}((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(5/2), x)$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(e*x)*((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q/(e^3*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q/(e*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q)/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(e)*(- (c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p + 24*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)
*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(16*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a**
2*c*d*p*q*x**4 + 12*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a**2*c*d*p*x**4 + 16*x**((4*p +
4*q + 1)/2)*a**2*c*d*q**2*x**4 + 24*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a**2*c*d*q*x**
4 + 9*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a**2*c*d*x**4 + 16*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a**
2*d**2*p*q*x**2 + 12*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a**2*d**2*p*x**2 + 16*x**((4*p
+ 4*q + 1)/2)*a**2*d**2*q**2*x**2 + 24*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a**2*d**2*q
*x**2 + 9*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 16*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)
)*a*b*c**2*p**2*x**4 + 16*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*c**2*p*q*x**4 + 24*x*
*((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*c**2*p*x**4 + 12*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*c**2*
q*x**4 + 9*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 16*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)
)*a*b*c*d*p**2*x**2 + 32*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*c*d*p*q*x**2 + 36*x**((
4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*c*d*p*x**2 + 16*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*c*d*q**2
*x**2 + 36*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 + 18*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/
2)*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 16*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*d**2*p*q + 12*x**((4*p + 4
*q + 1)/2)*a*b*d**2*p + 16*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*d**2*q**2 + 24*x**((
4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*d**2*q + 9*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*a*b*d**2 + 16*x**((
4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*b**2*c**2*p**2*x**2 + 16*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*b**2*c*
*2*p*q*x**2 + 24*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*b**2*c**2*p*x**2 + 12*x**((4*p + 4
*q + 1)/2)*b**2*c**2*q*x**2 + 9*x**((4*p + 4*q + 1)/2)*b**2*c**2*x**2 + ...
```

### 3.210 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx$

Optimal result	1730
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1730
Rubi [A] (verified)	1731
Maple [F]	1732
Fricas [F]	1733
Sympy [F(-1)]	1733
Maxima [F]	1733
Giac [F]	1734
Mupad [F(-1)]	1734
Reduce [F]	1734

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} (ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-1-m), -p, -q, \frac{1-m}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{e(1+m)}$$

output

```
(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^(1+m)*AppellF1(-1/2-1/2*m,-p,-q,1/2-1/2*m,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/e/(1+m)/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x (ex)^m \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}(1+m-2p-2q), -p, -q, \frac{1}{2}(3+m-2p-2q), -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{1+m-2p-2q}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^m,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a + b/x^2)^p (c + d/x^2)^q x^m \text{AppellF1}[(1 + m - 2p - 2q)/2, -p, -q, (3 + m - 2p - 2q)/2, -(a x^2/b), -(c x^2/d)])}{(1 + m - 2p - 2q) (1 + (a x^2/b))^p (1 + (c x^2/d))^q}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {999, 395, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 999$$

$$-\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m (ex)^m \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-2} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 395$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m (ex)^m \left(-\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p\right) \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-2} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 395$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^m (ex)^m \left(-\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p\right) \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^q \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-m-2} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 394$$

$$\frac{x(ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}(-m-1), -p, -q, \frac{1-m}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)}{m+1}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^2)^p (c + d/x^2)^q (e*x)^m, x]$$



output 
$$\frac{((a + b/x^2)^p (c + d/x^2)^q x^m \text{AppellF1}[(-1 - m)/2, -p, -q, (1 - m)/2, -(b/(a x^2)), -(d/(c x^2))])}{((1 + m)(1 + b/(a x^2))^p (1 + d/(c x^2))^q)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394 
$$\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m ((a + b \cdot x^2)^p (c + d \cdot x^2)^q), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p c^q (e x)^{m+1} / (e^{m+1}) \text{AppellF1}[(m+1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m+1)/2, (-b)(x^2/a), (-d)(x^2/c)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]) \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[q] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$$

rule 395 
$$\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m ((a + b \cdot x^2)^p (c + d \cdot x^2)^q), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \text{IntPart}[p] (a + b x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \text{Int}[(e x)^m (1 + b(x^2/a))^p (c + d x^2)^q, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$$

rule 999 
$$\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m ((a + b \cdot x^n)^p (c + d \cdot x^n)^q), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-e x)^m (x^{-1})^m \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p (c + d/x^n)^q / x^{m+2}], x], x, 1/x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{RationalQ}[m]$$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx$$

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2)^p (c+d/x^2)^q (e*x)^m, x)$

output  $\text{int}((a+b/x^2)^p (c+d/x^2)^q (e*x)^m, x)$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^m*((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q*(e*x)**m,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q (ex)^m dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*(e*x)^m,x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**m*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((x**m
*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*m*x**4 + x**(2*
p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*m*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 +
x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*m*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d*m
+ x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a*d*m*q + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((x**m*(c*x**2 + d
)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*m*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c
*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*m*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*
q)*b*c*m*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d*m + x**(2*p +
2*q)*b*d),x)*a*d*q + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((x**m*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 +
b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*m*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*
p + 2*q)*a*d*m*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*m*x**2
+ x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d*m + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*
b*c*m*p + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int((x**m*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)
/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*m*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d
*m*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*m*x**2 + x**(2*p +
2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d*m + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b*c*p + 2*x*
*(2*p + 2*q)*int((x**m*(c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*
c*m*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*m*x**2 + x**(2*p +
2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*m*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**
(2*p + 2*q)*b*d*m + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b*d*m*p + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*i...
```

$$3.211 \quad \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c + dx^5} (ac + 2adx^5)} dx$$

Optimal result	1736
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1737
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1737
Maple [F]	1739
Fricas [F(-2)]	1739
Sympy [F]	1740
Maxima [F]	1740
Giac [F]	1740
Mupad [F(-1)]	1741
Reduce [F]	1741

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 533

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c + dx^5} (ac + 2adx^5)} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{5 - \sqrt{5}} \arctan \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} (5 + 2\sqrt{5})} - \frac{2^{10} \sqrt[10]{2} c^{2/5}}{\sqrt{5 - \sqrt{5}} \sqrt[5]{dx^5} \sqrt[5]{c + dx^5}} \right)}{20 \sqrt[10]{2} ac^{2/5} d^{4/5}} \\ & \quad - \frac{\sqrt{5 + \sqrt{5}} \arctan \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} (5 - 2\sqrt{5})} + \frac{2^{10} \sqrt[10]{2} c^{2/5}}{\sqrt{5 + \sqrt{5}} \sqrt[5]{dx^5} \sqrt[5]{c + dx^5}} \right)}{20 \sqrt[10]{2} ac^{2/5} d^{4/5}} \\ & \quad - \frac{\log \left( 2^{2/5} \sqrt[5]{d} + \frac{c^{2/5}}{x \sqrt[5]{c + dx^5}} \right)}{10 \cdot 2^{3/5} ac^{2/5} d^{4/5}} \\ & \quad + \frac{(1 + \sqrt{5}) \log \left( \frac{2c^{4/5} - 2^{2/5} c^{2/5} \sqrt[5]{dx^5} \sqrt[5]{c + dx^5} - 2^{2/5} \sqrt{5} c^{2/5} \sqrt[5]{dx^5} \sqrt[5]{c + dx^5} + 2 \cdot 2^{4/5} d^{2/5} x^2 (c + dx^5)^{2/5}}{x^2 (c + dx^5)^{2/5}} \right)}{40 \cdot 2^{3/5} ac^{2/5} d^{4/5}} \\ & \quad + \frac{(1 - \sqrt{5}) \log \left( \frac{2c^{4/5} - 2^{2/5} c^{2/5} \sqrt[5]{dx^5} \sqrt[5]{c + dx^5} + 2^{2/5} \sqrt{5} c^{2/5} \sqrt[5]{dx^5} \sqrt[5]{c + dx^5} + 2 \cdot 2^{4/5} d^{2/5} x^2 (c + dx^5)^{2/5}}{x^2 (c + dx^5)^{2/5}} \right)}{40 \cdot 2^{3/5} ac^{2/5} d^{4/5}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/40*(5-5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(-1/5*(25+10*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*2^(1/10)*c^(2/5)/(5-5^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(1/5)/x/(d*x^5+c)^(1/5))*2^(9/10)/a/c^(2/5)/d^(4/5)
-1/40*(5+5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(1/5*(25-10*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*2^(1/10)*c^(2/5)/(5+5^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(1/5)/x/(d*x^5+c)^(1/5))*2^(9/10)/a/c^(2/5)/d^(4/5)-
1/20*ln(2^(2/5)*d^(1/5)+c^(2/5)/x/(d*x^5+c)^(1/5))*2^(2/5)/a/c^(2/5)/d^(4/5)+
1/80*(5^(1/2)+1)*ln((2*c^(4/5)-2^(2/5)*c^(2/5)*d^(1/5)*x*(d*x^5+c)^(1/5)-
2^(2/5)*5^(1/2)*c^(2/5)*d^(1/5)*x*(d*x^5+c)^(1/5)+2*2^(4/5)*d^(2/5)*x^2*(d*x^5+c)^(2/5))/x^2/(d*x^5+c)^(2/5))*2^(2/5)/a/c^(2/5)/d^(4/5)+1/80*(-5^(1/2)+1)*ln((2*c^(4/5)-2^(2/5)*c^(2/5)*d^(1/5)*x*(d*x^5+c)^(1/5)+2^(2/5)*5^(1/2)*c^(2/5)*d^(1/5)*x*(d*x^5+c)^(1/5)+2*2^(4/5)*d^(2/5)*x^2*(d*x^5+c)^(2/5))/x^2/(d*x^5+c)^(2/5))*2^(2/5)/a/c^(2/5)/d^(4/5)

```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c+dx^5}(ac+2adx^5)} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt[5]{\frac{c+dx^5}{c}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{5}, \frac{1}{5}, 1, \frac{9}{5}, -\frac{dx^5}{c}, -\frac{2dx^5}{c}\right)}{4ac\sqrt[5]{c+dx^5}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/((c + d*x^5)^(1/5)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^5)),x]
```

output

```
(x^4*((c + d*x^5)/c)^(1/5)*AppellF1[4/5, 1/5, 1, 9/5, -((d*x^5)/c), (-2*d*x^5)/c])/(4*a*c*(c + d*x^5)^(1/5))
```

**Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {1013, 27, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c + dx^5} (ac + 2adx^5)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1013 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[5]{\frac{dx^5}{c} + 1} \int \frac{x^3}{a(2dx^5 + c) \sqrt[5]{\frac{dx^5}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt[5]{c + dx^5}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[5]{\frac{dx^5}{c} + 1} \int \frac{x^3}{(2dx^5 + c) \sqrt[5]{\frac{dx^5}{c} + 1}} dx}{a \sqrt[5]{c + dx^5}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1012 \\
 & \frac{x^4 \sqrt[5]{\frac{dx^5}{c} + 1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{5}, 1, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{9}{5}, -\frac{2dx^5}{c}, -\frac{dx^5}{c}\right)}{4ac \sqrt[5]{c + dx^5}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/((c + d*x^5)^(1/5)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^5)),x]`

output `(x^4*(1 + (d*x^5)/c)^(1/5)*AppellF1[4/5, 1, 1/5, 9/5, (-2*d*x^5)/c, -((d*x^5)/c)]/(4*a*c*(c + d*x^5)^(1/5))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(dx^5 + c)^{\frac{1}{5}} (2x^5 ad + ac)} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(d*x^5+c)^(1/5)/(2*a*d*x^5+a*c),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/(d*x^5+c)^(1/5)/(2*a*d*x^5+a*c),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c + dx^5} (ac + 2adx^5)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(d*x^5+c)^(1/5)/(2*a*d*x^5+a*c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (trace 0)
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c+dx^5}(ac+2adx^5)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{x^3}{c\sqrt[5]{c+dx^5}+2dx^5\sqrt[5]{c+dx^5}} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(d*x**5+c)**(1/5)/(2*a*d*x**5+a*c),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(c*(c + d*x**5)**(1/5) + 2*d*x**5*(c + d*x**5)**(1/5)), x)/a`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c+dx^5}(ac+2adx^5)} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(2adx^5+ac)(dx^5+c)^{\frac{1}{5}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(d*x^5+c)^(1/5)/(2*a*d*x^5+a*c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/((2*a*d*x^5 + a*c)*(d*x^5 + c)^(1/5)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c+dx^5}(ac+2adx^5)} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(2adx^5+ac)(dx^5+c)^{\frac{1}{5}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(d*x^5+c)^(1/5)/(2*a*d*x^5+a*c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/((2*a*d*x^5 + a*c)*(d*x^5 + c)^(1/5)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c + dx^5} (ac + 2adx^5)} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(dx^5 + c)^{1/5} (2a dx^5 + ac)} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((c + d*x^5)^(1/5)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^5)),x)`output `int(x^3/((c + d*x^5)^(1/5)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^5)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[5]{c + dx^5} (ac + 2adx^5)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{x^3}{(dx^5 + c)^{\frac{1}{5}} c + 2(dx^5 + c)^{\frac{1}{5}} dx^5} dx}{a}$$

input `int(x^3/(d*x^5+c)^(1/5)/(2*a*d*x^5+a*c),x)`output `int(x**3/((c + d*x**5)**(1/5)*c + 2*(c + d*x**5)**(1/5)*d*x**5),x)/a`

**3.212** 
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}(ac + 2adx^4)} dx$$

Optimal result	1742
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1743
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1743
Maple [F]	1745
Fricas [F(-1)]	1745
Sympy [F]	1745
Maxima [F]	1746
Giac [F]	1746
Mupad [F(-1)]	1746
Reduce [F]	1747

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}(ac + 2adx^4)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt[4]{d}x\sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}}\right)}{8a\sqrt{cd}^{3/4}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt[4]{d}x\sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}}\right)}{8a\sqrt{cd}^{3/4}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt[4]{d}}{x\sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}\left(2\sqrt{d} + \frac{c}{x^2\sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}}\right)}\right)}{8a\sqrt{cd}^{3/4}}$$

output

```
1/8*arctan(1-c^(1/2)/d^(1/4)/x/(d*x^4+c)^(1/4))/a/c^(1/2)/d^(3/4)-1/8*arctan(1+c^(1/2)/d^(1/4)/x/(d*x^4+c)^(1/4))/a/c^(1/2)/d^(3/4)-1/8*arctanh(2*c^(1/2)*d^(1/4)/x/(d*x^4+c)^(1/4)/(2*d^(1/2)+c/x^2/(d*x^4+c)^(1/2)))/a/c^(1/2)/d^(3/4)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 8.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^4}(ac+2adx^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{c}}{2\sqrt[4]{d}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{d}x^2\sqrt{c+dx^4}}{\sqrt{c}}}{x\sqrt[4]{c+dx^4}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt[4]{d}x\sqrt[4]{c+dx^4}}{c+2\sqrt{dx^2}\sqrt{c+dx^4}}\right)}{8a\sqrt{cd}^{3/4}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((c + d*x^4)^(1/4)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^4)),x]`output `(ArcTan[(-1/2*sqrt[c]/d^(1/4) + (d^(1/4)*x^2*sqrt[c + d*x^4])/sqrt[c])/(x*(c + d*x^4)^(1/4))] - ArcTanh[(2*sqrt[c]*d^(1/4)*x*(c + d*x^4)^(1/4))/(c + 2*sqrt[d]*x^2*sqrt[c + d*x^4])])/(8*a*sqrt[c]*d^(3/4))`**Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {1013, 27, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^4}(ac+2adx^4)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\frac{dx^4}{c}} + 1 \int \frac{x^2}{a(2dx^4+c)\sqrt[4]{\frac{dx^4}{c}} + 1} dx}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^4}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt[4]{\frac{dx^4}{c} + 1} (2dx^4 + c) \sqrt[4]{\frac{dx^4}{c} + 1}}}{a \sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}} \\
 \downarrow 1012 \\
 \frac{x^3 \sqrt[4]{\frac{dx^4}{c} + 1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{4}, 1, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, -\frac{2dx^4}{c}, -\frac{dx^4}{c}\right)}{3ac \sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^2/((c + d*x^4)^(1/4)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^4)),x]`

output `(x^3*(1 + (d*x^4)/c)^(1/4)*AppellF1[3/4, 1, 1/4, 7/4, (-2*d*x^4)/c, -((d*x^4)/c)]/(3*a*c*(c + d*x^4)^(1/4))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 1012 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(dx^4 + c)^{\frac{1}{4}} (2adx^4 + ac)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(d*x^4+c)^(1/4)/(2*a*d*x^4+a*c),x)`

output `int(x^2/(d*x^4+c)^(1/4)/(2*a*d*x^4+a*c),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx^4} (ac + 2adx^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(d*x^4+c)^(1/4)/(2*a*d*x^4+a*c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx^4} (ac + 2adx^4)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{c^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt[4]{c + dx^4} + 2dx^4 \sqrt[4]{c + dx^4}} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(d*x**4+c)**(1/4)/(2*a*d*x**4+a*c),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(c*(c + d*x**4)**(1/4) + 2*d*x**4*(c + d*x**4)**(1/4)), x)/a`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^4}(ac+2adx^4)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(2adx^4+ac)(dx^4+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(d*x^4+c)^(1/4)/(2*a*d*x^4+a*c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/((2*a*d*x^4 + a*c)*(d*x^4 + c)^(1/4)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^4}(ac+2adx^4)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(2adx^4+ac)(dx^4+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(d*x^4+c)^(1/4)/(2*a*d*x^4+a*c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((2*a*d*x^4 + a*c)*(d*x^4 + c)^(1/4)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^4}(ac+2adx^4)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(dx^4+c)^{1/4}(2adx^4+ac)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((c + d*x^4)^(1/4)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^4)),x)`

output `int(x^2/((c + d*x^4)^(1/4)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^4)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^4}(ac+2adx^4)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{(dx^4+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}c+2(dx^4+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}dx^4} dx}{a}$$

input `int(x^2/(d*x^4+c)^(1/4)/(2*a*d*x^4+a*c),x)`

output `int(x**2/((c + d*x**4)**(1/4)*c + 2*(c + d*x**4)**(1/4)*d*x**4),x)/a`



**3.213** 
$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3}(ac + 2adx^3)} dx$$

Optimal result	1748
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1749
Rubi [C] (verified)	1749
Maple [F]	1751
Fricas [F(-1)]	1751
Sympy [F]	1751
Maxima [F]	1752
Giac [F]	1752
Mupad [F(-1)]	1752
Reduce [F]	1753

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3}(ac + 2adx^3)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{d} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}c^{2/3}}{x\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{d}}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}ac^{2/3}d^{2/3}} - \frac{\log\left(2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{d} + \frac{c^{2/3}}{x\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3}}\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}ac^{2/3}d^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(2\sqrt[3]{2}d^{2/3} + \frac{c^{4/3}}{x^2(c+dx^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{2/3}c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{d}}{x\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3}}\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}ac^{2/3}d^{2/3}}$$

output

```
1/12*arctan(1/3*(d^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*c^(2/3)/x/(d*x^3+c)^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/d^(1/3
)))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)/a/c^(2/3)/d^(2/3)-1/12*ln(2^(2/3)*d^(1/3)+c^(2/3)/x/(d*
x^3+c)^(1/3))*2^(2/3)/a/c^(2/3)/d^(2/3)+1/24*ln(2*2^(1/3)*d^(2/3)+c^(4/3)/
x^2/(d*x^3+c)^(2/3)-2^(2/3)*c^(2/3)*d^(1/3)/x/(d*x^3+c)^(1/3))*2^(2/3)/a/c
^(2/3)/d^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx^3}(ac+2adx^3)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{dx^3}\sqrt[3]{c+dx^3}}{\sqrt[3]{2c^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{dx^3}\sqrt[3]{c+dx^3}}}\right) + 2\log\left(x\sqrt[3]{c+dx^3}\right) - \log\left(x^2(c+dx^3)^{2/3}\right) - 2\log\left(\sqrt[3]{2c^{2/3}+2}\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2ac^{2/3}d^{2/3}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/((c + d*x^3)^(1/3)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^3)),x]
```

output

```
(2*sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(sqrt[3]*d^(1/3)*x*(c + d*x^3)^(1/3))/(2^(1/3)*c^(2/3) -
d^(1/3)*x*(c + d*x^3)^(1/3)]) + 2*Log[x*(c + d*x^3)^(1/3)] - Log[x^2*(c +
d*x^3)^(2/3)] - 2*Log[2^(1/3)*c^(2/3) + 2*d^(1/3)*x*(c + d*x^3)^(1/3)] +
Log[2^(2/3)*c^(4/3) - 2*2^(1/3)*c^(2/3)*d^(1/3)*x*(c + d*x^3)^(1/3) + 4*d^(
2/3)*x^2*(c + d*x^3)^(2/3)]/(12*2^(1/3)*a*c^(2/3)*d^(2/3))
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {1013, 27, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx^3}(ac+2adx^3)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{dx^3}{c}} + 1 \int \frac{x}{a(2dx^3+c)\sqrt[3]{\frac{dx^3}{c}} + 1} dx}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx^3}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{dx^3}{c} + 1} (2dx^3 + c) \sqrt[3]{\frac{dx^3}{c} + 1}} dx}{a \sqrt[3]{c + dx^3}} \\
 \downarrow 1012 \\
 \frac{x^2 \sqrt[3]{\frac{dx^3}{c} + 1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2dx^3}{c}, -\frac{dx^3}{c}\right)}{2ac \sqrt[3]{c + dx^3}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x/((c + d*x^3)^(1/3)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^3)),x]`

output `(x^2*(1 + (d*x^3)/c)^(1/3)*AppellF1[2/3, 1, 1/3, 5/3, (-2*d*x^3)/c, -((d*x^3)/c)])/(2*a*c*(c + d*x^3)^(1/3))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 1012 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(dx^3 + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} (2adx^3 + ac)} dx$$

input `int(x/(d*x^3+c)^(1/3)/(2*a*d*x^3+a*c),x)`

output `int(x/(d*x^3+c)^(1/3)/(2*a*d*x^3+a*c),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3} (ac + 2adx^3)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x/(d*x^3+c)^(1/3)/(2*a*d*x^3+a*c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3} (ac + 2adx^3)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{x}{c\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3} + 2dx^3\sqrt[3]{c + dx^3}} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(x/(d*x**3+c)**(1/3)/(2*a*d*x**3+a*c),x)`

output `Integral(x/(c*(c + d*x**3)**(1/3) + 2*d*x**3*(c + d*x**3)**(1/3)), x)/a`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx^3}(ac+2adx^3)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(2adx^3+ac)(dx^3+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(d*x^3+c)^(1/3)/(2*a*d*x^3+a*c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/((2*a*d*x^3 + a*c)*(d*x^3 + c)^(1/3)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx^3}(ac+2adx^3)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(2adx^3+ac)(dx^3+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(d*x^3+c)^(1/3)/(2*a*d*x^3+a*c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((2*a*d*x^3 + a*c)*(d*x^3 + c)^(1/3)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx^3}(ac+2adx^3)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(dx^3+c)^{1/3}(2adx^3+ac)} dx$$

input `int(x/((c + d*x^3)^(1/3)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^3)),x)`

output `int(x/((c + d*x^3)^(1/3)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx^3}(ac+2adx^3)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{x}{(dx^3+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}c+2(dx^3+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}dx^3} dx}{a}$$

input `int(x/(d*x^3+c)^(1/3)/(2*a*d*x^3+a*c),x)`

output `int(x/((c + d*x**3)**(1/3)*c + 2*(c + d*x**3)**(1/3)*d*x**3),x)/a`

**3.214**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1754
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1754
Rubi [A] (verified)	1755
Maple [A] (verified)	1756
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1756
Sympy [F]	1757
Maxima [F]	1757
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1757
Mupad [F(-1)]	1758
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1758

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}}\right)}{ac\sqrt{d}}$$

output `arctan(d^(1/2)*x/(d*x^2+c)^(1/2))/a/c/d^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(1 + \frac{2dx^2}{c} - \frac{2\sqrt{d}x\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{c}\right)}{ac\sqrt{d}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^2)),x]`

output `-(ArcTan[1 + (2*d*x^2)/c - (2*Sqrt[d]*x*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])/c]/(a*c*Sqrt[d]))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 291$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\frac{acdx^2}{c+dx^2} + ac} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}}\right)}{ac\sqrt{d}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^2)),x]`

output `ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c + d*x^2]]/(a*c*Sqrt[d])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x^2+c}{x\sqrt{d}}\right)}{ac\sqrt{d}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{c+\sqrt{-2cd}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{2d}\right)+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{4d\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{2d}\right)^2+4\sqrt{-2cd}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{2d}\right)+2c}}{x-\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{2d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-2cd}\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2} \ln\left(\frac{c-\sqrt{-2cd}\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{2d}\right)+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{4d\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{2d}\right)^2+4\sqrt{-2cd}\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{2d}\right)+2c}}{x+\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{2d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-2cd}\sqrt{c}}}{a}$

input `int(1/(d*x^2+c)^(1/2)/(2*a*d*x^2+a*c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/a/c/d^(1/2)*arctan((d*x^2+c)^(1/2)/x/d^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx = \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-d} \log\left(-\frac{4d^2x^4+4cdx^2-4\sqrt{dx^2+cc}\sqrt{-dx-c^2}}{4d^2x^4+4cdx^2+c^2}\right)}{4acd}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx^2+cc}\sqrt{d}}{2(d^2x^3+cdx)}\right)}{2ac\sqrt{d}} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x^2+c)^(1/2)/(2*a*d*x^2+a*c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*sqrt(-d)*log(-(4*d^2*x^4 + 4*c*d*x^2 - 4*sqrt(d*x^2 + c)*c*sqrt(-d)*x - c^2)/(4*d^2*x^4 + 4*c*d*x^2 + c^2))/(a*c*d), -1/2*arctan(1/2*sqrt(d*x^2 + c)*c*sqrt(d)/(d^2*x^3 + c*d*x))/(a*c*sqrt(d))]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{c\sqrt{c+dx^2}+2dx^2\sqrt{c+dx^2}} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x**2+c)**(1/2)/(2*a*d*x**2+a*c),x)`

output `Integral(1/(c*sqrt(c + d*x**2) + 2*d*x**2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)), x)/a`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2adx^2+ac)\sqrt{dx^2+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x^2+c)^(1/2)/(2*a*d*x^2+a*c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((2*a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(d*x^2 + c)), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{dx}-\sqrt{dx^2+c})^2}{c}\right)}{ac\sqrt{d}}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x^2+c)^(1/2)/(2*a*d*x^2+a*c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-arctan((sqrt(d)*x - sqrt(d*x^2 + c))^2/c)/(a*c*sqrt(d))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{ac^{3/2}} & \text{if } d=0 \\ -\frac{1}{4ad^{3/2}x\sqrt{x^2}} & \text{if } c=0 \wedge d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{acd}}{\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{dx^2+c}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2c^2d}} & \text{if } 0 < acd \\ \frac{\ln\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-acd}+\sqrt{ac(dx^2+c)}}{x\sqrt{-acd}-\sqrt{ac(dx^2+c)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a^2c^2d}} & \text{if } acd < 0 \\ \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}(2adx^2+ac)} dx & \text{if } acd \notin \mathbb{R} \end{cases}$$

input `int(1/((c + d*x^2)^(1/2)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^2)),x)`

output `piecewise(d == 0, x/(a*c^(3/2)), c == 0 & d ~= 0, -1/(4*a*d^(3/2)*x*(x^2)^(1/2)), 0 < a*c*d, atan((x*(a*c*d)^(1/2))/((a*c)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^2)^(1/2)))/(a^2*c^2*d)^(1/2), a*c*d < 0, log(-(x*(-a*c*d)^(1/2) + (a*c*(c + d*x^2))^(1/2))/(x*(-a*c*d)^(1/2) - (a*c*(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)))/(2*(-a^2*c^2*d)^(1/2)), ~in(a*c*d, 'real'), int(1/((c + d*x^2)^(1/2)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x^2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}(ac+2adx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} \left( \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{dx^2+c}-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{d}x}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2}}\right) - \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{dx^2+c}+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{d}x}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{acd}$$

input `int(1/(d*x^2+c)^(1/2)/(2*a*d*x^2+a*c),x)`

output `(sqrt(d)*(atan((2*sqrt(c + d*x**2) - sqrt(c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(d)*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(2))) - atan((2*sqrt(c + d*x**2) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(d)*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(2)))))/(a*c*d)`

$$3.215 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(c+dx)(ac+2adx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1759
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1759
Rubi [A] (verified)	1760
Maple [A] (verified)	1761
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1761
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1761
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1762
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1762
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1762
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1763

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c+dx)(ac+2adx)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{ac^2} + \frac{\log(c+dx)}{ac^2} - \frac{2\log(c+2dx)}{ac^2}$$

output

```
ln(x)/a/c^2+ln(d*x+c)/a/c^2-2*ln(2*d*x+c)/a/c^2
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c+dx)(ac+2adx)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{ac^2} + \frac{\log(c+dx)}{ac^2} - \frac{2\log(c+2dx)}{ac^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(c + d*x)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x)),x]
```

output

```
Log[x]/(a*c^2) + Log[c + d*x]/(a*c^2) - (2*Log[c + 2*d*x])/(a*c^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {93, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c+dx)(ac+2adx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 93$$

$$\int \left( \frac{d}{ac^2(c+dx)} - \frac{4d}{ac^2(c+2dx)} + \frac{1}{ac^2x} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\log(c+dx)}{ac^2} - \frac{2\log(c+2dx)}{ac^2} + \frac{\log(x)}{ac^2}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x*(c + d*x)*(a*c + 2*a*d*x)),x]
```

output

```
Log[x]/(a*c^2) + Log[c + d*x]/(a*c^2) - (2*Log[c + 2*d*x])/(a*c^2)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 93

```
Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))),
x_] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e + f*x)^p/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(x) - 2 \ln(dx + \frac{c}{2}) + \ln(dx + c)}{a c^2}$	27
default	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x)}{c^2} - \frac{2 \ln(2dx + c)}{c^2} + \frac{\ln(dx + c)}{c^2}}{a}$	34
risch	$-\frac{2 \ln(-2dx - c)}{a c^2} + \frac{\ln(-dx^2 - cx)}{a c^2}$	38
norman	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a c^2} + \frac{\ln(dx + c)}{a c^2} - \frac{2 \ln(2dx + c)}{a c^2}$	39

input `int(1/x/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d*x+a*c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $(\ln(x) - 2 \ln(dx + 1/2*c) + \ln(dx + c)) / a / c^2$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c + dx)(ac + 2adx)} dx = \frac{\log(dx^2 + cx) - 2 \log(2dx + c)}{ac^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d*x+a*c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $(\log(dx^2 + c*x) - 2*\log(2*d*x + c)) / (a*c^2)$ **Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c + dx)(ac + 2adx)} dx = -\frac{2 \log(\frac{c}{2d} + x)}{ac^2} + \frac{\log(\frac{cx}{d} + x^2)}{ac^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d*x+a*c),x)`

output  $-2*\log(c/(2*d) + x)/(a*c**2) + \log(c*x/d + x**2)/(a*c**2)$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c+dx)(ac+2adx)} dx = -\frac{2 \log(2dx+c)}{ac^2} + \frac{\log(dx+c)}{ac^2} + \frac{\log(x)}{ac^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d*x+a*c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-2*\log(2*d*x + c)/(a*c^2) + \log(d*x + c)/(a*c^2) + \log(x)/(a*c^2)$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c+dx)(ac+2adx)} dx = -\frac{2 \log(|2dx+c|)}{ac^2} + \frac{\log(|dx+c|)}{ac^2} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{ac^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d*x+a*c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-2*\log(\text{abs}(2*d*x + c))/(a*c^2) + \log(\text{abs}(d*x + c))/(a*c^2) + \log(\text{abs}(x))/(a*c^2)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c+dx)(ac+2adx)} dx = \frac{\ln(x(c+dx))}{ac^2} - \frac{2 \ln(-c-2dx)}{ac^2}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a*c + 2*a*d*x)*(c + d*x)),x)`

output  $\log(x*(c + d*x))/(a*c^2) - (2*\log(-c - 2*d*x))/(a*c^2)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c + dx)(ac + 2adx)} dx = \frac{\log(dx + c) - 2\log(2dx + c) + \log(x)}{a c^2}$$

input `int(1/x/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d*x+a*c),x)`

output  $(\log(c + d*x) - 2*\log(c + 2*d*x) + \log(x))/(a*c**2)$



**3.216**  $\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x}\right)x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1764
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1764
Rubi [A] (verified)	1765
Maple [A] (verified)	1766
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1766
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1767
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1767
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1768
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1768
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1768

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x}\right)x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4ax^2} - \frac{c}{4adx} + \frac{c^2 \log\left(c + \frac{2d}{x}\right)}{8ad^2}$$

output `-1/4/a/x^2-1/4*c/a/d/x+1/8*c^2*ln(c+2*d/x)/a/d^2`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x}\right)x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4ax^2} - \frac{c}{4adx} - \frac{c^2 \log(x)}{8ad^2} + \frac{c^2 \log(2d + cx)}{8ad^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d/x)/((a*c + (2*a*d)/x)*x^3),x]`

output `-1/4*1/(a*x^2) - c/(4*a*d*x) - (c^2*Log[x])/(8*a*d^2) + (c^2*Log[2*d + c*x])/ (8*a*d^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {947, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{x^3 \left( ac + \frac{2ad}{x} \right)} dx$$

↓ 947

$$\int \frac{cx + d}{x^3 (acx + 2ad)} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left( \frac{c^3}{8ad^2(cx + 2d)} - \frac{c^2}{8ad^2x} + \frac{c}{4adx^2} + \frac{1}{2ax^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{c^2 \log(x)}{8ad^2} + \frac{c^2 \log(cx + 2d)}{8ad^2} - \frac{c}{4adx} - \frac{1}{4ax^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x)/((a*c + (2*a*d)/x)*x^3),x]`

output `-1/4*1/(a*x^2) - c/(4*a*d*x) - (c^2*Log[x])/(8*a*d^2) + (c^2*Log[2*d + c*x])/(8*a*d^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 947 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*(p + q))*(b + a/x^n)^p*(d + c/x^n)^q, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegersQ[p, q] && NegQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4x^2} - \frac{c}{4dx} - \frac{c^2 \ln(x)}{8d^2} + \frac{c^2 \ln(cx+2d)}{8d^2}}{a}$	46
parallelrisch	$-\frac{c^2 \ln(x)x^2 - c^2 \ln(cx+2d)x^2 + 2cdx + 2d^2}{8d^2 a x^2}$	48
risch	$\frac{-\frac{cx}{4d} - \frac{1}{4}}{a x^2} + \frac{c^2 \ln(-cx-2d)}{8a d^2} - \frac{c^2 \ln(x)}{8a d^2}$	51
norman	$\frac{-\frac{x}{4a} - \frac{cx^2}{4ad}}{x^3} - \frac{c^2 \ln(x)}{8a d^2} + \frac{c^2 \ln(cx+2d)}{8a d^2}$	57

input `int((c+d/x)/(a*c+2*a*d/x)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a*(-1/4/x^2-1/4*c/d/x-1/8*c^2/d^2*ln(x)+1/8*c^2/d^2*ln(c*x+2*d))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{(ac + \frac{2ad}{x}) x^3} dx = \frac{c^2 x^2 \log(cx + 2d) - c^2 x^2 \log(x) - 2cdx - 2d^2}{8ad^2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a*c+2*a*d/x)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/8*(c^2*x^2*\log(c*x + 2*d) - c^2*x^2*\log(x) - 2*c*d*x - 2*d^2)/(a*d^2*x^2)$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{(ac + \frac{2ad}{x})x^3} dx = \frac{c^2 \left( -\frac{\log(x)}{8} + \frac{\log\left(x + \frac{2d}{c}\right)}{8} \right)}{ad^2} + \frac{-cx - d}{4adx^2}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a*c+2*a*d/x)/x**3,x)`

output `c**2*(-log(x)/8 + log(x + 2*d/c)/8)/(a*d**2) + (-c*x - d)/(4*a*d*x**2)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{(ac + \frac{2ad}{x})x^3} dx = \frac{c^2 \log(cx + 2d)}{8ad^2} - \frac{c^2 \log(x)}{8ad^2} - \frac{cx + d}{4adx^2}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a*c+2*a*d/x)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/8*c^2*\log(c*x + 2*d)/(a*d^2) - 1/8*c^2*\log(x)/(a*d^2) - 1/4*(c*x + d)/(a*d*x^2)$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x}\right) x^3} dx = \frac{c^2 \log(|cx + 2d|)}{8ad^2} - \frac{c^2 \log(|x|)}{8ad^2} - \frac{cdx + d^2}{4ad^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a*c+2*a*d/x)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*c^2*log(abs(c*x + 2*d))/(a*d^2) - 1/8*c^2*log(abs(x))/(a*d^2) - 1/4*(c*d*x + d^2)/(a*d^2*x^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x}\right) x^3} dx = \frac{c^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{cx}{d} + 1\right)}{4ad^2} - \frac{\frac{cx}{4d} + \frac{1}{4}}{ax^2}$$

input `int((c + d/x)/(x^3*(a*c + (2*a*d)/x)),x)`output `(c^2*atanh((c*x)/d + 1))/(4*a*d^2) - ((c*x)/(4*d) + 1/4)/(a*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x}\right) x^3} dx = \frac{\log(cx + 2d) c^2 x^2 - \log(x) c^2 x^2 - 2cdx - 2d^2}{8ad^2x^2}$$

input `int((c+d/x)/(a*c+2*a*d/x)/x^3,x)`output `(log(c*x + 2*d)*c**2*x**2 - log(x)*c**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*x - 2*d**2)/(8*a*d**2*x**2)`

### 3.217 $\int \frac{d+cx}{x^3(2ad+acx)} dx$

Optimal result	1769
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1769
Rubi [A] (verified)	1770
Maple [A] (verified)	1771
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1771
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1772
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1772
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1772
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1773
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1773

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{d+cx}{x^3(2ad+acx)} dx = -\frac{1}{4ax^2} - \frac{c}{4adx} - \frac{c^2 \log(x)}{8ad^2} + \frac{c^2 \log(2d+cx)}{8ad^2}$$

output

```
-1/4/a/x^2-1/4*c/a/d/x-1/8*c^2*ln(x)/a/d^2+1/8*c^2*ln(c*x+2*d)/a/d^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d+cx}{x^3(2ad+acx)} dx = -\frac{1}{4ax^2} - \frac{c}{4adx} - \frac{c^2 \log(x)}{8ad^2} + \frac{c^2 \log(2d+cx)}{8ad^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + c*x)/(x^3*(2*a*d + a*c*x)), x]
```

output

```
-1/4*1/(a*x^2) - c/(4*a*d*x) - (c^2*Log[x])/(8*a*d^2) + (c^2*Log[2*d + c*x])/
(8*a*d^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{cx + d}{x^3(ax + 2ad)} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left( \frac{c^3}{8ad^2(cx + 2d)} - \frac{c^2}{8ad^2x} + \frac{c}{4adx^2} + \frac{1}{2ax^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{c^2 \log(x)}{8ad^2} + \frac{c^2 \log(cx + 2d)}{8ad^2} - \frac{c}{4adx} - \frac{1}{4ax^2}$$

input `Int[(d + c*x)/(x^3*(2*a*d + a*c*x)),x]`

output `-1/4*1/(a*x^2) - c/(4*a*d*x) - (c^2*Log[x])/(8*a*d^2) + (c^2*Log[2*d + c*x])/(8*a*d^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4x^2} - \frac{c}{4dx} - \frac{c^2 \ln(x)}{8d^2} + \frac{c^2 \ln(cx+2d)}{8d^2}}{a}$	46
parallelrisc	$-\frac{c^2 \ln(x)x^2 - c^2 \ln(cx+2d)x^2 + 2cdx + 2d^2}{8d^2 a x^2}$	48
risc	$\frac{-\frac{cx}{4d} - \frac{1}{4}}{a x^2} + \frac{c^2 \ln(-cx-2d)}{8a d^2} - \frac{c^2 \ln(x)}{8a d^2}$	51
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4a} - \frac{cx}{4ad}}{x^2} - \frac{c^2 \ln(x)}{8a d^2} + \frac{c^2 \ln(cx+2d)}{8a d^2}$	54

input `int((c*x+d)/x^3/(a*c*x+2*a*d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/a*(-1/4/x^2-1/4*c/d/x-1/8*c^2/d^2*ln(x)+1/8*c^2/d^2*ln(c*x+2*d))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{d + cx}{x^3(2ad + acx)} dx = \frac{c^2 x^2 \log(cx + 2d) - c^2 x^2 \log(x) - 2cdx - 2d^2}{8ad^2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x+d)/x^3/(a*c*x+2*a*d),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/8*(c^2*x^2*log(c*x + 2*d) - c^2*x^2*log(x) - 2*c*d*x - 2*d^2)/(a*d^2*x^2)`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{d + cx}{x^3(2ad + acx)} dx = \frac{c^2 \left( -\frac{\log(x)}{8} + \frac{\log\left(x + \frac{2d}{c}\right)}{8} \right)}{ad^2} + \frac{-cx - d}{4adx^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x+d)/x**3/(a*c*x+2*a*d),x)`output `c**2*(-log(x)/8 + log(x + 2*d/c)/8)/(a*d**2) + (-c*x - d)/(4*a*d*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{d + cx}{x^3(2ad + acx)} dx = \frac{c^2 \log(cx + 2d)}{8ad^2} - \frac{c^2 \log(x)}{8ad^2} - \frac{cx + d}{4adx^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x+d)/x^3/(a*c*x+2*a*d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*c^2*log(c*x + 2*d)/(a*d^2) - 1/8*c^2*log(x)/(a*d^2) - 1/4*(c*x + d)/(a*d*x^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{d + cx}{x^3(2ad + acx)} dx = \frac{c^2 \log(|cx + 2d|)}{8ad^2} - \frac{c^2 \log(|x|)}{8ad^2} - \frac{cdx + d^2}{4ad^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x+d)/x^3/(a*c*x+2*a*d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*c^2*log(abs(c*x + 2*d))/(a*d^2) - 1/8*c^2*log(abs(x))/(a*d^2) - 1/4*(c*d*x + d^2)/(a*d^2*x^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{d + cx}{x^3(2ad + acx)} dx = \frac{c^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{cx}{d} + 1\right)}{4a d^2} - \frac{\frac{cx}{4d} + \frac{1}{4}}{a x^2}$$

input `int((d + c*x)/(x^3*(2*a*d + a*c*x)),x)`output `(c^2*atanh((c*x)/d + 1))/(4*a*d^2) - ((c*x)/(4*d) + 1/4)/(a*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{d + cx}{x^3(2ad + acx)} dx = \frac{\log(cx + 2d) c^2 x^2 - \log(x) c^2 x^2 - 2cdx - 2d^2}{8a d^2 x^2}$$

input `int((c*x+d)/x^3/(a*c*x+2*a*d),x)`output `(log(c*x + 2*d)*c**2*x**2 - log(x)*c**2*x**2 - 2*c*d*x - 2*d**2)/(8*a*d**2*x**2)`

**3.218** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right)x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1774
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1774
Rubi [A] (verified)	1775
Maple [B] (verified)	1777
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1777
Sympy [F]	1778
Maxima [F]	1778
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1779
Mupad [F(-1)]	1779
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1779

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right)x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4adx} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}\right)}{4ad^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/a/d/x+1/4*c*arctan(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/a/d^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right)x^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} + \frac{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}\sqrt{d+cx^2}4ax}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/((a*c + (2*a*d)/x^2)*x^4),x]
```

output

$$-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]/d + (c*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x^2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2]))/(a*x)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$ , Rules used = {997, 380, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4 \left( ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2} \right)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{997} \\ & - \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left( ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2} \right) x^2} d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{380} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{c^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( c + \frac{2d}{x^2} \right)} d \frac{1}{x}}{4ad} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4adx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left( c + \frac{2d}{x^2} \right)} d \frac{1}{x}}{4ad} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4adx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\ & \frac{c^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{dc}{x^2} + c} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x}}{4ad} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4adx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\ & \frac{c \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{d}}{x \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} \right)}{4ad^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4adx} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/((a*c + (2*a*d)/x^2)*x^4),x]`

output `-1/4*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(a*d*x) + (c*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)))/(4*a*d^(3/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 380 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 1) + (a*d*(m - 1) - 2*q*(b*c - a*d))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 997 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^(m + 2)), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs. 2(47) = 94.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} \left( -2\sqrt{cx^2+d} \sqrt{-d} cx^2 - \ln \left( -\frac{2c(\sqrt{-2cd}x + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{cx^2+d+d})}{-cx + \sqrt{-2cd}} \right) cdx^2 - \ln \left( -\frac{2c(\sqrt{-2cd}x - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{cx^2+d-d})}{cx + \sqrt{-2cd}} \right) cdx^2 + 2(c \dots \right)}{8x\sqrt{cx^2+d}ad^2\sqrt{-d}}$ $+ \frac{c \ln \left( \frac{-2d+2\sqrt{-2cd} \left( x - \frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c} \right) + 2\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{c \left( x - \frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c} \right)^2 + 2\sqrt{-2cd} \left( x - \frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c} \right) - d}}{x - \frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c}} \right)}{8d\sqrt{-d}} + \frac{c \ln \left( \frac{-2d-2\sqrt{-2cd} \left( x + \frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c} \right) + 2\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{c \left( x + \frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c} \right)^2 + 2\sqrt{-2cd} \left( x + \frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c} \right) - d}}{x + \frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c}} \right)}{8d\sqrt{-d}}$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{4dxa} + \frac{\dots}{a\sqrt{cx^2+d}}$

input `int((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(-2*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-d)^(1/2)*c*x^2-ln(-2*c*((-2*c*d)^(1/2)*x+(-d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)+d)/(-c*x+(-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*c*d*x^2-ln(-2*c*((-2*c*d)^(1/2)*x-(-d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)-d)/(c*x+(-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*c*d*x^2+2*(c*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-d)^(1/2))/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/d^2/(-d)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right) x^4} dx = \left[ \frac{c\sqrt{-d}x \log \left( \frac{c^2x^4 + 4c\sqrt{-d}x^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - 4cdx^2 - 4d^2}{c^2x^4 + 4cdx^2 + 4d^2} \right) + 4d\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{16ad^2x}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{c\sqrt{d}x \arctan \left( \frac{c\sqrt{d}x^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{2(cd x^2 + d^2)} \right) + 2d\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8ad^2x} \right]$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/16*(c*sqrt(-d)*x*log((c^2*x^4 + 4*c*sqrt(-d)*x^3*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - 4*c*d*x^2 - 4*d^2)/(c^2*x^4 + 4*c*d*x^2 + 4*d^2)) + 4*d*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(a*d^2*x), -1/8*(c*sqrt(d)*x*arctan(1/2*c*sqrt(d)*x^3*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*d*x^2 + d^2)) + 2*d*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(a*d^2*x]`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right) x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{cx^4 + 2dx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/(a*c+2*a*d/x**2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d/x**2)/(c*x**4 + 2*d*x**2), x)/a`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right) x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right) x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c + d/x^2)/((a*c + 2*a*d/x^2)*x^4), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right) x^4} dx = -\frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{4ad^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{4adx^2}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*c*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(d))*sgn(x)/(a*d^(3/2)) - 1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*sgn(x)/(a*d*x^2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right) x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4 \left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right)} dx$$

input `int((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(a*c + (2*a*d)/x^2)),x)`

output `int((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/(x^4*(a*c + (2*a*d)/x^2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right) x^4} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{d}}}\right) cx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2+d}d - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx}-\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2i+\sqrt{d}i}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ci x^2 + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}+\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{d}}}\right) cx^2}{8ad^2x^2}$$

input `int((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^2)/x^4,x)`



output

```
( - 2*sqrt(d)*atan((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d)))  
*c*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*d - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x -  
sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)*i + sqrt(d)*i)/sqrt(d))*c*i*x**2 + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 +  
d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)*i - sqrt(d)*i)/sqrt(d))*c*i*x**2)/(8*a*d**2*x**2)
```

**3.219**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2(2ad+acx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1781
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1781
Rubi [A] (verified)	1782
Maple [B] (verified)	1784
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1785
Sympy [F]	1785
Maxima [F]	1786
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1786
Mupad [F(-1)]	1786
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1787

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2(2ad+acx^2)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{4adx} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}x}\right)}{4ad^{3/2}}$$

output

$-1/4*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/a/d/x+1/4*c*\arctan(d^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x)/a/d^(3/2)$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2(2ad+acx^2)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{d} + \frac{c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}x^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+cx^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{d^{3/2}\sqrt{d+cx^2}} \frac{1}{4ax}$$

input

`Integrate[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(x^2*(2*a*d + a*c*x^2)),x]`

output

$$-1/4*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]/d + (c*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2]*x^2*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d]])/(d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[d + c*x^2]))/(a*x)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {1016, 997, 380, 27, 291, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2 (acx^2 + 2ad)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1016} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^4 \left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{997} \\ & - \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^2}\right) x^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{380} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{c^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(c + \frac{2d}{x^2}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{4ad} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4adx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \left(c + \frac{2d}{x^2}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{4ad} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4adx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{291} \\ & \frac{c^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{dc}{x^2} + c} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x}}{4ad} - \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{4adx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{x\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}\right)}{4ad^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{4adx}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(x^2*(2*a*d + a*c*x^2)),x]`

output `-1/4*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]/(a*d*x) + (c*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)))/(4*a*d^(3/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 291 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 380 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m-1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p+1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q-1)*Simp[a*c*(m-1) + (a*d*(m-1) - 2*q*(b*c - a*d))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 997 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^(m+2)), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1016

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !I
ntegerQ[p])
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs. 2(47) = 94.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} \left( -2\sqrt{cx^2+d}\sqrt{-d}cx^2 - \ln\left(-\frac{2c(\sqrt{-2cd}x + \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{cx^2+d+d})}{-cx + \sqrt{-2cd}}\right) \right) cdx^2 - \ln\left(-\frac{2c(\sqrt{-2cd}x - \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{cx^2+d-d})}{cx + \sqrt{-2cd}}\right) cdx^2 + 2(c$
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{4dxa} + \frac{c \ln\left(\frac{-2d+2\sqrt{-2cd}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c}\right)+2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{c\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c}\right)^2+2\sqrt{-2cd}\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c}\right)-d}}{x-\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c}}\right)}{8d\sqrt{-d}} + \frac{c \ln\left(\frac{-2d-2\sqrt{-2cd}\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c}\right)}{x+\frac{\sqrt{-2cd}}{c}}\right)}{8d\sqrt{-d}} + \frac{a\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{4dxa}$

input

```
int((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(a*c*x^2+2*a*d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(-2*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)*(-d)^(1/2)*c*x^2-ln(-2*c*
((-2*c*d)^(1/2)*x+(-d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)+d)/(-c*x+(-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*c*d
*x^2-ln(-2*c*((-2*c*d)^(1/2)*x-(-d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)-d)/(c*x+(-2*c*d)
^(1/2)))*c*d*x^2+2*(c*x^2+d)^(3/2)*(-d)^(1/2))/(c*x^2+d)^(1/2)/a/d^2/(-d)^(
1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2 (2ad + acx^2)} dx = \left[ \frac{c\sqrt{-d}x \log\left(\frac{c^2x^4 + 4c\sqrt{-d}x^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - 4cdx^2 - 4d^2}{c^2x^4 + 4cdx^2 + 4d^2}\right) + 4d\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{16ad^2x}, \right. \\ \left. \frac{c\sqrt{d}x \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{d}x^3\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{2(cd x^2 + d^2)}\right) + 2d\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}{8ad^2x} \right]$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(a*c*x^2+2*a*d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/16*(c*sqrt(-d)*x*log((c^2*x^4 + 4*c*sqrt(-d)*x^3*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - 4*c*d*x^2 - 4*d^2)/(c^2*x^4 + 4*c*d*x^2 + 4*d^2)) + 4*d*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(a*d^2*x), -1/8*(c*sqrt(d)*x*arctan(1/2*c*sqrt(d)*x^3*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)/(c*d*x^2 + d^2)) + 2*d*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(a*d^2*x)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2 (2ad + acx^2)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{cx^4 + 2dx^2} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x**2)**(1/2)/x**2/(a*c*x**2+2*a*d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d/x**2)/(c*x**4 + 2*d*x**2), x)/a`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2 (2ad + acx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{(acx^2 + 2ad)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(a*c*x^2+2*a*d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c + d/x^2)/((a*c*x^2 + 2*a*d)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2 (2ad + acx^2)} dx = -\frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{4ad^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{4adx^2}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(a*c*x^2+2*a*d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*c*arctan(sqrt(c*x^2 + d)/sqrt(d))*sgn(x)/(a*d^(3/2)) - 1/4*sqrt(c*x^2 + d)*sgn(x)/(a*d*x^2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2 (2ad + acx^2)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2 (acx^2 + 2ad)} dx$$

input `int((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(2*a*d + a*c*x^2)),x)`

output `int((c + d/x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(2*a*d + a*c*x^2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{x^2 (2ad + acx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{d}}\right) cx^2 - 2\sqrt{cx^2+d}d - \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x - \sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}i + \sqrt{d}i}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ci x^2 + \sqrt{d} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d} + \sqrt{c}x + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{2}i + \sqrt{d}i}{\sqrt{d}}\right) ci x^2}{8ad^2x^2}$$

input `int((c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(a*c*x^2+2*a*d),x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(d)*atan((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(d)))*c*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*d - sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x - sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)*i + sqrt(d)*i)/sqrt(d))*c*i*x**2 + sqrt(d)*log((sqrt(c*x**2 + d) + sqrt(c)*x + sqrt(d)*sqrt(2)*i - sqrt(d)*i)/sqrt(d))*c*i*x**2)/(8*a*d**2*x**2)`



**3.220** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right)x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	1788
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1789
Rubi [C] (verified)	1789
Maple [F]	1791
Fricas [F(-1)]	1792
Sympy [F]	1792
Maxima [F]	1792
Giac [F]	1793
Mupad [F(-1)]	1793
Reduce [F]	1793

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right)x^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{4adx} - \frac{c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \arctan\left(\frac{c^{2/3-2} 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{d}\sqrt[3]{\frac{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}{x^3}}}{\sqrt{3}c^{2/3}}\right)}{4 \cdot 2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}ad^{4/3}\sqrt[3]{\frac{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}{x^3}}x}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \log\left(c^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{d}\sqrt[3]{\frac{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}{x^3}}\right)}{8 \cdot 2^{2/3}ad^{4/3}\sqrt[3]{\frac{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}{x^3}}x}$$

$$- \frac{c^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \log\left(c + \frac{2d}{x^3}\right)}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}ad^{4/3}\sqrt[3]{\frac{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}{x^3}}x}$$

output

$$-1/4*(c+d/x^3)^{(1/3)}/a/d/x-1/24*c^{(2/3)}*(c+d/x^3)^{(1/3)}*\arctan(1/3*(c^{(2/3)}-2*2^{(2/3)}*d^{(1/3)}*((c+d/x^3)/x^3)^{(1/3)})*3^{(1/2)}/c^{(2/3)})*2^{(1/3)}*3^{(1/2)}/a/d^{(4/3)}/((c+d/x^3)/x^3)^{(1/3)}/x+1/16*c^{(2/3)}*(c+d/x^3)^{(1/3)}*\ln(c^{(2/3)}+2^{(2/3)}*d^{(1/3)}*((c+d/x^3)/x^3)^{(1/3)})*2^{(1/3)}/a/d^{(4/3)}/((c+d/x^3)/x^3)^{(1/3)}/x-1/24*c^{(2/3)}*(c+d/x^3)^{(1/3)}*\ln(c+2*d/x^3)*2^{(1/3)}/a/d^{(4/3)}/((c+d/x^3)/x^3)^{(1/3)}/x$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 11.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right) x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \left(8d(d + cx^3) + c^2 x^6 \left(1 + \frac{cx^3}{d}\right)^{2/3} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{cx^3}{d}, -\frac{cx^3}{2d}\right)\right)}{32ad^2 x (d + cx^3)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(c + d/x^3)^{(1/3)}/((a*c + (2*a*d)/x^3)*x^5), x]$$

output

$$-1/32*((c + d/x^3)^{(1/3)}*(8*d*(d + c*x^3) + c^2*x^6*(1 + (c*x^3)/d)^{(2/3)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}[4/3, 2/3, 1, 7/3, -((c*x^3)/d), -1/2*(c*x^3)/d]))/(a*d^2*x*(d + c*x^3))$$
**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {997, 1013, 27, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^5 \left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 997 \\
& - \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right) x^3} d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1013 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{d}{cx^3} + 1}}{a\left(c + \frac{2d}{x^3}\right) x^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{d}{cx^3} + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{d}{cx^3} + 1}}{\left(c + \frac{2d}{x^3}\right) x^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{a \sqrt[3]{\frac{d}{cx^3} + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1012 \\
& \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, 1, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2d}{cx^3}, -\frac{d}{cx^3}\right)}{4acx^4 \sqrt[3]{\frac{d}{cx^3} + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x^3)^(1/3)/((a*c + (2*a*d)/x^3)*x^5),x]`

output `-1/4*((c + d/x^3)^(1/3)*AppellF1[4/3, 1, -1/3, 7/3, (-2*d)/(c*x^3), -(d/(c*x^3))])/(a*c*(1 + d/(c*x^3))^(1/3)*x^4)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 997 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*(c + d/x^n)^q/x^(m + 2)], x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^3})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}) x^5} dx$$

input `int((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^3)/x^5,x)`

output `int((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^3)/x^5,x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right) x^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^3)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right) x^5} dx = \frac{\int \sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{cx^5 + 2dx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x**3)**(1/3)/(a*c+2*a*d/x**3)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((c + d/x**3)**(1/3)/(c*x**5 + 2*d*x**2), x)/a`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right) x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right) x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^3)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c + d/x^3)^(1/3)/((a*c + 2*a*d/x^3)*x^5), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right) x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right) x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^3)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c + d/x^3)^(1/3)/((a*c + 2*a*d/x^3)*x^5), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right) x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^5 \left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right)} dx$$

input `int((c + d/x^3)^(1/3)/(x^5*(a*c + (2*a*d)/x^3)),x)`

output `int((c + d/x^3)^(1/3)/(x^5*(a*c + (2*a*d)/x^3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{\left(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}\right) x^5} dx = \frac{-(cx^3 + d)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \left(\int \frac{(cx^3 + d)^{\frac{1}{3}} x^3}{c^2 x^6 + 3cdx^3 + 2d^2} dx\right) c^2 x^2}{4ad x^2}$$

input `int((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/(a*c+2*a*d/x^3)/x^5,x)`

output `( - ((c*x**3 + d)**(1/3) + int(((c*x**3 + d)**(1/3)*x**3)/(c**2*x**6 + 3*c*d*x**3 + 2*d**2),x)*c**2*x**2))/(4*a*d*x**2)`

**3.221**  $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2(2ad+acx^3)} dx$

Optimal result	1794
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1795
Rubi [C] (verified)	1795
Maple [F]	1797
Fricas [F(-1)]	1798
Sympy [F]	1798
Maxima [F]	1798
Giac [F]	1799
Mupad [F(-1)]	1799
Reduce [F]	1799

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2(2ad + acx^3)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{4adx} - \frac{c^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \arctan\left(\frac{c^{2/3-2} 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{\frac{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}{x^3}}}{\sqrt{3}c^{2/3}}\right)}{4 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} ad^{4/3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}{x^3}} x} + \frac{c^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \log\left(c^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{d} \sqrt[3]{\frac{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}{x^3}}\right)}{8 \cdot 2^{2/3} ad^{4/3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}{x^3}} x} - \frac{c^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \log\left(c + \frac{2d}{x^3}\right)}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3} ad^{4/3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}{x^3}} x}$$

output

$$-1/4*(c+d/x^3)^{(1/3)}/a/d/x-1/24*c^{(2/3)}*(c+d/x^3)^{(1/3)}*\arctan(1/3*(c^{(2/3)}-2*2^{(2/3)}*d^{(1/3)}*((c+d/x^3)/x^3)^{(1/3)})*3^{(1/2)}/c^{(2/3)}*2^{(1/3)}*3^{(1/2)})/a/d^{(4/3)}/((c+d/x^3)/x^3)^{(1/3)}/x+1/16*c^{(2/3)}*(c+d/x^3)^{(1/3)}*\ln(c^{(2/3)}+2^{(2/3)}*d^{(1/3)}*((c+d/x^3)/x^3)^{(1/3)})*2^{(1/3)}/a/d^{(4/3)}/((c+d/x^3)/x^3)^{(1/3)}/x-1/24*c^{(2/3)}*(c+d/x^3)^{(1/3)}*\ln(c+2*d/x^3)*2^{(1/3)}/a/d^{(4/3)}/((c+d/x^3)/x^3)^{(1/3)}/x$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 11.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2 (2ad + acx^3)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \left( 8d(d + cx^3) + c^2 x^6 \left( 1 + \frac{cx^3}{d} \right)^{2/3} \text{AppellF1} \left( \frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{cx^3}{d}, -\frac{cx^3}{2d} \right) \right)}{32ad^2 x (d + cx^3)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(c + d/x^3)^{(1/3)}/(x^2*(2*a*d + a*c*x^3)),x]$$

output

$$-1/32*((c + d/x^3)^{(1/3)}*(8*d*(d + c*x^3) + c^2*x^6*(1 + (c*x^3)/d)^{(2/3)}*\text{AppellF1}[4/3, 2/3, 1, 7/3, -((c*x^3)/d), -1/2*(c*x^3)/d]))/(a*d^2*x*(d + c*x^3))$$
**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$ , Rules used = {1016, 997, 1013, 27, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2 (acx^3 + 2ad)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1016} \\
& \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^5 (ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3})} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{997} \\
& - \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{(ac + \frac{2ad}{x^3}) x^3} d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
& \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{d}{cx^3} + 1}}{a(c + \frac{2d}{x^3}) x^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{d}{cx^3} + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{d}{cx^3} + 1}}{(c + \frac{2d}{x^3}) x^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{a \sqrt[3]{\frac{d}{cx^3} + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
& \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, 1, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{2d}{cx^3}, -\frac{d}{cx^3}\right)}{4acx^4 \sqrt[3]{\frac{d}{cx^3} + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x^3)^(1/3)/(x^2*(2*a*d + a*c*x^3)),x]`

output `-1/4*((c + d/x^3)^(1/3)*AppellF1[4/3, 1, -1/3, 7/3, (-2*d)/(c*x^3), -(d/(c*x^3))])/(a*c*(1 + d/(c*x^3))^(1/3)*x^4)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 997 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*(c + d/x^n)^q/x^(m + 2)], x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1012 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1016 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2 (acx^3 + 2ad)} dx$$

input `int((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/x^2/(a*c*x^3+2*a*d),x)`

output `int((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/x^2/(a*c*x^3+2*a*d),x)`

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2(2ad + acx^3)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/x^2/(a*c*x^3+2*a*d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2(2ad + acx^3)} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{cx^5 + 2dx^2} dx}{a}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x**3)**(1/3)/x**2/(a*c*x**3+2*a*d),x)`

output `Integral((c + d/x**3)**(1/3)/(c*x**5 + 2*d*x**2), x)/a`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2(2ad + acx^3)} dx = \int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^3})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(acx^3 + 2ad)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/x^2/(a*c*x^3+2*a*d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c + d/x^3)^(1/3)/((a*c*x^3 + 2*a*d)*x^2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2(2ad + acx^3)} dx = \int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^3})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(acx^3 + 2ad)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/x^2/(a*c*x^3+2*a*d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c + d/x^3)^(1/3)/((a*c*x^3 + 2*a*d)*x^2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2(2ad + acx^3)} dx = \int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x^3})^{1/3}}{x^2(acx^3 + 2ad)} dx$$

input `int((c + d/x^3)^(1/3)/(x^2*(2*a*d + a*c*x^3)),x)`

output `int((c + d/x^3)^(1/3)/(x^2*(2*a*d + a*c*x^3)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c + \frac{d}{x^3}}}{x^2(2ad + acx^3)} dx = \frac{-(cx^3 + d)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \left( \int \frac{(cx^3 + d)^{\frac{1}{3}} x^3}{c^2 x^6 + 3cdx^3 + 2d^2} dx \right) c^2 x^2}{4ad x^2}$$

input `int((c+d/x^3)^(1/3)/x^2/(a*c*x^3+2*a*d),x)`

output

```
( - ((c*x**3 + d)**(1/3) + int(((c*x**3 + d)**(1/3)*x**3)/(c**2*x**6 + 3*c
*d*x**3 + 2*d**2),x)*c**2*x**2))/(4*a*d*x**2)
```

**3.222**  $\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1801
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1801
Rubi [A] (verified)	1802
Maple [A] (verified)	1803
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1804
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1804
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1805
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1805
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1806
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1806

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{4a^2\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{9b^4} - \frac{2x^3\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{9b^2}$$

output `-4/9*a^2*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/b^4-2/9*x^3*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/b^2`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}(2a^2+b^2x^3)}{9b^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]*(2*a^2 + b^2*x^3))/(9*b^4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$ , Rules used = {799, 111, 27, 83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{799} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{111} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{2a^2 x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{3b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{2a^2 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{3b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{83} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{3b^4} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{3b^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `(2*((-2*a^2*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])/(3*b^4) - (x^3*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])/(3*b^2)))/3`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 83 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]`

rule 111 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 2)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m - 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*m + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m + n) + c*f*(m + p)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 799 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a1 + b1*x)^p*(a2 + b2*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/(2*n)]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
orering	$-\frac{2(b^2x^3+2a^2)(-b^2x^3+a^2)}{9b^4\sqrt{a-bx}^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a+bx}^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	50

input `int(x^5/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output 
$$-2/9*(b^2*x^3+2*a^2)/b^4*(-b^2*x^3+a^2)/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2(b^2x^3+2a^2)\sqrt{bx^{3/2}+a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2}+a}}{9b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-2/9*(b^2*x^3+2*a^2)*\text{sqrt}(b*x^(3/2)+a)*\text{sqrt}(-b*x^(3/2)+a)/b^4$$

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx =$$

$$\frac{ia^3 G_{6,6}^{6,2} \left( \begin{matrix} -\frac{5}{4}, -\frac{3}{4} \\ -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{5}{4}, -1, -\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}, 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \begin{matrix} -1, -1, -\frac{1}{2}, 1 \\ \frac{a^2}{b^2 x^3} \end{matrix} \right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} b^4}$$

$$- \frac{a^3 G_{6,6}^{2,6} \left( \begin{matrix} -2, -\frac{7}{4}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{5}{4}, -1, 1 \\ -\frac{7}{4}, -\frac{5}{4} \end{matrix} \middle| \begin{matrix} -2, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, 0 \\ \frac{a^2 e^{-2i\pi}}{b^2 x^3} \end{matrix} \right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} b^4}$$

input `integrate(x**5/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2),x)`

output

```
-I*a**3*meijerg((( -5/4, -3/4), (-1, -1, -1/2, 1)), ((-3/2, -5/4, -1, -3/4,
-1/2, 0), ()), a**2/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**4) - a**3*meijerg((( -2,
-7/4, -3/2, -5/4, -1, 1), ()), ((-7/4, -5/4), (-2, -3/2, -3/2, 0)), a**2*e
xp_polar(-2*I*pi)/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**4)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-b^2x^3 + a^2}x^3}{9b^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{-b^2x^3 + a^2}a^2}{9b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima
")
```

output

```
-2/9*sqrt(-b^2*x^3 + a^2)*x^3/b^2 - 4/9*sqrt(-b^2*x^3 + a^2)*a^2/b^4
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}\left(\left(bx^{3/2} + a\right)\left(\frac{bx^{3/2} + a}{b^3} - \frac{2a}{b^3}\right) + \frac{3a^2}{b^3}\right)}{9b}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2/9*sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)*((b*x^(3/2) + a)*((b*x^(3/2)
+ a)/b^3 - 2*a/b^3) + 3*a^2/b^3)/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \left( \frac{4a^3}{9b^4} + \frac{2x^{9/2}}{9b} + \frac{2ax^3}{9b^2} + \frac{4a^2x^{3/2}}{9b^3} \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}$$

input `int(x^5/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`output `-((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*((4*a^3)/(9*b^4) + (2*x^(9/2))/(9*b) + (2*a*x^3)/(9*b^2) + (4*a^2*x^(3/2))/(9*b^3)))/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx + a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx + a}(-b^2x^3 - 2a^2)}{9b^4}$$

input `int(x^5/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt(-sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*(-2*a**2 - b**2*x**3))/(9*b**4)`

$$3.223 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	1807
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1807
Rubi [A] (verified)	1808
Maple [A] (verified)	1808
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1809
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1810
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1810
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1811
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1811
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1811

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{3b^2}$$

output  $-2/3*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/b^2$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{3b^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output  $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^(3/2)]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^(3/2)])/(3*b^2)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.032$ , Rules used = {794}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

↓ 794

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{3b^2}$$

input `Int[x^2/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])/(3*b^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 794 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(2*b1*b2*n*(p + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && EqQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{3b^2}$	25
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{3b^2}$	25
orering	$-\frac{2(-b^2x^3+a^2)}{3b^2\sqrt{a-bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}}$	37

input `int(x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/b^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a}\sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a}}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)/b^2`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{iaG_{6,6}^{6,2}\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} & 0, 0, \frac{1}{2}, 1 \\ -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, 0, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2}{b^2x^3}\right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2} - \frac{aG_{6,6}^{2,6}\left(\begin{matrix} -1, -\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, 0, 1 \\ -\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{1}{4} & -1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2e^{-2i\pi}}{b^2x^3}\right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `-I*a*meijerg(((1/4, 1/4), (0, 0, 1/2, 1)), ((-1/2, -1/4, 0, 1/4, 1/2, 0), ()), a**2/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**2) - a*meijerg(((1, -3/4, -1/2, -1/4, 0, 1), ()), ((-3/4, -1/4), (-1, -1/2, -1/2, 0)), a**2*exp_polar(-2*I*pi)/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**2)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-b^2x^3+a^2}}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(-b^2*x^3 + a^2)/b^2`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/3*sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)/b^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \left( \frac{2a}{3b^2} + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} \right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}$$

input `int(x^2/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`output `-((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*((2*a)/(3*b^2) + (2*x^(3/2))/(3*b)))/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx + a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx + a}}{3b^2}$$

input `int(x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt( - sqrt(x)*b*x + a))/(3*b**2)`



$$3.224 \quad \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	1812
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1812
Rubi [A] (verified)	1813
Maple [C] (verified)	1814
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1815
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1815
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1816
Giac [F(-2)]	1816
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1816
Reduce [F]	1817

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{a}\right)}{3a}$$

output

```
-2/3*arctanh((a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/a)/a
```

### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 79 vs. 2(39) = 78.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{2\log\left(-\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}+\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}\right)}{3a} - \frac{2\log\left(a\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}+a\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}\right)}{3a}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]
```

output  $(2*\text{Log}[-\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^{(3/2)}] + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^{(3/2)}]]/(3*a) - (2*\text{Log}[a*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^{(3/2)}] + a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^{(3/2)}]]/(3*a)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {799, 103, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{799} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{103} \\ & -\frac{2}{3}b \int \frac{1}{a^2b - bx^3} d\left(\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & -\frac{2\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{a}\right)}{3a} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(x*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^{(3/2)}]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^{(3/2)}]),x]$

output  $(-2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^{(3/2)}]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^{(3/2)}])/a])/ (3*a)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 103  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*f \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(d*(b*e - a*f)^2 + b*f^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*b*d * e - f*(b*c + a*d), 0]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 799  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)*((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_.)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1)*(a1 + b1*x)^p*(a2 + b2*x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a1, b1, a2, b2, m, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/(2*n)]]$

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\ln\left(\frac{2a(\text{csgn}(a)\sqrt{-b^2x^3+a^2+a})}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{3a\sqrt{-b^2x^3+a^2}}\text{csgn}(a)$	67
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\ln\left(\frac{2a(\text{csgn}(a)\sqrt{-b^2x^3+a^2+a})}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{3a\sqrt{-b^2x^3+a^2}}\text{csgn}(a)$	67

input `int(1/x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/3*(a-b*x^{(3/2)})^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^{(3/2)})^{(1/2)}/a*\ln(2*a*(\text{csgn}(a)*(-b^2*x^3+a^2)^{(1/2)+a}/x^{(3/2)})*\text{csgn}(a)/(-b^2*x^3+a^2)^{(1/2)}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{bx^{3/2}+a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2}+a}+a\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{bx^{3/2}+a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2}+a}-a\right)}{3a}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/3*(log(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a) + a) - log(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a) - a))/a
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 18.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{iG_{6,6}^{5,3} \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, 1 & 1, 1, \frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, 1, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{3}{2} & 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2}{b^2x^3} \right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}a} - \frac{G_{6,6}^{2,6} \left( \begin{matrix} 0, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, 1, 1 \\ \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} & 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2e^{-2i\pi}}{b^2x^3} \right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}a}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
I*meijerg(((3/4, 5/4, 1), (1, 1, 3/2)), ((1/2, 3/4, 1, 5/4, 3/2), (0,)), a**2/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*a) - meijerg(((0, 1/4, 1/2, 3/4, 1, 1), ()), ((1/4, 3/4), (0, 1/2, 1/2, 0)), a**2*exp_polar(-2*I*pi)/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*a)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2 \log\left(\frac{2a^2}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-b^2x^3+a^2}a}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{3a}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*log(2*a^2/x^(3/2) + 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^3 + a^2)*a/x^(3/2))/a`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \ln \left( \frac{(\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}-\sqrt{a})^2}{(\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}-\sqrt{a})^2} - 1 \right) - \ln \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}-\sqrt{a}} \right) \right)}{3a}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output

```
(2*(log(((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2/((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2 - 1) - log(((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))/((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))))/(3*a)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx + a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx + a}}{-b^2x^4 + a^2x} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt(-sqrt(x)*b*x + a))/(a**2*x - b**2*x**4),x)
```

**3.225**  $\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	1818
Rubi [A] (verified)	1819
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Reduce [F]	1824

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{3a^2 x^3} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{a}\right)}{3a^3}$$

output `-1/3*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/a^2/x^3-1/3*b^2*arctanh((a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/a)/a^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}} + 2b^2 x^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}\right)}{3a^3 x^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `-1/3*(a*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)] + 2*b^2*x^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]])/(a^3*x^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$ , Rules used = {799, 114, 25, 27, 103, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{799} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^{9/2} \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{114} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{\int -\frac{b^2}{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx^{3/2}}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2}{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx^{3/2}}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx^{3/2}}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{103} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{b^3 \int \frac{1}{a^2 b - bx^3} d\left(\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\right)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{a}\right)}{2a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[1/(x^4*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `(2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])/(a^2*x^3) - (b^2*ArcTan  
h[(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]/a)/(2*a^3)))/3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma  
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 103 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))  
), x_] := Simp[b*f Subst[Int[1/(d*(b*e - a*f)^2 + b*f^2*x^2), x], x, Sq  
rt[a + b*x]*Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[2*b*d  
*e - f*(b*c + a*d), 0]`

rule 114 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)  
)^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1  
))/(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e  
- a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1  
- b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x],  
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] ||  
IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x  
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 799 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(  
p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a1 + b1  
*x)^p*(a2 + b2*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, m, n, p}, x]  
&& EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/(2*n)]]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{\frac{3}{2}}} \sqrt{a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{b^2 x^3 \log\left(\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} + a\right) - b^2 x^3 \log\left(\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} - a\right) + 2 \sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a}}{6 a^3 x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(b^2*x^3*log(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a) + a) - b^2*x^3*log(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a) - a) + 2*sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)*a)/(a^3*x^3)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{b^2 \log\left(\frac{2a^2}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{-b^2x^3 + a^2}}{x^{3/2}}\right)}{3a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^3 + a^2}}{3a^2x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*b^2*log(2*a^2/x^(3/2) + 2*sqrt(-b^2*x^3 + a^2)*a/x^(3/2))/a^3 - 1/3*sqrt(-b^2*x^3 + a^2)/(a^2*x^3)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.62

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{b^3 \log\left(\left| -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}} + 2 \right|\right)}{a^3} - \frac{b^3 \log\left(\left| -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}} - 2 \right|\right)}{a^3} - \frac{4\left(b^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}}\right)\right)}{3b}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/3*(b^3*log(abs(-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) - sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a))/sqrt(b*x^(3/2)
+ a) + sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)/(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) - sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)) + 2))
/a^3 - b^3*log(abs(-(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) - sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a))/sqrt(b*x^(3/2)
) + a) + sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)/(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) - sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)) - 2)
)/a^3 - 4*(b^3*((sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) - sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a))/sqrt(b*x^(3/2) +
a) - sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)/(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) - sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)))^3 + 4*b
^3*((sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) - sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a))/sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a) - sqrt(b*
x^(3/2) + a)/(sqrt(2)*sqrt(a) - sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)))/(((sqrt(2)*sqrt(a)
) - sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a))/sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a) - sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)/(sqrt(
2)*sqrt(a) - sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)))^2 - 4)^2*a^3)/b

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.30

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{b^2 \ln \left( \frac{(\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^2}{(\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^2} - 1 \right)}{3a^3}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{b^2 (\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^2}{(\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^2} - \frac{b^2}{2} + \frac{15b^2 (\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^4}{2(\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^4}}{\frac{24a^3 (\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^2}{(\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^2} - \frac{48a^3 (\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^4}{(\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^4} + \frac{24a^3 (\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^6}{(\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^6}}$$

$$- \frac{b^2 \ln \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a}} \right)}{3a^3} + \frac{b^2 (\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^2}{48a^3 (\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} - \sqrt{a})^2}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
(b^2*log(((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2/((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2 - 1))/(3*a^3) - ((b^2*((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2)/((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2 - b^2/2 + (15*b^2*((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^4)/(2*((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^4))/((24*a^3*((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2)/((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2 - (48*a^3*((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^4)/((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^4 + (24*a^3*((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^6)/((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^6) - (b^2*log(((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))/((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))))/(3*a^3) + (b^2*((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2)/(48*a^3*((a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2) - a^(1/2))^2)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx+a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx+a} + 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx+a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx+a}}{-b^2x^4+a^2x} dx\right) b^2x^3}{6a^2x^3}$$

input

```
int(1/x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt( - sqrt(x)*b*x + a) + 3*int((sqrt(sqrt(x))*b*x + a)*sqrt( - sqrt(x)*b*x + a))/(a**2*x - b**2*x**4),x)*b**2*x**3)/(6*a**2*x**3)
```

**3.226**  $\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1825
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1826
Rubi [A] (verified)	1826
Maple [F]	1828
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1828
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1829
Maxima [F]	1829
Giac [F]	1830
Mupad [F(-1)]	1830
Reduce [F]	1830

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 309

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{16a^2x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{55b^4} - \frac{2x^4\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{11b^2} - \frac{32\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}a^4(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{55\sqrt{3}b^{14/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

output

```
-16/55*a^2*x*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/b^4-2/11*x^4*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/b^2-32/165*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*a^4*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)*((a^(4/3)+a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x+b^(4/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/b^(14/3)/(a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2^(1/2)/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{x^7 \sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{3}; \frac{10}{3}; \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}\right)}{7\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}$$

input `Integrate[x^6/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `(x^7*Sqrt[1 - (b^2*x^3)/a^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/2, 7/3}, {10/3}, (b^2*x^3)/a^2])/(7*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$ , Rules used = {845, 845, 785, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 845 \\ & \frac{8a^2 \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx}{11b^2} - \frac{2x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{11b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 845 \\ & \frac{8a^2 \left( \frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx}{5b^2} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5b^2} \right)}{11b^2} - \frac{2x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{11b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 785 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{8a^2 \left( \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3}} dx}{5b^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} - \frac{2x \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5b^2} \right)}{11b^2} - \frac{2x^4 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{11b^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
& \frac{8a^2 \left( -\frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}a^2(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+a^{4/3}+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5^4\sqrt{3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}}{2x^4\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{5b^2} \right)}{11b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^6/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(-2x^4\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}})/(11b^2) + (8a^2*((-2x*\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}})/(5b^2) - (4\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}})*a^{2/3}*(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)*\sqrt{(a^{4/3} + a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x + b^{4/3}x^2)/((1 + \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2})*\operatorname{EllipticF}[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\frac{(1 - \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}{(1 + \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}], -7 - 4\sqrt{3}])/(5*3^{1/4}*b^{8/3}*\sqrt{(a^{2/3}*(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x))/((1 + \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2})*\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}*\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}})))/(11b^2)}{2x^4\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 785 `Int[((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`



rule 845

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a1*a2*c^(2*n)*((m - 2*n + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a - bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\sqrt{a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}} dx$$

input `int(x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 16 \sqrt{-b^2} a^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left( 0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, x \right) + (5b^4x^4 + 8a^2b^2x) \sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \right)}{55b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/55*(16*sqrt(-b^2)*a^4*weierstrassPInverse(0, 4*a^2/b^2, x) + (5*b^4*x^4 + 8*a^2*b^2*x)*sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a))/b^6`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 103.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{ia^{\frac{11}{3}} G_{6,6}^{5,3} \left( \begin{matrix} -\frac{19}{12}, -\frac{13}{12}, 1 \\ -\frac{11}{6}, -\frac{19}{12}, -\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{13}{12}, -\frac{5}{6} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2}{b^2 x^3} \right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} b^{\frac{14}{3}}} + \frac{a^{\frac{11}{3}} G_{6,6}^{2,6} \left( \begin{matrix} -\frac{7}{3}, -\frac{25}{12}, -\frac{11}{6}, -\frac{19}{12}, -\frac{4}{3}, 1 \\ -\frac{25}{12}, -\frac{19}{12} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2 e^{-2i\pi}}{b^2 x^3} \right) e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} b^{\frac{14}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x**6/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2), x)`

output `I*a**(11/3)*meijerg((( -19/12, -13/12, 1), (-4/3, -4/3, -5/6)), (( -11/6, -19/12, -4/3, -13/12, -5/6), (0,)), a**2/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**(14/3)) + a**(11/3)*meijerg((( -7/3, -25/12, -11/6, -19/12, -4/3, 1), ()), (( -25/12, -19/12), (-7/3, -11/6, -11/6, 0)), a**2*exp_polar(-2*I*pi)/(b**2*x**3))*exp(I*pi/3)/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**(14/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^6/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^6/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^6/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^6/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{-\frac{16\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx+a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx+a}a^2x}{55} - \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx+a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx+a}b^2x^4}{11}}{b^4} + \frac{16\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx+a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx+a}}{-b^2x^3+a^2}\right)}{55}$$

input `int(x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(-8*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt(-sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*a**2*x - 5*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt(-sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*b**2*x**4 + 8*int((sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt(-sqrt(x)*b*x + a))/(a**2 - b**2*x**3),x)*a**4))/(55*b**4)`

**3.227**  $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1831
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1832
Rubi [A] (verified)	1832
Maple [F]	1834
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1834
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1835
Maxima [F]	1835
Giac [F]	1836
Mupad [F(-1)]	1836
Reduce [F]	1836

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{5b^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}a^2(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5\sqrt[4]{3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

output

```
-2/5*x*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/b^2-4/15*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2
^(1/2))*a^2*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)*((a^(4/3)+a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x+b^(4/3)*x^2)/
(1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(
2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/b^(8/3)/(a^
(2/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)/(a-b*x^
(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}; \frac{7}{3}; \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `(x^4*Sqrt[1 - (b^2*x^3)/a^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/2, 4/3}, {7/3}, (b^2*x^3)/a^2])/(4*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {845, 785, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{845} \\ & \frac{2a^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx}{5b^2} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{785} \\ & \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}} dx}{5b^2\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5b^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}a^2(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+a^{4/3}+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right),-7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{5\sqrt[4]{3}b^{8/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

$$\frac{2x\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{5b^2}$$

input `Int[x^3/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `(-2*x*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]/(5*b^2) - (4*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*a^2*(a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)*Sqrt[(a^(4/3) + a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x + b^(4/3)*x^2]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(5*3^(1/4)*b^(8/3)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2]*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 785 `Int[((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 845

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_)+(b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_)+(b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n-1)*(c*x)^(m-2*n+1)*(a1+b1*x^n)^(p+1)*((a2+b2*x^n)^(p+1)/(b1*b2*(m+2*n*p+1))), x] - Simp[a1*a2*c^(2*n)*((m-2*n+1)/(b1*b2*(m+2*n*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m-2*n)*(a1+b1*x^n)^p*(a2+b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1+a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n-1] && NeQ[m+2*n*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a-bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\sqrt{a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = 2 \left( \sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a} b^2 x + 2 \sqrt{-b^2 a^2} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left( 0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, x \right) \right)}{5b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/5*(sqrt(b*x^(3/2)+a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2)+a)*b^2*x+2*sqrt(-b^2)*a^2*weierstrassPInverse(0,4*a^2/b^2,x))/b^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{ia^{\frac{5}{3}}G_{6,6}^{5,3} \left( \begin{matrix} -\frac{7}{12}, -\frac{1}{12}, 1 & -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{6} \\ -\frac{5}{6}, -\frac{7}{12}, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{6} & 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2}{b^2x^3} \right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{a^{\frac{5}{3}}G_{6,6}^{2,6} \left( \begin{matrix} -\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{13}{12}, -\frac{5}{6}, -\frac{7}{12}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1 \\ -\frac{13}{12}, -\frac{7}{12} & -\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{5}{6}, -\frac{5}{6}, 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2e^{-2i\pi}}{b^2x^3} \right) e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2), x)`

output `I*a**(5/3)*meijerg((-7/12, -1/12, 1), (-1/3, -1/3, 1/6)), ((-5/6, -7/12, -1/3, -1/12, 1/6), (0,)), a**2/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**(8/3)) + a**(5/3)*meijerg((-4/3, -13/12, -5/6, -7/12, -1/3, 1), ()), ((-13/12, -7/12), (-4/3, -5/6, -5/6, 0)), a**2*exp_polar(-2*I*pi)/(b**2*x**3))*exp(I*pi/3)/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**(8/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^3/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx+a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx+a}x}{5} + \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx+a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx+a}}{-b^2x^3+a^2} dx\right)a^2}{5}}{b^2}$$

input `int(x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*( - sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt( - sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*x + int((sqrt(sqrt(x)  
) *b*x + a)*sqrt( - sqrt(x)*b*x + a))/(a**2 - b**2*x**3),x)*a**2)/(5*b**2)`

**3.228**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1837
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1838
Rubi [A] (verified)	1838
Maple [F]	1839
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1840
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1840
Maxima [F]	1841
Giac [F]	1841
Mupad [F(-1)]	1841
Reduce [F]	1842

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 228

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)*((a^(4/3)+a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x+b^(4/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x), I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/b^(2/3)/(a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 4.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2x^3}{a^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{b^2x^3}{a^2}\right)}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 - (b^2*x^3)/a^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, (b^2*x^3)/a^2])/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {785, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{785} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}}(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x + a^{4/3} + b^{4/3}x^2}{((1 + \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1 - \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}{(1 + \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}\right), -7 - 4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)}{((1 + \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2}} \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)*Sqrt[(a^(4/3) + a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)  
)*x + b^(4/3)*x^2]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2*EllipticF[ArcSin  
[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)],  
-7 - 4*Sqrt[3]]/(3^(1/4)*b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x))/((  
1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2]*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2  
)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :=> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],  
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s  
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*  
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s  
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &  
& PosQ[a]`

rule 785 `Int[((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Sy  
mbol] :=> Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 +  
b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; Fre  
eQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\sqrt{a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-b^2}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, x\right)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2*sqrt(-b^2)*weierstrassPInverse(0, 4*a^2/b^2, x)/b^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{iG_{6,6}^{5,3}\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{5}{12}, \frac{11}{12}, 1 \\ \frac{1}{6}, \frac{5}{12}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{11}{12}, \frac{7}{6} \end{matrix} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{6} \\ 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2}{b^2x^3}\right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt[3]{ab^{\frac{2}{3}}}} + \frac{G_{6,6}^{2,6}\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{5}{12}, \frac{2}{3}, 1 \\ -\frac{1}{12}, \frac{5}{12} \end{matrix} \middle| \begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2e^{-2i\pi}}{b^2x^3}\right)e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt[3]{ab^{\frac{2}{3}}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2),x)`output `I*meijerg(((5/12, 11/12, 1), (2/3, 2/3, 7/6)), ((1/6, 5/12, 2/3, 11/12, 7/6), (0,)), a**2/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*a**(1/3)*b**(2/3)) + meijerg((( -1/3, -1/12, 1/6, 5/12, 2/3, 1), ()), ((-1/12, 5/12), (-1/3, 1/6, 1/6, 0)), a**2*exp_polar(-2*I*pi)/(b**2*x**3))*exp(I*pi/3)/(6*pi**(3/2)*a**(1/3)*b**(2/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx + a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx + a}}{-b^2x^3 + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt(-sqrt(x)*b*x + a))/(a**2 - b**2*x**3),x)`

**3.229**  $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1843
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1844
Rubi [A] (verified)	1844
Maple [F]	1846
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1846
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1847
Maxima [F]	1847
Giac [F]	1848
Mupad [F(-1)]	1848
Reduce [F]	1848

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 271

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} b^{4/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x) \sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3} + a^{2/3} b^{2/3} x + b^{4/3} x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x}{(1+\sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x}\right), -7 - 4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2\sqrt{3} a^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)}{((1+\sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

```
output -1/2*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/a^2/x^2-1/6*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*
2^(1/2))*b^(4/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)*((a^(4/3)+a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x+b^(4/3)*x
^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)
)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a^2/(a
^(2/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)/(a-b*x
^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{3}; \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `-1/2*(sqrt[1 - (b^2*x^3)/a^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{-2/3, 1/2}, {1/3}, (b^2*x^3)/a^2])/(x^2*sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {849, 785, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{849} \\ & \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{785} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3}} dx}{4a^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2x^2} - \sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}b^{4/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+a^{4/3}+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2^4\sqrt{3}a^2\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]/(a^2*x^2) - (Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*b^(4/3)*(a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)*Sqrt[(a^(4/3) + a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x + b^(4/3)*x^2]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]]/(2*3^(1/4)*a^2*Sqrt[(a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 785 `Int[((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 849

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a1*a2*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b1*b2*((m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a1*a2*c^(2*n)*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IntGtQ[2*n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{\frac{3}{2}}} \sqrt{a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-b^2 x^2} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, x\right) + \sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a}}{2a^2 x^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(sqrt(-b^2)*x^2*weierstrassPInverse(0, 4*a^2/b^2, x) + sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a))/(a^2*x^2)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{ib^{\frac{4}{3}} G_{6,6}^{5,3} \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{17}{12}, \frac{23}{12}, 1 \\ \frac{7}{6}, \frac{17}{12}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{23}{12}, \frac{13}{6} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2}{b^2 x^3} \right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{b^{\frac{4}{3}} G_{6,6}^{2,6} \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{2}{3}, \frac{11}{12}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{17}{12}, \frac{5}{3}, 1 \\ \frac{11}{12}, \frac{17}{12} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2 e^{-2i\pi}}{b^2 x^3} \right) e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{7}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2), x)`

output `I*b**(4/3)*meijerg(((17/12, 23/12, 1), (5/3, 5/3, 13/6)), ((7/6, 17/12, 5/3, 23/12, 13/6), (0,)), a**2/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*a**(7/3)) + b**(4/3)*meijerg(((2/3, 11/12, 7/6, 17/12, 5/3, 1), ()), ((11/12, 17/12), (2/3, 7/6, 7/6, 0)), a**2*exp_polar(-2*I*pi)/(b**2*x**3))*exp(I*pi/3)/(6*pi**(3/2)*a**(7/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} bx + a} \sqrt{-\sqrt{x} bx + a}}{-b^2 x^6 + a^2 x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt(-sqrt(x)*b*x + a))/(a**2*x**3 - b**2*x**6),x)`

**3.230**  $\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1849
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1850
Rubi [A] (verified)	1850
Maple [F]	1852
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1852
Sympy [F(-1)]	1853
Maxima [F]	1853
Giac [F]	1853
Mupad [F(-1)]	1854
Reduce [F]	1854

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 311

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{5a^2x^5} - \frac{7b^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{20a^4x^2} - \frac{7\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}b^{10/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x) \sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{20^4\sqrt{3}a^4 \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}} \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

output

```
-1/5*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/a^2/x^5-7/20*b^2*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/a^4/x^2-7/60*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*b^(10/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)*((a^(4/3)+a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x+b^(4/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/a^4/(a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{2}{3}; \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}\right)}{5x^5 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^6*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `-1/5*(Sqrt[1 - (b^2*x^3)/a^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{-5/3, 1/2}, {-2/3}, (b^2*x^3)/a^2])/(x^5*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$ , Rules used = {849, 849, 785, 759}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{849} \\ & \frac{7b^2 \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx}{10a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5a^2 x^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{849} \\ & \frac{7b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5a^2 x^5} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{785} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{7b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^2} \right)}{10a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5a^2 x^5}$$

↓ 759

$$\frac{7b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}} b^{4/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} b^{2/3} x + a^{4/3} + b^{4/3} x^2}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x} \right), -7 - 4\sqrt{3} \right)}{2^4 \sqrt{3} a^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} \right)}{\frac{10a^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5a^2 x^5}$$

input `Int[1/(x^6*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output `-1/5*(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]/(a^2*x^5) + (7*b^2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]/(a^2*x^2) - (Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*b^(4/3)*(a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)*Sqrt[(a^(4/3) + a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x + b^(4/3)*x^2])/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]])/(2*3^(1/4)*a^2*Sqrt[(a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2]*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])))/(10*a^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 785 `Int[((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`



rule 849

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_)+(b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_)+(b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*(a1+b1*x^n)^(p+1)*((a2+b2*x^n)^(p+1)/(a1*a2*c*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b1*b2*((m+2*n*(p+1)+1)/(a1*a2*c^(2*n)*(m+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m+2*n)*(a1+b1*x^n)^p*(a2+b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1+a1*b2, 0] && IntegerQ[2*n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a - bx^{\frac{3}{2}}} \sqrt{a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{7 \sqrt{-b^2} x^5 \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, x\right) + (7b^2x^3 + 4a^2) \sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a}}{20a^4x^5}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/20*(7*sqrt(-b^2)*b^2*x^5*weierstrassPInverse(0, 4*a^2/b^2, x) + (7*b^2*x^3 + 4*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a))/(a^4*x^5)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x**6/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)*x^6), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax^6}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)*x^6), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^6*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^6*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} bx + a} \sqrt{-\sqrt{x} bx + a}}{-b^2 x^9 + a^2 x^6} dx$$

input `int(1/x^6/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt(-sqrt(x)*b*x + a))/(a**2*x**6 - b**2*x**9),x)`

**3.231**  $\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1855
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1856
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1856
Maple [F]	1859
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1860
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1860
Maxima [F]	1861
Giac [F]	1861
Mupad [F(-1)]	1861
Reduce [F]	1862

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 579

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{2x^2\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{7b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{8a^2(a^2-b^2x^3)}{7b^{10/3}((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}a^{8/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right)\mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{7b^{10/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{8\sqrt{2}a^{8/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{7\sqrt{3}b^{10/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

output

```
-2/7*x^2*(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/b^2+8/7*a^2*(-b^2*x^3+a^2
)/b^(10/3)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2
))^(1/2)-4/7*3^(1/4)*(1/2*6^(1/2)-1/2*2^(1/2))*a^(8/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)
*((a^(4/3)+a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x+b^(4/3)*x^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)
^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b
^(2/3)*x),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)/b^(10/3)/(a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2)
)*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)+8/21*
2^(1/2)*a^(8/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)*((a^(4/3)+a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x+b^(4/3)*x
^2)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((1-3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)
-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x),I*3^(1/2)+2*I)*3^(3/4)/b^(10/3
)/(a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)/((1+3^(1/2))*a^(2/3)-b^(2/3)*x)^2)^(1/2)/(a
-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}; \frac{8}{3}; \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}\right)}{5\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]
```

output

```
(x^5*Sqrt[1 - (b^2*x^3)/a^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/2, 5/3}, {8/3}, (b^2*x^3
)/a^2])/(5*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])
```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {845, 890, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{845} \\
 & \frac{4a^2 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{bx^{3/2}+a}} dx}{7b^2} - \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{7b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{890} \\
 & \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{a^2-b^2x^3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2x^3}} dx}{7b^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} - \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{7b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{a^2-b^2x^3} \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2x^3}} dx}{b^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2x^3}} dx}{b^{2/3}} \right)}{7b^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} - \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{7b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{a^2-b^2x^3} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2x^3}} dx}{b^{2/3}} - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+a^{4/3}+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})}{(1+\sqrt{3})}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{4/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2x^3}} \right)}{7b^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
 & \frac{4a^2 \sqrt{a^2-b^2x^3} \left( -\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+a^{4/3}+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{4/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2x^3}} \right)}{7b^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{7b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(-2x^2\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}})\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{(7b^2)} + \frac{(4a^2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3})\left(-\left(\frac{-2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}}{b^{2/3}\left(1 + \sqrt{3}\right)a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}\right) + \left(\frac{3^{1/4}\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}a^{2/3}\left(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x\right)\sqrt{a^{4/3} + a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x + b^{4/3}x^2}}{\left(1 + \sqrt{3}\right)a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}\right)^2\text{EllipticE}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\left(1 - \sqrt{3}\right)a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}{\left(1 + \sqrt{3}\right)a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}\right], -7 - 4\sqrt{3}\right]\right)}{b^{2/3}\sqrt{\left(a^{2/3}\left(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x\right)\right)^2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}}}{b^{2/3}} - \frac{(2\left(1 - \sqrt{3}\right)\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}}a^{2/3}\left(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x\right)\sqrt{a^{4/3} + a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x + b^{4/3}x^2}}{\left(1 + \sqrt{3}\right)a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x})^2\text{EllipticF}\left[\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\left(1 - \sqrt{3}\right)a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}{\left(1 + \sqrt{3}\right)a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}\right], -7 - 4\sqrt{3}\right]}{\left(3^{1/4}b^{4/3}\sqrt{a^{2/3}\left(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x\right)}\right)^2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}}}{(7b^2\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}})\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*(s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] & & PosQ[a]`

rule 832 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 845

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a1*a2*c^(2*n)*((m - 2*n + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]
```

rule 890

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a - bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\sqrt{a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + ab^2x^2} - 4 \sqrt{-b^2a^2} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left( 0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( 0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, x \right) \right) \right)}{7b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/7*(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)*b^2*x^2 - 4*sqrt(-b^2)*a^2*weierstrassZeta(0, 4*a^2/b^2, weierstrassPInverse(0, 4*a^2/b^2, x)))/b^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 15.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{ia^{7/3}G_{6,6}^{5,3} \left( \begin{matrix} -\frac{11}{12}, -\frac{5}{12}, 1 & -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{6} \\ -\frac{7}{6}, -\frac{11}{12}, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{5}{12}, -\frac{1}{6} & 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2}{b^2x^3} \right)}{6\pi^{3/2}b^{10/3}} + \frac{a^{7/3}G_{6,6}^{2,6} \left( \begin{matrix} -\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{17}{12}, -\frac{7}{6}, -\frac{11}{12}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1 \\ -\frac{17}{12}, -\frac{11}{12} & -\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{7}{6}, -\frac{7}{6}, 0 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2e^{-2i\pi}}{b^2x^3} \right) e^{-i\pi/3}}{6\pi^{3/2}b^{10/3}}$$

input `integrate(x**4/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `I*a**(7/3)*meijerg((( -11/12, -5/12, 1), (-2/3, -2/3, -1/6)), ((-7/6, -11/12, -2/3, -5/12, -1/6), (0,)), a**2/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**(10/3)) + a**(7/3)*meijerg((( -5/3, -17/12, -7/6, -11/12, -2/3, 1), ()), ((-17/12, -11/12), (-5/3, -7/6, -7/6, 0)), a**2*exp_polar(-2*I*pi)/(b**2*x**3))*exp(-I*pi/3)/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**(10/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^4/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx+a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx+a}x^2}{7} + \frac{4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx+a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx+a}x}{-b^2x^3+a^2} dx\right)a^2}{7}}{b^2}$$

input `int(x^4/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*( - sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt( - sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(s  
qrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt( - sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*x)/(a**2 - b**2*x**3),x)*a**2))/(  
7*b**2)`

**3.232**  $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1863
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1864
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1864
Maple [F]	1867
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1867
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1868
Maxima [F]	1868
Giac [F]	1869
Mupad [F(-1)]	1869
Reduce [F]	1869

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 533

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{2(a^2 - b^2x^3)}{b^{4/3}((1 + \sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}a^{2/3}(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right) \mid -7 - 4\sqrt{3}\right)}{b^{4/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}a^{2/3}(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)\sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x+b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x}\right), -7 - 4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{4/3}\sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}x)^2}}\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

output

$$2*(-b^2*x^3+a^2)/b^{4/3}/((1+3^{1/2})*a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)/(a-b*x^{3/2})^{1/2}/(a+b*x^{3/2})^{1/2}-3^{1/4}*(1/2*6^{1/2}-1/2*2^{1/2})*a^{2/3}*(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)*((a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}*b^{2/3}*x+b^{4/3}*x^2)/((1+3^{1/2})*a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)^2)^{1/2}*EllipticE(((1-3^{1/2})*a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)/((1+3^{1/2})*a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x), I*3^{1/2}+2*I)/b^{4/3}/(a^{2/3}*(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)/((1+3^{1/2})*a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)^2)^{1/2}/(a-b*x^{3/2})^{1/2}/(a+b*x^{3/2})^{1/2}+2/3*2^{1/2}*a^{2/3}*(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)*((a^{4/3}+a^{2/3}*b^{2/3}*x+b^{4/3}*x^2)/((1+3^{1/2})*a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)^2)^{1/2}*EllipticF(((1-3^{1/2})*a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)/((1+3^{1/2})*a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x), I*3^{1/2}+2*I)*3^{3/4}/b^{4/3}/(a^{2/3}*(a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)/((1+3^{1/2})*a^{2/3}-b^{2/3}*x)^2)^{1/2}/(a-b*x^{3/2})^{1/2}/(a+b*x^{3/2})^{1/2}$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-\frac{b^2x^3}{a^2}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}; \frac{5}{3}; \frac{b^2x^3}{a^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]), x]
```

output

```
(x^2*Sqrt[1 - (b^2*x^3)/a^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/2, 2/3}, {5/3}, (b^2*x^3)/a^2])/(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 554, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$ , Rules used = {890, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{890} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3} \left( \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}} dx}{b^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}} dx}{b^{2/3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}} dx}{b^{2/3}} - \frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}a^{2/3}(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x + a^{4/3} + b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2}} \sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3} \left( -\frac{2(1-\sqrt{3})\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}a^{2/3}(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}b^{2/3}x + a^{4/3} + b^{4/3}x^2}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}{(1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}b^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)}{((1+\sqrt{3})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2}} \sqrt{a^2 - b^2x^3}} \right)}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a^2 - b^2*x^3]*(-((( -2*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2*x^3])/(b^(2/3)*((1 + Sqrt[3])*
a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)) + (3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3) - b^(2
/3)*x)*Sqrt[(a^(4/3) + a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x + b^(4/3)*x^2]/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(
2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)/
((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]]]/(b^(2/3)*Sqrt[(a^(2
/3)*(a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2]*Sqrt[a^2
- b^2*x^3]))/b^(2/3)) - (2*(1 - Sqrt[3])*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*a^(2/3)*(a^(2/
3) - b^(2/3)*x)*Sqrt[(a^(4/3) + a^(2/3)*b^(2/3)*x + b^(4/3)*x^2]/((1 + Sqr
t[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(
2/3)*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]]]/(3^(1/4)*b
^(4/3)*Sqrt[(a^(2/3)*(a^(2/3) - b^(2/3)*x))/((1 + Sqrt[3])*a^(2/3) - b^(2/
3)*x)^2]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2*x^3])))/(Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 890

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)
^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^Fra
cPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(a1*a2 + b1*b2*
x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 +
a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a - bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\sqrt{a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-b^2}\text{weierstrassZeta}\left(0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, x\right)\right)}{b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2*sqrt(-b^2)*weierstrassZeta(0, 4*a^2/b^2, weierstrassPInverse(0, 4*a^2/b^2, x))/b^2
```



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{i\sqrt[3]{a}G_{6,6}^{5,3}\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{12}, \frac{7}{12}, 1 \\ -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{5}{6} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2}{b^2x^3}\right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}G_{6,6}^{2,6}\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{5}{12}, -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{3}, 1 \\ -\frac{5}{12}, \frac{1}{12} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2e^{-2i\pi}}{b^2x^3}\right)e^{-\frac{i\pi}{3}}}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(x/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2), x)`

output `I*a**(1/3)*meijerg(((1/12, 7/12, 1), (1/3, 1/3, 5/6)), ((-1/6, 1/12, 1/3, 7/12, 5/6), (0,)), a**2/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**(4/3)) + a**(1/3)*meijerg((( -2/3, -5/12, -1/6, 1/12, 1/3, 1), ()), ((-5/12, 1/12), (-2/3, -1/6, -1/6, 0)), a**2*exp_polar(-2*I*pi)/(b**2*x**3))*exp(-I*pi/3)/(6*pi**(3/2)*b**(4/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}\sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

input `int(x/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x/((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}\sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}bx + a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{x}bx + a}x}{-b^2x^3 + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt(-sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*x)/(a**2 - b**2*x**3), x)`

**3.233**  $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1870
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1871
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1871
Maple [F]	1874
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1874
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1875
Maxima [F]	1875
Giac [F]	1876
Mupad [F(-1)]	1876
Reduce [F]	1876

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 573

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}{a^2 x} - \frac{b^{2/3}(a^2 - b^2 x^3)}{a^2 ((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x) \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}} b^{2/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x) \sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3} + a^{2/3} b^{2/3} x + b^{4/3} x^2}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x}\right) \mid -7 - 4\sqrt{3}\right)}{2 a^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} b^{2/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x) \sqrt{\frac{a^{4/3} + a^{2/3} b^{2/3} x + b^{4/3} x^2}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x}\right), -7 - 4\sqrt{3}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3} a^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3}(a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \sqrt{a-bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a+bx^{3/2}}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -(a-bx^{3/2})^{1/2} \cdot (a+bx^{3/2})^{1/2} / a^{2/x} - b^{2/3} \cdot (-b^2x^3+a^2) / a^{2/} \\
& ((1+3^{1/2})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x) / (a-bx^{3/2})^{1/2} / (a+bx^{3/2})^{1/2} + 1/ \\
& 2 \cdot 3^{1/4} \cdot (1/2 \cdot 6^{1/2} - 1/2 \cdot 2^{1/2}) \cdot b^{2/3} \cdot (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x) \cdot ((a^{4/3} + \\
& a^{2/3} \cdot b^{2/3} \cdot x + b^{4/3} \cdot x^2) / ((1+3^{1/2})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2)^{1/2} \cdot \text{El} \\
& \text{lipticE}(((1-3^{1/2})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x) / ((1+3^{1/2})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x), I \cdot \\
& 3^{1/2} + 2I) / a^{4/3} / (a^{2/3} \cdot (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x) / ((1+3^{1/2})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} \\
& x)^2)^{1/2} / (a-bx^{3/2})^{1/2} / (a+bx^{3/2})^{1/2} - 1/3 \cdot 2^{1/2} \cdot b^{2/} \\
& 3 \cdot (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x) \cdot ((a^{4/3} + a^{2/3} \cdot b^{2/3} \cdot x + b^{4/3} \cdot x^2) / ((1+3^{1/2} \\
& )a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2)^{1/2} \cdot \text{EllipticF}(((1-3^{1/2})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x) / ( \\
& (1+3^{1/2})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x), I \cdot 3^{1/2} + 2I) \cdot 3^{3/4} / a^{4/3} / (a^{2/3} \cdot (a^{2/} \\
& 3 - b^{2/3}x) / ((1+3^{1/2})a^{2/3} - b^{2/3}x)^2)^{1/2} / (a-bx^{3/2})^{1/2} (1 \\
& / 2) / (a+bx^{3/2})^{1/2}
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 4.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{b^2 x^3}{a^2}\right)}{x \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]
```

output

```

-((Sqrt[1 - (b^2*x^3)/a^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/3, 1/2}, {2/3}, (b^2*x^3)
/a^2])/(x*Sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*Sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]))

```

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {849, 890, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{849} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{a^2 x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{890} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3}} dx}{2a^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{a^2 x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{832} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3} \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3}} dx}{b^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3}} dx}{b^{2/3}} \right)}{2a^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{a^2 x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{759} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3}} dx}{b^{2/3}} - \frac{2(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}} a^{2/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} b^{2/3} x + a^{4/3} + b^{4/3} x^2}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3})}{(1 + \sqrt{3})} \right)}{\sqrt{3} b^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3}} \right)}{4 \sqrt{3} b^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3}} \right)}{2a^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2416} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{a^2 x} - \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}{a^2 x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3} \left( - \frac{2(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}} a^{2/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x) \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} b^{2/3} x + a^{4/3} + b^{4/3} x^2}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x}{(1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x} \right), -7 - 4\sqrt{3} \right)}{4 \sqrt{3} b^{4/3} \sqrt{\frac{a^{2/3} (a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)}{((1 + \sqrt{3}) a^{2/3} - b^{2/3} x)^2}} \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^3}} \right)}{2a^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [1/(x^2*sqrt[a - b*x^(3/2)]*sqrt[a + b*x^(3/2)]),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^{(3/2)}]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^{(3/2)}])/(a^2*x)) - (b^2*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2 \\
& *x^3]*(-((-2*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2*x^3])/(b^{(2/3)}*((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)} \\
& *x)) + (3^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[2 - \text{Sqrt}[3]]*a^{(2/3)}*(a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)}*x)*\text{Sqrt}[(a^{(4/3)} \\
& + a^{(2/3)}*b^{(2/3)}*x + b^{(4/3)}*x^2)/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)}* \\
& x)^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)}*x)/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])* \\
& a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)}*x)], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3])/(b^{(2/3)}*\text{Sqrt}[(a^{(2/3)}*(a^{(2/3)} - \\
& b^{(2/3)}*x))/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)}*x)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2*x^3])/b \\
& ^{(2/3)} - (2*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])* \text{Sqrt}[2 + \text{Sqrt}[3]]*a^{(2/3)}*(a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)}*x) \\
& *\text{Sqrt}[(a^{(4/3)} + a^{(2/3)}*b^{(2/3)}*x + b^{(4/3)}*x^2)/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(2/3)} - \\
& b^{(2/3)}*x)^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)}*x)/((1 + \\
& \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)}*x)], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3])/(3^{(1/4)}*b^{(4/3)}*\text{Sqrt}[(a^{(2/3)} \\
& *(a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)}*x))/((1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*a^{(2/3)} - b^{(2/3)}*x)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a \\
& ^2 - b^2*x^3]))/(2*a^2*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^{(3/2)}]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^{(3/2)}])
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```

Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]

```

rule 832

```

Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-1 - Sqrt[3])*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]

```

rule 849

```

Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(
n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2
*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a1*a2*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b1*b2*((m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a
1*a2*c^(2*n)*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && I
GtQ[2*n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]

```

rule 890

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)
^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^Fra
cPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(a1*a2 + b1*b2*
x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 +
a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt
[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3]
)*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && Eq
Q[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{\frac{3}{2}}} \sqrt{a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-b^2 x} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(0, \frac{4a^2}{b^2}, x\right)\right) + \sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a}}{a^2 x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fric
as")
```

output `-(sqrt(-b^2)*x*weierstrassZeta(0, 4*a^2/b^2, weierstrassPInverse(0, 4*a^2/b^2, x)) + sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a))/(a^2*x)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \frac{ib^{\frac{2}{3}} G_{6,6}^{5,3} \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{13}{12}, \frac{19}{12}, 1 \\ \frac{5}{6}, \frac{13}{12}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{19}{12}, \frac{11}{6} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2}{b^2 x^3} \right)}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{b^{\frac{2}{3}} G_{6,6}^{2,6} \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{3}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{13}{12}, \frac{4}{3}, 1 \\ \frac{7}{12}, \frac{13}{12} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{a^2 e^{-2i\pi}}{b^2 x^3} \right) e^{-\frac{i\pi}{3}}}{6\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} a^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a-b*x**(3/2))**(1/2)/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `I*b**(2/3)*meijerg(((13/12, 19/12, 1), (4/3, 4/3, 11/6)), ((5/6, 13/12, 4/3, 19/12, 11/6), (0,)), a**2/(b**2*x**3))/(6*pi**(3/2)*a**(5/3)) + b**(2/3)*meijerg(((1/3, 7/12, 5/6, 13/12, 4/3, 1), ()), ((7/12, 13/12), (1/3, 5/6, 5/6, 0)), a**2*exp_polar(-2*I*pi)/(b**2*x**3))*exp(-I*pi/3)/(6*pi**(3/2)*a**(5/3))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)*x^2), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + a} \sqrt{-bx^{3/2} + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^(3/2) + a)*sqrt(-b*x^(3/2) + a)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)*(a - b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^{3/2}} \sqrt{a + bx^{3/2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} bx + a} \sqrt{-\sqrt{x} bx + a}}{-b^2 x^5 + a^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a-b*x^(3/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)*sqrt(-sqrt(x)*b*x + a))/(a**2*x**2 - b**2*x**5),x)`

### 3.234 $\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	1877
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1877
Rubi [A] (verified)	1878
Maple [A] (verified)	1880
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1881
Sympy [F]	1881
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1881
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1882
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1882
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1883

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx = -\frac{5}{64} \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} - \frac{5}{96} \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} - \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{7/2} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})}{64}$$

output

```
-5/64*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)-5/96*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*
*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(3/2)-1/24*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(5/2)+1/4*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(7/2)-5/64*arccosh(x^(1/2))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{192} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1 + \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}} \sqrt{x} (-15 - 15\sqrt{x} - 10x - 10x^{3/2} - 8x^2 - 8x^{5/2} + 48x^3 + 48x^4) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x])/(1 + \text{Sqrt}[x])] * \text{Sqrt}[x] * (-15 - 15 * \text{Sqrt}[x] - 10 * x - 10 * x^{3/2} - 8 * x^2 - 8 * x^{5/2} + 48 * x^3 + 48 * x^{7/2})) - 30 * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x])/(1 + \text{Sqrt}[x])]])}{192}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {812, 845, 845, 845, 852, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 812$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{7/2} - \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 845$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{5}{6} \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 845$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 845$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} \sqrt{x}} dx + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} \sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{7/2}$$

$$\downarrow 852$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} d\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{7/2} \right)$$

↓ 43

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{7/2} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(7/2))/4 + (-1/3*(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(5/2)) - (5*((Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(3/2))/2 + (3*(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x] + ArcCosh[Sqrt[x]]))/4))/6)/8`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 43 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcCosh[b*(x/a)]/(b*Sqrt[d/b]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]`

rule 812 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*((a2 + b2*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*a1*a2*n*(p/(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p - 1)*(a2 + b2*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]`

rule 845

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a1*a2*c^(2*n)*((m - 2*n + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]
```

rule 852

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a1 + b1*(x^(k*n)/c^n))^p*(a2 + b2*(x^(k*n)/c^n))^p, x], (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\left(-48\sqrt{x-1}x^{\frac{7}{2}}+8x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+10x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}+15\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\right)}{192\sqrt{x-1}}$	75
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\left(-48\sqrt{x-1}x^{\frac{7}{2}}+8x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+10x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}+15\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\right)}{192\sqrt{x-1}}$	75

input

```
int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/192*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(-48*(x-1)^(1/2)*x^(7/2)+8*x^(5/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+10*x^(3/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+15*x^(1/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+15*ln(x^(1/2)+(x-1)^(1/2)))/(x-1)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{192} (48x^3 - 8x^2 - 10x - 15) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + \frac{5}{128} \log \left( 2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} - 2x + 1 \right)$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/192*(48*x^3 - 8*x^2 - 10*x - 15)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 5/128*log(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*x + 1)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx = \int x^{5/2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*x**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(5/2)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{4} (x - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{5}{24} (x - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{5}{32} (x - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x} + \frac{5}{64} \sqrt{x - 1} \sqrt{x} - \frac{5}{64} \log(2\sqrt{x - 1} + 2\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*(x - 1)^(3/2)*x^(5/2) + 5/24*(x - 1)^(3/2)*x^(3/2) + 5/32*(x - 1)^(3/2)
)*sqrt(x) + 5/64*sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(x) - 5/64*log(2*sqrt(x - 1) + 2*sqrt(x))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{6720} \left( (2 \left( (4 (5 (6 (7 \sqrt{x} - 50) (\sqrt{x} + 1) + 1219) (\sqrt{x} + 1) - 12463) (\sqrt{x} + 1) + 64233) (\sqrt{x} + 1) - 53963) (\sqrt{x} + 1) + 59465) (\sqrt{x} + 1) - 23205) \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + \frac{1}{840} \left( (2 \left( (4 (5 (6 \sqrt{x} - 37) (\sqrt{x} + 1) + 661) (\sqrt{x} + 1) - 4551) (\sqrt{x} + 1) + 4781) (\sqrt{x} + 1) - 6335) (\sqrt{x} + 1) + 2835) \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right) \right) + \frac{5}{32} \log \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac"
)
```

output

```
1/6720*((2*((4*(5*(6*(7*sqrt(x) - 50)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 1219)*(sqrt(x) + 1)
- 12463)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 64233)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 53963)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 594
65)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 23205)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 1/840*((2
*((4*(5*(6*sqrt(x) - 37)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 661)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 4551)*(sqrt(
x) + 1) + 4781)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 6335)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2835)*sqrt(sqrt(x) +
1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 5/32*log(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 49.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 831, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.16

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```

((1723*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^5)/(48*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^5) - (2
35*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^3)/(48*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^3) + (72283
*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^7)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^7) + (848801*
((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^9)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^9) + (4181067*
((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^11)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^11) + (109941
81*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^13)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^13) + (174
57599*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^15)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^15) + (
17457599*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^17)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^17)
+ (10994181*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^19)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^1
9) + (4181067*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^21)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)
^21) + (848801*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^23)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)
^23) + (72283*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^25)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)
^25) + (1723*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^27)/(48*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)
^27) - (235*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^29)/(48*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2
9) + (5*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^31)/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^31) +
(5*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i))/(16*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)))/((120*((x^
(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^4)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^4 - (16*((x^(1/2) - 1)
^(1/2) - 1i)^2)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 - (560*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) -
1i)^6)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^6 + (1820*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^8)/(
(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^8 - (4368*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^10)/((x^(...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} x^3}{4} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} x^2}{24} - \frac{5\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} x}{96} \\
&- \frac{5\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}}{64} - \frac{5 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(5/2),x)
```



output

```
(48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**3 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**2 - 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x - 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 30*log((sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1))/sqrt(2)))/192
```

### 3.235 $\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1885
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1885
Rubi [A] (verified)	1886
Maple [A] (verified)	1888
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1888
Sympy [F]	1889
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1889
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1890
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1890
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1891

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} dx = -\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})}{8}$$

output

```
-1/8*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)-1/12*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*
(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(3/2)+1/3*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(5/2)
-1/8*arccosh(x^(1/2))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{24} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1 + \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}} \sqrt{x} (-3 - 3\sqrt{x} - 2x - 2x^{3/2} + 8x^2 + 8x^{5/2}) - 6 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{\frac{-1 + \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[x])/(1 + Sqrt[x])] * Sqrt[x] * (-3 - 3*Sqrt[x] - 2*x - 2*x^(3/2) + 8*x^2 + 8*x^(5/2)) - 6*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[x])/(1 + Sqrt[x])]])/24
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$ , Rules used = {812, 845, 845, 852, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 812$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2} - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 845$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 845$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} \sqrt{x}} dx + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} \sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 852$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{3}{4} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} d\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} \sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 43$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{3}{4} \left( \operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} \sqrt{x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(5/2))/3 + (-1/2*(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(3/2)) - (3*(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x] + ArcCosh[Sqrt[x]]))/4)/6`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 43 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcCosh[b*(x/a)]/(b*Sqrt[d/b]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]`

rule 812 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*((a2 + b2*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*a1*a2*n*(p/(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p - 1)*(a2 + b2*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]`

rule 845 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a1*a2*c^(2*n)*((m - 2*n + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]`

rule 852

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a1 + b1*(x^(k*n)/c^n)]^p*(a2 + b2*(x^(k*n)/c^n)]^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\left(-8x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}+3\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\right)}{24\sqrt{x-1}}$	65
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\left(-8x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}+3\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\right)}{24\sqrt{x-1}}$	65

input

```
int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(-8*x^(5/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+2*x^(3/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+3*x^(1/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+3*ln(x^(1/2)+(x-1)^(1/2)))/(x-1)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{24} (8x^2 - 2x - 3)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} + \frac{1}{16} \log\left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} - 2x + 1\right)$$

input

```
integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/24*(8*x^2 - 2*x - 3)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 1/16*
log(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*x + 1)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} dx = \int x^{3/2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*x**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(3/2)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1), x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{3} (x - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{1}{4} (x - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{x - 1} \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{8} \log(2\sqrt{x - 1} + 2\sqrt{x})$$

input

```
integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*(x - 1)^(3/2)*x^(3/2) + 1/4*(x - 1)^(3/2)*sqrt(x) + 1/8*sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(x) - 1/8*log(2*sqrt(x - 1) + 2*sqrt(x))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{120} \left( (2 \left( (4 (5 \sqrt{x} - 26) (\sqrt{x} + 1) + 321) (\sqrt{x} + 1) - 451) (\sqrt{x} + 1) + 745) (\sqrt{x} + 1) - 405) \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right) + \frac{1}{60} \left( (2 (3 (4 \sqrt{x} - 17) (\sqrt{x} + 1) + 133) (\sqrt{x} + 1) - 295) (\sqrt{x} + 1) + 195) \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \log \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/120*((2*((4*(5*sqrt(x) - 26)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 321)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 451)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 745)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 405)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 1/60*((2*(3*(4*sqrt(x) - 17)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 133)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 295)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 195)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 1/4*log(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 27.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.08

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
- atanh((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1))/2 - ((35*((x
^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^3)/(6*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^3) + (757*((x^(1/2)
) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^5)/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^5) + (7339*((x^(1/2) -
1)^(1/2) - 1i)^7)/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^7) + (41929*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(
1/2) - 1i)^9)/(3*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^9) + (25661*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)
- 1i)^11)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^11 + (25661*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) -
1i)^13)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^13 + (41929*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^1
5)/(3*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^15) + (7339*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^17)
/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^17) + (757*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^19)/(2
*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^19) + (35*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^21)/(6*((x
^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^21) - ((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^23/(2*((x^(1/2) +
1)^(1/2) - 1)^23) - ((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1
)))/((66*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^4)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^4 - (12*(
x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^2)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 - (220*((x^(1/2)
- 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^6)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^6 + (495*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)
) - 1i)^8)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^8 - (792*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^1
0)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^10 + (924*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^12)/((x^(
1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^12 - (792*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^14)/((x^(1/2) +
1)^(1/2) - 1)^14 + (495*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^16)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)
- 1)^16 - (220*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^18)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - ...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} x^2}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} x}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}}{8} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{4}$$

input

```
int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**2 - 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(
x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1
) - 6*log((sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1))/sqrt(2)))/24
```



### 3.236 $\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx$

Optimal result	1892
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1892
Rubi [A] (verified)	1893
Maple [A] (verified)	1895
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1895
Sympy [F]	1896
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1896
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1897
Mupad [F(-1)]	1897
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1898

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})}{4}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)+1/2*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(3/2)-1/4*arccosh(x^(1/2))
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 404 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.53

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}(-18816 + 28224\sqrt{x} + 55360x + 17296x^{3/2} + 7240x^2 - 1096x^{5/2} - 4752x^3 - 1136x^{7/2}) - 12416\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}\right)}{12416}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x],x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (-4*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(-18816 + 28224*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 55360*x + 17296*x^{(3/2)} + \\ & 7240*x^2 - 1096*x^{(5/2)} - 4752*x^3 - 1136*x^{(7/2)}) - 4*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(32592 + 74488*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 38632*x + 6992*x^{(3/2)} - 104*x^2 - \\ & 6079*x^{(5/2)} - 3120*x^3 - 194*x^{(7/2)}) + \text{Sqrt}[3]*(-4*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] \\ & )*(-18816 - 52416*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 41472*x - 10928*x^{(3/2)} - 1192*x^2 + 3832*x^{(5/2)} + \\ & 3408*x^3 + 656*x^{(7/2)}) - 4*(10864 - 10872*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 41440*x - 23268 \\ & *x^{(3/2)} - 6678*x^2 - 1148*x^{(5/2)} + 3416*x^3 + 1800*x^{(7/2)} + 112*x^4))/ \\ & (-12416 + 13312*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 49408*x + 24960*x^{(3/2)} + 1552*x^2 + \text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt} \\ & [1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(7168 - 11264*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 22016*x - 5248*x^{(3/2)}) + \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \\ & \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(21504 + 60416*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 47104*x + 9088*x^{(3/2)} + \text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[1 \\ & + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(-12416 - 28672*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 14400*x - 896*x^{(3/2)}))) + \text{ArcTanh}[( \\ & -1 + \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]])/(\text{Sqrt}[3] - \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]])] \end{aligned}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {812, 845, 852, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{812} \\ & \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2} - \frac{1}{4}\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{845} \\ & \frac{1}{4}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}} dx - \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{852} \\ & \frac{1}{4}\left(-\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} d\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( -\operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x}) - \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(3/2))/2 + (-Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x]) - ArcCosh[Sqrt[x]]/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 43 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcCosh[b*(x/a)]/(b*Sqrt[d/b]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]`

rule 812 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*((a2 + b2*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*a1*a2*n*(p/(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p - 1)*(a2 + b2*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]`

rule 845 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a1*a2*c^(2*n)*((m - 2*n + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]`

rule 852

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_)+(b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_)+(b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m+1)-1)*(a1+b1*(x^(k*n)/c^n))^p*(a2+b2*(x^(k*n)/c^n))^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1+a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\left(-2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}+\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\right)}{4\sqrt{x-1}}$	52
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\left(-2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}+\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\right)}{4\sqrt{x-1}}$	52

input

```
int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(-2*x^(3/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+x^(1/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+ln(x^(1/2)+(x-1)^(1/2)))/(x-1)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x} dx = \frac{1}{4}(2x-1)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} + \frac{1}{8}\log\left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-2x+1\right)$$

input

```
integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $1/4*(2*x - 1)*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) + 1)*\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) - 1) + 1/8*\log(2*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) + 1)*\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) - 1) - 2*x + 1)$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*x**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} (x - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{x - 1} \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{4} \log(2\sqrt{x - 1} + 2\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/2*(x - 1)^{(3/2)}*\text{sqrt}(x) + 1/4*\text{sqrt}(x - 1)*\text{sqrt}(x) - 1/4*\log(2*\text{sqrt}(x - 1) + 2*\text{sqrt}(x))$

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs.  $2(45) = 90$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} ((2(3\sqrt{x} - 10)(\sqrt{x} + 1) + 43)(\sqrt{x} + 1) - 39) \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} ((2\sqrt{x} - 5)(\sqrt{x} + 1) + 9) \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \log \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*((2*(3*sqrt(x) - 10)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 43)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 39)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 1/3*((2*sqrt(x) - 5)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 9)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 1/2*log(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} x}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}}{4} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2}$$

input

```
int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x - sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*log((sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1))/sqrt(2)))/4
```

**3.237**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1899
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1899
Rubi [A] (verified)	1900
Maple [B] (verified)	1901
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1902
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1902
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1903
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1903
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1904
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1904

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x} - \operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})$$

output

```
(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)-arccosh(x^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 4 \left( \frac{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(-12-24\sqrt{x}+x+5x^{3/2}) + \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(-84-10\sqrt{x}+28x+7x^{3/2}) + \sqrt{3}(56-16\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(2+3\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}(96-8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}))}{56-16\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(2+3\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}(96-8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}\right) \right)$$



input `Integrate[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `4*((4*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*(-12 - 24*Sqrt[x] + x + 5*x^(3/2)) + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*(-84 - 10*Sqrt[x] + 28*x + 7*x^(3/2)) + Sqrt[3]*(28 + 70*Sqrt[x] + 18*x - 14*x^(3/2) - 4*x^2 - 4*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*(-12 - 8*Sqrt[x] + 5*x + 3*x^(3/2))))/(56 - 16*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*(2 + 3*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*(96 - 8*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*(7 + 2*Sqrt[x]) + 80*Sqrt[x]) + 112*Sqrt[x] + 28*x) + ArcTanh[(-1 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]])/(Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {812, 852, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 812$$

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 852$$

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 43$$

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} - \operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/Sqrt[x],x]`

output  $\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] * \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] * \text{Sqrt}[x] - \text{ArcCosh}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 43  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcCosh}[b*(x/a)]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[d/b]), x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d/b, 0]$

rule 812  $\text{Int}(((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*((a2 + b2*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a1*a2*n*(p/(m + 2*n*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a1 + b1*x^n)^{(p-1)}*(a2 + b2*x^n)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[2*n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{N eq}[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]$

rule 852  $\text{Int}(((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[k/c \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k*(m+1)-1)}*(a1 + b1*(x^{(k*n)}/c^n)^p*(a2 + b2*(x^{(k*n)}/c^n)^p, x], x, (c*x)^{(1/k)}], x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[2*n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs.  $2(25) = 50$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} (1 + \sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}} - \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{(1+\sqrt{x})(-1+\sqrt{x})} \ln(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-1})}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}}$	72
default	$\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} (1 + \sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}} - \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{(1+\sqrt{x})(-1+\sqrt{x})} \ln(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-1})}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}}$	72

input  $\text{int}((-1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)-(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)-
((1+x^(1/2))*(-1+x^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*ln(x
^(1/2)+(x-1)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} - 2x + 1\right)$$

input

```
integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 1/2*log(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)
+ 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*x + 1)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \left( \frac{(\sqrt{x}+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{4} \right) - 2\log\left(2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\right)$$

input

```
integrate((-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
4*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*((sqrt(x) + 1)**(3/2)/4 - sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/4) - 2*log
(2*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x-1} \sqrt{x} - \log(2\sqrt{x-1} + 2\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(x) - log(2*sqrt(x - 1) + 2*sqrt(x))`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. 2(25) = 50.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} (\sqrt{x} - 2) + 2 \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + 2 \log \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*(sqrt(x) - 2) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 2*log(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \ln \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + \sqrt{x} \right)$$

input `int(((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x)`output `x^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - log((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) + x^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} - 2 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

input `int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x)`output `sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*log((sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1))/sqrt(2))`

**3.238**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1905
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1905
Rubi [A] (verified)	1906
Maple [A] (verified)	1908
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1908
Sympy [F]	1909
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1909
Giac [F(-1)]	1909
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1910
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1910

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} + 2\operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})$$

output `-2*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)+2*arccosh(x^(1/2))`

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(-1+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})(-2+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}+\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})}{(-3-2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}+2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}+\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}-2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$- 8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/x^(3/2),x]`

output

```
((-1 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]])*(Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*(-2 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] - Sqrt[x]))/((-3 - 2*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 2*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] - 2*Sqrt[x]*Sqrt[x]) - 8*ArcTanh[(-1 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]])/(Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {849, 812, 852, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 849$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 812$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}} dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow 852$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} - \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} d\sqrt{x} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 43$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}} - 2 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} - \operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x}) \right)$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/x^(3/2),x]
```

output  $(2*(-1 + \sqrt{x})^{3/2}*(1 + \sqrt{x})^{3/2})/\sqrt{x} - 2*(\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}})*\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}*\sqrt{x} - \text{ArcCosh}[\sqrt{x}]$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 43  $\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_)} + (b_)*(x_))*\sqrt{(c_)} + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcCosh}[b*(x/a)]/(b*\sqrt{d/b}), x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d/b, 0]$

rule 812  $\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a1_)} + (b1_)*(x_)^{(n_))^{(p_)}*((a2_)} + (b2_)*(x_)^{(n_))^{(p_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*((a2 + b2*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a1*a2*n*(p/(m + 2*n*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a1 + b1*x^n)^{(p-1)}*(a2 + b2*x^n)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[2*n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{N eq}[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]$

rule 849  $\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a1_)} + (b1_)*(x_)^{(n_))^{(p_)}*((a2_)} + (b2_)*(x_)^{(n_))^{(p_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*(a1 + b1*x^n)^{(p+1)}*((a2 + b2*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a1*a2*c*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b1*b2*((m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a1*a2*c^{(2*n)}*(m + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m+2*n)}*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[2*n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]$

rule 852  $\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a1_)} + (b1_)*(x_)^{(n_))^{(p_)}*((a2_)} + (b2_)*(x_)^{(n_))^{(p_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[k/c \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k*(m+1)-1)}*(a1 + b1*(x^{(k*n)}/c^n))^p*(a2 + b2*(x^{(k*n)}/c^n))^p, x], x, (c*x)^{(1/k)}], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[2*n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]$



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{x-1})}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}}$	47
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{x-1})}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}}$	47

input `int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2*(-1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(\ln(x^{(1/2)}+(x-1)^{(1/2)})*x^{(1/2)}-(x-1)^{(1/2)})/x^{(1/2)}/(x-1)^{(1/2)}$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 55 vs. 2(26) = 52.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \log\left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-2x+1\right) + 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} + 2x}{x}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-(x*\log(2*\sqrt{x})*\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}*\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-2*x+1)+2*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}*\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}+2*x)/x$

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/x**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x}} + 2 \log(2\sqrt{x-1} + 2\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*sqrt(x - 1)/sqrt(x) + 2*log(2*sqrt(x - 1) + 2*sqrt(x))`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx = 8 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} - i}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - 1} \right) - \frac{\frac{5(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} - i)^2}{2(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - 1)^2} + \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} - i)^3}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - 1)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} - i}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} - i}{2(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - 1)}$$

input `int(((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/x^(3/2),x)`output `8*atanh(((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)) - ((5*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^2)/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2) + 1/2)/(((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^3/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^3 + ((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)) - ((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + 4\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(-sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 2*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1))/sqrt(2)) - sqrt(x)))/sqrt(x)`

**3.239**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1911
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1911
Rubi [A] (verified)	1912
Maple [A] (verified)	1913
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1913
Sympy [F]	1914
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1914
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1914
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1915
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1915

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}}$$

output `2/3*(-1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 421 vs. 2(31) = 62.

Time = 1.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(-1+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})(-2+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}+\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})}{x^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/x^(5/2),x]`

output

```
((-1 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]])*(Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*(-2 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] - Sqrt[x])*(8*(7 + 12*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]) - 4*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] - 7*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]) + 4*(49 + 8*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] - 24*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 3*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*Sqrt[x] + 2*(-23 - 144*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 32*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 77*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*x + 2*(-140 - 106*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 62*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 21*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*x^(3/2) - 73*x^2)/(12*(-3 - 2*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 2*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] - 2*Sqrt[x])^3*x^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.036$ , Rules used = {797}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 797$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/x^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2)*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/(3*x^(3/2))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 797

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)
^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b
2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a1*a2*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}
, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && EqQ[(m + 1)/(2*n) + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1
]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	23
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	23
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	23

input

```
int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(x-1)/x^(3/2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left((x-1)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}+x^2\right)}{3x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3*((x - 1)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + x^2)/x^2
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/x**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(x-1)^{3/2}}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(x - 1)^(3/2)/x^(3/2)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 48 vs. 2(19) = 38.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{16 \left( 3 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^8 + 16 \right)}{3 \left( \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^4 + 4 \right)^3}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $16/3*(3*(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}} + 1) - \sqrt{\sqrt{x}} - 1)^8 + 16)/((\sqrt{\sqrt{x}} + 1) - \sqrt{\sqrt{x}} - 1)^4 + 4)^3$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \left( \frac{2x \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{3} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{3} \right)}{x^{3/2}}$$

input  $\text{int}(((x^{(1/2)} - 1)^{(1/2)}*(x^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)})/x^{(5/2)}, x)$

output  $((x^{(1/2)} - 1)^{(1/2)}*((2*x*(x^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)})/3 - (2*(x^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)})/3))/x^{(3/2)}$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}x}{3}}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input  $\text{int}((-1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/x^{(5/2)}, x)$

output  $(2*(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}} + 1)*\sqrt{\sqrt{x}} - 1)*x - \sqrt{\sqrt{x}} + 1)*\sqrt{\sqrt{x}} - 1) + \sqrt{x}*x)/(3*\sqrt{x}*x)$



**3.240**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1916
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1916
Rubi [A] (verified)	1917
Maple [A] (verified)	1918
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1919
Sympy [F]	1919
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1920
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1920
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1921
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1921

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{4(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{15x^{3/2}}$$

output

$2/5*(-1+x^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)}*(1+x^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)}/x^{(5/2)}+4/15*(-1+x^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)}*(1+x^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)}/x^{(3/2)}$

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 693 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 8.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 693, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(-1+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})(-2+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}+\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})}{x^{7/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/x^(7/2), x]`

output

```

((-1 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]])*(Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*(-2 + Sqrt[-1 + S
qrt[x]] + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] - Sqrt[x])*(-384*(97 - 168*Sqrt[-1 + S
qrt[x]] - 56*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 97*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqr
t[1 + Sqrt[x]]) - 192*(-499 - 1112*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 344*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1
+ Sqrt[x]] + 545*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*Sqrt[x] +
32*(9925 + 1656*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] - 4616*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 535*
Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*x + 16*(2243 - 20096*Sqrt[-1
+ Sqrt[x]] + 2720*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 10385*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqr
t[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*x^(3/2) + 8*(-33645 - 39152*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] +
15056*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 13135*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1
+ Sqrt[x]])*x^2 + 8*(-21349 - 18772*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 6180*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt
[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 6379*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*x^(5/2)
+ 4*(-22053 - 18788*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 8788*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] +
5745*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*x^3 + 2*(-19920 - 7252
*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 4188*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 715*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1
+ Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*x^(7/2) - 2477*x^4)/(240*(-3 - 2*Sqrt[-1 +
Sqrt[x]] + 2*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[
1 + Sqrt[x]] - 2*Sqrt[x])^5*x^(5/2))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {804, 797}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{804} \\
 & \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{797} \\
 & \frac{4(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{15x^{3/2}} + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{5x^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/x^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*(-1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2)*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/(5*x^(5/2)) + (4*(-1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2)*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/(15*x^(3/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 797 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a1*a2*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && EqQ[(m + 1)/(2*n) + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 804 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a1*a2*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b1*b2*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a1*a2*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/(2*n) + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)(2x+3)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	28
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)(2x+3)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	28
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)(2x+3)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	28

input `int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2/15*(-1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(x-1)*(2*x+3)/x^{(5/2)}$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(2x^3 + (2x^2 + x - 3)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\right)}{15x^3}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $2/15*(2*x^3 + (2*x^2 + x - 3)*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) + 1)*\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) - 1))/x^3$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/x**(7/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4(x-1)^{3/2}}{15x^{3/2}} + \frac{2(x-1)^{3/2}}{5x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/15*(x - 1)^(3/2)/x^(3/2) + 2/5*(x - 1)^(3/2)/x^(5/2)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. 2(39) = 78.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{128 \left( 15 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^{12} - 20 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^8 + 80 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^4 + 64 \right)}{15 \left( \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^4 + 4 \right)^5}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `128/15*(15*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^12 - 20*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^8 + 80*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^4 + 64)/((sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^4 + 4)^5`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \left( \frac{2x\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{5} + \frac{4x^2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{15} \right)}{x^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/x^(7/2),x)`output `((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*((2*x*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/15 - (2*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/5 + (4*x^2*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/15))/x^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x^2}{15} + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}}{5} - \frac{4\sqrt{x}x^2}{15}}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(2*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**2 + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x - 3*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*sqrt(x)*x**2))/(15*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

**3.241**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1922
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1922
Rubi [A] (verified)	1923
Maple [A] (verified)	1924
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1925
Sympy [F(-1)]	1925
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1925
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1926
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1926
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1927

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{7x^{7/2}} + \frac{8(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{35x^{5/2}} + \frac{16(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{105x^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2/7*(-1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^(7/2)+8/35*(-1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^(5/2)+16/105*(-1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(15+12x+8x^2)}{105x^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/x^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2)*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2)*(15 + 12*x + 8*x^2))/(105*x^(7/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {804, 804, 797}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 804$$

$$\frac{4}{7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{7/2}} dx + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{7x^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 804$$

$$\frac{4}{7} \left( 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{7x^{7/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 797$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{7x^{7/2}} + \frac{4}{7} \left( \frac{4(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{15x^{3/2}} + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/x^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
(4*((2*(-1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2)*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/(5*x^(5/2)) + (4*(-1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2)*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/(15*x^(3/2))))/7 + (2*(-1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2)*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/(7*x^(7/2))
```



## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 797

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)
^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b
2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a1*a2*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}
, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && EqQ[(m + 1)/(2*n) + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1
]
```

rule 804

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)
)/(a1*a2*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b1*b2*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a1*a2*(m + 1))
Int[x^(m + 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1
, a2, b2, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/(2
*n) + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)(8x^2+12x+15)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	33
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)(8x^2+12x+15)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	33
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)(8x^2+12x+15)}{105x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	33

input

```
int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/105*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(x-1)*(8*x^2+12*x+15)/x^(7/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 8x^4 + (8x^3 + 4x^2 + 3x - 15)\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)}{105x^4}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/105*(8*x^4 + (8*x^3 + 4*x^2 + 3*x - 15)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))/x^4`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{16(x-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{105x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8(x-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{35x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2(x-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $16/105*(x - 1)^{(3/2)}/x^{(3/2)} + 8/35*(x - 1)^{(3/2)}/x^{(5/2)} + 2/7*(x - 1)^{(3/2)}/x^{(7/2)}$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{4096 \left( 35 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^{16} - 70 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^{12} + 168 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^8 + 224 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^4 + 128 \right)}{105 \left( \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^4 + 4 \right)^7}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $4096/105*(35*(\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) + 1) - \text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) - 1))^{16} - 70*(\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) + 1) - \text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) - 1))^{12} + 168*(\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) + 1) - \text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) - 1))^{8} + 224*(\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) + 1) - \text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) - 1))^{4} + 128)/((\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) + 1) - \text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) - 1))^{4} + 4)^7)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \left( \frac{2x\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{7} + \frac{8x^2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{105} + \frac{16x^3\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{105} \right)}{x^{7/2}}$$

input `int(((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/x^(9/2),x)`

output  $((x^{(1/2)} - 1)^{(1/2)}*((2*x*(x^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)})/35 - (2*(x^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)})/7 + (8*x^2*(x^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)})/105 + (16*x^3*(x^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)})/105))/x^{(7/2)}$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{9/2}} dx = \frac{16\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x^3}{105} + \frac{8\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x^2}{105} + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}}{7} - \frac{1}{105}$$

input `int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(9/2),x)`output `(2*(8*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**3 + 4*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**2 + 3*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x - 15*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 8*sqrt(x)*x**3))/(105*sqrt(x)*x**3)`

**3.242**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1928
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1928
Rubi [A] (verified)	1929
Maple [A] (verified)	1930
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1931
Sympy [F(-1)]	1931
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1932
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1932
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1933
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1933

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{9x^{9/2}} + \frac{4(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{21x^{7/2}} + \frac{16(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{105x^{5/2}} + \frac{32(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{315x^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2/9*(-1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^(9/2)+4/21*(-1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^(7/2)+16/105*(-1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^(5/2)+32/315*(-1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2(-1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}(35+30x+24x^2+16x^3)}{315x^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/x^(11/2), x]
```

output

$$(2*(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x])^{(3/2)}*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[x])^{(3/2)}*(35 + 30*x + 24*x^2 + 16*x^3)) / (315*x^{(9/2)})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {804, 804, 804, 797}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 804$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{9/2}} dx + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{9x^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 804$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{4}{7} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{7/2}} dx + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{7x^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{9x^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 804$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{4}{7} \left( \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{x^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{7x^{7/2}} \right) + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{9x^{9/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 797$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{9x^{9/2}} + \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{7x^{7/2}} + \frac{4}{7} \left( \frac{4(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{15x^{3/2}} + \frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^{3/2}(\sqrt{x}+1)^{3/2}}{5x^{5/2}} \right) \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]])/x^{(11/2)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{4 \left( 2 \left( -1 + \sqrt{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( 1 + \sqrt{x} \right)^{3/2} \right)}{5 x^{5/2}} + \frac{4 \left( -1 + \sqrt{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( 1 + \sqrt{x} \right)^{3/2}}{15 x^{3/2}} \right)}{7} + \frac{2 \left( -1 + \sqrt{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( 1 + \sqrt{x} \right)^{3/2}}{7 x^{7/2}} \right)}{3} + \frac{2 \left( -1 + \sqrt{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( 1 + \sqrt{x} \right)^{3/2}}{9 x^{9/2}}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 797

```
Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a1_)+(b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_)+(b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m+1)*(a1+b1*x^n)^(p+1)*((a2+b2*x^n)^(p+1)/(a1*a2*c*(m+1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1+a1*b2, 0] && EqQ[(m+1)/(2*n)+p+1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 804

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a1_)+(b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_)+(b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m+1)*(a1+b1*x^n)^(p+1)*((a2+b2*x^n)^(p+1)/(a1*a2*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b1*b2*((m+2*n*(p+1)+1)/(a1*a2*(m+1)) Int[x^(m+2*n)*(a1+b1*x^n)^p*(a2+b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1+a1*b2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m+1)/(2*n)+p+1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)(16x^3+24x^2+30x+35)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$	38
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)(16x^3+24x^2+30x+35)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$	38
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(x-1)(16x^3+24x^2+30x+35)}{315x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$	38

input

```
int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output  $2/315*(-1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(x-1)*(16*x^3+24*x^2+30*x+35)/x^{(9/2)}$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(16x^5 + (16x^4 + 8x^3 + 6x^2 + 5x - 35)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\right)}{315x^5}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $2/315*(16*x^5 + (16*x^4 + 8*x^3 + 6*x^2 + 5*x - 35)*\text{sqrt}(x)*\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) + 1)*\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(x) - 1))/x^5$

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(11/2),x)`

output Timed out



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{32(x-1)^{3/2}}{315x^{3/2}} + \frac{16(x-1)^{3/2}}{105x^{5/2}} + \frac{4(x-1)^{3/2}}{21x^{7/2}} + \frac{2(x-1)^{3/2}}{9x^{9/2}}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `32/315*(x - 1)^(3/2)/x^(3/2) + 16/105*(x - 1)^(3/2)/x^(5/2) + 4/21*(x - 1)^(3/2)/x^(7/2) + 2/9*(x - 1)^(3/2)/x^(9/2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{16384 \left( 315 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \right)^{20} - 756 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} \right)^{16} + \dots \right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `16384/315*(315*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^20 - 756*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^16 + 1344*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^12 + 2304*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^8 + 2304*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^4 + 1024)/((sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^4 + 4)^9`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \left( \frac{2x\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{63} - \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{9} + \frac{4x^2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{105} + \frac{16x^3\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{315} + \frac{32x^4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{315} \right)}{x^{9/2}}$$

input `int(((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/x^(11/2),x)`output `((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*((2*x*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/63 - (2*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/9 + (4*x^2*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/105 + (16*x^3*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/315 + (32*x^4*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/315))/x^(9/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}{x^{11/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{32\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x^4}{315} + \frac{16\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x^3}{315} + \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x^2}{105} + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x}{63}}{\sqrt{x}x^4}$$

input `int((-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(11/2),x)`output `(2*(16*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**4 + 8*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**3 + 6*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**2 + 5*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x - 35*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 16*sqrt(x)*x**4))/(315*sqrt(x)*x**4)`

**3.243**  $\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx$

Optimal result	1934
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1934
Rubi [A] (verified)	1935
Maple [A] (verified)	1937
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1937
Sympy [F]	1938
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1938
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1938
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1939
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1940

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{5}{8}\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x} + \frac{5}{12}\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{3/2} + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{5/2} + \frac{5\operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})}{8}$$

output

```
5/8*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)+5/12*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(3/2)+1/3*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(5/2)+5/8*arccosh(x^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{24}\sqrt{\frac{-1+\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}}}\sqrt{x}(15+15\sqrt{x} + 10x + 10x^{3/2} + 8x^2 + 8x^{5/2}) + \frac{5}{4}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^(5/2)/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[x])/(1 + Sqrt[x])] * Sqrt[x] * (15 + 15*Sqrt[x] + 10*x + 10*x^(3/2) + 8*x^2 + 8*x^(5/2)))/24 + (5*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[x])/(1 + Sqrt[x])]])/4`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$ , Rules used = {845, 845, 845, 852, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 845 \\
 & \frac{5}{6} \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 845 \\
 & \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 845 \\
 & \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}} dx + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 852 \\
 & \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} d\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{5/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 43 \\ \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2} \right) + \\ \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{5/2} \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(5/2)/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(5/2))/3 + (5*((Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(3/2))/2 + (3*(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x] + ArcCosh[Sqrt[x]]))/4))/6`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 43 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcCosh[b*(x/a)]/(b*Sqrt[d/b]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]`

rule 845 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a1*a2*c^(2*n)*((m - 2*n + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]`

rule 852 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a1 + b1*(x^(k*n)/c^n)]^p*(a2 + b2*(x^(k*n)/c^n)]^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\left(8x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+10x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}+15\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\right)}{24\sqrt{x-1}}$	65
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\left(8x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+10x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+15\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}+15\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\right)}{24\sqrt{x-1}}$	65

input `int(x^(5/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/24*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(8*x^(5/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+10*x^(3/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+15*x^(1/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+15*ln(x^(1/2)+(x-1)^(1/2)))/(x-1)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{24} (8x^2 + 10x + 15)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} - \frac{5}{16} \log\left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} - 2x + 1\right)$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/24*(8*x^2 + 10*x + 15)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 5/16*log(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*x + 1)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)/(-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**(5/2)/(sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{x-1} x^{5/2} + \frac{5}{12} \sqrt{x-1} x^{3/2} + \frac{5}{8} \sqrt{x-1} \sqrt{x} + \frac{5}{8} \log(2\sqrt{x-1} + 2\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*sqrt(x - 1)*x^(5/2) + 5/12*sqrt(x - 1)*x^(3/2) + 5/8*sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(x) + 5/8*log(2*sqrt(x - 1) + 2*sqrt(x))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{24} \left( (2((4(\sqrt{x} + 1)(\sqrt{x} - 4) + 45)(\sqrt{x} + 1) - 55)(\sqrt{x} + 1) + 85)(\sqrt{x} + 1) - \frac{5}{4} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}\right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*((2*((4*(sqrt(x) + 1)*(sqrt(x) - 4) + 45)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 55)*(sqrt(x) + 1) + 85)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 33)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 5/4*log(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 23.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.08

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)/((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `(5*atanh(((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)))/2 - ((311*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^5)/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^5) - (175*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^3)/(6*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^3) + (8361*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^7)/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^7) + (42259*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^9)/(3*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^9) + (25295*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^11)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^11 + (25295*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^13)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^13 + (42259*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^15)/(3*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^15) + (8361*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^17)/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^17) + (311*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^19)/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^19) - (175*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^21)/(6*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^21) + (5*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^23)/(2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^23) + (5*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i))/((2*((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)))/((66*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^4)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^4 - (12*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^2)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 - (220*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^6)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^6 + (495*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^8)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^8 - (792*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^10)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^10 + (924*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^12)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^12 - (792*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^14)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^14 + (495*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^16)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^16 - (220*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^18)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^18 - ...`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x^2}{3} + \frac{5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x}{12} + \frac{5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}}{8} + \frac{5\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}+\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{4}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**2 + 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x + 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 30*log((sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1))/sqrt(2)))/24`

**3.244**  $\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx$

Optimal result	1941
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1941
Rubi [A] (verified)	1942
Maple [A] (verified)	1944
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1944
Sympy [F]	1945
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1945
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1945
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1946
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1947

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{3/2} + \frac{3\operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})}{4}$$

output

```
3/4*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)+1/2*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(3/2)+3/4*arccosh(x^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 406 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.56

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(-29568 + 50496\sqrt{x} + 98112x + 21840x^{3/2} - 2264x^2 - 3368x^3)}{\dots} - 3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^(3/2)/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]),x]`

output `(-4*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*(-29568 + 50496*Sqrt[x] + 98112*x + 21840*x^(3/2) - 2264*x^2 - 3368*x^(5/2) - 4752*x^3 - 1136*x^(7/2)) - 4*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*(51216 + 120600*Sqrt[x] + 56904*x - 4016*x^(3/2) - 6344*x^2 - 6467*x^(5/2) - 3120*x^3 - 194*x^(7/2)) + Sqrt[3]*(-4*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*(-29568 - 84416*Sqrt[x] - 64000*x - 7152*x^(3/2) + 5624*x^2 + 5144*x^(5/2) + 3408*x^3 + 656*x^(7/2)) - 4*(17072 - 20632*Sqrt[x] - 73312*x - 36244*x^(3/2) - 510*x^2 + 2452*x^(5/2) + 3640*x^3 + 1800*x^(7/2) + 112*x^4)))/(-12416 + 13312*Sqrt[x] + 49408*x + 24960*x^(3/2) + 1552*x^2 + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*(7168 - 11264*Sqrt[x] - 22016*x - 5248*x^(3/2)) + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*(21504 + 60416*Sqrt[x] + 47104*x + 9088*x^(3/2) + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*(-12416 - 28672*Sqrt[x] - 14400*x - 896*x^(3/2)))) - 3*ArcTanh[(-1 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]])/(Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])]`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {845, 845, 852, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 845$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 845$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}} dx + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1} x^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 852$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} d\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2}$$

↓ 43

$$\frac{3}{4} \left( \operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2}$$

input `Int[x^(3/2)/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(3/2))/2 + (3*(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x] + ArcCosh[Sqrt[x]]))/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 43 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcCosh[b*(x/a)]/(b*Sqrt[d/b]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]`

rule 845 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(2*n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - 2*n + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a1*a2*c^(2*n)*((m - 2*n + 1)/(b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]`

rule 852 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a1 + b1*(x^(k*n)/c^n)]^p*(a2 + b2*(x^(k*n)/c^n)]^p, x], (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\left(2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}+3\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\right)}{4\sqrt{x-1}}$	55
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\left(2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x-1}+3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x-1}+3\ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})\right)}{4\sqrt{x-1}}$	55

input `int(x^(3/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2*x^(3/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+3*x^(1/2)*(x-1)^(1/2)+3*ln(x^(1/2)+(x-1)^(1/2)))/(x-1)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{4}(2x+3)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} - \frac{3}{8}\log\left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-2x+1\right)$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(2*x + 3)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 3/8*log(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*x + 1)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)/(-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**(3/2)/(sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x-1} x^{3/2} + \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{x-1} \sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{4} \log(2\sqrt{x-1} + 2\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(x - 1)*x^(3/2) + 3/4*sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(x) + 3/4*log(2*sqrt(x - 1) + 2*sqrt(x))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{4} ((2(\sqrt{x} + 1)(\sqrt{x} - 2) + 9)(\sqrt{x} + 1) - 5) \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} - \frac{3}{2} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*((2*(sqrt(x) + 1)*(sqrt(x) - 2) + 9)*(sqrt(x) + 1) - 5)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 3/2*log(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = 3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1}\right) + \frac{23(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^3}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^3} + \frac{333(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^5}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^5} + \frac{671(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^7}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^7} + \frac{671(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^9}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^9} + \frac{333(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^{11}}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^{11}} + \frac{23(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^{13}}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^{13}} - \frac{3(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^{15}}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^{15}} + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{28(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^4}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^4} - \frac{56(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^6}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^6} + \frac{70(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^8}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^8} - \frac{56(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^{10}}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^{10}} + \frac{28(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^{12}}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^{12}} - \frac{8(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^{14}}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^{14}} + \frac{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-i)^{16}}{(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}-1)^{16}}}$$

input

```
int(x^(3/2)/((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
3*atanh(((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)) + ((23*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^3)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^3 + (333*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^5)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^5 + (671*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^7)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^7 + (671*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^9)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^9 + (333*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^11)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^11 + (23*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^13)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^13 - (3*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^15)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^15 - (3*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i))/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1))/((28*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^4)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^4 - (8*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^2)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^2 - (56*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^6)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^6 + (70*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^8)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^8 - (56*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^10)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^10 + (28*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^12)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^12 - (8*((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^14)/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^14 + ((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2) - 1i)^16/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1)^16 + 1)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} x}{2} + \frac{3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}}{4} + \frac{3 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x + 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 6*log((sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1))/sqrt(2)))/4`



**3.245**       $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx$

Optimal result	1948
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1948
Rubi [A] (verified)	1949
Maple [A] (verified)	1950
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1951
Sympy [F]	1951
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1952
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1952
Mupad [F(-1)]	1952
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1953

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x} + \operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})$$

output

```
(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)+arccosh(x^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 265 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4\left(4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(-12-24\sqrt{x}+x+5x^{3/2}) + \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(-84-10\sqrt{x}+28x+7x^{3/2}) + \sqrt{3}\left(2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} - 4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}}\right)\right)}{56-16\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(2+3\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}(96-8\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})} - 4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]),x]`

output  $(4*(4*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(-12 - 24*\text{Sqrt}[x] + x + 5*x^{(3/2)}) + \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(-84 - 10*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 28*x + 7*x^{(3/2)}) + \text{Sqrt}[3]*(28 + 70*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 18*x - 14*x^{(3/2)} - 4*x^2 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(-12 - 8*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 5*x + 3*x^{(3/2)})))/((56 - 16*\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(2 + 3*\text{Sqrt}[x]) + \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(96 - 8*\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(7 + 2*\text{Sqrt}[x]) + 80*\text{Sqrt}[x]) + 112*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 28*x) - 4*\text{ArcTanh}[(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]])/(\text{Sqrt}[3] - \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]])])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {845, 852, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 845$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}} dx + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 852$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} d\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 43$$

$$\text{arccosh}(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]),x]`

output  $\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] * \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] * \text{Sqrt}[x] + \text{ArcCosh}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 43  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcCosh}[b*(x/a)]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[d/b]), x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c + a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[d/b, 0]$

rule 845  $\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)} * ((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)} * ((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(2*n - 1)} * (c*x)^{(m - 2*n + 1)} * (a1 + b1*x^n)^{(p + 1)} * ((a2 + b2*x^n)^{(p + 1)} / (b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a1*a2*c^{(2*n)} * ((m - 2*n + 1) / (b1*b2*(m + 2*n*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m - 2*n)} * (a1 + b1*x^n)^p * (a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[2*n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2*n - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*n*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]$

rule 852  $\text{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)} * ((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)} * ((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[k/c \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k*(m + 1) - 1)} * (a1 + b1*(x^{(k*n)})/c^n)^p * (a2 + b2*(x^{(k*n)})/c^n)^p, x], x, (c*x)^{(1/k)}], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[2*n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} (\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x-1} + \ln(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-1}))}{\sqrt{x-1}}$	41
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} (\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x-1} + \ln(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-1}))}{\sqrt{x-1}}$	41

input  $\text{int}(x^{(1/2)} / (-1 + x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} / (1 + x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method} = \_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $(-1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(1+x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(x^{(1/2)}*(x-1)^{(1/2)}+\ln(x^{(1/2)}+(x-1)^{(1/2)}))/((x-1)^{(1/2)})$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1} - 2x + 1\right)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 1/2*log(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*x + 1)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)/(-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x)/(sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \sqrt{x-1} \sqrt{x} + \log(2\sqrt{x-1} + 2\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(x) + log(2*sqrt(x - 1) + 2*sqrt(x))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} - 2 \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*log(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)/((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^(1/2)/((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + 2 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

input `int(x^(1/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 2*log((sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1))/sqrt(2))`

$$3.246 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1954
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1954
Rubi [A] (verified)	1955
Maple [B] (verified)	1956
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1956
Sympy [F]	1957
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1957
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1957
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1958
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1958

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 8

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} dx = 2\operatorname{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})$$

output `2*arccosh(x^(1/2))`

### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 38 vs. 2(8) = 16.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} dx = -8\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `-8*ArcTanh[(-1 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]])/(Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {852, 43}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 852

$$2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} d\sqrt{x}$$

↓ 43

$$2\text{arccosh}(\sqrt{x})$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `2*ArcCosh[Sqrt[x]]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 43 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcCosh[b*(x/a)]/(b*Sqrt[d/b]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d/b, 0]`

rule 852 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a1 + b1*(x^(k*n)/c^n))^p*(a2 + b2*(x^(k*n)/c^n))^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IGtQ[2*n, 0] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a1*a2, b1*b2, c, 2*n, m, p, x]`



**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs.  $2(6) = 12$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{(1+\sqrt{x})(-1+\sqrt{x})} \ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}}$	40
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{(1+\sqrt{x})(-1+\sqrt{x})} \ln(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x-1})}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}}$	40

input `int(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*((1+x^(1/2))*(-1+x^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*ln(x^(1/2)+(x-1)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 27 vs.  $2(6) = 12$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} dx = -\log\left(2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}-2x+1\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-log(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*x + 1)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 16 vs.  $2(6) = 12$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \log (2 \sqrt{x - 1} + 2 \sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*log(2*sqrt(x - 1) + 2*sqrt(x))`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 20 vs.  $2(6) = 12$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} dx = -4 \log \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4*log(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \operatorname{acosh}(\sqrt{x})$$

input `int(1/(x^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `2*acosh(x^(1/2))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} dx = 4 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

input `int(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x)`

output `4*log((sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1))/sqrt(2))`

**3.247**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1959
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1959
Rubi [A] (verified)	1960
Maple [A] (verified)	1961
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1961
Sympy [F]	1962
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1962
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1962
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1963
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1963

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

output `2*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.03

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(-1+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})(-2+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}+\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})}{(3+2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}-2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}+2)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(3/2)), x]`

output  $((-1 + \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]) * (\text{Sqrt}[3] - \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]) * (-2 + \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] + \text{Sqrt}[3] * \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] - \text{Sqrt}[x])) / ((3 + 2 * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] - 2 * \text{Sqrt}[3] * \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] - \text{Sqrt}[3] * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] * \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] + 2 * \text{Sqrt}[x]) * \text{Sqrt}[x])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.036$ , Rules used = {797}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 797

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(3/2)),x]`

output  $(2 * \text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]] * \text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]) / \text{Sqrt}[x]$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 797 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a1*a2*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && EqQ[(m + 1)/(2*n) + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}}$	20
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}}$	20
orering	$\frac{2x-2}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}}$	23

input `int(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}+x\right)}{x}$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + x)/x`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**(3/2)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(x - 1)/sqrt(x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16}{\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1}\right)^4 + 4}$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `16/((sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^4 + 4)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int(1/(x^(3/2)*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`output `(2*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))/x^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + 2 \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(x)))/sqrt(x)`



**3.248**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1964
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1964
Rubi [A] (verified)	1965
Maple [A] (verified)	1966
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1967
Sympy [F]	1967
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1967
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1968
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1968
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1969

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{3\sqrt{x}}$$

output

```
2/3*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2)+4/3*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 407 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 407, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(-1+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})(-2+\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}+\sqrt{3}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}})}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(5/2)), x]
```

output

```
((-1 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]])*(Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*(-2 + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] - Sqrt[x])*(8*(-7 - 12*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 4*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 7*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]) - 4*(49 + 8*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] - 24*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 3*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*Sqrt[x] + 2*(-61 + 16*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 7*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*x + (-56 - 28*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 20*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 6*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*x^(3/2) - 11*x^2))/(12*(-3 - 2*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]] + 2*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] - 2*Sqrt[x])^3*x^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {804, 797}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 804$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{3x^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 797$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{3\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/(3*x^(3/2)) + (4*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])/(3*Sqrt[x])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 797

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)
^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b
2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a1*a2*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}
, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && EqQ[(m + 1)/(2*n) + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1
]
```

rule 804

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1
)/(a1*a2*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b1*b2*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a1*a2*(m + 1))
Int[x^(m + 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1
, a2, b2, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/(2
*n) + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(1+2x)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	25
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(1+2x)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	25
orering	$\frac{2(1+2x)(x-1)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}$	28

input

```
int(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE
)
```

output

```
2/3*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+2*x)/x^(3/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( (2x + 1) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} + 2x^2 \right)}{3x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*((2*x + 1)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) + 2*x^2)/x^2`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**(5/2)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{x-1}}{3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x-1}}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/3*sqrt(x - 1)/sqrt(x) + 2/3*sqrt(x - 1)/x^(3/2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{128 \left( 3 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^4 + 4 \right)}{3 \left( \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^4 + 4 \right)^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `128/3*(3*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^4 + 4)/((sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))^4 + 4)^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \left( \frac{4x}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3} + \frac{4x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \right)}{x^{3/2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}$$

input `int(1/(x^(5/2)*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output `((x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*((4*x)/3 + (2*x^(1/2))/3 + (4*x^(3/2))/3 + 2/3))/(x^(3/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{x}x}{3}}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(2*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x + sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 2*sqrt(x)*x))/(3*sqrt(x)*x)`

**3.249**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1970
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1970
Rubi [A] (verified)	1971
Maple [A] (verified)	1972
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1973
Sympy [F]	1973
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1973
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1974
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1974
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1975

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{15x^{3/2}} + \frac{16\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

output `2/5*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(5/2)+8/15*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(3/2)+16/15*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(3+4x+8x^2)}{15x^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*x^(7/2)),x]`

output  $(2*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*(3 + 4*x + 8*x^2))/(15*x^{(5/2)})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {804, 804, 797}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 804

$$\frac{4}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{5x^{5/2}}$$

↓ 804

$$\frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}x^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{3x^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{5x^{5/2}}$$

↓ 797

$$\frac{4}{5} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{3\sqrt{x}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{5x^{5/2}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*x^{(7/2)}),x]$

output  $(4*((2*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]])/(3*x^{(3/2)}) + (4*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]])/(3*\text{Sqrt}[x]))/5 + (2*\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[x]])/(5*x^{(5/2)})$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 797

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)
^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b
2*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a1*a2*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}
, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && EqQ[(m + 1)/(2*n) + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1
]
```

rule 804

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^(p + 1)*((a2 + b2*x^n)^(p + 1)
)/(a1*a2*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b1*b2*(m + 2*n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a1*a2*(m + 1))
Int[x^(m + 2*n)*(a1 + b1*x^n)^p*(a2 + b2*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1
, a2, b2, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/(2
*n) + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(8x^2+4x+3)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	30
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}(8x^2+4x+3)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	30
orering	$\frac{2(8x^2+4x+3)(x-1)}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}$	33

input

```
int(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE
)
```

output

```
2/15*(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*(8*x^2+4*x+3)/x^(5/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 8x^3 + (8x^2 + 4x + 3)\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)}{15x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(8*x^3 + (8*x^2 + 4*x + 3)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1))/x^3`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**(7/2)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{16\sqrt{x-1}}{15\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8\sqrt{x-1}}{15x^{3/2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{x-1}}{5x^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $16/15*\sqrt{x - 1}/\sqrt{x} + 8/15*\sqrt{x - 1}/x^{(3/2)} + 2/5*\sqrt{x - 1}/x^{(5/2)}$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4096 \left( 5 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^8 + 10 \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^4 + 8 \right)}{15 \left( \left( \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right)^4 + 4 \right)^5}$$

input `integrate(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $4096/15*(5*(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1})^8 + 10*(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1})^4 + 8)/((\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1})^4 + 4)^5$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} - 1} \left( \frac{8x}{15} + \frac{16x^2}{15} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{5} + \frac{8x^{3/2}}{15} + \frac{16x^{5/2}}{15} + \frac{2}{5} \right)}{x^{5/2} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}$$

input `int(1/(x^(7/2)*(x^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output  $((x^{(1/2)} - 1)^{(1/2)}*((8*x)/15 + (16*x^2)/15 + (2*x^{(1/2)})/5 + (8*x^{(3/2)})/15 + (16*x^{(5/2)})/15 + 2/5))/(x^{(5/2)}*(x^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)})$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{16\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x^2}{15} + \frac{8\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}x}{15} + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}-1}}{5} - \frac{16\sqrt{x}x^2}{15}}{\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int(1/(-1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(8*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x**2 + 4*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1)*x + 3*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x) - 1) - 8*sqrt(x)*x**2))/(15*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

### 3.250 $\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx$

Optimal result	1976
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1976
Rubi [A] (verified)	1977
Maple [F]	1978
Fricas [F(-2)]	1978
Sympy [F(-1)]	1978
Maxima [F]	1979
Giac [F]	1979
Mupad [F(-1)]	1979
Reduce [F]	1980

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}(2(1+m), -p, -q, 3+2m, -b\sqrt{x}, -d\sqrt{x})}{1+m}$$

output `x^(1+m)*AppellF1(2+2*m,-p,-q,3+2*m,-b*x^(1/2),-d*x^(1/2))/(1+m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}(2(1+m), -p, -q, 1+2(1+m), -b\sqrt{x}, -d\sqrt{x})}{1+m}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b*Sqrt[x])^p*(1 + d*Sqrt[x])^q*x^m,x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*AppellF1[2*(1 + m), -p, -q, 1 + 2*(1 + m), -(b*Sqrt[x]), -(d*Sqrt[x])])/(1 + m)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {1000, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (b\sqrt{x} + 1)^p (d\sqrt{x} + 1)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 1000$$

$$2 \int (\sqrt{xb} + 1)^p (\sqrt{xd} + 1)^q x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \text{AppellF1}(2(m+1), -p, -q, 2m+3, -b\sqrt{x}, -d\sqrt{x})}{m+1}$$

input `Int[(1 + b*Sqrt[x])^p*(1 + d*Sqrt[x])^q*x^m,x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*AppellF1[2*(1 + m), -p, -q, 3 + 2*m, -(b*Sqrt[x]), -(d*Sqrt[x])]/(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 1000 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(g*n))^p*(c + d*x^(g*n))^q, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && FractionQ[n]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx$$

input `int((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^m,x)`

output `int((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^m,x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: alg1  
ogextint: unimplemented`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((1+b*x**(1/2))**p*(1+d*x**(1/2))**q*x**m,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \int (b\sqrt{x} + 1)^p (d\sqrt{x} + 1)^q x^m dx$$

input `integrate((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(x) + 1)^p*(d*sqrt(x) + 1)^q*x^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \int (b\sqrt{x} + 1)^p (d\sqrt{x} + 1)^q x^m dx$$

input `integrate((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(x) + 1)^p*(d*sqrt(x) + 1)^q*x^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \int x^m (b\sqrt{x} + 1)^p (d\sqrt{x} + 1)^q dx$$

input `int(x^m*(b*x^(1/2) + 1)^p*(d*x^(1/2) + 1)^q,x)`

output `int(x^m*(b*x^(1/2) + 1)^p*(d*x^(1/2) + 1)^q, x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^m,x)`

output

```
(4*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b**2*m*q + 2*x**
((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b**2*p*q + 4*x**((2*m
+ 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*d*m*p + 4*x**((2*m + 1)/2)
*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*d*m*q + 2*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(
x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*d*p**2 + 2*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d +
1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*d*q**2 + 4*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q
*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*d**2*m*p + 2*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt
(x)*b + 1)**p*d**2*p*q + 8*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b**2
*d*m**2*x + 8*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b**2*d*m*p*x + 4*
x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b**2*d*m*q*x + 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*
d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b**2*d*m*x + 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(
x)*b + 1)**p*b**2*d*p**2*x + 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*
b**2*d*p*q*x + 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b**2*d*p*x + 8
*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*d**2*m**2*x + 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)
)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*d**2*m*p*x + 8*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(s
qrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*d**2*m*q*x + 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)*
*p*b*d**2*m*x + 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*d**2*p*q*x
+ 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*d**2*q**2*x + 2*x**m*(sqr
t(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*d**2*q*x - 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(
sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*b*m*q - 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + 1)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + 1)**p*...
```

### 3.251 $\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$

Optimal result	1981
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1981
Rubi [A] (verified)	1982
Maple [F]	1983
Fricas [F(-2)]	1983
Sympy [F(-1)]	1984
Maxima [F]	1984
Giac [F]	1984
Mupad [F(-1)]	1985
Reduce [F]	1985

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}(2(1+m), -p, -q, 3+2m, -b\sqrt{x}, -d\sqrt{x})}{e(1+m)}$$

output  $(e*x)^{(1+m)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}(2+2*m, -p, -q, 3+2*m, -b*x^{(1/2)}, -d*x^{(1/2)})/e/(1+m)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{x(ex)^m \operatorname{AppellF1}(2(1+m), -p, -q, 1+2(1+m), -b\sqrt{x}, -d\sqrt{x})}{1+m}$$

input  $\operatorname{Integrate}[(1 + b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x])^p*(1 + d*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x])^q*(e*x)^m, x]$

output  $(x*(e*x)^m*AppellF1[2*(1 + m), -p, -q, 1 + 2*(1 + m), -(b*Sqrt[x]), -(d*Sqrt[x])])/(1 + m)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {1001, 1000, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b\sqrt{x} + 1)^p (d\sqrt{x} + 1)^q (ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1001$$

$$x^{-m}(ex)^m \int (\sqrt{x}b + 1)^p (\sqrt{x}d + 1)^q x^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 1000$$

$$2x^{-m}(ex)^m \int (\sqrt{x}b + 1)^p (\sqrt{x}d + 1)^q x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{x(ex)^m \text{AppellF1}(2(m+1), -p, -q, 2m+3, -b\sqrt{x}, -d\sqrt{x})}{m+1}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(1 + b*Sqrt[x])^p*(1 + d*Sqrt[x])^q*(e*x)^m,x]$

output  $(x*(e*x)^m*AppellF1[2*(1 + m), -p, -q, 3 + 2*m, -(b*Sqrt[x]), -(d*Sqrt[x])])/(1 + m)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
  tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 1000

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
  x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g*(m + 1) -
  1)*(a + b*x^(g*n))^p*(c + d*x^(g*n))^q, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
  c, d, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 1001

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))
  ^ (q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^IntPart[m]*((e*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) I
  nt[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q},
  x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && FractionQ[n]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$$

input

```
int((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x)
```

output

```
int((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x)
```

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: alg1  
ogextint: unimplemented

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((1+b*x**(1/2))**p*(1+d*x**(1/2))**q*(e*x)**m,x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \int (ex)^m (b\sqrt{x} + 1)^p (d\sqrt{x} + 1)^q dx$$

input `integrate((1+b*x^(1/2))p*(1+d*x^(1/2))q*(e*x)m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)m*(b*sqrt(x) + 1)p*(d*sqrt(x) + 1)q, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \int (ex)^m (b\sqrt{x} + 1)^p (d\sqrt{x} + 1)^q dx$$

input `integrate((1+b*x^(1/2))p*(1+d*x^(1/2))q*(e*x)m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)m*(b*sqrt(x) + 1)p*(d*sqrt(x) + 1)q, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \int (ex)^m (b\sqrt{x} + 1)^p (d\sqrt{x} + 1)^q dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(b*x^(1/2) + 1)^p*(d*x^(1/2) + 1)^q,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(b*x^(1/2) + 1)^p*(d*x^(1/2) + 1)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \int (1 + b\sqrt{x})^p (1 + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$$

input `int((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x)`

output `int((1+b*x^(1/2))^p*(1+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x)`

### 3.252 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx$

Optimal result	1986
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1986
Rubi [A] (verified)	1987
Maple [F]	1988
Fricas [F(-2)]	1989
Sympy [F(-2)]	1989
Maxima [F]	1989
Giac [F]	1990
Mupad [F(-1)]	1990
Reduce [F]	1990

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + d\sqrt{x})^q \left(1 + \frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c}\right)^{-q} x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2(1+m), -p, -q, 3+2m, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}, -\frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c}\right)}{1+m}$$

```
output (a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^(1+m)*AppellF1(2+2*m,-p,-q,3+2*m,-b*x^(1/2)/a,-d*x^(1/2)/c)/(1+m)/((1+b*x^(1/2)/a)^p)/((1+d*x^(1/2)/c)^q)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + d\sqrt{x})^q \left(1 + \frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c}\right)^{-q} x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2+2m, -p, -q, 3+2m, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}, -\frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c}\right)}{1+m}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p*(c + d*Sqrt[x])^q*x^m,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^{1+m}) \operatorname{AppellF1}[2 + 2m, -p, -q, 3 + 2m, -((b\sqrt{x})/a), -((d\sqrt{x})/c)]}{((1 + m)(1 + (b\sqrt{x})/a)^p (1 + (d\sqrt{x})/c)^q)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {1000, 152, 152, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 1000$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 152$$

$$2(a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{a} + 1\right)^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 152$$

$$2(a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + d\sqrt{x})^q \left(\frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}d}{c} + 1\right)^q x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} (a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + d\sqrt{x})^q \left(\frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c} + 1\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2(m+1), -p, -q, 2m+3, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}, -\frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c}\right)}{m+1}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m, x]$$



output  $((a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^{(1+m)} \text{AppellF1}[2*(1+m), -p, -q, 3 + 2*m, -((b\sqrt{x})/a), -((d\sqrt{x})/c)]) / ((1+m)*(1 + (b\sqrt{x})/a)^p (1 + (d\sqrt{x})/c)^q)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot x)^m (c + d \cdot x)^n (e + f \cdot x)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^n e^p (b \cdot x)^{m+1} / (b \cdot (m+1)) \text{AppellF1}[m+1, -n, -p, m+2, (-d)(x/c), (-f)(x/e)], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])

rule 152  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot x)^m (c + d \cdot x)^n (e + f \cdot x)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{\text{IntPart}[n]} (c + d \cdot x)^{\text{FracPart}[n]} / (1 + d \cdot (x/c))^{\text{FracPart}[n]} \text{Int}[(b \cdot x)^m (1 + d \cdot (x/c))^n (e + f \cdot x)^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0]

rule 1000  $\text{Int}(x^m (a + b \cdot x^n)^p (c + d \cdot x^n)^q, x_{\text{Symbol}}) \rightarrow \text{With}[g = \text{Denominator}[n], \text{Simp}[g \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{g(m+1)-1} (a + b \cdot x^{g \cdot n})^p (c + d \cdot x^{g \cdot n})^q, x], x, x^{1/g}], x]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] && FractionQ[n]

### Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx$$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/2)})^p*(c+d*x^{(1/2)})^q*x^m,x)$

output  $\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/2)})^p*(c+d*x^{(1/2)})^q*x^m,x)$

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: alg1  
ogextint: unimplemented`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**p*(c+d*x**(1/2))**q*x**m,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \int (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p (d\sqrt{x} + c)^q x^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*(d*sqrt(x) + c)^q*x^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \int (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p (d\sqrt{x} + c)^q x^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*(d*sqrt(x) + c)^q*x^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \int x^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(1/2))^p*(c + d*x^(1/2))^q,x)`

output `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(1/2))^p*(c + d*x^(1/2))^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*x^m,x)`

output

```

(4*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*m*p +
2*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*p*q + 4
*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*m*p + 4*x*
*((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*m*q + 2*x**((
2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*p**2 + 2*x**((2*
m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*q**2 + 4*x**((2*m
+ 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*m*q + 2*x**((2*m +
1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*p*q - 4*x**m*(sqrt(
x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a**2*c*d*m*p - 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(
sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a**2*c*d*p - 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**
p*a*b*c**2*m*q - 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*c**2*q +
8*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*m**2*x + 4*x**m*(sq
rt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*m*p*x + 8*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)
**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*m*q*x + 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)
*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*m*x + 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b
*d**2*p*q*x + 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*q**2*x
+ 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*q*x + 8*x**m*(sqr
t(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*m**2*x + 8*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)
**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*m*p*x + 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)
*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*m*q*x + 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**...

```

### 3.253 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$

Optimal result	1992
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1992
Rubi [A] (verified)	1993
Maple [F]	1994
Fricas [F(-2)]	1995
Sympy [F(-2)]	1995
Maxima [F]	1995
Giac [F]	1996
Mupad [F(-1)]	1996
Reduce [F]	1996

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + d\sqrt{x})^q \left(1 + \frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c}\right)^{-q} (ex)^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left(2(1+m), -p, -q, 3+2m, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}, -\frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c}\right)}{e(1+m)}$$

output  $(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^p*(c+d*x^{(1/2)})^q*(e*x)^{(1+m)}*\text{AppellF1}(2+2*m, -p, -q, 3+2*m, -b*x^{(1/2)}/a, -d*x^{(1/2)}/c)/e/(1+m)/((1+b*x^{(1/2)}/a)^p)/((1+d*x^{(1/2)}/c)^q)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + d\sqrt{x})^q \left(1 + \frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c}\right)^{-q} x (ex)^m \text{AppellF1}\left(2+2m, -p, -q, 3+2m, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}, -\frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c}\right)}{1+m}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^p*(c + d*\text{Sqrt}[x])^q*(e*x)^m, x]$

output

$$\frac{((a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m (e x)^m \text{AppellF1}[2 + 2m, -p, -q, 3 + 2m, -((b\sqrt{x})/a), -((d\sqrt{x})/c)])}{((1 + m)(1 + (b\sqrt{x})/a)^p (1 + (d\sqrt{x})/c)^q)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$ , Rules used = {1001, 1000, 152, 152, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1001 \\ & x^{-m} (ex)^m \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 1000 \\ & 2x^{-m} (ex)^m \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 152 \\ & 2x^{-m} (ex)^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{a} + 1\right)^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 152 \\ & 2x^{-m} (ex)^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + d\sqrt{x})^q \left(\frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}d}{c} + 1\right)^q x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 150 \\ & \frac{x (ex)^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + d\sqrt{x})^q \left(\frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(2(m+1), -p, -q, 2m+3, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}, -\frac{d\sqrt{x}}{c}\right)}{m+1} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (e x)^m, x]$$

output

```
((a + b*Sqrt[x])^p*(c + d*Sqrt[x])^q*x*(e*x)^m*AppellF1[2*(1 + m), -p, -q,
 3 + 2*m, -(b*Sqrt[x])/a, -(d*Sqrt[x])/c])/((1 + m)*(1 + (b*Sqrt[x])/a)
)^p*(1 + (d*Sqrt[x])/c)^q
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
 := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 152

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
 := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n])
Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0]
```

rule 1000

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_),
 x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g*(m + 1) -
1)*(a + b*x^(g*n))^p*(c + d*x^(g*n))^q, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 1001

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))
^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^IntPart[m]*((e*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) I
nt[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && FractionQ[n]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x)
```

output `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: alg1  
ogextint: unimplemented`

### Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**p*(c+d*x**(1/2))**q*(e*x)**m,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \int (ex)^m (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p (d\sqrt{x} + c)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*(d*sqrt(x) + c)^q, x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \int (ex)^m (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p (d\sqrt{x} + c)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*(d*sqrt(x) + c)^q, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \int (ex)^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^(1/2))^p*(c + d*x^(1/2))^q,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^(1/2))^p*(c + d*x^(1/2))^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p (c + d\sqrt{x})^q (ex)^m dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*(c+d*x^(1/2))^q*(e*x)^m,x)`

output

```
(e**m*(4*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*
m*p + 2*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*p
*q + 4*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*m*p
+ 4*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*m*q + 2
*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*p**2 + 2*x
**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*q**2 + 4*x**
((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*m*q + 2*x**((
2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*p*q - 4*x**m*(
sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a**2*c*d*m*p - 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c
)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a**2*c*d*p - 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b
+ a)**p*a*b*c**2*m*q - 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*c*
*2*q + 8*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*m**2*x + 4*x**
m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*m*p*x + 8*x**m*(sqrt(x)*
d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*m*q*x + 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(s
qrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*m*x + 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)*
*p*a*b*d**2*p*q*x + 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*
q**2*x + 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*q*x + 8*x**
m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*m**2*x + 8*x**m*(sqrt(x)*
d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*m*p*x + 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(s
qrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*m*q*x + 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*d + c)**q*(sqrt(x)*b ...
```

### 3.254 $\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1998
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1998
Rubi [A] (verified)	1999
Maple [A] (verified)	2000
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2000
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2001
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2001
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2002
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2002
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2003

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{3}aAx^3 + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{3+n}}{3+n} + \frac{bBx^{3+2n}}{3+2n}$$

output

```
1/3*a*A*x^3+(A*b+B*a)*x^(3+n)/(3+n)+b*B*x^(3+2*n)/(3+2*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{3}aAx^3 + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{3+n}}{3+n} + \frac{bBx^{3+2n}}{3+2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(a*A*x^3)/3 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^(3 + n))/(3 + n) + (b*B*x^(3 + 2*n))/(3 + 2*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 950$$

$$\int \left( x^{n+2}(aB + Ab) + aAx^2 + bBx^{2(n+1)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{n+3}(aB + Ab)}{n + 3} + \frac{1}{3}aAx^3 + \frac{bBx^{2n+3}}{2n + 3}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(a*A*x^3)/3 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^(3 + n))/(3 + n) + (b*B*x^(3 + 2*n))/(3 + 2*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$\frac{(Ab+Ba)x^3x^n}{3+n} + \frac{Bbx^3x^{2n}}{3+2n} + \frac{aAx^3}{3}$
norman	$\frac{(Ab+Ba)x^3e^{n \ln(x)}}{3+n} + \frac{Bbx^3e^{2n \ln(x)}}{3+2n} + \frac{aAx^3}{3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3Bx^3x^{2n}bn+6Ax^3x^nbn+2Ax^3an^2+9Bbx^3x^{2n}+6Bx^3x^nan+9Ax^3x^nb+9Ax^3an+9Bx^3x^na+9aAx^3}{3(3+n)(3+2n)}$
orering	$\frac{x^3(2n^2+15n+19)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{3(3+n)(3+2n)} - \frac{x^2(2+n)(2x(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)+xbx^n(A+Bx^n)+x(a+bx^n)Bx^n)}{(3+n)(3+2n)} + \frac{x^3(2($

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(A*b+B*a)/(3+n)*x^3*x^n+B*b/(3+2*n)*x^3*(x^n)^2+1/3*a*A*x^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(Bbn + 3Bb)x^3x^{2n} + 3(3Ba + 3Ab + 2(Ba + Ab)n)x^3x^n + (2Aan^2 + 9Aan + 9Aa)x^3}{3(2n^2 + 9n + 9)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(3*(B*b*n + 3*B*b)*x^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(3*B*a + 3*A*b + 2*(B*a + A*b)*n)*x^3*x^n + (2*A*a*n^2 + 9*A*a*n + 9*A*a)*x^3)/(2*n^2 + 9*n + 9)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 274 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.09

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Aax^3}{3} + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) - \frac{Bb}{3x^3} \\ \frac{Aax^3}{3} + \frac{2Abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2Bax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Bb \log(x) \\ \frac{2Aan^2x^3}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{9Aanx^3}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{9Aax^3}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{6Abnx^3x^n}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{9Abx^3x^n}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{6Banx^3x^n}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{9Bax^3x^n}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{3Bbnx^3x^{2n}}{6n^2+27n+27} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n), x)`

output `Piecewise((A*a*x**3/3 + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) - B*b/(3*x**3), Eq(n, -3)), (A*a*x**3/3 + 2*A*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*a*x**(3/2)/3 + B*b*log(x), Eq(n, -3/2)), (2*A*a*n**2*x**3/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 9*A*a*n*x**3/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 9*A*a*x**3/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 6*A*b*n*x**3*x**n/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 9*A*b*x**3*x**n/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 6*B*a*n*x**3*x**n/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 9*B*a*x**3*x**n/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 3*B*b*n*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 9*B*b*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{3} Aax^3 + \frac{Bbx^{2n+3}}{2n+3} + \frac{Bax^{n+3}}{n+3} + \frac{Abx^{n+3}}{n+3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*A*a*x^3 + B*b*x^(2*n + 3)/(2*n + 3) + B*a*x^(n + 3)/(n + 3) + A*b*x^(n + 3)/(n + 3)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs.  $2(43) = 86$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 Bbnx^3x^{2n} + 6 Banx^3x^n + 6 Abnx^3x^n + 2 Aan^2x^3 + 9 Bbx^3x^{2n} + 9 Bax^3x^n + 9 Abx^3x^n + 9 Aanx^3 + 9 Aa^2x^3}{3(2n^2 + 9n + 9)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(3*B*b*n*x^3*x^(2*n) + 6*B*a*n*x^3*x^n + 6*A*b*n*x^3*x^n + 2*A*a*n^2*x^3 + 9*B*b*x^3*x^(2*n) + 9*B*a*x^3*x^n + 9*A*b*x^3*x^n + 9*A*a*n*x^3 + 9*A*a*x^3)/(2*n^2 + 9*n + 9)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aa x^3}{3} + \frac{x^n x^3 (Ab + Ba)}{n + 3} + \frac{Bb x^{2n} x^3}{2n + 3}$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(A*a*x^3)/3 + (x^n*x^3*(A*b + B*a))/(n + 3) + (B*b*x^(2*n)*x^3)/(2*n + 3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3(3x^{2n}b^2n + 9x^{2n}b^2 + 12x^nabn + 18x^nab + 2a^2n^2 + 9a^2n + 9a^2)}{6n^2 + 27n + 27}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(x**3*(3*x**(2*n)*b**2*n + 9*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 12*x**n*a*b*n + 18*x**n*a*b + 2*a**2*n**2 + 9*a**2*n + 9*a**2))/(3*(2*n**2 + 9*n + 9))`



### 3.255 $\int x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2004
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2004
Rubi [A] (verified)	2005
Maple [A] (verified)	2006
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2006
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2007
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2007
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2008
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2008
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2009

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{2}aAx^2 + \frac{bBx^{2(1+n)}}{2(1+n)} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{2+n}}{2+n}$$

output

```
1/2*a*A*x^2+b*B*x^(2+2*n)/(2+2*n)+(A*b+B*a)*x^(2+n)/(2+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \left( aA + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^n}{2+n} + \frac{bBx^{2n}}{1+n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(a*A + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(2 + n) + (b*B*x^(2*n))/(1 + n)))/2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 950$$

$$\int (x^{n+1}(aB + Ab) + aAx + bBx^{2n+1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{n+2}(aB + Ab)}{n + 2} + \frac{1}{2}aAx^2 + \frac{bBx^{2(n+1)}}{2(n + 1)}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output `(a*A*x^2)/2 + (b*B*x^(2*(1 + n)))/(2*(1 + n)) + ((A*b + a*B)*x^(2 + n))/(2 + n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
risch	$\frac{(Ab+Ba)x^2x^n}{2+n} + \frac{aAx^2}{2} + \frac{Bbx^2x^{2n}}{2+2n}$
norman	$\frac{(Ab+Ba)x^2e^{n \ln(x)}}{2+n} + \frac{aAx^2}{2} + \frac{Bbx^2e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2+2n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{Bx^2x^{2n}bn+2Ax^2x^nbn+Ax^2an^2+2Bbx^2x^{2n}+2Bx^2x^nan+2Ax^2x^nb+3Ax^2an+2Bx^2x^na+2aAx^2}{2(2+n)(1+n)}$
orering	$\frac{x^2(7+2n)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{8+4n} - \frac{3x^2((a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)+bx^n(A+Bx^n)+(a+bx^n)Bx^n)}{4(2+n)} + \frac{x^3\left(\frac{bx^n(A+Bx^n)}{x} + (a+bx^n)\right)}{4(2+n)}$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $(A*b+B*a)/(2+n)*x^2*x^n+1/2*a*A*x^2+1/2*B*b/(1+n)*x^2*(x^n)^2$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int x(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bbn+2Bb)x^2x^{2n}+2(Ba+Ab+(Ba+Ab)n)x^2x^n+(Aan^2+3Aan+2Aa)x^2}{2(n^2+3n+2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $1/2*((B*b*n+2*B*b)*x^2*x^(2*n)+2*(B*a+A*b+(B*a+A*b)*n)*x^2*x^n+(A*a*n^2+3*A*a*n+2*A*a)*x^2)/(n^2+3*n+2)$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 255 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.54

$$\int x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Aax^2}{2} + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) - \frac{Bb}{2x^2} \\ \frac{Aax^2}{2} + Abx + Bax + Bb \log(x) \\ \frac{Aan^2x^2}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{3Aanx^2}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{2Aax^2}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{2Abnx^2x^n}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{2Abx^2x^n}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{2Banx^2x^n}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{2Bax^2x^n}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{Bbnx^2x^{2n}}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{2Bbx^2x^{2n}}{2n^2+6n+4} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((A*a*x**2/2 + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) - B*b/(2*x**2), Eq(n, -2)), (A*a*x**2/2 + A*b*x + B*a*x + B*b*log(x), Eq(n, -1)), (A*a*n**2*x**2/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 3*A*a*n*x**2/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 2*A*a*x**2/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 2*A*b*n*x**2*x**n/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 2*A*b*x**2*x**n/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 2*B*a*n*x**2*x**n/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 2*B*a*x**2*x**n/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + B*b*n*x**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 2*B*b*x**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{2} Aax^2 + \frac{Bbx^{2n+2}}{2(n+1)} + \frac{Bax^{n+2}}{n+2} + \frac{Abx^{n+2}}{n+2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*A*a*x^2 + 1/2*B*b*x^(2*n + 2)/(n + 1) + B*a*x^(n + 2)/(n + 2) + A*b*x^(n + 2)/(n + 2)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 103 vs.  $2(42) = 84$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{Bbnx^2x^{2n} + 2Banx^2x^n + 2Abnx^2x^n + Aan^2x^2 + 2Bbx^2x^{2n} + 2Bax^2x^n + 2Abx^2x^n + 3Aanx^2 + 2Aa}{2(n^2 + 3n + 2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1/2*(B*b*n*x^2*x^{(2*n)} + 2*B*a*n*x^2*x^n + 2*A*b*n*x^2*x^n + A*a*n^2*x^2 + 2*B*b*x^2*x^{(2*n)} + 2*B*a*x^2*x^n + 2*A*b*x^2*x^n + 3*A*a*n*x^2 + 2*A*a*x^2)/(n^2 + 3*n + 2)}$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aa x^2}{2} + \frac{x^n x^2 (Ab + Ba)}{n + 2} + \frac{Bb x^{2n} x^2}{2n + 2}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output  $(A*a*x^2)/2 + (x^n*x^2*(A*b + B*a))/(n + 2) + (B*b*x^{(2*n)}*x^2)/(2*n + 2)$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2(x^{2n}b^2n + 2x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^nabn + 4x^nab + a^2n^2 + 3a^2n + 2a^2)}{2n^2 + 6n + 4}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(x**2*(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 4*x**n*a*b*n + 4*x**n*a*b + a**2*n**2 + 3*a**2*n + 2*a**2))/(2*(n**2 + 3*n + 2))`

### 3.256 $\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2010
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2010
Rubi [A] (verified)	2011
Maple [A] (verified)	2012
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2012
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2013
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2013
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2014
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2014
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2014

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = aAx + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{bBx^{1+2n}}{1+2n}$$

output

```
a*A*x+(A*b+B*a)*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+b*B*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = x \left( aA + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^n}{1+n} + \frac{bBx^{2n}}{1+2n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
x*(a*A + ((A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(1 + n) + (b*B*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {897, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 897$$

$$\int (x^n(aB + Ab) + aA + bBx^{2n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{n+1}(aB + Ab)}{n + 1} + aAx + \frac{bBx^{2n+1}}{2n + 1}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output `a*A*x + ((A*b + a*B)*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (b*B*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 897 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
risch	$aAx + \frac{(Ab+Ba)xx^n}{1+n} + \frac{Bbx^{2n}}{1+2n}$
norman	$aAx + \frac{(Ab+Ba)xe^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{Bbx e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{Bx x^{2n}bn+2Ax x^nbn+2Axa n^2+Bbx x^{2n}+2Bx x^n an+Ax x^n b+3Axa n+Bx x^n a+aAx}{(1+n)(1+2n)}$
oring	$x(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) - \frac{3nx^2 \left( \frac{bx^n n(A+Bx^n)}{x} + \frac{(a+bx^n)Bx^n n}{x} \right)}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{x^3 \left( \frac{bx^n n^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} - \frac{bx^n n(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} + \frac{2x^2}{2n^2+} \right)}{2n^2+}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*A*x+(A*b+B*a)/(1+n)*x*x^n+B*b/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bbn + Bb)xx^{2n} + (Ba + Ab + 2(Ba + Ab)n)xx^n + (2Aan^2 + 3Aan + Aa)x}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((B*b*n + B*b)*x*x^(2*n) + (B*a + A*b + 2*(B*a + A*b)*n)*x*x^n + (2*A*a*n^2 + 3*A*a*n + A*a)*x)/(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs.  $2(34) = 68$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.90

$$\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} Aax + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) - \frac{Bb}{x} \\ Aax + 2Ab\sqrt{x} + 2Ba\sqrt{x} + Bb \log(x) \\ \frac{2Aan^2x}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{3Aanx}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{Aax}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{2Abnxx^n}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{Abxx^n}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{2Banxx^n}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{Baxx^n}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{Bbnxx^{2n}}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{Bbxx^{2n}}{2n^2+3n+1} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((A*a*x + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) - B*b/x, Eq(n, -1)), (A*a*x + 2*A*b*sqrt(x) + 2*B*a*sqrt(x) + B*b*log(x), Eq(n, -1/2)), (2*A*a*n**2*x/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 3*A*a*n*x/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + A*a*x/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*A*b*n*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + A*b*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*B*a*n*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + B*a*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + B*b*n*x*x**n*(2*n)/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + B*b*x*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = Aax + \frac{Bbx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{Bax^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{Abx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `A*a*x + B*b*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + B*a*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1) + A*b*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 83 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2Aan^2x + Bbnxx^{2n} + 2Banxx^n + 2Abnxx^n + 3Aanx + Bbxx^{2n} + Baxx^n + Abxx^n + Aax}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(2*A*a*n^2*x + B*b*n*x*x^(2*n) + 2*B*a*n*x*x^n + 2*A*b*n*x*x^n + 3*A*a*n*x + B*b*x*x^(2*n) + B*a*x*x^n + A*b*x*x^n + A*a*x)/(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = Aax + \frac{xx^n(Ab + Ba)}{n + 1} + \frac{Bbx^{2n}}{2n + 1}$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `A*a*x + (x*x^n*(A*b + B*a))/(n + 1) + (B*b*x*x^(2*n))/(2*n + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{x(x^{2n}b^2n + x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^nabn + 2x^nab + 2a^2n^2 + 3a^2n + a^2)}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output 
$$\frac{(x(x^{2n}b^{2n} + x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^nab^n + 2x^nab + 2a^{2n}n^2 + 3a^{2n} + a^2))/(2n^2 + 3n + 1)}$$

### 3.257 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2016
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2016
Rubi [A] (verified)	2017
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2018
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2018
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2019
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2019
Giac [F]	2020
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2020
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2020

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{(Ab + aB)x^n}{n} + \frac{bBx^{2n}}{2n} + aA \log(x)$$

output

```
(A*b+B*a)*x^n/n+1/2*b*B*x^(2*n)/n+a*A*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{x^n(2Ab + 2aB + bBx^n)}{2n} + \frac{aA \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x,x]
```

output

```
(x^n*(2*A*b + 2*a*B + b*B*x^n))/(2*n) + (a*A*Log[x^n])/n
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {948, 85, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \int \frac{x^{-n}(bx^n + a)(Bx^n + A) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{85} \\ & \int \frac{(aAx^{-n} + bBx^n + Ab + aB) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{x^n(aB + Ab) + aA \log(x^n) + \frac{1}{2}bBx^{2n}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x,x]`

output `((A*b + a*B)*x^n + (b*B*x^(2*n))/2 + a*A*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 85 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] :  
> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,  
d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (NeQ[n, -1] || EqQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[b*e + a*  
f, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LtQ[9*p + 5*n, 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n  
+ p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, d, e, f])) && (NeQ[n + p + 3, 0] || EqQ[p,  
1])`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{B x^{2n} b}{2} + A x^n b + B x^n a + A a \ln(x^n)}{n}$	34
default	$\frac{\frac{B x^{2n} b}{2} + A x^n b + B x^n a + A a \ln(x^n)}{n}$	34
parallelrisc	$\frac{2aA \ln(x)n + B x^{2n} b + 2A x^n b + 2B x^n a}{2n}$	36
norman	$aA \ln(x) + \frac{(Ab+Ba)e^{n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{Bb e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n}$	37
risc	$aA \ln(x) + \frac{x^n Ab}{n} + \frac{x^n Ba}{n} + \frac{bB x^{2n}}{2n}$	37

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/n*(1/2*B*(x^n)^2*b+A*x^n*b+B*x^n*a+A*a*ln(x^n))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2Aan \log(x) + Bbx^{2n} + 2(Ba + Ab)x^n}{2n}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $1/2*(2*A*a*n*\log(x) + B*b*x^{(2*n)} + 2*(B*a + A*b)*x^n)/n$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \begin{cases} Aa \log(x) + \frac{Abx^n}{n} + \frac{Bax^n}{n} + \frac{Bbx^{2n}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (A + B)(a + b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n)/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((A*a*log(x) + A*b*x**n/n + B*a*x**n/n + B*b*x**(2*n)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((A + B)*(a + b)*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = Aa \log(x) + \frac{Bbx^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{Bax^n}{n} + \frac{Abx^n}{n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $A*a*\log(x) + 1/2*B*b*x^{(2*n)}/n + B*a*x^n/n + A*b*x^n/n$



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)/x, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{x^n (Ab + Ba)}{n} + Aa \ln(x) + \frac{Bbx^{2n}}{2n}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n))/x,x)`

output `(x^n*(A*b + B*a))/n + A*a*log(x) + (B*b*x^(2*n))/(2*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^na b + 2\log(x)a^2n}{2n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 4*x**n*a*b + 2*log(x)*a**2*n)/(2*n)`

### 3.258 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2021
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2021
Rubi [A] (verified)	2022
Maple [A] (verified)	2023
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2023
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2024
Maxima [F(-2)]	2024
Giac [F]	2025
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2025
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2025

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{aA}{x} - \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{-1+n}}{1 - n} - \frac{bBx^{-1+2n}}{1 - 2n}$$

output

```
-a*A/x-(A*b+B*a)*x^(-1+n)/(1-n)-b*B*x^(-1+2*n)/(1-2*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{-aA + \frac{(Ab+aB)x^n}{-1+n} + \frac{bBx^{2n}}{-1+2n}}{x}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(-(a*A) + ((A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(-1 + n) + (b*B*x^(2*n))/(-1 + 2*n))/x
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( x^{n-2}(aB + Ab) + \frac{aA}{x^2} + bBx^{2(n-1)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{x^{n-1}(aB + Ab)}{1 - n} - \frac{aA}{x} - \frac{bBx^{2n-1}}{1 - 2n}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^2,x]`

output `-((a*A)/x) - ((A*b + a*B)*x^(-1 + n))/(1 - n) - (b*B*x^(-1 + 2*n))/(1 - 2*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
norman	$\frac{(Ab+Ba)e^{n \ln(x)} + Bb e^{2n \ln(x)} - Aa}{-1+n} \frac{1}{x}$
risch	$-\frac{aA}{x} + \frac{Bb x^{2n}}{(-1+2n)x} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^n}{(-1+n)x}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{bnB x^{2n} + 2A x^n bn - 2Aa n^2 - B x^{2n} b + 2B x^n an - A x^n b + 3Aan - B x^n a - Aa}{x(-1+2n)(-1+n)}$
orering	$-\frac{(2n-7)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x(-1+2n)} + \frac{3x^2(-2+n)\left(\frac{bx^n n(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} + \frac{(a+bx^n)Bx^n n}{x^3} - \frac{2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^3}\right)}{2n^2-3n+1} - \frac{x^3\left(\frac{bx^n n^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^4}\right)}{2n^2-3n+1}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `((A*b+B*a)/(-1+n)*exp(n*ln(x))+B*b/(-1+2*n)*exp(n*ln(x))^2-A*a)/x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2Aan^2 - 3Aan + Aa - (Bbn - Bb)x^{2n} + (Ba + Ab - 2(Ba + Ab)n)x^n}{(2n^2 - 3n + 1)x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(2*A*a*n^2 - 3*A*a*n + A*a - (B*b*n - B*b)*x^(2*n) + (B*a + A*b - 2*(B*a + A*b)*n)*x^n)/((2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*x)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 248 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.28

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{Aa}{x} - \frac{2Ab}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2Ba}{\sqrt{x}} + Bb \log(x) \\ -\frac{Aa}{x} + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) + Bbx \\ -\frac{2Aan^2}{2n^2x-3nx+x} + \frac{3Aan}{2n^2x-3nx+x} - \frac{Aa}{2n^2x-3nx+x} + \frac{2Abnx^n}{2n^2x-3nx+x} - \frac{Abx^n}{2n^2x-3nx+x} + \frac{2Banx^n}{2n^2x-3nx+x} - \frac{Bax^n}{2n^2x-3nx+x} + \frac{Bbnx^n}{2n^2x-3nx+x} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n)/x**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-A*a/x - 2*A*b/sqrt(x) - 2*B*a/sqrt(x) + B*b*log(x), Eq(n, 1/2)), (-A*a/x + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) + B*b*x, Eq(n, 1)), (-2*A*a*n**2/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) + 3*A*a*n/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) - A*a/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) + 2*A*b*n*x**n/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) - A*b*x**n/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) + 2*B*a*n*x**n/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) - B*a*x**n/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) + B*b*n*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) - B*b*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{x^n (Ab + Ba)}{x(n-1)} - \frac{Aa}{x} + \frac{Bbx^{2n}}{x(2n-1)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n))/x^2,x)`

output `(x^n*(A*b + B*a))/(x*(n - 1)) - (A*a)/x + (B*b*x^(2*n))/(x*(2*n - 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2n - x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^nabn - 2x^nab - 2a^2n^2 + 3a^2n - a^2}{x(2n^2 - 3n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - x**(2*n)*b**2 + 4*x**n*a*b*n - 2*x**n*a*b - 2*a**2*n**2 + 3*a**2*n - a**2)/(x*(2*n**2 - 3*n + 1))`

### 3.259 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2026
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2026
Rubi [A] (verified)	2027
Maple [A] (verified)	2028
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2028
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2029
Maxima [F(-2)]	2029
Giac [F]	2030
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2030
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2030

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{aA}{2x^2} - \frac{bBx^{-2(1-n)}}{2(1-n)} - \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{-2+n}}{2-n}$$

output `-1/2*a*A/x^2-1/2*b*B/(1-n)/(x^(2-2*n))-(A*b+B*a)*x^(-2+n)/(2-n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{-aA + \frac{2(Ab+aB)x^n}{-2+n} + \frac{bBx^{2n}}{-1+n}}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^3,x]`

output `(-(a*A) + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(-2 + n) + (b*B*x^(2*n))/(-1 + n))/(2*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( x^{n-3}(aB + Ab) + \frac{aA}{x^3} + bBx^{2n-3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{x^{n-2}(aB + Ab)}{2 - n} - \frac{aA}{2x^2} - \frac{bBx^{-2(1-n)}}{2(1 - n)}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*A)/x^2 - (b*B)/(2*(1 - n)*x^(2*(1 - n))) - ((A*b + a*B)*x^(-2 + n))/(2 - n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
norman	$\frac{(Ab+Ba)e^{n \ln(x)} - \frac{Aa}{2} + \frac{Bb e^{2n \ln(x)}}{-2+2n}}{x^2}$
risch	$-\frac{aA}{2x^2} + \frac{Bb x^{2n}}{2(-1+n)x^2} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^n}{(-2+n)x^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{bnB x^{2n} + 2A x^n bn - Aa n^2 - 2B x^{2n} b + 2B x^n an - 2A x^n b + 3Aan - 2B x^n a - 2Aa}{2x^2(-1+n)(-2+n)}$
orering	$-\frac{(2n^2-15n+19)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{4x^2(-1+n)(-2+n)} + \frac{3x^2(-3+n)\left(\frac{bx^n n(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} + \frac{(a+bx^n)Bx^n n}{x^4} - \frac{3(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^4}\right)}{4(-1+n)(-2+n)} - \frac{x^3}{x^3} \left(\frac{bx^n}{x^3}\right)$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((A*b+B*a)/(-2+n)*exp(n*ln(x))-1/2*A*a+1/2*B*b/(-1+n)*exp(n*ln(x))^2)/x^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{Aan^2 - 3Aan + 2Aa - (Bbn - 2Bb)x^{2n} + 2(Ba + Ab - (Ba + Ab)n)x^n}{2(n^2 - 3n + 2)x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(A*a*n^2 - 3*A*a*n + 2*A*a - (B*b*n - 2*B*b)*x^(2*n) + 2*(B*a + A*b - (B*a + A*b)*n)*x^n)/((n^2 - 3*n + 2)*x^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 313 vs.  $2(39) = 78$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.91

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{Aa}{2x^2} - \frac{Ab}{x} - \frac{Ba}{x} + Bb \log(x) \\ -\frac{Aa}{2x^2} + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) + \frac{Bbx^2}{2} \\ -\frac{Aan^2}{2n^2x^2-6nx^2+4x^2} + \frac{3Aan}{2n^2x^2-6nx^2+4x^2} - \frac{2Aa}{2n^2x^2-6nx^2+4x^2} + \frac{2Abnx^n}{2n^2x^2-6nx^2+4x^2} - \frac{2Abx^n}{2n^2x^2-6nx^2+4x^2} + \frac{2Banx^n}{2n^2x^2-6nx^2+4x^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n)/x**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-A*a/(2*x**2) - A*b/x - B*a/x + B*b*log(x), Eq(n, 1)), (-A*a/(2*x**2) + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) + B*b*x**2/2, Eq(n, 2)), (-A*a*n**2/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) + 3*A*a*n/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) - 2*A*a/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) + 2*A*b*n*x**n/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) - 2*A*b*x**n/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) + 2*B*a*n*x**n/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) - 2*B*a*x**n/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) + B*b*n*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) - 2*B*b*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2), True))
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-3>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{x^n (Ab + Ba)}{x^2 (n - 2)} - \frac{Aa}{2x^2} + \frac{Bbx^{2n}}{x^2 (2n - 2)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n))/x^3,x)`

output `(x^n*(A*b + B*a))/(x^2*(n - 2)) - (A*a)/(2*x^2) + (B*b*x^(2*n))/(x^2*(2*n - 2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2n - 2x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^nabn - 4x^nab - a^2n^2 + 3a^2n - 2a^2}{2x^2(n^2 - 3n + 2)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 4*x**n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b - a**2*n**2 + 3*a**2*n - 2*a**2)/(2*x**2*(n**2 - 3*n + 2))`

$$3.260 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2031
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2031
Rubi [A] (verified)	2032
Maple [A] (verified)	2033
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2033
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2034
Maxima [F(-2)]	2034
Giac [F]	2035
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2035
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2036

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{aA}{3x^3} - \frac{(Ab+aB)x^{-3+n}}{3-n} - \frac{bBx^{-3+2n}}{3-2n}$$

output

$$-1/3*a*A/x^3-(A*b+B*a)*x^{(-3+n)/(3-n)}-b*B*x^{(-3+2*n)/(3-2*n)}$$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{-aA + \frac{3(Ab+aB)x^n}{-3+n} + \frac{3bBx^{2n}}{-3+2n}}{3x^3}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n)/x^4, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-(a*A) + (3*(A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(-3 + n) + (3*b*B*x^{(2*n)})/(-3 + 2*n)}{(3*x^3)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( x^{n-4}(aB + Ab) + \frac{aA}{x^4} + bBx^{2(n-2)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{x^{n-3}(aB + Ab)}{3 - n} - \frac{aA}{3x^3} - \frac{bBx^{2n-3}}{3 - 2n}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(a*A)/x^3 - ((A*b + a*B)*x^(-3 + n))/(3 - n) - (b*B*x^(-3 + 2*n))/(3 - 2*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
norman	$\frac{(Ab+Ba)e^{n \ln(x)} + Bb e^{2n \ln(x)} - Aa}{-3+n} \frac{1}{x^3} - \frac{Aa}{3}$
risch	$-\frac{aA}{3x^3} + \frac{Bb x^{2n}}{(-3+2n)x^3} + \frac{(Ab+Ba)x^n}{(-3+n)x^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3bnB x^{2n} + 6A x^n bn - 2Aa n^2 - 9B x^{2n} b + 6B x^n an - 9A x^n b + 9Aan - 9B x^n a - 9Aa}{3x^3(-3+2n)(-3+n)}$
oring	$-\frac{(2n^2 - 21n + 37)(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{3x^3(-3+2n)(-3+n)} + \frac{x^2(-4+n) \left( \frac{bx^n(A+Bx^n)}{x^5} + \frac{(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{x^5} - \frac{4(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^5} \right)}{(-3+2n)(-3+n)} - x^3 \left( \frac{bx^n}{x^3} \right)$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((A*b+B*a)/(-3+n)*exp(n*ln(x))+B*b/(-3+2*n)*exp(n*ln(x))^2-1/3*A*a)/x^3`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{2Aan^2 - 9Aan + 9Aa - 3(Bbn - 3Bb)x^{2n} + 3(3Ba + 3Ab - 2(Ba + Ab)n)x^n}{3(2n^2 - 9n + 9)x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(2*A*a*n^2 - 9*A*a*n + 9*A*a - 3*(B*b*n - 3*B*b)*x^(2*n) + 3*(3*B*a + 3*A*b - 2*(B*a + A*b)*n)*x^n)/((2*n^2 - 9*n + 9)*x^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 332 vs.  $2(39) = 78$ .

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.78

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{Aa}{3x^3} - \frac{2Ab}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2Ba}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + Bb \log(x) \\ -\frac{Aa}{3x^3} + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) + \frac{Bbx^3}{3} \\ -\frac{2Aan^2}{6n^2x^3-27nx^3+27x^3} + \frac{9Aan}{6n^2x^3-27nx^3+27x^3} - \frac{9Aa}{6n^2x^3-27nx^3+27x^3} + \frac{6Abnx^n}{6n^2x^3-27nx^3+27x^3} - \frac{9Abx^n}{6n^2x^3-27nx^3+27x^3} + \frac{6B}{6n^2x^3-27nx^3+27x^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n)/x**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((-A*a/(3*x**3) - 2*A*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*B*a/(3*x**(3/2)) + B*b*log(x), Eq(n, 3/2)), (-A*a/(3*x**3) + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) + B*b*x**3/3, Eq(n, 3)), (-2*A*a*n**2/(6*n**2*x**3 - 27*n*x**3 + 27*x**3) + 9*A*a*n/(6*n**2*x**3 - 27*n*x**3 + 27*x**3) - 9*A*a/(6*n**2*x**3 - 27*n*x**3 + 27*x**3) + 6*A*b*n*x**n/(6*n**2*x**3 - 27*n*x**3 + 27*x**3) - 9*A*b*x**n/(6*n**2*x**3 - 27*n*x**3 + 27*x**3) + 6*B*a*n*x**n/(6*n**2*x**3 - 27*n*x**3 + 27*x**3) - 9*B*a*x**n/(6*n**2*x**3 - 27*n*x**3 + 27*x**3) + 3*B*b*n*x**(2*n)/(6*n**2*x**3 - 27*n*x**3 + 27*x**3) - 9*B*b*x**(2*n)/(6*n**2*x**3 - 27*n*x**3 + 27*x**3), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-4>0)', see `assume?` for more
details)Is
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)/x^4, x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{x^n (Ab + Ba)}{x^3 (n - 3)} - \frac{Aa}{3x^3} + \frac{Bbx^{2n}}{x^3 (2n - 3)}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
(x^n*(A*b + B*a))/(x^3*(n - 3)) - (A*a)/(3*x^3) + (B*b*x^(2*n))/(x^3*(2*n
- 3))
```



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$$
$$= \frac{3x^{2n}b^2n - 9x^{2n}b^2 + 12x^nabn - 18x^nab - 2a^2n^2 + 9a^2n - 9a^2}{3x^3(2n^2 - 9n + 9)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)`output `(3*x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 9*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 12*x**n*a*b*n - 18*x**n*a*b - 2*a**2*n**2 + 9*a**2*n - 9*a**2)/(3*x**3*(2*n**2 - 9*n + 9))`

### 3.261 $\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2037
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2037
Rubi [A] (verified)	2038
Maple [A] (verified)	2039
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2039
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2040
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2041
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2042
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2042
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2043

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{3}a^2Ax^3 + \frac{b^2Bx^{3(1+n)}}{3(1+n)} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{3+n}}{3+n} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{3+2n}}{3+2n}$$

output

```
1/3*a^2*A*x^3+b^2*B*x^(3+3*n)/(3+3*n)+a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(3+n)/(3+n)+b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(3+2*n)/(3+2*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3 \left( a^2A + \frac{3a(2Ab + aB)x^n}{3+n} + \frac{3b(Ab + 2aB)x^{2n}}{3+2n} + \frac{b^2Bx^{3n}}{1+n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^3(a^2A + (3a(2Ab + aB))x^n)/(3 + n) + (3b(Ab + 2aB))x^{2n})/(3 + 2n) + (b^2Bx^{3n})/(1 + n))/3}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int (a^2Ax^2 + bx^{2(n+1)}(2aB + Ab) + ax^{n+2}(aB + 2Ab) + b^2Bx^{3n+2}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{3}a^2Ax^3 + \frac{ax^{n+3}(aB + 2Ab)}{n + 3} + \frac{bx^{2n+3}(2aB + Ab)}{2n + 3} + \frac{b^2Bx^{3(n+1)}}{3(n + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a^2Ax^3)/3 + (b^2Bx^{3(1 + n)})/(3(1 + n)) + (a(2Ab + aB))x^{(3 + n)})/(3 + n) + (b(Ab + 2aB))x^{(3 + 2n)})/(3 + 2n)}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
risch	$\frac{a(2Ab+Ba)x^3x^n}{3+n} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)x^3x^{2n}}{3+2n} + \frac{a^2Ax^3}{3} + \frac{b^2Bx^3x^{3n}}{3+3n}$
norman	$\frac{a(2Ab+Ba)x^3e^{n \ln(x)}}{3+n} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)x^3e^{2n \ln(x)}}{3+2n} + \frac{a^2Ax^3}{3} + \frac{b^2Bx^3e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3+3n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2Bx^3x^{3n}b^2n^2+3Ax^3x^{2n}b^2n^2+9Bx^3x^{3n}b^2n+6Bx^3x^{2n}abn^2+12Ax^3x^{2n}b^2n+12Ax^3x^nabn^2+2Ax^3a^2n^3+9b^2Bx^3x^{3n}+3a^3x^3}{18n^2+81n+81}$
orering	$\frac{x^3(6n^2+49n+65)(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{18n^2+81n+81} - \frac{x^2(11n+25)(2x(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)+2x(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)b x^n n+x(a+bx^n)^2)}{9(2n^2+9n+9)}$

```
input int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*(2*A*b+B*a)/(3+n)*x^3*x^n+b*(A*b+2*B*a)/(3+2*n)*x^3*(x^n)^2+1/3*a^2*A*x^3+1/3*b^2*B/(1+n)*x^3*(x^n)^3
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{(2Bb^2n^2 + 9Bb^2n + 9Bb^2)x^3x^{3n} + 3(6Bab + 3Ab^2 + (2Bab + Ab^2)n^2 + 4(2Bab + Ab^2)n)x^3x^{2n} + 3a^3x^3}{3(2n^3 + 1)}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*((2*B*b^2*n^2 + 9*B*b^2*n + 9*B*b^2)*x^3*x^(3*n) + 3*(6*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2 + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 + 4*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*x^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(3*B*a^2 + 6*A*a*b + 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 + 5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*x^3*x^n + (2*A*a^2*n^3 + 11*A*a^2*n^2 + 18*A*a^2*n + 9*A*a^2)*x^3)/(2*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 18*n + 9)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 770 vs.  $2(66) = 132$ .

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 770, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.13

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Aa^2x^3}{3} + 2Aab \log(x) - \frac{Ab^2}{3x^3} + Ba^2 \log(x) - \frac{2Bab}{3x^3} - \frac{Bb^2}{6x^6} \\ \frac{Aa^2x^3}{3} + \frac{4Aabx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + Ab^2 \log(x) + \frac{2Ba^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Bab \log(x) - \frac{2Bb^2}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ \frac{Aa^2x^3}{3} + Aabx^2 + Ab^2x + \frac{Ba^2x^2}{2} + 2Babx + Bb^2 \log(x) \\ \frac{2Aa^2n^3x^3}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} + \frac{11Aa^2n^2x^3}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} + \frac{18Aa^2nx^3}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} + \frac{9Aa^2x^3}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} + \frac{12Aabn^2x^3x^n}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} + \frac{30Aabnx^3x^n}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((A**2*x**3/3 + 2*A*a*b*log(x) - A*b**2/(3*x**3) + B*a**2*log(x)
) - 2*B*a*b/(3*x**3) - B*b**2/(6*x**6), Eq(n, -3)), (A**2*x**3/3 + 4*A*a
*b*x**(3/2)/3 + A*b**2*log(x) + 2*B*a**2*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*a*b*log(x) - 2*B
*b**2/(3*x**(3/2)), Eq(n, -3/2)), (A**2*x**3/3 + A*a*b*x**2 + A*b**2*x +
B*a**2*x**2/2 + 2*B*a*b*x + B*b**2*log(x), Eq(n, -1)), (2*A*a**2*n**3*x**
3/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 11*A*a**2*n**2*x**3/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 +
54*n + 27) + 18*A*a**2*n*x**3/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 9*A*a**2*x
**3/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 12*A*a*b*n**2*x**3*x**n/(6*n**3 + 33*
n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 30*A*a*b*n*x**3*x**n/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) +
18*A*a*b*x**3*x**n/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 3*A*b**2*n**2*x**3*x**
(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 12*A*b**2*n*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 +
33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 9*A*b**2*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n +
27) + 6*B*a**2*n**2*x**3*x**n/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 15*B*a**2*n
*x**3*x**n/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 9*B*a**2*x**3*x**n/(6*n**3 +
33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 6*B*a*b*n**2*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n
+ 27) + 24*B*a*b*n*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 18*B*a*b
*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 2*B*b**2*n**2*x**3*x**(3*n
)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 9*B*b**2*n*x**3*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n
**2 + 54*n + 27) + 9*B*b**2*x**3*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27),
True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{3}Aa^2x^3 + \frac{Bb^2x^{3n+3}}{3(n+1)} + \frac{2Babx^{2n+3}}{2n+3} + \frac{Ab^2x^{2n+3}}{2n+3} + \frac{Ba^2x^{n+3}}{n+3} + \frac{2Aabx^{n+3}}{n+3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*A*a^2*x^3 + 1/3*B*b^2*x^(3*n + 3)/(n + 1) + 2*B*a*b*x^(2*n + 3)/(2*n +
3) + A*b^2*x^(2*n + 3)/(2*n + 3) + B*a^2*x^(n + 3)/(n + 3) + 2*A*a*b*x^(n
+ 3)/(n + 3)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bb^2n^2x^3x^{3n} + 6Babn^2x^3x^{2n} + 3Ab^2n^2x^3x^{2n} + 6Ba^2n^2x^3x^n + 12Aabn^2x^3x^n + 2Aa^2n^3x^3 + 9Bb^2nx^3}{(2n^3 + 11n^2 + 18n + 9)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(2*B*b^2*n^2*x^3*x^(3*n) + 6*B*a*b*n^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 3*A*b^2*n^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 6*B*a^2*n^2*x^3*x^n + 12*A*a*b*n^2*x^3*x^n + 2*A*a^2*n^3*x^3 + 9*B*b^2*n*x^3*x^(3*n) + 24*B*a*b*n*x^3*x^(2*n) + 12*A*b^2*n*x^3*x^(2*n) + 15*B*a^2*n*x^3*x^n + 30*A*a*b*n*x^3*x^n + 11*A*a^2*n^2*x^3 + 9*B*b^2*x^3*x^(3*n) + 18*B*a*b*x^3*x^(2*n) + 9*A*b^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 9*B*a^2*x^3*x^n + 18*A*a*b*x^3*x^n + 18*A*a^2*n*x^3 + 9*A*a^2*x^3)/(2*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 18*n + 9)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aa^2x^3}{3} + \frac{x^{2n}x^3(Ab^2 + 2Bab)}{2n + 3} + \frac{x^n x^3(Ba^2 + 2Aba)}{n + 3} + \frac{Bb^2x^{3n}x^3}{3n + 3}$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(A*a^2*x^3)/3 + (x^(2*n)*x^3*(A*b^2 + 2*B*a*b))/(2*n + 3) + (x^n*x^3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b))/(n + 3) + (B*b^2*x^(3*n)*x^3)/(3*n + 3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3(2x^{3n}b^3n^2 + 9x^{3n}b^3n + 9x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 + 36x^{2n}ab^2n + 27x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 + 45x^na^2bn + 27a^2bn^2 + 18a^2bn + 9a^2b)}{6n^3 + 33n^2 + 54n + 27}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(x**3*(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 9*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 9*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 36*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 27*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 45*x**n*a**2*b*n + 27*x**n*a**2*b + 2*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 + 18*a**3*n + 9*a**3))/(3*(2*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 18*n + 9))`



### 3.262 $\int x(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2044
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2044
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2045
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2046
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2046
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2047
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2048
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2049
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2049
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2050

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{2}a^2Ax^2 + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{2(1+n)}}{2(1+n)} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{2+n}}{2+n} + \frac{b^2Bx^{2+3n}}{2+3n}$$

output

```
1/2*a^2*A*x^2+b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(2+2*n)/(2+2*n)+a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(2+n)/(2+n)+
b^2*B*x^(2+3*n)/(2+3*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \left( a^2A + \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)x^n}{2+n} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{2n}}{1+n} + \frac{2b^2Bx^{3n}}{2+3n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^2(a^2A + (2a(2Ab + aB))x^n)/(2 + n) + (b(Ab + 2aB))x^{2n})/(1 + n) + (2b^2Bx^{3n})/(2 + 3n))/2}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int (a^2Ax + ax^{n+1}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2n+1}(2aB + Ab) + b^2Bx^{3n+1}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2}a^2Ax^2 + \frac{bx^{2(n+1)}(2aB + Ab)}{2(n+1)} + \frac{ax^{n+2}(aB + 2Ab)}{n+2} + \frac{b^2Bx^{3n+2}}{3n+2}$$

input

```
Int[x*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a^2Ax^2)/2 + (b(Ab + 2aB))x^{2(1+n)}}{2(1+n)} + \frac{(a(2Ab + aB))x^{2+n}}{2+n} + \frac{(b^2Bx^{2+3n})}{2+3n}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
:> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
risch	$\frac{a(2Ab+Ba)x^2x^n}{2+n} + \frac{b^2Bx^2x^{3n}}{2+3n} + \frac{a^2Ax^2}{2} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)x^2x^{2n}}{2+2n}$
norman	$\frac{a(2Ab+Ba)x^2e^{n \ln(x)}}{2+n} + \frac{b^2Bx^2e^{3n \ln(x)}}{2+3n} + \frac{a^2Ax^2}{2} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)x^2e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2+2n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2Bx^2x^{3n}b^2n^2+3Ax^2x^{2n}b^2n^2+6Bx^2x^{3n}b^2n+6Bx^2x^{2n}abn^2+8Ax^2x^{2n}b^2n+12Ax^2x^nabn^2+3Ax^2a^2n^3+4b^2Bx^2x^{3n}+12Ab^2Ax^2x^{2n}}{2(3n^3+12n^2+8n+4)}$
orering	$\frac{3x^2(2n^2+9n+5)(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{4(3n^2+8n+4)} - \frac{(11n+7)x^2((a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)+2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)bx^n+(a+bx^n)^2Bx^n)}{4(3n^2+8n+4)}$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
a*(2*A*b+B*a)/(2+n)*x^2*x^n+b^2*B/(2+3*n)*x^2*(x^n)^3+1/2*a^2*A*x^2+1/2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/(1+n)*x^2*(x^n)^2
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2(Bb^2n^2 + 3Bb^2n + 2Bb^2)x^2x^{3n} + (8Bab + 4Ab^2 + 3(2Bab + Ab^2)n^2 + 8(2Bab + Ab^2)n)x^2x^{2n} + 2(A^2n + 2Abn + Bb^2n^2)x^2x^n + (A^2 + 2Abn + Bb^2n^2)x^2 + (2Abn + Bb^2n^2)x + \frac{A^3}{3}}{2(3n^3 + 12n^2 + 8n + 4)}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(2*(B*b^2*n^2 + 3*B*b^2*n + 2*B*b^2)*x^2*x^(3*n) + (8*B*a*b + 4*A*b^2
+ 3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 + 8*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*x^2*x^(2*n) + 2*(2*B*a^
2 + 4*A*a*b + 3*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 + 5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*x^2*x^n + (
3*A*a^2*n^3 + 11*A*a^2*n^2 + 12*A*a^2*n + 4*A*a^2)*x^2)/(3*n^3 + 11*n^2 +
12*n + 4)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 767 vs.  $2(66) = 132$ .

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 767, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.09

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Aa^2x^2}{2} + 2Aab \log(x) - \frac{Ab^2}{2x^2} + Ba^2 \log(x) - \frac{Bab}{x^2} - \frac{Bb^2}{4x^4} \\ \frac{Aa^2x^2}{2} + 2Aabx + Ab^2 \log(x) + Ba^2x + 2Bab \log(x) - \frac{Bb^2}{x} \\ \frac{Aa^2x^2}{2} + \frac{3Aabx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3Ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3Ba^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + 3Babx^{\frac{2}{3}} + Bb^2 \log(x) \\ \frac{3Aa^2n^3x^2}{6n^3+22n^2+24n+8} + \frac{11Aa^2n^2x^2}{6n^3+22n^2+24n+8} + \frac{12Aa^2nx^2}{6n^3+22n^2+24n+8} + \frac{4Aa^2x^2}{6n^3+22n^2+24n+8} + \frac{12Aabn^2x^2x^n}{6n^3+22n^2+24n+8} + \frac{20Aabnx^2x^n}{6n^3+22n^2+24n+8} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((A**2*x**2/2 + 2*A*a*b*log(x) - A*b**2/(2*x**2) + B*a**2*log(x)
) - B*a*b/x**2 - B*b**2/(4*x**4), Eq(n, -2)), (A**2*x**2/2 + 2*A*a*b*x +
A*b**2*log(x) + B*a**2*x + 2*B*a*b*log(x) - B*b**2/x, Eq(n, -1)), (A**2
*x**2/2 + 3*A*a*b*x**(4/3)/2 + 3*A*b**2*x**(2/3)/2 + 3*B*a**2*x**(4/3)/4 +
3*B*a*b*x**(2/3) + B*b**2*log(x), Eq(n, -2/3)), (3*A**2*n**3*x**2/(6*n
**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 11*A**2*n**2*x**2/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n +
8) + 12*A**2*n*x**2/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 4*A**2*x**2/(6*n**
3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 12*A*a*b*n**2*x**2*x**n/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n
+ 8) + 20*A*a*b*n*x**2*x**n/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 8*A*a*b*x**2*
x**n/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 3*A*b**2*n**2*x**2*x**2*(2*n)/(6*n**3 +
22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 8*A*b**2*n*x**2*x**2*(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n +
8) + 4*A*b**2*x**2*x**2*(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 6*B*a**2*n**2
*x**2*x**n/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 10*B*a**2*n*x**2*x**n/(6*n**3 +
22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 4*B*a**2*x**2*x**n/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) +
6*B*a*b*n**2*x**2*x**2*(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 16*B*a*b*n*x**2
*x**2*(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 8*B*a*b*x**2*x**2*(2*n)/(6*n**3 +
22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 2*B*b**2*n**2*x**2*x**2*(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n
+ 8) + 6*B*b**2*n*x**2*x**2*(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 4*B*b**2*
x**2*x**2*(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{2} Aa^2 x^2 + \frac{Bb^2 x^{3n+2}}{3n+2} + \frac{Babx^{2n+2}}{n+1} + \frac{Ab^2 x^{2n+2}}{2(n+1)} + \frac{Ba^2 x^{n+2}}{n+2} + \frac{2Aabx^{n+2}}{n+2}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*A*a^2*x^2 + B*b^2*x^(3*n + 2)/(3*n + 2) + B*a*b*x^(2*n + 2)/(n + 1) +
1/2*A*b^2*x^(2*n + 2)/(n + 1) + B*a^2*x^(n + 2)/(n + 2) + 2*A*a*b*x^(n + 2)
)/(n + 2)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 B b^2 n^2 x^2 x^{3n} + 6 B a b n^2 x^2 x^{2n} + 3 A b^2 n^2 x^2 x^{2n} + 6 B a^2 n^2 x^2 x^n + 12 A a b n^2 x^2 x^n + 3 A a^2 n^3 x^2 + 6 B b^2 n x^2}{(3n^3 + 11n^2 + 12n + 4)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*B*b^2*n^2*x^2*x^(3*n) + 6*B*a*b*n^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 3*A*b^2*n^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 6*B*a^2*n^2*x^2*x^n + 12*A*a*b*n^2*x^2*x^n + 3*A*a^2*n^3*x^2 + 6*B*b^2*n*x^2*x^(3*n) + 16*B*a*b*n*x^2*x^(2*n) + 8*A*b^2*n*x^2*x^(2*n) + 10*B*a^2*n*x^2*x^n + 20*A*a*b*n*x^2*x^n + 11*A*a^2*n^2*x^2 + 4*B*b^2*x^2*x^(3*n) + 8*B*a*b*x^2*x^(2*n) + 4*A*b^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 4*B*a^2*x^2*x^n + 8*A*a*b*x^2*x^n + 12*A*a^2*n*x^2 + 4*A*a^2*x^2)/(3*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 12*n + 4)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{A a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{x^{2n} x^2 (A b^2 + 2 B a b)}{2n + 2}$$

$$+ \frac{x^n x^2 (B a^2 + 2 A b a)}{n + 2} + \frac{B b^2 x^{3n} x^2}{3n + 2}$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(A*a^2*x^2)/2 + (x^(2*n)*x^2*(A*b^2 + 2*B*a*b))/(2*n + 2) + (x^n*x^2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b))/(n + 2) + (B*b^2*x^(3*n)*x^2)/(3*n + 2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2(2x^{3n}b^3n^2 + 6x^{3n}b^3n + 4x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 + 24x^{2n}ab^2n + 12x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 + 30x^na^2bn + 12x^na^2b + 12x^na^2 + 4a^2b^3)}{6n^3 + 22n^2 + 24n + 8}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(x**2*(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 6*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 24*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 30*x**n*a**2*b*n + 12*x**n*a**2*b + 3*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 + 12*a**3*n + 4*a**3))/(2*(3*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 12*n + 4))`

### 3.263 $\int (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2051
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2051
Rubi [A] (verified)	2052
Maple [A] (verified)	2053
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2053
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2054
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2055
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2055
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2056
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2056

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = a^2 Ax + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{b^2 Bx^{1+3n}}{1+3n}$$

output

```
a^2*A*x+a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+b^2*B*x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Bx(a + bx^n)^3 - (aB - A(b + 3bn))x \left( a^2 + \frac{2abx^n}{1+n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{1+2n} \right)}{b + 3bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(B*x*(a + b*x^n)^3 - (a*B - A*(b + 3*b*n))*x*(a^2 + (2*a*b*x^n)/(1 + n) + (b^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n)))/(b + 3*b*n)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {897, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 897$$

$$\int (a^2 A + bx^{2n}(2aB + Ab) + ax^n(aB + 2Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^2 Ax + \frac{ax^{n+1}(aB + 2Ab)}{n + 1} + \frac{bx^{2n+1}(2aB + Ab)}{2n + 1} + \frac{b^2 Bx^{3n+1}}{3n + 1}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
a^2*A*x + (a*(2*A*b + a*B))*x^(1 + n)/(1 + n) + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))*x^(1 + 2*n)/(1 + 2*n) + (b^2*B*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 897

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
  := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
  && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$a^2 Ax + \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)xx^n}{1+n} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)xx^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{b^2 Bxx^{3n}}{1+3n}$
norman	$a^2 Ax + \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)xe^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)xe^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n} + \frac{b^2 Bxe^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2Bxx^{3n}b^2n^2+3Axx^{2n}b^2n^2+3Bxx^{3n}b^2n+6Bxx^{2n}abn^2+4Axx^{2n}b^2n+12Axx^nabn^2+6Axa^2n^3+b^2Bxx^{3n}+8Bxx^{2n}abn}{(1+n)(1+2n)}$
orering	$x(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) - \frac{x^2(11n^2+1)\left(\frac{2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)bx^n}{x} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^2 Bx^n}{x}\right)}{(2n^2+3n+1)(1+3n)} + \frac{2x^3(-1+3n)\left(\frac{2b^2x^{2n}n^2}{x}\right)}{(2n^2+3n+1)(1+3n)}$

```
input int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^2*A*x+a*(2*A*b+B*a)/(1+n)*x*x^n+b*(A*b+2*B*a)/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2+b^2*B/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{(2Bb^2n^2 + 3Bb^2n + Bb^2)xx^{3n} + (2Bab + Ab^2 + 3(2Bab + Ab^2)n^2 + 4(2Bab + Ab^2)n)xx^{2n} + (Ba^2 - 6n^3 + 11n^2 + \dots)}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + \dots}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output ((2*B*b^2*n^2 + 3*B*b^2*n + B*b^2)*x*x^(3*n) + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2 + 3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 + 4*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b + 6*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 + 5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*x*x^n + (6*A*a^2*n^3 + 11*A*a^2*n^2 + 6*A*a^2*n + A*a^2)*x)/(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 726 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 726, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.37

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} Aa^2x + 2Aab \log(x) - \frac{Ab^2}{x} + Ba^2 \log(x) - \frac{2Bab}{x} - \frac{Bb^2}{2x^2} \\ Aa^2x + 4Aab\sqrt{x} + Ab^2 \log(x) + 2Ba^2\sqrt{x} + 2Bab \log(x) - \frac{2Bb^2}{\sqrt{x}} \\ Aa^2x + 3Aabx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3Ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{3Ba^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 6Bab\sqrt[3]{x} + Bb^2 \log(x) \\ \frac{6Aa^2n^3x}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{11Aa^2n^2x}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{6Aa^2nx}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{Aa^2x}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{12Aabn^2xx^n}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{10Aabnxx^n}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{Bb^2}{6n^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n), x)`

output

```
Piecewise((A*a**2*x + 2*A*a*b*log(x) - A*b**2/x + B*a**2*log(x) - 2*B*a*b/x - B*b**2/(2*x**2), Eq(n, -1)), (A*a**2*x + 4*A*a*b*sqrt(x) + A*b**2*log(x) + 2*B*a**2*sqrt(x) + 2*B*a*b*log(x) - 2*B*b**2/sqrt(x), Eq(n, -1/2)), (A*a**2*x + 3*A*a*b*x**(2/3) + 3*A*b**2*x**(1/3) + 3*B*a**2*x**(2/3)/2 + 6*B*a*b*x**(1/3) + B*b**2*log(x), Eq(n, -1/3)), (6*A*a**2*n**3*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 11*A*a**2*n**2*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 6*A*a**2*n*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + A*a**2*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 12*A*a*b*n**2*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 10*A*a*b*n*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 2*A*a*b*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 3*A*b**2*n**2*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 4*A*b**2*n*x*x**2*(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + A*b**2*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 6*B*a**2*n**2*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 5*B*a**2*n*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + B*a**2*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 6*B*a*b*n**2*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 8*B*a*b*n*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 2*B*a*b*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 2*B*b**2*n**2*x*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 3*B*b**2*n*x*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + B*b**2*x*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = Aa^2x + \frac{Bb^2x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{2Babx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{Ab^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{Ba^2x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{2Aabx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `A*a^2*x + B*b^2*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + 2*B*a*b*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + A*b^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + B*a^2*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1) + 2*A*a*b*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{6Aa^2n^3x + 2Bb^2n^2xx^{3n} + 6Babn^2xx^{2n} + 3Ab^2n^2xx^{2n} + 6Ba^2n^2xx^n + 12Aabn^2xx^n + 11Aa^2n^2x + \dots}{(6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(6*A*a^2*n^3*x + 2*B*b^2*n^2*x*x^(3*n) + 6*B*a*b*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 3*A*b^2*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 6*B*a^2*n^2*x*x^n + 12*A*a*b*n^2*x*x^n + 11*A*a^2*n^2*x + 3*B*b^2*n*x*x^(3*n) + 8*B*a*b*n*x*x^(2*n) + 4*A*b^2*n*x*x^(2*n) + 5*B*a^2*n*x*x^n + 10*A*a*b*n*x*x^n + 6*A*a^2*n*x + B*b^2*x*x^(3*n) + 2*B*a*b*x*x^(2*n) + A*b^2*x*x^(2*n) + B*a^2*x*x^n + 2*A*a*b*x*x^n + A*a^2*x)/(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = Aa^2 x + \frac{xx^{2n}(Ab^2 + 2Bab)}{2n+1} + \frac{xx^n(Ba^2 + 2Aba)}{n+1} + \frac{Bb^2 xx^{3n}}{3n+1}$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `A*a^2*x + (x*x^(2*n)*(A*b^2 + 2*B*a*b))/(2*n + 1) + (x*x^n*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b))/(n + 1) + (B*b^2*x*x^(3*n))/(3*n + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{x(2x^{3n}b^3n^2 + 3x^{3n}b^3n + x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 + 12x^{2n}ab^2n + 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 + 15x^na^2bn + 3x^na^2b^2n^2 + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1)}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(x*(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*a**2*b*n + 3*x**n*a**2*b + 6*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 + 6*a**3*n + a**3))/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1)`

**3.264**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2057
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2057
Rubi [A] (verified)	2058
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2059
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2060
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2060
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2061
Giac [F]	2061
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2061
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2062

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2aAbx^n}{n} + \frac{Ab^2x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{B(a + bx^n)^3}{3bn} + a^2A \log(x)$$

output `2*a*A*b*x^n/n+1/2*A*b^2*x^(2*n)/n+1/3*B*(a+b*x^n)^3/b/n+a^2*A*ln(x)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{x^n(6a^2B + 6ab(2A + Bx^n) + b^2x^n(3A + 2Bx^n)) + 6a^2A \log(x^n)}{6n}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/x,x]`

output `(x^n*(6*a^2*B + 6*a*b*(2*A + B*x^n) + b^2*x^n*(3*A + 2*B*x^n)) + 6*a^2*A*log[x^n])/(6*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 948 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^2 (Bx^n + A) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 90 \\
 \frac{A \int x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^2 dx^n + \frac{B(a+bx^n)^3}{3b}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \frac{A \int (a^2 x^{-n} + b^2 x^n + 2ab) dx^n + \frac{B(a+bx^n)^3}{3b}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{A(a^2 \log(x^n) + 2abx^n + \frac{1}{2}b^2 x^{2n}) + \frac{B(a+bx^n)^3}{3b}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/x,x]`

output `((B*(a + b*x^n)^3)/(3*b) + A*(2*a*b*x^n + (b^2*x^(2*n))/2 + a^2*Log[x^n]))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}\{m, 0\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}\{m + n + 2, 0\}$

rule 90  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x \&\& \text{NeQ}\{n + p + 2, 0\}$

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x}], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{b^2 B x^{3n}}{3} + \frac{A b^2 x^{2n}}{2} + B a b x^{2n} + 2 a b A x^n + a^2 B x^n + a^2 A \ln(x^n)}{n}$	62
default	$\frac{\frac{b^2 B x^{3n}}{3} + \frac{A b^2 x^{2n}}{2} + B a b x^{2n} + 2 a b A x^n + a^2 B x^n + a^2 A \ln(x^n)}{n}$	62
norman	$a^2 A \ln(x) + \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)e^{n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{b^2 B e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3n}$	64
parallelrisch	$\frac{2b^2 B x^{3n} + 3A b^2 x^{2n} + 6a^2 A \ln(x)n + 6B a b x^{2n} + 12a b A x^n + 6a^2 B x^n}{6n}$	65
risch	$a^2 A \ln(x) + \frac{2aAbx^n}{n} + \frac{a^2 x^n B}{n} + \frac{A b^2 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b x^{2n} B a}{n} + \frac{b^2 B x^{3n}}{3n}$	71

input  $\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$



output

```
1/n*(1/3*b^2*B*(x^n)^3+1/2*A*b^2*(x^n)^2+B*a*b*(x^n)^2+2*a*b*A*x^n+a^2*B*x^n+a^2*A*ln(x^n))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{6Aa^2n \log(x) + 2Bb^2x^{3n} + 3(2Bab + Ab^2)x^{2n} + 6(Ba^2 + 2Aab)x^n}{6n}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(6*A*a^2*n*log(x) + 2*B*b^2*x^(3*n) + 3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*x^(2*n) + 6*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*x^n)/n
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} Aa^2 \log(x) + \frac{2Aabx^n}{n} + \frac{Ab^2x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{Ba^2x^n}{n} + \frac{Babx^{2n}}{n} + \frac{Bb^2x^{3n}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (A + B)(a + b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n)/x,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((A*a**2*log(x) + 2*A*a*b*x**n/n + A*b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n) + B*a**2*x**n/n + B*a*b*x**(2*n)/n + B*b**2*x**(3*n)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((A + B)*(a + b)**2*log(x), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = Aa^2 \log(x) + \frac{Bb^2 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{Babx^{2n}}{n} + \frac{Ab^2 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{Ba^2 x^n}{n} + \frac{2Aabx^n}{n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `A*a^2*log(x) + 1/3*B*b^2*x^(3*n)/n + B*a*b*x^(2*n)/n + 1/2*A*b^2*x^(2*n)/n + B*a^2*x^n/n + 2*A*a*b*x^n/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^2/x, x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = Aa^2 \ln(x) + \frac{x^n (Ba^2 + 2Aba)}{n} + \frac{x^{2n} (Ab^2 + 2Bab)}{2n} + \frac{Bb^2 x^{3n}}{3n}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/x,x)`

output

$$A*a^2*\log(x) + (x^n*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b))/n + (x^{(2*n)}*(A*b^2 + 2*B*a*b))/(2*n) + (B*b^2*x^{(3*n)})/(3*n)$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2b + 6\log(x)a^3n}{6n}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x,x)$$

output

$$(2*x^{(3*n)}*b**3 + 9*x^{(2*n)}*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b + 6*\log(x)*a**3*n)/(6*n)$$

### 3.265 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2063
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2063
Rubi [A] (verified)	2064
Maple [A] (verified)	2065
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2065
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2066
Maxima [F(-2)]	2067
Giac [F]	2067
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2067
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2068

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2 A}{x} - \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{-1+n}}{1 - n} - \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-1+2n}}{1 - 2n} - \frac{b^2 Bx^{-1+3n}}{1 - 3n}$$

output

$-a^2A/x - a*(2A*b + B*a)*x^{(-1+n)}/(1-n) - b*(A*b + 2*B*a)*x^{(-1+2*n)}/(1-2*n) - b^2*B*x^{(-1+3*n)}/(1-3*n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{-a^2 A + \frac{a(2Ab+aB)x^n}{-1+n} + \frac{b(Ab+2aB)x^{2n}}{-1+2n} + \frac{b^2 Bx^{3n}}{-1+3n}}{x}$$

input

`Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/x^2,x]`

output

$(-(a^2A) + (a*(2A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(-1 + n) + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(2*n)})/(-1 + 2*n) + (b^2*B*x^{(3*n)})/(-1 + 3*n))/x$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 A}{x^2} + ax^{n-2}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2(n-1)}(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3n-2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2 A}{x} - \frac{ax^{n-1}(aB + 2Ab)}{1-n} - \frac{bx^{2n-1}(2aB + Ab)}{1-2n} - \frac{b^2 Bx^{3n-1}}{1-3n}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^2*A)/x) - (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(-1 + n))/(1 - n) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(-1 + 2*n))/(1 - 2*n) - (b^2*B*x^(-1 + 3*n))/(1 - 3*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
norman	$\frac{a(2Ab+Ba)e^{n \ln(x)} + b(Ab+2Ba)e^{2n \ln(x)} + b^2 B e^{3n \ln(x)} - a^2 A}{x}$
risch	$-\frac{a^2 A}{x} + \frac{b^2 B x^{3n}}{(-1+3n)x} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)x^{2n}}{(-1+2n)x} + \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)x^n}{(-1+n)x}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2B x^{3n} b^2 n^2 + 3A x^{2n} b^2 n^2 - 3B x^{3n} b^2 n + 6B x^{2n} a b n^2 - 4A x^{2n} b^2 n + 12A x^n a b n^2 - 6A a^2 n^3 + b^2 B x^{3n} - 8B x^{2n} a b n + 6B x^n a^2 n}{x(-1+3n)(-1+2n)(-1+n)}$
orering	$-\frac{3(2n^2-9n+5)(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x(-1+3n)(-1+2n)} + \frac{(11n-25)x^2 \left( \frac{2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)b x^n n}{x^3} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^2 B x^n n}{x^3} - \frac{2(a+bx^n)^2 (A+Bx^n)}{x^3} \right)}{6n^2-5n+1}$

```
input int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (a*(2*A*b+B*a)/(-1+n)*exp(n*ln(x))+b*(A*b+2*B*a)/(-1+2*n)*exp(n*ln(x))^2+b^2*B/(-1+3*n)*exp(n*ln(x))^3-a^2*A)/x
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 177 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{6 A a^2 n^3 - 11 A a^2 n^2 + 6 A a^2 n - A a^2 - (2 B b^2 n^2 - 3 B b^2 n + B b^2) x^{3n} - (2 B a b + A b^2 + 3 (2 B a b + A b^2) x^n)}{(6 n^3 - 11 n^2 + 6 n - 1) x}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -(6*A*a^2*n^3 - 11*A*a^2*n^2 + 6*A*a^2*n - A*a^2 - (2*B*b^2*n^2 - 3*B*b^2*n + B*b^2)*x^(3*n) - (2*B*a*b + A*b^2 + 3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*x^(2*n) - 4*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*x^(2*n) - (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b + 6*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 - 5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*x^n)/((6*n^3 - 11*n^2 + 6*n - 1)*x)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 785 vs.  $2(65) = 130$ .

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 785, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{Aa^2}{x} - \frac{3Aab}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3Ab^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{3Ba^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{6Bab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + Bb^2 \log(x) \\ -\frac{Aa^2}{x} - \frac{4Aab}{\sqrt{x}} + Ab^2 \log(x) - \frac{2Ba^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Bab \log(x) + 2Bb^2 \sqrt{x} \\ -\frac{Aa^2}{x} + 2Aab \log(x) + Ab^2 x + Ba^2 \log(x) + 2Babx + \frac{Bb^2 x^2}{2} \\ -\frac{6Aa^2 n^3}{6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x} + \frac{11Aa^2 n^2}{6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x} - \frac{6Aa^2 n}{6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x} + \frac{Aa^2}{6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x} + \frac{12Aabn^2 x^n}{6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x} - \frac{10Aabn x^n}{6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x} + 2Aabx^n / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) + 3Ab^2 n^2 x^{(2n)} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) - 4Ab^2 n x^{(2n)} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) + Ab^2 n x^{(2n)} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) + 6Baa^2 n^2 x^{3n} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) - 5Baa^2 n x^{3n} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) + Baa^2 x^{3n} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) + 6Baa^2 n^2 x^{3n} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) - 8Baa^2 n x^{3n} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) + 2Baa^2 n x^{3n} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) + 2Bb^2 n^2 x^{(3n)} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) - 3Bb^2 n x^{(3n)} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x) + Bb^2 x^{(3n)} / (6n^3 x - 11n^2 x + 6nx - x), \text{True} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n)/x**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-A*a**2/x - 3*A*a*b/x**(2/3) - 3*A*b**2/x**(1/3) - 3*B*a**2/(2*x**(2/3)) - 6*B*a*b/x**(1/3) + B*b**2*log(x), Eq(n, 1/3)), (-A*a**2/x - 4*A*a*b/sqrt(x) + A*b**2*log(x) - 2*B*a**2/sqrt(x) + 2*B*a*b*log(x) + 2*B*b**2*sqrt(x), Eq(n, 1/2)), (-A*a**2/x + 2*A*a*b*log(x) + A*b**2*x + B*a**2*log(x) + 2*B*a*b*x + B*b**2*x**2/2, Eq(n, 1)), (-6*A*a**2*n**3/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 11*A*a**2*n**2/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) - 6*A*a**2*n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + A*a**2/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 12*A*a*b*n**2*x**n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) - 10*A*a*b*n*x**n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 2*A*a*b*x**n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 3*A*b**2*n**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) - 4*A*b**2*n*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + A*b**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 6*B*a**2*n**2*x**n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) - 5*B*a**2*n*x**n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + B*a**2*x**n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 6*B*a*b*n**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) - 8*B*a*b*n*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 2*B*a*b*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 2*B*b**2*n**2*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) - 3*B*b**2*n*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + B*b**2*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^2/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{x^{2n} (Ab^2 + 2Bab)}{x(2n-1)} - \frac{Aa^2}{x} + \frac{x^n (Ba^2 + 2Aba)}{x(n-1)} + \frac{Bb^2 x^{3n}}{x(3n-1)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/x^2,x)`



output

$$\frac{(x^{2n}(A^2b + 2Bab))/(x^{2n-1}) - (A^2a)/x + (x^n(Ba^2 + 2Aab))/(x^{n-1}) + (Bb^2x^{3n})/(x^{3n-1})}{x(6n^3 - 11n^2 + 6n - 1)}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3n}b^3n^2 - 3x^{3n}b^3n + x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 - 12x^{2n}ab^2n + 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 - 15x^na^2bn + 3x^na^2b - 6a^3n^3 + 11a^3n^2 - 6a^3n + a^3}{x(6n^3 - 11n^2 + 6n - 1)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)/x^2,x)$$

output

$$\frac{(2x^{3n}b^3n^2 - 3x^{3n}b^3n + x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 - 12x^{2n}ab^2n + 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 - 15x^na^2bn + 3x^na^2b - 6a^3n^3 + 11a^3n^2 - 6a^3n + a^3)/(x(6n^3 - 11n^2 + 6n - 1))}{x(6n^3 - 11n^2 + 6n - 1)}$$

**3.266**       $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2069
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2069
Rubi [A] (verified)	2070
Maple [A] (verified)	2071
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2071
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2072
Maxima [F(-2)]	2073
Giac [F]	2073
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2073
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2074

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2 A}{2x^2} - \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-2(1-n)}}{2(1-n)} - \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{-2+n}}{2-n} - \frac{b^2 Bx^{-2+3n}}{2-3n}$$

output

$$-1/2*a^2*A/x^2-1/2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/(1-n)/(x^(2-2*n))-a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(-2+n)/(2-n)-b^2*B*x^(-2+3*n)/(2-3*n)$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{-a^2 A + \frac{2a(2Ab+aB)x^n}{-2+n} + \frac{b(Ab+2aB)x^{2n}}{-1+n} + \frac{2b^2 Bx^{3n}}{-2+3n}}{2x^2}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\frac{(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n)}{x^3}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-(a^2 A) + (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(-2 + n) + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(2*n))/( -1 + n) + (2*b^2*B*x^(3*n))/(-2 + 3*n)}{(2*x^2)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 A}{x^3} + ax^{n-3}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2n-3}(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3(n-1)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2 A}{2x^2} - \frac{bx^{-2(1-n)}(2aB + Ab)}{2(1-n)} - \frac{ax^{n-2}(aB + 2Ab)}{2-n} - \frac{b^2 Bx^{3n-2}}{2-3n}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*A)/x^2 - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))/(2*(1 - n)*x^(2*(1 - n))) - (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(-2 + n))/(2 - n) - (b^2*B*x^(-2 + 3*n))/(2 - 3*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 955 vs.  $2(68) = 136$ .

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 955, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.37

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n)/x**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-A*a**2/(2*x**2) - 3*A*a*b/(2*x**(4/3)) - 3*A*b**2/(2*x**(2/3))
- 3*B*a**2/(4*x**(4/3)) - 3*B*a*b/x**(2/3) + B*b**2*log(x), Eq(n, 2/3)),
(-A*a**2/(2*x**2) - 2*A*a*b/x + A*b**2*log(x) - B*a**2/x + 2*B*a*b*log(x)
+ B*b**2*x, Eq(n, 1)), (-A*a**2/(2*x**2) + 2*A*a*b*log(x) + A*b**2*x**2/2
+ B*a**2*log(x) + B*a*b*x**2 + B*b**2*x**4/4, Eq(n, 2)), (-3*A*a**2*n**3/(
6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 11*A*a**2*n**2/(6*n**3*
x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) - 12*A*a**2*n/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*
n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 4*A*a**2/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 2
4*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 12*A*a*b*n**2*x**n/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n
*x**2 - 8*x**2) - 20*A*a*b*n*x**n/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2
- 8*x**2) + 8*A*a*b*x**n/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2)
+ 3*A*b**2*n**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2)
) - 8*A*b**2*n*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2)
+ 4*A*b**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 6*
B*a**2*n**2*x**n/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) - 10*B*
a**2*n*x**n/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 4*B*a**2*x
**n/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 6*B*a*b*n**2*x**(2
*n)/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) - 16*B*a*b*n*x**(2*n
)/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 8*B*a*b*x**(2*n)/(6*
n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 2*B*b**2*n**2*x**(3*n)...
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-3>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^2/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{x^{2n} (A b^2 + 2 B a b)}{x^2 (2n - 2)} - \frac{A a^2}{2 x^2} + \frac{x^n (B a^2 + 2 A b a)}{x^2 (n - 2)} + \frac{B b^2 x^{3n}}{x^2 (3n - 2)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/x^3,x)`

output

$$\frac{(x^{2n}(A^2b + 2Bab))}{(x^{2(2n-2)})} - \frac{(A^2a)}{(2x^2)} + \frac{(x^n(Ba^2 + 2Aab))}{(x^{2(n-2)})} + \frac{(Bb^2x^{3n})}{(x^{2(3n-2)})}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3n}b^3n^2 - 6x^{3n}b^3n + 4x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 - 24x^{2n}ab^2n + 12x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 - 30x^na^2bn + 12x^na^2b}{2x^2(3n^3 - 11n^2 + 12n - 4)}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 - 6*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a
*b**2*n**2 - 24*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n*
*2 - 30*x**n*a**2*b*n + 12*x**n*a**2*b - 3*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 - 12*a
**3*n + 4*a**3)/(2*x**2*(3*n**3 - 11*n**2 + 12*n - 4))
```

### 3.267 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2075
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2075
Rubi [A] (verified)	2076
Maple [A] (verified)	2077
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2077
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2078
Maxima [F(-2)]	2079
Giac [F]	2079
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2079
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2080

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2 A}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2 Bx^{-3(1-n)}}{3(1-n)} - \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{-3+n}}{3-n} - \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-3+2n}}{3-2n}$$

output

$-1/3*a^2*A/x^3-1/3*b^2*B/(1-n)/(x^{(3-3*n)})-a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^{(-3+n)}/(3-n)-b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^{(-3+2*n)}/(3-2*n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{-a^2 A + \frac{3a(2Ab+aB)x^n}{-3+n} + \frac{3b(Ab+2aB)x^{2n}}{-3+2n} + \frac{b^2 Bx^{3n}}{-1+n}}{3x^3}$$

input

`Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/x^4,x]`

output

$(-(a^2 A) + (3*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(-3 + n) + (3*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(2*n)})/(-3 + 2*n) + (b^2*B*x^{(3*n)})/(-1 + n))/(3*x^3)$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 A}{x^4} + ax^{n-4}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2(n-2)}(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3n-4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2 A}{3x^3} - \frac{ax^{n-3}(aB + 2Ab)}{3-n} - \frac{bx^{2n-3}(2aB + Ab)}{3-2n} - \frac{b^2 Bx^{-3(1-n)}}{3(1-n)}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a^2*A)/x^3 - (b^2*B)/(3*(1-n)*x^(3*(1-n))) - (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(-3+n))/(3-n) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(-3+2*n))/(3-2*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^(m)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a^2 A}{3x^3} + \frac{b^2 B x^{3n}}{3(-1+n)x^3} + \frac{b(Ab+2Ba)x^{2n}}{(-3+2n)x^3} + \frac{a(2Ab+Ba)x^n}{(-3+n)x^3}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2B x^{3n} b^2 n^2 + 3A x^{2n} b^2 n^2 - 9B x^{3n} b^2 n + 6B x^{2n} a b n^2 - 12A x^{2n} b^2 n + 12A x^n a b n^2 - 2A a^2 n^3 + 9b^2 B x^{3n} - 24B x^{2n} a b n + 6B x^n a^2}{3x^3(-1+n)(-3+2n)(-3+n)}$
orering	$-\frac{(6n^3 - 77n^2 + 222n - 175)(a + b x^n)^2 (A + B x^n)}{9x^3(2n^3 - 11n^2 + 18n - 9)} + \frac{(11n^2 - 72n + 97)x^2 \left( \frac{2(a + b x^n)(A + B x^n) b x^n n}{x^5} + \frac{(a + b x^n)^2 B x^n n}{x^5} - \frac{4(a + b x^n)^2}{x^5} \right)}{18n^3 - 99n^2 + 162n - 81}$

```
input int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*a^2*A/x^3+1/3/(-1+n)*b^2*B/x^3*(x^n)^3+1/(-3+2n)*b*(A*b+2*B*a)/x^3*(x^n)^2+1/(-3+n)*a*(2*A*b+B*a)/x^3*x^n
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 179 vs. 2(74) = 148.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^n)^2 (A + B x^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{2 A a^2 n^3 - 11 A a^2 n^2 + 18 A a^2 n - 9 A a^2 - (2 B b^2 n^2 - 9 B b^2 n + 9 B b^2) x^{3n} - 3 (6 B a b + 3 A b^2 + (2 B a^2 - 9 A a b) x^n)}{3 (2 n^3 - 11 n^2 + 18 n - 9)}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/3*(2*A*a^2*n^3 - 11*A*a^2*n^2 + 18*A*a^2*n - 9*A*a^2 - (2*B*b^2*n^2 - 9*B*b^2*n + 9*B*b^2)*x^(3*n) - 3*(6*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2 + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 - 4*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*x^(2*n) - 3*(3*B*a^2 + 6*A*a*b + 2*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 - 5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*x^n)/((2*n^3 - 11*n^2 + 18*n - 9)*x^3)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 959 vs.  $2(68) = 136$ .

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 959, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.42

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n)/x**4,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-A*a**2/(3*x**3) - A*a*b/x**2 - A*b**2/x - B*a**2/(2*x**2) - 2*
B*a*b/x + B*b**2*log(x), Eq(n, 1)), (-A*a**2/(3*x**3) - 4*A*a*b/(3*x**(3/2)
)) + A*b**2*log(x) - 2*B*a**2/(3*x**(3/2)) + 2*B*a*b*log(x) + 2*B*b**2*x**
(3/2)/3, Eq(n, 3/2)), (-A*a**2/(3*x**3) + 2*A*a*b*log(x) + A*b**2*x**3/3 +
B*a**2*log(x) + 2*B*a*b*x**3/3 + B*b**2*x**6/6, Eq(n, 3)), (-2*A*a**2*n**
3/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3 - 27*x**3) + 11*A*a**2*n**2/(6*n
**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3 - 27*x**3) - 18*A*a**2*n/(6*n**3*x**3
- 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3 - 27*x**3) + 9*A*a**2/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x*
*3 + 54*n*x**3 - 27*x**3) + 12*A*a*b*n**2*x**n/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3
+ 54*n*x**3 - 27*x**3) - 30*A*a*b*n*x**n/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54
*n*x**3 - 27*x**3) + 18*A*a*b*x**n/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3
- 27*x**3) + 3*A*b**2*n**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x*
*3 - 27*x**3) - 12*A*b**2*n*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x*
*3 - 27*x**3) + 9*A*b**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3
- 27*x**3) + 6*B*a**2*n**2*x**n/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3 -
27*x**3) - 15*B*a**2*n*x**n/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3 - 27*x
**3) + 9*B*a**2*x**n/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3 - 27*x**3) +
6*B*a*b*n**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3 - 27*x**3) -
24*B*a*b*n*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3 - 27*x**3) +
18*B*a*b*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x**3 - 33*n**2*x**3 + 54*n*x**3 - 27*x**3) + ...
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation \*may\* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-4>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^2/x^4, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{x^{2n} (Ab^2 + 2Bab)}{x^3 (2n - 3)} - \frac{Aa^2}{3x^3} + \frac{x^n (Ba^2 + 2Aba)}{x^3 (n - 3)} + \frac{Bb^2 x^{3n}}{x^3 (3n - 3)}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/x^4,x)`

output

$$\frac{(x^{2n}(A^2b + 2B^2ab))}{(x^{3(2n-3)})} - \frac{(A^2a)}{(3x^3)} + \frac{(x^n(B^2a^2 + 2A^2ab))}{(x^{3(n-3)})} + \frac{(B^2b^2x^{3n})}{(x^{3(3n-3)})}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3n}b^3n^2 - 9x^{3n}b^3n + 9x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 - 36x^{2n}ab^2n + 27x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 - 45x^na^2bn + 27x^na^2b}{3x^3(2n^3 - 11n^2 + 18n - 9)}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 - 9*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 9*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a
*b**2*n**2 - 36*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 27*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n*
*2 - 45*x**n*a**2*b*n + 27*x**n*a**2*b - 2*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 - 18*a
**3*n + 9*a**3)/(3*x**3*(2*n**3 - 11*n**2 + 18*n - 9))
```

### 3.268 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	2081
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2081
Rubi [A] (verified)	2082
Maple [F]	2083
Fricas [F]	2083
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2084
Maxima [F]	2084
Giac [F]	2085
Mupad [F(-1)]	2085
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2085

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{Bx^3}{3b} + \frac{(Ab - aB)x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3ab}$$

output `1/3*B*x^3/b+1/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^3*hypergeom([1, 3/n],[ (3+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{Ax^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a} + \frac{Bx^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3+n}{n}, 2 + \frac{3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(3 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(A*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(3*a) + (B*x^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (3 + n)/n, 2 + 3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(3 + n)))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{959}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{x^2}{bx^n + a} dx}{b} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^3(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3ab} + \frac{Bx^3}{3b}$$

input `Int[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(B*x^3)/(3*b) + ((A*b - a*B)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(3*a*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^2*x^n + A*x^2)/(b*x^n + a), x)`



**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{3Aa^{\frac{3}{n}}a^{-1-\frac{3}{n}}x^3\Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{3}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{n}\right)}{n^2\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-2-\frac{3}{n}}a^{1+\frac{3}{n}}x^{n+3}\Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} + \frac{3Ba^{-2-\frac{3}{n}}a^{1+\frac{3}{n}}x^{n+3}\Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}{n^2\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `3*A*a**(3/n)*a**(-1 - 3/n)*x**3*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/n)*gamma(3/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + B*a**(-2 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*x**(n + 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) + 3*B*a**(-2 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*x**(n + 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)/(n**2*gamma(2 + 3/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*B*x^3/b - (B*a - A*b)*integrate(x^2/(b^2*x^n + a*b), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^2/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^3}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `x**3/3`

### 3.269 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	2086
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2086
Rubi [A] (verified)	2087
Maple [F]	2088
Fricas [F]	2088
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2088
Maxima [F]	2089
Giac [F]	2089
Mupad [F(-1)]	2090
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2090

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{Bx^2}{2b} + \frac{(Ab - aB)x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ab}$$

output `1/2*B*x^2/b+1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^2*hypergeom([1, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{Ax^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a} + \frac{Bx^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2+n}{n}, 2\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(2+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(A*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*a) + (B*x^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (2 + n)/n, 2*(1 + n^(-1)), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(2 + n)))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{959}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{x}{bx^n + a} dx}{b} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^2(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ab} + \frac{Bx^2}{2b}$$

input `Int[(x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(B*x^2)/(2*b) + ((A*b - a*B)*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(2*a*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^(p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x*x^n + A*x)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = & \frac{2Aa^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{-1-\frac{2}{n}}x^2\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)}{n^2\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} \\ & + \frac{Ba^{-2-\frac{2}{n}}a^{1+\frac{2}{n}}x^{n+2}\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} \\ & + \frac{2Ba^{-2-\frac{2}{n}}a^{1+\frac{2}{n}}x^{n+2}\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}{n^2\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output

```
2*A*a**(2/n)*a**(-1 - 2/n)*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)
*gamma(2/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + B*a**(-2 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*x**(n + 2)
)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 2/n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)/(n*gamma(2
+ 2/n)) + 2*B*a**(-2 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*x**(n + 2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_p
olar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 2/n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)/(n**2*gamma(2 + 2/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*B*x^2/b - (B*a - A*b)*integrate(x/(b^2*x^n + a*b), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*x/(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n),x)`output `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `x**2/2`

### 3.270 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	2091
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2091
Rubi [A] (verified)	2092
Maple [F]	2093
Fricas [F]	2093
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2093
Maxima [F]	2094
Giac [F]	2094
Mupad [F(-1)]	2094
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2095

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{Bx}{b} + \frac{(Ab - aB)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab}$$

output

```
B*x/b+(A*b-B*a)*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x(aB + (Ab - aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{ab}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(x*(a*B + (A*b - a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a) ])))/(a*b)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{913}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{bx^n + a} dx}{b} + \frac{Bx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab} + \frac{Bx}{b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(B*x)/b + ((A*b - a*B)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}x\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} - \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{n}}a^{1+\frac{1}{n}}b^{\frac{1}{n}}b^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}x\Phi\left(\frac{ax^{-n}e^{i\pi}}{b}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^2\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `A*a**(1/n)*a**(-1 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - B*a**(1 + 1/n)*b**(1/n)*b**(-1 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**n), 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*a**(1/n)*n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(B*a - A*b)*integrate(1/(b^2*x^n + a*b), x) + B*x/b`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = x$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `x`

### 3.271 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2096
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2096
Rubi [A] (verified)	2097
Maple [A] (verified)	2098
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2098
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2099
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2099
Giac [F]	2100
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2100
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2100

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{A \log(x)}{a} - \frac{(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx^n)}{abn}$$

output `A*ln(x)/a-(A*b-B*a)*ln(a+b*x^n)/a/b/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{Ab \log(x^n) + (-Ab + aB) \log(an(a + bx^n))}{abn}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(A*b*Log[x^n] + (-A*b) + a*B)*Log[a*n*(a + b*x^n)]/(a*b*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \int \frac{x^{-n}(Bx^n + A)}{bx^n + a} dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \int \left( \frac{Ax^{-n}}{a} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(bx^n + a)} \right) dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\frac{A \log(x^n)}{a} - \frac{(Ab - aB) \log(a + bx^n)}{ab}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `((A*Log[x^n])/a - ((A*b - a*B)*Log[a + b*x^n])/(a*b))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{A \ln(x^n)}{a} + \frac{(-Ab+Ba) \ln(a+bx^n)}{ab}}{n}$	38
default	$\frac{\frac{A \ln(x^n)}{a} + \frac{(-Ab+Ba) \ln(a+bx^n)}{ab}}{n}$	38
norman	$\frac{A \ln(x)}{a} - \frac{(Ab-Ba) \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{abn}$	38
parallelrisch	$\frac{A \ln(x)bn - A \ln(a+bx^n)b + B \ln(a+bx^n)a}{abn}$	41
risch	$\frac{A \ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})A}{an} + \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})B}{bn}$	46

input

```
int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/n*(A/a*ln(x^n)+(-A*b+B*a)/a/b*ln(a+b*x^n))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{Abn \log(x) + (Ba - Ab) \log(bx^n + a)}{abn}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $(A*b*n*log(x) + (B*a - A*b)*log(b*x^n + a))/(a*b*n)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 83 vs.  $2(26) = 52$ .

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty}(A + B) \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{Ax^{-n}}{n} - \frac{B \log(x^{-n})}{n}}{b} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{A \log(x) + \frac{Bx^n}{n}}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{(A+B) \log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{A \log(x)}{a} - \frac{A \log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{an} + \frac{B \log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(A + B)*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), ((-A/(n*x**n) - B*log(x**(-n))/n)/b, Eq(a, 0)), ((A*log(x) + B*x**n/n)/a, Eq(b, 0)), ((A + B)*log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (A*log(x)/a - A*log(a/b + x**n)/(a*n) + B*log(a/b + x**n)/(b*n), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)} dx = A \left( \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{an} \right) + \frac{B \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{bn}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $A*(\log(x)/a - \log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a*n)) + B*\log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b*n)$



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)*x), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{A \ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(a + bx^n)(Ab - Ba)}{abn}$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `(A*log(x))/a - (log(a + b*x^n)*(A*b - B*a))/(a*b*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)} dx = \log(x)$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `log(x)`

### 3.272 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2101
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2101
Rubi [A] (verified)	2102
Maple [F]	2103
Fricas [F]	2103
Sympy [F]	2104
Maxima [F]	2104
Giac [F]	2104
Mupad [F(-1)]	2105
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2105

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{B}{bx} - \frac{(Ab - aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{abx}$$

output

```
-B/b/x-(A*b-B*a)*hypergeom([1, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b/x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{(A - An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{-1+n}{n}, 2 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(-1 + n)x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
((A - A*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*x^n
*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (-1 + n)/n, 2 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(-1 + n)*x
)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{959}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^2(bx^n + a)} dx}{b} - \frac{B}{bx}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{abx} - \frac{B}{bx}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `-(B/(b*x)) - ((A*b - a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*b*x)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^2*x^n + a*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**2/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x**n)/(x**2*(a + b*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(B*a - A*b)*integrate(1/(b^2*x^2*x^n + a*b*x^2), x) - B/(b*x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{1}{x}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `( - 1)/x`

### 3.273 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2106
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2106
Rubi [A] (verified)	2107
Maple [F]	2108
Fricas [F]	2108
Sympy [F]	2109
Maxima [F]	2109
Giac [F]	2109
Mupad [F(-1)]	2110
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2110

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{B}{2bx^2} - \frac{(Ab - aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2abx^2}$$

```
output -1/2*B/b/x^2-1/2*(A*b-B*a)*hypergeom([1, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b/x^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{-A(-2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{-2+n}{n}, 2 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a(-2 + n)x^2}$$

```
input Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{-(A*(-2+n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, -2/n, (-2+n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a]] + 2*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, (-2+n)/n, 2-2/n, -(b*x^n)/a])}{2*a*(-2+n)*x^2}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^n + a)} dx}{b} - \frac{B}{2bx^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & -\frac{(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2abx^2} - \frac{B}{2bx^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)), x]$$

output

$$-1/2*B/(b*x^2) - ((A*b - a*B)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, -2/n, -(2-n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(2*a*b*x^2)$$



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^3*x^n + a*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**3/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x**n)/(x**3*(a + b*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(B*a - A*b)*integrate(1/(b^2*x^3*x^n + a*b*x^3), x) - 1/2*B/(b*x^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{1}{2x^2}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `( - 1)/(2*x**2)`

### 3.274 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2111
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2111
Rubi [A] (verified)	2112
Maple [F]	2113
Fricas [F]	2113
Sympy [F]	2114
Maxima [F]	2114
Giac [F]	2114
Mupad [F(-1)]	2115
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2115

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{B}{3bx^3} - \frac{(Ab - aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3abx^3}$$

```
output -1/3*B/b/x^3-1/3*(A*b-B*a)*hypergeom([1, -3/n], [-(3-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b/x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{-A(-3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{n}, \frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{-3+n}{n}, 2 - \frac{3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a(-3 + n)x^3}$$

```
input Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)), x]
```

output

```
(-(A*(-3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3/n, (-3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]) + 3*B*
x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (-3 + n)/n, 2 - 3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*a*(-3 + n)
*x^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{959}$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^4(bx^n + a)} dx}{b} - \frac{B}{3bx^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$-\frac{(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3abx^3} - \frac{B}{3bx^3}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
-1/3*B/(b*x^3) - ((A*b - a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3/n, -((3 - n)/n), -((
b*x^n)/a)])/(3*a*b*x^3)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^4*x^n + a*x^4), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**4/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x**n)/(x**4*(a + b*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(B*a - A*b)*integrate(1/(b^2*x^4*x^n + a*b*x^4), x) - 1/3*B/(b*x^3)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{1}{3x^3}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `( - 1)/(3*x**3)`



### 3.275 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2116
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2116
Rubi [A] (verified)	2117
Maple [F]	2118
Fricas [F]	2118
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2119
Maxima [F]	2120
Giac [F]	2120
Mupad [F(-1)]	2120
Reduce [F]	2121

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)x^3}{abn(a + bx^n)} + \frac{(3aB - Ab(3 - n))x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2bn}$$

output

```
(A*b-B*a)*x^3/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)+1/3*(3*B*a-A*b*(3-n))*x^3*hypergeom([1, 3/n], [(3+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{Ax^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2} + \frac{Bx^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{3+n}{n}, 2 + \frac{3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(3 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

$$(A*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(3*a^2) + (B*x^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (3 + n)/n, 2 + 3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*(3 + n)))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{(3aB - Ab(3 - n)) \int \frac{x^2}{bx^n + a} dx}{abn} + \frac{x^3(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^3(3aB - Ab(3 - n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2bn} + \frac{x^3(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2, x]$$

output

$$((A*b - a*B)*x^3)/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)) + ((3*a*B - A*b*(3 - n))*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(3*a^2*b*n))$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^2*x^n + A*x^2)/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 767, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.13

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
A*(3*a*a**(3/n)*a**(-2 - 3/n)*n*x**3*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1,
3/n)*gamma(3/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + 3*
a*a**(3/n)*a**(-2 - 3/n)*n*x**3*gamma(3/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 3/n) + b*n**3
*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/n)) - 9*a*a**(3/n)*a**(-2 - 3/n)*x**3*lerchphi(b*x**n*ex
p_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/n)*gamma(3/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*ga
mma(1 + 3/n)) + 3*a**(3/n)*a**(-2 - 3/n)*b*n*x**3*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*ex
p_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/n)*gamma(3/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*ga
mma(1 + 3/n)) - 9*a**(3/n)*a**(-2 - 3/n)*b*x**3*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_
polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/n)*gamma(3/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gam
ma(1 + 3/n))) + B*(a*a**(-3 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*n**2*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 +
3/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) - 3*a*a**(-3 - 3
/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*n*x**(n + 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/
n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) + 3
*a*a**(-3 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*n*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2
+ 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) - 9*a*a**(-3 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*x**(
n + 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)/(a*n*
**3*gamma(2 + 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) - 3*a**(-3 - 3/n)*a**(1 +
3/n)*b*n*x**n*x**(n + 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/n)*ga
mma(1 + 3/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) - 9*a**(-
3 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*b*x**n*x**(n + 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(B*a - A*b)*x^3/(a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n) + (A*b*(n - 3) + 3*B*a)*integrate(x^2/(a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^2/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x**2/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.276 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2122
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2122
Rubi [A] (verified)	2123
Maple [F]	2124
Fricas [F]	2124
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2125
Maxima [F]	2126
Giac [F]	2126
Mupad [F(-1)]	2126
Reduce [F]	2127

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)x^2}{abn(a+bx^n)} + \frac{(2aB-Ab(2-n))x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2bn}$$

output

```
(A*b-B*a)*x^2/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)+1/2*(2*B*a-A*b*(2-n))*x^2*hypergeom([1, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{Ax^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2} + \frac{Bx^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{2+n}{n}, 2\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(2+n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

$$(A*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*a^2) + (B*x^{2 + n}*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (2 + n)/n, 2*(1 + n^{-1}), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^{2*(2 + n)}))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{957}$$

$$\frac{(2aB - Ab(2 - n)) \int \frac{x}{bx^n + a} dx}{abn} + \frac{x^2(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^2(2aB - Ab(2 - n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2bn} + \frac{x^2(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2, x]$$

output

$$((A*b - a*B)*x^2)/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)) + ((2*a*B - A*b*(2 - n))*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*a^2*b*n))$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x*x^n + A*x)/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 767, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.13

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
A*(2*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-2 - 2/n)*n*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1,
  2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 2*
a*a**(2/n)*a**(-2 - 2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b*n**3
*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) - 4*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-2 - 2/n)*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*ex
p_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*ga
mma(1 + 2/n)) + 2*a**(2/n)*a**(-2 - 2/n)*b*n*x**2*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*ex
p_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*ga
mma(1 + 2/n)) - 4*a**(2/n)*a**(-2 - 2/n)*b*x**2*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_
polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gam
ma(1 + 2/n)) + B*(a*a**(-3 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*n**2*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 +
2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) - 2*a*a**(-3 - 2
/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*n*x**(n + 2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 2/
n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) + 2
*a*a**(-3 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*n*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2
+ 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) - 4*a*a**(-3 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*x**(
n + 2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 2/n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)/(a*n*
**3*gamma(2 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) - 2*a**(-3 - 2/n)*a**(1 +
2/n)*b*n*x**n*x**(n + 2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 2/n)*ga
mma(1 + 2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) - 4*a**(
-3 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*b*x**n*x**(n + 2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(B*a - A*b)*x^2/(a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n) + (A*b*(n - 2) + 2*B*a)*integrate(x/(a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.277 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2128
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2128
Rubi [A] (verified)	2129
Maple [F]	2130
Fricas [F]	2130
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2131
Maxima [F]	2132
Giac [F]	2132
Mupad [F(-1)]	2132
Reduce [F]	2133

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{Bx}{b(1-n)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{(aB - Ab(1-n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2b(1-n)}$$

output

`B*x/b/(1-n)/(a+b*x^n)-(B*a-A*b*(1-n))*x*hypergeom([2, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/(1-n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{B}{a+bx^n} - \frac{(aB+Ab(-1+n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2} \right)}{b - bn}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output

```
(x*(B/(a + b*x^n) - ((a*B + A*b*(-1 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 +
n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/a^2))/(b - b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {910, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{910}$$

$$\frac{(aB - Ab(1 - n)) \int \frac{1}{bx^n + a} dx}{abn} + \frac{x(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x(aB - Ab(1 - n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bn} + \frac{x(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*x)/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)) + ((a*B - A*b*(1 - n))*x*Hypergeometri
c2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*b*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 741, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.44

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
A*(a**(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*n*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)
*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a*a**(1
/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*n*x*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma
a(1 + 1/n)) - a*a**(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a
, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n))
+ a**(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*b*n*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1,
1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - a**
(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*b*x*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*ga
mma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n))) + B*(a*a**(-
3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*n**2*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/
n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) - a*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*n*x**(n +
1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*n**3*ga
mma(2 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + a*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)
*n*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2
+ 1/n)) - a*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*x**(n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_pola
r(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n
*gamma(2 + 1/n)) - a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*b*n*x**n*x**(n + 1)*lerchphi
(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/
n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) - a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*b*x**n*x**(n
+ 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*...
```



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(A*b*(n - 1) + B*a)*integrate(1/(a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n), x) - (B*a - A*b)*  
x/(a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.278 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2134
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2134
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2135
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2136
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2136
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2137
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2138
Giac [F] . . . . .	2138
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2138
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2139

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{abn(a + bx^n)} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{A \log(a + bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

output (A\*b-B\*a)/a/b/n/(a+b\*x^n)+A\*ln(x)/a^2-A\*ln(a+b\*x^n)/a^2/n

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{a(Ab-aB)}{b(a+bx^n)} + A \log(x^n) - A \log(a + bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

input Integrate[(A + B\*x^n)/(x\*(a + b\*x^n)^2),x]

output ((a\*(A\*b - a\*B))/(b\*(a + b\*x^n)) + A\*Log[x^n] - A\*Log[a + b\*x^n])/(a^2\*n)

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^2} dx \\ \downarrow 948 \\ \int \frac{x^{-n}(Bx^n + A)}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx^n \\ \downarrow 86 \\ \int \left( \frac{Ax^{-n}}{a^2} - \frac{Ab}{a^2(bx^n + a)} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(bx^n + a)^2} \right) dx^n \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{-\frac{A \log(a + bx^n)}{a^2} + \frac{A \log(x^n)}{a^2} + \frac{Ab - aB}{ab(a + bx^n)}}{n} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)/(a*b*(a + b*x^n)) + (A*Log[x^n])/a^2 - (A*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{A \ln(x^n)}{a^2} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{ab(a+bx^n)} - \frac{A \ln(a+bx^n)}{a^2}$	54
default	$\frac{A \ln(x^n)}{a^2} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{ab(a+bx^n)} - \frac{A \ln(a+bx^n)}{a^2}$	54
risch	$\frac{A \ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{A}{an(a+bx^n)} - \frac{B}{bn(a+bx^n)} - \frac{A \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^2 n}$	63
norman	$\frac{A \ln(x)}{a} + \frac{bA \ln(x)e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2} - \frac{(Ab-Ba)e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2 n} - \frac{A \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{a^2 n}$	75
parallelrisc	$\frac{A x^n \ln(x) b^2 n + A \ln(x) abn - A \ln(a+bx^n) x^n b^2 - A \ln(a+bx^n) ab + abA - a^2 B}{a^2 bn(a+bx^n)}$	79

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/n*(A/a^2*ln(x^n)-(-A*b+B*a)/a/b/(a+b*x^n)-A/a^2*ln(a+b*x^n))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ab^2nx^n \log(x) + Aabn \log(x) - Ba^2 + Aab - (Ab^2x^n + Aab) \log(bx^n + a)}{a^2b^2nx^n + a^3bn}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(A*b^2*n*x^n*log(x) + A*a*b*n*log(x) - B*a^2 + A*a*b - (A*b^2*x^n + A*a*b)*log(b*x^n + a))/(a^2*b^2*n*x^n + a^3*b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 248 vs. 2(41) = 82.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.77

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \begin{cases} \infty(A + B) \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge \\ \frac{A \log(x) + \frac{Bx^n}{n}}{a^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{Ax^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{Bx^{-n}}{n}}{b^2} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \tilde{\infty}(A \log(x) + \frac{Bx^n}{n}) & \text{for } b = -ax \\ \frac{(A+B) \log(x)}{(a+b)^2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{Aabn \log(x)}{a^3bn+a^2b^2nx^n} - \frac{Aab \log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{a^3bn+a^2b^2nx^n} + \frac{Aab}{a^3bn+a^2b^2nx^n} + \frac{Ab^2nx^n \log(x)}{a^3bn+a^2b^2nx^n} - \frac{Ab^2x^n \log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{a^3bn+a^2b^2nx^n} - \frac{Ba^2}{a^3bn+a^2b^2nx^n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*(A + B)*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), ((A*log(x) + B*x**n/n)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), ((-A/(2*n*x**(2*n)) - B/(n*x**n))/b**2, Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*(A*log(x) + B*x**n/n), Eq(b, -a/x**n)), ((A + B)*log(x)/(a + b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (A*a*b*n*log(x)/(a**3*b*n + a**2*b**2*n*x**n) - A*a*b*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**3*b*n + a**2*b**2*n*x**n) + A*a*b/(a**3*b*n + a**2*b**2*n*x**n) + A*b**2*n*x**n*log(x)/(a**3*b*n + a**2*b**2*n*x**n) - A*b**2*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**3*b*n + a**2*b**2*n*x**n) - B*a**2/(a**3*b*n + a**2*b**2*n*x**n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^2} dx = A \left( \frac{1}{abnx^n + a^2n} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^2n} \right) - \frac{B}{b^2nx^n + abn}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `A*(1/(a*b*n*x^n + a^2*n) + log(x)/a^2 - log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^2*n)) - B/(b^2*n*x^n + a*b*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^2*x), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{A \ln(x)}{a^2} - \frac{A \ln(a + bx^n)}{a^2 n} + \frac{Ab - Ba}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`output `(A*log(x))/a^2 - (A*log(a + b*x^n))/(a^2*n) + (A*b - B*a)/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{-\log(x^n b + a) + \log(x) n}{an}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `( - log(x**n*b + a) + log(x)*n)/(a*n)`



### 3.279 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2140
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2140
Rubi [A] (verified)	2141
Maple [F]	2142
Fricas [F]	2142
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2143
Maxima [F]	2144
Giac [F]	2144
Mupad [F(-1)]	2144
Reduce [F]	2145

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{abnx (a + bx^n)} + \frac{(aB - Ab(1 + n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bnx}$$

output

```
(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x/(a+b*x^n)+(B*a-A*b*(1+n))*hypergeom([1, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n/x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(A - An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{-1+n}{n}, 2 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(-1 + n)x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]
```

output

```
((A - A*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*x^n
*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (-1 + n)/n, 2 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*(-1 + n)
*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{957}$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{abnx (a + bx^n)} - \frac{(aB - Ab(n + 1)) \int \frac{1}{x^2(bx^n + a)} dx}{abn}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{(aB - Ab(n + 1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bnx} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abnx (a + bx^n)}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]
```

output

```
(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*n*x*(a + b*x^n)) + ((a*B - A*b*(1 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1
[1, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*b*n*x)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^2*x^n + a^2*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 780, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.63

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
A*(-a**(-2 + 1/n)*n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(a**((1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**((1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - a**(-2 + 1/n)*n*gamma(-1/n)/(a**((1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**((1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - a**(-2 + 1/n)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(a**((1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**((1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - a**(-2 + 1/n)*b*n*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(a**((1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**((1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - a**(-2 + 1/n)*b*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(a**((1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**((1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - a**(-2 + 1/n)*b*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(a**((1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**((1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n)))) + B*(a**(-3 + 1/n)*a**((1 - 1/n)*n**2*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 - 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 1/n)) + a**(-3 + 1/n)*a**((1 - 1/n)*n*x**(n - 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 - 1/n)*gamma(1 - 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 - 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 1/n)) - a**(-3 + 1/n)*a**((1 - 1/n)*n*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 - 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 1/n)) - a**(-3 + 1/n)*a**((1 - 1/n)*x**(n - 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 - 1/n)*gamma(1 - 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 - 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 1/n)) + a**(-3 + 1/n)*a**((1 - 1/n)*b*n*x**n*x**(n - 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 - 1/n)*gamma(1 - 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 - 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 1...))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(A*b*(n + 1) - B*a)*integrate(1/(a*b^2*n*x^2*x^n + a^2*b*n*x^2), x) - (B*a - A*b)/(a*b^2*n*x*x^n + a^2*b*n*x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^2*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n b x^2 + a x^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**n*b*x**2 + a*x**2),x)`

### 3.280 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2146
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2146
Rubi [A] (verified)	2147
Maple [F]	2148
Fricas [F]	2148
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2149
Maxima [F]	2150
Giac [F]	2150
Mupad [F(-1)]	2150
Reduce [F]	2151

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^2 (a + bx^n)} + \frac{(2aB - Ab(2 + n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2bnx^2}$$

output

$(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x^2/(a+b*x^n)+1/2*(2*B*a-A*b*(2+n))*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, -2/n], [(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n/x^2$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{-A(-2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{-2+n}{n}, 2 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2(-2 + n)x^2}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]$

output

$$\frac{-(A*(-2+n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, -2/n, (-2+n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]) + 2*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, (-2+n)/n, 2-2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]}{2*a^2*(-2+n)*x^2}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{957}$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^2 (a + bx^n)} - \frac{(2aB - Ab(n+2)) \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^n + a)} dx}{abn}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{(2aB - Ab(n+2)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2bnx^2} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^2 (a + bx^n)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(A*b - a*B)}{a*b*n*x^2*(a + b*x^n)} + \frac{((2*a*B - A*b*(2 + n))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])}{2*a^2*b*n*x^2}$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^3*x^n + a^2*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 821, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
A*(-2*a**(-2 + 2/n)*n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a**(-2/n)*n**3*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*n**3*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 2*a**(-2 + 2/n)*n*gamma(-2/n)/(a**(-2/n)*n**3*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*n**3*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 4*a**(-2 + 2/n)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a**(-2/n)*n**3*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*n**3*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 2*a**(-2 + 2/n)*b*n*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a**(-2/n)*n**3*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*n**3*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 4*a**(-2 + 2/n)*b*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a**(-2/n)*n**3*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*n**3*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n)) + B*(a**(-3 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*n**2*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)/(a**3*gamma(2 - 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 2/n)) + 2*a**(-3 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*n*x**(n - 2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 - 2/n)*gamma(1 - 2/n)/(a**3*gamma(2 - 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 2/n)) - 2*a**(-3 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*n*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)/(a**3*gamma(2 - 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 2/n)) - 4*a**(-3 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*x**(n - 2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 - 2/n)*gamma(1 - 2/n)/(a**3*gamma(2 - 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 2/n)) + 2*a**(-3 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*b*n*x**n*x**(n - 2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 - 2/n)*gamma(1...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(A*b*(n + 2) - 2*B*a)*integrate(1/(a*b^2*n*x^3*x^n + a^2*b*n*x^3), x) - (B*a - A*b)/(a*b^2*n*x^2*x^n + a^2*b*n*x^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^2*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n b x^3 + a x^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**n*b*x**3 + a*x**3),x)`

### 3.281 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2152
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2152
Rubi [A] (verified)	2153
Maple [F]	2154
Fricas [F]	2154
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2155
Maxima [F]	2156
Giac [F]	2156
Mupad [F(-1)]	2156
Reduce [F]	2157

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^3 (a + bx^n)} + \frac{(3aB - Ab(3 + n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2bnx^3}$$

output

$(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x^3/(a+b*x^n)+1/3*(3*B*a-A*b*(3+n))*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, -3/n], [(3-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n/x^3$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{-A(-3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{3}{n}, \frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{-3+n}{n}, 2 - \frac{3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2(-3 + n)x^3}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]`

output

$$\frac{-(A*(-3+n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, -3/n, (-3+n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]) + 3*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, (-3+n)/n, 2-3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]}{3*a^2*(-3+n)*x^3}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 957

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^3 (a + bx^n)} - \frac{(3aB - Ab(n+3)) \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^n + a)} dx}{abn}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{(3aB - Ab(n+3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2bnx^3} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^3 (a + bx^n)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(A*b - a*B)}{a*b*n*x^3*(a + b*x^n)} + \frac{((3*a*B - A*b*(3 + n))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, -3/n, -((3 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])}{3*a^2*b*n*x^3}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b^2*x^4*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^4*x^n + a^2*x^4), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 49.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 821, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.66

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**4/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
A*(-3*a**(-2 + 3/n)*n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-3/n)/(a**3/n)*n**3*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n) + a**(3/n)*b*n**3*x**3*x**n*gamma(1 - 3/n)) - 3*a**(-2 + 3/n)*n*gamma(-3/n)/(a**3/n)*n**3*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n) + a**(3/n)*b*n**3*x**3*x**n*gamma(1 - 3/n)) - 9*a**(-2 + 3/n)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-3/n)/(a**3/n)*n**3*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n) + a**(3/n)*b*n**3*x**3*x**n*gamma(1 - 3/n)) - 3*a**(-2 + 3/n)*b*n*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-3/n)/(a**3/n)*n**3*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n) + a**(3/n)*b*n**3*x**3*x**n*gamma(1 - 3/n)) - 9*a**(-2 + 3/n)*b*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-3/n)/(a**3/n)*n**3*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n) + a**(3/n)*b*n**3*x**3*x**n*gamma(1 - 3/n)) + B*(a**(-3 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*n**2*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)/(a**3*gamma(2 - 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 3/n)) + 3*a**(-3 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*n*x**(n - 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 - 3/n)*gamma(1 - 3/n)/(a**3*gamma(2 - 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 3/n)) - 3*a**(-3 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*n*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)/(a**3*gamma(2 - 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 3/n)) - 9*a**(-3 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*x**(n - 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 - 3/n)*gamma(1 - 3/n)/(a**3*gamma(2 - 3/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 - 3/n)) + 3*a**(-3 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*b*n*x**n*x**(n - 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 - 3/n)*gamma(1...
```



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(A*b*(n + 3) - 3*B*a)*integrate(1/(a*b^2*n*x^4*x^n + a^2*b*n*x^4), x) - (B*a - A*b)/(a*b^2*n*x^3*x^n + a^2*b*n*x^3)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^2*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n b x^4 + a x^4} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**n*b*x**4 + a*x**4),x)`

### 3.282 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2158
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2158
Rubi [A] (verified)	2159
Maple [F]	2160
Fricas [F]	2160
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2161
Maxima [F]	2162
Giac [F]	2162
Mupad [F(-1)]	2162
Reduce [F]	2163

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)x^3}{2abn(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{(3aB-Ab(3-2n))x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{6a^3bn}$$

output

`1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^3/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/6*(3*B*a-A*b*(3-2*n))*x^3*hypergeom(`  
`[2, 3/n], [(3+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/b/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{Ax^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^3} + \frac{Bx^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{3+n}{n}, 2 + \frac{3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3(3+n)}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output

```
(A*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(3*a^3) + (B*x^
(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (3 + n)/n, 2 + 3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^3*(3 +
n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{957}$$

$$\frac{(3aB - Ab(3 - 2n)) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx}{2abn} + \frac{x^3(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^3(3aB - Ab(3 - 2n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{6a^3bn} + \frac{x^3(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*x^3)/(2*a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^2) + ((3*a*B - A*b*(3 - 2*n))*x^3*H
ypergeometric2F1[2, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(6*a^3*b*n)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^2*x^n + A*x^2)/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 68.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2360, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.13

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
A*(6*a**2*a**(3/n)*a**(-3 - 3/n)*n**2*x**3*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)
/a, 1, 3/n)*gamma(3/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma
(1 + 3/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + 9*a**2*a**(3/n)*a**(-3
- 3/n)*n**2*x**3*gamma(3/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*
gamma(1 + 3/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)) - 27*a**2*a**(3/n)*a
**(-3 - 3/n)*n*x**3*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/n)*gamma(3/n)/
(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 2*b**2*n**4
*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)) - 9*a**2*a**(3/n)*a**(-3 - 3/n)*n*x**3*gamma(3/n
)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 2*b**2*n*
**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + 27*a**2*a**(3/n)*a**(-3 - 3/n)*x**3*lerchphi
(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/n)*gamma(3/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 3/n)
+ 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)) +
12*a*a**(3/n)*a**(-3 - 3/n)*b*n**2*x**3*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*p
i)/a, 1, 3/n)*gamma(3/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gam
ma(1 + 3/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + 6*a*a**(3/n)*a**(-3 -
3/n)*b*n**2*x**3*x**n*gamma(3/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 4*a*b*n**4
*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)) - 54*a*a**(3/n
)*a**(-3 - 3/n)*b*n*x**3*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/n)*g
amma(3/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/n) + 2
*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)) - 9*a*a**(3/n)*a**(-3 - 3/n)*b*n*x**...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((2*n^2 - 9*n + 9)*A*b + 3*B*a*(n - 3))*integrate(1/2*x^2/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^n + a^3*b*n^2), x) + 1/2*((A*b^2*(2*n - 3) + 3*B*a*b)*x^3*x^n + (3*A*a*b*(n - 1) - B*a^2*(n - 3))*x^3)/(a^2*b^3*n^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b^2*n^2*x^n + a^4*b*n^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^2/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x**2/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`



### 3.283 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2164
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2164
Rubi [A] (verified)	2165
Maple [F]	2166
Fricas [F]	2166
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2167
Maxima [F]	2168
Giac [F]	2168
Mupad [F(-1)]	2168
Reduce [F]	2169

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)x^2}{2abn(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{(aB-Ab(1-n))x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bn}$$

output

$1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^2/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/2*(B*a-A*b*(1-n))*x^2*\operatorname{hypergeom}\left([2, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a\right)/a^3/b/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{Ax^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3} + \frac{Bx^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{2+n}{n}, 2\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3(2+n)}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}\left[\frac{x*(A+B*x^n)}{(a+b*x^n)^3}, x\right]$

output

$$(A*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*a^3) + (B*x^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (2 + n)/n, 2*(1 + n^(-1)), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^3*(2 + n)))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{957}$$

$$\frac{(aB - Ab(1 - n)) \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx}{abn} + \frac{x^2(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^2(aB - Ab(1 - n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bn} + \frac{x^2(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3, x]$$

output

$$((A*b - a*B)*x^2)/(2*a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^2) + ((a*B - A*b*(1 - n))*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*a^3*b*n))$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x*x^n + A*x)/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 49.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2315, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.92

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
A*(2*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*n**2*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)
/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1
+ 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 3*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/
n)*n**2*x**2*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(
1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) - 6*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2
/n)*n*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**
4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gam
ma(1 + 2/n)) - 2*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*
gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma
(1 + 2/n)) + 4*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(
I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*ga
mma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 4*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 -
2/n)*b*n**2*x**2*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n
)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x
**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 2*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*b*n**2*x**2*x**n*gamm
a(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n
**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) - 12*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*b*n*x**2*x**n*1
erchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 +
2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n))
- 2*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*b*n*x**2*x**n*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((n^2 - 3*n + 2)*A*b + B*a*(n - 2))*integrate(x/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^n + a^3*b*n^2), x) + 1/2*(2*(A*b^2*(n - 1) + B*a*b)*x^2*x^n + (A*a*b*(3*n - 2) - B*a^2*(n - 2))*x^2)/(a^2*b^3*n^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b^2*n^2*x^n + a^4*b*n^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.284 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2170
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2170
Rubi [A] (verified)	2171
Maple [F]	2172
Fricas [F]	2172
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2173
Maxima [F]	2174
Giac [F]	2174
Mupad [F(-1)]	2174
Reduce [F]	2175

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{Bx}{b(1 - 2n)(a + bx^n)^2} + \frac{\left(A - \frac{aB}{b-2bn}\right) x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3}$$

output

```
B*x/b/(1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2+(A-a*B/(-2*b*n+b))*x*hypergeom([3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{B}{(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{(aB+Ab(-1+2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3} \right)}{b - 2bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(x*(B/(a + b*x^n)^2 - ((a*B + A*b*(-1 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[3, n^(-1),
1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a]))/a^3)/(b - 2*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {910, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{910}$$

$$\frac{(aB - Ab(1 - 2n)) \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx}{2abn} + \frac{x(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x(aB - Ab(1 - 2n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bn} + \frac{x(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*x)/(2*a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^2) + ((a*B - A*b*(1 - 2*n))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])/(2*a^3*b*n)
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 49.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2319, normalized size of antiderivative = 38.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
A*(2*a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*n**2*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a,
  1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1
+ 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 3*a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1
/n)*n**2*x*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(
1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - 3*a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 -
  1/n)*n*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n*
*4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*
gamma(1 + 1/n)) - a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*n*x*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*
gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gam
ma(1 + 1/n)) + a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*p
i)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gam
ma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 4*a*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 -
  1/n)*b*n**2*x*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/
(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4
*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 2*a*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*b*n**2*x*x**n*gamma
(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**
2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - 6*a*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*b*n*x*x**n*le
rchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 +
  1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/
n)) - a*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*b*n*x*x**n*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*A*b + B*a*(n - 1))*integrate(1/2/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^n + a^3*b*n^2), x) + 1/2*((A*b^2*(2*n - 1) + B*a*b)*x*x^n + (A*a*b*(3*n - 1) - B*a^2*(n - 1))*x)/(a^2*b^3*n^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b^2*n^2*x^n + a^4*b*n^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.285 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2176
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2176
Rubi [A] (verified)	2177
Maple [A] (verified)	2178
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2179
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2179
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2180
Giac [F]	2181
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2181
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2181

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2} + \frac{A}{a^2n(a + bx^n)} + \frac{A \log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{A \log(a + bx^n)}{a^3n}$$

output `1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+A/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)+A*ln(x)/a^3-A*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^3/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{a(3aAb - a^2B + 2Ab^2x^n)}{b(a+bx^n)^2} + 2A \log(x^n) - 2A \log(a + bx^n)}{2a^3n}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]`

output `((a*(3*a*A*b - a^2*B + 2*A*b^2*x^n))/(b*(a + b*x^n)^2) + 2*A*Log[x^n] - 2*A*Log[a + b*x^n])/(2*a^3*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^{-n}(Bx^n + A)}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx^n$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left( \frac{Ax^{-n}}{a^3} - \frac{Ab}{a^3(bx^n + a)} - \frac{Ab}{a^2(bx^n + a)^2} + \frac{aB - Ab}{a(bx^n + a)^3} \right) dx^n$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{A \log(a + bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{A \log(x^n)}{a^3} + \frac{A}{a^2(a + bx^n)} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2ab(a + bx^n)^2}}{n}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*(a + b*x^n)^2) + A/(a^2*(a + b*x^n)) + (A*Log[x^n])/a^3 - (A*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{A \ln(x^n)}{a^3} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{2ab(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{A \ln(a+bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{A}{a^2(a+bx^n)}}{n}$
default	$\frac{\frac{A \ln(x^n)}{a^3} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{2ab(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{A \ln(a+bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{A}{a^2(a+bx^n)}}{n}$
risch	$\frac{A \ln(x)}{a^3} + \frac{2A x^n b^2 + 3abA - a^2 B}{2a^2 b n (a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{A \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^3 n}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{A \ln(x)}{a} + \frac{b^2 A \ln(x) e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3} - \frac{(2Ab-Ba)e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2 n} + \frac{2bA \ln(x) e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2} - \frac{b(3Ab-Ba)e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2a^3 n}}{(a+be^{n \ln(x)})^2} - \frac{A \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{a^3 n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2A \ln(x) x^{2n} b^2 n + 4A \ln(x) x^n abn - 2A \ln(a+bx^n) x^{2n} b^2 + 2a^2 A \ln(x) n - 4A \ln(a+bx^n) x^n ab - 3A b^2 x^{2n} + Bab x^{2n} - 2A}{2a^3 n (a+bx^n)^2}$

input

```
int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/n*(A/a^3*ln(x^n)-1/2*(-A*b+B*a)/a/b/(a+b*x^n)^2-A/a^3*ln(a+b*x^n)+A/a^2/
(a+b*x^n))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2Ab^3nx^{2n} \log(x) + 2Aa^2bn \log(x) - Ba^3 + 3Aa^2b + 2(2Aab^2n \log(x) + Aab^2)x^n - 2(Ab^3x^{2n} + 2Aa^2bn \log(x) + Aab^2)x^n}{2(a^3b^3nx^{2n} + 2a^4b^2nx^n + a^5bn)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*A*b^3*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) + 2*A*a^2*b*n*log(x) - B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b + 2*(2*A*a*b^2*n*log(x) + A*a*b^2)*x^n - 2*(A*b^3*x^(2*n) + 2*A*a*b^2*x^n + A*a^2*b)*log(b*x^n + a))/(a^3*b^3*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a^4*b^2*n*x^n + a^5*b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 542 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 542, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.53

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\omega}(A + B) \log(x) \\ \frac{A \log(x) + \frac{Bx^n}{n}}{a^3} \\ - \frac{\frac{Ax^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{Bx^{-2n}}{2n}}{b^3} \\ \tilde{\omega}\left(A \log(x) + \frac{Bx^n}{n}\right) \\ \frac{(A+B) \log(x)}{(a+b)^3} \\ \frac{2Aa^2bn \log(x)}{2a^5bn + 4a^4b^2nx^n + 2a^3b^3nx^{2n}} - \frac{2Aa^2b \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{2a^5bn + 4a^4b^2nx^n + 2a^3b^3nx^{2n}} + \frac{3Aa^2b}{2a^5bn + 4a^4b^2nx^n + 2a^3b^3nx^{2n}} + \frac{4Aab^2nx^n \log(x)}{2a^5bn + 4a^4b^2nx^n + 2a^3b^3nx^{2n}} - \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`



output

```
Piecewise((zoo*(A + B)*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), ((A*log(x)
+ B*x**n/n)/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), ((-A/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - B/(2*n*x**(2*n)))/b**3
, Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*(A*log(x) + B*x**n/n), Eq(b, -a/x**n)), ((A + B)*log(x)/
(a + b)**3, Eq(n, 0)), (2*A*a**2*b*n*log(x)/(2*a**5*b*n + 4*a**4*b**2*n*x*
*n + 2*a**3*b**3*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*A*a**2*b*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*b*n + 4*
a**4*b**2*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**3*n*x**(2*n)) + 3*A*a**2*b/(2*a**5*b*n + 4*a*
**4*b**2*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**3*n*x**(2*n)) + 4*A*a*b**2*n*x**n*log(x)/(2*a**
5*b*n + 4*a**4*b**2*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**3*n*x**(2*n)) - 4*A*a*b**2*x**n*log
(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*b*n + 4*a**4*b**2*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**3*n*x**(2*n)) +
2*A*a*b**2*x**n/(2*a**5*b*n + 4*a**4*b**2*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**3*n*x**(2*n))
+ 2*A*b**3*n*x**(2*n)*log(x)/(2*a**5*b*n + 4*a**4*b**2*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b*
**3*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*A*b**3*x**(2*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*b*n + 4*a**4*b*
**2*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**3*n*x**(2*n)) - B*a**3/(2*a**5*b*n + 4*a**4*b**2*n*x
**n + 2*a**3*b**3*n*x**(2*n)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} A \left( \frac{2bx^n + 3a}{a^2b^2nx^{2n} + 2a^3bnx^n + a^4n} + \frac{2 \log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{2 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^3n} \right) - \frac{B}{2(b^3nx^{2n} + 2ab^2nx^n + a^2bn)}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*A*((2*b*x^n + 3*a)/(a^2*b^2*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b*n*x^n + a^4*n) + 2*log
(x)/a^3 - 2*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^3*n)) - 1/2*B/(b^3*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*n
*x^n + a^2*b*n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^3*x), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{A \ln(x)}{a^3} + \frac{A}{a^2 n (a + bx^n)} - \frac{A \ln(a + bx^n)}{a^3 n} + \frac{Ab - Ba}{2abn(a^2 + b^2 x^{2n} + 2abx^n)}$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^3),x)`

output `(A*log(x))/a^3 + A/(a^2*n*(a + b*x^n)) - (A*log(a + b*x^n))/(a^3*n) + (A*b - B*a)/(2*a*b*n*(a^2 + b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{-x^n \log(x^n b + a) b + x^n \log(x) b n - x^n b - \log(x^n b + a) a + \log(x) a n}{a^2 n (x^n b + a)}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(-x^{n+1} \log(x^{n+1}b + a)b + x^{n+1} \log(x)b^n - x^{n+1}b - \log(x^{n+1}b + a)a + \log(x)a^n)}{a^{2n}(x^{n+1}b + a)}$$

**3.286**  $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2183
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2183
Rubi [A] (verified)	2184
Maple [F]	2185
Fricas [F]	2185
Sympy [F(-1)]	2186
Maxima [F]	2186
Giac [F]	2186
Mupad [F(-1)]	2187
Reduce [F]	2187

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx (a + bx^n)^2} + \frac{(aB - A(b + 2bn)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bnx}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/2*(B*a-A*(2*b*n+b))*hypergeom([2, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/b/n/x
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{(A - An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{-1+n}{n}, 2 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3(-1 + n)x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]
```

output

```
((A - A*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*x^n
*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (-1 + n)/n, 2 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^3*(-1 + n)
*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx (a + bx^n)^2} - \frac{(aB - A(2bn + b)) \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^n + a)^2} dx}{2abn}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(aB - A(2bn + b)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bnx} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx (a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]
```

output

```
(A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*n*x*(a + b*x^n)^2) + ((a*B - A*(b + 2*b*n))*Hypergeomet
ric2F1[2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a^3*b*n*x)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b^3*x^2*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^2*x^n + a^3*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*A*b - B*a*(n + 1))*integrate(1/2/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^2*x^n + a^3*b*n^2*x^2), x) + 1/2*(A*a*b*(3*n + 1) - B*a^2*(n + 1) + (A*b^2*(2*n + 1) - B*a*b)*x^n)/(a^2*b^3*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b^2*n^2*x*x^n + a^4*b*n^2*x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^3*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^3),x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} b^2 x^2 + 2x^n a b x^2 + a^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*x**2 + a**2*x**2),x)`



### 3.287 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2188
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2188
Rubi [A] (verified)	2189
Maple [F]	2190
Fricas [F]	2190
Sympy [F(-2)]	2191
Maxima [F]	2191
Giac [F]	2191
Mupad [F(-1)]	2192
Reduce [F]	2192

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{Ab-aB}{2abnx^2(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{(aB-Ab(1+n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bnx^2}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/2*(B*a-A*b*(1+n))*hypergeom([2, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/b/n/x^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{-A(-2+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{-2+n}{n}, 2-\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3(-2+n)x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-A*(-2+n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3, -2/n, (-2+n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + 2*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3, (-2+n)/n, 2-2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])}{2*a^3*(-2+n)*x^2}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^2 (a + bx^n)^2} - \frac{(aB - Ab(n+1)) \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^n + a)^2} dx}{abn}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(aB - Ab(n+1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bnx^2} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^2 (a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(A*b - a*B)}{2*a*b*n*x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2} + \frac{((a*B - A*b*(1 + n))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])}{2*a^3*b*n*x^2}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b^3*x^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^3*x^n + a^3*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*A*b - B*a*(n + 2))*integrate(1/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^3*x^n + a^3*b*n^2*x^3), x) + 1/2*(A*a*b*(3*n + 2) - B*a^2*(n + 2) + 2*(A*b^2*(n + 1) - B*a*b)*x^n)/(a^2*b^3*n^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b^2*n^2*x^2*x^n + a^4*b*n^2*x^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^3*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3),x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} b^2 x^3 + 2x^n a b x^3 + a^2 x^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x**3 + 2*x**n*a*b*x**3 + a**2*x**3),x)`

### 3.288 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2193
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2193
Rubi [A] (verified)	2194
Maple [F]	2195
Fricas [F]	2195
Sympy [F(-2)]	2196
Maxima [F]	2196
Giac [F]	2196
Mupad [F(-1)]	2197
Reduce [F]	2197

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^3 (a + bx^n)^2} + \frac{(3aB - Ab(3 + 2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{6a^3bnx^3}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/6*(3*B*a-A*b*(3+2*n))*hypergeom([2,
-3/n], [-(3-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/b/n/x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{-A(-3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -\frac{3}{n}, \frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{-3+n}{n}, 2 - \frac{3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^3(-3 + n)x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-A*(-3+n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3, -3/n, (-3+n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + 3*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3, (-3+n)/n, 2-3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])}{(3*a^3*(-3+n)*x^3)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{957}$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^3 (a + bx^n)^2} - \frac{(3aB - Ab(2n + 3)) \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^n + a)^2} dx}{2abn}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{(3aB - Ab(2n + 3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{6a^3bnx^3} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^3 (a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(A*b - a*B)}{(2*a*b*n*x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2)} + \frac{((3*a*B - A*b*(3 + 2*n))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, -3/n, -((3 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])}{(6*a^3*b*n*x^3)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)/(b^3*x^4*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^4*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^4*x^n + a^3*x^4), x)`



**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**4/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((2*n^2 + 9*n + 9)*A*b - 3*B*a*(n + 3))*integrate(1/2/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^4*x^n + a^3*b*n^2*x^4), x) - 1/2*(B*a^2*(n + 3) - 3*A*a*b*(n + 1) - (A*b^2*(2*n + 3) - 3*B*a*b)*x^n)/(a^2*b^3*n^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b^2*n^2*x^3*x^n + a^4*b*n^2*x^3)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^3*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^3),x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} b^2 x^4 + 2x^n a b x^4 + a^2 x^4} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x**4 + 2*x**n*a*b*x**4 + a**2*x**4),x)`

### 3.289 $\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2198
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2198
Rubi [A] (verified)	2199
Maple [B] (verified)	2200
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2200
Sympy [F(-1)]	2201
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2201
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2201
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2202
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2202

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{9}aAx^{9/2} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{9}{2}+n}}{9 + 2n} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{9}{2}+2n}}{9 + 4n}$$

output  $2/9*a*A*x^(9/2)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2+n)/(9+2*n)+2*b*B*x^(9/2+2*n)/(9+4*n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{9}aAx^{9/2} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{9}{2}+n}}{9 + 2n} + \frac{bBx^{\frac{9}{2}+2n}}{9 + 4n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output  $2*((a*A*x^(9/2))/9 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^(9/2 + n))/(9 + 2*n) + (b*B*x^(9/2 + 2*n))/(9 + 4*n))$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 950$$

$$\int \left( x^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(aB + Ab) + aAx^{7/2} + bBx^{2n+\frac{7}{2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2x^{n+\frac{9}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{2n + 9} + \frac{2}{9}aAx^{9/2} + \frac{2bBx^{2n+\frac{9}{2}}}{4n + 9}$$

input

```
Int[x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*a*A*x^(9/2))/9 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(9/2 + n))/(9 + 2*n) + (2*b*B*x^(9/2 + 2*n))/(9 + 4*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}(8n^2+96n+193)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{9(9+4n)(9+2n)} - \frac{4x^2(7+2n)\left(\frac{7x^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{2} + x^{\frac{5}{2}}bx^n(A+Bx^n) + x^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+bx^n)Bx^n\right)}{3(9+4n)(9+2n)} + \dots$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{9}x^{\frac{9}{2}}\frac{(8n^2+96n+193)}{(9+4n)(9+2n)}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) - \frac{4}{3}x^2\frac{(7+2n)}{(9+4n)(9+2n)}\left(\frac{7}{2}x^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) + x^{\frac{5}{2}}bx^n(A+Bx^n) + x^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+bx^n)Bx^n\right) + \dots$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\left(9(2Bbn+9Bb)x^{\frac{9}{2}}x^{2n} + 9(9Ba+9Ab+4(Ba+Ab)n)x^{\frac{9}{2}}x^n + (8Aan^2+54Aan+81Aa)x^{\frac{9}{2}}\right)}{9(8n^2+54n+81)}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{2}{9}\frac{(9(2Bbn+9Bb)x^{\frac{9}{2}}x^{2n} + 9(9Ba+9Ab+4(Ba+Ab)n)x^{\frac{9}{2}}x^n + (8Aan^2+54Aan+81Aa)x^{\frac{9}{2}})}{(8n^2+54n+81)}$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/2)*(a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n), x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{9} Aax^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n+\frac{9}{2}}}{4n+9} + \frac{2Bax^{n+\frac{9}{2}}}{2n+9} + \frac{2Abx^{n+\frac{9}{2}}}{2n+9}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*A*a*x^(9/2) + 2*B*b*x^(2*n + 9/2)/(4*n + 9) + 2*B*a*x^(n + 9/2)/(2*n + 9) + 2*A*b*x^(n + 9/2)/(2*n + 9)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{9} Aax^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2Bbx^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+9} + \frac{2Bax^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+9} + \frac{2Abx^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+9}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*A*a*x^(9/2) + 2*B*b*x^(9/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 9) + 2*B*a*x^(9/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 9) + 2*A*b*x^(9/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 9)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Aax^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{x^n x^{9/2}(2Ab + 2Ba)}{2n + 9} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n} x^{9/2}}{4n + 9}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n), x)`

output `(2*A*a*x^(9/2))/9 + (x^n*x^(9/2)*(2*A*b + 2*B*a))/(2*n + 9) + (2*B*b*x^(2*n)*x^(9/2))/(4*n + 9)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^4(18x^{2n}b^2n + 81x^{2n}b^2 + 72x^nabn + 162x^nab + 8a^2n^2 + 54a^2n + 81a^2)}{72n^2 + 486n + 729}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(18*x**(2*n)*b**2*n + 81*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 72*x**n*a*b*n + 162*x**n*a*b + 8*a**2*n**2 + 54*a**2*n + 81*a**2))/(9*(8*n**2 + 54*n + 81))`

### 3.290 $\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2203
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2203
Rubi [A] (verified)	2204
Maple [B] (verified)	2205
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2205
Sympy [F(-1)]	2206
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2206
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2206
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2207
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2207

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{7}aAx^{7/2} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{7/2+n}}{7 + 2n} + \frac{2bBx^{7/2+2n}}{7 + 4n}$$

output

```
2/7*a*A*x^(7/2)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2+n)/(7+2*n)+2*b*B*x^(7/2+2*n)/(7+4*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{7}aAx^{7/2} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{7/2+n}}{7 + 2n} + \frac{bBx^{7/2+2n}}{7 + 4n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n), x]
```

output

```
2*((a*A*x^(7/2))/7 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^(7/2 + n))/(7 + 2*n) + (b*B*x^(7/2 + 2*n))/(7 + 4*n))
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 950$$

$$\int \left( x^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(aB + Ab) + aAx^{5/2} + bBx^{2n+\frac{5}{2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2x^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{2n + 7} + \frac{2}{7}aAx^{7/2} + \frac{2bBx^{2n+\frac{7}{2}}}{4n + 7}$$

input

```
Int[x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*a*A*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(7/2 + n))/(7 + 2*n) + (2*b*B*x^(7/2 + 2*n))/(7 + 4*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}(8n^2+72n+109)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{7(7+4n)(7+2n)} - \frac{12x^2(5+2n)\left(\frac{5x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{2} + x^{\frac{3}{2}}bx^n(A+Bx^n) + x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+bx^n)Bx^n\right)}{7(7+4n)(7+2n)} +$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{7}x^{\frac{7}{2}}\frac{(8n^2+72n+109)}{(7+4n)(7+2n)}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) - \frac{12}{7}x^2\frac{(5+2n)}{(7+4n)(7+2n)}\left(\frac{5}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) + x^{\frac{3}{2}}bx^n(A+Bx^n) + x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+bx^n)Bx^n\right) \\ & + \frac{8}{7}\frac{(8n^2+42n+49)}{(8n^2+42n+49)}x^3\frac{(15/4)x^{\frac{1}{2}}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}bx^n(A+Bx^n) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{(8n^2+42n+49)} \\ & + \frac{4}{7}\frac{(8n^2+42n+49)}{(8n^2+42n+49)}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\frac{(15/4)x^{\frac{1}{2}}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}bx^n(A+Bx^n) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{(8n^2+42n+49)} \\ & + \frac{4}{7}\frac{(8n^2+42n+49)}{(8n^2+42n+49)}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\frac{(15/4)x^{\frac{1}{2}}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}bx^n(A+Bx^n) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{(8n^2+42n+49)} \\ & + \frac{4}{7}\frac{(8n^2+42n+49)}{(8n^2+42n+49)}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\frac{(15/4)x^{\frac{1}{2}}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}bx^n(A+Bx^n) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{(8n^2+42n+49)} \\ & + \frac{4}{7}\frac{(8n^2+42n+49)}{(8n^2+42n+49)}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\frac{(15/4)x^{\frac{1}{2}}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}bx^n(A+Bx^n) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{(8n^2+42n+49)} \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\left(7(2Bbn+7Bb)x^{\frac{7}{2}}x^{2n} + 7(7Ba+7Ab+4(Ba+Ab)n)x^{\frac{7}{2}}x^n + (8Aan^2+42Aan+49)A\right)}{7(8n^2+42n+49)}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{2}{7}\frac{(7(2Bb^n+7Bb)x^{\frac{7}{2}}x^{2n} + 7(7Ba+7Ab+4(Ba+Ab)n)x^{\frac{7}{2}}x^n + (8Aan^2+42Aan+49)A)}{(8n^2+42n+49)}$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n), x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{7}Aax^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n+\frac{7}{2}}}{4n+7} + \frac{2Bax^{n+\frac{7}{2}}}{2n+7} + \frac{2Abx^{n+\frac{7}{2}}}{2n+7}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*A*a*x^(7/2) + 2*B*b*x^(2*n + 7/2)/(4*n + 7) + 2*B*a*x^(n + 7/2)/(2*n + 7) + 2*A*b*x^(n + 7/2)/(2*n + 7)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{7}Aax^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2Bbx^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+7} + \frac{2Bax^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+7} + \frac{2Abx^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+7}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/7*A*a*x^(7/2) + 2*B*b*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 7) + 2*B*a*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 7) + 2*A*b*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 7)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Aax^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{x^n x^{7/2}(2Ab + 2Ba)}{2n + 7} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n} x^{7/2}}{4n + 7}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n), x)`

output `(2*A*a*x^(7/2))/7 + (x^n*x^(7/2)*(2*A*b + 2*B*a))/(2*n + 7) + (2*B*b*x^(2*n)*x^(7/2))/(4*n + 7)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(14x^{2n}b^2n + 49x^{2n}b^2 + 56x^nabn + 98x^nab + 8a^2n^2 + 42a^2n + 49a^2)}{56n^2 + 294n + 343}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(14*x**(2*n)*b**2*n + 49*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 56*x**n*a*b*n + 98*x**n*a*b + 8*a**2*n**2 + 42*a**2*n + 49*a**2))/(7*(8*n**2 + 42*n + 49))`

### 3.291 $\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2208
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2208
Rubi [A] (verified)	2209
Maple [B] (verified)	2210
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2210
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2211
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2211
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2212
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2212
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2212

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{5}aAx^{5/2} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 + 2n} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 + 4n}$$

output

```
2/5*a*A*x^(5/2)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2+n)/(5+2*n)+2*b*B*x^(5/2+2*n)/(5+4*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{5}aAx^{5/2} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 + 2n} + \frac{bBx^{\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 + 4n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n), x]
```

output

```
2*((a*A*x^(5/2))/5 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2 + n))/(5 + 2*n) + (b*B*x^(5/2 + 2*n))/(5 + 4*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 950$$

$$\int \left( x^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(aB + Ab) + aAx^{3/2} + bBx^{2n+\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2x^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{2n + 5} + \frac{2}{5}aAx^{5/2} + \frac{2bBx^{2n+\frac{5}{2}}}{4n + 5}$$

input

```
Int[x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*a*A*x^(5/2))/5 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(5/2 + n))/(5 + 2*n) + (2*b*B*x^(5/2 + 2*n))/(5 + 4*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs. 2(47) = 94.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}(8n^2+48n+49)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{5(5+4n)(5+2n)} - \frac{12x^2(3+2n)\left(\frac{3\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{2} + \sqrt{x}bx^n(A+Bx^n) + \sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)Bx^n\right)}{5(5+4n)(5+2n)} + \dots$

```
input int(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/5*x^(5/2)*(8*n^2+48*n+49)/(5+4*n)/(5+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)-12/5*x^2*(
3+2*n)/(5+4*n)/(5+2*n)*(3/2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)+x^(1/2)*b*x^n*n*(A
+B*x^n)+x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*n)+8/5/(8*n^2+30*n+25)*x^3*(3/4*(a+b*x^n)*
(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)+2/x^(1/2)*b*x^n*n*(A+B*x^n)+2/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*n+
1/x^(1/2)*b*x^n*n^2*(A+B*x^n)+2/x^(1/2)*b*(x^n)^2*n^2*B+1/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n
)*B*x^n*n^2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2 \left( 5(2Bbn + 5Bb)x^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{2n} + 5(5Ba + 5Ab + 4(Ba + Ab)n)x^{\frac{5}{2}}x^n + (8Aan^2 + 30Aan + 25Aa) \right)}{5(8n^2 + 30n + 25)}$$

```
input integrate(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/5*(5*(2*B*b*n + 5*B*b)*x^(5/2)*x^(2*n) + 5*(5*B*a + 5*A*b + 4*(B*a + A*b
)*n)*x^(5/2)*x^n + (8*A*a*n^2 + 30*A*a*n + 25*A*a)*x^(5/2))/(8*n^2 + 30*n
+ 25)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 16.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.47

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2Aax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) - \frac{2Bb}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\ \frac{2Aax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4Abx^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5} + \frac{4Bax^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5} + Bb \log(x) \\ \frac{16Aan^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{40n^2+150n+125} + \frac{60Aanx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{40n^2+150n+125} + \frac{50Aax^{\frac{5}{2}}}{40n^2+150n+125} + \frac{40Abnx^{\frac{5}{2}}x^n}{40n^2+150n+125} + \frac{50Abx^{\frac{5}{2}}x^n}{40n^2+150n+125} + \frac{40Banx^{\frac{5}{2}}x^n}{40n^2+150n+125} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*A*a*x**(5/2)/5 + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) - 2*B*b/(5*x**(5/2)), Eq(n, -5/2)), (2*A*a*x**(5/2)/5 + 4*A*b*x**(5/4)/5 + 4*B*a*x**(5/4)/5 + B*b*log(x), Eq(n, -5/4)), (16*A*a*n**2*x**(5/2)/(40*n**2 + 150*n + 125) + 60*A*a*n*x**(5/2)/(40*n**2 + 150*n + 125) + 50*A*a*x**(5/2)/(40*n**2 + 150*n + 125) + 40*A*b*n*x**(5/2)*x**n/(40*n**2 + 150*n + 125) + 50*A*b*x**(5/2)*x**n/(40*n**2 + 150*n + 125) + 40*B*a*n*x**(5/2)*x**n/(40*n**2 + 150*n + 125) + 50*B*a*x**(5/2)*x**n/(40*n**2 + 150*n + 125) + 20*B*b*n*x**(5/2)*x**(2*n)/(40*n**2 + 150*n + 125) + 50*B*b*x**(5/2)*x**(2*n)/(40*n**2 + 150*n + 125), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{5}Aax^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n+\frac{5}{2}}}{4n+5} + \frac{2Bax^{n+\frac{5}{2}}}{2n+5} + \frac{2Abx^{n+\frac{5}{2}}}{2n+5}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*A*a*x^(5/2) + 2*B*b*x^(2*n + 5/2)/(4*n + 5) + 2*B*a*x^(n + 5/2)/(2*n + 5) + 2*A*b*x^(n + 5/2)/(2*n + 5)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{5} Aax^{5/2} + \frac{2Bbx^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+5} + \frac{2Bax^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+5} + \frac{2Abx^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+5}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*A*a*x^(5/2) + 2*B*b*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 5) + 2*B*a*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 5) + 2*A*b*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 5)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Aax^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{x^n x^{5/2} (2Ab + 2Ba)}{2n+5} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n} x^{5/2}}{4n+5}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(2*A*a*x^(5/2))/5 + (x^n*x^(5/2)*(2*A*b + 2*B*a))/(2*n + 5) + (2*B*b*x^(2*n)*x^(5/2))/(4*n + 5)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(10x^{2n}b^2n + 25x^{2n}b^2 + 40x^nabn + 50x^nab + 8a^2n^2 + 30a^2n + 25a^2)}{40n^2 + 150n + 125}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(10*x**(2*n)*b**2*n + 25*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 40*x**n*a*b*n + 5
0*x**n*a*b + 8*a**2*n**2 + 30*a**2*n + 25*a**2))/(5*(8*n**2 + 30*n + 25))
```

### 3.292 $\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2214
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2214
Rubi [A] (verified)	2215
Maple [B] (verified)	2216
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2216
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2217
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2217
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2218
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2218
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2218

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{3}aAx^{3/2} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+n}}{3 + 2n} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{3 + 4n}$$

output

```
2/3*a*A*x^(3/2)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2+n)/(3+2*n)+2*b*B*x^(3/2+2*n)/(3+4*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{3}aAx^{3/2} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+n}}{3 + 2n} + \frac{bBx^{\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{3 + 4n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n), x]
```

output

```
2*((a*A*x^(3/2))/3 + ((A*b + a*B)*x^(3/2 + n))/(3 + 2*n) + (b*B*x^(3/2 + 2*n))/(3 + 4*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 950$$

$$\int \left( x^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(aB + Ab) + aA\sqrt{x} + bBx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2x^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{2n + 3} + \frac{2}{3}aAx^{3/2} + \frac{2bBx^{2n+\frac{3}{2}}}{4n + 3}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output `(2*a*A*x^(3/2))/3 + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(3/2 + n))/(3 + 2*n) + (2*b*B*x^(3/2 + 2*n))/(3 + 4*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 208 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

method	result
orering	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(8n^2+24n+13)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{3(3+4n)(3+2n)} - \frac{4x^2(1+2n)\left(\frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{bx^n(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{(3+4n)(3+2n)} + \frac{8x^3\left(-\frac{(a+bx^n)}{2\sqrt{x}}\right)}{(3+4n)(3+2n)}$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}(8n^2+24n+13)/(3+4n)/(3+2n)*(a+bx^n)*(A+Bx^n)-4x^2(1+2n)/(3+4n)/(3+2n)*(1/2*(a+bx^n)*(A+Bx^n)/x^{\frac{1}{2}}+1/x^{\frac{1}{2}}*b*x^n*n*(A+Bx^n)+1/x^{\frac{1}{2}}*(a+bx^n)*B*x^n*n)+8/3/(8n^2+18n+9)*x^3*(-1/4*(a+bx^n)*(A+Bx^n)/x^{\frac{3}{2}}+1/x^{\frac{3}{2}}*b*x^n*n^2*(A+Bx^n)+2/x^{\frac{3}{2}}*b*(x^n)^2*n^2*B+1/x^{\frac{3}{2}}*(a+bx^n)*B*x^n*n^2)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(3(2Bbn+3Bb)x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n}+3(3Ba+3Ab+4(Ba+Ab)n)x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n+(8Aan^2+18Aan+9Aa)x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{3(8n^2+18n+9)}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{2}{3}(3*(2*B*b*n+3*B*b)*x^{\frac{3}{2}}*x^{2*n}+3*(3*B*a+3*A*b+4*(B*a+A*b)*n)*x^{\frac{3}{2}}*x^n+(8*A*a*n^2+18*A*a*n+9*A*a)*x^{\frac{3}{2}})/(8*n^2+18*n+9)$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Aax^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n}{2n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 2Ba \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n}{2n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 2Bb \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n}}{4n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{4} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n} \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n), x)`output `2*A*a*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*A*b*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**n/(2*n + 3), Ne(n, -3/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**n*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 2*B*a*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**n/(2*n + 3), Ne(n, -3/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**n*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 2*B*b*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**(2*n)/(4*n + 3), Ne(n, -3/4)), (x**(3/2)*x**(2*n)*log(sqrt(x)), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{3} Aax^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n+\frac{3}{2}}}{4n+3} + \frac{2Bax^{n+\frac{3}{2}}}{2n+3} + \frac{2Abx^{n+\frac{3}{2}}}{2n+3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*A*a*x^(3/2) + 2*B*b*x^(2*n + 3/2)/(4*n + 3) + 2*B*a*x^(n + 3/2)/(2*n + 3) + 2*A*b*x^(n + 3/2)/(2*n + 3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{3}Aax^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2Bbx^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+3} + \frac{2Bax^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+3} + \frac{2Abx^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*A*a*x^(3/2) + 2*B*b*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 3) + 2*B*a*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 3) + 2*A*b*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Aax^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{x^n x^{3/2}(2Ab + 2Ba)}{2n+3} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n}x^{3/2}}{4n+3}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(2*A*a*x^(3/2))/3 + (x^n*x^(3/2)*(2*A*b + 2*B*a))/(2*n + 3) + (2*B*b*x^(2*n)*x^(3/2))/(4*n + 3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(6x^{2n}b^2n + 9x^{2n}b^2 + 24x^nabn + 18x^nab + 8a^2n^2 + 18a^2n + 9a^2)}{24n^2 + 54n + 27}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output  $(2\sqrt{x}x(6x^{2n}b^{2n} + 9x^{2n}b^2 + 24x^nab^n + 18x^nab + 8a^{2n}n^2 + 18a^{2n}n + 9a^2))/(3(8n^2 + 18n + 9))$



### 3.293 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	2220
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2220
Rubi [A] (verified)	2221
Maple [B] (verified)	2222
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2222
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2223
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2223
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2224
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2224
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2224

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2aA\sqrt{x} + \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+n}}{1 + 2n} + \frac{2bBx^{\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{1 + 4n}$$

output `2*a*A*x^(1/2)+2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2+n)/(1+2*n)+2*b*B*x^(1/2+2*n)/(1+4*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \left( aA\sqrt{x} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+n}}{1 + 2n} + \frac{bBx^{\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{1 + 4n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `2*(a*A*Sqrt[x] + ((A*b + a*B)*x^(1/2 + n))/(1 + 2*n) + (b*B*x^(1/2 + 2*n)))/(1 + 4*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( x^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(aB + Ab) + \frac{aA}{\sqrt{x}} + bBx^{2n-\frac{1}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{2n + 1} + 2aA\sqrt{x} + \frac{2bBx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n + 1}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `2*a*A*Sqrt[x] + (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(1/2 + n))/(1 + 2*n) + (2*b*B*x^(1/2 + 2*n))/(1 + 4*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 239 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.53

method	result
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(8n^2+1)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{(1+4n)(1+2n)} - \frac{12x^2(-1+2n)\left(\frac{bx^n(A+Bx^n)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{(1+4n)(1+2n)} + \frac{8x^3\left(\frac{bx^n(A+Bx^n)}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}\right)}{(1+4n)(1+2n)}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$2x^{1/2}(8n^2+1)/(1+4n)/(1+2n)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)-12x^2(-1+2n)/(1+4n)/(1+2n)(bx^n(A+Bx^n)/x^{3/2}+(a+bx^n)Bx^n/x^{3/2}-1/2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)/x^{3/2})+8/(8n^2+6n+1)x^3(1/x^{5/2})bx^n(A+Bx^n)-2bx^n(A+Bx^n)/x^{5/2}+2/x^{5/2}b(x^n)^{2n}B+1/x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)Bx^n(A+Bx^n)-2(a+bx^n)Bx^n/x^{5/2}+3/4(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)/x^{5/2}$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2((2Bbn+Bb)\sqrt{x}x^{2n}+(Ba+Ab+4(Ba+Ab)n)\sqrt{x}x^n+(8Aan^2+6Aan+Aa)\sqrt{x})}{8n^2+6n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$2*((2*B*b*n+B*b)*sqrt(x)*x^{2*n}+(B*a+A*b+4*(B*a+A*b)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^n+(8*A*a*n^2+6*A*a*n+A*a)*sqrt(x))/(8*n^2+6*n+1)$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa\sqrt{x} - 2Ab \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{x}x^n}{-2n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ \sqrt{x}x^n \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - 2Ba \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{x}x^n}{-2n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ \sqrt{x}x^n \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - 2Bb \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{x}x^{2n}}{-4n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{4} \\ \sqrt{x}x^{2n} \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n)/x**(1/2),x)`output `2*A*a*sqrt(x) - 2*A*b*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**n/(-2*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/2)), (sqrt(x)*x**n*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 2*B*a*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**n/(-2*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/2)), (sqrt(x)*x**n*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 2*B*b*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**(2*n)/(-4*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/4)), (sqrt(x)*x**(2*n)*log(1/sqrt(x)), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n+1} + \frac{2Bax^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1} + \frac{2Abx^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*A*a*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b*x^(2*n + 1/2)/(4*n + 1) + 2*B*a*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1) + 2*A*b*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n+1} + \frac{2Bax^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1} + \frac{2Abx^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*A*a*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b*x^(2*n + 1/2)/(4*n + 1) + 2*B*a*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1) + 2*A*b*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa\sqrt{x} + \frac{x^n\sqrt{x}(2Ab + 2Ba)}{2n+1} + \frac{2Bbx^{2n}\sqrt{x}}{4n+1}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n))/x^(1/2),x)`

output `2*A*a*x^(1/2) + (x^n*x^(1/2)*(2*A*b + 2*B*a))/(2*n + 1) + (2*B*b*x^(2*n)*x^(1/2))/(4*n + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(2x^{2n}b^2n + x^{2n}b^2 + 8x^nabn + 2x^nab + 8a^2n^2 + 6a^2n + a^2)}{8n^2 + 6n + 1} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x)`

output  $(2\sqrt{x}(2x^{2n}b^{2n} + x^{2n}b^2 + 8x^nab^n + 2x^nab + 8a^{2n} + 6a^{2n} + a^2))/(8n^2 + 6n + 1)$

### 3.294 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2226
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2226
Rubi [A] (verified)	2227
Maple [B] (verified)	2228
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2228
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2229
Maxima [F(-2)]	2229
Giac [F]	2230
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2230
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2230

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2aA}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+n}}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2bBx^{-\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{1 - 4n}$$

output `-2*a*A/x^(1/2)-2*(A*b+B*a)*x^(-1/2+n)/(1-2*n)-2*b*B*x^(-1/2+2*n)/(1-4*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = 2 \left( -\frac{aA}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+n}}{1 - 2n} - \frac{bBx^{-\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{1 - 4n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `2*(-((a*A)/Sqrt[x]) - ((A*b + a*B)*x^(-1/2 + n))/(1 - 2*n) - (b*B*x^(-1/2 + 2*n))/(1 - 4*n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( x^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(aB + Ab) + \frac{aA}{x^{3/2}} + bBx^{2n-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2x^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2aA}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2bBx^{2n-\frac{1}{2}}}{1 - 4n}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*a*A)/Sqrt[x] - (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(-1/2 + n))/(1 - 2*n) - (2*b*B*x^(-1/2 + 2*n))/(1 - 4*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.58

method	result
orering	$-\frac{2(8n^2-24n+13)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}(-1+4n)(-1+2n)} + \frac{12x^2(-3+2n)\left(\frac{bx^n(A+Bx^n)}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}\right)}{(-1+4n)(-1+2n)} - \frac{8x^3\left(\frac{bx^n}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}\right)}{(-1+4n)(-1+2n)}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/x^(1/2)*(8*n^2-24*n+13)/(-1+4*n)/(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)+12*x^2*(-3+2*n)/(-1+4*n)/(-1+2*n)*(b*x^n*n/x^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)+(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*n/x^(5/2)-3/2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2))-8/(8*n^2-6*n+1)*x^3*(1/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n^2*(A+B*x^n)-4*b*x^n*n/x^(7/2)*(A+B*x^n)+2*b*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(7/2)*B+1/x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*n^2-4*(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*n/x^(7/2)+15/4*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((2Bbn - Bb)\sqrt{xx}^{2n} - (Ba + Ab - 4(Ba + Ab)n)\sqrt{xx}^n - (8Aan^2 - 6Aa))}{(8n^2 - 6n + 1)x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2*((2*B*b*n - B*b)*sqrt(x)*x^(2*n) - (B*a + A*b - 4*(B*a + A*b)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^n - (8*A*a*n^2 - 6*A*a*n + A*a)*sqrt(x))/((8*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*x)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 366 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.91

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2Aa}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4Ab}{\sqrt[4]{x}} - \frac{4Ba}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + Bb \log(x) \\ -\frac{2Aa}{\sqrt{x}} + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) + 2Bb\sqrt{x} \\ -\frac{16Aan^2}{8n^2\sqrt{x}-6n\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x}} + \frac{12Aan}{8n^2\sqrt{x}-6n\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2Aa}{8n^2\sqrt{x}-6n\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8Abnx^n}{8n^2\sqrt{x}-6n\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x}} - \frac{8Ba}{8n^2\sqrt{x}-6n\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n)/x**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*A*a/sqrt(x) - 4*A*b/x**(1/4) - 4*B*a/x**(1/4) + B*b*log(x), Eq(n, 1/4)), (-2*A*a/sqrt(x) + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) + 2*B*b*sqrt(x), Eq(n, 1/2)), (-16*A*a*n**2/(8*n**2*sqrt(x) - 6*n*sqrt(x) + sqrt(x)) + 12*A*a*n/(8*n**2*sqrt(x) - 6*n*sqrt(x) + sqrt(x)) - 2*A*a/(8*n**2*sqrt(x) - 6*n*sqrt(x) + sqrt(x)) + 8*A*b*n*x**n/(8*n**2*sqrt(x) - 6*n*sqrt(x) + sqrt(x)) - 2*A*b*x**n/(8*n**2*sqrt(x) - 6*n*sqrt(x) + sqrt(x)) + 8*B*a*n*x**n/(8*n**2*sqrt(x) - 6*n*sqrt(x) + sqrt(x)) - 2*B*a*x**n/(8*n**2*sqrt(x) - 6*n*sqrt(x) + sqrt(x)) + 4*B*b*n*x**(2*n)/(8*n**2*sqrt(x) - 6*n*sqrt(x) + sqrt(x)) - 2*B*b*x**(2*n)/(8*n**2*sqrt(x) - 6*n*sqrt(x) + sqrt(x)), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-3/2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)/x^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Bbx^{2n-\frac{1}{2}}}{4n-1} - \frac{2Aa}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{Abx^{n-\frac{1}{2}}}{n-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{Bax^{n-\frac{1}{2}}}{n-\frac{1}{2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n))/x^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*B*b*x^(2*n - 1/2))/(4*n - 1) - (2*A*a)/x^(1/2) + (A*b*x^(n - 1/2))/(n - 1/2) + (B*a*x^(n - 1/2))/(n - 1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4x^{2n}b^2n - 2x^{2n}b^2 + 16x^nabn - 4x^nab - 16a^2n^2 + 12a^2n - 2a^2}{\sqrt{x}(8n^2 - 6n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n - x**(2*n)*b**2 + 8*x**n*a*b*n - 2*x**n*a*b - 8*a**2*n**2 + 6*a**2*n - a**2))/(sqrt(x)*(8*n**2 - 6*n + 1))`

### 3.295 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2231
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2231
Rubi [A] (verified)	2232
Maple [B] (verified)	2233
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2233
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2234
Maxima [F(-2)]	2234
Giac [F]	2235
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2235
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2236

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2aA}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+n}}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2bBx^{-\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{3 - 4n}$$

output  $-2/3*a*A/x^{(3/2)}-2*(A*b+B*a)*x^{(-3/2+n)}/(3-2*n)-2*b*B*x^{(-3/2+2*n)}/(3-4*n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = 2 \left( -\frac{aA}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+n}}{3 - 2n} - \frac{bBx^{-\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{3 - 4n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^(5/2), x]`

output  $2*(-1/3*(a*A)/x^{(3/2)} - ((A*b + a*B)*x^{(-3/2 + n)})/(3 - 2*n) - (b*B*x^{(-3/2 + 2*n)})/(3 - 4*n))$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( x^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(aB + Ab) + \frac{aA}{x^{5/2}} + bBx^{2n-\frac{5}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2x^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2aA}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2bBx^{2n-\frac{3}{2}}}{3 - 4n}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*a*A)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(-3/2 + n))/(3 - 2*n) - (2*b*B*x^(-3/2 + 2*n))/(3 - 4*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result
orering	$-\frac{2(8n^2-48n+49)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}(-3+4n)(-3+2n)} + \frac{4x^2(-5+2n)\left(\frac{bx^n(A+Bx^n)}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}\right)}{(-3+4n)(-3+2n)} - \frac{8x^3\left(\frac{bx^n}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}}\right)}{(-3+4n)(-3+2n)}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3/x^(3/2)*(8*n^2-48*n+49)/(-3+4*n)/(-3+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)+4*x^2*(-5+2*n)/(-3+4*n)/(-3+2*n)*(b*x^n*x^n/x^(7/2)*(A+B*x^n)+(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*x^n/x^(7/2)-5/2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2))-8/3/(8*n^2-18*n+9)*x^3*(1/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*x^n^2*(A+B*x^n)-6*b*x^n*x^n/x^(9/2)*(A+B*x^n)+2*b*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(9/2)*B+1/x^(9/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*x^n^2-6*(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*x^n/x^(9/2)+35/4*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3(2Bbn-3Bb)\sqrt{xx^{2n}}-3(3Ba+3Ab-4(Ba+Ab)n)\sqrt{xx^n}-8Aa)}{3(8n^2-18n+9)x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(3*(2*B*b*n-3*B*b)*sqrt(x)*x^(2*n)-3*(3*B*a+3*A*b-4*(B*a+A*b)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^n-(8*A*a*n^2-18*A*a*n+9*A*a)*sqrt(x))/((8*n^2-18*n+9)*x^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 389 vs.  $2(53) = 106$ .

Time = 6.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.07

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2Aa}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4Ab}{3x^{3/4}} - \frac{4Ba}{3x^{3/4}} + Bb \log(x) \\ -\frac{2Aa}{3x^{3/2}} + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) + \frac{2Bbx^{3/2}}{3} \\ -\frac{16Aan^2}{24n^2x^{3/2} - 54nx^{3/2} + 27x^{3/2}} + \frac{36Aan}{24n^2x^{3/2} - 54nx^{3/2} + 27x^{3/2}} - \frac{18Aa}{24n^2x^{3/2} - 54nx^{3/2} + 27x^{3/2}} + \frac{24Ab}{24n^2x^{3/2} - 54nx^{3/2} + 27x^{3/2}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n)/x**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-2*A*a/(3*x**(3/2)) - 4*A*b/(3*x**(3/4)) - 4*B*a/(3*x**(3/4)) +
B*b*log(x), Eq(n, 3/4)), (-2*A*a/(3*x**(3/2)) + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) +
2*B*b*x**(3/2)/3, Eq(n, 3/2)), (-16*A*a*n**2/(24*n**2*x**(3/2) - 54*n*x**
(3/2) + 27*x**(3/2)) + 36*A*a*n/(24*n**2*x**(3/2) - 54*n*x**(3/2) + 27*x**
(3/2)) - 18*A*a/(24*n**2*x**(3/2) - 54*n*x**(3/2) + 27*x**(3/2)) + 24*A*b*
n*x**n/(24*n**2*x**(3/2) - 54*n*x**(3/2) + 27*x**(3/2)) - 18*A*b*x**n/(24*
n**2*x**(3/2) - 54*n*x**(3/2) + 27*x**(3/2)) + 24*B*a*n*x**n/(24*n**2*x**(
3/2) - 54*n*x**(3/2) + 27*x**(3/2)) - 18*B*a*x**n/(24*n**2*x**(3/2) - 54*n
*x**(3/2) + 27*x**(3/2)) + 12*B*b*n*x**(2*n)/(24*n**2*x**(3/2) - 54*n*x**
(3/2) + 27*x**(3/2)) - 18*B*b*x**(2*n)/(24*n**2*x**(3/2) - 54*n*x**(3/2) +
27*x**(3/2)), True))
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-5/2>0)', see `assume?` for mor
e details)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)/x^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Bbx^{2n-\frac{3}{2}}}{4n-3} - \frac{2Aa}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{Abx^{n-\frac{3}{2}}}{n-\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{Bax^{n-\frac{3}{2}}}{n-\frac{3}{2}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n))/x^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*B*b*x^(2*n - 3/2))/(4*n - 3) - (2*A*a)/(3*x^(3/2)) + (A*b*x^(n - 3/2))/
(n - 3/2) + (B*a*x^(n - 3/2))/(n - 3/2)
```



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4x^{2n}b^2n - 6x^{2n}b^2 + 16x^nabn - 12x^nab - \frac{16a^2n^2}{3} + 12a^2n - 6a^2}{\sqrt{x}x(8n^2 - 18n + 9)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(6*x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 9*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 24*x**n*a*b*n - 18*x**n*a*b - 8*a**2*n**2 + 18*a**2*n - 9*a**2))/(3*sqrt(x)*x*(8*n**2 - 18*n + 9))`

### 3.296 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2237
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2237
Rubi [A] (verified)	2238
Maple [B] (verified)	2239
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2239
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2240
Maxima [F(-2)]	2240
Giac [F]	2241
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2241
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2242

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2aA}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 - 2n} - \frac{2bBx^{-\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 - 4n}$$

output  $-2/5*a*A/x^{(5/2)}-2*(A*b+B*a)*x^{(-5/2+n)}/(5-2*n)-2*b*B*x^{(-5/2+2*n)}/(5-4*n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2 \left( -\frac{aA}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 - 2n} - \frac{bBx^{-\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 - 4n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^(7/2), x]`

output  $2*(-1/5*(a*A)/x^{(5/2)} - ((A*b + a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + n)})/(5 - 2*n) - (b*B*x^{(-5/2 + 2*n)})/(5 - 4*n))$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( x^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(aB + Ab) + \frac{aA}{x^{7/2}} + bBx^{2n-\frac{7}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2x^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{5 - 2n} - \frac{2aA}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2bBx^{2n-\frac{5}{2}}}{5 - 4n}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n))/x^(7/2), x]`

output `(-2*a*A)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (2*(A*b + a*B)*x^(-5/2 + n))/(5 - 2*n) - (2*b*B*x^(-5/2 + 2*n))/(5 - 4*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 242 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result
orering	$-\frac{2(8n^2-72n+109)(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}(-5+4n)(-5+2n)} + \frac{12x^2(2n-7)\left(\frac{bx^n(A+Bx^n)}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{(a+bx^n)Bx^n}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{7(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}}\right)}{5(-5+4n)(-5+2n)} - \frac{8x^3\left(\frac{bx^n(A+Bx^n)}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}}\right)}{5(-5+4n)(-5+2n)}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-2/5/x^{(5/2)}*(8*n^2-72*n+109)/(-5+4*n)/(-5+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)+12/5*x^{(2*n-7)/(-5+4*n)/(-5+2*n)}*(b*x^n*n/x^{(9/2)}*(A+B*x^n)+(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*n/x^{(9/2)}-7/2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^{(9/2)})-8/5/(8*n^2-30*n+25)*x^3*(1/x^{(11/2)}*b*x^n*n^2*(A+B*x^n)-8*b*x^n*n/x^{(11/2)}*(A+B*x^n)+2*b*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^{(11/2)}*B+1/x^{(11/2)}*(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*n^2-8*(a+b*x^n)*B*x^n*n/x^{(11/2)}+63/4*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^{(11/2)})$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(5(2Bbn-5Bb)\sqrt{xx^{2n}}-5(5Ba+5Ab-4(Ba+Ab)n)\sqrt{xx^n}-(8Aa+8Ab+8Aa+8Ab)n)\sqrt{xx^n}}{5(8n^2-30n+25)x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$2/5*(5*(2*B*b*n-5*B*b)*sqrt(x)*x^{(2*n)}-5*(5*B*a+5*A*b-4*(B*a+A*b)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^n-(8*A*a*n^2-30*A*a*n+25*A*a)*sqrt(x))/((8*n^2-30*n+25)*x^3)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 389 vs.  $2(53) = 106$ .

Time = 25.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.07

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2Aa}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{4Ab}{5x^{5/4}} - \frac{4Ba}{5x^{5/4}} + Bb \log(x) \\ -\frac{2Aa}{5x^{5/2}} + Ab \log(x) + Ba \log(x) + \frac{2Bbx^{5/2}}{5} \\ -\frac{16Aan^2}{40n^2x^{5/2} - 150nx^{5/2} + 125x^{5/2}} + \frac{60Aan}{40n^2x^{5/2} - 150nx^{5/2} + 125x^{5/2}} - \frac{50Aa}{40n^2x^{5/2} - 150nx^{5/2} + 125x^{5/2}} + \frac{100Aa}{40n^2x^{5/2} - 150nx^{5/2} + 125x^{5/2}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n)/x**(7/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*A*a/(5*x**(5/2)) - 4*A*b/(5*x**(5/4)) - 4*B*a/(5*x**(5/4)) + B*b*log(x), Eq(n, 5/4)), (-2*A*a/(5*x**(5/2)) + A*b*log(x) + B*a*log(x) + 2*B*b*x**(5/2)/5, Eq(n, 5/2)), (-16*A*a*n**2/(40*n**2*x**(5/2) - 150*n*x** (5/2) + 125*x**(5/2)) + 60*A*a*n/(40*n**2*x**(5/2) - 150*n*x**(5/2) + 125*x**(5/2)) - 50*A*a/(40*n**2*x**(5/2) - 150*n*x**(5/2) + 125*x**(5/2)) + 40*A*b*n*x**n/(40*n**2*x**(5/2) - 150*n*x**(5/2) + 125*x**(5/2)) - 50*A*b*x**n/(40*n**2*x**(5/2) - 150*n*x**(5/2) + 125*x**(5/2)) + 40*B*a*n*x**n/(40*n**2*x**(5/2) - 150*n*x**(5/2) + 125*x**(5/2)) - 50*B*a*x**n/(40*n**2*x**(5/2) - 150*n*x**(5/2) + 125*x**(5/2)) + 20*B*b*n*x**(2*n)/(40*n**2*x**(5/2) - 150*n*x**(5/2) + 125*x**(5/2)) - 50*B*b*x**(2*n)/(40*n**2*x**(5/2) - 150*n*x**(5/2) + 125*x**(5/2)), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-7/2>0)', see `assume?` for mor
e details)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)/x^(7/2), x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2Bbx^{2n-\frac{5}{2}}}{4n-5} - \frac{2Aa}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{Abx^{n-\frac{5}{2}}}{n-\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{Bax^{n-\frac{5}{2}}}{n-\frac{5}{2}}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n))/x^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*B*b*x^(2*n - 5/2))/(4*n - 5) - (2*A*a)/(5*x^(5/2)) + (A*b*x^(n - 5/2))/
(n - 5/2) + (B*a*x^(n - 5/2))/(n - 5/2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{4x^{2n}b^2n - 10x^{2n}b^2 + 16x^nabn - 20x^nab - \frac{16a^2n^2}{5} + 12a^2n - 10a^2}{\sqrt{x}x^2(8n^2 - 30n + 25)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(10*x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 25*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 40*x**n*a*b*n - 50*x**n*a*b - 8*a**2*n**2 + 30*a**2*n - 25*a**2))/(5*sqrt(x)*x**2*(8*n**2 - 30*n + 25))`

### 3.297 $\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2243
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2243
Rubi [A] (verified)	2244
Maple [B] (verified)	2245
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2246
Sympy [F(-1)]	2246
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2247
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2247
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2248
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2248

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{7}a^2Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)x^{7/2+n}}{7 + 2n} + \frac{2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{7/2+2n}}{7 + 4n} + \frac{2b^2Bx^{7/2+3n}}{7 + 6n}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{7}a^2Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)x^{7/2+n}}{7 + 2n} + \frac{2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{7/2+2n}}{7 + 4n} + \frac{2b^2Bx^{7/2+3n}}{7 + 6n}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{7}a^2Ax^{7/2} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{7/2+n}}{7 + 2n} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{7/2+2n}}{7 + 4n} + \frac{b^2Bx^{7/2+3n}}{7 + 6n} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{5/2}(a + b*x^n)^2(A + B*x^n), x]$$



output

$$2*((a^2Ax^{7/2})/7 + (a*(2A*b + a*B)*x^{(7/2 + n)})/(7 + 2*n) + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(7/2 + 2*n)})/(7 + 4*n) + (b^2*B*x^{(7/2 + 3*n)})/(7 + 6*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( a^2Ax^{5/2} + ax^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2n+\frac{5}{2}}(2aB + Ab) + b^2Bx^{3n+\frac{5}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{7}a^2Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2ax^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(aB + 2Ab)}{2n + 7} + \frac{2bx^{2n+\frac{7}{2}}(2aB + Ab)}{4n + 7} + \frac{2b^2Bx^{3n+\frac{7}{2}}}{6n + 7}$$

input

```
Int[x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(2*a^2*A*x^(7/2))/7 + (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(7/2 + n))/(7 + 2*n) + (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(7/2 + 2*n))/(7 + 4*n) + (2*b^2*B*x^(7/2 + 3*n))/(7 + 6*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 620 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 621, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.06

method	result
orering	$\frac{24x^{\frac{7}{2}}(4n^3+44n^2+109n+74)(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{7(48n^3+308n^2+588n+343)} - \frac{8x^2(22n^2+90n+77)\left(\frac{5x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{2} + 2x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)bx^n\right)}{7(48n^3+308n^2+588n+343)}$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 24/7*x^{(7/2)}*(4*n^3+44*n^2+109*n+74)/(48*n^3+308*n^2+588*n+343)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n) \\ & - 8/7*x^2*(22*n^2+90*n+77)/(48*n^3+308*n^2+588*n+343)*(5/2*x^{(3/2)}*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n) \\ & + 2*x^{(3/2)}*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*x^{(3/2)}*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n) \\ & + 32/7*x^3*(4+3*n)/(48*n^3+308*n^2+588*n+343)*(15/4*x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n) \\ & + 8*x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n+4*x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n+2*x^{(1/2)}*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2*(A+B*x^n) \\ & + 4*x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2*b+2*x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^2+x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2) \\ & - 16/7/(48*n^3+308*n^2+588*n+343)*x^4*(15/8*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^{(1/2)} \\ & + 23/2/x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n+23/4/x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n+9/x^{(1/2)}*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2*(A+B*x^n) \\ & + 18/x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2*b+9/x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^2+9/2/x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2+6/x^{(1/2)}*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3*(A+B*x^n) \\ & + 6*(x^n)^3*b^2*n^3*B/x^{(1/2)}+12/x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^3*b+2/x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^3+1/x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^3) \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2 \left( 7(8Bb^2n^2 + 42Bb^2n + 49Bb^2)x^{7/2}x^{3n} + 7(98Bab + 49Ab^2 + 12(2Bab + Ab^2)n^2 + 56(2 + Bx^n) \right)}{(48n^3 + 308n^2 + 588n + 343)}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/7*(7*(8*B*b^2*n^2 + 42*B*b^2*n + 49*B*b^2)*x^(7/2)*x^(3*n) + 7*(98*B*a*b + 49*A*b^2 + 12*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 + 56*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*x^(7/2)*x^(2*n) + 7*(49*B*a^2 + 98*A*a*b + 24*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 + 70*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*x^(7/2)*x^n + (48*A*a^2*n^3 + 308*A*a^2*n^2 + 588*A*a^2*n + 343*A*a^2)*x^(7/2))/(48*n^3 + 308*n^2 + 588*n + 343)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(5/2)*(a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{7}Aa^2x^{7/2} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{3n+7/2}}{6n+7} + \frac{4Babx^{2n+7/2}}{4n+7} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{2n+7/2}}{4n+7} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{n+7/2}}{2n+7} + \frac{4Aabx^{n+7/2}}{2n+7}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*A*a^2*x^(7/2) + 2*B*b^2*x^(3*n + 7/2)/(6*n + 7) + 4*B*a*b*x^(2*n + 7/2)/(4*n + 7) + 2*A*b^2*x^(2*n + 7/2)/(4*n + 7) + 2*B*a^2*x^(n + 7/2)/(2*n + 7) + 4*A*a*b*x^(n + 7/2)/(2*n + 7)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{7}Aa^2x^{7/2} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{6n}}{6n+7} + \frac{4Babx^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+7} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+7} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+7} + \frac{4Aabx^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+7}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/7*A*a^2*x^(7/2) + 2*B*b^2*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(6*n)/(6*n + 7) + 4*B*a*b*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 7) + 2*A*b^2*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 7) + 2*B*a^2*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 7) + 4*A*a*b*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 7)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Aa^2 x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{x^n x^{7/2} (2Ba^2 + 4Aba)}{2n + 7} + \frac{x^{2n} x^{7/2} (2Ab^2 + 4Bab)}{4n + 7} + \frac{2Bb^2 x^{3n} x^{7/2}}{6n + 7}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(2*A*a^2*x^(7/2))/7 + (x^n*x^(7/2)*(2*B*a^2 + 4*A*a*b))/(2*n + 7) + (x^(2*n)*x^(7/2)*(2*A*b^2 + 4*B*a*b))/(4*n + 7) + (2*B*b^2*x^(3*n)*x^(7/2))/(6*n + 7)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} x^3 (56x^{3n} b^3 n^2 + 294x^{3n} b^3 n + 343x^{3n} b^3 + 252x^{2n} a b^2 n^2 + 1176x^{2n} a b^2 n + 1029x^{2n} a b^2 + 504x^{2n} a^2 b n^2 + 1470x^{2n} a^2 b n + 1029x^{2n} a^2 b + 48a^{3n} n^3 + 308a^{3n} n^2 + 588a^{3n} n + 343a^{3n})}{336n^3 + 2156n^2 + 4116n + 1029}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(56*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 294*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 343*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 252*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 1176*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 1029*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 504*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*n**2 + 1470*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*n + 1029*x**(2*n)*a**2*b + 48*a**3*n**3 + 308*a**3*n**2 + 588*a**3*n + 343*a**3))/(7*(48*n**3 + 308*n**2 + 588*n + 343))`

### 3.298 $\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2249
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2249
Rubi [A] (verified)	2250
Maple [B] (verified)	2251
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2252
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2252
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2253
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2254
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2254
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2255

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{5}a^2Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 + 2n} + \frac{2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 + 4n} + \frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}+3n}}{5 + 6n}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{5}a^2Ax^{5/2} + 2a(2Ab + aB)x^{(5/2+n)}/(5+2*n) + 2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{(5/2+2n)}/(5+4*n) + 2b^2Bx^{(5/2+3n)}/(5+6*n)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{5}a^2Ax^{5/2} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 + 2n} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 + 4n} + \frac{b^2Bx^{\frac{5}{2}+3n}}{5 + 6n} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n), x]$$

output

$$2*((a^2Ax^{5/2}))/5 + (a*(2A*b + a*B)*x^{(5/2 + n)})/(5 + 2*n) + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(5/2 + 2*n)})/(5 + 4*n) + (b^2*B*x^{(5/2 + 3*n)})/(5 + 6*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2(A + Bx^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( a^2Ax^{3/2} + ax^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2n+\frac{3}{2}}(2aB + Ab) + b^2Bx^{3n+\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{5}a^2Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2ax^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(aB + 2Ab)}{2n + 5} + \frac{2bx^{2n+\frac{5}{2}}(2aB + Ab)}{4n + 5} + \frac{2b^2Bx^{3n+\frac{5}{2}}}{6n + 5}$$

input

```
Int[x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n), x]
```

output

$$(2*a^2*A*x^{(5/2)})/5 + (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^{(5/2 + n)})/(5 + 2*n) + (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(5/2 + 2*n)})/(5 + 4*n) + (2*b^2*B*x^{(5/2 + 3*n)})/(5 + 6*n)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 620 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 621, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.06

method	result
orering	$\frac{8(12n^3+88n^2+147n+68)x^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{5(48n^3+220n^2+300n+125)} - \frac{8x^2(22n^2+54n+29)\left(\frac{3\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{2}+2\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)b\right)}{5(48n^3+220n^2+300n+125)}$

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
8/5*(12*n^3+88*n^2+147*n+68)*x^(5/2)/(48*n^3+220*n^2+300*n+125)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)-8/5*x^2*(22*n^2+54*n+29)/(48*n^3+220*n^2+300*n+125)*(3/2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)+2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n+n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n)+32/5*x^3*(2+3*n)/(48*n^3+220*n^2+300*n+125)*(3/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)+4/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n+2/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n+2/x^(1/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2*(A+B*x^n)+4/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2*b+2/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^2+1/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2)-16/5/(48*n^3+220*n^2+300*n+125)*x^4*(-1/2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)*b*x^n*n-1/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(3/2)-3/8*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)+3/x^(3/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2*(A+B*x^n)+6/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2*b+3/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^2+3/2/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2+6/x^(3/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3*(A+B*x^n)+6/x^(3/2)*b^2*(x^n)^3*n^3*B+12/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^3*b+2/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^3+1/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^3)
```



**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2 \left( 5 (8 B b^2 n^2 + 30 B b^2 n + 25 B b^2) x^{\frac{5}{2}} x^{3n} + 5 (50 B a b + 25 A b^2 + 12 (2 B a b + A b^2) n^2 + 40 (2 + B x^n) \right)}{(48 n^3 + 220 n^2 + 300 n + 125)}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*(5*(8*B*b^2*n^2 + 30*B*b^2*n + 25*B*b^2)*x^(5/2)*x^(3*n) + 5*(50*B*a*b + 25*A*b^2 + 12*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 + 40*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*x^(5/2)*x^(2*n) + 5*(25*B*a^2 + 50*A*a*b + 24*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 + 50*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*x^(5/2)*x^n + (48*A*a^2*n^3 + 220*A*a^2*n^2 + 300*A*a^2*n + 125*A*a^2)*x^(5/2))/(48*n^3 + 220*n^2 + 300*n + 125)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 842 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 177.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 842, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.57

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*A*a**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 2*A*a*b*log(x) - 2*A*b**2/(5*x**(5/2)) +
B*a**2*log(x) - 4*B*a*b/(5*x**(5/2)) - B*b**2/(5*x**5), Eq(n, -5/2)), (2*A
*a**2*x**(5/2)/5 + 8*A*a*b*x**(5/4)/5 + A*b**2*log(x) + 4*B*a**2*x**(5/4)/
5 + 2*B*a*b*log(x) - 4*B*b**2/(5*x**(5/4)), Eq(n, -5/4)), (2*A*a**2*x**(5/
2)/5 + 6*A*a*b*x**(5/3)/5 + 6*A*b**2*x**(5/6)/5 + 3*B*a**2*x**(5/3)/5 + 12
*B*a*b*x**(5/6)/5 + B*b**2*log(x), Eq(n, -5/6)), (96*A*a**2*n**3*x**(5/2)/
(240*n**3 + 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 440*A*a**2*n**2*x**(5/2)/(240*n**3
+ 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 600*A*a**2*n*x**(5/2)/(240*n**3 + 1100*n**2
+ 1500*n + 625) + 250*A*a**2*x**(5/2)/(240*n**3 + 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 62
5) + 480*A*a*b*n**2*x**(5/2)*x**n/(240*n**3 + 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) +
1000*A*a*b*n*x**(5/2)*x**n/(240*n**3 + 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 500*A*a
*b*x**(5/2)*x**n/(240*n**3 + 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 120*A*b**2*n**2*x
**(5/2)*x**(2*n)/(240*n**3 + 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 400*A*b**2*n*x**
(5/2)*x**(2*n)/(240*n**3 + 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 250*A*b**2*x**(5/2)*
x**(2*n)/(240*n**3 + 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 240*B*a**2*n**2*x**(5/2)*
x**n/(240*n**3 + 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 500*B*a**2*n*x**(5/2)*x**n/(2
40*n**3 + 1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 250*B*a**2*x**(5/2)*x**n/(240*n**3 +
1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 240*B*a*b*n**2*x**(5/2)*x**(2*n)/(240*n**3 +
1100*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 800*B*a*b*n*x**(5/2)*x**(2*n)/(240*n**3 + 1100
*n**2 + 1500*n + 625) + 500*B*a*b*x**(5/2)*x**(2*n)/(240*n**3 + 1100*n*...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{5}Aa^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{3n+\frac{5}{2}}}{6n+5} + \frac{4Babx^{2n+\frac{5}{2}}}{4n+5} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{2n+\frac{5}{2}}}{4n+5} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{n+\frac{5}{2}}}{2n+5} + \frac{4Aabx^{n+\frac{5}{2}}}{2n+5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/5*A*a^2*x^(5/2) + 2*B*b^2*x^(3*n + 5/2)/(6*n + 5) + 4*B*a*b*x^(2*n + 5/2)
)/(4*n + 5) + 2*A*b^2*x^(2*n + 5/2)/(4*n + 5) + 2*B*a^2*x^(n + 5/2)/(2*n +
5) + 4*A*a*b*x^(n + 5/2)/(2*n + 5)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{5} Aa^2x^{5/2} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{6n}}{6n+5} + \frac{4Babx^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+5} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+5} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+5} + \frac{4Aabx^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+5}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*A*a^2*x^(5/2) + 2*B*b^2*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(6*n)/(6*n + 5) + 4*B*a*b*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 5) + 2*A*b^2*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 5) + 2*B*a^2*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 5) + 4*A*a*b*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 5)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{x^n x^{5/2} (2Ba^2 + 4Aba)}{2n+5} + \frac{x^{2n} x^{5/2} (2Ab^2 + 4Bab)}{4n+5} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{3n}x^{5/2}}{6n+5}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(2*A*a^2*x^(5/2))/5 + (x^n*x^(5/2)*(2*B*a^2 + 4*A*a*b))/(2*n + 5) + (x^(2*n)*x^(5/2)*(2*A*b^2 + 4*B*a*b))/(4*n + 5) + (2*B*b^2*x^(3*n)*x^(5/2))/(6*n + 5)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(40x^{3n}b^3n^2 + 150x^{3n}b^3n + 125x^{3n}b^3 + 180x^{2n}ab^2n^2 + 600x^{2n}ab^2n + 375x^{2n}ab^2 + 360x^{2n}a^2b + 750x^{2n}a^2b + 375x^{2n}a^2b + 48a^3n^3 + 220a^3n^2 + 300a^3n + 125a^3)}{240n^3 + 1100n^2 + 1500n}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(40*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 150*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 125*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 180*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 600*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 375*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 360*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 750*x**n*a**2*b*n + 375*x**n*a**2*b + 48*a**3*n**3 + 220*a**3*n**2 + 300*a**3*n + 125*a**3))/(5*(48*n**3 + 220*n**2 + 300*n + 125))`

### 3.299 $\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2256
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2256
Rubi [A] (verified)	2257
Maple [B] (verified)	2258
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2259
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2259
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2260
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2260
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2261
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2261

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{3}a^2Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+n}}{3 + 2n} + \frac{2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{3 + 4n} + \frac{2b^2Bx^{\frac{3}{2}+3n}}{3(1 + 2n)}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{3}a^2Ax^{3/2} + 2a(2Ab + aB)x^{3/2+n}/(3+2n) + 2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{3/2+2n}/(3+4n) + 2b^2Bx^{3/2+3n}/(3+6n)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{3}a^2Ax^{3/2} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+n}}{3 + 2n} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{3 + 4n} + \frac{b^2Bx^{\frac{3}{2}+3n}}{3 + 6n} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n), x]$$

output

$$2*((a^2Ax^{3/2})/3 + (a*(2Ab + aB)*x^{(3/2 + n)})/(3 + 2n) + (b*(Ab + 2aB)*x^{(3/2 + 2n)})/(3 + 4n) + (b^2B*x^{(3/2 + 3n)})/(3 + 6n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 950$$

$$\int \left( a^2A\sqrt{x} + ax^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}(2aB + Ab) + b^2Bx^{3n+\frac{1}{2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{3}a^2Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2ax^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(aB + 2Ab)}{2n + 3} + \frac{2bx^{2n+\frac{3}{2}}(2aB + Ab)}{4n + 3} + \frac{2b^2Bx^{3n+\frac{3}{2}}}{3(2n + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

$$(2*a^2Ax^{3/2})/3 + (2*a*(2Ab + aB)*x^{(3/2 + n)})/(3 + 2n) + (2*b*(Ab + 2aB)*x^{(3/2 + 2n)})/(3 + 4n) + (2*b^2B*x^{(3/2 + 3n)})/(3*(1 + 2n))$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 563 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 564, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.27

method	result
orering	$\frac{8(6n^2+19n+10)x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{9(8n^2+18n+9)} - \frac{8x^2(22n^2+18n+5)}{9(16n^3+44n^2+36n+9)} \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)bx^n}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^2Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
8/9*(6*n^2+19*n+10)*x^(3/2)/(8*n^2+18*n+9)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)-8/9*x^2*(22*n^2+18*n+5)/(16*n^3+44*n^2+36*n+9)*(1/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)+2/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n+1/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n)+32/3*n*x^3/(16*n^3+44*n^2+36*n+9)*(-1/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)+2/x^(3/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2*(A+B*x^n)+4/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2*b+2/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^2+1/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2)-16/9/(16*n^3+44*n^2+36*n+9)*x^4*(-1/2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b*x^n*n-1/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(5/2)+3/8*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)-3*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)+6/x^(5/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3*(A+B*x^n)+6*b^2*(x^n)^3*n^3*B/x^(5/2)-6*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(5/2)*b+12/x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^3*b-3*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b*x^n*n^2+2/x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^3-3/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2/x^(5/2)+1/x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^3)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (8Bb^2n^2 + 18Bb^2n + 9Bb^2)x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{3n} + 3(6Bab + 3Ab^2 + 4(2Bab + Ab^2)n^2 + 8(2Bab + Ab^2)n)x^{\frac{3}{2}}x \right)}{3(16n^3 + 44n^2 + 36n + 9)}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{2/3*((8*B*b^2*n^2 + 18*B*b^2*n + 9*B*b^2)*x^{(3/2)}*x^{(3*n)} + 3*(6*B*a*b + 3*A*b^2 + 4*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 + 8*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*x^{(3/2)}*x^{(2*n)} + 3*(3*B*a^2 + 6*A*a*b + 8*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 + 10*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*x^{(3/2)}*x^n + (16*A*a^2*n^3 + 44*A*a^2*n^2 + 36*A*a^2*n + 9*A*a^2)*x^{(3/2)}}{(16*n^3 + 44*n^2 + 36*n + 9)}$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4Aab \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n}{2n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ 2Ab^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n}}{4n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{4} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n} \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ 2Ba^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n}{2n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ 4Bab \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n}}{4n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{4} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n} \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ 2Bb^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{3n}}{6n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{3n} \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$



input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `2*A*a**2*x**(3/2)/3 + 4*A*a*b*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**n/(2*n + 3), Ne(n, -3/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**n*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 2*A*b**2*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**(2*n)/(4*n + 3), Ne(n, -3/4)), (x**(3/2)*x**(2*n)*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 2*B*a**2*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**n/(2*n + 3), Ne(n, -3/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**n*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 4*B*a*b*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**(2*n)/(4*n + 3), Ne(n, -3/4)), (x**(3/2)*x**(2*n)*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 2*B*b**2*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**(3*n)/(6*n + 3), Ne(n, -1/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**(3*n)*log(sqrt(x)), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{3} Aa^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2 Bb^2 x^{3n+\frac{3}{2}}}{3(2n+1)} + \frac{4 Babx^{2n+\frac{3}{2}}}{4n+3} + \frac{2 Ab^2 x^{2n+\frac{3}{2}}}{4n+3} + \frac{2 Ba^2 x^{n+\frac{3}{2}}}{2n+3} + \frac{4 Aabx^{n+\frac{3}{2}}}{2n+3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*A*a^2*x^(3/2) + 2/3*B*b^2*x^(3*n + 3/2)/(2*n + 1) + 4*B*a*b*x^(2*n + 3/2)/(4*n + 3) + 2*A*b^2*x^(2*n + 3/2)/(4*n + 3) + 2*B*a^2*x^(n + 3/2)/(2*n + 3) + 4*A*a*b*x^(n + 3/2)/(2*n + 3)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{3} Aa^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2 Bb^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x}^{6n}}{3(2n+1)} + \frac{4 Babx^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+3} + \frac{2 Ab^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+3} + \frac{2 Ba^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+3} + \frac{4 Aabx^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{2}{3}Aa^2x^{3/2} + \frac{2}{3}Bb^2x^{3/2}\sqrt{x}^{(6n)} / (2n + 1) + 4Ba^2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{x}^{(4n)} / (4n + 3) + 2Ab^2x^{3/2}\sqrt{x}^{(4n)} / (4n + 3) + 2Ba^2x^{3/2}\sqrt{x}^{(2n)} / (2n + 3) + 4Aa^2bx^{3/2}\sqrt{x}^{(2n)} / (2n + 3)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Aa^2x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{x^n x^{3/2} (2Ba^2 + 4Aba)}{2n + 3} + \frac{x^{2n} x^{3/2} (2Ab^2 + 4Bab)}{4n + 3} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{3n} x^{3/2}}{6n + 3}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(2Aa^2x^{3/2})}{3} + \frac{(x^n x^{3/2} (2Ba^2 + 4Aba))}{(2n + 3)} + \frac{(x^{2n} x^{3/2} (2Ab^2 + 4Bab))}{(4n + 3)} + \frac{(2Bb^2x^{3n} x^{3/2})}{(6n + 3)}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(8x^{3n}b^3n^2 + 18x^{3n}b^3n + 9x^{3n}b^3 + 36x^{2n}ab^2n^2 + 72x^{2n}ab^2n + 27x^{2n}ab^2 + 72x^na^2bn^2 + 90x^na^2bn)}{48n^3 + 132n^2 + 108n + 27}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*x*(8*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 18*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 9*x**(3*n)*b**3
+ 36*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 72*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 27*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 72
*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 90*x**n*a**2*b*n + 27*x**n*a**2*b + 16*a**3*n**3 + 44*
a**3*n**2 + 36*a**3*n + 9*a**3))/(3*(16*n**3 + 44*n**2 + 36*n + 9))
```

**3.300**       $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	2263
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2263
Rubi [A] (verified)	2264
Maple [B] (verified)	2265
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2266
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2267
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2268
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2268
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2269
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2269

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2a^2 A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+n}}{1 + 2n} + \frac{2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{1 + 4n} + \frac{2b^2 Bx^{\frac{1}{2}+3n}}{1 + 6n}$$

output `2*a^2*A*x^(1/2)+2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2+n)/(1+2*n)+2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(1/2+2*n)/(1+4*n)+2*b^2*B*x^(1/2+3*n)/(1+6*n)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \left( a^2 A\sqrt{x} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+n}}{1 + 2n} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{1 + 4n} + \frac{b^2 Bx^{\frac{1}{2}+3n}}{1 + 6n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[x],x]`

output

$$2*(a^2*A*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (a*(2*A*b + a*B))*x^{(1/2 + n)})/(1 + 2*n) + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B))*x^{(1/2 + 2*n)})/(1 + 4*n) + (b^2*B*x^{(1/2 + 3*n)})/(1 + 6*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 A}{\sqrt{x}} + ax^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2n-\frac{1}{2}}(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3n-\frac{1}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2a^2 A\sqrt{x} + \frac{2ax^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(aB + 2Ab)}{2n + 1} + \frac{2bx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}(2aB + Ab)}{4n + 1} + \frac{2b^2 Bx^{3n+\frac{1}{2}}}{6n + 1}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n)/\text{Sqrt}[x], x]$$

output

$$2*a^2*A*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B))*x^{(1/2 + n)})/(1 + 2*n) + (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B))*x^{(1/2 + 2*n)})/(1 + 4*n) + (2*b^2*B*x^{(1/2 + 3*n)})/(1 + 6*n)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 613 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 614, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.14

method	result
orering	$\frac{24\sqrt{x}n(4n^2+1)(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{48n^3+44n^2+12n+1} - \frac{8x^2(22n^2-18n+5)}{48n^3+44n^2+12n+1} \left( \frac{2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)bx^n}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^2Bx^n}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
24*x^(1/2)*n*(4*n^2+1)/(48*n^3+44*n^2+12*n+1)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)-8*x^2*(22*n^2-18*n+5)/(48*n^3+44*n^2+12*n+1)*(2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)*b*x^n+n*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n/x^(3/2)-1/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2))+32*x^3*(-2+3*n)/(48*n^3+44*n^2+12*n+1)*(2*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)+4*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(5/2)*b-4*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b*x^n+n^2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b*x^n*n^2+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2/x^(5/2)-2*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(5/2)+3/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2))-16/(48*n^3+44*n^2+12*n+1)*x^4*(6*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(7/2)*(A+B*x^n)-9*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(7/2)*(A+B*x^n)+6*b^2*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(7/2)*B+12*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(7/2)*b-18*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(7/2)*b+23/2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n-9*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n^2+2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n^3+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^3/x^(7/2)-9/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2/x^(7/2))+23/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(7/2)-15/8*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (8 B b^2 n^2 + 6 B b^2 n + B b^2) \sqrt{x} x^{3n} + (2 B a b + A b^2 + 12 (2 B a b + A b^2) n^2 + 8 (2 B a b + A b^2) n) \sqrt{x} x^{2n} - \dots \right)}{48 n^3 + \dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*((8*B*b^2*n^2 + 6*B*b^2*n + B*b^2)*sqrt(x)*x^(3*n) + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2 + 12*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 + 8*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(2*n) + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b + 24*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 + 10*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^n + (48*A*a^2*n^3 + 44*A*a^2*n^2 + 12*A*a^2*n + A*a^2)*sqrt(x))/(48*n^3 + 44*n^2 + 12*n + 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^2\sqrt{x} - 4Aab \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{x}x^n}{-2n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ \sqrt{x}x^n \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - 2Ab^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{x}x^{2n}}{-4n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{4} \\ \sqrt{x}x^{2n} \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - 2Ba^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{x}x^n}{-2n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ \sqrt{x}x^n \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - 4Bab \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{x}x^{2n}}{-4n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{4} \\ \sqrt{x}x^{2n} \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - 2Bb^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{x}x^{3n}}{-6n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{6} \\ \sqrt{x}x^{3n} \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n)/x**(1/2), x)`

output `2*A*a**2*sqrt(x) - 4*A*a*b*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**n/(-2*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/2)), (sqrt(x)*x**n*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 2*A*b**2*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**(-2*n)/(-4*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/4)), (sqrt(x)*x**(2*n)*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 2*B*a**2*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**n/(-2*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/2)), (sqrt(x)*x**n*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 4*B*a*b*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**(2*n)/(-4*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/4)), (sqrt(x)*x**(2*n)*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 2*B*b**2*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**(3*n)/(-6*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/6)), (sqrt(x)*x**(3*n)*log(1/sqrt(x)), True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{3n+\frac{1}{2}}}{6n+1} + \frac{4Babx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n+1} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n+1} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1} + \frac{4Aabx^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*A*a^2*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b^2*x^(3*n + 1/2)/(6*n + 1) + 4*B*a*b*x^(2*n + 1/2)/(4*n + 1) + 2*A*b^2*x^(2*n + 1/2)/(4*n + 1) + 2*B*a^2*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1) + 4*A*a*b*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^2x^{3n+\frac{1}{2}}}{6n+1} + \frac{4Babx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n+1} + \frac{2Ab^2x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n+1} + \frac{2Ba^2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1} + \frac{4Aabx^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*A*a^2*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b^2*x^(3*n + 1/2)/(6*n + 1) + 4*B*a*b*x^(2*n + 1/2)/(4*n + 1) + 2*A*b^2*x^(2*n + 1/2)/(4*n + 1) + 2*B*a^2*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1) + 4*A*a*b*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^2 \sqrt{x} + \frac{x^n \sqrt{x} (2Ba^2 + 4Aba)}{2n + 1} + \frac{x^{2n} \sqrt{x} (2Ab^2 + 4Bab)}{4n + 1} + \frac{2Bb^2 x^{3n} \sqrt{x}}{6n + 1}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/x^(1/2),x)`output `2*A*a^2*x^(1/2) + (x^n*x^(1/2)*(2*B*a^2 + 4*A*a*b))/(2*n + 1) + (x^(2*n)*x^(1/2)*(2*A*b^2 + 4*B*a*b))/(4*n + 1) + (2*B*b^2*x^(3*n)*x^(1/2))/(6*n + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} (8x^{3n}b^3n^2 + 6x^{3n}b^3n + x^{3n}b^3 + 36x^{2n}ab^2n^2 + 24x^{2n}ab^2n + 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 72x^na^2bn^2 + 30x^na^2bn + 3a^2b^2n^2 + 30x^nna^2b^2n + 3x^nna^2b^2 + 48a^3n^3 + 44a^3n^2 + 12n + 1)}{48n^3 + 44n^2 + 12n + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*(8*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 6*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + x**(3*n)*b**3 + 36*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 24*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 72*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 30*x**n*a**2*b*n + 3*x**n*a**2*b + 48*a**3*n**3 + 44*a**3*n**2 + 12*a**3*n + a**3))/(48*n**3 + 44*n**2 + 12*n + 1)`

### 3.301 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2270
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2270
Rubi [A] (verified)	2271
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2 A}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+n}}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{1 - 4n} - \frac{2b^2 Bx^{-\frac{1}{2}+3n}}{1 - 6n}$$

output

$-2*a^2*A/x^{(1/2)}-2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^{(-1/2+n)/(1-2*n)}-2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^{(-1/2+2*n)/(1-4*n)}-2*b^2*B*x^{(-1/2+3*n)/(1-6*n)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = 2 \left( -\frac{a^2 A}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+n}}{-1 + 2n} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{-1 + 4n} + \frac{b^2 Bx^{-\frac{1}{2}+3n}}{-1 + 6n} \right)$$

input

`Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/x^(3/2), x]`

output

$$2*((a^2A)/\text{Sqrt}[x]) + (a*(2A*b + a*B)*x^{(-1/2 + n)})/(-1 + 2*n) + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(-1/2 + 2*n)})/(-1 + 4*n) + (b^2*B*x^{(-1/2 + 3*n)})/(-1 + 6*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 A}{x^{3/2}} + ax^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2n-\frac{3}{2}}(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3n-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^2 A}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2ax^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(aB + 2Ab)}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2bx^{2n-\frac{1}{2}}(2aB + Ab)}{1 - 4n} - \frac{2b^2 Bx^{3n-\frac{1}{2}}}{1 - 6n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n)/x^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(-2*a^2*A)/\text{Sqrt}[x] - (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^{(-1/2 + n)})/(1 - 2*n) - (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(-1/2 + 2*n)})/(1 - 4*n) - (2*b^2*B*x^{(-1/2 + 3*n)})/(1 - 6*n)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 610 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 611, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.10

method	result
orering	$-\frac{8(6n^2-19n+10)(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}(24n^2-10n+1)} + \frac{8x^2(22n^2-54n+29)}{48n^3-44n^2+12n-1} \left( \frac{2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)bx^n}{x^2} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^2Bx^n}{x^2} - \frac{3(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{2x^2} \right)$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-8*(6*n^2-19*n+10)/x^(1/2)/(24*n^2-10*n+1)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)+8*x^2*(22*n^2-54*n+29)/(48*n^3-44*n^2+12*n-1)*(2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b*x^n*n+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(5/2)-3/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2))-32*x^3*(-4+3*n)/(48*n^3-44*n^2+12*n-1)*(2*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(7/2)*(A+B*x^n)+4*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(7/2)*b-8*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n+2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n^2+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2/x^(7/2)-4*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(7/2)+15/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2))+16/(48*n^3-44*n^2+12*n-1)*x^4*(6*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(9/2)*(A+B*x^n)-15*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(9/2)*(A+B*x^n)+6*b^2*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(9/2)*B+12*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(9/2)*b-30*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(9/2)*b+71/2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n-15*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n^2+2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n^3+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^3/x^(9/2)-15/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2/x^(9/2)+71/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(9/2)-105/8*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((8Bb^2n^2 - 6Bb^2n + Bb^2)\sqrt{x}x^{3n} + (2Bab + Ab^2 + 12(2Bab + Ab^2)n^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2*((8*B*b^2*n^2 - 6*B*b^2*n + B*b^2)*sqrt(x)*x^(3*n) + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2 +
12*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 - 8*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(2*n) + (B*a^2
+ 2*A*a*b + 24*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 - 10*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^
n - (48*A*a^2*n^3 - 44*A*a^2*n^2 + 12*A*a^2*n - A*a^2)*sqrt(x))/((48*n^3 -
44*n^2 + 12*n - 1)*x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2Aa^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 2Aab \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{x}(n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{x^n \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + Ab^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{2n}}{\sqrt{x}(2n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{x^{2n} \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Ba^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{x}(n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{x^n \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 2Bab \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{2n}}{\sqrt{x}(2n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{x^{2n} \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Bb^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{3n}}{\sqrt{x}(3n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{6} \\ \frac{x^{3n} \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n)/x**(3/2),x)`

output

```
-2*A*a**2/sqrt(x) + 2*A*a*b*Piecewise((x**n/(sqrt(x)*(n - 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/2)), (x**n*log(x)/sqrt(x), True)) + A*b**2*Piecewise((x**(2*n)/(sqrt(x)*(2*n - 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/4)), (x**(2*n)*log(x)/sqrt(x), True)) + B*a**2*Piecewise((x**n/(sqrt(x)*(n - 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/2)), (x**n*log(x)/sqrt(x), True)) + 2*B*a*b*Piecewise((x**(2*n)/(sqrt(x)*(2*n - 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/4)), (x**(2*n)*log(x)/sqrt(x), True)) + B*b**2*Piecewise((x**(3*n)/(sqrt(x)*(3*n - 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/6)), (x**(3*n)*log(x)/sqrt(x), True))
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-3/2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^2}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^2/x^(3/2), x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{B a^2 x^{n-\frac{1}{2}}}{n - \frac{1}{2}} - \frac{2 A a^2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2 A b^2 x^{2n-\frac{1}{2}}}{4n - 1} + \frac{2 B b^2 x^{3n-\frac{1}{2}}}{6n - 1} + \frac{2 A a b x^{n-\frac{1}{2}}}{n - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{4 B a b x^{2n-\frac{1}{2}}}{4n - 1}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(B*a^2*x^(n - 1/2))/(n - 1/2) - (2*A*a^2)/x^(1/2) + (2*A*b^2*x^(2*n - 1/2))/(4*n - 1) + (2*B*b^2*x^(3*n - 1/2))/(6*n - 1) + (2*A*a*b*x^(n - 1/2))/(n - 1/2) + (4*B*a*b*x^(2*n - 1/2))/(4*n - 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16x^{3n}b^3n^2 - 12x^{3n}b^3n + 2x^{3n}b^3 + 72x^{2n}ab^2n^2 - 48x^{2n}ab^2n + 6x^{2n}ab^2 + 14x^{2n}ab + 12x^{2n}a^2b + 12x^{2n}a^2 + 12x^{2n}a + 12x^{2n}}{\sqrt{x} (48n^3 - 44n^2 - 12n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(8*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 - 6*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + x**(3*n)*b**3 + 36*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 - 24*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 72*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 - 30*x**n*a**2*b*n + 3*x**n*a**2*b - 48*a**3*n**3 + 44*a**3*n**2 - 12*a**3*n + a**3))/(sqrt(x)*(48*n**3 - 44*n**2 + 12*n - 1))`



### 3.302 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2276
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2276
Rubi [A] (verified)	2277
Maple [B] (verified)	2278
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2279
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2279
Maxima [F(-2)]	2280
Giac [F]	2281
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2281
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2281

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2 A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+n}}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{3 - 4n} - \frac{2b^2 Bx^{-\frac{3}{2}+3n}}{3(1 - 2n)}$$

output

$$-2/3*a^2*A/x^{(3/2)}-2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^{(-3/2+n)/(3-2*n)}-2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^{(-3/2+2*n)/(3-4*n)}-2*b^2*B*x^{(-3/2+3*n)/(3-6*n)}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2 A}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+n}}{-3 + 2n} + \frac{2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{-3 + 4n} - \frac{2b^2 Bx^{-\frac{3}{2}+3n}}{3 - 6n}$$

input

`Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/x^(5/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2a^2A)/(3x^{3/2}) + (2a(2Ab + aB)x^{-3/2 + n})/(-3 + 2n) + (2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-3/2 + 2n})/(-3 + 4n) - (2b^2Bx^{-3/2 + 3n})/(3 - 6n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 A}{x^{5/2}} + ax^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2n-\frac{5}{2}}(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3n-\frac{5}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^2 A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2ax^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(aB + 2Ab)}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2bx^{2n-\frac{3}{2}}(2aB + Ab)}{3 - 4n} - \frac{2b^2 Bx^{3n-\frac{3}{2}}}{3(1 - 2n)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n)/x^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2a^2A)/(3x^{3/2}) - (2a(2Ab + aB)x^{-3/2 + n})/(3 - 2n) - (2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-3/2 + 2n})/(3 - 4n) - (2b^2Bx^{-3/2 + 3n})/(3(1 - 2n))}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 950 Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 618 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 619, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.88

method	result
orering	$-\frac{8(12n^3-88n^2+147n-68)(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{9x^{\frac{3}{2}}(16n^3-44n^2+36n-9)} + \frac{8x^2(22n^2-90n+77)}{9(16n^3-44n^2+36n-9)} \left( \frac{2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)bx^nn}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^2Bx^nn}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5(a+bx^n)}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -8/9/x^(3/2)*(12*n^3-88*n^2+147*n-68)/(16*n^3-44*n^2+36*n-9)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)+8/9*x^2*(22*n^2-90*n+77)/(16*n^3-44*n^2+36*n-9)*(2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(7/2)-5/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2))-32/3*x^3*(-2+n)/(16*n^3-44*n^2+36*n-9)*(2*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(9/2)*(A+B*x^n)+4*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(9/2)*b-12*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n+2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n^2+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2/x^(9/2)-6*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(9/2)+35/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2))+16/9/(16*n^3-44*n^2+36*n-9)*x^4*(6*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(11/2)*(A+B*x^n)-21*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(11/2)*(A+B*x^n)+6*b^2*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(11/2)*B+12*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(11/2)*b-42*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(11/2)*b+143/2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^n*n-21*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^n*n^2+2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^n*n^3+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^3/x^(11/2))-21/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2/x^(11/2)+143/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(11/2)-315/8*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2((8Bb^2n^2 - 18Bb^2n + 9Bb^2)\sqrt{x}x^{3n} + 3(6Bab + 3Ab^2 + 4(2Bab + Ab^2))x^{3n/2} + 3(6B^2a^2n^2 - 18B^2a^2n + 9B^2a^2)\sqrt{x}x^{3n} + 3(6B^2ab + 3B^2b^2 + 4(2B^2ab + B^2b^2))x^{3n/2} + 3(3B^2a^2 + 6B^2a^2n + 8(B^2a^2 + 2B^2a^2n)n)\sqrt{x}x^{2n} - (16B^2a^2n^3 - 44B^2a^2n^2 + 36B^2a^2n - 9B^2a^2)\sqrt{x}x^{2n})}{((16n^3 - 44n^2 + 36n - 9)x^2)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/3*((8*B*b^2*n^2 - 18*B*b^2*n + 9*B*b^2)*sqrt(x)*x^(3*n) + 3*(6*B*a*b + 3
*A*b^2 + 4*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 - 8*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(2*n)
+ 3*(3*B*a^2 + 6*A*a*b + 8*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 - 10*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)
*sqrt(x)*x^n - (16*A*a^2*n^3 - 44*A*a^2*n^2 + 36*A*a^2*n - 9*A*a^2)*sqrt(x
)))/((16*n^3 - 44*n^2 + 36*n - 9)*x^2)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1112 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 7.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1112, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n)/x**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-2*A*a**2/(3*x**(3/2)) - 2*A*a*b/x - 2*A*b**2/sqrt(x) - B*a**2/x - 4*B*a*b/sqrt(x) + B*b**2*log(x), Eq(n, 1/2)), (-2*A*a**2/(3*x**(3/2)) - 8*A*a*b/(3*x**(3/4)) + A*b**2*log(x) - 4*B*a**2/(3*x**(3/4)) + 2*B*a*b*log(x) + 4*B*b**2*x**(3/4)/3, Eq(n, 3/4)), (-2*A*a**2/(3*x**(3/2)) + 2*A*a*b*log(x) + 2*A*b**2*x**(3/2)/3 + B*a**2*log(x) + 4*B*a*b*x**(3/2)/3 + B*b**2*x**3/3, Eq(n, 3/2)), (-32*A*a**2*n**3/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) + 88*A*a**2*n**2/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) - 72*A*a**2*n/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) + 18*A*a**2/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) + 96*A*a*b*n**2*x**n/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) - 120*A*a*b*n*x**n/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) + 36*A*a*b*x**n/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) + 24*A*b**2*n**2*x**(2*n)/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) - 48*A*b**2*n*x**(2*n)/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) + 18*A*b**2*x**(2*n)/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) + 48*B*a**2*n**2*x**n/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) - 60*B*a**2*n*x**n/(48*n**3*x**(3/2) - 132*n**2*x**(3/2) + 108*n*x**(3/2) - 27*x**(3/2)) + 18*B*a**2*x**n...
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-5/2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)
```



output

$$\frac{(2*(8*x^{(3*n)}*b^{3*n**2} - 18*x^{(3*n)}*b^{3*n} + 9*x^{(3*n)}*b^{**3} + 36*x^{(2*n)}*a*b^{2*n**2} - 72*x^{(2*n)}*a*b^{**2*n} + 27*x^{(2*n)}*a*b^{**2} + 72*x^{**n}*a^{**2}*b*n^{**2} - 90*x^{**n}*a^{**2}*b*n + 27*x^{**n}*a^{**2}*b - 16*a^{**3}*n^{**3} + 44*a^{**3}*n^{**2} - 36*a^{**3}*n + 9*a^{**3}))}{(3*\sqrt{x})*x*(16*n^{**3} - 44*n^{**2} + 36*n - 9)}$$

### 3.303 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2283
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2283
Rubi [A] (verified)	2284
Maple [B] (verified)	2285
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2286
Sympy [F(-1)]	2286
Maxima [F(-2)]	2286
Giac [F]	2287
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2287
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2288

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^2 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a(2Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 - 2n} - \frac{2b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 - 4n} - \frac{2b^2 Bx^{-\frac{5}{2}+3n}}{5 - 6n}$$

output `-2/5*a^2*A/x^(5/2)-2*a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^(-5/2+n)/(5-2*n)-2*b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(-5/2+2*n)/(5-4*n)-2*b^2*B*x^(-5/2+3*n)/(5-6*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2 \left( -\frac{a^2 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 - 2n} - \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 - 4n} - \frac{b^2 Bx^{-\frac{5}{2}+3n}}{5 - 6n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n))/x^(7/2),x]`



output

$$2*(-1/5*(a^2*A)/x^{(5/2)} - (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + n)})/(5 - 2*n) - (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + 2*n)})/(5 - 4*n) - (b^2*B*x^{(-5/2 + 3*n)})/(5 - 6*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 A}{x^{7/2}} + ax^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(aB + 2Ab) + bx^{2n-\frac{7}{2}}(2aB + Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3n-\frac{7}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^2 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2ax^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(aB + 2Ab)}{5 - 2n} - \frac{2bx^{2n-\frac{5}{2}}(2aB + Ab)}{5 - 4n} - \frac{2b^2 Bx^{3n-\frac{5}{2}}}{5 - 6n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n)/x^{(7/2)}, x]$$

output

$$(-2*a^2*A)/(5*x^{(5/2)}) - (2*a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + n)})/(5 - 2*n) - (2*b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + 2*n)})/(5 - 4*n) - (2*b^2*B*x^{(-5/2 + 3*n)})/(5 - 6*n)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 620 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 621, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.06

method	result
orering	$-\frac{24(4n^3-44n^2+109n-74)(a+bx^n)^2(A+Bx^n)}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}(48n^3-220n^2+300n-125)} + \frac{8x^2(22n^2-126n+149)}{5(48n^3-220n^2+300n-125)} \left( \frac{2(a+bx^n)(A+Bx^n)bx^n}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^2Bx^n}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{7(a+bx^n)}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} \right)$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-24/5/x^(5/2)*(4*n^3-44*n^2+109*n-74)/(48*n^3-220*n^2+300*n-125)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)+8/5*x^2*(22*n^2-126*n+149)/(48*n^3-220*n^2+300*n-125)*(2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n/n/x^(9/2)-7/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2))-32/5*x^3*(-8+3*n)/(48*n^3-220*n^2+300*n-125)*(2*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(11/2)*(A+B*x^n)+4*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(11/2)*b-16*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^n*n+2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^n*n^2+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2/x^(11/2)-8*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(11/2)+63/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2))+16/5/(48*n^3-220*n^2+300*n-125)*x^4*(6*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(13/2)*(A+B*x^n)-27*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(13/2)*(A+B*x^n)+6*b^2*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(13/2)*B+12*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(13/2)*b-54*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(13/2)*b+239/2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(13/2)*b*x^n*n-27*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(13/2)*b*x^n*n^2+2*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(13/2)*b*x^n*n^3+(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^3/x^(13/2)-27/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n^2/x^(13/2)+239/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*x^n*n/x^(13/2)-693/8*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(13/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 195 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(5(8Bb^2n^2 - 30Bb^2n + 25Bb^2)\sqrt{xx^{3n}} + 5(50Bab + 25Ab^2 + 12(2Bab$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*(5*(8*B*b^2*n^2 - 30*B*b^2*n + 25*B*b^2)*sqrt(x)*x^(3*n) + 5*(50*B*a*b + 25*A*b^2 + 12*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n^2 - 40*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(2*n) + 5*(25*B*a^2 + 50*A*a*b + 24*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n^2 - 50*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^n - (48*A*a^2*n^3 - 220*A*a^2*n^2 + 300*A*a^2*n - 125*A*a^2)*sqrt(x))/((48*n^3 - 220*n^2 + 300*n - 125)*x^3)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n)/x**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-7/2>0)', see `assume?` for mor
e details)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^2}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^2/x^(7/2), x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{B a^2 x^{n-\frac{5}{2}}}{n - \frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2 A a^2}{5 x^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2 A b^2 x^{2n-\frac{5}{2}}}{4n - 5} + \frac{2 B b^2 x^{3n-\frac{5}{2}}}{6n - 5} + \frac{2 A a b x^{n-\frac{5}{2}}}{n - \frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4 B a b x^{2n-\frac{5}{2}}}{4n - 5}$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/x^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
(B*a^2*x^(n - 5/2))/(n - 5/2) - (2*A*a^2)/(5*x^(5/2)) + (2*A*b^2*x^(2*n -
5/2))/(4*n - 5) + (2*B*b^2*x^(3*n - 5/2))/(6*n - 5) + (2*A*a*b*x^(n - 5/2)
)/(n - 5/2) + (4*B*a*b*x^(2*n - 5/2))/(4*n - 5)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{16x^{3n}b^3n^2 - 60x^{3n}b^3n + 50x^{3n}b^3 + 72x^{2n}ab^2n^2 - 240x^{2n}ab^2n + 150x^{2n}ab^2}{\sqrt{x}x^2(48n^3 - 220n^2 + 300n - 125)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(40*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 - 150*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 125*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 180*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 - 600*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 375*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 360*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 - 750*x**n*a**2*b*n + 375*x**n*a**2*b - 48*a**3*n**3 + 220*a**3*n**2 - 300*a**3*n + 125*a**3))/(5*sqrt(x)*x**2*(48*n**3 - 220*n**2 + 300*n - 125))`

### 3.304 $\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2289
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2289
Rubi [A] (verified)	2290
Maple [B] (verified)	2291
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2292
Sympy [F(-1)]	2293
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2293
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2294
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2294
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2295

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{9}a^3Ax^{9/2} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{\frac{9}{2}+n}}{9 + 2n} + \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{9}{2}+2n}}{9 + 4n} + \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{\frac{9}{2}+3n}}{3(3 + 2n)} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{9}{2}+4n}}{9 + 8n}$$

output  $2/9*a^3*A*x^(9/2)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2+n)/(9+2*n)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(9/2+2*n)/(9+4*n)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(9/2+3*n)/(9+6*n)+2*b^3*B*x^(9/2+4*n)/(9+8*n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{9}a^3Ax^{9/2} + \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{\frac{9}{2}+n}}{9 + 2n} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{9}{2}+2n}}{9 + 4n} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{\frac{9}{2}+3n}}{9 + 6n} + \frac{b^3Bx^{\frac{9}{2}+4n}}{9 + 8n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output

$$2*((a^3 A x^{9/2})/9 + (a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{(9/2 + n)})/(9 + 2*n) + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(9/2 + 2*n)})/(9 + 4*n) + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(9/2 + 3*n)})/(9 + 6*n) + (b^3*B*x^{(9/2 + 4*n)})/(9 + 8*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( a^3 A x^{7/2} + a^2 x^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^{3n+\frac{7}{2}}(3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{2n+\frac{7}{2}}(aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{4n+\frac{7}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{9}a^3 A x^{9/2} + \frac{2a^2 x^{n+\frac{9}{2}}(aB + 3Ab)}{2n + 9} + \frac{2b^2 x^{3n+\frac{9}{2}}(3aB + Ab)}{3(2n + 3)} + \frac{6abx^{2n+\frac{9}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{4n + 9} + \frac{2b^3 Bx^{4n+\frac{9}{2}}}{8n + 9}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(7/2)}*(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n), x]$$

output

$$(2*a^3 A x^{9/2})/9 + (2*a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{(9/2 + n)})/(9 + 2*n) + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(9/2 + 2*n)})/(9 + 4*n) + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(9/2 + 3*n)})/(3*(3 + 2*n)) + (2*b^3*B*x^{(9/2 + 4*n)})/(9 + 8*n)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1248 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1249, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.32

method	result	size
orering	Expression too large to display	1249

input

```
int(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```

2/27*x^(9/2)*(384*n^4+6400*n^3+27020*n^2+41600*n+21121)/(32*n^3+228*n^2+43
2*n+243)/(9+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)-40/27*x^2*(40*n^3+294*n^2+596*n+357
)/(32*n^3+228*n^2+432*n+243)/(9+4*n)*(7/2*x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)+3*
x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n+x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n)+80/27*x
^3*(14*n^2+48*n+37)/(32*n^3+228*n^2+432*n+243)/(9+4*n)*(35/4*x^(3/2)*(a+b*
x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)+18*x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n+6*x^(3/2)*(a+b*
x^n)^3*B*x^n*n+6*x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+6*x^(3/2)*(a+b
*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2*b+3*x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^2+x^(3/2)*
(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^2)-80/27*x^4*(5+4*n)/(128*n^4+1200*n^3+3780*n^2+4860*n
+2187)*(105/8*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)+213/4*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B
*x^n)*b*x^n*n+71/4*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n+45*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x
^n)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+45*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2*b+45/2*x^(1/2)*(a
+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^2+15/2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^2+6*x^(1/2)
*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^3*(A+B*x^n)+18*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^3*b^2+18*x^(1/
2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3+18*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^
3*b+3*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^3+x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^
3)+32/27/(128*n^4+1200*n^3+3780*n^2+4860*n+2187)*x^5*(105/16*(a+b*x^n)^3*(
A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)+129/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+129/x^(1/
2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2*b+48/x^(1/2)*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^3*(A+B*x^n)+144/x^
(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^3*b^2+144/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b^2*(...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 339 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2 \left( 9(16 Bb^3 n^3 + 132 Bb^3 n^2 + 324 Bb^3 n + 243 Bb^3) x^{\frac{9}{2}} x^{4n} + 3(2187 Bab^2 + 729 Ab^3 + 64(3 B + Bx^n) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/9*(9*(16*B*b^3*n^3 + 132*B*b^3*n^2 + 324*B*b^3*n + 243*B*b^3)*x^(9/2)*x^(4*n) + 3*(2187*B*a*b^2 + 729*A*b^3 + 64*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^3 + 504*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^2 + 1134*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n)*x^(9/2)*x^(3*n) + 27*(243*B*a^2*b + 243*A*a*b^2 + 32*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^3 + 228*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^2 + 432*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n)*x^(9/2)*x^(2*n) + 9*(243*B*a^3 + 729*A*a^2*b + 64*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^3 + 312*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^2 + 486*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n)*x^(9/2)*x^n + (128*A*a^3*n^4 + 1200*A*a^3*n^3 + 3780*A*a^3*n^2 + 4860*A*a^3*n + 2187*A*a^3)*x^(9/2))/(128*n^4 + 1200*n^3 + 3780*n^2 + 4860*n + 2187)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(7/2)*(a+b*x**n)**3*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{9} Aa^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2 Bb^3 x^{4n+\frac{9}{2}}}{8n+9} + \frac{2 Bab^2 x^{3n+\frac{9}{2}}}{2n+3} + \frac{2 Ab^3 x^{3n+\frac{9}{2}}}{3(2n+3)} + \frac{6 Ba^2 b x^{2n+\frac{9}{2}}}{4n+9} + \frac{6 Aab^2 x^{2n+\frac{9}{2}}}{4n+9} + \frac{2 Ba^3 x^{n+\frac{9}{2}}}{2n+9} + \frac{6 Aa^2 b x^{n+\frac{9}{2}}}{2n+9}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/9*A*a^3*x^(9/2) + 2*B*b^3*x^(4*n + 9/2)/(8*n + 9) + 2*B*a*b^2*x^(3*n + 9/2)/(2*n + 3) + 2/3*A*b^3*x^(3*n + 9/2)/(2*n + 3) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^(2*n + 9/2)/(4*n + 9) + 6*A*a*b^2*x^(2*n + 9/2)/(4*n + 9) + 2*B*a^3*x^(n + 9/2)/(2*n + 9) + 6*A*a^2*b*x^(n + 9/2)/(2*n + 9)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)dx = \frac{2}{9}Aa^3x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{8n}}{8n+9} + \frac{2Bab^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{6n}}{2n+3} \\ + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{6n}}{3(2n+3)} + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+9} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+9} + \frac{2Ba^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+9} + \frac{6Aa^2bx^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+9}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*A*a^3*x^(9/2) + 2*B*b^3*x^(9/2)*sqrt(x)^(8*n)/(8*n + 9) + 2*B*a*b^2*x^(9/2)*sqrt(x)^(6*n)/(2*n + 3) + 2/3*A*b^3*x^(9/2)*sqrt(x)^(6*n)/(2*n + 3) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^(9/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 9) + 6*A*a*b^2*x^(9/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 9) + 2*B*a^3*x^(9/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 9) + 6*A*a^2*b*x^(9/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 9)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)dx = \frac{2Aa^3x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{x^nx^{9/2}(2Ba^3+6Aba^2)}{2n+9} \\ + \frac{x^{3n}x^{9/2}(2Ab^3+6Bab^2)}{6n+9} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{4n}x^{9/2}}{8n+9} + \frac{6abx^{2n}x^{9/2}(Ab+Ba)}{4n+9}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(2*A*a^3*x^(9/2))/9 + (x^n*x^(9/2)*(2*B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b))/(2*n + 9) + (x^(3*n)*x^(9/2)*(2*A*b^3 + 6*B*a*b^2))/(6*n + 9) + (2*B*b^3*x^(4*n)*x^(9/2))/(8*n + 9) + (6*a*b*x^(2*n)*x^(9/2)*(A*b + B*a))/(4*n + 9)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} x^4(144x^{4n}b^4n^3 + 1188x^{4n}b^4n^2 + 2916x^{4n}b^4n + 2187x^{4n}b^4 + 768x^{3n}ab^3n^3 + 6048x^{3n}ab^3n^2 + 13608x^{3n}ab^3n + 8748x^{3n}ab^3 + 1728x^{2n}a^2b^2n^3 + 12312x^{2n}a^2b^2n^2 + 23328x^{2n}a^2b^2n + 13122x^{2n}a^2b^2 + 2304x^{2n}a^3b^3n^3 + 11232x^{2n}a^3b^3n^2 + 17496x^{2n}a^3b^3n + 8748x^{2n}a^3b^3 + 128a^{4n}n^4 + 1200a^{4n}n^3 + 3780a^{4n}n^2 + 4860a^{4n}n + 2187a^{4n})}{9(128n^4 + 1200n^3 + 3780n^2 + 4860n + 2187)}$$

input `int(x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**4*(144*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**3 + 1188*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**2 + 2916*x**(4*n)*b**4*n + 2187*x**(4*n)*b**4 + 768*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**3 + 6048*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**2 + 13608*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n + 8748*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 1728*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**3 + 12312*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**2 + 23328*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n + 13122*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 2304*x**n*a**3*b**3*n**3 + 11232*x**n*a**3*b**3*n**2 + 17496*x**n*a**3*b**3*n + 8748*x**n*a**3*b**3 + 128*a**4*n**4 + 1200*a**4*n**3 + 3780*a**4*n**2 + 4860*a**4*n + 2187*a**4))/(9*(128*n**4 + 1200*n**3 + 3780*n**2 + 4860*n + 2187))`

### 3.305 $\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2296
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2296
Rubi [A] (verified)	2297
Maple [B] (verified)	2298
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2299
Sympy [F(-1)]	2300
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2300
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2301
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2301
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2302

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{7}a^3Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{7/2+n}}{7 + 2n} + \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{7/2+2n}}{7 + 4n} + \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{7/2+3n}}{7 + 6n} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{7/2+4n}}{7 + 8n}$$

output

$2/7*a^3*A*x^(7/2)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2+n)/(7+2*n)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(7/2+2*n)/(7+4*n)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(7/2+3*n)/(7+6*n)+2*b^3*B*x^(7/2+4*n)/(7+8*n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{7}a^3Ax^{7/2} + \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{7/2+n}}{7 + 2n} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB)x^{7/2+2n}}{7 + 4n} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{7/2+3n}}{7 + 6n} + \frac{b^3Bx^{7/2+4n}}{7 + 8n} \right)$$

input

`Integrate[x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output

$$2*((a^3Ax^{7/2}))/7 + (a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{(7/2 + n)})/(7 + 2*n) + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(7/2 + 2*n)})/(7 + 4*n) + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(7/2 + 3*n)})/(7 + 6*n) + (b^3*B*x^{(7/2 + 4*n)})/(7 + 8*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^3(A + Bx^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( a^3Ax^{5/2} + a^2x^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(aB + 3Ab) + b^2x^{3n+\frac{5}{2}}(3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{2n+\frac{5}{2}}(aB + Ab) + b^3Bx^{4n+\frac{5}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{7}a^3Ax^{7/2} + \frac{2a^2x^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(aB + 3Ab)}{2n + 7} + \frac{2b^2x^{3n+\frac{7}{2}}(3aB + Ab)}{6n + 7} + \frac{6abx^{2n+\frac{7}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{4n + 7} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{4n+\frac{7}{2}}}{8n + 7}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(5/2)}*(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n), x]$$

output

$$(2*a^3Ax^{7/2}))/7 + (2*a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{(7/2 + n)})/(7 + 2*n) + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(7/2 + 2*n)})/(7 + 4*n) + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(7/2 + 3*n)})/(7 + 6*n) + (2*b^3*B*x^{(7/2 + 4*n)})/(7 + 8*n)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1248 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1249, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.50

method	result	size
orering	Expression too large to display	1249

input

```
int(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```





output

```
2/7*(7*(48*B*b^3*n^3 + 308*B*b^3*n^2 + 588*B*b^3*n + 343*B*b^3)*x^(7/2)*x^(4*n) + 7*(1029*B*a*b^2 + 343*A*b^3 + 64*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^3 + 392*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^2 + 686*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n)*x^(7/2)*x^(3*n) + 21*(343*B*a^2*b + 343*A*a*b^2 + 96*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^3 + 532*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^2 + 784*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n)*x^(7/2)*x^(2*n) + 7*(343*B*a^3 + 1029*A*a^2*b + 192*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^3 + 728*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^2 + 882*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n)*x^(7/2)*x^n + (384*A*a^3*n^4 + 2800*A*a^3*n^3 + 6860*A*a^3*n^2 + 6860*A*a^3*n + 2401*A*a^3)*x^(7/2))/(384*n^4 + 2800*n^3 + 6860*n^2 + 6860*n + 2401)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(5/2)*(a+b*x**n)**3*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{7} Aa^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{4n+\frac{7}{2}}}{8n+7} + \frac{6Bab^2x^{3n+\frac{7}{2}}}{6n+7} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{3n+\frac{7}{2}}}{6n+7} + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{2n+\frac{7}{2}}}{4n+7} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{2n+\frac{7}{2}}}{4n+7} + \frac{2Ba^3x^{n+\frac{7}{2}}}{2n+7} + \frac{6Aa^2bx^{n+\frac{7}{2}}}{2n+7}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/7*A*a^3*x^(7/2) + 2*B*b^3*x^(4*n + 7/2)/(8*n + 7) + 6*B*a*b^2*x^(3*n + 7/2)/(6*n + 7) + 2*A*b^3*x^(3*n + 7/2)/(6*n + 7) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^(2*n + 7/2)/(4*n + 7) + 6*A*a*b^2*x^(2*n + 7/2)/(4*n + 7) + 2*B*a^3*x^(n + 7/2)/(2*n + 7) + 6*A*a^2*b*x^(n + 7/2)/(2*n + 7)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)dx = \frac{2}{7}Aa^3x^{7/2} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{8n}}{8n+7} + \frac{6Bab^2x^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{6n}}{6n+7} \\ + \frac{2Ab^3x^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{6n}}{6n+7} + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+7} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+7} + \frac{2Ba^3x^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+7} + \frac{6Aa^2bx^{7/2}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+7}$$

input `integrate(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/7*A*a^3*x^(7/2) + 2*B*b^3*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(8*n)/(8*n + 7) + 6*B*a*b^2*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(6*n)/(6*n + 7) + 2*A*b^3*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(6*n)/(6*n + 7) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 7) + 6*A*a*b^2*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 7) + 2*B*a^3*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 7) + 6*A*a^2*b*x^(7/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 7)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)dx = \frac{2Aa^3x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{x^n x^{7/2}(2Ba^3 + 6Aba^2)}{2n+7} \\ + \frac{x^{3n} x^{7/2}(2Ab^3 + 6Bab^2)}{6n+7} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{4n}x^{7/2}}{8n+7} + \frac{6abx^{2n}x^{7/2}(Ab+Ba)}{4n+7}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(2*A*a^3*x^(7/2))/7 + (x^n*x^(7/2)*(2*B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b))/(2*n + 7) + (x^(3*n)*x^(7/2)*(2*A*b^3 + 6*B*a*b^2))/(6*n + 7) + (2*B*b^3*x^(4*n)*x^(7/2))/(8*n + 7) + (6*a*b*x^(2*n)*x^(7/2)*(A*b + B*a))/(4*n + 7)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^3(336x^{4n}b^4n^3 + 2156x^{4n}b^4n^2 + 4116x^{4n}b^4n + 2401x^{4n}b^4 + 1792x^{3n}ab^3n^3 + 10976x^{3n}ab^3n^2 + 19208x^{3n}ab^3n + 9604x^{3n}ab^3 + 4032x^{2n}a^2b^2n^3 + 22344x^{2n}a^2b^2n^2 + 32928x^{2n}a^2b^2n + 14406x^{2n}a^2b^2 + 5376x^{2n}a^3bn^3 + 20384x^{2n}a^3bn^2 + 24696x^{2n}a^3bn + 9604x^{2n}a^3b + 384a^4n^4 + 2800a^4n^3 + 6860a^4n^2 + 6860a^4n + 2401a^4))}{7(384n^4 + 2800n^3 + 6860n^2 + 6860n + 2401)}$$

input `int(x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**3*(336*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**3 + 2156*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**2 + 4116*x**(4*n)*b**4*n + 2401*x**(4*n)*b**4 + 1792*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**3 + 10976*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**2 + 19208*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n + 9604*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 4032*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**3 + 22344*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**2 + 32928*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n + 14406*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 5376*x**n*a**3*b*n**3 + 20384*x**n*a**3*b*n**2 + 24696*x**n*a**3*b*n + 9604*x**n*a**3*b + 384*a**4*n**4 + 2800*a**4*n**3 + 6860*a**4*n**2 + 6860*a**4*n + 2401*a**4))/(7*(384*n**4 + 2800*n**3 + 6860*n**2 + 6860*n + 2401))`

### 3.306 $\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2303
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2303
Rubi [A] (verified)	2304
Maple [B] (verified)	2305
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2306
Sympy [F(-1)]	2307
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2307
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2308
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2308
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2309

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{5}a^3Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 + 2n} + \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 + 4n} + \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+3n}}{5 + 6n} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{\frac{5}{2}+4n}}{5 + 8n}$$

output

$2/5*a^3*A*x^(5/2)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2+n)/(5+2*n)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(5/2+2*n)/(5+4*n)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(5/2+3*n)/(5+6*n)+2*b^3*B*x^(5/2+4*n)/(5+8*n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{5}a^3Ax^{5/2} + \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 + 2n} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 + 4n} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{\frac{5}{2}+3n}}{5 + 6n} + \frac{b^3Bx^{\frac{5}{2}+4n}}{5 + 8n} \right)$$

input

`Integrate[x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output

$$2*((a^3Ax^{5/2}))/5 + (a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{(5/2 + n)})/(5 + 2*n) + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(5/2 + 2*n)})/(5 + 4*n) + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(5/2 + 3*n)})/(5 + 6*n) + (b^3*B*x^{(5/2 + 4*n)})/(5 + 8*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^3(A + Bx^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( a^3Ax^{3/2} + a^2x^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(aB + 3Ab) + b^2x^{3n+\frac{3}{2}}(3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{2n+\frac{3}{2}}(aB + Ab) + b^3Bx^{4n+\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{5}a^3Ax^{5/2} + \frac{2a^2x^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(aB + 3Ab)}{2n + 5} + \frac{2b^2x^{3n+\frac{5}{2}}(3aB + Ab)}{6n + 5} + \frac{6abx^{2n+\frac{5}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{4n + 5} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{4n+\frac{5}{2}}}{8n + 5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n), x]$$

output

$$(2*a^3Ax^{5/2}))/5 + (2*a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{(5/2 + n)})/(5 + 2*n) + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(5/2 + 2*n)})/(5 + 4*n) + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(5/2 + 3*n)})/(5 + 6*n) + (2*b^3*B*x^{(5/2 + 4*n)})/(5 + 8*n)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1053 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1054, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.86

method	result	size
orering	Expression too large to display	1054

input

```
int(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/5*x^(5/2)*(384*n^4+3200*n^3+6860*n^2+5440*n+1441)/(96*n^3+380*n^2+400*n+
125)/(5+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)-8*x^2*(40*n^3+126*n^2+116*n+33)/(96*n^3
+380*n^2+400*n+125)/(5+4*n)*(3/2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)+3*x^(1/2)*(
a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n)+16*x^3*(14*n^2+1
6*n+5)/(96*n^3+380*n^2+400*n+125)/(5+4*n)*(3/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/
2)+6/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n+6
/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+6/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)
^2*n^2*b+3/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^2+1/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B
*x^n*n^2)-16*x^4*(1+4*n)/(384*n^4+2000*n^3+3500*n^2+2500*n+625)*(-3/4*(a+b
*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)*b*x^n*n-1/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n/x^(3/2)-3/8*(a+b
*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)+9/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+9/
x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2*b+9/2/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x
^n*n^2+3/2/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^2+6/x^(3/2)*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^3*(A+B*x^n)
)+18/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^3*b^2+18/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*b^
2*(x^n)^2*n^3+18/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^3*b+3/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2
*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^3+1/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^3)+32/5/(384*n^4+2000*n
^3+3500*n^2+2500*n+625)*x^5*(-15*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n
^2+108/x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^4*b^2+42/x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)*
b^2*(x^n)^2*n^4+42/x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^4*b-15*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x
^n)^2*n^2/x^(5/2)*b+9/16*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)-5/2*(a+b*x^n)^3*...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 339 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2 \left( 5 (48 Bb^3n^3 + 220 Bb^3n^2 + 300 Bb^3n + 125 Bb^3)x^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{4n} + 5 (375 Bab^2 + 125 Ab^3 + 64 (3 B \right.}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/5*(5*(48*B*b^3*n^3 + 220*B*b^3*n^2 + 300*B*b^3*n + 125*B*b^3)*x^(5/2)*x^(4*n) + 5*(375*B*a*b^2 + 125*A*b^3 + 64*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^3 + 280*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^2 + 350*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n)*x^(5/2)*x^(3*n) + 15*(125*B*a^2*b + 125*A*a*b^2 + 96*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^3 + 380*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^2 + 400*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n)*x^(5/2)*x^(2*n) + 5*(125*B*a^3 + 375*A*a^2*b + 192*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^3 + 520*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^2 + 450*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n)*x^(5/2)*x^n + (384*A*a^3*n^4 + 2000*A*a^3*n^3 + 3500*A*a^3*n^2 + 2500*A*a^3*n + 625*A*a^3)*x^(5/2))/(384*n^4 + 2000*n^3 + 3500*n^2 + 2500*n + 625)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(3/2)*(a+b*x**n)**3*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{5} Aa^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{4n+\frac{5}{2}}}{8n+5} + \frac{6Bab^2x^{3n+\frac{5}{2}}}{6n+5} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{3n+\frac{5}{2}}}{6n+5} + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{2n+\frac{5}{2}}}{4n+5} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{2n+\frac{5}{2}}}{4n+5} + \frac{2Ba^3x^{n+\frac{5}{2}}}{2n+5} + \frac{6Aa^2bx^{n+\frac{5}{2}}}{2n+5}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/5*A*a^3*x^(5/2) + 2*B*b^3*x^(4*n + 5/2)/(8*n + 5) + 6*B*a*b^2*x^(3*n + 5/2)/(6*n + 5) + 2*A*b^3*x^(3*n + 5/2)/(6*n + 5) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^(2*n + 5/2)/(4*n + 5) + 6*A*a*b^2*x^(2*n + 5/2)/(4*n + 5) + 2*B*a^3*x^(n + 5/2)/(2*n + 5) + 6*A*a^2*b*x^(n + 5/2)/(2*n + 5)
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)dx = \frac{2}{5}Aa^3x^{5/2} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{8n}}{8n+5} + \frac{6Bab^2x^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{6n}}{6n+5} \\ + \frac{2Ab^3x^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{6n}}{6n+5} + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+5} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+5} + \frac{2Ba^3x^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+5} + \frac{6Aa^2bx^{5/2}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+5}$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*A*a^3*x^(5/2) + 2*B*b^3*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(8*n)/(8*n + 5) + 6*B*a*b^2*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(6*n)/(6*n + 5) + 2*A*b^3*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(6*n)/(6*n + 5) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 5) + 6*A*a*b^2*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 5) + 2*B*a^3*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 5) + 6*A*a^2*b*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 5)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)dx = \frac{2Aa^3x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{x^n x^{5/2}(2Ba^3 + 6Aba^2)}{2n+5} \\ + \frac{x^{3n} x^{5/2}(2Ab^3 + 6Bab^2)}{6n+5} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{4n}x^{5/2}}{8n+5} + \frac{6abx^{2n}x^{5/2}(Ab+Ba)}{4n+5}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(2*A*a^3*x^(5/2))/5 + (x^n*x^(5/2)*(2*B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b))/(2*n + 5) + (x^(3*n)*x^(5/2)*(2*A*b^3 + 6*B*a*b^2))/(6*n + 5) + (2*B*b^3*x^(4*n)*x^(5/2))/(8*n + 5) + (6*a*b*x^(2*n)*x^(5/2)*(A*b + B*a))/(4*n + 5)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2(240x^{4n}b^4n^3 + 1100x^{4n}b^4n^2 + 1500x^{4n}b^4n + 625x^{4n}b^4 + 1280x^{3n}ab^3n^3 + 5600x^{3n}ab^3n^2 + 7000x^{3n}ab^3n + 2500x^{3n}ab^3 + 2880x^{2n}a^2b^2n^3 + 11400x^{2n}a^2b^2n^2 + 12000x^{2n}a^2b^2n + 3750x^{2n}a^2b^2 + 3840x^{2n}a^3b^2n^3 + 10400x^{2n}a^3b^2n^2 + 9000x^{2n}a^3b^2n + 2500x^{2n}a^3b^2 + 384a^{4n}n^4 + 2000a^{4n}n^3 + 3500a^{4n}n^2 + 2500a^{4n}n + 625a^{4n})}{5(384n^4 + 2000n^3 + 3500n^2 + 2500n + 625)}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2*(240*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**3 + 1100*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**2 + 1500*x**(4*n)*b**4*n + 625*x**(4*n)*b**4 + 1280*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**3 + 5600*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**2 + 7000*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n + 2500*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 2880*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**3 + 11400*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**2 + 12000*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n + 3750*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 3840*x**n*a**3*b**2*n**3 + 10400*x**n*a**3*b**2*n**2 + 9000*x**n*a**3*b**2*n + 2500*x**n*a**3*b**2 + 384*a**4*n**4 + 2000*a**4*n**3 + 3500*a**4*n**2 + 2500*a**4*n + 625*a**4))/(5*(384*n**4 + 2000*n**3 + 3500*n**2 + 2500*n + 625))`

### 3.307 $\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2310
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2310
Rubi [A] (verified)	2311
Maple [B] (verified)	2312
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2313
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2314
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2315
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2316
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2316
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2317

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{3}a^3 Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+n}}{3 + 2n} + \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{3 + 4n} + \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+3n}}{3(1 + 2n)} + \frac{2b^3 Bx^{\frac{3}{2}+4n}}{3 + 8n}$$

output

$2/3*a^3*A*x^(3/2)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2+n)/(3+2*n)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(3/2+2*n)/(3+4*n)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(3/2+3*n)/(3+6*n)+2*b^3*B*x^(3/2+4*n)/(3+8*n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = 2 \left( \frac{1}{3}a^3 Ax^{3/2} + \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+n}}{3 + 2n} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{3 + 4n} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{\frac{3}{2}+3n}}{3 + 6n} + \frac{b^3 Bx^{\frac{3}{2}+4n}}{3 + 8n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output  $2*((a^3 A x^{3/2})/3 + (a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{(3/2 + n)})/(3 + 2*n) + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(3/2 + 2*n)})/(3 + 4*n) + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(3/2 + 3*n)})/(3 + 6*n) + (b^3*B*x^{(3/2 + 4*n)})/(3 + 8*n))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( a^3 A \sqrt{x} + a^2 x^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^{3n+\frac{1}{2}}(3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}(aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{4n+\frac{1}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2}{3}a^3 Ax^{3/2} + \frac{2a^2x^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(aB + 3Ab)}{2n + 3} + \frac{2b^2x^{3n+\frac{3}{2}}(3aB + Ab)}{3(2n + 1)} + \frac{6abx^{2n+\frac{3}{2}}(aB + Ab)}{4n + 3} + \frac{2b^3Bx^{4n+\frac{3}{2}}}{8n + 3}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output  $(2*a^3*A*x^{(3/2)})/3 + (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^{(3/2 + n)})/(3 + 2*n) + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(3/2 + 2*n)})/(3 + 4*n) + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(3/2 + 3*n)})/(3*(1 + 2*n)) + (2*b^3*B*x^{(3/2 + 4*n)})/(3 + 8*n)$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1189 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1190, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.83

method	result	size
orering	Expression too large to display	1190

input

```
int(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/9*(192*n^3+704*n^2+558*n+121)*x^(3/2)/(3+4*n)/(16*n^2+30*n+9)*(a+b*x^n)^
3*(A+B*x^n)-40/9*x^2*(40*n^3+42*n^2+20*n+3)/(32*n^3+76*n^2+48*n+9)/(3+4*n)
*(1/2*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)+3/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*
n+1/x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n)+80/9*x^3*(14*n^2+1)/(32*n^3+76*n^2+48*n+9
)/(3+4*n)*(-1/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)+6/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n
)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+6/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2*b+3/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n
)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^2+1/x^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^2)-80/9*x^4*(-1+4*n)
/(128*n^4+400*n^3+420*n^2+180*n+27)*(-3/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b*
*x^n*n-1/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(5/2)+3/8*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)-9*
(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+6/x^(5/2)*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^3*(A+B
*x^n)+18/x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^3*b^2+18/x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n
)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3-9*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(5/2)*b+18/x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^
n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^3*b-9/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b*x^n*n^2+3/x^(5/2)
*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)*b*x^n*n^3-3/2*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^2/x^(5/2)+1/x^(5/
2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^3)+32/9/(128*n^4+400*n^3+420*n^2+180*n+27)*x^5*(-72
*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(7/2)*b+21*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b^2*(x
^n)^2*n^2+108/x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^4*b^2+42/x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)*(A+
B*x^n)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^4-24*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(7/2)*(A+B*x^n)-72*(a+b*x^n)*B
*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(7/2)*b^2-72*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3+42
/x^(7/2)*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^4*b+21*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(7/...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 338 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 3(16 Bb^3 n^3 + 44 Bb^3 n^2 + 36 Bb^3 n + 9 Bb^3)x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{4n} + (81 Bab^2 + 27 Ab^3 + 64(3 Bab^2 + Ab^3)n^3 + 168 \right.}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

2/3*(3*(16*B*b^3*n^3 + 44*B*b^3*n^2 + 36*B*b^3*n + 9*B*b^3)*x^(3/2)*x^(4*n)
) + (81*B*a*b^2 + 27*A*b^3 + 64*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^3 + 168*(3*B*a*b^2 +
A*b^3)*n^2 + 126*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n)*x^(3/2)*x^(3*n) + 9*(9*B*a^2*b +
9*A*a*b^2 + 32*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^3 + 76*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^2 + 48*(
B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n)*x^(3/2)*x^(2*n) + 3*(9*B*a^3 + 27*A*a^2*b + 64*(B*a^
3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^3 + 104*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^2 + 54*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*
n)*x^(3/2)*x^n + (128*A*a^3*n^4 + 400*A*a^3*n^3 + 420*A*a^3*n^2 + 180*A*a^
3*n + 27*A*a^3)*x^(3/2))/(128*n^4 + 400*n^3 + 420*n^2 + 180*n + 27)

```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = & \frac{2Aa^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 6Aa^2b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n}{2n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& + 6Aab^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n}}{4n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{4} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n} \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& + 2Ab^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{3n}}{6n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{3n} \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& + 2Ba^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n}{2n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^n \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& + 6Ba^2b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n}}{4n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{4} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n} \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& + 6Bab^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{3n}}{6n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{3n} \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& + 2Bb^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{4n}}{8n+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{8} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{4n} \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(1/2)*(a+b*x**n)**3*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

```

2*A*a**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 6*A*a**2*b*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**n/(2*n + 3), Ne(n,
-3/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**n*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 6*A*a*b**2*Piecewise((x**(3
/2)*x**(2*n)/(4*n + 3), Ne(n, -3/4)), (x**(3/2)*x**(2*n)*log(sqrt(x)), Tru
e)) + 2*A*b**3*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**(3*n)/(6*n + 3), Ne(n, -1/2)), (x**(
3/2)*x**(3*n)*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 2*B*a**3*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**n/(2*
n + 3), Ne(n, -3/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**n*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 6*B*a**2*b*Pie
cewise((x**(3/2)*x**(2*n)/(4*n + 3), Ne(n, -3/4)), (x**(3/2)*x**(2*n)*log(
sqrt(x)), True)) + 6*B*a*b**2*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**(3*n)/(6*n + 3), Ne(n
, -1/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**(3*n)*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 2*B*b**3*Piecewise((x*
*(3/2)*x**(4*n)/(8*n + 3), Ne(n, -3/8)), (x**(3/2)*x**(4*n)*log(sqrt(x)),
True))

```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx &= \frac{2}{3} Aa^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2 Bb^3 x^{4n+\frac{3}{2}}}{8n+3} + \frac{2 Bab^2 x^{3n+\frac{3}{2}}}{2n+1} \\
&+ \frac{2 Ab^3 x^{3n+\frac{3}{2}}}{3(2n+1)} + \frac{6 Ba^2 bx^{2n+\frac{3}{2}}}{4n+3} \\
&+ \frac{6 Aab^2 x^{2n+\frac{3}{2}}}{4n+3} + \frac{2 Ba^3 x^{n+\frac{3}{2}}}{2n+3} + \frac{6 Aa^2 bx^{n+\frac{3}{2}}}{2n+3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

2/3*A*a^3*x^(3/2) + 2*B*b^3*x^(4*n + 3/2)/(8*n + 3) + 2*B*a*b^2*x^(3*n + 3
/2)/(2*n + 1) + 2/3*A*b^3*x^(3*n + 3/2)/(2*n + 1) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^(2*n + 3/2
)/(4*n + 3) + 6*A*a*b^2*x^(2*n + 3/2)/(4*n + 3) + 2*B*a^3*x^(n + 3/2)/(2*n
+ 3) + 6*A*a^2*b*x^(n + 3/2)/(2*n + 3)

```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2}{3}Aa^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{8n}}{8n+3} + \frac{2Bab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{6n}}{2n+1} \\ + \frac{2Ab^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{6n}}{3(2n+1)} + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+3} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{4n}}{4n+3} \\ + \frac{2Ba^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+3} + \frac{6Aa^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2n}}{2n+3}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*A*a^3*x^(3/2) + 2*B*b^3*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(8*n)/(8*n + 3) + 2*B*a*b^2*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(6*n)/(2*n + 1) + 2/3*A*b^3*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(6*n)/(2*n + 1) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 3) + 6*A*a*b^2*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(4*n)/(4*n + 3) + 2*B*a^3*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 3) + 6*A*a^2*b*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*n)/(2*n + 3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Aa^3x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{x^n x^{3/2}(2Ba^3 + 6Aba^2)}{2n+3} \\ + \frac{x^{3n} x^{3/2}(2Ab^3 + 6Bab^2)}{6n+3} \\ + \frac{2Bb^3x^{4n}x^{3/2}}{8n+3} + \frac{6abx^{2n}x^{3/2}(Ab+Ba)}{4n+3}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(2*A*a^3*x^(3/2))/3 + (x^n*x^(3/2)*(2*B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b))/(2*n + 3) + (x^(3*n)*x^(3/2)*(2*A*b^3 + 6*B*a*b^2))/(6*n + 3) + (2*B*b^3*x^(4*n)*x^(3/2))/(8*n + 3) + (6*a*b*x^(2*n)*x^(3/2)*(A*b + B*a))/(4*n + 3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x}x(48x^{4n}b^4n^3 + 132x^{4n}b^4n^2 + 108x^{4n}b^4n + 27x^{4n}b^4 + 256x^{3n}ab^3n^3 + 672x^{3n}ab^3n^2 + 504x^{3n}ab^3n + 108x^{2n}a^2b^2n^3 + 1368x^{2n}a^2b^2n^2 + 864x^{2n}a^2b^2n + 162x^{2n}a^2b^2 + 768x^{2n}a^3bn^3 + 1248x^{2n}a^3bn^2 + 648x^{2n}a^3bn + 108x^{2n}a^3b + 128a^{4n}n^4 + 400a^{4n}n^3 + 420a^{4n}n^2 + 180a^{4n}n + 27a^{4n})}{3(128n^4 + 400n^3 + 420n^2 + 180n + 27)}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*x*(48*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**3 + 132*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**2 + 108*x**(4*n)*b**4*n + 27*x**(4*n)*b**4 + 256*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**3 + 672*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**2 + 504*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n + 108*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 576*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**3 + 1368*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**2 + 864*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n + 162*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 768*x**n*a**3*b*n**3 + 1248*x**n*a**3*b*n**2 + 648*x**n*a**3*b*n + 108*x**n*a**3*b + 128*a**4*n**4 + 400*a**4*n**3 + 420*a**4*n**2 + 180*a**4*n + 27*a**4))/(3*(128*n**4 + 400*n**3 + 420*n**2 + 180*n + 27))`

### 3.308 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	2318
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2318
Rubi [A] (verified)	2319
Maple [B] (verified)	2320
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2321
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2322
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2323
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2324
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2324
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2325

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2a^3 A \sqrt{x} + \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+n}}{1 + 2n} + \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{1 + 4n} + \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+3n}}{1 + 6n} + \frac{2b^3 Bx^{\frac{1}{2}+4n}}{1 + 8n}$$

output `2*a^3*A*x^(1/2)+2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2+n)/(1+2*n)+6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(1/2+2*n)/(1+4*n)+2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(1/2+3*n)/(1+6*n)+2*b^3*B*x^(1/2+4*n)/(1+8*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \left( a^3 A \sqrt{x} + \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+n}}{1 + 2n} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{1 + 4n} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{\frac{1}{2}+3n}}{1 + 6n} + \frac{b^3 Bx^{\frac{1}{2}+4n}}{1 + 8n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[x],x]`

output

$$2*(a^3*A*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^{(1/2 + n)})/(1 + 2*n) + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(1/2 + 2*n)})/(1 + 4*n) + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(1/2 + 3*n)})/(1 + 6*n) + (b^3*B*x^{(1/2 + 4*n)})/(1 + 8*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^3 A}{\sqrt{x}} + a^2 x^{n-\frac{1}{2}} (aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^{3n-\frac{1}{2}} (3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{2n-\frac{1}{2}} (aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{4n-\frac{1}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2a^3 A \sqrt{x} + \frac{2a^2 x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} (aB + 3Ab)}{2n + 1} + \frac{2b^2 x^{3n+\frac{1}{2}} (3aB + Ab)}{6n + 1} + \frac{6abx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} (aB + Ab)}{4n + 1} + \frac{2b^3 Bx^{4n+\frac{1}{2}}}{8n + 1}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n)/\text{Sqrt}[x], x]$$

output

$$2*a^3*A*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^{(1/2 + n)})/(1 + 2*n) + (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(1/2 + 2*n)})/(1 + 4*n) + (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(1/2 + 3*n)})/(1 + 6*n) + (2*b^3*B*x^{(1/2 + 4*n)})/(1 + 8*n)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1240 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1241, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.61

method	result	size
orering	Expression too large to display	1241

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2*x^(1/2)*(384*n^4+140*n^2+1)/(96*n^3+76*n^2+16*n+1)/(1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(
A+B*x^n)-40*x^2*(40*n^3-42*n^2+20*n-3)/(96*n^3+76*n^2+16*n+1)/(1+4*n)*(3*(
a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)*b*x^n*n+(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(3/2)-1/2*(a+b*
x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2))+80*x^3*(14*n^2-16*n+5)/(96*n^3+76*n^2+16*n+1)/(1
+4*n)*(6*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+6*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)
^2*n^2/x^(5/2)*b-6*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b*x^n*n+3*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+
B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b*x^n*n^2+(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^2/x^(5/2)-2*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n
*n/x^(5/2)+3/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2))-80*x^4*(-3+4*n)/(384*n^4+400
*n^3+140*n^2+20*n+1)*(6*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(7/2)*(A+B*x^n)+18*(a+b*x^n)*B*(
x^n)^3*n^3/x^(7/2)*b^2-27*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+18*(
a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3+18*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(
7/2)*b-27*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(7/2)*b+69/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/
x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n-27/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n^2+3*(a+b*x^n)^2
*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n^3+(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^3/x^(7/2)-9/2*(a+b*x^n)^3
*B*x^n*n^2/x^(7/2)+23/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(7/2)-15/8*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*
x^n)/x^(7/2))+32/(384*n^4+400*n^3+140*n^2+20*n+1)*x^5*(105/16*(a+b*x^n)^3*(
A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)+108*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^4/x^(9/2)*b^2+42*(a+b*x^n)^2*B
*(x^n)^2*n^4/x^(9/2)*b-48*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(9/2)*(A+B*x^n)-144*(a+b*x^n)*
B*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(9/2)*b^2-144*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3-
8*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^3/x^(9/2)+129*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(9/2)*b...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 330 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (48 Bb^3 n^3 + 44 Bb^3 n^2 + 12 Bb^3 n + Bb^3) \sqrt{x} x^{4n} + (3 Bab^2 + Ab^3 + 64 (3 Bab^2 + Ab^3) n^3 + 56 (3 Bab^2 \right.}{$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

2*((48*B*b^3*n^3 + 44*B*b^3*n^2 + 12*B*b^3*n + B*b^3)*sqrt(x)*x^(4*n) + (3
*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3 + 64*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^3 + 56*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^2
+ 14*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(3*n) + 3*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2 + 96*(
B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^3 + 76*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^2 + 16*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^
2)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(2*n) + (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b + 192*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^3 +
104*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^2 + 18*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^n + (38
4*A*a^3*n^4 + 400*A*a^3*n^3 + 140*A*a^3*n^2 + 20*A*a^3*n + A*a^3)*sqrt(x)
)/(384*n^4 + 400*n^3 + 140*n^2 + 20*n + 1)

```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = & 2Aa^3\sqrt{x} - 6Aa^2b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{xx}^n}{-2n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ \sqrt{xx}^n \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& - 6Aab^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{xx}^{2n}}{-4n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{4} \\ \sqrt{xx}^{2n} \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& - 2Ab^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{xx}^{3n}}{-6n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{6} \\ \sqrt{xx}^{3n} \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& - 2Ba^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{xx}^n}{-2n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ \sqrt{xx}^n \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& - 6Ba^2b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{xx}^{2n}}{-4n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{4} \\ \sqrt{xx}^{2n} \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& - 6Bab^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{xx}^{3n}}{-6n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{6} \\ \sqrt{xx}^{3n} \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& - 2Bb^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{xx}^{4n}}{-8n-1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{8} \\ \sqrt{xx}^{4n} \log\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**3*(A+B*x**n)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `2*A*a**3*sqrt(x) - 6*A*a**2*b*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**n/(-2*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/2)), (sqrt(x)*x**n*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 6*A*a*b**2*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**(2*n)/(-4*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/4)), (sqrt(x)*x**(2*n)*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 2*A*b**3*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**(3*n)/(-6*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/6)), (sqrt(x)*x**(3*n)*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 2*B*a**3*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**n/(-2*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/2)), (sqrt(x)*x**n*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 6*B*a**2*b*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**(2*n)/(-4*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/4)), (sqrt(x)*x**(2*n)*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 6*B*a*b**2*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**(3*n)/(-6*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/6)), (sqrt(x)*x**(3*n)*log(1/sqrt(x)), True)) - 2*B*b**3*Piecewise((sqrt(x)*x**(4*n)/(-8*n - 1), Ne(n, -1/8)), (sqrt(x)*x**(4*n)*log(1/sqrt(x)), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{4n+\frac{1}{2}}}{8n+1} + \frac{6Bab^2x^{3n+\frac{1}{2}}}{6n+1} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{3n+\frac{1}{2}}}{6n+1} + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n+1} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n+1} + \frac{2Ba^3x^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1} + \frac{6Aa^2bx^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*A*a^3*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b^3*x^(4*n + 1/2)/(8*n + 1) + 6*B*a*b^2*x^(3*n + 1/2)/(6*n + 1) + 2*A*b^3*x^(3*n + 1/2)/(6*n + 1) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^(2*n + 1/2)/(4*n + 1) + 6*A*a*b^2*x^(2*n + 1/2)/(4*n + 1) + 2*B*a^3*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1) + 6*A*a^2*b*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{2Bb^3x^{4n+\frac{1}{2}}}{8n+1} + \frac{6Bab^2x^{3n+\frac{1}{2}}}{6n+1} + \frac{2Ab^3x^{3n+\frac{1}{2}}}{6n+1} \\ + \frac{6Ba^2bx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n+1} + \frac{6Aab^2x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}}{4n+1} + \frac{2Ba^3x^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1} + \frac{6Aa^2bx^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{2n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*A*a^3*sqrt(x) + 2*B*b^3*x^(4*n + 1/2)/(8*n + 1) + 6*B*a*b^2*x^(3*n + 1/2)/(6*n + 1) + 2*A*b^3*x^(3*n + 1/2)/(6*n + 1) + 6*B*a^2*b*x^(2*n + 1/2)/(4*n + 1) + 6*A*a*b^2*x^(2*n + 1/2)/(4*n + 1) + 2*B*a^3*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1) + 6*A*a^2*b*x^(n + 1/2)/(2*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2Aa^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{x^n\sqrt{x}(2Ba^3 + 6Aba^2)}{2n+1} \\ + \frac{x^{3n}\sqrt{x}(2Ab^3 + 6Bab^2)}{6n+1} \\ + \frac{2Bb^3x^{4n}\sqrt{x}}{8n+1} + \frac{6abx^{2n}\sqrt{x}(Ab + Ba)}{4n+1}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^3)/x^(1/2),x)`

output `2*A*a^3*x^(1/2) + (x^n*x^(1/2)*(2*B*a^3 + 6*A*a^2*b))/(2*n + 1) + (x^(3*n)*x^(1/2)*(2*A*b^3 + 6*B*a*b^2))/(6*n + 1) + (2*B*b^3*x^(4*n)*x^(1/2))/(8*n + 1) + (6*a*b*x^(2*n)*x^(1/2)*(A*b + B*a))/(4*n + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x} (48x^{4n}b^4n^3 + 44x^{4n}b^4n^2 + 12x^{4n}b^4n + x^{4n}b^4 + 256x^{3n}ab^3n^3 + 224x^{3n}ab^3n^2 + 56x^{3n}ab^3n + 4x^{3n}ab^3 + 576x^{2n}a^2b^2n^3 + 456x^{2n}a^2b^2n^2 + 96x^{2n}a^2b^2n + 6x^{2n}a^2b^2 + 768x^{2n}a^3bn^3 + 416x^{2n}a^3bn^2 + 72x^{2n}a^3bn + 4x^{2n}a^3b + 384a^4n^4 + 400a^4n^3 + 140a^4n^2 + 20a^4n + a^4)}{(384n^4 + 400n^3 + 140n^2 + 20n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*(48*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**3 + 44*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**2 + 12*x**(4*n)*b**4*n + x**(4*n)*b**4 + 256*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**3 + 224*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**2 + 56*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 576*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**3 + 456*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**2 + 96*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n + 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 768*x**n*a**3*b*n**3 + 416*x**n*a**3*b*n**2 + 72*x**n*a**3*b*n + 4*x**n*a**3*b + 384*a**4*n**4 + 400*a**4*n**3 + 140*a**4*n**2 + 20*a**4*n + a**4))/(384*n**4 + 400*n**3 + 140*n**2 + 20*n + 1)`

### 3.309 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2326
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2326
Rubi [A] (verified)	2327
Maple [B] (verified)	2328
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2329
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2330
Maxima [F(-2)]	2331
Giac [F]	2331
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2332
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2332

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3 A}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+n}}{1 - 2n} - \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{1 - 4n} - \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+3n}}{1 - 6n} - \frac{2b^3 Bx^{-\frac{1}{2}+4n}}{1 - 8n}$$

output

```
-2*a^3*A/x^(1/2)-2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(-1/2+n)/(1-2*n)-6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(-1/2+2*n)/(1-4*n)-2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(-1/2+3*n)/(1-6*n)-2*b^3*B*x^(-1/2+4*n)/(1-8*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = 2 \left( -\frac{a^3 A}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+n}}{-1 + 2n} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+2n}}{-1 + 4n} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{-\frac{1}{2}+3n}}{-1 + 6n} + \frac{b^3 Bx^{-\frac{1}{2}+4n}}{-1 + 8n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n))/x^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$2*-\left(\frac{a^3 A}{\sqrt{x}}\right) + \left(\frac{a^2(3A*b + a*B)*x^{-1/2 + n}}{-1 + 2*n}\right) + \left(\frac{3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{-1/2 + 2*n}}{-1 + 4*n}\right) + \left(\frac{b^2(2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{-1/2 + 3*n})}{-1 + 6*n}\right) + \left(\frac{b^3*B*x^{-1/2 + 4*n}}{-1 + 8*n}\right)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^3 A}{x^{3/2}} + a^2 x^{n-\frac{3}{2}} (aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^{3n-\frac{3}{2}} (3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{2n-\frac{3}{2}} (aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{4n-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2a^3 A}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2a^2 x^{n-\frac{1}{2}} (aB + 3Ab)}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2b^2 x^{3n-\frac{1}{2}} (3aB + Ab)}{1 - 6n} - \frac{6abx^{2n-\frac{1}{2}} (aB + Ab)}{1 - 4n} - \frac{2b^3 Bx^{4n-\frac{1}{2}}}{1 - 8n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n)/x^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$\left(\frac{-2*a^3*A}{\sqrt{x}}\right) - \left(\frac{2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^{-1/2 + n}}{1 - 2*n}\right) - \left(\frac{6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{-1/2 + 2*n}}{1 - 4*n}\right) - \left(\frac{2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{-1/2 + 3*n}}{1 - 6*n}\right) - \left(\frac{2*b^3*B*x^{-1/2 + 4*n}}{1 - 8*n}\right)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1238 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1239, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.59

method	result	size
orering	Expression too large to display	1239

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2*(192*n^3-704*n^2+558*n-121)/x^(1/2)/(-1+4*n)/(48*n^2-14*n+1)*(a+b*x^n)^
3*(A+B*x^n)+40*x^2*(40*n^3-126*n^2+116*n-33)/(96*n^3-76*n^2+16*n-1)/(-1+4*
n)*(3*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)*b*x^n*n+(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(5/2)-3/
2*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2))-80*x^3*(14*n^2-32*n+17)/(96*n^3-76*n^2+16
*n-1)/(-1+4*n)*(6*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+6*(a+b*x^n)^
2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(7/2)*b-12*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n+3*(a+b*
x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n^2+(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^2/x^(7/2)-4*(a+b*x^
n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(7/2)+15/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2))+80*x^4*(-5+4*n)/(
384*n^4-400*n^3+140*n^2-20*n+1)*(6*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(9/2)*(A+B*x^n)+18*(a
+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(9/2)*b^2-45*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b^2*(x^n)
^2*n^2+18*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3+18*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^
n)^2*n^3/x^(9/2)*b-45*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(9/2)*b+213/4*(a+b*x^n)^
2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n-45/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n^2+3
*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n^3+(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^3/x^(9/2)-15/
2*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^2/x^(9/2)+71/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(9/2)-105/8*(a+
b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2))-32/(384*n^4-400*n^3+140*n^2-20*n+1)*x^5*(42*(a
+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^4-216*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^3/x
^(11/2)*b+309*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2-279*(a+b*x^n)^2
*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^n*n+108*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^4/x^(11/2)*b^2+945/1
6*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)-12*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^3/x^(11/2)+36*b...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2((48 Bb^3 n^3 - 44 Bb^3 n^2 + 12 Bb^3 n - Bb^3)\sqrt{xx^{4n}} - (3 Bab^2 + Ab^3 - 64(3$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

2*((48*B*b^3*n^3 - 44*B*b^3*n^2 + 12*B*b^3*n - B*b^3)*sqrt(x)*x^(4*n) - (3
*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3 - 64*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^3 + 56*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^2
- 14*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(3*n) - 3*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2 - 96*(
B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^3 + 76*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^2 - 16*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^
2)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(2*n) - (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b - 192*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^3 +
104*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^2 - 18*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^n - (38
4*A*a^3*n^4 - 400*A*a^3*n^3 + 140*A*a^3*n^2 - 20*A*a^3*n + A*a^3)*sqrt(x))
/((384*n^4 - 400*n^3 + 140*n^2 - 20*n + 1)*x)

```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = & -\frac{2Aa^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 3Aa^2b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{x}(n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{x^n \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& + 3Aab^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{2n}}{\sqrt{x}(2n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{x^{2n} \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Ab^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{3n}}{\sqrt{x}(3n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{6} \\ \frac{x^{3n} \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& + Ba^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{x}(n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{x^n \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + 3Ba^2b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{2n}}{\sqrt{x}(2n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{x^{2n} \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
& + 3Bab^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{3n}}{\sqrt{x}(3n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{6} \\ \frac{x^{3n} \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + Bb^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{4n}}{\sqrt{x}(4n-\frac{1}{2})} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{8} \\ \frac{x^{4n} \log(x)}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)**3*(A+B*x**n)/x**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
-2*A*a**3/sqrt(x) + 3*A*a**2*b*Piecewise((x**n/(sqrt(x)*(n - 1/2)), Ne(n,
1/2)), (x**n*log(x)/sqrt(x), True)) + 3*A*a*b**2*Piecewise((x**(2*n)/(sqrt
(x)*(2*n - 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/4)), (x**(2*n)*log(x)/sqrt(x), True)) + A*b**3*P
iecewise((x**(3*n)/(sqrt(x)*(3*n - 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/6)), (x**(3*n)*log(x)/sq
rt(x), True)) + B*a**3*Piecewise((x**n/(sqrt(x)*(n - 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/2)), (
x**n*log(x)/sqrt(x), True)) + 3*B*a**2*b*Piecewise((x**(2*n)/(sqrt(x)*(2*n
- 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/4)), (x**(2*n)*log(x)/sqrt(x), True)) + 3*B*a*b**2*Piece
wise((x**(3*n)/(sqrt(x)*(3*n - 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/6)), (x**(3*n)*log(x)/sqrt(x
), True)) + B*b**3*Piecewise((x**(4*n)/(sqrt(x)*(4*n - 1/2)), Ne(n, 1/8)),
(x**(4*n)*log(x)/sqrt(x), True))
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-3/2>0)', see `assume?` for mor
e details)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^3}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^3/x^(3/2), x)
```



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{B a^3 x^{n-\frac{1}{2}}}{n-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{2 A a^3}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2 A b^3 x^{3n-\frac{1}{2}}}{6n-1} + \frac{2 B b^3 x^{4n-\frac{1}{2}}}{8n-1} \\ + \frac{6 A a b^2 x^{2n-\frac{1}{2}}}{4n-1} + \frac{6 B a^2 b x^{2n-\frac{1}{2}}}{4n-1} + \frac{6 B a b^2 x^{3n-\frac{1}{2}}}{6n-1} + \frac{3 A a^2 b x^{n-\frac{1}{2}}}{n-\frac{1}{2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^3)/x^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(B*a^3*x^(n - 1/2))/(n - 1/2) - (2*A*a^3)/x^(1/2) + (2*A*b^3*x^(3*n - 1/2))
)/(6*n - 1) + (2*B*b^3*x^(4*n - 1/2))/(8*n - 1) + (6*A*a*b^2*x^(2*n - 1/2))
)/(4*n - 1) + (6*B*a^2*b*x^(2*n - 1/2))/(4*n - 1) + (6*B*a*b^2*x^(3*n - 1/2))
)/(6*n - 1) + (3*A*a^2*b*x^(n - 1/2))/(n - 1/2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{96x^{4n}b^4n^3 - 88x^{4n}b^4n^2 + 24x^{4n}b^4n - 2x^{4n}b^4 + 512x^{3n}ab^3n^3 - 448x^{3n}ab^3n^2 - 384x^{3n}ab^3n + 400x^{3n}ab^3 - 140x^{3n}ab^2 + 20x^{3n}ab - a^4}{\sqrt{x}(384n^4 - 400n^3 + 140n^2 - 20n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(48*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**3 - 44*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**2 + 12*x**(4*n)*b**4*n - x
**4*n)*b**4 + 256*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**3 - 224*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**2 + 56*x*
*(3*n)*a*b**3*n - 4*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 576*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**3 - 456*x*
*(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**2 + 96*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n - 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 7
68*x**n*a**3*b*n**3 - 416*x**n*a**3*b*n**2 + 72*x**n*a**3*b*n - 4*x**n*a**
3*b - 384*a**4*n**4 + 400*a**4*n**3 - 140*a**4*n**2 + 20*a**4*n - a**4))/(
sqrt(x)*(384*n**4 - 400*n**3 + 140*n**2 - 20*n + 1))
```

### 3.310 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2333
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2333
Rubi [A] (verified)	2334
Maple [B] (verified)	2335
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2336
Sympy [F(-1)]	2337
Maxima [F(-2)]	2337
Giac [F]	2338
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2338
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2338

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3 A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+n}}{3 - 2n} - \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{3 - 4n} - \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+3n}}{3(1 - 2n)} - \frac{2b^3 Bx^{-\frac{3}{2}+4n}}{3 - 8n}$$

output `-2/3*a^3*A/x^(3/2)-2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(-3/2+n)/(3-2*n)-6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(-3/2+2*n)/(3-4*n)-2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(-3/2+3*n)/(3-6*n)-2*b^3*B*x^(-3/2+4*n)/(3-8*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{a^3 A}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{3a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+n}}{-3 + 2n} + \frac{9ab(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+2n}}{-3 + 4n} + \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{-\frac{3}{2}+3n}}{-1 + 2n} + \frac{3b^3 Bx^{-\frac{3}{2}+4n}}{-3 + 8n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n))/x^(5/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(2*((a^3A)/x^{3/2}) + (3*a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{-3/2 + n})/(-3 + 2*n) + (9*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{-3/2 + 2*n})/(-3 + 4*n) + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{-3/2 + 3*n})/(-1 + 2*n) + (3*b^3*B*x^{-3/2 + 4*n})/(-3 + 8*n))}{3}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^3 A}{x^{5/2}} + a^2 x^{n-\frac{5}{2}} (aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^{3n-\frac{5}{2}} (3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{2n-\frac{5}{2}} (aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{4n-\frac{5}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^3 A}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2 x^{n-\frac{3}{2}} (aB + 3Ab)}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2b^2 x^{3n-\frac{3}{2}} (3aB + Ab)}{3(1 - 2n)} - \frac{6abx^{2n-\frac{3}{2}} (aB + Ab)}{3 - 4n} - \frac{2b^3 Bx^{4n-\frac{3}{2}}}{3 - 8n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n)/x^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*a^3*A)/(3*x^{3/2}) - (2*a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^{-3/2 + n})/(3 - 2*n) - (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{-3/2 + 2*n})/(3 - 4*n) - (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{-3/2 + 3*n})/(3*(1 - 2*n)) - (2*b^3*B*x^{-3/2 + 4*n})/(3 - 8*n)}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1248 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1249, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.32

method	result	size
orering	Expression too large to display	1249

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/9/x^(3/2)*(384*n^4-3200*n^3+6860*n^2-5440*n+1441)/(32*n^3-76*n^2+48*n-9
)/(-3+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)+40/9*x^2*(40*n^3-210*n^2+308*n-135)/(32*n
^3-76*n^2+48*n-9)/(-3+4*n)*(3*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)*b*x^n*n+(a+b*x
^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(7/2)-5/2*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2))-80/9*x^3*(14*n^2-
48*n+37)/(32*n^3-76*n^2+48*n-9)/(-3+4*n)*(6*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b^
2*(x^n)^2*n^2+6*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(9/2)*b-18*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^
n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n+3*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n^2+(a+b*x^n)^3*B
*x^n*n^2/x^(9/2)-6*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(9/2)+35/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/
x^(9/2))+80/9*x^4*(-7+4*n)/(128*n^4-400*n^3+420*n^2-180*n+27)*(6*b^3*(x^n)
^3*n^3/x^(11/2)*(A+B*x^n)+18*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(11/2)*b^2-63*(a+b*
x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+18*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b^
2*(x^n)^2*n^3+18*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(11/2)*b-63*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^
n)^2*n^2/x^(11/2)*b+429/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^n*n-63/2*(a+b
*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^n*n^2+3*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^
n*n^3+(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^3/x^(11/2)-21/2*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^2/x^(11/2)+1
43/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(11/2)-315/8*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2))-32
/9/(128*n^4-400*n^3+420*n^2-180*n+27)*x^5*(42*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^4/x^
(13/2)*b-96*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(13/2)*(A+B*x^n)-288*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^3
/x^(13/2)*b^2-288*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(13/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3+561*(a+b*x^
n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(13/2)*b+108*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^4/x^(13/2)*b^2+...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} (3(16 Bb^3 n^3 - 44 Bb^3 n^2 + 36 Bb^3 n - 9 Bb^3) \sqrt{ax^{4n}} - (81 Bab^2 + 27 Ab^3$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3*(3*(16*B*b^3*n^3 - 44*B*b^3*n^2 + 36*B*b^3*n - 9*B*b^3)*sqrt(x)*x^(4*n)
) - (81*B*a*b^2 + 27*A*b^3 - 64*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^3 + 168*(3*B*a*b^2 +
A*b^3)*n^2 - 126*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(3*n) - 9*(9*B*a^2*b +
9*A*a*b^2 - 32*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^3 + 76*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^2 - 48*(
B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(2*n) - 3*(9*B*a^3 + 27*A*a^2*b - 64*(B*a^
3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^3 + 104*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^2 - 54*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*
n)*sqrt(x)*x^n - (128*A*a^3*n^4 - 400*A*a^3*n^3 + 420*A*a^3*n^2 - 180*A*a^
3*n + 27*A*a^3)*sqrt(x))/((128*n^4 - 400*n^3 + 420*n^2 - 180*n + 27)*x^2)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)**3*(A+B*x**n)/x**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-5/2>0)', see `assume?` for mor
e details)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^3}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^3/x^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{B a^3 x^{n-\frac{3}{2}}}{n - \frac{3}{2}} - \frac{2 A a^3}{3 x^{3/2}} + \frac{2 A b^3 x^{3n-\frac{3}{2}}}{3 (2n - 1)} + \frac{2 B b^3 x^{4n-\frac{3}{2}}}{8n - 3}$$

$$+ \frac{6 A a b^2 x^{2n-\frac{3}{2}}}{4n - 3} + \frac{2 B a b^2 x^{3n-\frac{3}{2}}}{2n - 1} + \frac{6 B a^2 b x^{2n-\frac{3}{2}}}{4n - 3} + \frac{3 A a^2 b x^{n-\frac{3}{2}}}{n - \frac{3}{2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^3)/x^(5/2),x)`

output `(B*a^3*x^(n - 3/2))/(n - 3/2) - (2*A*a^3)/(3*x^(3/2)) + (2*A*b^3*x^(3*n - 3/2))/(3*(2*n - 1)) + (2*B*b^3*x^(4*n - 3/2))/(8*n - 3) + (6*A*a*b^2*x^(2*n - 3/2))/(4*n - 3) + (2*B*a*b^2*x^(3*n - 3/2))/(2*n - 1) + (6*B*a^2*b*x^(2*n - 3/2))/(4*n - 3) + (3*A*a^2*b*x^(n - 3/2))/(n - 3/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{32x^{4n}b^4n^3 - 88x^{4n}b^4n^2 + 72x^{4n}b^4n - 18x^{4n}b^4 + \frac{512x^{3n}ab^3n^3}{3} - 448x^{3n}ab^3n^2}{x^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(48*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**3 - 132*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**2 + 108*x**(4*n)*b**4*n -
27*x**(4*n)*b**4 + 256*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**3 - 672*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**2 +
504*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n - 108*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 576*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**3
- 1368*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**2 + 864*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n - 162*x**(2*n)*a
**2*b**2 + 768*x**n*a**3*b*n**3 - 1248*x**n*a**3*b*n**2 + 648*x**n*a**3*b*
n - 108*x**n*a**3*b - 128*a**4*n**4 + 400*a**4*n**3 - 420*a**4*n**2 + 180*
a**4*n - 27*a**4))/(3*sqrt(x)*x*(128*n**4 - 400*n**3 + 420*n**2 - 180*n +
27))
```



### 3.311 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3(A+Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2340
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2340
Rubi [A] (verified)	2341
Maple [B] (verified)	2342
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2343
Sympy [F(-1)]	2344
Maxima [F(-2)]	2344
Giac [F]	2345
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2345
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2345

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 - 2n} - \frac{6ab(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 - 4n} - \frac{2b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+3n}}{5 - 6n} - \frac{2b^3 Bx^{-\frac{5}{2}+4n}}{5 - 8n}$$

output

```
-2/5*a^3*A/x^(5/2)-2*a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^(-5/2+n)/(5-2*n)-6*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(-5/2+2*n)/(5-4*n)-2*b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(-5/2+3*n)/(5-6*n)-2*b^3*B*x^(-5/2+4*n)/(5-8*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = 2 \left( -\frac{a^3 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{a^2(3Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+n}}{5 - 2n} - \frac{3ab(Ab + aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+2n}}{5 - 4n} - \frac{b^2(Ab + 3aB)x^{-\frac{5}{2}+3n}}{5 - 6n} - \frac{b^3 Bx^{-\frac{5}{2}+4n}}{5 - 8n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n))/x^(7/2),x]
```

output

$$2*(-1/5*(a^3A)/x^{(5/2)} - (a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + n)})/(5 - 2*n) - (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + 2*n)})/(5 - 4*n) - (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + 3*n)})/(5 - 6*n) - (b^3*B*x^{(-5/2 + 4*n)})/(5 - 8*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int \left( \frac{a^3 A}{x^{7/2}} + a^2 x^{n-\frac{7}{2}} (aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^{3n-\frac{7}{2}} (3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{2n-\frac{7}{2}} (aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{4n-\frac{7}{2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^3 A}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2a^2 x^{n-\frac{5}{2}} (aB + 3Ab)}{5 - 2n} - \frac{2b^2 x^{3n-\frac{5}{2}} (3aB + Ab)}{5 - 6n} - \frac{6abx^{2n-\frac{5}{2}} (aB + Ab)}{5 - 4n} - \frac{2b^3 Bx^{4n-\frac{5}{2}}}{5 - 8n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n)/x^(7/2), x]$$

output

$$(-2*a^3A)/(5*x^{(5/2)}) - (2*a^2*(3A*b + a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + n)})/(5 - 2*n) - (6*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + 2*n)})/(5 - 4*n) - (2*b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^{(-5/2 + 3*n)})/(5 - 6*n) - (2*b^3*B*x^{(-5/2 + 4*n)})/(5 - 8*n)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1248 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1249, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.50

method	result	size
orering	Expression too large to display	1249

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/5/x^(5/2)*(384*n^4-4800*n^3+15260*n^2-17760*n+6841)/(96*n^3-380*n^2+400
*n-125)/(-5+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)+8*x^2*(40*n^3-294*n^2+596*n-357)/(9
6*n^3-380*n^2+400*n-125)/(-5+4*n)*(3*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2)*b*x^n*n
+(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(9/2)-7/2*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(9/2))-16*x^3*(14
*n^2-64*n+65)/(96*n^3-380*n^2+400*n-125)/(-5+4*n)*(6*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x
^(11/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+6*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(11/2)*b-24*(a+b*x^n
)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^n*n+3*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2)*b*x^n*n^2+
(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^2/x^(11/2)-8*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(11/2)+63/4*(a+b*x^n
)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(11/2))+16*x^4*(-9+4*n)/(384*n^4-2000*n^3+3500*n^2-2500*n
+625)*(6*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(13/2)*(A+B*x^n)+18*(a+b*x^n)*B*(x^n)^3*n^3/x^(
13/2)*b^2-81*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(13/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+18*(a+b*x^n)*(A+
B*x^n)/x^(13/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^3+18*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^3/x^(13/2)*b-81
*(a+b*x^n)^2*B*(x^n)^2*n^2/x^(13/2)*b+717/4*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(13/2)
*b*x^n*n-81/2*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(13/2)*b*x^n*n^2+3*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*
x^n)/x^(13/2)*b*x^n*n^3+(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n^3/x^(13/2)-27/2*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*
x^n*n^2/x^(13/2)+239/4*(a+b*x^n)^3*B*x^n*n/x^(13/2)-693/8*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B
*x^n)/x^(13/2))-32/5/(384*n^4-2000*n^3+3500*n^2-2500*n+625)*x^5*(885*(a+b*
x^n)*(A+B*x^n)/x^(15/2)*b^2*(x^n)^2*n^2+9009/16*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1
5/2)+36*b^3*(x^n)^3*n^4/x^(15/2)*(A+B*x^n)+24*b^3*(x^n)^4*n^4/x^(15/2)*B-6
0*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(15/2)*b*x^n*n^3+3*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n)/x^(1...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(5(48Bb^3n^3 - 220Bb^3n^2 + 300Bb^3n - 125Bb^3)\sqrt{xx^{4n}} - 5(375Bab^2 +$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/5*(5*(48*B*b^3*n^3 - 220*B*b^3*n^2 + 300*B*b^3*n - 125*B*b^3)*sqrt(x)*x^(4*n) - 5*(375*B*a*b^2 + 125*A*b^3 - 64*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^3 + 280*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n^2 - 350*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(3*n) - 15*(125*B*a^2*b + 125*A*a*b^2 - 96*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^3 + 380*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n^2 - 400*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^(2*n) - 5*(125*B*a^3 + 375*A*a^2*b - 192*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^3 + 520*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n^2 - 450*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*n)*sqrt(x)*x^n - (384*A*a^3*n^4 - 2000*A*a^3*n^3 + 3500*A*a^3*n^2 - 2500*A*a^3*n + 625*A*a^3)*sqrt(x))/((384*n^4 - 2000*n^3 + 3500*n^2 - 2500*n + 625)*x^3)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)**3*(A+B*x**n)/x**(7/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-7/2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^3}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^3/x^(7/2), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{B a^3 x^{n-\frac{5}{2}}}{n - \frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2 A a^3}{5 x^{5/2}} + \frac{2 A b^3 x^{3n-\frac{5}{2}}}{6n - 5} + \frac{2 B b^3 x^{4n-\frac{5}{2}}}{8n - 5}$$

$$+ \frac{6 A a b^2 x^{2n-\frac{5}{2}}}{4n - 5} + \frac{6 B a^2 b x^{2n-\frac{5}{2}}}{4n - 5} + \frac{6 B a b^2 x^{3n-\frac{5}{2}}}{6n - 5} + \frac{3 A a^2 b x^{n-\frac{5}{2}}}{n - \frac{5}{2}}$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^3)/x^(7/2),x)`

output `(B*a^3*x^(n - 5/2))/(n - 5/2) - (2*A*a^3)/(5*x^(5/2)) + (2*A*b^3*x^(3*n - 5/2))/(6*n - 5) + (2*B*b^3*x^(4*n - 5/2))/(8*n - 5) + (6*A*a*b^2*x^(2*n - 5/2))/(4*n - 5) + (6*B*a^2*b*x^(2*n - 5/2))/(4*n - 5) + (6*B*a*b^2*x^(3*n - 5/2))/(6*n - 5) + (3*A*a^2*b*x^(n - 5/2))/(n - 5/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n)}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{96x^{4n}b^4n^3 - 440x^{4n}b^4n^2 + 600x^{4n}b^4n - 250x^{4n}b^4 + 512x^{3n}a b^3n^3 - 2240x^{3n}a b^3n^2 + 1280x^{3n}a b^3n - 256x^{3n}a b^3 + 128x^{2n}a^2 b^2n^3 - 1280x^{2n}a^2 b^2n^2 + 5120x^{2n}a^2 b^2n - 1280x^{2n}a^2 b^2 + 128x^{n+5/2}a^3n^3 - 1280x^{n+5/2}a^3n^2 + 5120x^{n+5/2}a^3n - 1280x^{n+5/2}a^3 + 128x^{n+5/2}a^2 b n^3 - 1280x^{n+5/2}a^2 b n^2 + 5120x^{n+5/2}a^2 b n - 1280x^{n+5/2}a^2 b + 128x^{n+5/2}a b^2 n^3 - 1280x^{n+5/2}a b^2 n^2 + 5120x^{n+5/2}a b^2 n - 1280x^{n+5/2}a b^2 + 128x^{n+5/2}a b n^3 - 1280x^{n+5/2}a b n^2 + 5120x^{n+5/2}a b n - 1280x^{n+5/2}a b + 128x^{n+5/2}a n^3 - 1280x^{n+5/2}a n^2 + 5120x^{n+5/2}a n - 1280x^{n+5/2}a + 128x^{n+5/2}b n^3 - 1280x^{n+5/2}b n^2 + 5120x^{n+5/2}b n - 1280x^{n+5/2}b + 128x^{n+5/2}n^3 - 1280x^{n+5/2}n^2 + 5120x^{n+5/2}n - 1280x^{n+5/2}}{x^{7/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(240*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**3 - 1100*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**2 + 1500*x**(4*n)*b**4*
n - 625*x**(4*n)*b**4 + 1280*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**3 - 5600*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n
**2 + 7000*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n - 2500*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 2880*x**(2*n)*a**2*b
**2*n**3 - 11400*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**2 + 12000*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n - 37
50*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 3840*x**n*a**3*b*n**3 - 10400*x**n*a**3*b*n**2 + 9
000*x**n*a**3*b*n - 2500*x**n*a**3*b - 384*a**4*n**4 + 2000*a**4*n**3 - 35
00*a**4*n**2 + 2500*a**4*n - 625*a**4))/(5*sqrt(x)*x**2*(384*n**4 - 2000*n
**3 + 3500*n**2 - 2500*n + 625))
```

### 3.312 $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	2347
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2347
Rubi [A] (verified)	2348
Maple [F]	2349
Fricas [F]	2349
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2350
Maxima [F]	2350
Giac [F]	2351
Mupad [F(-1)]	2351
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2351

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)x^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5ab}$$

output `2/5*B*x^(5/2)/b+2/5*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)*hypergeom([1, 5/2/n], [1+5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}(aB + (Ab - aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{5ab}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(2*x^(5/2)*(a*B + (A*b - a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(5*a*b)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{bx^n + a} dx}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2x^{5/2}(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5ab} + \frac{2Bx^{5/2}}{5b}$$

input `Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(2*B*x^(5/2))/(5*b) + (2*(A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(5*a*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x*x^n + A*x)*sqrt(x)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{5Aa^{5/2n} a^{-1-\frac{5}{2n}} x^{\frac{5}{2}} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{5}{2n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2n}\right)}{2n^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-2-\frac{5}{2n}} a^{1+\frac{5}{2n}} x^{n+\frac{5}{2}} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)} + \frac{5Ba^{-2-\frac{5}{2n}} a^{1+\frac{5}{2n}} x^{n+\frac{5}{2}} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)}{2n^2 \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `5*A*a**(5/(2*n))*a**(-1 - 5/(2*n))*x**(5/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 5/(2*n))*gamma(5/(2*n))/(2*n**2*gamma(1 + 5/(2*n))) + B*a**(-2 - 5/(2*n))*a**(1 + 5/(2*n))*x**(n + 5/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 5/(2*n))*gamma(1 + 5/(2*n))/(n*gamma(2 + 5/(2*n))) + 5*B*a**(-2 - 5/(2*n))*a**(1 + 5/(2*n))*x**(n + 5/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 5/(2*n))*gamma(1 + 5/(2*n))/(2*n**2*gamma(2 + 5/(2*n)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(B*a^2*n - A*a*b*n)*integrate(x^(3/2)/(b^3*(2*n - 5)*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*(2*n - 5)*x^n + a^2*b*(2*n - 5)), x) + 2/5*(B*b*(2*n - 5)*x*x^n + (2*B*a*n - 5*A*b)*x)*x^(3/2)/(b^2*(2*n - 5)*x^n + a*b*(2*n - 5))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^(3/2)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x^2}{5}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x**2)/5`

### 3.313 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	2352
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2352
Rubi [A] (verified)	2353
Maple [F]	2354
Fricas [F]	2354
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2355
Maxima [F]	2355
Giac [F]	2356
Mupad [F(-1)]	2356
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2356

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b} + \frac{2(Ab-aB)x^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3ab}$$

output

$2/3*B*x^{(3/2)}/b+2/3*(A*b-B*a)*x^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, 3/2/n], [1+3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}(aB+(Ab-aB)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{3ab}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]*(A+B*x^n))/(a+b*x^n), x]$

output

$(2*x^{(3/2)}*(a*B+(A*b-a*B)*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 3/(2*n), 1+3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(3*a*b)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{bx^n + a} dx}{b} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2x^{3/2}(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3ab} + \frac{2Bx^{3/2}}{3b}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(2*B*x^(3/2))/(3*b) + (2*(A*b - a*B)*x^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*a*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{x}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{3Aa^{\frac{3}{2n}} a^{-1 - \frac{3}{2n}} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{3}{2n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2n}\right)}{2n^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-2 - \frac{3}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{3}{2n}} x^{n + \frac{3}{2}} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{3Ba^{-2 - \frac{3}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{3}{2n}} x^{n + \frac{3}{2}} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)}{2n^2 \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n), x)`

output `3*A*a**(3/(2*n))*a**(-1 - 3/(2*n))*x**(3/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/(2*n))*gamma(3/(2*n))/(2*n**2*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) + B*a**(-2 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*x**(n + 3/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/(2*n))*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))/(n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n))) + 3*B*a**(-2 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*x**(n + 3/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/(2*n))*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))/(2*n**2*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{x}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(B*a^2*n - A*a*b*n)*integrate(sqrt(x)/(b^3*(2*n - 3)*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*(2*n - 3)*x^n + a^2*b*(2*n - 3)), x) + 2/3*(B*b*(2*n - 3)*x*x^n + (2*B*a*n - 3*A*b)*x)*sqrt(x)/(b^2*(2*n - 3)*x^n + a*b*(2*n - 3))`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{x}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x}{3}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*x)/3`

### 3.314 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2357
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2357
Rubi [A] (verified)	2358
Maple [F]	2359
Fricas [F]	2359
Sympy [F]	2360
Maxima [F]	2360
Giac [F]	2360
Mupad [F(-1)]	2361
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2361

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)\sqrt{x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab}$$

output `2*B*x^(1/2)/b+2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, 1/2/n],[1+1/2/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(aB + (Ab - aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{ab}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[x]*(a*B + (A*b - a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1/(2*n), 1 + 1/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(a*b)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(bx^n + a)} dx}{b} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab} + \frac{2B\sqrt{x}}{b}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[x])/b + (2*(A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b*x*x^n + a*x), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(1/2)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x**n)/(sqrt(x)*(a + b*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(B*a^2*n - A*a*b*n)*integrate(1/((b^3*(2*n - 1)*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*(2*n - 1)*x^n + a^2*b*(2*n - 1))*sqrt(x)), x) + 2*(B*b*(2*n - 1)*x*x^n + (2*B*a*n - A*b)*x)/((b^2*(2*n - 1)*x^n + a*b*(2*n - 1))*sqrt(x))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)*sqrt(x)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} dx = 2\sqrt{x}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `2*sqrt(x)`

### 3.315 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2362
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2362
Rubi [A] (verified)	2363
Maple [F]	2364
Fricas [F]	2364
Sympy [F]	2364
Maxima [F]	2365
Giac [F]	2365
Mupad [F(-1)]	2365
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2366

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{2B}{b\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(Ab - aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab\sqrt{x}}$$

output `-2*B/b/x^(1/2)-2*(A*b-B*a)*hypergeom([1, -1/2/n], [1-1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b/x^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{-2aB + (-2Ab + 2aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)), x]`

output `(-2*a*B + (-2*A*b + 2*a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*b*Sqrt[x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(bx^n + a)} dx}{b} - \frac{2B}{b\sqrt{x}}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{2(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2B}{b\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output

`(-2*B)/(b*Sqrt[x]) - (2*(A*b - a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*b*Sqrt[x])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

`Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`



rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b*x^2*x^n + a*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(3/2)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x**n)/(x**(3/2)*(a + b*x**n)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(B*a^2*n - A*a*b*n)*integrate(1/((b^3*(2*n + 1)*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*(2*n + 1)*x^n + a^2*b*(2*n + 1))*x^(3/2)), x) - 2*(B*b*(2*n + 1)*x*x^n + (2*B*a*n + A*b)*x)/((b^2*(2*n + 1)*x^n + a*b*(2*n + 1))*x^(3/2))`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)*x^(3/2)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - 2)/sqrt(x)`

### 3.316 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2367
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2367
Rubi [A] (verified)	2368
Maple [F]	2369
Fricas [F]	2369
Sympy [F]	2370
Maxima [F]	2370
Giac [F]	2370
Mupad [F(-1)]	2371
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2371

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{2B}{3bx^{3/2}} - \frac{2(Ab - aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3abx^{3/2}}$$

output `-2/3*B/b/x^(3/2)-2/3*(A*b-B*a)*hypergeom([1, -3/2/n],[1-3/2/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/b/x^(3/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{-2aB + (-2Ab + 2aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3abx^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(-2*a*B + (-2*A*b + 2*a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(3*a*b*x^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(bx^n + a)} dx}{b} - \frac{2B}{3bx^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$-\frac{2(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3abx^{3/2}} - \frac{2B}{3bx^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(-2*B)/(3*b*x^(3/2)) - (2*(A*b - a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(3*a*b*x^(3/2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b*x^3*x^n + a*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(5/2)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x**n)/(x**(5/2)*(a + b*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(B*a^2*n - A*a*b*n)*integrate(1/((b^3*(2*n + 3)*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*(2*n + 3)*x^n + a^2*b*(2*n + 3))*x^(5/2)), x) - 2/3*(B*b*(2*n + 3)*x*x^n + (2*B*a*n + 3*A*b)*x)/((b^2*(2*n + 3)*x^n + a*b*(2*n + 3))*x^(5/2))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)*x^(5/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `( - 2)/(3*sqrt(x)*x)`



### 3.317 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2372
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2372
Rubi [A] (verified)	2373
Maple [F]	2374
Fricas [F]	2374
Sympy [F]	2375
Maxima [F]	2375
Giac [F]	2375
Mupad [F(-1)]	2376
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2376

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{2B}{5bx^{5/2}} - \frac{2(Ab - aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{5}{2n}, 1 - \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5abx^{5/2}}$$

output `-2/5*B/b/x^(5/2)-2/5*(A*b-B*a)*hypergeom([1, -5/2/n], [1-5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b/x^(5/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \frac{-2aB + (-2Ab + 2aB) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{5}{2n}, 1 - \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5abx^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)), x]`

output `(-2*a*B + (-2*A*b + 2*a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -5/(2*n), 1 - 5/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(5*a*b*x^(5/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(bx^n + a)} dx}{b} - \frac{2B}{5bx^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$-\frac{2(Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{5}{2n}, 1 - \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5abx^{5/2}} - \frac{2B}{5bx^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)), x]`

output `(-2*B)/(5*b*x^(5/2)) - (2*(A*b - a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -5/(2*n), 1 - 5/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(5*a*b*x^(5/2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b*x^4*x^n + a*x^4), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(7/2)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*x**n)/(x**(7/2)*(a + b*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(B*a^2*n - A*a*b*n)*integrate(1/((b^3*(2*n + 5)*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*(2*n + 5)*x^n + a^2*b*(2*n + 5))*x^(7/2)), x) - 2/5*(B*b*(2*n + 5)*x*x^n + (2*B*a*n + 5*A*b)*x)/((b^2*(2*n + 5)*x^n + a*b*(2*n + 5))*x^(7/2))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)*x^(7/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)} dx = -\frac{2}{5\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `( - 2)/(5*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

**3.318**  $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2377
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2377
Rubi [A] (verified)	2378
Maple [F]	2379
Fricas [F]	2379
Sympy [F(-1)]	2380
Maxima [F]	2380
Giac [F]	2380
Mupad [F(-1)]	2381
Reduce [F]	2381

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)x^{5/2}}{abn(a + bx^n)} + \frac{(5aB - Ab(5 - 2n))x^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5a^2bn}$$

output `(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)+1/5*(5*B*a-A*b*(5-2*n))*x^(5/2)*hypergeom([1, 5/2/n],[1+5/2/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{5/2} \left( -\frac{5a(-Ab+aB)}{a+bx^n} + (5aB + Ab(-5 + 2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) \right)}{5a^2bn}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output

```
(x^(5/2)*((-5*a*(-A*b) + a*B))/(a + b*x^n) + (5*a*B + A*b*(-5 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(5*a^2*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{(5aB - Ab(5 - 2n)) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{bx^n + a} dx}{2abn} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(5aB - Ab(5 - 2n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5a^2bn} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n) + ((5*a*B - A*b*(5 - 2*n))*x^(5/2))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(5*a^2*b*n)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x*x^n + A*x)*sqrt(x)/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4*((2*n^2 - 5*n)*A*a*b + 5*B*a^2*n)*integrate(x^(3/2)/((8*n^2 - 30*n + 25)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(8*n^2 - 30*n + 25)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(8*n^2 - 30*n + 25)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 - 30*n + 25)*a^3*b), x) - 2*(B*b*(4*n - 5)*x*x^n + (A*b*(2*n - 5) + 4*B*a*n)*x)*x^(3/2)/((8*n^2 - 30*n + 25)*b^3*x^(2*n) + 2*(8*n^2 - 30*n + 25)*a*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 - 30*n + 25)*a^2*b)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^(3/2)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}x}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `int((sqrt(x)*x)/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.319 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2382
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2382
Rubi [A] (verified)	2383
Maple [F]	2384
Fricas [F]	2384
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2385
Maxima [F]	2386
Giac [F]	2386
Mupad [F(-1)]	2386
Reduce [F]	2387

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{abn(a+bx^n)} + \frac{(3aB-Ab(3-2n))x^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2n}, 1+\frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2bn}$$

```
output (A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)+1/3*(3*B*a-A*b*(3-2*n))*x^(3/2)*hypergeo
m([1, 3/2/n],[1+3/2/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{3/2} \left( -\frac{3a(-Ab+aB)}{a+bx^n} + (3aB+Ab(-3+2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2n}, 1+\frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) \right)}{3a^2bn}$$

```
input Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x^n))/(a+b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^{3/2} * ((-3*a*(-A*b) + a*B)) / (a + b*x^n) + (3*a*B + A*b*(-3 + 2*n)) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])}{3*a^2*b*n}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{957}$$

$$\frac{(3aB - Ab(3 - 2n)) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{bx^n + a} dx}{2abn} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^{3/2}(3aB - Ab(3 - 2n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2bn} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((A*b - a*B)*x^{3/2})/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)) + ((3*a*B - A*b*(3 - 2*n))*x^{3/2} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])}{3*a^2*b*n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{x}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 932, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
A*(6*a*a**(3/(2*n))*a**(-2 - 3/(2*n))*n*x**(3/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/(2*n))*gamma(3/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) + 6*a*a**(3/(2*n))*a**(-2 - 3/(2*n))*n*x**(3/2)*gamma(3/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) - 9*a*a**(3/(2*n))*a**(-2 - 3/(2*n))*x**(3/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/(2*n))*gamma(3/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) + 6*a*a**(3/(2*n))*a**(-2 - 3/(2*n))*b*n*x**3/2*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/(2*n))*gamma(3/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) - 9*a**(3/(2*n))*a**(-2 - 3/(2*n))*b*x**(3/2)*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3/(2*n))*gamma(3/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) + B*(4*a*a**(-3 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*n**2*x**(n + 3/2)*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n))) - 6*a*a**(-3 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*n*x**(n + 3/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/(2*n))*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n))) + 6*a*a**(-3 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*n*x**(n + 3/2)*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n))) - 9*a*a**(-3 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*x**(n + 3/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/(2*n))*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{x}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4*((2*n^2 - 3*n)*A*a*b + 3*B*a^2*n)*integrate(sqrt(x)/((8*n^2 - 18*n + 9)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(8*n^2 - 18*n + 9)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(8*n^2 - 18*n + 9)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 - 18*n + 9)*a^3*b), x) - 2*(B*b*(4*n - 3)*x*x^n + (A*b*(2*n - 3) + 4*B*a*n)*x)*sqrt(x)/((8*n^2 - 18*n + 9)*b^3*x^(2*n) + 2*(8*n^2 - 18*n + 9)*a*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 - 18*n + 9)*a^2*b)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{x}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(x)/(x**n*b + a),x)`



**3.320**       $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2388
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2388
Rubi [A] (verified)	2389
Maple [F]	2390
Fricas [F]	2390
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2391
Maxima [F]	2392
Giac [F]	2392
Mupad [F(-1)]	2392
Reduce [F]	2393

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)\sqrt{x}}{abn(a + bx^n)} + \frac{(aB - Ab(1 - 2n))\sqrt{x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bn}$$

output (A\*b-B\*a)\*x^(1/2)/a/b/n/(a+b\*x^n)+(B\*a-A\*b\*(1-2\*n))\*x^(1/2)\*hypergeom([1, 1/2/n], [1+1/2/n], -b\*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(a(Ab - aB) + (aB + Ab(-1 + 2n))(a + bx^n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bn(a + bx^n)}$$

input Integrate[(A + B\*x^n)/(Sqrt[x]\*(a + b\*x^n)^2), x]

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(a*(A*b - a*B) + (a*B + A*b*(-1 + 2*n))*(a + b*x^n)*Hypergeometri
c2F1[1, 1/(2*n), 1 + 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(a^2*b*n*(a + b*x^n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{(aB - Ab(1 - 2n)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(bx^n + a)} dx}{2abn} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}(aB - Ab(1 - 2n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bn} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)) + ((a*B - A*b*(1 - 2*n))*Sqrt[x]
*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*b*n)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x} (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 \sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b^2*x*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x*x^n + a^2*x), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 52.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 925, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.51

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(1/2)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
A*(2*a*a**(1/(2*n))*a**(-2 - 1/(2*n))*n*sqrt(x)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/(2*n))*gamma(1/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) + 2*a*a**(1/(2*n))*a**(-2 - 1/(2*n))*n*sqrt(x)*gamma(1/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) - a*a**(1/(2*n))*a**(-2 - 1/(2*n))*sqrt(x)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/(2*n))*gamma(1/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) + 2*a**(1/(2*n))*a**(-2 - 1/(2*n))*b*n*sqrt(x)*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/(2*n))*gamma(1/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) - a**(1/(2*n))*a**(-2 - 1/(2*n))*b*sqrt(x)*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/(2*n))*gamma(1/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) + B*(4*a*a**(-3 - 1/(2*n))*a**(1 + 1/(2*n))*n**2*x**(n + 1/2)*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n))) - 2*a*a**(-3 - 1/(2*n))*a**(1 + 1/(2*n))*n*x**(n + 1/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 1/(2*n))*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n))) + 2*a*a**(-3 - 1/(2*n))*a**(1 + 1/(2*n))*n*x**(n + 1/2)*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n))) - a*a**(-3 - 1/(2*n))*a**(1 + 1/(2*n))*x**(n + 1/2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 1/(2*n))*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))/(4*a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n)) + 4*b*n**3*x**n*gamma(...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 \sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4*((2*n^2 - n)*A*a*b + B*a^2*n)*integrate(1/(((8*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(8*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(8*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*a^3*b)*sqrt(x)), x) - 2*(B*b*(4*n - 1)*x*x^n + (A*b*(2*n - 1) + 4*B*a*n)*x)/(((8*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*b^3*x^(2*n) + 2*(8*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*a*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 \sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^2*sqrt(x)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+\frac{1}{2}}b + \sqrt{x}a} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**((2*n + 1)/2)*b + sqrt(x)*a),x)`

### 3.321 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2394
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2394
Rubi [A] (verified)	2395
Maple [F]	2396
Fricas [F]	2396
Sympy [F(-1)]	2397
Maxima [F]	2397
Giac [F]	2397
Mupad [F(-1)]	2398
Reduce [F]	2398

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{abn\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} + \frac{(aB - A(b + 2bn)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bn\sqrt{x}}$$

output  $(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x^{(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)}+(B*a-A*(2*b*n+b))*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, -1/2/n], [1-1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n/x^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{a(Ab - aB) + (aB - A(b + 2bn))(a + bx^n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bn\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)}$$

input  $\operatorname{Integrate}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]$

output  $(a*(A*b - a*B) + (a*B - A*(b + 2*b*n))*(a + b*x^n)*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*b*n*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*x^n))$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{abn\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)} - \frac{(aB - A(2bn + b)) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(bx^n + a)} dx}{2abn}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(aB - A(2bn + b)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bn\sqrt{x}} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abn\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*n*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)) + ((a*B - A*(b + 2*b*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/ (a^2*b*n*Sqrt[x])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```



rule 957

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^2*x^n + a^2*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(3/2)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4*((2*n^2 + n)*A*a*b - B*a^2*n)*integrate(1/(((8*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(8*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(8*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*a^3*b)*x^(3/2)), x) - 2*(B*b*(4*n + 1)*x*x^n + (A*b*(2*n + 1) + 4*B*a*n)*x)/(((8*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*b^3*x^(2*n) + 2*(8*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*a*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*a^2*b)*x^(3/2))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^2*x^(3/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} bx + \sqrt{x} ax} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2, x)`

output `int(1/(x**((2*n + 1)/2)*b*x + sqrt(x)*a*x), x)`

**3.322**  $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2399
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2399
Rubi [A] (verified)	2400
Maple [F]	2401
Fricas [F]	2401
Sympy [F(-1)]	2402
Maxima [F]	2402
Giac [F]	2402
Mupad [F(-1)]	2403
Reduce [F]	2403

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^{3/2} (a + bx^n)} + \frac{(3aB - Ab(3 + 2n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{3a^2bnx^{3/2}}$$

output

```
(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)+1/3*(3*B*a-A*b*(3+2*n))*hypergeom([1, -3/2/n], [1-3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n/x^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{3a(Ab - aB) + (3aB - Ab(3 + 2n)) (a + bx^n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{3a^2bnx^{3/2} (a + bx^n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]
```

output

```
(3*a*(A*b - a*B) + (3*a*B - A*b*(3 + 2*n))*(a + b*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(3*a^2*b*n*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^{3/2} (a + bx^n)} - \frac{(3aB - Ab(2n + 3)) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(bx^n + a)} dx}{2abn}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(3aB - Ab(2n + 3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2bnx^{3/2}} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^{3/2} (a + bx^n)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*n*x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)) + ((3*a*B - A*b*(3 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(3*a^2*b*n*x^(3/2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 957

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^3*x^n + a^2*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(5/2)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4*((2*n^2 + 3*n)*A*a*b - 3*B*a^2*n)*integrate(1/(((8*n^2 + 18*n + 9)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(8*n^2 + 18*n + 9)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(8*n^2 + 18*n + 9)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 + 18*n + 9)*a^3*b)*x^(5/2)), x) - 2*(B*b*(4*n + 3)*x*x^n + (A*b*(2*n + 3) + 4*B*a*n)*x)/(((8*n^2 + 18*n + 9)*b^3*x^(2*n) + 2*(8*n^2 + 18*n + 9)*a*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 + 18*n + 9)*a^2*b)*x^(5/2))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^2*x^(5/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} b x^2 + \sqrt{x} a x^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**((2*n + 1)/2)*b*x**2 + sqrt(x)*a*x**2),x)`



### 3.323 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2404
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2404
Rubi [A] (verified)	2405
Maple [F]	2406
Fricas [F]	2406
Sympy [F(-2)]	2407
Maxima [F]	2407
Giac [F]	2407
Mupad [F(-1)]	2408
Reduce [F]	2408

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^{5/2} (a + bx^n)} + \frac{(5aB - Ab(5 + 2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{5}{2n}, 1 - \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5a^2bnx^{5/2}}$$

output

```
(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)+1/5*(5*B*a-A*b*(5+2*n))*hypergeom([1, -5/2/n], [1-5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n/x^(5/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{5a(Ab - aB) + (5aB - Ab(5 + 2n))(a + bx^n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{5}{2n}, 1 - \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5a^2bnx^{5/2} (a + bx^n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]
```

output

```
(5*a*(A*b - a*B) + (5*a*B - A*b*(5 + 2*n))*(a + b*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -5/(2*n), 1 - 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(5*a^2*b*n*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^{5/2} (a + bx^n)} - \frac{(5aB - Ab(2n + 5)) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(bx^n+a)} dx}{2abn}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(5aB - Ab(2n + 5)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{5}{2n}, 1 - \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5a^2bnx^{5/2}} + \frac{Ab - aB}{abnx^{5/2} (a + bx^n)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]`

output `(A*b - a*B)/(a*b*n*x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)) + ((5*a*B - A*b*(5 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -5/(2*n), 1 - 5/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(5*a^2*b*n*x^(5/2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 957

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b^2*x^4*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^4*x^n + a^2*x^4), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(7/2)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4*((2*n^2 + 5*n)*A*a*b - 5*B*a^2*n)*integrate(1/(((8*n^2 + 30*n + 25)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(8*n^2 + 30*n + 25)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(8*n^2 + 30*n + 25)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 + 30*n + 25)*a^3*b)*x^(7/2)), x) - 2*(B*b*(4*n + 5)*x*x^n + (A*b*(2*n + 5) + 4*B*a*n)*x)/(((8*n^2 + 30*n + 25)*b^3*x^(2*n) + 2*(8*n^2 + 30*n + 25)*a*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 + 30*n + 25)*a^2*b)*x^(7/2))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^2*x^(7/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} b x^3 + \sqrt{x} a x^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**((2*n + 1)/2)*b*x**3 + sqrt(x)*a*x**3),x)`

**3.324**  $\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2409
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2409
Rubi [A] (verified)	2410
Maple [F]	2411
Fricas [F]	2411
Sympy [F(-2)]	2412
Maxima [F]	2412
Giac [F]	2412
Mupad [F(-1)]	2413
Reduce [F]	2413

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)x^{5/2}}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2} + \frac{(5aB - Ab(5 - 4n))x^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{10a^3bn}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(5/2)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/10*(5*B*a-A*b*(5-4*n))*x^(5/2)*hypergeom([2, 5/2/n], [1+5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/b/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{5/2} \left( -\frac{10a^2(-Ab+aB)n}{(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{5a(5aB+Ab(-5+4n))}{a+bx^n} + (-5 + 2n)(5aB + Ab(-5 + 4n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) \right)}{20a^3bn^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(x^(5/2)*((-10*a^2*(-A*b) + a*B)*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2 + (5*a*(5*a*B + A*b*(-5 + 4*n)))/(a + b*x^n) + (-5 + 2*n)*(5*a*B + A*b*(-5 + 4*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(20*a^3*b*n^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{957}$$

$$\frac{(5aB - Ab(5 - 4n)) \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx}{4abn} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^{5/2}(5aB - Ab(5 - 4n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{10a^3bn} + \frac{x^{5/2}(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*x^(5/2))/(2*a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^2) + ((5*a*B - A*b*(5 - 4*n))*x^(5/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(10*a^3*b*n)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x*x^n + A*x)*sqrt(x)/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`



**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `6*((4*n^2 - 5*n)*A*a*b + 5*B*a^2*n)*integrate(x^(3/2)/((24*n^2 - 50*n + 25)*b^5*x^(4*n) + 4*(24*n^2 - 50*n + 25)*a*b^4*x^(3*n) + 6*(24*n^2 - 50*n + 25)*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n) + 4*(24*n^2 - 50*n + 25)*a^3*b^2*x^n + (24*n^2 - 50*n + 25)*a^4*b), x) - 2*(B*b*(6*n - 5)*x*x^n + (A*b*(4*n - 5) + 6*B*a*n)*x)*x^(3/2)/((24*n^2 - 50*n + 25)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(24*n^2 - 50*n + 25)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(24*n^2 - 50*n + 25)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (24*n^2 - 50*n + 25)*a^3*b)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^(3/2)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `int((x^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3/2}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x} x}{x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^nab + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `int((sqrt(x)*x)/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.325 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2414
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2414
Rubi [A] (verified)	2415
Maple [F]	2416
Fricas [F]	2416
Sympy [F(-1)]	2417
Maxima [F]	2417
Giac [F]	2417
Mupad [F(-1)]	2418
Reduce [F]	2418

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)x^{3/2}}{2abn(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{(3aB-Ab(3-4n))x^{3/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{3}{2n}, 1+\frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{6a^3bn}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(3/2)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/6*(3*B*a-A*b*(3-4*n))*x^(3/2)*hy
pergeom([2, 3/2/n],[1+3/2/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^3/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{3/2} \left( -\frac{6a^2(-Ab+aB)}{(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{3a(3aB+Ab(-3+4n))}{a+bx^n} \right) + (-3+2n)(3aB+Ab(-3+4n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2n}, 1+\frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{12a^3bn^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[x]*(A+B*x^n))/(a+b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(x^(3/2)*((-6*a^2*(-A*b) + a*B)*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2 + (3*a*(3*a*B + A*b*(-3 + 4*n)))/(a + b*x^n) + (-3 + 2*n)*(3*a*B + A*b*(-3 + 4*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(12*a^3*b*n^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{(3aB - Ab(3 - 4n)) \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx}{4abn} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^{3/2}(3aB - Ab(3 - 4n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{6a^3bn} + \frac{x^{3/2}(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[x]*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*x^(3/2))/(2*a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^2) + ((3*a*B - A*b*(3 - 4*n))*x^(3/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(6*a^3*b*n)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{x}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{x}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*((4*n^2 - 3*n)*A*a*b + 3*B*a^2*n)*integrate(sqrt(x)/((8*n^2 - 10*n + 3)*b^5*x^(4*n) + 4*(8*n^2 - 10*n + 3)*a*b^4*x^(3*n) + 6*(8*n^2 - 10*n + 3)*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n) + 4*(8*n^2 - 10*n + 3)*a^3*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 - 10*n + 3)*a^4*b), x) - 2/3*(3*B*b*(2*n - 1)*x*x^n + (A*b*(4*n - 3) + 6*B*a*n)*x)*sqrt(x)/((8*n^2 - 10*n + 3)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(8*n^2 - 10*n + 3)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(8*n^2 - 10*n + 3)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 - 10*n + 3)*a^3*b)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{x}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `int((x^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `int(sqrt(x)/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.326 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2419
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2419
Rubi [A] (verified)	2420
Maple [F]	2421
Fricas [F]	2421
Sympy [F(-2)]	2422
Maxima [F]	2422
Giac [F]	2422
Mupad [F(-1)]	2423
Reduce [F]	2423

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab - aB)\sqrt{x}}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2} + \frac{(aB - Ab(1 - 4n))\sqrt{x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bn}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)*x^(1/2)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/2*(B*a-A*b*(1-4*n))*x^(1/2)*hypergeom([2, 1/2/n], [1+1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \left( -\frac{2a^2(-Ab+aB)n}{(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{a(aB+Ab(-1+4n))}{a+bx^n} \right) + (-1 + 2n)(aB + Ab(-1 + 4n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{4a^3bn^2}$$



input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*((-2*a^2*(-(A*b) + a*B)*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2 + (a*(a*B + A*b*(-1 + 4*n)))/(a + b*x^n) + (-1 + 2*n)*(a*B + A*b*(-1 + 4*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1/(2*n), 1 + 1/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(4*a^3*b*n^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{(aB - Ab(1 - 4n)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(bx^n + a)^2} dx}{4abn} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}(aB - Ab(1 - 4n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bn} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(Ab - aB)}{2abn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*Sqrt[x])/(2*a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^2) + ((a*B - A*b*(1 - 4*n))*Sqrt[x]*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -(b*x^n)/a])/(2*a^3*b*n)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x} (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 \sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b^3*x*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x*x^n + a^3*x), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(1/2)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 \sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `6*((4*n^2 - n)*A*a*b + B*a^2*n)*integrate(1/(((24*n^2 - 10*n + 1)*b^5*x^(4*n) + 4*(24*n^2 - 10*n + 1)*a*b^4*x^(3*n) + 6*(24*n^2 - 10*n + 1)*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n) + 4*(24*n^2 - 10*n + 1)*a^3*b^2*x^n + (24*n^2 - 10*n + 1)*a^4*b)*sqrt(x)), x) - 2*(B*b*(6*n - 1)*x*x^n + (A*b*(4*n - 1) + 6*B*a*n)*x)/(((24*n^2 - 10*n + 1)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(24*n^2 - 10*n + 1)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(24*n^2 - 10*n + 1)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (24*n^2 - 10*n + 1)*a^3*b)*sqrt(x))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 \sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^3*sqrt(x)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}b^2 + 2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}}ab + \sqrt{x}a^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(x**((4*n + 1)/2)*b**2 + 2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*a*b + sqrt(x)*a**2),x)`

### 3.327 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2424
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2424
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2425
Maple [F] . . . . .	2426
Fricas [F] . . . . .	2426
Sympy [F(-2)] . . . . .	2427
Maxima [F] . . . . .	2427
Giac [F] . . . . .	2427
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2428
Reduce [F] . . . . .	2428

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{2abn\sqrt{x} (a + bx^n)^2} + \frac{(aB - A(b + 4bn)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bn\sqrt{x}}$$

output `1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/2*(B*a-A*(4*b*n+b))*hypergeom([2, -1/2/n], [1-1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/b/n/x^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{2a^2(Ab-aB)n}{(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{a(-aB+A(b+4bn))}{a+bx^n}}{4a^3bn^2\sqrt{x}} + (1 + 2n)(aB - A(b + 4bn)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]`

output

$$\frac{((2a^2(Ab - aB)n)/(a + bx^n)^2 + (a(-aB) + A(b + 4bn)))/(a + bx^n) + (1 + 2n)(aB - A(b + 4bn))\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2n), -(bx^n)/a]}{(4a^3bn^2\text{Sqrt}[x])}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{2abn\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2} - \frac{(aB - A(4bn + b)) \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(bx^n + a)^2} dx}{4abn}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(aB - A(4bn + b)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bn\sqrt{x}} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abn\sqrt{x}(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(A*b - a*B)/(2*a*b*n*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*x^n)^2) + ((a*B - A*(b + 4*b*n))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])}{(2*a^3*b*n*\text{Sqrt}[x])}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b^3*x^2*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^2*x^n + a^3*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(3/2)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `6*((4*n^2 + n)*A*a*b - B*a^2*n)*integrate(1/(((24*n^2 + 10*n + 1)*b^5*x^(4*n) + 4*(24*n^2 + 10*n + 1)*a*b^4*x^(3*n) + 6*(24*n^2 + 10*n + 1)*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n) + 4*(24*n^2 + 10*n + 1)*a^3*b^2*x^n + (24*n^2 + 10*n + 1)*a^4*b)*x^(3/2)), x) - 2*(B*b*(6*n + 1)*x*x^n + (A*b*(4*n + 1) + 6*B*a*n)*x)/(((24*n^2 + 10*n + 1)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(24*n^2 + 10*n + 1)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(24*n^2 + 10*n + 1)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (24*n^2 + 10*n + 1)*a^3*b)*x^(3/2))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^3*x^(3/2)), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}}b^2x + 2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}}abx + \sqrt{x}a^2x} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(x**((4*n + 1)/2)*b**2*x + 2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*a*b*x + sqrt(x)*a**2*x),x)`

**3.328**  $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2429
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2429
Rubi [A] (verified)	2430
Maple [F]	2431
Fricas [F]	2431
Sympy [F(-2)]	2432
Maxima [F]	2432
Giac [F]	2432
Mupad [F(-1)]	2433
Reduce [F]	2433

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^2} + \frac{(3aB - Ab(3 + 4n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 2, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{6a^3bnx^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/6*(3*B*a-A*b*(3+4*n))*hypergeom([2, -3/2/n], [1-3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/b/n/x^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{6a^2(Ab-aB)n}{(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{3a(-3aB+Ab(3+4n))}{a+bx^n}}{12a^3bn^2x^{3/2}} + (3 + 2n)(3aB - Ab(3 + 4n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 2, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]
```

output

$$\left( (6a^2(Ab - aB)n)/(a + bx^n)^2 + (3a(-3aB + Ab(3 + 4n)))/(a + bx^n) + (3 + 2n)(3aB - Ab(3 + 4n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, -3/(2n), 1 - 3/(2n), -(bx^n)/a] \right) / (12a^3bn^2x^{3/2})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2} - \frac{(3aB - Ab(4n + 3)) \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}(bx^n + a)^2} dx}{4abn}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(3aB - Ab(4n + 3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{6a^3bnx^{3/2}} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]$$

output

$$(Ab - aB)/(2a^3bnx^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^2) + ((3aB - Ab(3 + 4n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, -3/(2n), 1 - 3/(2n), -(bx^n)/a])/(6a^3bnx^{3/2})$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b^3*x^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^3*x^n + a^3*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(5/2)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*((4*n^2 + 3*n)*A*a*b - 3*B*a^2*n)*integrate(1/(((8*n^2 + 10*n + 3)*b^5*x^(4*n) + 4*(8*n^2 + 10*n + 3)*a*b^4*x^(3*n) + 6*(8*n^2 + 10*n + 3)*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n) + 4*(8*n^2 + 10*n + 3)*a^3*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 + 10*n + 3)*a^4*b)*x^(5/2)), x) - 2/3*(3*B*b*(2*n + 1)*x*x^n + (A*b*(4*n + 3) + 6*B*a*n)*x)/(((8*n^2 + 10*n + 3)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(8*n^2 + 10*n + 3)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(8*n^2 + 10*n + 3)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (8*n^2 + 10*n + 3)*a^3*b)*x^(5/2))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^3*x^(5/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} b^2 x^2 + 2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} ab x^2 + \sqrt{x} a^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3, x)`

output `int(1/(x**((4*n + 1)/2)*b**2*x**2 + 2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*a*b*x**2 + sqrt(x)*a**2*x**2), x)`

**3.329**  $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2434
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2434
Rubi [A] (verified)	2435
Maple [F]	2436
Fricas [F]	2436
Sympy [F(-1)]	2437
Maxima [F]	2437
Giac [F]	2437
Mupad [F(-1)]	2438
Reduce [F]	2438

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^2} + \frac{(5aB - Ab(5 + 4n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{5}{2n}, 1 - \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{10a^3bnx^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/x^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/10*(5*B*a-A*b*(5+4*n))*hypergeom
([2, -5/2/n], [1-5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/b/n/x^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{10a^2(Ab-aB)n}{(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{5a(-5aB+Ab(5+4n))}{a+bx^n}}{20a^3bn^2x^{5/2}} + (5 + 2n)(5aB - Ab(5 + 4n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{5}{2n}, 1 - \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]
```

output

$$\left( \frac{(10a^2(Ab - aB)n)/(a + bx^n)^2 + (5a(-5aB + Ab(5 + 4n)))/(a + bx^n) + (5 + 2n)(5aB - Ab(5 + 4n))\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, -5/(2n), 1 - 5/(2n), -(bx^n)/a]}{(20a^3bn^2x^{5/2})} \right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2}(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2} - \frac{(5aB - Ab(4n + 5)) \int \frac{1}{x^{7/2}(bx^n + a)^2} dx}{4abn}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(5aB - Ab(4n + 5)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{5}{2n}, 1 - \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{10a^3bnx^{5/2}} + \frac{Ab - aB}{2abnx^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]$$

output

$$\left( \frac{(Ab - aB)/(2a^3bnx^{5/2}(a + bx^n)^2) + ((5aB - Ab(5 + 4n))\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, -5/(2n), 1 - 5/(2n), -(bx^n)/a])/(10a^3bnx^{5/2})}{1} \right)$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(x)/(b^3*x^4*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^4*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^4*x^n + a^3*x^4), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**(7/2)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `6*((4*n^2 + 5*n)*A*a*b - 5*B*a^2*n)*integrate(1/(((24*n^2 + 50*n + 25)*b^5*x^(4*n) + 4*(24*n^2 + 50*n + 25)*a*b^4*x^(3*n) + 6*(24*n^2 + 50*n + 25)*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n) + 4*(24*n^2 + 50*n + 25)*a^3*b^2*x^n + (24*n^2 + 50*n + 25)*a^4*b)*x^(7/2)), x) - 2*(B*b*(6*n + 5)*x*x^n + (A*b*(4*n + 5) + 6*B*a*n)*x)/(((24*n^2 + 50*n + 25)*b^4*x^(3*n) + 3*(24*n^2 + 50*n + 25)*a*b^3*x^(2*n) + 3*(24*n^2 + 50*n + 25)*a^2*b^2*x^n + (24*n^2 + 50*n + 25)*a^3*b)*x^(7/2))`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^3*x^(7/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^(7/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^{7/2} (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} b^2 x^3 + 2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} ab x^3 + \sqrt{x} a^2 x^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^(7/2)/(a+b*x^n)^3, x)`

output `int(1/(x**((4*n + 1)/2)*b**2*x**3 + 2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*a*b*x**3 + sqrt(x)*a**2*x**3), x)`

### 3.330 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2439
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2439
Rubi [A] (verified)	2440
Maple [F]	2441
Fricas [F(-2)]	2442
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2442
Maxima [F]	2443
Giac [F]	2443
Mupad [F(-1)]	2443
Reduce [F]	2444

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bx^3(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b(2 + n)} + \frac{\left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(2+n)}\right) x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output `2/3*B*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/(2+n)+1/3*(A-2*a*B/b/(2+n))*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 3/n],[ (3+n)/n ], -b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A(3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{n}, 2, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{3(3 + n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output `(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A*(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a] + 3*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (3 + n)/n, 2 + 3/n, -(b*x^n)/a]))/(3*(3 + n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 959 \\
 & \left( A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)} \right) \int x^2 \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx + \frac{2Bx^3(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b(n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 889 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)} \right) \int x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx^3(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b(n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 888 \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{3 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx^3(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b(n+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output

```
(2*B*x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b*(2 + n)) + ((A - (2*a*B)/(b*(2 + n)))*x^3
*sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(3
*sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} (A + B x^n) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{A a^{\frac{3}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{n}} x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} + \frac{B a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{3}{n}} x^{n+3} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `A*a**(3/n)*a**(1/2 - 3/n)*x**3*gamma(3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 3/n), (1 + 3/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + B*a**(-1/2 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A) \sqrt{bx^n + ax^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A) \sqrt{bx^n + ax^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int x^2 (A + Bx^n) \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n x^3 + 12x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b x^3 + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n x^3 + 12\sqrt{x^n b + a} a x^3 + 3 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n^2 + 8x^n b n + 12x^n b} dx \right)}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*x**3 + 12*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x**3 + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x**3 + 12*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x**3 + 3*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 12*x**n*b + a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 12*a),x)*a**2*n**4 + 24*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 12*x**n*b + a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 12*a),x)*a**2*n**3 + 36*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 12*x**n*b + a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 12*a),x)*a**2*n**2)/(3*(n**2 + 8*n + 12))`

### 3.331 $\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2445
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2445
Rubi [A] (verified)	2446
Maple [F]	2447
Fricas [F(-2)]	2448
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2448
Maxima [F]	2449
Giac [F]	2449
Mupad [F(-1)]	2449
Reduce [F]	2450

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Bx^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(4+3n)} + \frac{\left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b+3bn}\right) x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

```
output 2*B*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/(4+3*n)+1/2*(A-4*a*B/(3*b*n+4*b))*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(A(2+n)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{n}, 2, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{2(2+n)\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A*(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a] + 2*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (2 + n)/n, 2*(1 + n^(-1)), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(2*(2 + n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 959 \\
 & \left(A - \frac{4aB}{3bn+4b}\right) \int x\sqrt{bx^n+adx} + \frac{2Bx^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(3n+4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 889 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(A - \frac{4aB}{3bn+4b}\right) \int x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} + \frac{2Bx^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(3n+4)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 888 \\
 & \frac{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(A - \frac{4aB}{3bn+4b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} + \frac{2Bx^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(3n+4)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output

```
(2*B*x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(b*(4 + 3*n)) + ((A - (4*a*B)/(4*b + 3*b*n))*x
^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/
(2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)dx$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}x^2\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \\ 1+\frac{2}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}a^{1+\frac{2}{n}}x^{n+2}\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 1+\frac{2}{n} \\ 2+\frac{2}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(2+\frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `A*a**(2/n)*a**(1/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + B*a**(-1/2 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)\sqrt{bx^n + ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)\sqrt{bx^n + ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx = \int x(A+Bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n\sqrt{x^n b+a}bnx^2 + 8x^n\sqrt{x^n b+a}bx^2 + 8\sqrt{x^n b+a}anx^2 + 8\sqrt{x^n b+a}ax^2 + 9\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b+a}}{3x^n b n^2+16x^n bn+16x^n b+a}\right)}{1}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*x**2 + 8*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x**2 + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x**2 + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x**2 + 9*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 16*x**n*b*n + 16*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 16*a*n + 16*a),x)*a**2*n**4 + 48*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 16*x**n*b*n + 16*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 16*a*n + 16*a),x)*a**2*n**3 + 48*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 16*x**n*b*n + 16*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 16*a*n + 16*a),x)*a**2*n**2)/(3*n**2 + 16*n + 16)`

### 3.332 $\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2451
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2451
Rubi [A] (verified)	2452
Maple [F]	2453
Fricas [F(-2)]	2454
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2454
Maxima [F]	2455
Giac [F]	2455
Mupad [F(-1)]	2455
Reduce [F]	2456

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(2 + 3n)} + \frac{\left(A - \frac{2aB}{2b+3bn}\right) x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2*B*x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/(2+3*n)+(A-2*a*B/(3*b*n+2*b))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hy
pergeom([-1/2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(2B(a + bx^n) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} + (-2aB + Ab(2 + 3n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{b(2 + 3n) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$



input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(2*B*(a + b*x^n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a] + (-2*a*B + A*b*(2 + 3*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(b*(2 + 3*n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 913 \\
 & \left(A - \frac{2aB}{3bn + 2b}\right) \int \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx + \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(3n + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 779 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{3bn + 2b}\right) \int \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(3n + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 778 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{3bn + 2b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(3n + 2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output  $(2Bx(a + bx^n)^{3/2})/(b(2 + 3n)) + ((A - (2aB)/(2b + 3bn))x \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + bx^n] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, n^{-1}, 1 + n^{-1}, -(bx^n)/a])/ \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (bx^n)/a]$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778  $\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a^p x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)(x^n/a)], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[1/n] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{ILtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[1/n + p], 0] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 779  $\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} (a + b x^n)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b(x^n/a))^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} \operatorname{Int}[(1 + b(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[1/n] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{ILtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[1/n + p], 0] \ \&\& \ !(\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 913  $\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^n)^p ((c + d \cdot x^n)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[d x ((a + b x^n)^{p+1} / (b(n(p+1) + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[(a d - b c (n(p+1) + 1)) / (b(n(p+1) + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x^n)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[n(p+1) + 1, 0]$

### Maple **[F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b x^n} (A + B x^n) dx$$

input  $\operatorname{int}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}*(A+B*x^n),x)$

output  $\operatorname{int}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}*(A+B*x^n),x)$

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \\ 1 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}a^{1+\frac{1}{n}}x^{n+1}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \\ 2 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `A*a**(1/n)*a**(1/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)\sqrt{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)\sqrt{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n) dx = \int (A + Bx^n) \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n x + 4x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b x + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n x + 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} a x + 9 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{3x^n b n^2 + 8x^n b n + 4x^n b + 3a n^2 + 8a n + 4a} dx \right)}{3n^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*x + 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x + 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x + 9*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**4 + 24*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**3 + 12*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**2)/(3*n**2 + 8*n + 4)`

### 3.333 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2457
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2457
Rubi [A] (verified)	2458
Maple [A] (verified)	2460
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2460
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2461
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2461
Giac [F]	2462
Mupad [F(-1)]	2462
Reduce [F]	2462

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2A\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n} + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3bn} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$$

output  $2*A*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/n+2/3*B*(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}/b/n-2*a^{(1/2)}*A*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}(3Ab+B(a+bx^n)) - 6\sqrt{a}A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3bn}$$

input  $\operatorname{Integrate}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x^n]*(A+B*x^n))/x,x]$

output  $(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x^n]*(3*A*b+B*(a+b*x^n)) - 6*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*A*b*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x^n]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]])/(3*b*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 948 \\
 \int x^{-n}\sqrt{bx^n+a}(Bx^n+A) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 90 \\
 A \int x^{-n}\sqrt{bx^n+a} dx^n + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 \downarrow 60 \\
 A \left( a \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n + 2\sqrt{a+bx^n} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 A \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a+bx^n} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 A \left( 2\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 \downarrow n
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/x,x]`

output `((2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b) + A*(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]]))/n`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2A\sqrt{a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{bn}$	55
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Ab\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2A\sqrt{a}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{bn}$	55
risch	$\frac{2(Bbe^{n \ln(x)} + 3Ab + Ba)\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{3bn} - \frac{2A\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	62

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{n/b} \left( \frac{1}{3} B (a+b*x^n)^{3/2} + A*b*(a+b*x^n)^{1/2} - A*a^{1/2}*b*\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a+b*x^n)^{1/2}}{a^{1/2}}\right) \right)$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx = \left[ \frac{3A\sqrt{ab} \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2(Bbx^n + Ba + 3Ab)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{3bn}, \frac{2\left(3A\sqrt{-ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) + \dots\right)}{3bn} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\left[ \frac{1}{3} (3A\sqrt{a})b \log\left(\frac{b*x^n - 2\sqrt{b*x^n+a}\sqrt{a} + 2*a}{x^n}\right) + 2*(B*b*x^n + B*a + 3*A*b)\sqrt{b*x^n+a} / (b*n), \frac{2}{3} (3A\sqrt{-a})b \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{b*x^n+a}}\right) + (B*b*x^n + B*a + 3*A*b)\sqrt{b*x^n+a} / (b*n) \right]$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2Aa \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2A\sqrt{a+bx^n} + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{A\sqrt{a} \log(B\sqrt{a}x^n) + B\sqrt{a}x^n}{n} & \text{otherwise for } n \neq 0 \\ (A\sqrt{a+b} + B\sqrt{a+b}) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x,x)`output `Piecewise((Piecewise((2*A*a*atan(sqrt(a + b*x**n))/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*A*sqrt(a + b*x**n) + 2*B*(a + b*x**n)**(3/2)/(3*b), Ne(b, 0)), (A*sqrt(a)*log(B*sqrt(a)*x**n) + B*sqrt(a)*x**n, True))/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((A*sqrt(a + b) + B*sqrt(a + b))*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx = A \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{n} \right) + \frac{2(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}B}{3bn}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `A*(sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/n + 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/n) + 2/3*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*B/(b*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/x,x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2x^n\sqrt{x^n b+a}b + 8\sqrt{x^n b+a}a + 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b+a}}{x^n b x+a} dx\right) a^2 n}{3n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x)`

output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 3*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*a**2*n)/(3*n)`

**3.334**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2463
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2463
Rubi [A] (verified)	2464
Maple [F]	2465
Fricas [F(-2)]	2466
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2466
Maxima [F]	2467
Giac [F]	2467
Mupad [F(-1)]	2467
Reduce [F]	2468

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(2-3n)x} - \frac{(A-\frac{2aB}{2b-3bn})\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{x\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/(2-3*n)/x-(A-2*a*B/(-3*b*n+2*b))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hy
pergeom([-1/2, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}((A-An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, \dots))}{(-1+n)x\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*((A - A*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, -  
((b*x^n)/a)] + B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (-1 + n)/n, 2 - n^(-1), -((b*  
x^n)/a)]))/((-1 + n)*x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \left(A - \frac{2aB}{2b - 3bn}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{x^2} dx - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(2 - 3n)x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{2b - 3bn}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(2 - 3n)x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{2b - 3bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(2 - 3n)x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/x^2,x]`

output

```
(-2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/(b*(2 - 3*n)*x) - ((A - (2*a*B)/(2*b - 3*b*n))*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a])/
(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^n} (A + B x^n)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{n}}a^{1-\frac{1}{n}}x^{n-1}\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x**2,x)`

output `A*a**(1/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((-1/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n)) + B*a**(-1/2 + 1/n)*a**(1 - 1/n)*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 1/n), (2 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/x^2, x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n - 4x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n - 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} a + 9 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{3x^n b n^2 x^2 - 8x^n b n x^2 + 4x^n b x^2 + 3a n^2 x^2} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x)`

output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n - 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n - 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 9*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*n*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*x**2 + 3*a*n**2*x**2 - 8*a*n*x**2 + 4*a*x**2),x)*a**2*n**4*x - 24*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*n*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*x**2 + 3*a*n**2*x**2 - 8*a*n*x**2 + 4*a*x**2),x)*a**2*n**3*x + 12*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*n*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*x**2 + 3*a*n**2*x**2 - 8*a*n*x**2 + 4*a*x**2),x)*a**2*n**2*x)/(x*(3*n**2 - 8*n + 4))`

### 3.335 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2469
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2469
Rubi [A] (verified)	2470
Maple [F]	2471
Fricas [F(-2)]	2472
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2472
Maxima [F]	2473
Giac [F]	2473
Mupad [F(-1)]	2473
Reduce [F]	2474

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(4-3n)x^2} - \frac{(A-\frac{4aB}{4b-3bn})\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

$-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}/b/(4-3*n)/x^2-1/2*(A-4*a*B/(-3*b*n+4*b))*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{hypergeom}([-1/2, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^2/(1+b*x^n/a)^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(-A(-2+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{2(-2+n)x^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(-(A*(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -2/n, (-2 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a]) + 2*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (-2 + n)/n, 2 - 2/n, -(b*x^n)/a]))/(2*(-2 + n)*x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 3bn}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{x^3} dx - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(4 - 3n)x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 3bn}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(4 - 3n)x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 3bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(4 - 3n)x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/x^3,x]`

output

```
(-2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/(b*(4 - 3*n)*x^2) - ((A - (4*a*B)/(4*b - 3*b*n))*
Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])
/(2*x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{2}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{n}}\Gamma(-\frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2\Gamma(1-\frac{2}{n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{n}}a^{1-\frac{2}{n}}x^{n-2}\Gamma(1-\frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2-\frac{2}{n})}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x**3,x)`

output `A*a**(1/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((-1/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n)) + B*a**(-1/2 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 2/n), (2 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/x^3,x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/x^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n - 8x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n - 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a + 9 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{3x^n b n^2 x^3 - 16x^n b n x^3 + 16x^n b x^3 + 3a n^2} \right)}{3x^n b n^2 x^3 - 16x^n b n x^3 + 16x^n b x^3 + 3a n^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)`

output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n - 8*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n - 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 9*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 16*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 16*x**n*b*x**3 + 3*a*n**2*x**3 - 16*a*n*x**3 + 16*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**4*x**2 - 48*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 16*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 16*x**n*b*x**3 + 3*a*n**2*x**3 - 16*a*n*x**3 + 16*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**3*x**2 + 48*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 16*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 16*x**n*b*x**3 + 3*a*n**2*x**3 - 16*a*n*x**3 + 16*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**2*x**2)/(x**2*(3*n**2 - 16*n + 16))`

**3.336**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2475
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2475
Rubi [A] (verified)	2476
Maple [F]	2477
Fricas [F(-2)]	2478
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2478
Maxima [F]	2479
Giac [F]	2479
Mupad [F(-1)]	2479
Reduce [F]	2480

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b(2-n)x^3} - \frac{\left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(2-n)}\right) \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

```
output -2/3*B*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/(2-n)/x^3-1/3*(A-2*a*B/b/(2-n))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*h
ypergeom([-1/2, -3/n], [-(3-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^3/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left(-A(-3+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, \frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{3(-3+n)x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$



input `Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/x^4,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(-(A*(-3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -3/n, (-3 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])) + 3*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (-3 + n)/n, 2 - 3/n, -(b*x^n)/a]))/(3*(-3 + n)*x^3*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(2-n)}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{x^4} dx - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b(2-n)x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(2-n)}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{x^4} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b(2-n)x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(2-n)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3x^3 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b(2-n)x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/x^4,x]`

output

```
(-2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b*(2 - n)*x^3) - ((A - (2*a*B)/(b*(2 - n)))*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -3/n, -((3 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(3*x^3*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^n} (A + B x^n)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{n}}\Gamma(-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^3\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{n}}a^{1-\frac{3}{n}}x^{n-3}\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2-\frac{3}{n})}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x**4,x)`

output `A*a**(1/2 + 3/n)*gamma(-3/n)*hyper((-1/2, -3/n), (1 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(3/n)*n*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n)) + B*a**(-1/2 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 3/n), (2 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 3/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/x^4,x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/x^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n - 12x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n - 12\sqrt{x^n b + a} a + 3 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n^2 x^4 - 8x^n b n x^4 + 12x^n b x^4 + a n^2} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)`

output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n - 12*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n - 12*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 3*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n**2*x**4 - 8*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 12*x**n*b*x**4 + a*n**2*x**4 - 8*a*n*x**4 + 12*a*x**4),x)*a**2*n**4*x**3 - 24*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n**2*x**4 - 8*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 12*x**n*b*x**4 + a*n**2*x**4 - 8*a*n*x**4 + 12*a*x**4),x)*a**2*n**3*x**3 + 36*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n**2*x**4 - 8*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 12*x**n*b*x**4 + a*n**2*x**4 - 8*a*n*x**4 + 12*a*x**4),x)*a**2*n**2*x**3)/(3*x**3*(n**2 - 8*n + 12))`

### 3.337 $\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2481
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2481
Rubi [A] (verified)	2482
Maple [F]	2483
Fricas [F(-2)]	2483
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2484
Maxima [F]	2485
Giac [F]	2485
Mupad [F(-1)]	2485
Reduce [F]	2486

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Bx^3(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(6 + 5n)} + \frac{a(A - \frac{6aB}{6b+5bn}) x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2*B*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/(6+5*n)+1/3*a*(A-6*a*B/(5*b*n+6*b))*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 3/n],[(3+n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^3\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A(3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{3(3 + n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(A*(3 + n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + 3*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, (3 + n)/n, 2 + 3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])}{(3*(3 + n)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a])}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}(A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(A - \frac{6aB}{5bn + 6b}\right) \int x^2(bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2Bx^3(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(5n + 6)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}\left(A - \frac{6aB}{5bn + 6b}\right) \int x^2\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx^3(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(5n + 6)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{ax^3\sqrt{a + bx^n}\left(A - \frac{6aB}{5bn + 6b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx^3(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(5n + 6)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*B*x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(b*(6 + 5*n)) + (a*(A - (6*a*B)/(6*b + 5*b*n))*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]}{(3*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a])}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}(A + Bx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}(A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)dx = \frac{Aaa^{\frac{3}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{n}}x^3\Gamma(\frac{3}{n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(1+\frac{3}{n})} + \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{n}}a^{1+\frac{3}{n}}bx^{n+3}\Gamma(1+\frac{3}{n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1+\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2+\frac{3}{n})} + \frac{Baa^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{n}}a^{1+\frac{3}{n}}x^{n+3}\Gamma(1+\frac{3}{n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1+\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2+\frac{3}{n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{3}{n}}a^{2+\frac{3}{n}}bx^{2n+3}\Gamma(2+\frac{3}{n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2+\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(3+\frac{3}{n})}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

```
A*a*a**(3/n)*a**(1/2 - 3/n)*x**3*gamma(3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 3/n), (1 + 3/n,),
b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + A*a**(-1/2 - 3/n)*a**(1 +
3/n)*b*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n,), b*x**n
*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) + B*a*a**(-1/2 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*
x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n,), b*x**n*exp_po
lar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 - 3/n)*a**(2 + 3/n)*b*x**(2*n
+ 3)*gamma(2 + 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 + 3/n), (3 + 3/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I
*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 3/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int x^2 (A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n^2 x^3 + 48x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n x^3 + 72x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 x^3 + 22x^n\sqrt{x^n b + a} a b n^2 x + Bx^n}{}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2*x**3 + 48*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n*x**3 + 72*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*x**3 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2*x**3 + 156*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n*x**3 + 144*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*x**3 + 46*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2*x**3 + 108*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n*x**3 + 72*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*x**3 + 75*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(5*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 108*x**n*b*n + 72*x**n*b + 5*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 108*a*n + 72*a),x)*a**3*n**6 + 690*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(5*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 108*x**n*b*n + 72*x**n*b + 5*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 108*a*n + 72*a),x)*a**3*n**5 + 1620*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(5*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 108*x**n*b*n + 72*x**n*b + 5*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 108*a*n + 72*a),x)*a**3*n**4 + 1080*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(5*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 108*x**n*b*n + 72*x**n*b + 5*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 108*a*n + 72*a),x)*a**3*n**3)/(3*(5*n**3 + 46*n**2 + 108*n + 72))`

### 3.338 $\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2487
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2487
Rubi [A] (verified)	2488
Maple [F]	2489
Fricas [F(-2)]	2489
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2490
Maxima [F]	2491
Giac [F]	2491
Mupad [F(-1)]	2491
Reduce [F]	2492

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Bx^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(4 + 5n)} + \frac{a(A - \frac{4aB}{4b+5bn}) x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2*B*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/(4+5*n)+1/2*a*(A-4*a*B/(5*b*n+4*b))*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A(2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{2(2 + n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(a*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A*(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n,
-((b*x^n)/a)] + 2*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, (2 + n)/n, 2*(1 + n^(-1)),
-((b*x^n)/a)]))/(2*(2 + n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(A - \frac{4aB}{5bn + 4b}\right) \int x(bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2Bx^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(5n + 4)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{5bn + 4b}\right) \int x\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(5n + 4)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{5bn + 4b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(5n + 4)}$$

input

```
Int[x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*B*x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(b*(4 + 5*n)) + (a*(A - (4*a*B)/(4*b + 5*b*n))
*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]
)/(2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aaa^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}x^2\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}a^{1+\frac{2}{n}}bx^{n+2}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Baa^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}a^{1+\frac{2}{n}}x^{n+2}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}a^{2+\frac{2}{n}}bx^{2n+2}\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n),x)
```

output

```
A*a**a**(2/n)*a**(1/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n, ),
 b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + A*a**(-1/2 - 2/n)*a**(1 +
 2/n)*b*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n, ), b*x**n
 *exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) + B*a*a**(-1/2 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*
 x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_po
 lar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 - 2/n)*a**(2 + 2/n)*b*x**(2*n
 + 2)*gamma(2 + 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 + 2/n), (3 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I
 *pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 2/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int x (A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n^2 x^2 + 32x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n x^2 + 32x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 x^2 + 22x^n\sqrt{x^n b + a} a b n^2 x}{\dots}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2*x**2 + 32*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n*x**2 + 32*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*x**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2*x**2 + 104*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n*x**2 + 64*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*x**2 + 46*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2*x**2 + 72*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n*x**2 + 32*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*x**2 + 225*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 92*x**n*b*n**2 + 144*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 15*a*n**3 + 92*a*n**2 + 144*a*n + 64*a),x)*a**3*n**6 + 1380*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 92*x**n*b*n**2 + 144*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 15*a*n**3 + 92*a*n**2 + 144*a*n + 64*a),x)*a**3*n**5 + 2160*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 92*x**n*b*n**2 + 144*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 15*a*n**3 + 92*a*n**2 + 144*a*n + 64*a),x)*a**3*n**4 + 960*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 92*x**n*b*n**2 + 144*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 15*a*n**3 + 92*a*n**2 + 144*a*n + 64*a),x)*a**3*n**3)/(15*n**3 + 92*n**2 + 144*n + 64)`

### 3.339 $\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2493
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2493
Rubi [A] (verified)	2494
Maple [F]	2495
Fricas [F(-2)]	2495
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2496
Maxima [F]	2497
Giac [F]	2497
Mupad [F(-1)]	2497
Reduce [F]	2498

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(2 + 5n)} + \frac{a(A - \frac{2aB}{2b+5bn}) x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2*B*x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/(2+5*n)+a*(A-2*a*B/(5*b*n+2*b))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*
hypergeom([-3/2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( 2B(a + bx^n)^2 + \frac{a(-2aB + Ab(2+5n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}} \right)}{b(2 + 5n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(x*sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(2*B*(a + b*x^n)^2 + (a*(-2*a*B + A*b*(2 + 5*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])/(b*(2 + 5*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 913$$

$$\left(A - \frac{2aB}{5bn + 2b}\right) \int (bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(5n + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{5bn + 2b}\right) \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(5n + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{ax\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{5bn + 2b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(5n + 2)}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*B*x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(b*(2 + 5*n)) + (a*(A - (2*a*B)/(2*b + 5*b*n))*x*sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aaa^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}}{1 + \frac{1}{n}} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}a^{1+\frac{1}{n}}bx^{n+1}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}}{2 + \frac{1}{n}} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Baa^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}a^{1+\frac{1}{n}}x^{n+1}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}}{2 + \frac{1}{n}} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}a^{2+\frac{1}{n}}bx^{2n+1}\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{1}{n}}{3 + \frac{1}{n}} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n),x)
```

output

```
A*a**n*(1/n)*a**(1/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + A*a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*b*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + B*a*a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)*b*x**(2*n + 1)*gamma(2 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 + 1/n), (3 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n^2 x + 16x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n x + 8x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 x + 22x^n\sqrt{x^n b + a} a b n^2 x + 52x^n\sqrt{x^n b + a} a b n x + 16x^n\sqrt{x^n b + a} a b x + 46\sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 n^2 x + 36\sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 n x + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 x + 225 \int (\sqrt{x^n b + a} / (15x^{3n} b n^3 + 46x^{2n} b n^2 + 36x^n b n + 8x^{3n} b + 15a n^3 + 46a n^2 + 36a n + 8a), x) a^3 n^6 + 690 \int (\sqrt{x^n b + a} / (15x^{3n} b n^3 + 46x^{2n} b n^2 + 36x^n b n + 8x^{3n} b + 15a n^3 + 46a n^2 + 36a n + 8a), x) a^3 n^5 + 540 \int (\sqrt{x^n b + a} / (15x^{3n} b n^3 + 46x^{2n} b n^2 + 36x^n b n + 8x^{3n} b + 15a n^3 + 46a n^2 + 36a n + 8a), x) a^3 n^4 + 120 \int (\sqrt{x^n b + a} / (15x^{3n} b n^3 + 46x^{2n} b n^2 + 36x^n b n + 8x^{3n} b + 15a n^3 + 46a n^2 + 36a n + 8a), x) a^3 n^3 / (15n^3 + 46n^2 + 36n + 8)$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output

```
(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2*x + 16*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*
*2*n*x + 8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*x + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b
*n**2*x + 52*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n*x + 16*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*
x + 46*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2*x + 36*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n*x + 8*sqr
t(x**n*b + a)*a**2*x + 225*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*
b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + 15*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)
*a**3*n**6 + 690*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 3
6*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + 15*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**3*n**5
+ 540*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n
+ 8*x**n*b + 15*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**3*n**4 + 120*int
(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*
b + 15*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**3*n**3)/(15*n**3 + 46*n**2
+ 36*n + 8)
```

**3.340**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2499
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2499
Rubi [A] (verified)	2500
Maple [A] (verified)	2502
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2502
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2503
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2503
Giac [F]	2504
Mupad [F(-1)]	2504
Reduce [F]	2504

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2aA\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} + \frac{2A(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3n} + \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5bn} - \frac{2a^{3/2}A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$$

output

```
2*a*A*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/n+2/3*A*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/n+2/5*B*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/n-2*a^(3/2)*A*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2\left(15aAb\sqrt{a + bx^n} + 5Ab(a + bx^n)^{3/2} + 3B(a + bx^n)^{5/2} - 15a^{3/2}A \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{15bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x,x]
```



output

$$(2*(15*a*A*b*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n] + 5*A*b*(a + b*x^n)^{(3/2)} + 3*B*(a + b*x^n)^{(5/2)} - 15*a^{(3/2)}*A*b*\text{ArcTanH}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]/\text{Sqrt}[a]]))/(15*b*n)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\int \frac{x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^{3/2} (Bx^n + A) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 90$$

$$\frac{A \int x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx^n + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{A \left( a \int x^{-n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n + \frac{2}{3} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$\frac{A \left( a \left( a \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \right) + \frac{2}{3} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{A \left( a \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \right) + \frac{2}{3} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{A\left(a\left(2\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right) + \frac{2}{3}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b}}{n}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x,x]`

output `((2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(5*b) + A*((2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])))/n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Aab\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{bn}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Ab(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Aab\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{bn}$
risch	$\frac{2(3b^2B e^{2n \ln(x)} + 5A b^2 e^{n \ln(x)} + 6Bab e^{n \ln(x)} + 20abA + 3a^2B) \sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{15bn} - \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/n/b*(1/5*B*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)+1/3*A*b*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+A*a*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
-A*a^(3/2)*b*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \left[ \frac{15 A a^{\frac{3}{2}} b \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x^n}\right) + 2(3 B b^2 x^{2n} + 3 B a^2 + 20 A a b + (6 B a^2 + 3 A b^2) x^n)}{15 b n} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/15*(15*A*a^(3/2)*b*log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) +
  2*(3*B*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*B*a^2 + 20*A*a*b + (6*B*a*b + 5*A*b^2)*x^n)*sqrt(b
  *x^n + a))/(b*n), 2/15*(15*A*sqrt(-a)*a*b*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a))
  + (3*B*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*B*a^2 + 20*A*a*b + (6*B*a*b + 5*A*b^2)*x^n)*sqrt(b
  *x^n + a))/(b*n)]
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \begin{cases} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2Aa^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 2Aa\sqrt{a+bx^n} + \frac{2A(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b}}{\sqrt{-a}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ Aa^{3/2} \log(Ba^{3/2}x^n) + Ba^{3/2}x^n & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \\ \frac{(Aa\sqrt{a+b} + Ab\sqrt{a+b} + Ba\sqrt{a+b} + Bb\sqrt{a+b}) \log(x)}{n} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((Piecewise((2*A*a**2*atan(sqrt(a + b*x**n)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) +
  2*A*a*sqrt(a + b*x**n) + 2*A*(a + b*x**n)**(3/2)/3 + 2*B*(a + b*x**n)**(5/
  2)/(5*b), Ne(b, 0)), (A*a**(3/2)*log(B*a**(3/2)*x**n) + B*a**(3/2)*x**n, T
  rue))/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((A*a*sqrt(a + b) + A*b*sqrt(a + b) + B*a*sqrt(a + b)
  + B*b*sqrt(a + b))*log(x), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3a^{3/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n} + \frac{2\left((bx^n+a)^{3/2} + 3\sqrt{bx^n+aa}\right)}{n} \right) A + \frac{2(bx^n+a)^{5/2}B}{5bn}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*(3*a^(3/2)*log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a))
)/n + 2*((b*x^n + a)^(3/2) + 3*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a)/n)*A + 2/5*(b*x^n + a)^(
5/2)*B/(b*n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/x, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + a}b^2 + 22x^n\sqrt{x^nb + a}ab + 46\sqrt{x^nb + a}a^2 + 15\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^nb+a}}{x^nb+ax} dx\right)}{15n}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x)
```

output

```
(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 46*sqrt
(x**n*b + a)*a**2 + 15*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*a**3*n)/(1
5*n)
```

**3.341**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2506
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2506
Rubi [A] (verified)	2507
Maple [F]	2508
Fricas [F(-2)]	2509
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2509
Maxima [F]	2510
Giac [F]	2510
Mupad [F(-1)]	2511
Reduce [F]	2511

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(2 - 5n)x} - \frac{a(A - \frac{2aB}{2b-5bn}) \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

```
output -2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/(2-5*n)/x-a*(A-2*a*B/(-5*b*n+2*b))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*
hypergeom([-3/2, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}((A - An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n)}{(-1 + n)x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

```
input Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*((A - A*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n,
-((b*x^n)/a)] + B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, (-1 + n)/n, 2 - n^(-1), -((
b*x^n)/a)])))/((-1 + n)*x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{2aB}{2b - 5bn}\right) \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(2 - 5n)x}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{2b - 5bn}\right) \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(2 - 5n)x}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{2b - 5bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(2 - 5n)x}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(-2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(b*(2 - 5*n)*x) - (a*(A - (2*a*B)/(2*b - 5*b*n))*
Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a
)])/(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{Aaa^{-\frac{1}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{n}}a^{1-\frac{1}{n}}bx^{n-1}\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2-\frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Baa^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{n}}a^{1-\frac{1}{n}}x^{n-1}\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2-\frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{1}{n}}a^{2-\frac{1}{n}}bx^{2n-1}\Gamma\left(2-\frac{1}{n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2-\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3-\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x**2,x)`

output

```
A*a**(1/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((-1/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n)) + A*a**(-1/2 + 1/n)*a**(1 - 1/n)*b*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 1/n), (2 - 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 1/n)) + B*a*a**(-1/2 + 1/n)*a**(1 - 1/n)*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 1/n), (2 - 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 1/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 + 1/n)*a**(2 - 1/n)*b*x**(2*n - 1)*gamma(2 - 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 1/n), (3 - 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 - 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/x^2,x)`output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + a}b^2n^2 - 16x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + a}b^2n + 8x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + a}b^2 + 22x^n\sqrt{x^nb + a}}{x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x)`

output

```
(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2 - 16*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2
*n + 8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2
- 52*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n + 16*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 46*sqrt(
x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2 - 36*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a
*2 + 225*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 - 46*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 +
36*x**n*b*n*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n**3*x**2 - 46*a*n**2*x**2 + 36*a
*n*x**2 - 8*a*x**2),x)*a**3*n**6*x - 690*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n
**3*x**2 - 46*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 + 36*x**n*b*n*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n
**3*x**2 - 46*a*n**2*x**2 + 36*a*n*x**2 - 8*a*x**2),x)*a**3*n**5*x + 540*i
nt(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 - 46*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 + 36*x**n*b
*n*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n**3*x**2 - 46*a*n**2*x**2 + 36*a*n*x**2 -
8*a*x**2),x)*a**3*n**4*x - 120*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 -
46*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 + 36*x**n*b*n*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n**3*x**2 -
46*a*n**2*x**2 + 36*a*n*x**2 - 8*a*x**2),x)*a**3*n**3*x)/(x*(15*n**3 - 46
*n**2 + 36*n - 8))
```

### 3.342 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2512
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2512
Rubi [A] (verified)	2513
Maple [F]	2514
Fricas [F(-2)]	2515
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2515
Maxima [F]	2516
Giac [F]	2516
Mupad [F(-1)]	2517
Reduce [F]	2517

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(4 - 5n)x^2} - \frac{a\left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b-5bn}\right) \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

```
output -2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/(4-5*n)/x^2-1/2*a*(A-4*a*B/(-5*b*n+4*b))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^2/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}(-A(-2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{2(-2 + n)x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

```
input Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a\sqrt{a + bx^n}*(-(A*(-2 + n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, -2/n, (-2 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])) + 2*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, (-2 + n)/n, 2 - 2/n, -(b*x^n)/a]))}{2*(-2 + n)*x^2*\sqrt{1 + (b*x^n)/a}}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 5bn}\right) \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(4 - 5n)x^2}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 5bn}\right) \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(4 - 5n)x^2}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 5bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(4 - 5n)x^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n)/x^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(b*(4 - 5*n)*x^2) - (a*(A - (4*a*B)/(4*b - 5*b*n))*\sqrt{a + b*x^n}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a])}{(2*x^2*\sqrt{1 + (b*x^n)/a})}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{Aaa^{-\frac{2}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{n}}\Gamma(-\frac{2}{n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right)} + \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{n}}a^{1-\frac{2}{n}}bx^{n-2}\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2-\frac{2}{n}\right)} + \frac{Baa^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{n}}a^{1-\frac{2}{n}}x^{n-2}\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2-\frac{2}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{2}{n}}a^{2-\frac{2}{n}}bx^{2n-2}\Gamma\left(2-\frac{2}{n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2-\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3-\frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x**3,x)`



output

```
A*a**(1/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((-1/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n)) + A*a**(-1/2 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*b*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 2/n), (2 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 2/n)) + B*a*a**(-1/2 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 2/n), (2 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 2/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 + 2/n)*a**(2 - 2/n)*b*x**(2*n - 2)*gamma(2 - 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 2/n), (3 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 - 2/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x^3, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/x^3,x)`output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + a}b^2n^2 - 32x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + a}b^2n + 32x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + a}b^2 + 22x^n\sqrt{x^n}}{x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)`

output

```
(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2 - 32*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2
*n + 32*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2
- 104*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n + 64*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 46*sq
rt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2 - 72*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n + 32*sqrt(x**n*b + a)
*a**2 + 225*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 92*x**n*b*n**2*x**
3 + 144*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 64*x**n*b*x**3 + 15*a*n**3*x**3 - 92*a*n**2*x**3 +
144*a*n*x**3 - 64*a*x**3),x)*a**3*n**6*x**2 - 1380*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(
15*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 92*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 + 144*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 64*x**n*b*
x**3 + 15*a*n**3*x**3 - 92*a*n**2*x**3 + 144*a*n*x**3 - 64*a*x**3),x)*a**3
*n**5*x**2 + 2160*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 92*x**n*b*n*
**2*x**3 + 144*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 64*x**n*b*x**3 + 15*a*n**3*x**3 - 92*a*n**2*
x**3 + 144*a*n*x**3 - 64*a*x**3),x)*a**3*n**4*x**2 - 960*int(sqrt(x**n*b +
a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 92*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 + 144*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 64*x*
*n*b*x**3 + 15*a*n**3*x**3 - 92*a*n**2*x**3 + 144*a*n*x**3 - 64*a*x**3),x)
*a**3*n**3*x**2)/(x**2*(15*n**3 - 92*n**2 + 144*n - 64))
```

### 3.343 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2518
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2518
Rubi [A] (verified)	2519
Maple [F]	2520
Fricas [F(-2)]	2521
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2521
Maxima [F]	2522
Giac [F]	2522
Mupad [F(-1)]	2523
Reduce [F]	2523

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(6 - 5n)x^3} - \frac{a\left(A - \frac{6aB}{6b-5bn}\right) \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/(6-5*n)/x^3-1/3*a*(A-6*a*B/(-5*b*n+6*b))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -3/n], [-(3-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^3/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}(-A(-3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, \frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{3(-3 + n)x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x^4,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a\sqrt{a + bx^n}) * (- (A * (-3 + n) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, -3/n, (-3 + n)/n, -((bx^n)/a)]) + 3 * B * x^n * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, (-3 + n)/n, 2 - 3/n, -((bx^n)/a)])}{(3 * (-3 + n) * x^3 * \sqrt{1 + (bx^n)/a})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left( A - \frac{6aB}{6b - 5bn} \right) \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(6 - 5n)x^3}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{6aB}{6b - 5bn} \right) \int \frac{\left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(6 - 5n)x^3}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{6aB}{6b - 5bn} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{3x^3 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{b(6 - 5n)x^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + bx^n)^{(3/2)} * (A + B * x^n) / x^4, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2 * B * (a + bx^n)^{(5/2)}) / (b * (6 - 5 * n) * x^3) - (a * (A - (6 * a * B) / (6 * b - 5 * b * n)) * \sqrt{a + bx^n} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, -3/n, -((3 - n)/n), -((bx^n)/a)])}{(3 * x^3 * \sqrt{1 + (bx^n)/a})}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{Aaa^{-\frac{3}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{n}}\Gamma(-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^3\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{n})}$$

$$+ \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{n}}a^{1-\frac{3}{n}}bx^{n-3}\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2-\frac{3}{n})}$$

$$+ \frac{Baa^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{n}}a^{1-\frac{3}{n}}x^{n-3}\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2-\frac{3}{n})}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{3}{n}}a^{2-\frac{3}{n}}bx^{2n-3}\Gamma(2-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2-\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(3-\frac{3}{n})}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x**4,x)`

output

```
A*a**(1/2 + 3/n)*gamma(-3/n)*hyper((-1/2, -3/n), (1 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(3/n)*n*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n)) + A*a**(-1/2 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*b*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 3/n), (2 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 3/n)) + B*a*a**(-1/2 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 3/n), (2 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 3/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 + 3/n)*a**(2 - 3/n)*b*x**(2*n - 3)*gamma(2 - 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 3/n), (3 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 - 3/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x^4, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x^4, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/x^4,x)`output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/x^4, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + a}b^2n^2 - 48x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + a}b^2n + 72x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + a}b^2 + 22x^n\sqrt{x^n}}{x^4}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)`

output

```
(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2 - 48*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2
*n + 72*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2
- 156*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n + 144*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 46*sq
rt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2 - 108*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n + 72*sqrt(x**n*b +
a)*a**2 + 75*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(5*x**n*b*n**3*x**4 - 46*x**n*b*n**2*x**
4 + 108*x**n*b*n*x**4 - 72*x**n*b*x**4 + 5*a*n**3*x**4 - 46*a*n**2*x**4 +
108*a*n*x**4 - 72*a*x**4),x)*a**3*n**6*x**3 - 690*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(5*
x**n*b*n**3*x**4 - 46*x**n*b*n**2*x**4 + 108*x**n*b*n*x**4 - 72*x**n*b*x**
4 + 5*a*n**3*x**4 - 46*a*n**2*x**4 + 108*a*n*x**4 - 72*a*x**4),x)*a**3*n**
5*x**3 + 1620*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(5*x**n*b*n**3*x**4 - 46*x**n*b*n**2*x*
**4 + 108*x**n*b*n*x**4 - 72*x**n*b*x**4 + 5*a*n**3*x**4 - 46*a*n**2*x**4 +
108*a*n*x**4 - 72*a*x**4),x)*a**3*n**4*x**3 - 1080*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(
5*x**n*b*n**3*x**4 - 46*x**n*b*n**2*x**4 + 108*x**n*b*n*x**4 - 72*x**n*b*x
**4 + 5*a*n**3*x**4 - 46*a*n**2*x**4 + 108*a*n*x**4 - 72*a*x**4),x)*a**3*n
**3*x**3)/(3*x**3*(5*n**3 - 46*n**2 + 108*n - 72))
```



### 3.344 $\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2524
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2524
Rubi [A] (verified)	2525
Maple [F]	2526
Fricas [F(-2)]	2526
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2527
Maxima [F]	2528
Giac [F]	2528
Mupad [F(-1)]	2529
Reduce [F]	2529

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Bx^3(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(6 + 7n)} + \frac{a^2(A - \frac{6aB}{6b+7bn}) x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

$2*B*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^{(7/2)}/b/(6+7*n)+1/3*a^2*(A-6*a*B/(7*b*n+6*b))*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}*hypergeom([-5/2, 3/n], [(3+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{a^2 x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A(3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\dots))}{3(3 + n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output

$$\frac{(a^2 x^3 \sqrt{a + b x^n} (A (3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-5/2, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b x^n)/a)] + 3 B x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-5/2, (3 + n)/n, 2 + 3/n, -((b x^n)/a)]))}{(3 (3 + n) \sqrt{1 + (b x^n)/a})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b x^n)^{5/2} (A + B x^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left( A - \frac{6aB}{7bn + 6b} \right) \int x^2 (b x^n + a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2B x^3 (a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(7n + 6)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} \left( A - \frac{6aB}{7bn + 6b} \right) \int x^2 \left( \frac{b x^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{5/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{b x^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B x^3 (a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(7n + 6)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{a^2 x^3 \sqrt{a + b x^n} \left( A - \frac{6aB}{7bn + 6b} \right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{b x^n}{a} \right)}{3 \sqrt{\frac{b x^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B x^3 (a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(7n + 6)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*B*x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(7/2))/(b*(6 + 7*n)) + (a^2*(A - (6*a*B)/(6*b + 7*b*n)))*x^3*\sqrt{a + b*x^n}*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-5/2, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]}{(3*\sqrt{1 + (b*x^n)/a})}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}(A + Bx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}(A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 18.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = & \frac{Aa^2 a^{\frac{3}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{n}} x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{n} \\ 1 + \frac{3}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{2Aaa^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{3}{n}} bx^{n+3} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{n} \\ 2 + \frac{3}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{3}{n}} b^2 x^{2n+3} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{3}{n} \\ 3 + \frac{3}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{Ba^2 a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{3}{n}} x^{n+3} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{n} \\ 2 + \frac{3}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{2Baa^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{3}{n}} bx^{2n+3} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{3}{n} \\ 3 + \frac{3}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{3}{n}} a^{3 + \frac{3}{n}} b^2 x^{3n+3} \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 3 + \frac{3}{n} \\ 4 + \frac{3}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(4 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b*x**n)**(5/2)*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

```
A*a**2*a**(3/n)*a**(1/2 - 3/n)*x**3*gamma(3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 3/n), (1 + 3/n
),), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + 2*A*a*a**(-1/2 - 3/n)*a
**(1 + 3/n)*b*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n,),
b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) + A*a**(-3/2 - 3/n)*a**(2 +
3/n)*b**2*x**(2*n + 3)*gamma(2 + 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 + 3/n), (3 + 3/n,), b
*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 3/n)) + B*a**2*a**(-1/2 - 3/n)*a**(1
+ 3/n)*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n,), b*x**
n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) + 2*B*a*a**(-3/2 - 3/n)*a**(2 + 3/
n)*b*x**(2*n + 3)*gamma(2 + 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 + 3/n), (3 + 3/n,), b*x**n
*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 3/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 - 3/n)*a**(3 + 3/n)*b*
**2*x**(3*n + 3)*gamma(3 + 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 3 + 3/n), (4 + 3/n,), b*x**n*exp
_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4 + 3/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2} x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^2, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2} x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int x^2 (A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`output `int(x^2*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{30x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n^3 x^3 + 276x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n^2 x^3 + 648x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n x^3 + 432x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 x^3 + 30x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 x^3 + 276x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n^2 x^3 + 648x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n x^3 + 432x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 x^3}{30x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n^3 x^3 + 276x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n^2 x^3 + 648x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n x^3 + 432x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 x^3 + 30x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 x^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n), x)`

output

```

(30*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n**3*x**3 + 276*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b +
a)*b**3*n**2*x**3 + 648*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n*x**3 + 432*x**(3*
n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*x**3 + 132*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**3*
x**3 + 1164*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**2*x**3 + 2448*x**(2*n)*sqr
t(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n*x**3 + 1296*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*x**3 +
244*x***n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n**3*x**3 + 1920*x***n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a
**2*b*n**2*x**3 + 2952*x***n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n*x**3 + 1296*x***n*sqr
t(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*x**3 + 352*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n**3*x**3 + 1032*sqr
t(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n**2*x**3 + 1152*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n*x**3 + 432*sqr
t(x**n*b + a)*a**3*x**3 + 3675*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(35*x***n*b*n**4
+ 352*x***n*b*n**3 + 1032*x***n*b*n**2 + 1152*x***n*b*n + 432*x**n*b + 35*a*
n**4 + 352*a*n**3 + 1032*a*n**2 + 1152*a*n + 432*a),x)*a**4*n**8 + 36960*i
nt((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(35*x***n*b*n**4 + 352*x***n*b*n**3 + 1032*x***n*b
*n**2 + 1152*x***n*b*n + 432*x**n*b + 35*a*n**4 + 352*a*n**3 + 1032*a*n**2
+ 1152*a*n + 432*a),x)*a**4*n**7 + 108360*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(35*
x***n*b*n**4 + 352*x***n*b*n**3 + 1032*x***n*b*n**2 + 1152*x***n*b*n + 432*x**
n*b + 35*a*n**4 + 352*a*n**3 + 1032*a*n**2 + 1152*a*n + 432*a),x)*a**4*n**
6 + 120960*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(35*x***n*b*n**4 + 352*x***n*b*n**3 +
1032*x***n*b*n**2 + 1152*x***n*b*n + 432*x**n*b + 35*a*n**4 + 352*a*n**3 +
1032*a*n**2 + 1152*a*n + 432*a),x)*a**4*n**5 + 45360*int((sqrt(x**n*b + ...

```

### 3.345 $\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2531
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2531
Rubi [A] (verified)	2532
Maple [F]	2533
Fricas [F(-2)]	2533
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2534
Maxima [F]	2535
Giac [F]	2535
Mupad [F(-1)]	2536
Reduce [F]	2536

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Bx^2(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(4 + 7n)} + \frac{a^2(A - \frac{4aB}{4b+7bn})x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2*B*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)/b/(4+7*n)+1/2*a^2*(A-4*a*B/(7*b*n+4*b))*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-5/2, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{a^2x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A(2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{2(2 + n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n), x]
```



output

$$\frac{(a^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} (A (2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-5/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b x^n)/a)] + 2 B x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-5/2, (2 + n)/n, 2(1 + n^{-1}), -((b x^n)/a)]))}{2(2 + n) \sqrt{1 + (b x^n)/a}}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b x^n)^{5/2} (A + B x^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(A - \frac{4aB}{7bn + 4b}\right) \int x(bx^n + a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2Bx^2(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(7n + 4)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{7bn + 4b}\right) \int x\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx^2(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(7n + 4)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{a^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{7bn + 4b}\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx^2(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(7n + 4)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*B*x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(7/2))/(b*(4 + 7*n)) + (a^2*(A - (4*a*B)/(4*b + 7*b*n)))*x^2*\sqrt{a + b*x^n}*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-5/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]}{2*\sqrt{1 + (b*x^n)/a}}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = & \frac{Aa^2 a^{\frac{2}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{n}} x^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} \\
 + & \frac{2Aaa^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{2}{n}} bx^{n+2} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} \\
 + & \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{2}{n}} b^2 x^{2n+2} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} \\
 + & \frac{Ba^2 a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{2}{n}} x^{n+2} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} \\
 + & \frac{2Baa^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{2}{n}} bx^{2n+2} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} \\
 + & \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{2}{n}} a^{3 + \frac{2}{n}} b^2 x^{3n+2} \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(4 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**(5/2)*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

```
A*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(1/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n
),), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 2*A*a*a**(-1/2 - 2/n)*a
**(1 + 2/n)*b*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n,),
b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) + A*a**(-3/2 - 2/n)*a**(2 +
2/n)*b**2*x**(2*n + 2)*gamma(2 + 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 + 2/n), (3 + 2/n,), b
*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 2/n)) + B*a**2*a**(-1/2 - 2/n)*a**(1
+ 2/n)*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n,), b*x**
n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) + 2*B*a*a**(-3/2 - 2/n)*a**(2 + 2/
n)*b*x**(2*n + 2)*gamma(2 + 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 + 2/n), (3 + 2/n,), b*x**n
*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 2/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 - 2/n)*a**(3 + 2/n)*b*
**2*x**(3*n + 2)*gamma(3 + 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 3 + 2/n), (4 + 2/n,), b*x**n*e
xp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4 + 2/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2} x dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2} x dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int x (A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`output `int(x*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{30x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n^3 x^2 + 184x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n^2 x^2 + 288x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n x^2 + 128x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 x^2}{(A + Bx^n)}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n), x)`

output

```

(30*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n**3*x**2 + 184*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b +
a)*b**3*n**2*x**2 + 288*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n*x**2 + 128*x**(3*
n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*x**2 + 132*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**3*
x**2 + 776*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**2*x**2 + 1088*x**(2*n)*sqrt
(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n*x**2 + 384*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*x**2 + 2
44*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n**3*x**2 + 1280*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**
2*b*n**2*x**2 + 1312*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n*x**2 + 384*x**n*sqrt(x
**n*b + a)*a**2*b*x**2 + 352*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n**3*x**2 + 688*sqrt(x*
**n*b + a)*a**3*n**2*x**2 + 512*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n*x**2 + 128*sqrt(x**
n*b + a)*a**3*x**2 + 11025*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(105*x**n*b*n**4 + 704
*x**n*b*n**3 + 1376*x**n*b*n**2 + 1024*x**n*b*n + 256*x**n*b + 105*a*n**4
+ 704*a*n**3 + 1376*a*n**2 + 1024*a*n + 256*a),x)*a**4*n**8 + 73920*int((s
qrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(105*x**n*b*n**4 + 704*x**n*b*n**3 + 1376*x**n*b*n**2 +
1024*x**n*b*n + 256*x**n*b + 105*a*n**4 + 704*a*n**3 + 1376*a*n**2 + 1024
*a*n + 256*a),x)*a**4*n**7 + 144480*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(105*x**n*b*n
**4 + 704*x**n*b*n**3 + 1376*x**n*b*n**2 + 1024*x**n*b*n + 256*x**n*b + 10
5*a*n**4 + 704*a*n**3 + 1376*a*n**2 + 1024*a*n + 256*a),x)*a**4*n**6 + 107
520*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(105*x**n*b*n**4 + 704*x**n*b*n**3 + 1376*x**
n*b*n**2 + 1024*x**n*b*n + 256*x**n*b + 105*a*n**4 + 704*a*n**3 + 1376*a*
n**2 + 1024*a*n + 256*a),x)*a**4*n**5 + 26880*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(...

```

### 3.346 $\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2538
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2538
Rubi [A] (verified)	2539
Maple [F]	2540
Fricas [F(-2)]	2540
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2541
Maxima [F]	2542
Giac [F]	2542
Mupad [F(-1)]	2543
Reduce [F]	2543

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(2 + 7n)} + \frac{a^2(A - \frac{2aB}{2b+7bn}) x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output `2*B*x*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)/b/(2+7*n)+a^2*(A-2*a*B/(7*b*n+2*b))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-5/2, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( B(a + bx^n)^3 - \frac{a^2(aB - \frac{1}{2}Ab(2+7n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}} \right)}{b + \frac{7bn}{2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(B*(a + b*x^n)^3 - (a^2*(a*B - (A*b*(2 + 7*n))/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])/(b + (7*b*n)/2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 913$$

$$\left(A - \frac{2aB}{7bn + 2b}\right) \int (bx^n + a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(7n + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{7bn + 2b}\right) \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(7n + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{a^2 x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{7bn + 2b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2Bx(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(7n + 2)}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*B*x*(a + b*x^n)^(7/2))/(b*(2 + 7*n)) + (a^2*(A - (2*a*B)/(2*b + 7*b*n))*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.24

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aa^2 a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2Aaa^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} bx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} b^2 x^{2n+1} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^2 a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} x^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2Baa^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} bx^{2n+1} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{3 + \frac{1}{n}} b^2 x^{3n+1} \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(4 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)**(5/2)*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

```
A*a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(1/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n,),
b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 2*A*a*a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*a**(
1 + 1/n)*b*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*
x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + A*a**(-3/2 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n
)*b**2*x**(2*n + 1)*gamma(2 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 + 1/n), (3 + 1/n,), b*x*
*n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + B*a**2*a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 +
1/n)*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*ex
p_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + 2*B*a*a**(-3/2 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)*
b*x**(2*n + 1)*gamma(2 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 + 1/n), (3 + 1/n,), b*x**n*ex
p_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 - 1/n)*a**(3 + 1/n)*b**2*
x**(3*n + 1)*gamma(3 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 3 + 1/n), (4 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_
polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4 + 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{30x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n^3 x + 92x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n^2 x + 72x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 n x + 16x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 x + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n), x)`

output

```

(30*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n**3*x + 92*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b
**3*n**2*x + 72*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n*x + 16*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n
*b + a)*b**3*x + 132*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**3*x + 388*x**(2*n
)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**2*x + 272*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n*
x + 48*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*x + 244*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2
*b*n**3*x + 640*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n**2*x + 328*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)*a**2*b*n*x + 48*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*x + 352*sqrt(x**n*b + a
)*a**3*n**3*x + 344*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n**2*x + 128*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*
**3*n*x + 16*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*x + 11025*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n
*b*n**4 + 352*x**n*b*n**3 + 344*x**n*b*n**2 + 128*x**n*b*n + 16*x**n*b + 1
05*a*n**4 + 352*a*n**3 + 344*a*n**2 + 128*a*n + 16*a),x)*a**4*n**8 + 36960
*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n**4 + 352*x**n*b*n**3 + 344*x**n*b*n**2
+ 128*x**n*b*n + 16*x**n*b + 105*a*n**4 + 352*a*n**3 + 344*a*n**2 + 128*a
*n + 16*a),x)*a**4*n**7 + 36120*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n**4 + 35
2*x**n*b*n**3 + 344*x**n*b*n**2 + 128*x**n*b*n + 16*x**n*b + 105*a*n**4 +
352*a*n**3 + 344*a*n**2 + 128*a*n + 16*a),x)*a**4*n**6 + 13440*int(sqrt(x*
**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n**4 + 352*x**n*b*n**3 + 344*x**n*b*n**2 + 128*x**n*
b*n + 16*x**n*b + 105*a*n**4 + 352*a*n**3 + 344*a*n**2 + 128*a*n + 16*a),x
)*a**4*n**5 + 1680*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n**4 + 352*x**n*b*n**3
+ 344*x**n*b*n**2 + 128*x**n*b*n + 16*x**n*b + 105*a*n**4 + 352*a*n**3...

```

**3.347**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2545
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2545
Rubi [A] (verified)	2546
Maple [A] (verified)	2548
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2549
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2549
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2550
Giac [F]	2550
Mupad [F(-1)]	2550
Reduce [F]	2551

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2a^2A\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n} + \frac{2aA(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3n} + \frac{2A(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5n} + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7bn} - \frac{2a^{5/2}A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$$

output

```
2*a^2*A*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/n+2/3*a*A*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/n+2/5*A*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/n+2/7*B*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)/b/n-2*a^(5/2)*A*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2\left(105a^2Ab\sqrt{a+bx^n} + 35aAb(a+bx^n)^{3/2} + 21Ab(a+bx^n)^{5/2} + 15B(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\right)}{105bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x,x]
```

output

```
(2*(105*a^2*A*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^n] + 35*a*A*b*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2) + 21*A*b*(a +
b*x^n)^(5/2) + 15*B*(a + b*x^n)^(7/2) - 105*a^(5/2)*A*b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a +
b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(105*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.318$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{\int x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^{5/2} (Bx^n + A) dx^n}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{A \int x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^{5/2} dx^n + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{A \left( a \int x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx^n + \frac{2}{5} (a + bx^n)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{A \left( a \left( a \int x^{-n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n + \frac{2}{3} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} (a + bx^n)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{A \left( a \left( a \left( a \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \right) + \frac{2}{3} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} (a + bx^n)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{A \left( a \left( a \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b}}{n}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{A \left( a \left( a \left( 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b}}{n}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x,x]`

output `((2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(7/2))/(7*b) + A*((2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/5 + a*((2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])))/n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`



```
rule 90 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_]
:> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x]
+ Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2))
Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x]
&& NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]

rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
&& NegQ[a/b]

rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Aab(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Aa^2b\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2Aa^{\frac{5}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{bn}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2Ab(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2Aab(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2Aa^2b\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2Aa^{\frac{5}{2}}b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{bn}$
risch	$\frac{2(15Bb^3e^{3n \ln(x)} + 21Ab^3e^{2n \ln(x)} + 45Ba^2b^2e^{2n \ln(x)} + 77Aab^2e^{n \ln(x)} + 45Ba^2be^{n \ln(x)} + 161Aa^2b + 15Ba^3)\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{105bn}$

```
input int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/n/b*(1/7*B*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)+1/5*A*b*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)+1/3*A*a*b*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)
+A*a^2*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-A*a^(5/2)*b*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\left[ 105 Aa^{\frac{5}{2}} b \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2(15 Bb^3 x^{3n} + 15 Ba^3 + 161 Aa^2 b) \right]}{105 bn}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/105*(105*A*a^(5/2)*b*log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) + 2*(15*B*b^3*x^(3*n) + 15*B*a^3 + 161*A*a^2*b + 3*(15*B*a*b^2 + 7*A*b^3)*x^(2*n) + (45*B*a^2*b + 77*A*a*b^2)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(b*n), 2/105*(105*A*sqrt(-a)*a^2*b*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) + (15*B*b^3*x^(3*n) + 15*B*a^3 + 161*A*a^2*b + 3*(15*B*a*b^2 + 7*A*b^3)*x^(2*n) + (45*B*a^2*b + 77*A*a*b^2)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(b*n)]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 206 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 28.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2Aa^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + 2Aa^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} + \frac{2Aa(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2A(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} \\ Aa^{\frac{5}{2}} \log\left(Ba^{\frac{5}{2}} x^n\right) + Ba^{\frac{5}{2}} x^n \end{array} \right.}{n} \\ (Aa^2 \sqrt{a+b} + 2Aab \sqrt{a+b} + Ab^2 \sqrt{a+b} + Ba^2 \sqrt{a+b} + 2Bab \sqrt{a+b})$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(5/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((Piecewise((2*A*a**3*atan(sqrt(a + b*x**n)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*A*a**2*sqrt(a + b*x**n) + 2*A*a*(a + b*x**n)**(3/2)/3 + 2*A*(a + b*x**n)**(5/2)/5 + 2*B*(a + b*x**n)**(7/2)/(7*b), Ne(b, 0)), (A*a**2*log(B*a**2*x**n) + B*a**2*x**n, True))/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((A*a**2*sqrt(a + b) + 2*A*a*b*sqrt(a + b) + A*b**2*sqrt(a + b) + B*a**2*sqrt(a + b) + 2*B*a*b*sqrt(a + b) + B*b**2*sqrt(a + b))*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{2 (bx^n + a)^{7/2} B}{7bn} + \frac{1}{15} \left( \frac{15 a^{5/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n} + \frac{2 \left( 3 (bx^n + a)^{5/2} + 5 (bx^n + a)^{3/2} a + 15 \sqrt{bx^n + aa^2} \right)}{n} \right) A$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/7*(b*x^n + a)^(7/2)*B/(b*n) + 1/15*(15*a^(5/2)*log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/n + 2*(3*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2) + 5*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a^2)/n)*A`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x, x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/x,x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{30x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 + 132x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} a b^2 + 244x^n\sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 b + 352\sqrt{x^n b + a} a^3}{105n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x,x)`

output `(30*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3 + 132*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2 + 244*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b + 352*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3 + 105*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*a**4*n)/(105*n)`

### 3.348 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2552
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2552
Rubi [A] (verified)	2553
Maple [F]	2554
Fricas [F(-2)]	2555
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2555
Maxima [F]	2557
Giac [F]	2557
Mupad [F(-1)]	2558
Reduce [F]	2558

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(2 - 7n)x} - \frac{a^2 \left(A - \frac{2aB}{2b - 7bn}\right) \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)/b/(2-7*n)/x-a^2*(A-2*a*B/(-7*b*n+2*b))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
)*hypergeom([-5/2, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( (A - An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n \right)}{(-1 + n)x \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x^2,x]
```

output

$$(a^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} ((A - A n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-5/2, -n^{(-1)}, (-1 + n)/n, -((b x^n)/a)] + B x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-5/2, (-1 + n)/n, 2 - n^{(-1)}, -((b x^n)/a)])) / ((-1 + n) x \sqrt{1 + (b x^n)/a})$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^n)^{5/2} (A + B x^n)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left( A - \frac{2aB}{2b - 7bn} \right) \int \frac{(b x^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx - \frac{2B(a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(2 - 7n)x}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} \left( A - \frac{2aB}{2b - 7bn} \right) \int \frac{\left( \frac{b x^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{b x^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(2 - 7n)x}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} \left( A - \frac{2aB}{2b - 7bn} \right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{b x^n}{a} \right)}{x \sqrt{\frac{b x^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(2 - 7n)x}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b x^n)^{(5/2)} * (A + B x^n) / x^2, x]$$

output

$$(-2 * B * (a + b x^n)^{(7/2)}) / (b * (2 - 7 * n) * x) - (a^2 * (A - (2 * a * B) / (2 * b - 7 * b * n)) * \sqrt{a + b x^n} * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-5/2, -n^{(-1)}, -((1 - n)/n), -((b x^n)/a)]) / (x * \sqrt{1 + (b x^n)/a})$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.



Time = 8.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = & \frac{Aa^2 a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{2Aaa^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{1}{n}} bx^{n-1} \Gamma(1 - \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 - \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 - \frac{1}{n}} b^2 x^{2n-1} \Gamma(2 - \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 - \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{Ba^2 a^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{1}{n}} x^{n-1} \Gamma(1 - \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 - \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{2Baa^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 - \frac{1}{n}} bx^{2n-1} \Gamma(2 - \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 - \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{3 - \frac{1}{n}} b^2 x^{3n-1} \Gamma(3 - \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3 - \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(4 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(5/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x**2,x)`

output

```
A*a**2*a**(1/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((-1/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n)) + 2*A*a*a**(-1/2 + 1/n)*a**
*(1 - 1/n)*b*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 1/n), (2 - 1/n, ),
b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 1/n)) + A*a**(-3/2 + 1/n)*a**(2 - 1
/n)*b**2*x**(2*n - 1)*gamma(2 - 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 1/n), (3 - 1/n, ), b*
x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 - 1/n)) + B*a**2*a**(-1/2 + 1/n)*a**(1
- 1/n)*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 1/n), (2 - 1/n, ), b*x**n
*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 1/n)) + 2*B*a*a**(-3/2 + 1/n)*a**(2 - 1/n
)*b*x**(2*n - 1)*gamma(2 - 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 1/n), (3 - 1/n, ), b*x**n*
exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 - 1/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 + 1/n)*a**(3 - 1/n)*b**
2*x**(3*n - 1)*gamma(3 - 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 3 - 1/n), (4 - 1/n, ), b*x**n*ex
p_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4 - 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x^2, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/x^2,x)`output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^2,x)`

output

```
(30*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n**3 - 92*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**
3*n**2 + 72*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n - 16*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a
)*b**3 + 132*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**3 - 388*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**
n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**2 + 272*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n - 48*x**(2*n
)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2 + 244*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n**3 - 640*x*
n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n**2 + 328*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n - 48*
x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b + 352*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n**3 - 344*sqrt(x
**n*b + a)*a**3*n**2 + 128*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n - 16*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a
**3 + 11025*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n**4*x**2 - 352*x**n*b*n**3*x
**2 + 344*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 128*x**n*b*n*x**2 + 16*x**n*b*x**2 + 105*a*n*
**4*x**2 - 352*a*n**3*x**2 + 344*a*n**2*x**2 - 128*a*n*x**2 + 16*a*x**2),x)
*a**4*n**8*x - 36960*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n**4*x**2 - 352*x**n
*b*n**3*x**2 + 344*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 128*x**n*b*n*x**2 + 16*x**n*b*x**2 +
105*a*n**4*x**2 - 352*a*n**3*x**2 + 344*a*n**2*x**2 - 128*a*n*x**2 + 16*a
*x**2),x)*a**4*n**7*x + 36120*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n**4*x**2 -
352*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 + 344*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 128*x**n*b*n*x**2 + 16*x**n
*b*x**2 + 105*a*n**4*x**2 - 352*a*n**3*x**2 + 344*a*n**2*x**2 - 128*a*n*x*
**2 + 16*a*x**2),x)*a**4*n**6*x - 13440*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n*
**4*x**2 - 352*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 + 344*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 128*x**n*b*n*x**2
+ 16*x**n*b*x**2 + 105*a*n**4*x**2 - 352*a*n**3*x**2 + 344*a*n**2*x**2 ...
```

**3.349**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2560
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2560
Rubi [A] (verified)	2561
Maple [F]	2562
Fricas [F(-2)]	2563
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2563
Maxima [F]	2565
Giac [F]	2565
Mupad [F(-1)]	2566
Reduce [F]	2566

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(4 - 7n)x^2} - \frac{a^2 \left( A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 7bn} \right) \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output `-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)/b/(4-7*n)/x^2-1/2*a^2*(A-4*a*B/(-7*b*n+4*b))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-5/2, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^2/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} (-A(-2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + 2}{2(-2 + n)x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x^3,x]`

output

$$\left( a^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} \left( -A(-2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, (-2 + n)/n, -((b x^n)/a)\right] + 2 B x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{5}{2}, (-2 + n)/n, 2 - \frac{2}{n}, -((b x^n)/a)\right] \right) \right) / (2(-2 + n) x^2 \sqrt{1 + (b x^n)/a})$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^n)^{5/2} (A + B x^n)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left( A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 7bn} \right) \int \frac{(b x^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx - \frac{2B(a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(4 - 7n)x^2}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} \left( A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 7bn} \right) \int \frac{\left( \frac{b x^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{b x^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(4 - 7n)x^2}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} \left( A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 7bn} \right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{b x^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{b x^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(4 - 7n)x^2}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b x^n)^{(5/2)} * (A + B x^n) / x^3, x]$$

output

$$\left( -2 B (a + b x^n)^{(7/2)} / (b (4 - 7 n) x^2) - a^2 (A - (4 a B) / (4 b - 7 b n)) \sqrt{a + b x^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{(2 - n)}{n}, -\frac{(b x^n)}{a}\right] \right) / (2 x^2 \sqrt{1 + (b x^n) / a})$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.



Time = 9.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = & \frac{Aa^2 a^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2 \Gamma(1 - \frac{2}{n})} \\
 & + \frac{2Aaa^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{2}{n}} bx^{n-2} \Gamma(1 - \frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2 - \frac{2}{n})} \\
 & + \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} a^{2 - \frac{2}{n}} b^2 x^{2n-2} \Gamma(2 - \frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(3 - \frac{2}{n})} \\
 & + \frac{Ba^2 a^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{2}{n}} x^{n-2} \Gamma(1 - \frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2 - \frac{2}{n})} \\
 & + \frac{2Baa^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} a^{2 - \frac{2}{n}} bx^{2n-2} \Gamma(2 - \frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(3 - \frac{2}{n})} \\
 & + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} a^{3 - \frac{2}{n}} b^2 x^{3n-2} \Gamma(3 - \frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3 - \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(4 - \frac{2}{n})}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(5/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x**3,x)`

output

```
A*a**2*a**(1/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((-1/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n)) + 2*A*a*a**(-1/2 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*b*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 2/n), (2 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 2/n)) + A*a**(-3/2 + 2/n)*a**(2 - 2/n)*b**2*x**(2*n - 2)*gamma(2 - 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 2/n), (3 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 - 2/n)) + B*a**2*a**(-1/2 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 2/n), (2 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 2/n)) + 2*B*a*a**(-3/2 + 2/n)*a**(2 - 2/n)*b*x**(2*n - 2)*gamma(2 - 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 2/n), (3 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 - 2/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 + 2/n)*a**(3 - 2/n)*b**2*x**(3*n - 2)*gamma(3 - 2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 3 - 2/n), (4 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4 - 2/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x^3, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/x^3,x)`output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^3,x)`

output

```
(30*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n**3 - 184*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*
*3*n**2 + 288*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n - 128*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)*b**3 + 132*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**3 - 776*x**(2*n)*sqrt(
x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**2 + 1088*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n - 384*x*
*(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2 + 244*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n**3 - 1
280*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n**2 + 1312*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*
n - 384*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b + 352*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n**3 - 68
8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n**2 + 512*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n - 128*sqrt(x**n
*b + a)*a**3 + 11025*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n**4*x**3 - 704*x**n
*b*n**3*x**3 + 1376*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 1024*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 256*x**n*b*x**
3 + 105*a*n**4*x**3 - 704*a*n**3*x**3 + 1376*a*n**2*x**3 - 1024*a*n*x**3 +
256*a*x**3),x)*a**4*n**8*x**2 - 73920*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n*
*4*x**3 - 704*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 + 1376*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 1024*x**n*b*n*x**
3 + 256*x**n*b*x**3 + 105*a*n**4*x**3 - 704*a*n**3*x**3 + 1376*a*n**2*x**3
- 1024*a*n*x**3 + 256*a*x**3),x)*a**4*n**7*x**2 + 144480*int(sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)/(105*x**n*b*n**4*x**3 - 704*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 + 1376*x**n*b*n**2*x**3
- 1024*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 256*x**n*b*x**3 + 105*a*n**4*x**3 - 704*a*n**3*x**3
+ 1376*a*n**2*x**3 - 1024*a*n*x**3 + 256*a*x**3),x)*a**4*n**6*x**2 - 1075
20*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(105*x**n*b*n**4*x**3 - 704*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 + 137
6*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 1024*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 256*x**n*b*x**3 + 105*a*n**4*...
```

### 3.350 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2568
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2568
Rubi [A] (verified)	2569
Maple [F]	2570
Fricas [F(-2)]	2571
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2571
Maxima [F]	2573
Giac [F]	2573
Mupad [F(-1)]	2574
Reduce [F]	2574

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{b(6-7n)x^3} - \frac{a^2(A - \frac{6aB}{6b-7bn})\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3x^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)/b/(6-7*n)/x^3-1/3*a^2*(A-6*a*B/(-7*b*n+6*b))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-5/2, -3/n], [-(3-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^3/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}(A+Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \frac{a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}(-A(-3+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, \frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3B(a+bx^n)^{3/2})}{3(-3+n)x^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A + B*x^n))/x^4,x]
```

output

$$\left( a^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} \left( -A(-3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, (-3 + n)/n, -((b x^n)/a)\right] + 3 B x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{5}{2}, (-3 + n)/n, 2 - \frac{3}{n}, -((b x^n)/a)\right] \right) \right) / (3(-3 + n) x^3 \sqrt{1 + (b x^n)/a})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^n)^{5/2} (A + B x^n)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left( A - \frac{6aB}{6b - 7bn} \right) \int \frac{(b x^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx - \frac{2B(a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(6 - 7n)x^3}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} \left( A - \frac{6aB}{6b - 7bn} \right) \int \frac{\left( \frac{b x^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{b x^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(6 - 7n)x^3}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n} \left( A - \frac{6aB}{6b - 7bn} \right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{b x^n}{a}\right)}{3x^3 \sqrt{\frac{b x^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + b x^n)^{7/2}}{b(6 - 7n)x^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b x^n)^{(5/2)} * (A + B x^n) / x^4, x]$$

output

$$\left( -2 B (a + b x^n)^{(7/2)} / (b (6 - 7 n) x^3) - (a^2 (A - (6 a B) / (6 b - 7 b n)) \sqrt{a + b x^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{(3 - n)}{n}, -\frac{(b x^n)}{a}\right]) \right) / (3 x^3 \sqrt{1 + (b x^n) / a})$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.



Time = 11.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = & \frac{Aa^2 a^{-\frac{3}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^3 \Gamma(1 - \frac{3}{n})} \\
 & + \frac{2Aaa^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{3}{n}} bx^{n-3} \Gamma(1 - \frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2 - \frac{3}{n})} \\
 & + \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{n}} a^{2 - \frac{3}{n}} b^2 x^{2n-3} \Gamma(2 - \frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(3 - \frac{3}{n})} \\
 & + \frac{Ba^2 a^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{3}{n}} x^{n-3} \Gamma(1 - \frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2 - \frac{3}{n})} \\
 & + \frac{2Baa^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{n}} a^{2 - \frac{3}{n}} bx^{2n-3} \Gamma(2 - \frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(3 - \frac{3}{n})} \\
 & + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{3}{n}} a^{3 - \frac{3}{n}} b^2 x^{3n-3} \Gamma(3 - \frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 3 - \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(4 - \frac{3}{n})}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(5/2)*(A+B*x**n)/x**4,x)`

output

```
A*a**2*a**(1/2 + 3/n)*gamma(-3/n)*hyper((-1/2, -3/n), (1 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(3/n)*n*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n)) + 2*A*a*a**(-1/2 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*b*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 3/n), (2 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 3/n)) + A*a**(-3/2 + 3/n)*a**(2 - 3/n)*b**2*x**(2*n - 3)*gamma(2 - 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 3/n), (3 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 - 3/n)) + B*a**2*a**(-1/2 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 3/n), (2 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 3/n)) + 2*B*a*a**(-3/2 + 3/n)*a**(2 - 3/n)*b*x**(2*n - 3)*gamma(2 - 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 3/n), (3 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 - 3/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 + 3/n)*a**(3 - 3/n)*b**2*x**(3*n - 3)*gamma(3 - 3/n)*hyper((-1/2, 3 - 3/n), (4 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4 - 3/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x^4, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x^4, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/x^4,x)`output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/x^4, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} (A + Bx^n)}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(A+B*x^n)/x^4,x)`

output

```

(30*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n**3 - 276*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*
*3*n**2 + 648*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*n - 432*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)*b**3 + 132*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**3 - 1164*x**(2*n)*sqrt
(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n**2 + 2448*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*n - 1296*
x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2 + 244*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n**3 -
1920*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*n**2 + 2952*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*
b*n - 1296*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b + 352*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n**3 -
1032*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n**2 + 1152*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*n - 432*sqrt
(x**n*b + a)*a**3 + 3675*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(35*x**n*b*n**4*x**4 - 352*x
**n*b*n**3*x**4 + 1032*x**n*b*n**2*x**4 - 1152*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 432*x**n*b*
x**4 + 35*a*n**4*x**4 - 352*a*n**3*x**4 + 1032*a*n**2*x**4 - 1152*a*n*x**4
+ 432*a*x**4),x)*a**4*n**8*x**3 - 36960*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(35*x**n*b*n
**4*x**4 - 352*x**n*b*n**3*x**4 + 1032*x**n*b*n**2*x**4 - 1152*x**n*b*n*x
**4 + 432*x**n*b*x**4 + 35*a*n**4*x**4 - 352*a*n**3*x**4 + 1032*a*n**2*x**4
- 1152*a*n*x**4 + 432*a*x**4),x)*a**4*n**7*x**3 + 108360*int(sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)/(35*x**n*b*n**4*x**4 - 352*x**n*b*n**3*x**4 + 1032*x**n*b*n**2*x**4 -
1152*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 432*x**n*b*x**4 + 35*a*n**4*x**4 - 352*a*n**3*x**4 +
1032*a*n**2*x**4 - 1152*a*n*x**4 + 432*a*x**4),x)*a**4*n**6*x**3 - 120960
*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(35*x**n*b*n**4*x**4 - 352*x**n*b*n**3*x**4 + 1032*x
**n*b*n**2*x**4 - 1152*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 432*x**n*b*x**4 + 35*a*n**4*x**4...

```

### 3.351 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2576
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2576
Rubi [A] (verified)	2577
Maple [F]	2578
Fricas [F(-2)]	2578
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2579
Maxima [F]	2579
Giac [F]	2580
Mupad [F(-1)]	2580
Reduce [F]	2580

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2Bx^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b(6+n)} + \frac{\left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(6+n)}\right) x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

$2*B*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/(6+n)+1/3*(A-6*a*B/b/(6+n))*x^3*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)$   
 $)\operatorname{hypergeom}([1/2, 3/n], [(3+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \left(A(3+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{n}, 2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)\right)}{3(3+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output

$$\frac{(x^3 \sqrt{1 + (bx^n)/a} (A(3+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/n, (3+n)/n, -(bx^n)/a] + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (3+n)/n, 2+3/n, -(bx^n)/a]))}{(3(3+n) \sqrt{a+bx^n})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(n+6)}\right) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx + \frac{2Bx^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+6)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(n+6)}\right) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+6)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(n+6)}\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+6)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(x^2(A + Bx^n))/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + bx^n], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2Bx^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n})}{(b(6+n))} + \frac{((A - (6aB)/(b(6+n)))x^3 \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (bx^n)/a] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/n, (3+n)/n, -(bx^n)/a])}{(3 \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + bx^n])}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{3}{n}}a^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{n}}x^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{3}{n}}a^{1+\frac{3}{n}}x^{n+3}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `A*a**(3/n)*a**(-1/2 - 3/n)*x**3*gamma(3/n)*hyper((1/2, 3/n), (1 + 3/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((1/2, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^2/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^2/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^3 + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^2}{x^n b n + 6x^n b + a n + 6a} dx \right) a n^2 + 6 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^2}{x^n b n + 6x^n b + a n + 6a} dx \right) a n}{n + 6}$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3 + int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(x**n*b*n + 6*x**n*b + a*n + 6*a),x)*a*n**2 + 6*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(x**n*b*n + 6*x**n*b + a*n + 6*a),x)*a*n)/(n + 6)`

### 3.352 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2581
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2581
Rubi [A] (verified)	2582
Maple [F]	2583
Fricas [F(-2)]	2583
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2584
Maxima [F]	2584
Giac [F]	2585
Mupad [F(-1)]	2585
Reduce [F]	2585

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2Bx^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b(4+n)} + \frac{\left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(4+n)}\right) x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

$$2*B*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/(4+n)+1/2*(A-4*a*B/b/(4+n))*x^2*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1/2, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (A(2+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{n}, 2(1+n), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{2(2+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(x*(A+B*x^n))/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x^n], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(x^2 \sqrt{1 + (b x^n)/a}) (A (2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b x^n)/a)] + 2 B x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (2 + n)/n, 2(1 + n^{-1}), -((b x^n)/a)])}{2(2 + n) \sqrt{a + b x^n}}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(n+4)}\right) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx + \frac{2Bx^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+4)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(n+4)}\right) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+4)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(n+4)}\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+4)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x*(A + B*x^n))/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*B*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])}{(b*(4 + n))} + \left(\frac{(A - (4*a*B))}{(b*(4 + n))}\right)*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}x^2\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}a^{1+\frac{2}{n}}x^{n+2}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `A*a**(2/n)*a**(-1/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((1/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((1/2, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^2 + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^n b n + 4x^n b + a n + 4a} dx \right) a n^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^n b n + 4x^n b + a n + 4a} dx \right) a n}{n + 4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2 + int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n + 4*a),x)*a*n**2 + 4*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n + 4*a),x)*a*n)/(n + 4)`

### 3.353 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2586
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2586
Rubi [A] (verified)	2587
Maple [F]	2588
Fricas [F(-2)]	2588
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2589
Maxima [F]	2589
Giac [F]	2590
Mupad [F(-1)]	2590
Reduce [F]	2590

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2Bx\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(2 + n)} + \frac{\left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(2+n)}\right) x \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/(2+n)+(A-2*a*B/b/(2+n))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeometric([1/2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{x\left(2B(a + bx^n) + (-2aB + Ab(2 + n))\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{b(2 + n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(x*(2*B*(a + b*x^n) + (-2*a*B + A*b*(2 + n))*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(b*(2 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\
 & \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx + \frac{2Bx\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{779} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(2*B*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*(2 + n)) + ((A - (2*a*B)/(b*(2 + n)))*x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}a^{1+\frac{1}{n}}x^{n+1}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `A*a**(1/n)*a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} x + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n + 2x^n b + a n + 2a} dx \right) a n^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n + 2x^n b + a n + 2a} dx \right) a n}{n + 2}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*n**2 + 2*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*n)/(n + 2)`

### 3.354 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2591
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2591
Rubi [A] (verified)	2592
Maple [A] (verified)	2593
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2594
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2594
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2595
Giac [F]	2595
Mupad [F(-1)]	2596
Reduce [F]	2596

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{bn} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

output `2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/n-2*A*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{bn} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*n) - (2*A*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow 948 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n}(Bx^n+A)}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 90 \\
 \frac{A \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n + \frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{2A \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{n} + \frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{\frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b} - \frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `((2*B*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/b - (2*A*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p(m+1)-1}(c - a(d/b) + d(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 90  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b(c + d*x)^{n+1}((e + f*x)^{p+1}/(d*f*(n+p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n+p+2) - b*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))]/(d*f*(n+p+2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n+p+2, 0]$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2]^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_)^m((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^n)^p((c_) + (d_.)(x_)^q), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx^n} - \frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{bn}$	42
default	$\frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx^n} - \frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{bn}$	42
risch	$\frac{2B\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{bn} - \frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n\sqrt{a}}$	47

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/n/b*(B*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-A*b/a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \left[ \frac{A\sqrt{ab} \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{a + 2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^n + a}Ba}{abn}, \frac{2\left(A\sqrt{-ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}\right) + \sqrt{bx^n + a}Ba\right)}{abn} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(A*sqrt(a)*b*log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) + 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*B*a)/(a*b*n), 2*(A*sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) + sqrt(b*x^n + a)*B*a)/(a*b*n)]`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \begin{cases} \left\{ \frac{2A \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right) + \frac{2B\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right. & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{A \log(Bx^n) + Bx^n}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \text{for } n \neq 0$$

$$-\frac{(-A-B) \log(x)}{\sqrt{a+b}} \quad \text{otherwise}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((Piecewise((2*A*atan(sqrt(a + b*x**n)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*B*sqrt(a + b*x**n)/b, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*log(B*x**n) + B*x**n)/sqrt(a), True))/n, Ne(n, 0)), (-(-A - B)*log(x)/sqrt(a + b), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{A \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}B}{bn}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `A*log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/(sqrt(a)*n) + 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*B/(b*n)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + ax}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx\right) a n}{n}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x), x)*a*n)/n`

### 3.355 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2597
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2597
Rubi [A] (verified)	2598
Maple [F]	2599
Fricas [F(-2)]	2599
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2600
Maxima [F]	2600
Giac [F]	2601
Mupad [F(-1)]	2601
Reduce [F]	2601

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(2 - n)x} - \frac{\left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(2-n)}\right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/(2-n)/x-(A-2*a*B/b/(2-n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeometric2F1(1/2, -1/n, [-1-n]/n, -b*x^n/a)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \left( (A - An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, 2 - \frac{1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) \right)}{(-1 + n)x\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*sqrt[a + b*x^n]), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*((A - A*n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -n^{(-1)}, (-1 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (-1 + n)/n, 2 - n^{(-1)}, -((b*x^n)/a)])))/((-1 + n)*x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(2-n)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(2-n)x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(2-n)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(2-n)x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(2-n)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(2-n)x} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*B*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])/(b*(2 - n)*x) - ((A - (2*a*B)/(b*(2 - n)))*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -n^{(-1)}, -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx \Gamma(1 - \frac{1}{n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{1}{n}} x^{n-1} \Gamma(1 - \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(2 - \frac{1}{n})}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
A*a**(-1/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((1/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 + 1/n)*a**(1 - 1/n)*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)*hyper((1/2, 1 - 1/n), (2 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 1/n))
```

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + ax^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^2 - 2x^n b x^2 + a n x^2 - 2a x^2} dx \right) a n^2 x - 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^2 - 2x^n b x^2 + a n x^2 - 2a x^2} dx \right) a n x}{x(n - 2)}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*x**2 + a*n*x**2 - 2*a*x**2),x)*a*n**2*x - 2*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*x**2 + a*n*x**2 - 2*a*x**2),x)*a*n*x)/(x*(n - 2))`

### 3.356 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2602
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2602
Rubi [A] (verified)	2603
Maple [F]	2604
Fricas [F(-2)]	2604
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2605
Maxima [F]	2605
Giac [F]	2606
Mupad [F(-1)]	2606
Reduce [F]	2606

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(4 - n)x^2} - \frac{\left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(4-n)}\right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/(4-n)/x^2-1/2*(A-4*a*B/b/(4-n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \left(-A(-2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{2(-2 + n)x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*sqrt[a + b*x^n]), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(-(A*(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -2/n, (-2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]) + 2*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/n, 2 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(2*(-2 + n)*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \left( A - \frac{4aB}{b(4-n)} \right) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(4-n)x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left( A - \frac{4aB}{b(4-n)} \right) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(4-n)x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left( A - \frac{4aB}{b(4-n)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(4-n)x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]
```

output

```
(-2*B*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*(4 - n)*x^2) - ((A - (4*a*B)/(b*(4 - n)))*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2 \Gamma(1 - \frac{2}{n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{2}{n}} x^{n-2} \Gamma(1 - \frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(2 - \frac{2}{n})}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `A*a**(-1/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((1/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)*hyper((1/2, 1 - 2/n), (2 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^3 - 4x^n b x^3 + a n x^3 - 4a x^3} dx \right) a n^2 x^2 - 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^3 - 4x^n b x^3 + a n x^3 - 4a x^3} dx \right) a n x^2}{x^2 (n - 4)}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n*x**3 - 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n*x**3 - 4*a*x**3),x)*a*n**2*x**2 - 4*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n*x**3 - 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n*x**3 - 4*a*x**3),x)*a*n*x**2)/(x**2*(n - 4))`

### 3.357 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2607
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2607
Rubi [A] (verified)	2608
Maple [F]	2609
Fricas [F(-2)]	2609
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2610
Maxima [F]	2610
Giac [F]	2611
Mupad [F(-1)]	2611
Reduce [F]	2611

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(6 - n)x^3} - \frac{\left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(6-n)}\right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3x^3\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/(6-n)/x^3-1/3*(A-6*a*B/b/(6-n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, -3/n], [-(3-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \left(-A(-3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, \frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-3+n}{n}, \frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{3(-3 + n)x^3\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(-A*(-3 + n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -3/n, (-3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]) + 3*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (-3 + n)/n, 2 - 3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])}{(3*(-3 + n)*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(6-n)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(6-n)x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(6-n)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(6-n)x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(6-n)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3x^3\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(6-n)x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*B*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])}{(b*(6 - n)*x^3)} - \left(\frac{(A - (6*a*B))/(b*(6 - n))}{1}\right)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -3/n, -((3 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(3*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^3 \Gamma(1 - \frac{3}{n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{3}{n}} x^{n-3} \Gamma(1 - \frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(2 - \frac{3}{n})}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**4/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `A*a**(-1/2 + 3/n)*gamma(-3/n)*hyper((1/2, -3/n), (1 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(3/n)*n*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n)) + B*a**(-3/2 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)*hyper((1/2, 1 - 3/n), (2 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 3/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + ax^4}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + ax^4}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^4 - 6x^n b x^4 + a n x^4 - 6a x^4} dx \right) a n^2 x^3 - 6 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^4 - 6x^n b x^4 + a n x^4 - 6a x^4} dx \right) a n x^3}{x^3 (n - 6)}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n*x**4 - 6*x**n*b*x**4 + a*n*x**4 - 6*a*x**4),x)*a*n**2*x**3 - 6*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n*x**4 - 6*x**n*b*x**4 + a*n*x**4 - 6*a*x**4),x)*a*n*x**3)/(x**3*(n - 6))`



**3.358**  $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2612
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2612
Rubi [A] (verified)	2613
Maple [F]	2614
Fricas [F(-2)]	2615
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2615
Maxima [F]	2616
Giac [F]	2616
Mupad [F(-1)]	2616
Reduce [F]	2617

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Bx^3}{b(6-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{6B}{b(6-n)}\right)x^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*x^3/b/(6-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)+1/3*(A/a-6*B/b/(6-n))*x^3*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
)*hypergeom([3/2, 3/n],[(3+n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}(A(3+n)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{3a(3+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^3 \sqrt{1 + (b x^n)/a} (A(3+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, 3/n, (3+n)/n, -((b x^n)/a)] + 3 B x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, (3+n)/n, 2+3/n, -((b x^n)/a)]))}{(3 a (3+n) \sqrt{a + b x^n})}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(6-n)}\right) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2Bx^3}{b(6-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(6-n)}\right) \int \frac{x^2}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx^3}{b(6-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(6-n)}\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx^3}{b(6-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*B*x^3)}{(b*(6-n)*\sqrt{a + b*x^n})} + \frac{((A - (6*a*B)/(b*(6-n)))*x^3*\sqrt{t[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, 3/n, (3+n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]})}{(3*a*\sqrt{a + b*x^n})}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{3}{n}}a^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{3}{n}}x^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{3}{n}}a^{1+\frac{3}{n}}x^{n+3}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*a**(3/n)*a**(-3/2 - 3/n)*x**3*gamma(3/n)*hyper((3/2, 3/n), (1 + 3/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((3/2, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^2/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^2/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^2}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.359 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2618
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2618
Rubi [A] (verified)	2619
Maple [F]	2620
Fricas [F(-2)]	2621
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2621
Maxima [F]	2622
Giac [F]	2622
Mupad [F(-1)]	2622
Reduce [F]	2623

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Bx^2}{b(4-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{4B}{b(4-n)}\right) x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

```
output 2*B*x^2/b/(4-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)+1/2*(A/a-4*B/b/(4-n))*x^2*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
)*hypergeom([3/2, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (A(2+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{2a(2+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

```
input Integrate[(x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(A*(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n,
-((b*x^n)/a)] + 2*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (2 + n)/n, 2*(1 + n^(-1)),
-((b*x^n)/a)]))/(2*a*(2 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(4-n)}\right) \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2Bx^2}{b(4-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(4-n)}\right) \int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx^2}{b(4-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(4-n)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx^2}{b(4-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[(x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*B*x^2)/(b*(4 - n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) + ((A - (4*a*B)/(b*(4 - n)))*x^2*Sqr
t[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*
a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}x^2\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}a^{1+\frac{2}{n}}x^{n+2}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*a**(2/n)*a**(-3/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((3/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((3/2, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.360 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2624
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2624
Rubi [A] (verified)	2625
Maple [F]	2626
Fricas [F(-2)]	2626
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2627
Maxima [F]	2627
Giac [F]	2628
Mupad [F(-1)]	2628
Reduce [F]	2628

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2Bx}{b(2 - n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{2B}{b(2-n)}\right) x \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*x/b/(2-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)+(A/a-2*B/b/(2-n))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([3/2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2aBx + (2aB + Ab(-2 + n))x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab(-2 + n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*a*B*x + (2*a*B + A*b*(-2 + n))*x*sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1
[3/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*b*(-2 + n)*sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {910, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{910}$$

$$\frac{(2aB - Ab(2 - n)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx}{abn} + \frac{2x(Ab - aB)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{779}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(2aB - Ab(2 - n)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2x(Ab - aB)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(2aB - Ab(2 - n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2x(Ab - aB)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(A*b - a*B)*x)/(a*b*n*sqrt[a + b*x^n]) + ((2*a*B - A*b*(2 - n))*x*sqrt[
1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(
a*b*n*sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}a^{1+\frac{1}{n}}x^{n+1}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*a**(1/n)*a**(-3/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((3/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((3/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.361 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2629
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2629
Rubi [A] (verified)	2630
Maple [A] (verified)	2631
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2632
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2632
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2633
Giac [F]	2633
Mupad [F(-1)]	2633
Reduce [F]	2634

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}n}$$

output `2*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-2*A*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(-Ab + aB)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}n}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(-2*(-(A*b) + a*B))/(a*b*n*sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - (2*A*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/sqrt[a]])/(a^(3/2)*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 948 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n}(Bx^n + A)}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx^n \\
 \frac{\phantom{\int} \phantom{x^{-n}(Bx^n + A)}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 87 \\
 \frac{A \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n}{a} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\
 \frac{\phantom{A \int} \phantom{\frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{2A \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{ab} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\
 \frac{\phantom{2A \int} \phantom{\frac{1}{x^{2n} - \frac{a}{b}}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \\
 \frac{\phantom{2(Ab - aB)}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
((2*(A*b - a*B))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - (2*A*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/n
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$	53
default	$-\frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$	53

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2/n/b*(-A*b/a^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})-(-A*b+B*a)/a/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)})$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{\left( A\sqrt{ab^2x^n + Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b} \right) \log\left( \frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n} \right) - 2(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{a^2b^2nx^n + a^3bn}, \frac{2\left( (A\sqrt{ab^2x^n + Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b}) \log\left( \frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n} \right) - 2(Ba^2 - Aab)\sqrt{bx^n + a} \right)}{a^2b^2nx^n + a^3bn} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[((A*\sqrt{a})*b^2*x^n + A*a^{(3/2)}*b)*\log((b*x^n - 2*\sqrt{b*x^n + a})*\sqrt{a} + 2*a)/x^n) - 2*(B*a^2 - A*a*b)*\sqrt{b*x^n + a})/(a^2*b^2*n*x^n + a^3*b*n), 2*((A*\sqrt{-a})*b^2*x^n + A*\sqrt{-a}*a*b)*\operatorname{arctan}(\sqrt{-a}/\sqrt{b*x^n + a}) - (B*a^2 - A*a*b)*\sqrt{b*x^n + a})/(a^2*b^2*n*x^n + a^3*b*n)]$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left( \frac{Ab \operatorname{atan}\left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right) - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{an\sqrt{a+bx^n}}}{b} \right) & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{A \log(Bx^n) + Bx^n}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(A*b*atan(sqrt(a + b*x**n)/sqrt(-a))/(a*n*sqrt(-a)) - (-A*b + B*a)/(a*n*sqrt(a + b*x**n)))/b, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*log(B*x**n) + B*x**n)/(a**(3/2)*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = A \left( \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}n}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{bx^n+aan}} \right) - \frac{2B}{\sqrt{bx^n+abn}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `A*(log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(3/2)*n) + 2/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a*n)) - 2*B/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*b*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)`

### 3.362 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2635
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2635
Rubi [A] (verified)	2636
Maple [F]	2637
Fricas [F(-2)]	2637
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2638
Maxima [F]	2638
Giac [F]	2639
Mupad [F(-1)]	2639
Reduce [F]	2639

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2B}{b(2+n)x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{2B}{b(2+n)}\right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B/b/(2+n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-(A/a-2*B/b/(2+n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hyperge
om([3/2, -1/n], [-1/n], -b*x^n/a)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} ((A - An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{a(-1+n)x\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x]
```



output

```
(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*((A - A*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (-1 + n)/n, 2 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])))/(a*(-1 + n)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2B}{b(n+2)x\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{b(n+2)x\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{b(n+2)x\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*B)/(b*(2 + n)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - ((A - (2*a*B)/(b*(2 + n)))*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx \Gamma(1 - \frac{1}{n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{1}{n}} x^{n-1} \Gamma(1 - \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(2 - \frac{1}{n})}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2), x)`

output `A*a**(-3/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((3/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 + 1/n)*a**(1 - 1/n)*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)*hyper((3/2, 1 - 1/n), (2 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x^2 + a x^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x**2 + a*x**2),x)`

### 3.363 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2640
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2640
Rubi [A] (verified)	2641
Maple [F]	2642
Fricas [F(-2)]	2642
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2643
Maxima [F]	2643
Giac [F]	2644
Mupad [F(-1)]	2644
Reduce [F]	2644

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2B}{b(4+n)x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{4B}{b(4+n)}\right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B/b/(4+n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-1/2*(A/a-4*B/b/(4+n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*h
ypergeom([3/2, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (-A(-2+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{2a(-2+n)x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(-A*(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -2/n, (-2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + 2*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (-2 + n)/n, 2 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(2*a*(-2 + n)*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(n+4)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2B}{b(n+4)x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(n+4)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{b(n+4)x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{b(n+4)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{b(n+4)x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*B)/(b*(4 + n)*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - ((A - (4*a*B)/(b*(4 + n)))*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*a*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2 \Gamma(1 - \frac{2}{n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{2}{n}} x^{n-2} \Gamma(1 - \frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2 - \frac{2}{n})}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2), x)`

output `A*a**(-3/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((3/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)*hyper((3/2, 1 - 2/n), (2 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x^3 + a x^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x**3 + a*x**3),x)`

### 3.364 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2645
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2645
Rubi [A] (verified)	2646
Maple [F]	2647
Fricas [F(-2)]	2647
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2648
Maxima [F]	2648
Giac [F]	2649
Mupad [F(-1)]	2649
Reduce [F]	2649

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2B}{b(6+n)x^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{6B}{b(6+n)}\right) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3x^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B/b/(6+n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-1/3*(A/a-6*B/b/(6+n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*h
ypergeom([3/2, -3/n], [-(3-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (-A(-3+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, \frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{3a(-3+n)x^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(-(A*(-3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -3/n, (-3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]) + 3*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (-3 + n)/n, 2 - 3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(3*a*(-3 + n)*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(n+6)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2B}{b(n+6)x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(n+6)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{b(n+6)x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{6aB}{b(n+6)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3ax^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{b(n+6)x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*B)/(b*(6 + n)*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - ((A - (6*a*B)/(b*(6 + n)))*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -3/n, -((3 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*a*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^3 \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{3}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{3}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{3}{n}} x^{n-3} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 - \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**4/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2), x)`

output `A*a**(-3/2 + 3/n)*gamma(-3/n)*hyper((3/2, -3/n), (1 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(3/n)*n*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n)) + B*a**(-5/2 + 3/n)*a**(1 - 3/n)*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)*hyper((3/2, 1 - 3/n), (2 - 3/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 3/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x^4 + a x^4} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x**4 + a*x**4),x)`

### 3.365 $\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2650
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2650
Rubi [A] (verified)	2651
Maple [F]	2652
Fricas [F(-2)]	2653
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2653
Maxima [F]	2654
Giac [F]	2654
Mupad [F(-1)]	2654
Reduce [F]	2655

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Bx^3}{3b(2-n)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2aB - Ab(2-n))x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2b(2-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

$2/3*B*x^3/b/(2-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)-1/3*(2*B*a-A*b*(2-n))*x^3*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*\operatorname{hypergeom}([5/2, 3/n],[(3+n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/(2-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (A(3+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{3a^2(3+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]$

output

$$\frac{(x^3 \sqrt{1 + (bx^n)/a}) * (A * (3 + n) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((bx^n)/a)] + 3 * B * x^n * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, (3 + n)/n, 2 + 3/n, -((bx^n)/a)])}{(3 * a^2 * (3 + n) * \text{Sqrt}[a + bx^n])}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \frac{2Bx^3}{3b(2-n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2aB - Ab(2-n)) \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^n+a)^{5/2}} dx}{b(2-n)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{2Bx^3}{3b(2-n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} (2aB - Ab(2-n)) \int \frac{x^2}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 b(2-n) \sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{2Bx^3}{3b(2-n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} (2aB - Ab(2-n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2 b(2-n) \sqrt{a + bx^n}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*B*x^3)/(3*b*(2-n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) - ((2*a*B - A*b*(2-n))*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*a^2*b*(2-n)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])}$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{3}{n}}a^{-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{3}{n}}x^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{7}{2}-\frac{3}{n}}a^{1+\frac{3}{n}}x^{n+3}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `A*a**(3/n)*a**(-5/2 - 3/n)*x**3*gamma(3/n)*hyper((5/2, 3/n), (1 + 3/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + B*a**(-7/2 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((5/2, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^2/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x^2}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x^2/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x^2*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^2}{x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2)/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.366 $\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2656
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2656
Rubi [A] (verified)	2657
Maple [F]	2658
Fricas [F(-2)]	2659
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2659
Maxima [F]	2660
Giac [F]	2660
Mupad [F(-1)]	2660
Reduce [F]	2661

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Bx^2}{b(4-3n)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{(A - \frac{4aB}{4b-3bn})x^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

```
output 2*B*x^2/b/(4-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+1/2*(A-4*a*B/(-3*b*n+4*b))*x^2*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([5/2, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}(A(2+n)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{2a^2(2+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

```
input Integrate[(x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(A*(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n,
-((b*x^n)/a)] + 2*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (2 + n)/n, 2*(1 + n^(-1)),
-((b*x^n)/a)]))/(2*a^2*(2 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 3bn}\right) \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2Bx^2}{b(4 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 3bn}\right) \int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx^2}{b(4 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{4b - 3bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2Bx^2}{b(4 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*B*x^2)/(b*(4 - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) + ((A - (4*a*B)/(4*b - 3*b*n))*x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}x^2\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{7}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}a^{1+\frac{2}{n}}x^{n+2}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `A*a**(2/n)*a**(-5/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((5/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + B*a**(-7/2 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((5/2, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)x}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*x/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.367 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2662
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2662
Rubi [A] (verified)	2663
Maple [F]	2664
Fricas [F(-2)]	2664
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2665
Maxima [F]	2665
Giac [F]	2666
Mupad [F(-1)]	2666
Reduce [F]	2666

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2Bx}{b(2 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{\left(A - \frac{2aB}{2b-3bn}\right) x \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*x/b/(2-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+(A-2*a*B/(-3*b*n+2*b))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
*hypergeom([5/2, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left( B - \frac{(2aB + Ab(-2 + 3n))(a + bx^n) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2} \right)}{\left(b - \frac{3bn}{2}\right) (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(B - ((2*a*B + A*b*(-2 + 3*n))*(a + b*x^n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*a^2)))/(b - (3*b*n)/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {910, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{910}$$

$$\frac{(2aB - Ab(2 - 3n)) \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3abn} + \frac{2x(Ab - aB)}{3abn(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{779}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(2aB - Ab(2 - 3n)) \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{3a^2bn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2x(Ab - aB)}{3abn(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(2aB - Ab(2 - 3n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2bn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2x(Ab - aB)}{3abn(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(A*b - a*B)*x)/(3*a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) + ((2*a*B - A*b*(2 - 3*n))*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(3*a^2*b*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{7}{2}-\frac{1}{n}}a^{1+\frac{1}{n}}x^{n+1}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `A*a**(1/n)*a**(-5/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((5/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-7/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((5/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.368 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2667
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2667
Rubi [A] (verified)	2668
Maple [A] (verified)	2670
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2670
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2671
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2671
Giac [F]	2672
Mupad [F(-1)]	2672
Reduce [F]	2672

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3abn(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{2A}{a^2n\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}n}$$

output

$$\frac{2/3*(A*b-B*a)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+2*A/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-2*A*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/n}{1}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(-aAb + a^2B - 3Ab(a + bx^n))}{3a^2bn(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{2A\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}n}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(-(a*A*b) + a^2*B - 3*A*b*(a + b*x^n)))/(3*a^2*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) - (2*A*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(5/2)*n)}{1}$$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \int \frac{x^{-n}(Bx^n + A)}{(bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx^n \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{A \int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx^n}{a} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{A \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{A \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{A \left( \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2(Ab - aB)}{3ab(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x]`

output 
$$\frac{((2*(A*b - a*B))/(3*a*b*(a + b*x^n)^{(3/2)}) + (A*(2/(a*sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/a^{(3/2)}))/a/n$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \text{ LtQ}\{m, -1\} \ \&\& \text{ !(LtQ}\{n, -1\} \ \&\& \text{ (EqQ}\{a, 0\} \ || \ \text{ (NeQ}\{c, 0\} \ \&\& \text{ LtQ}\{m - n, 0\} \ \&\& \text{ IntegerQ}\{n\}))\}) \ \&\& \text{ IntLinearQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, x\}$$

rule 73 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> With}\{p = \text{Denominator}\{m\}\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \text{ LtQ}\{-1, m, 0\} \ \&\& \text{ LeQ}\{-1, n, 0\} \ \&\& \text{ LeQ}\{\text{Denominator}\{n\}, \text{Denominator}\{m\}\} \ \&\& \text{ IntLinearQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, x\}$$

rule 87 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_.)}), x_] \text{ :> Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \text{ LtQ}\{p, -1\} \ \&\& \text{ ( !LtQ}\{n, -1\} \ || \ \text{ IntegerQ}\{p\} \ || \ \text{ !(IntegerQ}\{n\} \ || \ \text{ !(EqQ}\{e, 0\} \ || \ \text{ !(EqQ}\{c, 0\} \ || \ \text{ LtQ}\{p, n\}))\})\})$$

rule 221 
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(\text{Rt}\{-a/b, 2\}/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}\{-a/b, 2\}], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \text{ NegQ}\{a/b\}$$

rule 948 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}], x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}\{(m + 1)/n\} - 1)}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \text{ NeQ}\{b*c - a*d, 0\} \ \&\& \text{ IntegerQ}\{\text{Simplify}\{(m + 1)/n\}\}$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{3a(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2Ab}{a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{bn}$	68
default	$\frac{-\frac{2(-Ab+Ba)}{3a(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2Ab}{a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2Ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{bn}$	68

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/n/b*(-1/3*(-A*b+B*a)/a/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+A*b/a^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-A*b/a^(5/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))}{bn}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3 \left( A\sqrt{ab^3x^{2n}} + 2Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2x^n + Aa^{\frac{5}{2}}b \right) \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2(3Aab^2x^n - Ba^3)}{3(a^3b^3nx^{2n} + 2a^4b^2nx^n + a^5bn)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\left[ \frac{1}{3} \left( 3(A\sqrt{a}b^3x^{2n} + 2Aa^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2x^n + Aa^{\frac{5}{2}}b) \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2(3Aab^2x^n - Ba^3 + 4Aa^2b) \sqrt{bx^n+a} \right) / (a^3b^3nx^{2n} + 2a^4b^2nx^n + a^5bn), \right. \\ \left. \frac{2}{3} \left( 3(A\sqrt{-a}b^3x^{2n} + 2A\sqrt{-a}ab^2x^n + A\sqrt{-a}a^{\frac{5}{2}}b) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) + (3Aa^2b^2x^n - Ba^3 + 4Aa^2b) \sqrt{bx^n+a} \right) / (a^3b^3nx^{2n} + 2a^4b^2nx^n + a^5bn) \right]$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 29.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( \frac{Ab}{a^2 n \sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{Ab \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{a^2 n \sqrt{-a}} - \frac{-Ab+Ba}{3an(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \right)}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{A \log(Bx^n) + Bx^n}{a^{5/2} n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(A*b/(a**2*n*sqrt(a + b*x**n)) + A*b*atan(sqrt(a + b*x**n)/sqrt(-a))/(a**2*n*sqrt(-a)) - (-A*b + B*a)/(3*a*n*(a + b*x**n)**(3/2)))/b, Ne(b, 0)), ((A*log(B*x**n) + B*x**n)/(a**(5/2)*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{3} A \left( \frac{3 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{5/2} n} + \frac{2(3bx^n + 4a)}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2} a^2 n} \right) - \frac{2B}{3(bx^n + a)^{3/2} bn}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*A*(3*log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(5/2)*n) + 2*(3*b*x^n + 4*a)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*a^2*n) - 2/3*B/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*b*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}x} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 x + 2x^n a b x + a^2 x} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*x + a**2*x),x)`

**3.369**  $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2673
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2673
Rubi [A] (verified)	2674
Maple [F]	2675
Fricas [F(-2)]	2675
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2676
Maxima [F]	2676
Giac [F]	2677
Mupad [F(-1)]	2677
Reduce [F]	2677

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B}{b(2 + 3n)x (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{(A - \frac{2aB}{2b+3bn}) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2 x \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B/b/(2+3*n)/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)-(A-2*a*B/(3*b*n+2*b))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*h
ypergeom([5/2, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} ((A - An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{a^2(-1 + n)x\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*((A - A*n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, (-1 + n)/n, 2 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])))/(a^2*(-1 + n)*x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \left(A - \frac{2aB}{3bn + 2b}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{2B}{b(3n + 2)x (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{3bn + 2b}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{b(3n + 2)x (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{3bn + 2b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2 x \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{b(3n + 2)x (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*B)/(b*(2 + 3*n)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) - ((A - (2*a*B)/(2*b + 3*b*n))*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 47.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{7}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{1}{n}} x^{n-1} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2), x)`

output `A*a**(-5/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((5/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n)) + B*a**(-7/2 + 1/n)*a**(1 - 1/n)*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)*hyper((5/2, 1 - 1/n), (2 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 x^2 + 2x^n a b x^2 + a^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*x**2 + a**2*x**2),x)`

### 3.370 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2678
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2678
Rubi [A] (verified)	2679
Maple [F]	2680
Fricas [F(-2)]	2680
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2681
Maxima [F]	2681
Giac [F]	2682
Mupad [F(-1)]	2682
Reduce [F]	2682

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B}{b(4 + 3n)x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{(A - \frac{4aB}{4b+3bn}) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B/b/(4+3*n)/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)-1/2*(A-4*a*B/(3*b*n+4*b))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([5/2, -2/n],[-(2-n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (-A(-2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{2a^2(-2 + n)x^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(-(A*(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -2/n, (-2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]) + 2*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (-2 + n)/n, 2 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(2*a^2*(-2 + n)*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{4aB}{3bn + 4b}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{2B}{b(3n + 4)x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{3bn + 4b}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{b(3n + 4)x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{4aB}{3bn + 4b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{b(3n + 4)x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*B)/(b*(4 + 3*n)*x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) - ((A - (4*a*B)/(4*b + 3*b*n))*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -2/n, -(2 - n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a^2*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 112.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2 \Gamma(1 - \frac{2}{n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{7}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} a^{1 - \frac{2}{n}} x^{n-2} \Gamma(1 - \frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 - \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2 - \frac{2}{n})}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2), x)`

output `A*a**(-5/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((5/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n)) + B*a**(-7/2 + 2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)*hyper((5/2, 1 - 2/n), (2 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 x^3 + 2x^n a b x^3 + a^2 x^3} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x**3 + 2*x**n*a*b*x**3 + a**2*x**3),x)`

### 3.371 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{x^4(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2683
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2683
Rubi [A] (verified)	2684
Maple [F]	2685
Fricas [F(-2)]	2685
Sympy [F(-1)]	2686
Maxima [F]	2686
Giac [F]	2686
Mupad [F(-1)]	2687
Reduce [F]	2687

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B}{3b(2+n)x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{(2aB - Ab(2+n))\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2b(2+n)x^3\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2/3*B/b/(2+n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+1/3*(2*B*a-A*b*(2+n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
*hypergeom([5/2, -3/n], [-(3-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/(2+n)/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (-A(-3+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{3a^2(-3+n)x^3\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]
```



output

```
(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(-(A*(-3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -3/n, (-3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]) + 3*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (-3 + n)/n, 2 - 3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])))/(3*a^2*(-3 + n)*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^4 (bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{2B}{3b(n+2)x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)}\right) \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{3b(n+2)x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{2aB}{b(n+2)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{n}, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2 x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{3b(n+2)x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*B)/(3*b*(2 + n)*x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) - ((A - (2*a*B)/(b*(2 + n)))*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -3/n, -((3 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*a^2*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/x**4/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^4), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x)`output `int((A + B*x^n)/(x^4*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{x^4 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 x^4 + 2x^n a b x^4 + a^2 x^4} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/x^4/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x**4 + 2*x**n*a*b*x**4 + a**2*x**4),x)`

### 3.372 $\int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2688
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2688
Rubi [A] (verified)	2689
Maple [F]	2690
Fricas [F(-2)]	2691
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2691
Maxima [F]	2692
Giac [F]	2692
Mupad [F(-1)]	2692
Reduce [F]	2693

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(5 + 3n)} + \frac{2(A - \frac{5aB}{5b+3bn}) (ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{5e\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2*B*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/e/(5+3*n)+2/5*(A-5*a*B/(3*b*n+5*b))*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 5/2/n], [1+5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2x(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A(5 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) + 5Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) \right)}{5(5 + 2n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output `(2*x*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A*(5 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]) + 5*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (5/2 + n)/n, 2 + 5/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(5*(5 + 2*n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 959 \\
 & \left( A - \frac{5aB}{3bn + 5b} \right) \int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(3n + 5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 889 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{5aB}{3bn + 5b} \right) \int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(3n + 5)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 888 \\
 & \frac{2(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{5aB}{3bn + 5b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{5e \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(3n + 5)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output

```
(2*B*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(b*e*(5 + 3*n)) + (2*(A - (5*a*B)/(5*b
+ 3*b*n))*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 5/(2*n), 1
+ 5/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(5*e*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{5}{2n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{5}{2n}} e^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{\frac{5}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{5}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{5}{2n}} e^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{n + \frac{5}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(3/2)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `A*a**(5/(2*n))*a**(1/2 - 5/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*x**(5/2)*gamma(5/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 5/(2*n)), (1 + 5/(2*n)),, b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 5/(2*n))) + B*a**(-1/2 - 5/(2*n))*a**(1 + 5/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*x**(n + 5/2)*gamma(1 + 5/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 5/(2*n)), (2 + 5/(2*n)),, b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 5/(2*n)))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A) \sqrt{bx^n + a} (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A) \sqrt{bx^n + a} (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a+bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} e \left( 2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n x^2 + 10x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b x^2 + 8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a n x^2 + 10\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*e*(2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*x**2 + 10*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x**2 + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x**2 + 10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x**2 + 9*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 20*x**n*b*n + 25*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 20*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**2*n**4 + 60*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 20*x**n*b*n + 25*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 20*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**2*n**3 + 75*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 20*x**n*b*n + 25*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 20*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**2*n**2))/(3*n**2 + 20*n + 25)`

### 3.373 $\int \sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2694
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2694
Rubi [A] (verified)	2695
Maple [F]	2696
Fricas [F(-2)]	2697
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2697
Maxima [F]	2698
Giac [F]	2698
Mupad [F(-1)]	2698
Reduce [F]	2699

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3be(1+n)} + \frac{2(A - \frac{aB}{b+bn})(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2/3*B*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/e/(1+n)+2/3*(A-a*B/(b*n+b))*(e*x)^(3/2)
)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 3/2/n], [1+3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(1+b*x^n/a)
)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2x\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(A(3+2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{3(3+2n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A*(3 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]) + 3*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (3/2 + n)/n, 2 + 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(3*(3 + 2*n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 959 \\
 & \left( A - \frac{aB}{bn + b} \right) \int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3be(n + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 889 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{aB}{bn + b} \right) \int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3be(n + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 888 \\
 & \frac{2(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{aB}{bn + b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{3e \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3be(n + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output

```
(2*B*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b*e*(1 + n)) + (2*(A - (a*B)/(b + b
*n))*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2
*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(3*e*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{Aa^{\frac{3}{2n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{2n}}\sqrt{ex}^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2n} \\ 1 + \frac{3}{2n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{2n}}a^{1+\frac{3}{2n}}\sqrt{ex}^{n+\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n} \\ 2 + \frac{3}{2n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `A*a**(3/(2*n))*a**(1/2 - 3/(2*n))*sqrt(e)*x**(3/2)*gamma(3/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 3/(2*n)), (1 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) + B*a**(-1/2 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*sqrt(e)*x**(n + 3/2)*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 3/(2*n)), (2 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A) \sqrt{bx^n + a} \sqrt{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(e*x), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A) \sqrt{bx^n + a} \sqrt{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(e*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int \sqrt{ex} (A + Bx^n) \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n x + 6x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b x + 8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a n x + 6\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a x + 3 \left( \int \frac{1}{x^n b n^2 + 4} \right) \right)}{1}$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*x + 6*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x + 3*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n**2 + 4*x**n*b*n + 3*x**n*b + a*n**2 + 4*a*n + 3*a),x)*a**2*n**4 + 12*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n**2 + 4*x**n*b*n + 3*x**n*b + a*n**2 + 4*a*n + 3*a),x)*a**2*n**3 + 9*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n**2 + 4*x**n*b*n + 3*x**n*b + a*n**2 + 4*a*n + 3*a),x)*a**2*n**2))/(3*(n**2 + 4*n + 3))`



**3.374**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$

Optimal result	2700
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2701
Rubi [A] (verified)	2701
Maple [F]	2703
Fricas [F(-2)]	2703
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2703
Maxima [F]	2704
Giac [F]	2704
Mupad [F(-1)]	2705
Reduce [F]	2705

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(1+3n)} + \frac{2(A - \frac{aB}{b+3bn})\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output `2*B*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/e/(1+3*n)+2*(A-a*B/(3*b*n+b))*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/2/n], [1+1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( (A + 2An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{n} \right), -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{n} \right), -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) \right)}{(1 + 2n)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[e*x],x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*((A + 2*A*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -(b*x^n)/a] + B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (1/2 + n)/n, (4 + n^(-1))/2, -(b*x^n)/a]))/((1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{959}$$

$$\left( A - \frac{aB}{3bn + b} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(3n + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{aB}{3bn + b} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(3n + 1)}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(A - \frac{aB}{3bn+b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(3n+1)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[e*x], x]`

output `(2*B*Sqrt[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(b*e*(1 + 3*n)) + (2*(A - (a*B)/(b + 3*b*n))*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(e*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x) ^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n _)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{1}{2n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} \sqrt{x} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{2n}} x^{n + \frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `A*a**(1/(2*n))*a**(1/2 - 1/(2*n))*sqrt(x)*gamma(1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1/(2*n)), (1 + 1/(2*n)),, b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) + B*a**(-1/2 - 1/(2*n))*a**(1 + 1/(2*n))*x**(n + 1/2)*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 1/(2*n)), (2 + 1/(2*n)),, b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/sqrt(e*x), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/sqrt(e*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n + 2x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b + 8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a n + 2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a + 9 \left( \int \frac{1}{3x^n b n^2 x + 4x^n b n} \right) \right)}{e^{1/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n + 2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 9*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x + 4*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 3*a*n**2*x + 4*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**2*n**4 + 12*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x + 4*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 3*a*n**2*x + 4*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**2*n**3 + 3*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x + 4*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 3*a*n**2*x + 4*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**2*n**2))/(e*(3*n**2 + 4*n + 1))`

**3.375**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2706
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2706
Rubi [A] (verified)	2707
Maple [F]	2708
Fricas [F(-2)]	2709
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2709
Maxima [F]	2710
Giac [F]	2710
Mupad [F(-1)]	2710
Reduce [F]	2711

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(1-3n)\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2(A-\frac{aB}{b-3bn})\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1-\frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/e/(1-3*n)/(e*x)^(1/2)-2*(A-a*B/(-3*b*n+b))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, -1/2/n], [1-1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(e*x)^(1/2)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{1}{2n}, 2-\frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + A(1-2n))}{(-1+2n)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/(e*x)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$(2*x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, 1 - 1/(2*n), 2 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + A*(1 - 2*n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((-1 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{aB}{b - 3bn}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(1 - 3n)\sqrt{ex}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - 3bn}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(1 - 3n)\sqrt{ex}}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - 3bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{be(1 - 3n)\sqrt{ex}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/(e*x)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(-2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(b*e*(1 - 3*n)*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]) - (2*(A - (a*B)/(b - 3*b*n))*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(e*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a])$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2n}}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{2n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}n}\sqrt{x}\Gamma(1-\frac{1}{2n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2n}}a^{1-\frac{1}{2n}}x^{n-\frac{1}{2}}\Gamma(1-\frac{1}{2n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}n}\Gamma(2-\frac{1}{2n})}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*a**(1/2 + 1/(2*n))*gamma(-1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, -1/(2*n)), (1 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*n*sqrt(x)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))) + B*a**(-1/2 + 1/(2*n))*a**(1 - 1/(2*n))*x**(n - 1/2)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 1/(2*n)), (2 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(3/2)*n*gamma(2 - 1/(2*n)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n - 2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n - 2\sqrt{x^n b + a} a + 9\sqrt{x^n b + a} \right)}{(ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n - 2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n - 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 9*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 4*x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + 3*a*n**2*x**2 - 4*a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*n**4 - 12*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 4*x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + 3*a*n**2*x**2 - 4*a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*n**3 + 3*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 4*x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + 3*a*n**2*x**2 - 4*a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*n**2))/(sqrt(x)*e**2*(3*n**2 - 4*n + 1))`

### 3.376 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2712
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2712
Rubi [A] (verified)	2713
Maple [F]	2714
Fricas [F(-2)]	2715
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2715
Maxima [F]	2716
Giac [F]	2716
Mupad [F(-1)]	2716
Reduce [F]	2717

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3be(1-n)(ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(aB-Ab(1-n))\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1-\frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3be(1-n)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output `-2/3*B*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/e/(1-n)/(e*x)^(3/2)+2/3*(B*a-A*b*(1-n))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, -3/2/n],[1-3/2/n],-b*x^n/a)/b/e/(1-n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{3}{2n}, 2-\frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + A(3 - 3(-3+2n)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}))}{3(-3+2n)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/(e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(2*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(3*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1 - 3/(2*n), 2 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + A*(3 - 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(3*(-3 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & -\frac{(aB - Ab(1 - n)) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx}{b(1 - n)} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3be(1 - n)(ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(aB - Ab(1 - n)) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx}{b(1 - n)\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3be(1 - n)(ex)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx^n}(aB - Ab(1 - n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3be(1 - n)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3be(1 - n)(ex)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n))/(e*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b*e*(1 - n)*(e*x)^(3/2)) + (2*(a*B - A*b*(1 - n))*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*b*e*(1 - n)*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^n} (A + B x^n)}{(e x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{2n}}a^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2n}}\Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{5}{2}n}x^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2n}}a^{1 - \frac{3}{2n}}x^{n - \frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{5}{2}n}\Gamma\left(2 - \frac{3}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `A*a**(1/2 + 3/(2*n))*gamma(-3/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, -3/(2*n)), (1 - 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(3/(2*n))*e**(5/2)*n*x**(3/2)*gamma(1 - 3/(2*n))) + B*a**(-1/2 + 3/(2*n))*a**(1 - 3/(2*n))*x**(n - 3/2)*gamma(1 - 3/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 3/(2*n)), (2 - 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(5/2)*n*gamma(2 - 3/(2*n)))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n+A)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A+Bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n - 6x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n - 6\sqrt{x^n b + a} a + 3\sqrt{x^n b + a} \right)}{(ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n - 6*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n - 6*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 3*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 4*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 3*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*x**3 - 4*a*n*x**3 + 3*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**4*x - 12*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 4*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 3*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*x**3 - 4*a*n*x**3 + 3*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**3*x + 9*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 4*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 3*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*x**3 - 4*a*n*x**3 + 3*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**2*x))/(3*sqrt(x)*e**3*x*(n**2 - 4*n + 3))`

### 3.377 $\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2718
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2718
Rubi [A] (verified)	2719
Maple [F]	2720
Fricas [F(-2)]	2721
Sympy [F(-1)]	2721
Maxima [F]	2721
Giac [F]	2722
Mupad [F(-1)]	2722
Reduce [F]	2722

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5be(1 + n)} - \frac{2a(aB - Ab(1 + n))(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5be(1 + n) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2/5*B*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/e/(1+n)-2/5*a*(B*a-A*b*(1+n))*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 5/2/n], [1+5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/b/e/(1+n)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2ax(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A(5 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 5B \right)}{5(5 + 2n) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output `(2*a*x*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A*(5 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + 5*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, (5/2 + n)/n, 2 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(5*(5 + 2*n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 959 \\
 & \left( A - \frac{aB}{bn+b} \right) \int (ex)^{3/2} (bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5be(n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 889 \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{aB}{bn+b} \right) \int (ex)^{3/2} \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5be(n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 888 \\
 & \frac{2a(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( A - \frac{aB}{bn+b} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{5e\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5be(n+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output

```
(2*B*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(5*b*e*(1 + n)) + (2*a*(A - (a*B)/(b +
b*n))*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/
(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(5*e*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(3/2)*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{3/2} (ex)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} e \left( 6x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n^2 x^2 + 40x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n x^2 + 50x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 x \right)}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(e)*e*(6*x**((4*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2*x**2 + 40*x**((4
*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n*x**2 + 50*x**((4*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)*b**2*x**2 + 22*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2*x**2 + 130*
x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n*x**2 + 100*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x
**n*b + a)*a*b*x**2 + 46*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2*x**2 + 90*sqrt
(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n*x**2 + 50*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*x**2 +
45*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**3 + 23*x**n*b*n**2 + 45*
x**n*b*n + 25*x**n*b + 3*a*n**3 + 23*a*n**2 + 45*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**3*n**6
+ 345*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**3 + 23*x**n*b*n**2 + 4
5*x**n*b*n + 25*x**n*b + 3*a*n**3 + 23*a*n**2 + 45*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**3*n**
5 + 675*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**3 + 23*x**n*b*n**2 +
45*x**n*b*n + 25*x**n*b + 3*a*n**3 + 23*a*n**2 + 45*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**3*n
**4 + 375*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**3 + 23*x**n*b*n**2
+ 45*x**n*b*n + 25*x**n*b + 3*a*n**3 + 23*a*n**2 + 45*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**3
*n**3))/(5*(3*n**3 + 23*n**2 + 45*n + 25))
```



### 3.378 $\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2724
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2724
Rubi [A] (verified)	2725
Maple [F]	2726
Fricas [F(-2)]	2727
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2727
Maxima [F]	2728
Giac [F]	2728
Mupad [F(-1)]	2729
Reduce [F]	2729

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(3 + 5n)} + \frac{2a(A - \frac{3aB}{3b+5bn})(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2*B*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/e/(3+5*n)+2/3*a*(A-3*a*B/(5*b*n+3*b))*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 3/2/n], [1+3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2ax\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}\left(A(3 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeom}\right)}{3(3 + 2n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output  $(2*a*x*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(A*(3 + 2*n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + 3*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, (3/2 + n)/n, 2 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(3*(3 + 2*n)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(A - \frac{3aB}{5bn + 3b}\right) \int \sqrt{ex}(bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(5n + 3)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{3aB}{5bn + 3b}\right) \int \sqrt{ex} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(5n + 3)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2a(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{3aB}{5bn + 3b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(5n + 3)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output

```
(2*B*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(b*e*(3 + 5*n)) + (2*a*(A - (3*a*B)/(3
*b + 5*b*n))*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 3/(2*n),
1 + 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(3*e*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n), x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n), x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aaa^{\frac{3}{2n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2n}} \sqrt{ex}^{\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{3}{2n}} b \sqrt{ex}^{n + \frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Baa^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{3}{2n}} \sqrt{ex}^{n + \frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2n}} a^{2 + \frac{3}{2n}} b \sqrt{ex}^{2n + \frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(3 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output

```
A*a**3/(2*n)*a**(1/2 - 3/(2*n))*sqrt(e)*x**(3/2)*gamma(3/(2*n))*hyper(
(-1/2, 3/(2*n)), (1 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/
(2*n))) + A*a**(-1/2 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*b*sqrt(e)*x**(n + 3/2)*ga
mma(1 + 3/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 3/(2*n)), (2 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_pol
ar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n))) + B*a*a**(-1/2 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*
n))*sqrt(e)*x**(n + 3/2)*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 3/(2*n)), (2
+ 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n))) + B*a**(-3/2
- 3/(2*n))*a**(2 + 3/(2*n))*b*sqrt(e)*x**(2*n + 3/2)*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n))*h
yper((-1/2, 2 + 3/(2*n)), (3 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gam
ma(3 + 3/(2*n)))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ex} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ex} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int \sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 6x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n^2 x + 24x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n x + 18x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 x + 22x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n), x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(6*x**((4*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2*x + 24*x**((4*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n*x + 18*x**((4*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*x + 22*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2*x + 78*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n*x + 36*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*x + 46*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2*x + 54*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n*x + 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*x + 75*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(5*x**n*b*n**3 + 23*x**n*b*n**2 + 27*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 5*a*n**3 + 23*a*n**2 + 27*a*n + 9*a), x)*a**3*n**6 + 345*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(5*x**n*b*n**3 + 23*x**n*b*n**2 + 27*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 5*a*n**3 + 23*a*n**2 + 27*a*n + 9*a), x)*a**3*n**5 + 405*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(5*x**n*b*n**3 + 23*x**n*b*n**2 + 27*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 5*a*n**3 + 23*a*n**2 + 27*a*n + 9*a), x)*a**3*n**4 + 135*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(5*x**n*b*n**3 + 23*x**n*b*n**2 + 27*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 5*a*n**3 + 23*a*n**2 + 27*a*n + 9*a), x)*a**3*n**3))/(3*(5*n**3 + 23*n**2 + 27*n + 9))`

**3.379**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$

Optimal result	2730
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2730
Rubi [A] (verified)	2731
Maple [F]	2732
Fricas [F(-2)]	2733
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2733
Maxima [F]	2734
Giac [F]	2734
Mupad [F(-1)]	2735
Reduce [F]	2735

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(1 + 5n)} + \frac{2a(A - \frac{aB}{b+5bn})\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2*B*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/e/(1+5*n)+2*a*(A-a*B/(5*b*n+b))*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/2/n], [1+1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{2ax\sqrt{a + bx^n}\left((A + 2An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - (1 + 2n)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}\right)}{(1 + 2n)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[e*x], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2ax\sqrt{a+bx^n}((A+2An)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 1/(2n), (2+n^{-1})/2, -(bx^n)/a] + Bx^n\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, (1/2+n)/n, (4+n^{-1})/2, -(bx^n)/a]))}{((1+2n)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1+(bx^n)/a})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{aB}{5bn+b}\right) \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(5n+1)}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(A - \frac{aB}{5bn+b}\right) \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(5n+1)}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2a\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(A - \frac{aB}{5bn+b}\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(5n+1)}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a+bx^n)^{(3/2)}(A+Bx^n)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[ex], x]$$



output

```
(2*B*Sqrt[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(b*e*(1 + 5*n)) + (2*a*(A - (a*B)/(b + 5
*b*n))*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(
-1))/2, -(b*x^n)/a])/(e*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{Aaa^{\frac{1}{2n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} \sqrt{x} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{2n}} bx^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Baa^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{2n}} x^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{2n}} bx^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
A*a**(1/(2*n))*a**(1/2 - 1/(2*n))*sqrt(x)*gamma(1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1/
(2*n)), (1 + 1/(2*n)),), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(1 + 1/
(2*n))) + A*a**(-1/2 - 1/(2*n))*a**(1 + 1/(2*n))*b*x**(n + 1/2)*gamma(1 + 1
/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 1/(2*n)), (2 + 1/(2*n)),), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/
a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n))) + B*a*a**(-1/2 - 1/(2*n))*a**(1 + 1/(2*n
))*x**(n + 1/2)*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 1/(2*n)), (2 + 1/(2*n)
),), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n))) + B*a**(-3/2
- 1/(2*n))*a**(2 + 1/(2*n))*b*x**(2*n + 1/2)*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/
2, 2 + 1/(2*n)), (3 + 1/(2*n)),), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma
(3 + 1/(2*n)))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(e*x), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(e*x), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 6x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n^2 + 8x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n + 2x^{2n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 + \dots \right)}{\sqrt{ex}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(6*x**((4*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2 + 8*x**((4*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n + 2*x**((4*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 22*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2 + 26*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n + 4*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 46*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2 + 18*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2 + 225*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x + 23*x**n*b*n**2*x + 9*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 15*a*n**3*x + 23*a*n**2*x + 9*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**3*n**6 + 345*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x + 23*x**n*b*n**2*x + 9*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 15*a*n**3*x + 23*a*n**2*x + 9*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**3*n**5 + 135*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x + 23*x**n*b*n**2*x + 9*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 15*a*n**3*x + 23*a*n**2*x + 9*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**3*n**4 + 15*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x + 23*x**n*b*n**2*x + 9*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 15*a*n**3*x + 23*a*n**2*x + 9*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**3*n**3))/(e*(15*n**3 + 23*n**2 + 9*n + 1))`

**3.380** 
$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2736
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2736
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(1 - 5n)\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2a(A - \frac{aB}{b-5bn}) \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/e/(1-5*n)/(e*x)^(1/2)-2*a*(A-a*B/(-5*b*n+b))*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -1/2/n], [1-1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(e*x)^(1/2)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2ax\sqrt{a + bx^n} (Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, 2 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + A(1 - 2n))}{(-1 + 2n)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(e*x)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1 - 1/(2*n), 2 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + A*(1 - 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((-1 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{aB}{b - 5bn}\right) \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(1 - 5n)\sqrt{ex}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - 5bn}\right) \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(1 - 5n)\sqrt{ex}}$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{2a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - 5bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} - \frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(1 - 5n)\sqrt{ex}}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*B*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(b*e*(1 - 5*n)*Sqrt[e*x]) - (2*a*(A - (a*B)/(b - 5*b*n))*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(e*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 16.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aaa^{-\frac{1}{2n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2n}}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{2n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}n}\sqrt{x}\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2n}}a^{1-\frac{1}{2n}}bx^{n-\frac{1}{2}}\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{2n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}n}\Gamma\left(2 - \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Baa^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2n}}a^{1-\frac{1}{2n}}x^{n-\frac{1}{2}}\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{2n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}n}\Gamma\left(2 - \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{1}{2n}}a^{2-\frac{1}{2n}}bx^{2n-\frac{1}{2}}\Gamma\left(2 - \frac{1}{2n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2 - \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}n}\Gamma\left(3 - \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(3/2),x)`



output

```
A*a**1/2 + 1/(2*n))*gamma(-1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, -1/(2*n)), (1 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*n*sqrt(x)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))) + A*a**(-1/2 + 1/(2*n))*a**(1 - 1/(2*n))*b*x**(n - 1/2)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 1/(2*n)), (2 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(3/2)*n*gamma(2 - 1/(2*n))) + B*a*a**(-1/2 + 1/(2*n))*a**(1 - 1/(2*n))*x**(n - 1/2)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 1/(2*n)), (2 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(3/2)*n*gamma(2 - 1/(2*n))) + B*a**(-3/2 + 1/(2*n))*a**(2 - 1/(2*n))*b*x**(2*n - 1/2)*gamma(2 - 1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 1/(2*n)), (3 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(3/2)*n*gamma(3 - 1/(2*n)))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(3/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 6x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n^2 - 8x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n + 2x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 + 22x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n^2 - 26x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n + 4x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b + 6\sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 n^2 - 18\sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 n + 2\sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 + 225\sqrt{x} \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{(15x^{n+1} b^3 x^{n+2} - 23x^{n+1} b^2 x^{n+2} + 9x^{n+1} b n x^{n+2} - x^{n+1} b x^{n+2} + 15a n^3 x^{n+2} - 23a n^2 x^{n+2} + 9a n x^{n+2} - a x^{n+2})} dx \right)}{(ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2 - 8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n + 2*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2 - 26*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n + 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 6*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2 - 18*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n + 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2 + 225*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 - 23*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 + 9*x**n*b*n*x**2 - x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n**3*x**2 - 23*a*n**2*x**2 + 9*a*n*x**2 - a*x**2), x)*a**3*n**6 - 345*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 - 23*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 + 9*x**n*b*n*x**2 - x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n**3*x**2 - 23*a*n**2*x**2 + 9*a*n*x**2 - a*x**2), x)*a**3*n**5 + 135*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 - 23*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 + 9*x**n*b*n*x**2 - x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n**3*x**2 - 23*a*n**2*x**2 + 9*a*n*x**2 - a*x**2), x)*a**3*n**4 - 15*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 - 23*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 + 9*x**n*b*n*x**2 - x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n**3*x**2 - 23*a*n**2*x**2 + 9*a*n*x**2 - a*x**2), x)*a**3*n**3))/(sqrt(x)*e**2*(15*n**3 - 23*n**2 + 9*n - 1))`

**3.381** 
$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2742
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2742
Rubi [A] (verified)	2743
Maple [F]	2744
Fricas [F(-2)]	2745
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2745
Maxima [F]	2746
Giac [F]	2746
Mupad [F(-1)]	2747
Reduce [F]	2747

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(3 - 5n)(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2a(A - \frac{3aB}{3b-5bn}) \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/e/(3-5*n)/(e*x)^(3/2)-2/3*a*(A-3*a*B/(-5*b*n+3*b))*
(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -3/2/n], [1-3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(e*x)^(3/2)
/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2ax\sqrt{a + bx^n} (3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, 2 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + A)}{3(-3 + 2n)(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(e*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2ax\sqrt{a+bx^n}*(3Bx^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1-3/(2n), 2-3/(2n), -(bx^n)/a]) + A*(3-2n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -3/(2n), 1-3/(2n), -(bx^n)/a]))/(3*(-3+2n)*(ex)^{(5/2)}*\sqrt{1+(bx^n)/a})$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{3aB}{3b-5bn}\right) \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(3-5n)(ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(A - \frac{3aB}{3b-5bn}\right) \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} - \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(3-5n)(ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2a\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(A - \frac{3aB}{3b-5bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} - \frac{2B(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{be(3-5n)(ex)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a+bx^n)^{(3/2)}*(A+Bx^n)/(ex)^{(5/2)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2B*(a+bx^n)^{(5/2)})/(b*e*(3-5n)*(ex)^{(3/2)}) - (2*a*(A - (3*a*B)/(3*b - 5*b*n))*\sqrt{a+bx^n}*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -3/(2n), 1-3/(2n), -(bx^n)/a])/(3*e*(ex)^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{1+(bx^n)/a})$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 123.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Aaa^{-\frac{3}{2n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{2n}}\Gamma(-\frac{3}{2n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}nx^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{2n})}$$

$$+ \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{2n}}a^{1-\frac{3}{2n}}bx^{n-\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{2n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}n\Gamma(2-\frac{3}{2n})}$$

$$+ \frac{Baa^{-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{2n}}a^{1-\frac{3}{2n}}x^{n-\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{2n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1-\frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}n\Gamma(2-\frac{3}{2n})}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{3}{2n}}a^{2-\frac{3}{2n}}bx^{2n-\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma(2-\frac{3}{2n}){}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2-\frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{5}{2}}n\Gamma(3-\frac{3}{2n})}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
A*a**(1/2 + 3/(2*n))*gamma(-3/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, -3/(2*n)), (1 - 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(3/(2*n))*e**(5/2)*n*x**(3/2)*gamma(1 - 3/(2*n))) + A*a**(-1/2 + 3/(2*n))*a**(1 - 3/(2*n))*b*x**(n - 3/2)*gamma(1 - 3/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 3/(2*n)), (2 - 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(5/2)*n*gamma(2 - 3/(2*n))) + B*a*a**(-1/2 + 3/(2*n))*a**(1 - 3/(2*n))*x**(n - 3/2)*gamma(1 - 3/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 1 - 3/(2*n)), (2 - 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(5/2)*n*gamma(2 - 3/(2*n))) + B*a**(-3/2 + 3/(2*n))*a**(2 - 3/(2*n))*b*x**(2*n - 3/2)*gamma(2 - 3/(2*n))*hyper((-1/2, 2 - 3/(2*n)), (3 - 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(5/2)*n*gamma(3 - 3/(2*n)))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/(e*x)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(((A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 6x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n^2 - 24x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n + 18x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 + 22x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n^2 - 78x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a b n + 36x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a b + 46x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 n^2 - 54x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 n + 18x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 + 75x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} \int (\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}) / (5x^{n+1} b^3 n^3 - 23x^{n+1} b^2 n^2 x^{n+3} + 27x^{n+1} b n x^{n+3} - 9x^{n+1} b x^{n+3} + 5a n^3 x^{n+3} - 23a n^2 x^{n+3} + 27a n x^{n+3} - 9a x^{n+3}), x) a^3 n^6 x - 345 \sqrt{x} \int (\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}) / (5x^{n+1} b^3 n^3 x^{n+3} - 23x^{n+1} b^2 n^2 x^{n+3} + 27x^{n+1} b n x^{n+3} - 9x^{n+1} b x^{n+3} + 5a n^3 x^{n+3} - 23a n^2 x^{n+3} + 27a n x^{n+3} - 9a x^{n+3}), x) a^3 n^5 x + 405 \sqrt{x} \int (\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}) / (5x^{n+1} b^3 n^3 x^{n+3} - 23x^{n+1} b^2 n^2 x^{n+3} + 27x^{n+1} b n x^{n+3} - 9x^{n+1} b x^{n+3} + 5a n^3 x^{n+3} - 23a n^2 x^{n+3} + 27a n x^{n+3} - 9a x^{n+3}), x) a^3 n^4 x - 135 \sqrt{x} \int (\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}) / (5x^{n+1} b^3 n^3 x^{n+3} - 23x^{n+1} b^2 n^2 x^{n+3} + 27x^{n+1} b n x^{n+3} - 9x^{n+1} b x^{n+3} + 5a n^3 x^{n+3} - 23a n^2 x^{n+3} + 27a n x^{n+3} - 9a x^{n+3}), x) a^3 n^3 x) / (3 \sqrt{x} e^{3n} x^{5n+3} (5n^3 - 23n^2 + 27n - 9))$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2 - 24*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n + 18*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2 - 78*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n + 36*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 46*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2 - 54*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n + 18*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2 + 75*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(5*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 23*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 + 27*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 9*x**n*b*x**3 + 5*a*n**3*x**3 - 23*a*n**2*x**3 + 27*a*n*x**3 - 9*a*x**3), x)*a**3*n**6*x - 345*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(5*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 23*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 + 27*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 9*x**n*b*x**3 + 5*a*n**3*x**3 - 23*a*n**2*x**3 + 27*a*n*x**3 - 9*a*x**3), x)*a**3*n**5*x + 405*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(5*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 23*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 + 27*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 9*x**n*b*x**3 + 5*a*n**3*x**3 - 23*a*n**2*x**3 + 27*a*n*x**3 - 9*a*x**3), x)*a**3*n**4*x - 135*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(5*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 23*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 + 27*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 9*x**n*b*x**3 + 5*a*n**3*x**3 - 23*a*n**2*x**3 + 27*a*n*x**3 - 9*a*x**3), x)*a**3*n**3*x) / (3*sqrt(x)*e**3*x*(5*n**3 - 23*n**2 + 27*n - 9))`



### 3.382 $\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2748
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2748
Rubi [A] (verified)	2749
Maple [F]	2750
Fricas [F(-2)]	2751
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2751
Maxima [F]	2752
Giac [F]	2752
Mupad [F(-1)]	2752
Reduce [F]	2753

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{be(5+n)} + \frac{2\left(A - \frac{5aB}{b(5+n)}\right)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5e\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/e/(5+n)+2/5*(A-5*a*B/b/(5+n))*(e*x)^(5/2)
*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/2/n], [1+5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(a+b*x^n)
^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2x(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}\left(A(5+2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 5B\right)}{5(5+2n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(2*x*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(A*(5 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + 5*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5/2 + n)/n, 2 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(5*(5 + 2*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left( A - \frac{5aB}{b(n+5)} \right) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(n+5)}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left( A - \frac{5aB}{b(n+5)} \right) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(n+5)}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left( A - \frac{5aB}{b(n+5)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{\frac{5e\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{2B(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} be(n+5)} +$$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]
```

output

```
(2*B*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*e*(5 + n)) + (2*(A - (5*a*B)/(b*(5 + n)))*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(5*e*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 19.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{5}{2n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{5}{2n}} e^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{\frac{5}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{5}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{5}{2n}} e^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{n + \frac{5}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `A*a**(5/(2*n))*a**(-1/2 - 5/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*x**(5/2)*gamma(5/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, 5/(2*n)), (1 + 5/(2*n)),, b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 5/(2*n))) + B*a**(-3/2 - 5/(2*n))*a**(1 + 5/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*x**(n + 5/2)*gamma(1 + 5/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, 1 + 5/(2*n)), (2 + 5/(2*n)),, b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 5/(2*n)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(e*x)^(3/2)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(ex)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(e*x)^(3/2)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} e \left( 2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} x^2 + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^n b n + 5x^n b + a n + 5a} dx \right) a n^2 + 5 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^n b n + 5x^n b + a n + 5a} dx \right) \right)}{n + 5}$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*e*(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2 + int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**n*b*n + 5*x**n*b + a*n + 5*a),x)*a*n**2 + 5*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**n*b*n + 5*x**n*b + a*n + 5*a),x)*a*n))/(n + 5)`

### 3.383 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2754
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2755
Rubi [A] (verified)	2755
Maple [F]	2757
Fricas [F(-2)]	2757
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2757
Maxima [F]	2758
Giac [F]	2758
Mupad [F(-1)]	2759
Reduce [F]	2759

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(3 + n)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(3+n)}\right)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/e/(3+n)+2/3*(A-3*a*B/b/(3+n))*(e*x)^(3/2)
*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2/n], [1+3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(a+b*x^n)
^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \left( A(3 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + n, 2 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) \right)}{3(3 + 2n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[e*x]*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output  $(2*x*\sqrt{e*x}*\sqrt{1 + (b*x^n)/a}*(A*(3 + 2*n)*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + 3*B*x^n*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (3/2 + n)/n, 2 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(3*(3 + 2*n)*\sqrt{a + b*x^n})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left( A - \frac{3aB}{b(n+3)} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(n+3)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left( A - \frac{3aB}{b(n+3)} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(n+3)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$



$$\frac{2(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left( A - \frac{3aB}{b(n+3)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{\frac{3e\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2B(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + be(n+3)}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[ex]*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(2*B*(ex)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*e*(3 + n)) + (2*(A - (3*a*B)/(b*(3 + n)))*(ex)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(3*e*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(ex)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(ex)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{3}{2n}}a^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{2n}}\sqrt{ex}^{\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1+\frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{3}{2n}}a^{1+\frac{3}{2n}}\sqrt{ex}^{n+\frac{3}{2}}\Gamma\left(1+\frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1+\frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2+\frac{3}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `A*a**(3/(2*n))*a**(-1/2 - 3/(2*n))*sqrt(e)*x**(3/2)*gamma(3/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, 3/(2*n)), (1 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) + B*a**(-3/2 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*sqrt(e)*x**(n + 3/2)*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, 1 + 3/(2*n)), (2 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(e*x)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(e*x)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} x + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n + 3x^n b + a n + 3a} dx \right) a n^2 + 3 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n + 3x^n b + a n + 3a} dx \right) a n \right)}{n + 3}$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x + int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n + 3*x**n*b + a*n + 3*a),x)*a*n**2 + 3*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n + 3*x**n*b + a*n + 3*a),x)*a*n))/(n + 3)`

**3.384**  $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2760
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2760
Rubi [A] (verified)	2761
Maple [F]	2762
Fricas [F(-2)]	2763
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2763
Maxima [F]	2764
Giac [F]	2764
Mupad [F(-1)]	2764
Reduce [F]	2765

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(1 + n)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(A - \frac{aB}{b+bn})\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/e/(1+n)+2*(A-a*B/(b*n+b))*(e*x)^(1/2)*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2/n], [1+1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}\left((A + 2An)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{(1 + 2n)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*((A + 2*A*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -(b*x^n)/a] + B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1/2 + n)/n, (4 + n^(-1))/2, -(b*x^n)/a]))/((1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(A - \frac{aB}{bn + b}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(n + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{bn + b}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(n + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{bn + b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(n + 1)}$$

input `Int[(A + B*x^n)/(Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output  $(2*B*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])/(b*e*(1 + n)) + (2*(A - (a*B)/(b + b*n))*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(e*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * \{(c*x)^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1))\}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \parallel \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 889  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*\{(a + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}\} \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{!(ILtQ}[p, 0] \parallel \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[\{(e\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*e*(m + n*(p+1) + 1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m + n*(p+1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p+1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n*(p+1) + 1, 0]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input  $\text{int}((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^{(1/2)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}, x)$

output  $\text{int}((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^{(1/2)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}, x)$

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{1}{2n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} \sqrt{x} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{2n}} x^{n + \frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(1/2)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `A*a**(1/(2*n))*a**(-1/2 - 1/(2*n))*sqrt(x)*gamma(1/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, 1/(2*n)), (1 + 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) + B*a**(-3/2 - 1/(2*n))*a**(1 + 1/(2*n))*x**(n + 1/2)*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, 1 + 1/(2*n)), (2 + 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n)))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(e*x)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(e*x)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x + x^n b x + a n x + a x} dx \right) a n^2 + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x + x^n b x + a n x + a x} dx \right) a n \right)}{e(n+1)}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + a*n*x + a*x),x)*a*n**2 + int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + a*n*x + a*x),x)*a*n))/(e*(n + 1))`

**3.385**  $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2766
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2766
Rubi [A] (verified)	2767
Maple [F]	2768
Fricas [F(-2)]	2768
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2769
Maxima [F]	2769
Giac [F]	2770
Mupad [F(-1)]	2770
Reduce [F]	2770

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(1 - n)\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2\left(A - \frac{aB}{b(1-n)}\right)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/e/(1-n)/(e*x)^(1/2)-2*(A-a*B/b/(1-n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2/n], [1-1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}(Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, 2 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + A(1 - 2n) \operatorname{Hy}}{(-1 + 2n)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]), x]
```

output

$$(2*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 1 - 1/(2*n), 2 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + A*(1 - 2*n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((-1 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - bn}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(1 - n)\sqrt{ex}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - bn}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(1 - n)\sqrt{ex}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(1 - n)\sqrt{ex}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]), x]$$

output

$$(-2*B*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])/(b*e*(1 - n)*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]) - (2*(A - (a*B)/(b - b*n))*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(e*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}n} \sqrt{x} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2n}} a^{1 - \frac{1}{2n}} x^{n - \frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}n} \Gamma\left(2 - \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(3/2)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `A*a**(-1/2 + 1/(2*n))*gamma(-1/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, -1/(2*n)), (1 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*n*sqrt(x)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))) + B*a**(-3/2 + 1/(2*n))*a**(1 - 1/(2*n))*x**(n - 1/2)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, 1 - 1/(2*n)), (2 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(3/2)*n*gamma(2 - 1/(2*n)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \sqrt{x} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^2 - x^n b x^2 + a n x^2 - a x^2} dx \right) \right) a n^2 - \sqrt{x} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^2 - x^n b x^2 + a n x^2 - a x^2} dx \right)}{\sqrt{x} e^2 (n - 1)}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n*x**2 - x**n*b*x**2 + a*n*x**2 - a*x**2),x)*a*n**2 - sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n*x**2 - x**n*b*x**2 + a*n*x**2 - a*x**2),x)*a*n))/(sqrt(x)*e**2*(n - 1))`

**3.386**  $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2771
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2771
Rubi [A] (verified)	2772
Maple [F]	2773
Fricas [F(-2)]	2773
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2774
Maxima [F]	2774
Giac [F]	2775
Mupad [F(-1)]	2775
Reduce [F]	2775

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(3 - n)(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(3-n)}\right)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/e/(3-n)/(e*x)^(3/2)-2/3*(A-3*a*B/b/(3-n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, -3/2/n], [1-3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}\left(3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, 2 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + A(3 - 2n)\right)}{3(-3 + 2n)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]
```



output

$$\frac{(2*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(3*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 1 - 3/(2*n), 2 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + A*(3 - 2*n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(3*(-3 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(5/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\ & \left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(3-n)}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(3-n)(ex)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(3-n)}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(3-n)(ex)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(3-n)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{be(3-n)(ex)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*B*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])/(b*e*(3 - n)*(e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*(A - (3*a*B)/(b*(3 - n)))*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*e*(e*x)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 45.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{3}{2n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{5}{2}nx} \frac{3}{2} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2n}} a^{1 - \frac{3}{2n}} x^{n - \frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{5}{2}n} \Gamma\left(2 - \frac{3}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(5/2)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `A*a**(-1/2 + 3/(2*n))*gamma(-3/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, -3/(2*n)), (1 - 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(3/(2*n))*e**(5/2)*n*x**(3/2)*gamma(1 - 3/(2*n))) + B*a**(-3/2 + 3/(2*n))*a**(1 - 3/(2*n))*x**(n - 3/2)*gamma(1 - 3/(2*n))*hyper((1/2, 1 - 3/(2*n)), (2 - 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(5/2)*n*gamma(2 - 3/(2*n)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} (ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} (ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( 2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \sqrt{x} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^3 - 3x^n b x^3 + a n x^3 - 3a x^3} dx \right) a n^2 x - 3\sqrt{x} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^n b n x^3 - 3x^n b x^3} dx \right) \right)}{\sqrt{x} e^3 x (n - 3)}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n*x**3 - 3*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n*x**3 - 3*a*x**3),x)*a*n**2*x - 3*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*n*x**3 - 3*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n*x**3 - 3*a*x**3),x)*a*n*x))/(sqrt(x)*e**3*x*(n - 3))`

**3.387**  $\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2776
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2776
Rubi [A] (verified)	2777
Maple [F]	2778
Fricas [F(-2)]	2779
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2779
Maxima [F]	2780
Giac [F]	2780
Mupad [F(-1)]	2780
Reduce [F]	2781

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2}}{be(5-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{5B}{b(5-n)}\right)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5e\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output `2*B*(e*x)^(5/2)/b/e/(5-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)+2/5*(A/a-5*B/b/(5-n))*(e*x)^(5/2)*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([3/2, 5/2/n], [1+5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}\left(A(5+2n)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 5B\right)}{5a(5+2n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(2*x*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(A*(5 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 5
/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + 5*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (5/2 +
n)/n, 2 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(5*a*(5 + 2*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(A - \frac{5aB}{b(5-n)}\right) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2}}{be(5-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{5aB}{b(5-n)}\right) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2}}{be(5-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{5aB}{b(5-n)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5ae\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2}}{be(5-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*B*(e*x)^(5/2))/(b*e*(5 - n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) + (2*(A - (5*a*B)/(b*(5 -
n)))*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 5/(2*n), 1 + 5
/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(5*a*e*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 32.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{5}{2n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{5}{2n}} e^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{\frac{5}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{5}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{5}{2n}} e^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{n + \frac{5}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{5}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*a**(5/(2*n))*a**(-3/2 - 5/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*x**(5/2)*gamma(5/(2*n))*hyper((3/2, 5/(2*n)), (1 + 5/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 5/(2*n))) + B*a**(-5/2 - 5/(2*n))*a**(1 + 5/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*x**(n + 5/2)*gamma(1 + 5/(2*n))*hyper((3/2, 1 + 5/(2*n)), (2 + 5/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 5/(2*n)))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(ex)^{3/2}}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(ex)^{3/2}}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \sqrt{e} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^n b + a} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `sqrt(e)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**n*b + a),x)*e`

### 3.388 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2782
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2782
Rubi [A] (verified)	2783
Maple [F]	2784
Fricas [F(-2)]	2785
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2785
Maxima [F]	2786
Giac [F]	2786
Mupad [F(-1)]	2786
Reduce [F]	2787

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}}{be(3-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{3B}{b(3-n)}\right)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*(e*x)^(3/2)/b/e/(3-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)+2/3*(A/a-3*B/b/(3-n))*(e*x)^(3/2)
*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([3/2, 3/2/n], [1+3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(a+b*x^n)
^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}\left(A(3+2n)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3Bx^n \operatorname{Hy}\right)}{3a(3+2n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[e*x]*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*x*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(A*(3 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + 3*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (3/2 + n)/n, 2 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(3*a*(3 + 2*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(3-n)}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}}{be(3-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(3-n)}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}}{be(3-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(3-n)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3ae\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}}{be(3-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[e*x]*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*B*(e*x)^(3/2))/(b*e*(3 - n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) + (2*(A - (3*a*B)/(b*(3 - n)))*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*a*e*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{3}{2n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2n}} \sqrt{ex}^{\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{3}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{3}{2n}} \sqrt{ex}^{n + \frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*a**(3/(2*n))*a**(-3/2 - 3/(2*n))*sqrt(e)*x**(3/2)*gamma(3/(2*n))*hyper((3/2, 3/(2*n)), (1 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) + B*a**(-5/2 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*sqrt(e)*x**(n + 3/2)*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))*hyper((3/2, 1 + 3/(2*n)), (2 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \sqrt{e} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `sqrt(e)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b + a),x)`



### 3.389 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2788
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2788
Rubi [A] (verified)	2789
Maple [F]	2790
Fricas [F(-2)]	2790
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2791
Maxima [F]	2791
Giac [F]	2792
Mupad [F(-1)]	2792
Reduce [F]	2792

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}}{be(1-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{B}{b(1-n)}\right)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*(e*x)^(1/2)/b/e/(1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)+2*(A/a-B/b/(1-n))*(e*x)^(1/2)*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([3/2, 1/2/n], [1+1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \left( (A + 2An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hy}\right)}{(a + 2an)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(Sqrt[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

$$(2*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*((A + 2*A*n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, (1/2 + n)/n, (4 + n^(-1))/2, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((a + 2*a*n)*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(A - \frac{aB}{b - bn}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}}{be(1 - n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - bn}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}}{be(1 - n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ae\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}}{be(1 - n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/(\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x]$$

output

$$(2*B*\text{Sqrt}[e*x])/(b*e*(1 - n)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]) + (2*(A - (a*B)/(b - b*n))*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*e*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{1}{2n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} \sqrt{x} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{2n}} x^{n + \frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(1/2)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*a**(1/(2*n))*a**(-3/2 - 1/(2*n))*sqrt(x)*gamma(1/(2*n))*hyper((3/2, 1/(2*n)), (1 + 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) + B*a**(-5/2 - 1/(2*n))*a**(1 + 1/(2*n))*x**(n + 1/2)*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))*hyper((3/2, 1 + 1/(2*n)), (2 + 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(e*x)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right)}{e}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x))/e`

**3.390**  $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2793
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2793
Rubi [A] (verified)	2794
Maple [F]	2795
Fricas [F(-2)]	2795
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2796
Maxima [F]	2796
Giac [F]	2797
Mupad [F(-1)]	2797
Reduce [F]	2797

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2B}{be(1+n)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{B}{b+bn}\right)\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B/b/e/(1+n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-2*(A/a-B/(b*n+b))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([3/2, -1/2/n], [1-1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}(Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, 2 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + A(1 - 2n))}{a(-1 + 2n)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

```
(2*x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 1 - 1/(2*n), 2 - 1/
(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + A*(1 - 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/
(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(a*(-1 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{aB}{bn + b}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} (bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2B}{be(n+1)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{bn + b}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{be(n+1)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{bn + b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ae\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{be(n+1)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*B)/(b*e*(1 + n)*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - (2*(A - (a*B)/(b + b*n))*
Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n
)/a)])/(a*e*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`



output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 37.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{-\frac{1}{2n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2n}} \Gamma(-\frac{1}{2n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}n} \sqrt{x} \Gamma(1 - \frac{1}{2n})} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{2n}} a^{1 - \frac{1}{2n}} x^{n - \frac{1}{2}} \Gamma(1 - \frac{1}{2n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}n} \Gamma(2 - \frac{1}{2n})}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(3/2)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*a**(-3/2 + 1/(2*n))*gamma(-1/(2*n))*hyper((3/2, -1/(2*n)), (1 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*n*sqrt(x)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))) + B*a**(-5/2 + 1/(2*n))*a**(1 - 1/(2*n))*x**(n - 1/2)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))*hyper((3/2, 1 - 1/(2*n)), (2 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(3/2)*n*gamma(2 - 1/(2*n)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x^2 + a x^2} dx \right)}{e^2}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x**2 + a*x**2),x))/e**2`

### 3.391 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2798
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2798
Rubi [A] (verified)	2799
Maple [F]	2800
Fricas [F(-2)]	2800
Sympy [F(-1)]	2801
Maxima [F]	2801
Giac [F]	2801
Mupad [F(-1)]	2802
Reduce [F]	2802

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2B}{be(3+n)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2\left(\frac{A}{a} - \frac{3B}{b(3+n)}\right)\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B/b/e/(3+n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-2/3*(A/a-3*B/b/(3+n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([3/2, -3/2/n], [1-3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}(3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, 2 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + A(3 - 2n))}{3a(-3 + 2n)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2*x*\sqrt{1 + (b*x^n)/a}*(3*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 1 - 3/(2*n), 2 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + A*(3 - 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(3*a*(-3 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(5/2)*\sqrt{a + b*x^n})$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(n+3)}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{5/2} (bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2B}{be(n+3)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(n+3)}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{5/2} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{be(n+3)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{3aB}{b(n+3)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3ae(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{be(n+3)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*B)/(b*e*(3 + n)*(e*x)^(3/2)*\sqrt{a + b*x^n}) - (2*(A - (3*a*B)/(b*(3 + n)))*\sqrt{1 + (b*x^n)/a}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*a*e*(e*x)^(3/2)*\sqrt{a + b*x^n})$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(5/2)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x^3 + a x^3} dx \right)}{e^3}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x**3 + a*x**3),x))/e**3`

**3.392**  $\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2803
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2803
Rubi [A] (verified)	2804
Maple [F]	2805
Fricas [F(-2)]	2806
Sympy [F(-1)]	2806
Maxima [F]	2806
Giac [F]	2807
Mupad [F(-1)]	2807
Reduce [F]	2807

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2}}{be(5 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(5aB - Ab(5 - 3n))(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5a^2be(5 - 3n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*(e*x)^(5/2)/b/e/(5-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)-2/5*(5*B*a-A*b*(5-3*n))*(e*x)^(5/2)*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([5/2, 5/2/n], [1+5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/e/(5-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x(ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \left( A(5 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 5B \right)}{5a^2(5 + 2n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x]
```



output

```
(2*x*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(A*(5 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 5
/(2*n), 1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + 5*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (5/2 +
n)/n, 2 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(5*a^2*(5 + 2*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left( A - \frac{5aB}{5b - 3bn} \right) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{(bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2}}{be(5 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left( A - \frac{5aB}{5b - 3bn} \right) \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2}}{\left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2}}{be(5 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2(ex)^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left( A - \frac{5aB}{5b - 3bn} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2n}, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{\frac{5a^2 e \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{2B(ex)^{5/2}}} + \frac{2B(ex)^{5/2}}{be(5 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*B*(e*x)^(5/2))/(b*e*(5 - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) + (2*(A - (5*a*B)/(5*b
- 3*b*n))*(e*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 5/(2*n),
1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(5*a^2*e*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(e*x)^(3/2)/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \sqrt{e} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2} dx \right) e$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `sqrt(e)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)*e`

### 3.393 $\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2808
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2808
Rubi [A] (verified)	2809
Maple [F]	2810
Fricas [F(-2)]	2811
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2811
Maxima [F]	2812
Giac [F]	2812
Mupad [F(-1)]	2812
Reduce [F]	2813

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}}{3be(1-n)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(aB-Ab(1-n))(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1+\frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2be(1-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output `2/3*B*(e*x)^(3/2)/b/e/(1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)-2/3*(B*a-A*b*(1-n))*(e*x)^(3/2)*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([5/2, 3/2/n],[1+3/2/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/e/(1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}\left(A(3+2n)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1+\frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)+3Bx^n\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1+\frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{3a^2(3+2n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[e*x]*(A+B*x^n))/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(2*x*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(A*(3 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 3/(2*n), 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + 3*B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (3/2 + n)/n, 2 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(3*a^2*(3 + 2*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}}{3be(1-n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{(aB - Ab(1-n)) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^n+a)^{5/2}} dx}{b(1-n)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}}{3be(1-n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(aB - Ab(1-n)) \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2b(1-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2B(ex)^{3/2}}{3be(1-n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(aB - Ab(1-n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2n}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2be(1-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[e*x]*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*B*(e*x)^(3/2))/(3*b*e*(1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)) - (2*(a*B - A*b*(1-n))
)*(e*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1+(b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 3/(2*n), 1+3/(
2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]]/(3*a^2*b*e*(1-n)*Sqrt[a+b*x^n])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a+b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1+b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1+b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(b*e*(m+n*(p
+1)+1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p
+1)+1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m+n*(p+1)+1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 48.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{3}{2n}} a^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{3}{2n}} \sqrt{ex}^{\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{7}{2} - \frac{3}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{3}{2n}} \sqrt{ex}^{n + \frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 + \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `A*a**(3/(2*n))*a**(-5/2 - 3/(2*n))*sqrt(e)*x**(3/2)*gamma(3/(2*n))*hyper((5/2, 3/(2*n)), (1 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) + B*a**(-7/2 - 3/(2*n))*a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*sqrt(e)*x**(n + 3/2)*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))*hyper((5/2, 1 + 3/(2*n)), (2 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n)))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)\sqrt{ex}}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(e*x)/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((e*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex}(A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \sqrt{e} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `sqrt(e)*int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.394 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2814
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2814
Rubi [A] (verified)	2815
Maple [F]	2816
Fricas [F(-2)]	2816
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2817
Maxima [F]	2817
Giac [F]	2818
Mupad [F(-1)]	2818
Reduce [F]	2818

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}}{be(1 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(aB - Ab(1 - 3n))\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2be(1 - 3n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*(e*x)^(1/2)/b/e/(1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)-2*(B*a-A*b*(1-3*n))*(e*x)^(1/2)
*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([5/2, 1/2/n],[1+1/2/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/e/(1-
3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}\left((A + 2An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + Bx^n \operatorname{Hy}\right)}{a^2(1 + 2n)\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/(Sqrt[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*((A + 2*A*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (1/2 + n)/n, (4 + n^(-1))/2, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(a^2*(1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{aB}{b - 3bn}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}(bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}}{be(1 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - 3bn}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex}\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}}{be(1 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ex}\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{b - 3bn}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2e\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{ex}}{be(1 - 3n)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*x^n)/(Sqrt[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*B*Sqrt[e*x])/(b*e*(1 - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) + (2*(A - (a*B)/(b - 3*b*n))*Sqrt[e*x]*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*e*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 133.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{1}{2n}} a^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} \sqrt{x} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{7}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{2n}} x^{n + \frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(1/2)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `A*a**(1/(2*n))*a**(-5/2 - 1/(2*n))*sqrt(x)*gamma(1/(2*n))*hyper((5/2, 1/(2*n)), (1 + 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) + B*a**(-7/2 - 1/(2*n))*a**(1 + 1/(2*n))*x**(n + 1/2)*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))*hyper((5/2, 1 + 1/(2*n)), (2 + 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(e*x)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(e*x)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n + \frac{1}{2}} b^2 + 2x^{n + \frac{1}{2}} ab + \sqrt{x} a^2} dx \right)}{e}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**((4*n + 1)/2)*b**2 + 2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*a*b + sqrt(x)*a**2),x))/e`

### 3.395 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2819
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2819
Rubi [A] (verified)	2820
Maple [F]	2821
Fricas [F(-2)]	2821
Sympy [F(-1)]	2822
Maxima [F]	2822
Giac [F]	2822
Mupad [F(-1)]	2823
Reduce [F]	2823

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B}{be(1 + 3n)\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(A - \frac{aB}{b+3bn}) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2 e \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*B/b/e/(1+3*n)/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)-2*(A-a*B/(3*b*n+b))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([5/2, -1/2/n], [1-1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/e/(e*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (Bx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, 2 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + A(1 - 2n))}{a^2(-1 + 2n)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]
```



output

$$\frac{(2*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, 1 - 1/(2*n), 2 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + A*(1 - 2*n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(a^2*(-1 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{aB}{3bn + b}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} (bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{2B}{be(3n + 1)\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{3bn + b}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{be(3n + 1)\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{3bn + b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{2n}, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2 e \sqrt{ex} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{be(3n + 1)\sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*B)/(b*e*(1 + 3*n)*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) - (2*(A - (a*B)/(b + 3*b*n))*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -1/2*1/n, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*e*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(3/2)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*(e*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n + \frac{1}{2}} b^2 x + 2x^{n + \frac{1}{2}} abx + \sqrt{x} a^2 x} dx \right)}{e^2}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**((4*n + 1)/2)*b**2*x + 2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*a*b*x + sqrt(x)*a**2*x),x))/e**2`

### 3.396 $\int \frac{A+Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2824
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2824
Rubi [A] (verified)	2825
Maple [F]	2826
Fricas [F(-2)]	2826
Sympy [F(-1)]	2827
Maxima [F]	2827
Giac [F]	2827
Mupad [F(-1)]	2828
Reduce [F]	2828

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2B}{3be(1+n)(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(aB - Ab(1+n))\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2be(1+n)(ex)^{3/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2/3*B/b/e/(1+n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+2/3*(B*a-A*b*(1+n))*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([5/2, -3/2/n], [1-3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/e/(1+n)/(e*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (3Bx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, 2 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + A(3 - 2n))}{3a^2(-3 + 2n)(ex)^{5/2}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x]
```

output

$$(2*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(3*B*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, 1 - 3/(2*n), 2 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + A*(3 - 2*n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(3*a^2*(-3 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(5/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(A - \frac{aB}{bn + b}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{5/2} (bx^n + a)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{2B}{3be(n + 1)(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{bn + b}\right) \int \frac{1}{(ex)^{5/2} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{3be(n + 1)(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(A - \frac{aB}{bn + b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{2n}, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2 e (ex)^{3/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}} - \frac{2B}{3be(n + 1)(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x]$$

output

$$(-2*B)/(3*b*e*(1 + n)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) - (2*(A - (a*B)/(b + b*n))*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[5/2, -3/(2*n), 1 - 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*a^2*e*(e*x)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*x**n)/(e*x)**(5/2)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*(e*x)^(5/2)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{Bx^n + A}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*(e*x)^(5/2)), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*x^n)/((e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + Bx^n}{(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n + \frac{1}{2}} b^2 x^2 + 2x^{n + \frac{1}{2}} ab x^2 + \sqrt{x} a^2 x^2} dx \right)}{e^3}$$

input `int((A+B*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**((4*n + 1)/2)*b**2*x**2 + 2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*a*b*x**2 + sqrt(x)*a**2*x**2),x))/e**3`

### 3.397 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 3n)x^n) dx$

Optimal result	2829
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2829
Rubi [B] (verified)	2830
Maple [B] (verified)	2831
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2831
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2832
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2832
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2833
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2834
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2834

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 3n)x^n) dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^3}{e}$$

output

```
(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^3/e
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 3n)x^n) dx = x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^3$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^2*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m + 3*n)*x^n),x]
```

output

```
x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^3
```

**Rubi [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(m+1) + b(m+3n+1)x^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int (a^3(m+1)(ex)^m + 3a^2b(m+n+1)x^n(ex)^m + 3ab^2(m+2n+1)x^{2n}(ex)^m + b^3(m+3n+1)x^{3n}(ex)^m) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^3(ex)^{m+1}}{e} + 3a^2bx^{n+1}(ex)^m + 3ab^2x^{2n+1}(ex)^m + b^3x^{3n+1}(ex)^m$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^2*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m + 3*n)*x^n),x]`

output `3*a^2*b*x^(1 + n)*(e*x)^m + 3*a*b^2*x^(1 + 2*n)*(e*x)^m + b^3*x^(1 + 3*n)*(e*x)^m + (a^3*(e*x)^(1 + m))/e`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 58 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$x x^{3n} (ex)^m b^3 + 3x x^{2n} (ex)^m a b^2 + 3x x^n (ex)^m a^2 b + x (ex)^m a^3$	59
risch	$x(b^3 x^{3n} + 3a b^2 x^{2n} + 3b a^2 x^n + a^3) e^m x^m e^{\frac{i \operatorname{csgn}(ie x) \pi m (\operatorname{csgn}(ie x) - \operatorname{csgn}(ix)) (-\operatorname{csgn}(ie x) + \operatorname{csgn}(ie))}{2}}$	82
orering	Expression too large to display	1654

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+3*n)*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*(x^n)^3*(e*x)^m*b^3+3*x*(x^n)^2*(e*x)^m*a*b^2+3*x*x^n*(e*x)^m*a^2*b+x*(e*x)^m*a^3`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 78 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(1+m) + b(1+m+3n)x^n) dx$$

$$= b^3 x x^{3n} e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + 3 a b^2 x x^{2n} e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))}$$

$$+ 3 a^2 b x x^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + a^3 x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+3*n)*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `b^3*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*a*b^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*a^2*b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a^3*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(1+m) + b(1+m+3n)x^n) dx$$

$$= a^3 x(ex)^m + 3a^2 b x x^n (ex)^m + 3ab^2 x x^{2n} (ex)^m + b^3 x x^{3n} (ex)^m$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**2*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+3*n)*x**n),x)
```

output

```
a**3*x*(e*x)**m + 3*a**2*b*x*x**n*(e*x)**m + 3*a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*(e*x)**m
+ b**3*x*x**(3*n)*(e*x)**m
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.65

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(1+m) + b(1+m+3n)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{b^3 e^m m x e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 1} + \frac{3 b^3 e^m n x e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 1}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a b^2 e^m m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1} + \frac{6 a b^2 e^m n x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a^2 b e^m m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{3 a^2 b e^m n x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{b^3 e^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 1}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a b^2 e^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1} + \frac{3 a^2 b e^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1} a^3 m}{e(m+1)} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1} a^3}{e(m+1)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+3*n)*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

b^3*e^m*m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 1) + 3*b^3*e^m*n*x*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 1) + 3*a*b^2*e^m*m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + 6*a*b^2*e^m*n*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + 3*a^2*b*e^m*m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + 3*a^2*b*e^m*n*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + b^3*e^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 1) + 3*a*b^2*e^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + 3*a^2*b*e^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + (e*x)^(m + 1)*a^3*m/(e*(m + 1)) + (e*x)^(m + 1)*a^3/(e*(m + 1))

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(1+m) + b(1+m+3n)x^n) dx \\
 &= b^3 x x^{3n} e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + 3 a b^2 x x^{2n} e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} \\
 & \quad + b^3 x x^{2n} e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + 3 a^2 b x x^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} \\
 & \quad + 3 a b^2 x x^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + b^3 x x^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + a^3 x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} \\
 & \quad + 3 a^2 b x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + 3 a b^2 x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + b^3 x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+3*n)*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```

b^3*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*a*b^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b^3*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*a^2*b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*a*b^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b^3*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a^3*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*a^2*b*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 3*a*b^2*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b^3*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(1+m) + b(1+m+3n)x^n) dx$$

$$= (ex)^m (a^3 x + b^3 x x^{3n} + 3a^2 b x x^n + 3a b^2 x x^{2n})$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(m + 1) + b*x^n*(m + 3*n + 1))*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(e*x)^m*(a^3*x + b^3*x*x^(3*n) + 3*a^2*b*x*x^n + 3*a*b^2*x*x^(2*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (a(1+m) + b(1+m+3n)x^n) dx$$

$$= x^m e^m x (x^{3n} b^3 + 3x^{2n} a b^2 + 3x^n a^2 b + a^3)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+3*n)*x^n),x)`output `x**m*e**m*x*(x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b + a**3)`

### 3.398 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 2n)x^n) dx$

Optimal result	2835
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2835
Rubi [B] (verified)	2836
Maple [A] (verified)	2837
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2837
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2838
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2838
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2839
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2839
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2839

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 2n)x^n) dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^2}{e}$$

output

```
(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^2/e
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 2n)x^n) dx = x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^2$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m + 2*n)*x^n),x]
```

output

```
x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^2
```



**Rubi [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 45 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(m + 1) + b(m + 2n + 1)x^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int (a^2(m + 1)(ex)^m + 2ab(m + n + 1)x^n(ex)^m + b^2(m + 2n + 1)x^{2n}(ex)^m) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^2(ex)^{m+1}}{e} + 2abx^{n+1}(ex)^m + b^2x^{2n+1}(ex)^m$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m + 2*n)*x^n), x]`

output `2*a*b*x^(1 + n)*(e*x)^m + b^2*x^(1 + 2*n)*(e*x)^m + (a^2*(e*x)^(1 + m))/e`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
parallelrisc	$x x^{2n} (ex)^m b^2 + 2x x^n (ex)^m ab + x (ex)^m a^2$
risc	$(b^2 x^{2n} + 2ab x^n + a^2) x e^m x^m e^{\frac{i \operatorname{csgn}(ix) \pi m (\operatorname{csgn}(ix) - \operatorname{csgn}(ix)) (-\operatorname{csgn}(ix) + \operatorname{csgn}(ix))}{2}}$
orering	$\frac{x(3m^2+6mn+2n^2+3m+3n+1)(ex)^m(a+bx^n)(a(1+m)+b(1+m+2n)x^n)}{(m^2+2mn+2m+2n+1)(1+m+n)} - \frac{3x^2(m+n)\left(\frac{(ex)^m m(a+bx^n)(a(1+m)+b(1+m+2n)x^n)}{x}\right)}{(m^2+2mn+2m+2n+1)(1+m+n)}$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+2*n)*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*(x^n)^2*(e*x)^m*b^2+2*x*x^n*(e*x)^m*a*b+x*(e*x)^m*a^2`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 54 vs. 2(20) = 40.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 2n)x^n) dx$$

$$= b^2 x x^{2n} e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + 2 ab x x^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + a^2 x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+2*n)*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `b^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 2*a*b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a^2*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 2n)x^n) dx$$

$$= a^2 x (ex)^m + 2abx^n (ex)^m + b^2 x^{2n} (ex)^m$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+2*n)*x**n),x)
```

output

```
a**2*x*(e*x)**m + 2*a*b*x*x**n*(e*x)**m + b**2*x*x**(2*n)*(e*x)**m
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 198 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.90

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 2n)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 e^m m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1} + \frac{2 b^2 e^m n x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1}$$

$$+ \frac{2 a b e^m m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{2 a b e^m n x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 e^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1} + \frac{2 a b e^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1} a^2 m}{e(m+1)} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1} a^2}{e(m+1)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+2*n)*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b^2*e^m*m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + 2*b^2*e^m*n*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + 2*a*b*e^m*m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + 2*a*b*e^m*n*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + b^2*e^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + 2*a*b*e^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + (e*x)^(m + 1)*a^2*m/(e*(m + 1)) + (e*x)^(m + 1)*a^2/(e*(m + 1))
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 102 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.10

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 2n)x^n) dx \\ &= b^2 x x^{2n} e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + 2 ab x x^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + b^2 x x^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} \\ & \quad + a^2 x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + 2 ab x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + b^2 x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+2*n)*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 2*a*b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a^2*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + 2*a*b*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b^2*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 2n)x^n) dx = (ex)^m (a^2 x + b^2 x x^{2n} + 2 ab x x^n)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(m + 1) + b*x^n*(m + 2*n + 1))*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(e*x)^m*(a^2*x + b^2*x*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x*x^n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n) (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + 2n)x^n) dx = x^m e^m x (x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n ab + a^2)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+2*n)*x^n),x)`

output `x**m*e**m*x*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2)`

### 3.399 $\int (ex)^m (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + n)x^n) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2841
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2841
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2842
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2843
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2843
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2843
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2844
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2844
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2845
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2845

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int (ex)^m (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + n)x^n) dx = \frac{a(ex)^{1+m}}{e} + \frac{bx^n(ex)^{1+m}}{e}$$

output `a*(e*x)^(1+m)/e+b*x^n*(e*x)^(1+m)/e`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int (ex)^m (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + n)x^n) dx = x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m + n)*x^n),x]`

output `x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m (a(m+1) + b(m+n+1)x^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a(m+1)(ex)^m + b(m+n+1)x^n(ex)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a(ex)^{m+1}}{e} + bx^{n+1}(ex)^m$$

input

```
Int[(e*x)^m*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m + n)*x^n), x]
```

output

```
b*x^(1 + n)*(e*x)^m + (a*(e*x)^(1 + m))/e
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$x x^n (ex)^m b + x (ex)^m a$	21
norman	$ax e^{m \ln(ex)} + bx e^{n \ln(x)} e^{m \ln(ex)}$	27
risch	$(a + b x^n) x e^m x^m e^{\frac{i \operatorname{csgn}(iex) \pi m (\operatorname{csgn}(iex) - \operatorname{csgn}(ix)) (-\operatorname{csgn}(iex) + \operatorname{csgn}(ie))}{2}}$	56
orering	$\frac{x(2m+n+1)(ex)^m(a(1+m)+b(1+m+n)x^n)}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} - \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{(ex)^m m(a(1+m)+b(1+m+n)x^n)}{x} + \frac{(ex)^m b(1+m+n)x^n}{x} \right)}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1}$	107

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n)*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x*x^n*(e*x)^m*b+x*(e*x)^m*a`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n)x^n) dx = bxx^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + axe^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n)*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n)x^n) dx = ax(ex)^m + bxx^n(ex)^m$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n)*x**n),x)`



output `a*x*(e*x)**m + b*x*x**n*(e*x)**m`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 104 vs.  $2(28) = 56$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int (ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n)x^n) dx = \frac{be^m m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m+n+1} + \frac{be^m n x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m+n+1} + \frac{be^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m+n+1} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1} a m}{e(m+1)} + \frac{(ex)^{m+1} a}{e(m+1)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n)*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*e^m*m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + b*e^m*n*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + b*e^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + (e*x)^(m + 1)*a*m/(e*(m + 1)) + (e*x)^(m + 1)*a/(e*(m + 1))`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n)x^n) dx = b x x^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + a x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + b x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n)*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + b*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int (ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n)x^n) dx = (ex)^m (ax + bx^{n+1})$$

input `int((a*(m + 1) + b*x^n*(m + n + 1))*(e*x)^m,x)`

output `(e*x)^m*(a*x + b*x^(n + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int (ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n)x^n) dx = x^m e^m x(x^n b + a)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n)*x^n),x)`

output `x**m*e**m*x*(x**n*b + a)`

$$3.400 \quad \int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m)x^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

Optimal result	2846
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2846
Rubi [A] (verified)	2847
Maple [A] (verified)	2848
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2848
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2848
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2849
Giac [F]	2849
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2849
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2850

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 11

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m)x^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m}}{e}$$

output

```
(e*x)^(1+m)/e
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m)x^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = x(ex)^m$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m) + b*(1+m)*x^n))/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
x*(e*x)^m
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {281, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(m+1) + b(m+1)x^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{281}$$

$$(m+1) \int (ex)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{17}$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1}}{e}$$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^(m*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m)*x^n)))/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(e*x)^(1 + m)/e
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 17

```
Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 281

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^p Int[u*(c + d*x^n)^(p + q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && !(IntegerQ[q] & & SimplerQ[a + b*x^n, c + d*x^n])
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
gospers	$(ex)^m x$	8
parallelrisc	$(ex)^m x$	8
norman	$x e^{m \ln(ex)}$	10
orering	$\frac{x(ex)^m (a(1+m)+b(1+m)x^n)}{(1+m)(a+bx^n)}$	36
risc	$x e^m x^m e^{\frac{i \operatorname{csgn}(ix) \pi m (\operatorname{csgn}(ix) - \operatorname{csgn}(ix)) (-\operatorname{csgn}(ix) + \operatorname{csgn}(ix))}{2}}$	49

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(e*x)^m*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m)x^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = (ex)^m x$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(e*x)^m*x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m)x^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = x(ex)^m$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m)*x**n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `x*(e*x)**m`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m)x^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = e^m x x^m$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e^m*x*x^m`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m)x^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(b(m+1)x^n + a(m+1))(ex)^m}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*(m+1)*x^n + a*(m+1))*(e*x)^m/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m)x^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = x (ex)^m$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(a*(m+1) + b*x^n*(m+1)))/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `x*(e*x)^m`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m)x^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = x^m e^m x$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `x**m*e**m*x`

**3.401** 
$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(a(1+m)+b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2851
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2851
Rubi [A] (verified)	2852
Maple [A] (verified)	2853
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2853
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2853
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2854
Giac [F]	2854
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2854
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2855

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(a(1+m)+b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m}}{e(a+bx^n)}$$

output  $(e*x)^{(1+m)}/e/(a+b*x^n)$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.85

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(a(1+m)+b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m \left( (1+m-n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + n \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 2, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n} \right) \right)}{a(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-n)*x^n))/(a+b*x^n)^2,x]`



output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*((1 + m - n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + n*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(1 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.031$ , Rules used = {951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(m+1) + b(m-n+1)x^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$\downarrow$  951  
 $\frac{(ex)^{m+1}}{e(a + bx^n)}$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^m*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m - n)*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(e*x)^(1 + m)/(e*(a + b*x^n))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 951

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1), 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
parallelsch	$\frac{x(ex)^m}{a+bx^n}$	17
risch	$\frac{x e^{m \log(x)} e^{\frac{i \operatorname{csgn}(ix) \pi m (\operatorname{csgn}(ix) - \operatorname{csgn}(ix)) (-\operatorname{csgn}(ix) + \operatorname{csgn}(ix))}{2}}}{a+bx^n}$	58

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*(e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))}}{bx^n + a}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))/(b*x^n + a)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m}{a+bx^n}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-n)*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `x*(e*x)**m/(a + b*x**n)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{e^m x x^m}{bx^n + a}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e^m*x*x^m/(b*x^n + a)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(b(m-n+1)x^n + a(m+1))(ex)^m}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*(m - n + 1)*x^n + a*(m + 1))*(e*x)^m/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x (e x)^m}{a + b x^n}$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(a*(m + 1) + b*x^n*(m - n + 1)))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(x*(e*x)^m)/(a + b*x^n)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^m e^m x}{x^n b + a}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(x**m*e**m*x)/(x**n*b + a)`

**3.402** 
$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(a(1+m)+b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2856
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2856
Rubi [A] (verified)	2857
Maple [A] (verified)	2858
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2858
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2858
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2859
Giac [F]	2859
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2860
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2860

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(a(1+m)+b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m}}{e(a+bx^n)^2}$$

output  $(e*x)^{(1+m)}/e/(a+b*x^n)^2$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m(a(1+m)+b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m \left( (1+m-2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 2, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + 2n \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 3, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) \right)}{a^2(1+m)}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[\frac{(e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-2*n)*x^n)}{(a+b*x^n)^3},x]$

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*((1 + m - 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -
((b*x^n)/a)] + 2*n*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n
)/a)]))/(a^2*(1 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.031$ , Rules used = {951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(m+1) + b(m-2n+1)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 951

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1}}{e(a+bx^n)^2}$$

input

```
Int[((e*x)^m*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m - 2*n)*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(e*x)^(1 + m)/(e*(a + b*x^n)^2)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 951

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a*d*(
m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1), 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
parallelsch	$\frac{x(ex)^m}{(a+bx^n)^2}$	17
risch	$\frac{x e^m x^m e^{\frac{i \operatorname{csgn}(ie x) \pi m (\operatorname{csgn}(ie x) - \operatorname{csgn}(ix)) (-\operatorname{csgn}(ie x) + \operatorname{csgn}(ie))}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2}$	58

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-2*n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*(e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)^2`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{xe^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))}}{b^2 x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-2*n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m}{a^2 + 2abx^n + b^2 x^{2n}}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-2*n)*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `x*(e*x)**m/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**n + b**2*x**(2*n))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{e^m x x^m}{b^2 x^{2n} + 2 abx^n + a^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-2*n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e^m*x*x^m/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b(m-2n+1)x^n + a(m+1))(ex)^m}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-2*n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*(m - 2*n + 1)*x^n + a*(m + 1))*(e*x)^m/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m}{a^2 + b^2 x^{2n} + 2abx^n}$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(a*(m + 1) + b*x^n*(m - 2*n + 1)))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(x*(e*x)^m)/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a(1+m) + b(1+m-2n)x^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^m e^m x}{x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m-2*n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(x**m*e**m*x)/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2)`

### 3.403 $\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2861
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2861
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2862
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	2863
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2864
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2865
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2866
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2867
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2868
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2869

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{a^3 A (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)} + \frac{a^2 (3Ab + aB) x^n (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+n)} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB) x^{2n} (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+2n)} + \frac{b^2 (Ab + 3aB) x^{3n} (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+3n)} + \frac{b^3 B x^{4n} (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+4n)}$$

output

```
a^3*A*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m)+a^2*(3*A*b+B*a)*x^n*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m+n)+3*a*b*(A*b+B*a)*x^(2*n)*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m+2*n)+b^2*(A*b+3*B*a)*x^(3*n)*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m+3*n)+b^3*B*x^(4*n)*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m+4*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = x(cx)^m \left( \frac{a^3 A}{1+m} + \frac{a^2 (3Ab + aB) x^n}{1+m+n} + \frac{3ab(Ab + aB) x^{2n}}{1+m+2n} + \frac{b^2 (Ab + 3aB) x^{3n}}{1+m+3n} + \frac{b^3 B x^{4n}}{1+m+4n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output `x*(c*x)^m*((a^3*A)/(1 + m) + (a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(1 + m + n) + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^(2*n))/(1 + m + 2*n) + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(3*n))/(1 + m + 3*n) + (b^3*B*x^(4*n))/(1 + m + 4*n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

↓ 950

$$\int (a^3 A (cx)^m + a^2 x^n (cx)^m (aB + 3Ab) + b^2 x^{3n} (cx)^m (3aB + Ab) + 3abx^{2n} (cx)^m (aB + Ab) + b^3 Bx^{4n} (cx)^m) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^3 A (cx)^{m+1}}{c(m+1)} + \frac{a^2 x^{n+1} (cx)^m (aB + 3Ab)}{m+n+1} + \frac{b^2 x^{3n+1} (cx)^m (3aB + Ab)}{m+3n+1} + \frac{3abx^{2n+1} (cx)^m (aB + Ab)}{m+2n+1} + \frac{b^3 Bx^{4n+1} (cx)^m}{m+4n+1}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^3*(A + B*x^n), x]`

output `(a^2*(3*A*b + a*B)*x^(1 + n)*(c*x)^m)/(1 + m + n) + (3*a*b*(A*b + a*B)*x^(1 + 2*n)*(c*x)^m)/(1 + m + 2*n) + (b^2*(A*b + 3*a*B)*x^(1 + 3*n)*(c*x)^m)/(1 + m + 3*n) + (b^3*B*x^(1 + 4*n)*(c*x)^m)/(1 + m + 4*n) + (a^3*A*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(c*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1576, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.58

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1576
parallelsch	Expression too large to display	2207
orering	Expression too large to display	2976

input

```
int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x*(6*B*b^3*m^3*n*(x^n)^4+11*B*b^3*m^2*n^2*(x^n)^4+6*B*b^3*m*n^3*(x^n)^4+27
*A*a^2*b*x^n*n+(x^n)^4*b^3*B+(x^n)^3*b^3*A+18*B*b^3*m^2*n*(x^n)^4+22*B*b^3
*m*n^2*(x^n)^4+3*A*a*b^2*m^4*(x^n)^2+21*A*b^3*m^2*n*(x^n)^3+28*A*b^3*m*n^2
*(x^n)^3+72*B*a^2*b*m^2*n*(x^n)^2+114*B*a^2*b*m*n^2*(x^n)^2+63*B*a*b^2*m*n
*(x^n)^3+81*A*a^2*b*m^2*n*x^n+156*A*a^2*b*m*n^2*x^n+72*A*a*b^2*m*n*(x^n)^2
+72*B*a^2*b*m*n*(x^n)^2+81*A*a^2*b*m*n*x^n+A*a^3*m^4+7*A*b^3*m^3*n*(x^n)^3
+14*A*b^3*m^2*n^2*(x^n)^3+8*A*b^3*m*n^3*(x^n)^3+3*B*a*b^2*m^4*(x^n)^3+36*B
*a^2*b*m*n^3*(x^n)^2+63*B*a*b^2*m^2*n*(x^n)^3+84*B*a*b^2*m*n^2*(x^n)^3+27*
A*a^2*b*m^3*n*x^n+78*A*a^2*b*m^2*n^2*x^n+72*A*a^2*b*m*n^3*x^n+72*A*a*b^2*m
^2*n*(x^n)^2+114*A*a*b^2*m*n^2*(x^n)^2+21*B*a*b^2*m^3*n*(x^n)^3+42*B*a*b^2
*m^2*n^2*(x^n)^3+24*B*a*b^2*m*n^3*(x^n)^3+24*A*a*b^2*m^3*n*(x^n)^2+57*A*a*
b^2*m^2*n^2*(x^n)^2+24*A*a^3*n^4+4*A*a^3*m^3+50*A*a^3*n^3+6*A*a^3*m^2+4*a^
3*A*m+10*a^3*A*n+10*A*a^3*m^3*n+35*A*a^3*m^2*n^2+50*A*a^3*m*n^3+30*A*a^3*m
^2*n+70*A*a^3*m*n^2+30*A*a^3*m*n+35*A*a^3*n^2+a^3*A+x^n*B*a^3+36*A*a*b^2*m
*n^3*(x^n)^2+24*B*a^2*b*m^3*n*(x^n)^2+57*B*a^2*b*m^2*n^2*(x^n)^2+21*B*a*b^
2*(x^n)^3*n+18*A*a^2*b*m^2*x^n+78*A*a^2*b*n^2*x^n+12*A*a*b^2*(x^n)^2*m+24*
A*a*b^2*(x^n)^2*n+27*B*a^3*m*n*x^n+12*B*a^2*b*(x^n)^2*m+24*B*a^2*b*(x^n)^2
*n+12*A*a^2*b*x^n*m+21*A*b^3*m*n*(x^n)^3+9*B*a^3*m^3*n*x^n+26*B*a^3*m^2*n^
2*x^n+24*B*a^3*m*n^3*x^n+12*B*a^2*b*m^3*(x^n)^2+36*B*a^2*b*n^3*(x^n)^2+3*B
*a^2*b*m^4*(x^n)^2+12*B*a*b^2*m^3*(x^n)^3+24*B*a*b^2*n^3*(x^n)^3+18*B*b...
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1104 vs.  $2(149) = 298$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1104, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.41

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

((B*b^3*m^4 + 4*B*b^3*m^3 + 6*B*b^3*m^2 + 4*B*b^3*m + B*b^3 + 6*(B*b^3*m +
B*b^3)*n^3 + 11*(B*b^3*m^2 + 2*B*b^3*m + B*b^3)*n^2 + 6*(B*b^3*m^3 + 3*B*
b^3*m^2 + 3*B*b^3*m + B*b^3)*n)*x*x^(4*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + ((3*B*
a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m^4 + 3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3 + 4*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m^3 + 8*(3*
B*a*b^2 + A*b^3 + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m)*n^3 + 6*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m^2 +
14*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3 + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m)*n^2 + 2*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m
)*n^2 + 4*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m + 7*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3 + (3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^
3)*m^3 + 3*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m^2 + 3*(3*B*a*b^2 + A*b^3)*m)*n)*x*x^(3*n)
*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*((B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m^4 + B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2
+ 4*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m^3 + 12*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2 + (B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*
m)*n^3 + 6*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m^2 + 19*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2 + (B*a^2*b + A*
a*b^2)*m^2 + 2*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m)*n^2 + 4*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m + 8*(B
*a^2*b + A*a*b^2 + (B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m^3 + 3*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m^2 + 3
*(B*a^2*b + A*a*b^2)*m)*n)*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + ((B*a^3 + 3
*A*a^2*b)*m^4 + B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b + 4*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m^3 + 24*(B*a^3
+ 3*A*a^2*b + (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m)*n^3 + 6*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m^2 + 26*
(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b + (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m^2 + 2*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m)*n^
2 + 4*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m + 9*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b + (B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m
^3 + 3*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m^2 + 3*(B*a^3 + 3*A*a^2*b)*m)*n)*x*x^n*e^(m*lo
g(c) + m*log(x)) + (A*a^3*m^4 + 24*A*a^3*n^4 + 4*A*a^3*m^3 + 6*A*a^3*m^...

```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 16781 vs.  $2(134) = 268$ .

Time = 6.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16781, normalized size of antiderivative = 112.62

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**3*(A+B*x**n), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise(((A + B)*(a + b)**3*log(x)/c, Eq(m, -1) & Eq(n, 0)), ((A*a**3*log(x) + 3*A*a**2*b*x**n/n + 3*A*a*b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n) + A*b**3*x**(3*n)/(3*n) + B*a**3*x**n/n + 3*B*a**2*b*x**(2*n)/(2*n) + B*a*b**2*x**(3*n)/n + B*b**3*x**(4*n)/(4*n))/c, Eq(m, -1)), (A*a**3*Piecewise((0**(-4*n - 1)*x, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise((-1/(4*n*(c*x)**(4*n)), Ne(n, 0)), (log(c*x), True))/c, True)) + 3*A*a**2*b*Piecewise((-x*x**n*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**n*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + 3*A*a*b**2*Piecewise((-x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + A*b**3*Piecewise((-x*x**(3*n)*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**(3*n)*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + B*a**3*Piecewise((-x*x**n*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**n*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + 3*B*a**2*b*Piecewise((-x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + 3*B*a*b**2*Piecewise((-x*x**(3*n)*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**(3*n)*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + B*b**3*x*x**(4*n)*(c*x)**(-4*n - 1)*log(x), Eq(m, -4*n - 1)), (A*a**3*Piecewise((0**(-3*n - 1)*x, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise((-1/(3*n*(c*x)**(3*n)), Ne(n, 0)), (log(c*x), True))/c, True)) + 3*A*a**2*b*Piecewise((-x*x**n*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**n*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + 3*A*a*b**2*Piecewise((-x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + A*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*(c...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = & \frac{Bb^3 c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 4n \log(x))}}{m + 4n + 1} \\
 & + \frac{3Bab^2 c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 1} \\
 & + \frac{Ab^3 c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 1} \\
 & + \frac{3Ba^2 b c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1} \\
 & + \frac{3Aab^2 c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1} \\
 & + \frac{Ba^3 c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} \\
 & + \frac{3Aa^2 b c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1} Aa^3}{c(m+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*b^3*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 4*n*log(x))/(m + 4*n + 1) + 3*B*a*b^2*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 1) + A*b^3*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 1) + 3*B*a^2*b*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + 3*A*a*b^2*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + B*a^3*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + 3*A*a^2*b*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + (c*x)^(m + 1)*A*a^3/(c*(m + 1))`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7893 vs.  $2(149) = 298$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7893, normalized size of antiderivative = 52.97

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^3*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
(B*b^3*m^4*x*x^(4*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 6*B*b^3*m^3*n*x*x^(4*n)*e^(
m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 11*B*b^3*m^2*n^2*x*x^(4*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x))
+ 6*B*b^3*m*n^3*x*x^(4*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*B*a*b^2*m^4*x*x^(3*n
)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + A*b^3*m^4*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) +
B*b^3*m^4*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 21*B*a*b^2*m^3*n*x*x^(3*n)*e
^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 7*A*b^3*m^3*n*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) +
6*B*b^3*m^3*n*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 42*B*a*b^2*m^2*n^2*x*x^
(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 14*A*b^3*m^2*n^2*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m
*log(x)) + 11*B*b^3*m^2*n^2*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 24*B*a*b^2
*m*n^3*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 8*A*b^3*m*n^3*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*lo
g(c) + m*log(x)) + 6*B*b^3*m*n^3*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*B*a
^2*b*m^4*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*A*a*b^2*m^4*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*
log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*B*a*b^2*m^4*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + A*b
^3*m^4*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b^3*m^4*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c)
+ m*log(x)) + 24*B*a^2*b*m^3*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 24*A*a
*b^2*m^3*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 21*B*a*b^2*m^3*n*x*x^(2*n)*
e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 7*A*b^3*m^3*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x))
+ 6*B*b^3*m^3*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 57*B*a^2*b*m^2*n^2*x*x
^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 57*A*a*b^2*m^2*n^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c)
+ m*log(x)) + 42*B*a*b^2*m^2*n^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 14...
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^3 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aa^3 x (cx)^m}{m+1} + \frac{b^2 x x^{3n} (cx)^m (Ab + 3Ba) (m^3 + 7m^2 n + 3m^2 + 14mn^2 + 14mn + 3m + 8n^3 + 14n^2)}{m^4 + 10m^3 n + 4m^3 + 35m^2 n^2 + 30m^2 n + 6m^2 + 50mn^3 + 70mn^2 + 30mn + 4m + 24n^4 + 50} + \frac{a^2 x x^n (cx)^m (3Ab + Ba) (m^3 + 9m^2 n + 3m^2 + 26mn^2 + 18mn + 3m + 24n^3 + 26n^2)}{m^4 + 10m^3 n + 4m^3 + 35m^2 n^2 + 30m^2 n + 6m^2 + 50mn^3 + 70mn^2 + 30mn + 4m + 24n^4 + 50} + \frac{Bb^3 x x^{4n} (cx)^m (m^3 + 6m^2 n + 3m^2 + 11mn^2 + 12mn + 3m + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n)}{m^4 + 10m^3 n + 4m^3 + 35m^2 n^2 + 30m^2 n + 6m^2 + 50mn^3 + 70mn^2 + 30mn + 4m + 24n^4 + 50} + \frac{3abx x^{2n} (cx)^m (Ab + Ba) (m^3 + 8m^2 n + 3m^2 + 19mn^2 + 16mn + 3m + 12n^3 + 19n^2)}{m^4 + 10m^3 n + 4m^3 + 35m^2 n^2 + 30m^2 n + 6m^2 + 50mn^3 + 70mn^2 + 30mn + 4m + 24n^4 + 50}$$

input

```
int((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)
```



output

```
(x**m*c**m*x*(x**(4*n)*b**4*m**4 + 6*x**(4*n)*b**4*m**3*n + 4*x**(4*n)*b**
4*m**3 + 11*x**(4*n)*b**4*m**2*n**2 + 18*x**(4*n)*b**4*m**2*n + 6*x**(4*n)
*b**4*m**2 + 6*x**(4*n)*b**4*m*n**3 + 22*x**(4*n)*b**4*m*n**2 + 18*x**(4*n)
)*b**4*m*n + 4*x**(4*n)*b**4*m + 6*x**(4*n)*b**4*n**3 + 11*x**(4*n)*b**4*n
**2 + 6*x**(4*n)*b**4*n + x**(4*n)*b**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*m**4 + 28*x**(
3*n)*a*b**3*m**3*n + 16*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*m**3 + 56*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*m**2*n**
2 + 84*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*m**2*n + 24*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*m**2 + 32*x**(3*n)*a*b*
**3*m*n**3 + 112*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*m*n**2 + 84*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*m*n + 16*x**(3
*n)*a*b**3*m + 32*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**3 + 56*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*n**2 + 28*x**(
3*n)*a*b**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*m**4 + 48*x**(2*n)
)*a**2*b**2*m**3*n + 24*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*m**3 + 114*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*m
**2*n**2 + 144*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*m**2*n + 36*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*m**2 + 72
*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*m*n**3 + 228*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*m*n**2 + 144*x**(2*n)*
a**2*b**2*m*n + 24*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*m + 72*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**3 + 114
*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n**2 + 48*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n + 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2
+ 4*x**n*a**3*b*m**4 + 36*x**n*a**3*b*m**3*n + 16*x**n*a**3*b*m**3 + 104*x
**n*a**3*b*m**2*n**2 + 108*x**n*a**3*b*m**2*n + 24*x**n*a**3*b*m**2 + 96*x
**n*a**3*b*m*n**3 + 208*x**n*a**3*b*m*n**2 + 108*x**n*a**3*b*m*n + 16*x**n
*a**3*b*m + 96*x**n*a**3*b*n**3 + 104*x**n*a**3*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*a**3*b*n
+ 4*x**n*a**3*b + a**4*m**4 + 10*a**4*m**3*n + 4*a**4*m**3 + 35*a**4*m...
```

### 3.404 $\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2871
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{a^2 A (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^n (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+n)} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{2n} (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+2n)} + \frac{b^2 Bx^{3n} (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+3n)}$$

output

```
a^2*A*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m)+a*(2*A*b+B*a)*x^n*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m+n)+b*(A*b+2*B*a)*x^(2*n)*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m+2*n)+b^2*B*x^(3*n)*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m+3*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = x(cx)^m \left( \frac{a^2 A}{1+m} + \frac{a(2Ab + aB)x^n}{1+m+n} + \frac{b(Ab + 2aB)x^{2n}}{1+m+2n} + \frac{b^2 Bx^{3n}}{1+m+3n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

$$x*(c*x)^m*((a^2*A)/(1+m) + (a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(1+m+n) + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(2*n))/(1+m+2*n) + (b^2*B*x^(3*n))/(1+m+3*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 950$$

$$\int (a^2 A (cx)^m + bx^{2n} (cx)^m (2aB + Ab) + ax^n (cx)^m (aB + 2Ab) + b^2 Bx^{3n} (cx)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 A (cx)^{m+1}}{c(m+1)} + \frac{ax^{n+1} (cx)^m (aB + 2Ab)}{m+n+1} + \frac{bx^{2n+1} (cx)^m (2aB + Ab)}{m+2n+1} + \frac{b^2 Bx^{3n+1} (cx)^m}{m+3n+1}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^2*(A + B*x^n), x]$$

output

$$(a*(2*A*b + a*B)*x^(1+n)*(c*x)^m)/(1+m+n) + (b*(A*b + 2*a*B)*x^(1+2*n)*(c*x)^m)/(1+m+2*n) + (b^2*B*x^(1+3*n)*(c*x)^m)/(1+m+3*n) + (a^2*A*(c*x)^(1+m))/(c*(1+m))$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 699, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.30

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(3B^2 b^2 m^2 x^{3n} + 3A b^2 m^2 x^{2n} + 3m b^2 B x^{3n} + 3A b^2 x^{2n} m + B b^2 m^3 x^{3n} + A b^2 m^3 x^{2n} + a^2 A + 6Aab m^2 x^n + 10B a^2 m n x^n + 6Aa^2 m^2 n^2 x^n)}{...}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{8Bx x^{2n} (cx)^m abn + 3Bx x^{3n} (cx)^m b^2 m^2 n + 2Bx x^{3n} (cx)^m b^2 m n^2 + 4Ax x^{2n} (cx)^m b^2 m^2 n + 3Ax x^{2n} (cx)^m b^2 m n^2 + 6Bx x^{3n} (cx)^m b^2 m^2 n^2}{...}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x*(3*B*b^2*m^2*n*(x^n)^3+2*B*b^2*m*n^2*(x^n)^3+a^2*A+6*A*a*b*m^2*x^n+10*B*
a^2*m*n*x^n+6*B*a*b*(x^n)^2*m+6*A*a*b*x^n*m+16*B*a*b*m*n*(x^n)^2+20*A*a*b*
m*n*x^n+8*B*a*b*m^2*n*(x^n)^2+6*B*a*b*m*n^2*(x^n)^2+10*A*a*b*m^2*n*x^n+2*B
*a*b*(x^n)^2+2*a*b*A*x^n+2*B*(x^n)^3*b^2*n^2+3*A*(x^n)^2*b^2*n^2+3*B*(x^n)
^3*b^2*n+4*A*(x^n)^2*b^2*n+6*B*x^n*a^2*n^2+5*B*x^n*a^2*n+6*A*a^2*m^2*n+11*
A*a^2*m*n^2+12*A*a^2*m*n+a^2*B*x^n+6*A*a^2*n^3+11*A*a^2*n^2+6*A*a^2*n+b^2*
B*(x^n)^3+A*a^2*m^3+3*A*a^2*m^2+3*B*b^2*m^2*(x^n)^3+3*A*b^2*m^2*(x^n)^2+B*
a^2*m^3*x^n+3*m*b^2*B*(x^n)^3+3*A*b^2*(x^n)^2*m+3*B*a^2*x^n*m+B*b^2*m^3*(x
^n)^3+A*b^2*m^3*(x^n)^2+3*B*a^2*m^2*x^n+A*b^2*(x^n)^2+3*a^2*A*m+2*A*a*b*m^
3*x^n+8*A*b^2*m*n*(x^n)^2+5*B*a^2*m^2*n*x^n+6*B*a^2*m*n^2*x^n+6*B*a*b*m^2*
(x^n)^2+6*B*(x^n)^2*a*b*n^2+12*A*x^n*a*b*n^2+12*A*a*b*m*n^2*x^n+8*B*(x^n)^
2*a*b*n+10*A*x^n*a*b*n+4*A*b^2*m^2*n*(x^n)^2+3*A*b^2*m*n^2*(x^n)^2+2*B*a*b
*m^3*(x^n)^2+6*B*b^2*m*n*(x^n)^3)/(1+m)/(1+m+n)/(1+m+2*n)/(1+m+3*n)*c^m*x^
m*exp(1/2*I*Pi*csgn(I*c*x))*m*(csgn(I*c*x)-csgn(I*x))*(-csgn(I*c*x)+csgn(I*
c)))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 527 vs.  $2(111) = 222$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bb^2m^3 + 3Bb^2m^2 + 3Bb^2m + Bb^2 + 2(Bb^2m + Bb^2)n^2 + 3(Bb^2m^2 + 2Bb^2m + Bb^2)n)xx^{3n}e^{(m \log(c))}}{(1+m)(1+m+n)(1+m+2n)(1+m+3n)}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((B*b^2*m^3 + 3*B*b^2*m^2 + 3*B*b^2*m + B*b^2 + 2*(B*b^2*m + B*b^2)*n^2 +
3*(B*b^2*m^2 + 2*B*b^2*m + B*b^2)*n)*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + (
(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*m^3 + 2*B*a*b + A*b^2 + 3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*m^2 + 3*(2*B
*a*b + A*b^2 + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*m)*n^2 + 3*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*m + 4*(2*B*a
*b + A*b^2 + (2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*m^2 + 2*(2*B*a*b + A*b^2)*m)*n)*x*x^(2*n)*e
^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + ((B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*m^3 + B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b + 3*(B*a
^2 + 2*A*a*b)*m^2 + 6*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*m)*n^2 + 3*(B*a
^2 + 2*A*a*b)*m + 5*(B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b + (B*a^2 + 2*A*a*b)*m^2 + 2*(B*a^2 +
2*A*a*b)*m)*n)*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + (A*a^2*m^3 + 6*A*a^2*n^3 +
3*A*a^2*m^2 + 3*A*a^2*m + A*a^2 + 11*(A*a^2*m + A*a^2)*n^2 + 6*(A*a^2*m^2
+ 2*A*a^2*m + A*a^2)*n)*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)))/(m^4 + 6*(m + 1)*n^3 +
4*m^3 + 11*(m^2 + 2*m + 1)*n^2 + 6*m^2 + 6*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 3*m + 1)*n + 4*m
+ 1)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5882 vs.  $2(99) = 198$ .

Time = 3.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5882, normalized size of antiderivative = 52.99

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**2*(A+B*x**n), x)
```



output

```
Piecewise(((A + B)*(a + b)**2*log(x)/c, Eq(m, -1) & Eq(n, 0)), ((A*a**2*log(x) + 2*A*a*b*x**n/n + A*b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n) + B*a**2*x**n/n + B*a*b*x**(2*n)/n + B*b**2*x**(3*n)/(3*n))/c, Eq(m, -1)), (A*a**2*Piecewise((0**(-3*n - 1)*x, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise((-1/(3*n*(c*x)**(3*n)), Ne(n, 0)), (log(c*x), True))/c, True)) + 2*A*a*b*Piecewise((-x*x**n*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**n*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + A*b**2*Piecewise((-x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + B*a**2*Piecewise((-x*x**n*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**n*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + 2*B*a*b*Piecewise((-x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + B*b**2*x*x**(3*n)*(c*x)**(-3*n - 1)*log(x), Eq(m, -3*n - 1)), (A*a**2*Piecewise((0**(-2*n - 1)*x, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise((-1/(2*n*(c*x)**(2*n)), Ne(n, 0)), (log(c*x), True))/c, True)) + 2*A*a*b*Piecewise((-x*x**n*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**n*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + A*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x) + B*a**2*Piecewise((-x*x**n*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**n*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + 2*B*a*b*x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x) + B*b**2*Piecewise((x*x**(3*n)*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**(3*n)*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x), True)), Eq(m, -2*n - 1)), (A*a**2*Piecewise((0**(-n - 1)*x, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise((-1/(n*(c*x)**n), Ne(n, 0)), (log(c*x), True))/c, True)) + 2*A*a*b*x*...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Bb^2 c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 3n \log(x))}}{m + 3n + 1} + \frac{2Babc^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1} + \frac{Ab^2 c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1} + \frac{Ba^2 c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{2Aabc^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1} Aa^2}{c(m+1)}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
B*b^2*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 3*n*log(x))/(m + 3*n + 1) + 2*B*a*b*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + A*b^2*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + B*a^2*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + 2*A*a*b*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + (c*x)^(m + 1)*A*a^2/(c*(m + 1))
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2951 vs.  $2(111) = 222$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2951, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.59

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(B*b^2*m^3*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*B*b^2*m^2*n*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*b^2*m*n^2*x*x^(3*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*a*b*m^3*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + A*b^2*m^3*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b^2*m^3*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 8*B*a*b*m^2*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 4*A*b^2*m^2*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*B*b^2*m^2*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 6*B*a*b*m*n^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*A*b^2*m*n^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*b^2*m*n^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*a^2*m^3*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*A*a*b*m^3*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*a*b*m^3*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + A*b^2*m^3*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b^2*m^3*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 5*B*a^2*m^2*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 10*A*a*b*m^2*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 8*B*a*b*m^2*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 4*A*b^2*m^2*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*B*b^2*m^2*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 6*B*a^2*m*n^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 12*A*a*b*m*n^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 6*B*a*b*m*n^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*A*b^2*m*n^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*b^2*m*n^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + A*a^2*m^3*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*a^2*m^3*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*A*a*b*m^3*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*a*b*m^3*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + A*b^2*m^3*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b^2*m^3*x*e^(m*log...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{Aa^2 x (cx)^m}{m+1} + \frac{a x x^n (cx)^m (2Ab + Ba) (m^2 + 5mn + 2m + 6n^2 + 5n + 1)}{m^3 + 6m^2n + 3m^2 + 11mn^2 + 12mn + 3m + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1} + \frac{b x x^{2n} (cx)^m (Ab + 2Ba) (m^2 + 4mn + 2m + 3n^2 + 4n + 1)}{m^3 + 6m^2n + 3m^2 + 11mn^2 + 12mn + 3m + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1} + \frac{B b^2 x x^{3n} (cx)^m (m^2 + 3mn + 2m + 2n^2 + 3n + 1)}{m^3 + 6m^2n + 3m^2 + 11mn^2 + 12mn + 3m + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(A*a^2*x*(c*x)^m)/(m + 1) + (a*x*x^n*(c*x)^m*(2*A*b + B*a)*(2*m + 5*n + 5*m*n + m^2 + 6*n^2 + 1))/(3*m + 6*n + 12*m*n + 11*m*n^2 + 6*m^2*n + 3*m^2 + m^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n^3 + 1) + (b*x*x^(2*n)*(c*x)^m*(A*b + 2*B*a)*(2*m + 4*n + 4*m*n + m^2 + 3*n^2 + 1))/(3*m + 6*n + 12*m*n + 11*m*n^2 + 6*m^2*n + 3*m^2 + m^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n^3 + 1) + (B*b^2*x*x^(3*n)*(c*x)^m*(2*m + 3*n + 3*m*n + m^2 + 2*n^2 + 1))/(3*m + 6*n + 12*m*n + 11*m*n^2 + 6*m^2*n + 3*m^2 + m^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n^3 + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m c^m x (2x^{3n} b^3 n^2 + 3x^{3n} b^3 n + a^3 + 3x^{2n} a b^2 + 3x^n a^2 b + x^{3n} b^3 + 6a^3 n^3 + 11a^3 n^2 + 6a^3 n + 9x^{2n} a b^2 n^2 + \dots)}{m^3 + 6m^2n + 3m^2 + 11mn^2 + 12mn + 3m + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output

```
(x**m*c**m*x*(x**(3*n)*b**3*m**3 + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*m**2*n + 3*x**(3*n)*b**
3*m**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*b**3*m*n**2 + 6*x**(3*n)*b**3*m*n + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*m
+ 2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*
b**2*m**3 + 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*m**2*n + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*m**2 + 9*x**(2*n
)*a*b**2*m*n**2 + 24*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*m*n + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*m + 9*x**(2*n
)*a*b**2*n**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b*m
**3 + 15*x**n*a**2*b*m**2*n + 9*x**n*a**2*b*m**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*m*n**2 +
30*x**n*a**2*b*m*n + 9*x**n*a**2*b*m + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*a**2
*b*n + 3*x**n*a**2*b + a**3*m**3 + 6*a**3*m**2*n + 3*a**3*m**2 + 11*a**3*m
*n**2 + 12*a**3*m*n + 3*a**3*m + 6*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 + 6*a**3*n + a
**3))/(m**4 + 6*m**3*n + 4*m**3 + 11*m**2*n**2 + 18*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 6*m*
n**3 + 22*m*n**2 + 18*m*n + 4*m + 6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1)
```

### 3.405 $\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2880
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2880
Rubi [A] (verified)	2881
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2882
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2882
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2883
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2884
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2884
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2885
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2886

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{aA(cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^n(cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+n)} + \frac{bBx^{2n}(cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+2n)}$$

output

```
a*A*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m)+(A*b+B*a)*x^n*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m+n)+b*B*x^(2*n)*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m+2*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx = x(cx)^m \left( \frac{aA}{1+m} + \frac{(Ab + aB)x^n}{1+m+n} + \frac{bBx^{2n}}{1+m+2n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n), x]
```

output

```
x*(c*x)^m*((a*A)/(1 + m) + ((A*b + a*B)*x^n)/(1 + m + n) + (b*B*x^(2*n))/(1 + m + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {950, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 950$$

$$\int (x^n (cx)^m (aB + Ab) + aA(cx)^m + bBx^{2n} (cx)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{n+1} (cx)^m (aB + Ab)}{m + n + 1} + \frac{aA(cx)^{m+1}}{c(m + 1)} + \frac{bBx^{2n+1} (cx)^m}{m + 2n + 1}$$

input

```
Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
((A*b + a*B)*x^(1 + n)*(c*x)^m)/(1 + m + n) + (b*B*x^(1 + 2*n)*(c*x)^m)/(1 + m + 2*n) + (a*A*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(c*(1 + m))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 950

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(Bbm^2x^{2n} + Bbmnx^{2n} + Abm^2x^n + 2Abmnx^n + Bbm^2x^n + 2Bamn x^n + 2Bx^{2n}bm + bnBx^{2n} + Aam^2 + 3Aamn + 2Aan^2 + \dots)}{(m^2 + 2mn + 2m + 2n + 1)(1 + m + n)}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{Ax(cx)^m a m^2 + 2Ax(cx)^m a n^2 + Bx x^{2n} (cx)^m b + Ax x^n (cx)^m b + 2Ax(cx)^m am + 3Ax(cx)^m an + Bx x^n (cx)^m a + Bx x^{2n} (cx)^m}{(m^2 + 2mn + 2m + 2n + 1)(1 + m + n)}$
orering	$\frac{x(3m^2 + 6mn + 2n^2 + 3m + 3n + 1)(cx)^m (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{(m^2 + 2mn + 2m + 2n + 1)(1 + m + n)} - \frac{3x^2(m+n) \left( \frac{(cx)^m m (a + bx^n)(A + Bx^n)}{x} + \frac{(cx)^m b x^n n (A + Bx^n)}{x} \right)}{(m^2 + 2mn + 2m + 2n + 1)(1 + m + n)}$

```
input int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output x*(B*b*m^2*(x^n)^2+B*b*m*n*(x^n)^2+A*b*m^2*x^n+2*A*b*m*n*x^n+B*a*m^2*x^n+2
*B*a*m*n*x^n+2*B*(x^n)^2*b*m+B*(x^n)^2*b*n+A*a*m^2+3*A*a*m*n+2*A*a*n^2+2*A
*x^n*b*m+2*A*x^n*b*n+2*B*x^n*a*m+2*B*x^n*a*n+B*(x^n)^2*b+2*A*a*m+3*A*a*n+A
*x^n*b+B*x^n*a+A*a)/(1+m)/(1+m+n)/(1+m+2*n)*c^m*x^m*exp(1/2*I*Pi*csgn(I*c*
x)*m*(csgn(I*c*x)-csgn(I*x))*(-csgn(I*c*x)+csgn(I*c)))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{(Bbm^2 + 2Bbm + Bb + (Bbm + Bb)n)xx^{2n}e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + ((Ba + Ab)m^2 + Ba + Ab + 2(Ba + Ab)n + 2m^2 + 2m + 2n + 1)(cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n)}{m^3 + 2(m + 1)}$$

```
input integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((B*b*m^2 + 2*B*b*m + B*b + (B*b*m + B*b)*n)*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + ((B*a + A*b)*m^2 + B*a + A*b + 2*(B*a + A*b)*m + 2*(B*a + A*b + (B*a + A*b)*m)*n)*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + (A*a*m^2 + 2*A*a*n^2 + 2*A*a*m + A*a + 3*(A*a*m + A*a)*n)*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)))/(m^3 + 2*(m + 1)*n^2 + 3*m^2 + 3*(m^2 + 2*m + 1)*n + 3*m + 1)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1498 vs.  $2(61) = 122$ .

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1498, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.81

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)*(A+B*x**n),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise(((A + B)*(a + b)*log(x)/c, Eq(m, -1) & Eq(n, 0)), ((A*a*log(x) + A*b*x**n/n + B*a*x**n/n + B*b*x**(2*n)/(2*n))/c, Eq(m, -1)), (A*a*Piecewise((0**(-2*n - 1)*x, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise((-1/(2*n*(c*x)**(2*n)), Ne(n, 0)), (log(c*x), True))/c, True)) + A*b*Piecewise((-x*x**n*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**n*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + B*a*Piecewise((-x*x**n*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**n*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + B*b*x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x), Eq(m, -2*n - 1)), (A*a*Piecewise((0**(-n - 1)*x, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise((-1/(n*(c*x)**n), Ne(n, 0)), (log(c*x), True))/c, True)) + A*b*x*x**n*(c*x)**(-n - 1)*log(x) + B*a*x*x**n*(c*x)**(-n - 1)*log(x) + B*b*Piecewise((x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-n - 1)*log(x), True)), Eq(m, -n - 1)), (A*a*m**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 3*A*a*m*n*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*A*a*m*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 3*A*a*n*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + A*a*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + A*b*m**2*x*x**n*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*A*b*m*n*x*x...
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Bbc^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1} + \frac{Bac^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{Abc^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1} Aa}{c(m + 1)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*b*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + B*a*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + A*b*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + (c*x)^(m + 1)*A*a/(c*(m + 1))`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 763 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 763, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.60

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(B*b*m^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b*m*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c)
+ m*log(x)) + B*a*m^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + A*b*m^2*x*x^n*e^(m*
log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b*m^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*a*m*n*x*x
^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*A*b*m*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b
*m*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + A*a*m^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B
*a*m^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + A*b*m^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b
*m^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*A*a*m*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B
*a*m*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*A*b*m*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B
*b*m*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*A*a*n^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2
*B*b*m*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m
*log(x)) + 2*B*a*m*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*A*b*m*x*x^n*e^(m*log(
c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*b*m*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*a*n*x*x^n*e^(
m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*A*b*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b*n*x*x^n
*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*A*a*m*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*a*m*x*e
^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*A*b*m*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*b*m*x*e^(
m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*A*a*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*B*a*n*x*e^(m*
log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*A*b*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b*n*x*e^(m*log(
c) + m*log(x)) + B*b*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*a*x*x^n*e^(m*lo
g(c) + m*log(x)) + A*b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(
c) + m*log(x)) + A*a*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + B*a*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*...
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx = (cx)^m \left( \frac{Aax}{m+1} + \frac{xx^n (Ab + Ba) (m + 2n + 1)}{m^2 + 3mn + 2m + 2n^2 + 3n + 1} + \frac{Bbx^{2n} (m + n + 1)}{m^2 + 3mn + 2m + 2n^2 + 3n + 1} \right)$$

input

```
int((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n),x)
```

output

```
(c*x)^m*((A*a*x)/(m + 1) + (x*x^n*(A*b + B*a)*(m + 2*n + 1))/(2*m + 3*n +
3*m*n + m^2 + 2*n^2 + 1) + (B*b*x*x^(2*n)*(m + n + 1))/(2*m + 3*n + 3*m*n
+ m^2 + 2*n^2 + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n) (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m c^m x (x^{2n} b^2 m^2 + x^{2n} b^2 mn + 2x^{2n} b^2 m + x^{2n} b^2 n + x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n ab m^2 + 4x^n abmn + 4x^n abm + 4x^n abn)}{m^3 + 3m^2 n + 2m n^2 + 3m^2 + 6mn + 2n^2 + 3m + 3}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)*(A+B*x^n),x)`output `(x**m*c**m*x*(x**(2*n)*b**2*m**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*m*n + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*m + x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*m**2 + 4*x**n*a*b*m*n + 4*x**n*a*b*m + 4*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*m**2 + 3*a**2*m*n + 2*a**2*m + 2*a**2*n**2 + 3*a**2*n + a**2))/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1)`

### 3.406 $\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2887
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2887
Rubi [A] (verified)	2888
Maple [A] (verified)	2889
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2889
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2890
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2890
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2891
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2891
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2892

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{A(cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)} + \frac{Bx^n(cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+n)}$$

output

```
A*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m)+B*x^n*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx = x(cx)^m \left( \frac{A}{1+m} + \frac{Bx^n}{1+m+n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n),x]
```

output

```
x*(c*x)^m*(A/(1 + m) + (B*x^n)/(1 + m + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (A(cx)^m + Bx^n(cx)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{A(cx)^{m+1}}{c(m+1)} + \frac{Bx^{n+1}(cx)^m}{m+n+1}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output `(B*x^(1+n)*(c*x)^m)/(1+m+n) + (A*(c*x)^(1+m))/(c*(1+m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{Ax e^{m \ln(cx)}}{1+m} + \frac{Bx e^{n \ln(x)} e^{m \ln(cx)}}{1+m+n}$	38
parallelrisc	$\frac{Bx x^n (cx)^m m + Ax (cx)^m m + Ax (cx)^m n + Bx x^n (cx)^m + Ax (cx)^m}{(1+m)(1+m+n)}$	63
risc	$\frac{x(Bx^n m + Am + An + Bx^n + A)c^m x^m e^{\frac{i\pi \operatorname{csgn}(icx)m(\operatorname{csgn}(icx) - \operatorname{csgn}(ix))(-\operatorname{csgn}(icx) + \operatorname{csgn}(ic))}{2}}}{(1+m)(1+m+n)}$	79
orering	$\frac{x(2m+n+1)(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{(cx)^m m(A+Bx^n)}{x} + \frac{(cx)^m Bx^n n}{x}\right)}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1}$	87

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `A/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(c*x))+B/(1+m+n)*x*exp(n*ln(x))*exp(m*ln(c*x))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(Bm + B)xx^n e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + (Am + An + A)xe^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))}}{m^2 + (m + 1)n + 2m + 1}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((B*m + B)*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + (A*m + A*n + A)*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)))/(m^2 + (m + 1)*n + 2*m + 1)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. 2(31) = 62.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.97

$$\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(A+B)\log(x)}{c} & \text{for } m = -1 \\ \frac{A\log(x) + \frac{Bx^n}{n}}{c} & \text{for } m = -1 \\ A \begin{cases} \begin{cases} 0^{-n-1}x & \text{for } c = 0 \\ \begin{cases} -\frac{(cx)^{-n}}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ \log(cx) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{for } m = -n \\ \frac{Amx(cx)^m}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} + \frac{Anx(cx)^m}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} + \frac{Ax(cx)^m}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} + \frac{Bmxx^n(cx)^m}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} + \frac{Bxx^n(cx)^m}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise(((A + B)*log(x)/c, Eq(m, -1) & Eq(n, 0)), ((A*log(x) + B*x**n/n)/c, Eq(m, -1)), (A*Piecewise((0**(-n - 1)*x, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise((-1/(n*(c*x)**n), Ne(n, 0)), (log(c*x), True))/c, True)) + B*x*x**n*(c*x)**(-n - 1)*log(x), Eq(m, -n - 1)), (A*m*x*(c*x)**m/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1) + A*n*x*(c*x)**m/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1) + A*x*(c*x)**m/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1) + B*m*x*x**n*(c*x)**m/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1) + B*x*x**n*(c*x)**m/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Bc^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1} A}{c(m + 1)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $Bc^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x)) / (m + n + 1)} + (c x)^{m+1} A / (c (m + 1))$

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs.  $2(39) = 78$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Bm x^n e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + A m x e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + B m x e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + A n x e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + B x x^n e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))}}{m^2 + m n + 2 m + n + 1}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $(B m x^n e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + A m x e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + B m x e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + A n x e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + B x x^n e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + A x e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))} + B x e^{(m \log(c) + m \log(x))}) / (m^2 + m n + 2 m + n + 1)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx = (cx)^m \left( \frac{Ax}{m+1} + \frac{Bx^{n+1}}{m+n+1} \right)$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n),x)`

output  $(c x)^m ((A x) / (m + 1) + (B x^{n + 1}) / (m + n + 1))$



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{x^m c^m x (x^n b m + x^n b + a m + a n + a)}{m^2 + m n + 2m + n + 1}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n),x)`

output `(x**m*c**m*x*(x**n*b*m + x**n*b + a*m + a*n + a))/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1)`

### 3.407 $\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	2893
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2893
Rubi [A] (verified)	2894
Maple [F]	2895
Fricas [F]	2895
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2896
Maxima [F]	2897
Giac [F]	2897
Mupad [F(-1)]	2897
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2898

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{B(cx)^{1+m}}{bc(1+m)} + \frac{(Ab - aB)(cx)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{abc(1+m)}$$

output

$B*(c*x)^{(1+m)}/b/c/(1+m)+(A*b-B*a)*(c*x)^{(1+m)}*hypergeom([1, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b/c/(1+m)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x(cx)^m (aB + (Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{ab(1+m)}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[\frac{(c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n)}{a + b*x^n}, x]$

output  $(x*(c*x)^m*(a*B + (A*b - a*B)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(a*b*(1 + m))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {959, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(Ab - aB) \int \frac{(cx)^m}{bx^n + a} dx}{b} + \frac{B(cx)^{m+1}}{bc(m+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(cx)^{m+1} (Ab - aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{abc(m+1)} + \frac{B(cx)^{m+1}}{bc(m+1)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\frac{(c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n)}{a + b*x^n}, x]$

output  $(B*(c*x)^{(1 + m)})/(b*c*(1 + m)) + ((A*b - a*B)*(c*x)^{(1 + m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*b*c*(1 + m))$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{Aa^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - 1 - \frac{1}{n}} c^m m x^{m+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Aa^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - 1 - \frac{1}{n}} c^m m x^{m+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{m}{n} - 2 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} c^m m x^{m+n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{m}{n} - 2 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} c^m m x^{m+n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{m}{n} - 2 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} c^m m x^{m+n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n), x)`

output `A*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 1 - 1/n)*c**m*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + A*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 1 - 1/n)*c**m*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*c**m*m*x**(m + n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1 + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1 + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1 + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `B*c^m*x*x^m/(b*(m + 1)) - (B*a*c^m - A*b*c^m)*integrate(x^m/(b^2*x^n + a*b), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^m c^m x}{m + 1}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**m*c**m*x)/(m + 1)`

**3.408**       $\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2899
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2899
Rubi [A] (verified)	2900
Maple [F]	2901
Fricas [F]	2901
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2902
Maxima [F]	2903
Giac [F]	2903
Mupad [F(-1)]	2903
Reduce [F]	2904

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)(cx)^{1+m}}{abcn(a+bx^n)} + \frac{(aB(1+m)-Ab(1+m-n))(cx)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bc(1+m)n}$$

output

```
(A*b-B*a)*(c*x)^(1+m)/a/b/c/n/(a+b*x^n)+(a*B*(1+m)-A*b*(1+m-n))*(c*x)^(1+m)
)*hypergeom([1, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/c/(1+m)/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x(cx)^m(aB \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + (Ab-aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{a^2b(1+m)}$$



input `Integrate[((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x*(c*x)^m*(a*B*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + (A*b - a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(a^2*b*(1 + m))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{(aB(m+1) - Ab(m-n+1)) \int \frac{(cx)^m}{bx^n+a} dx}{abn} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{abcn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(cx)^{m+1}(aB(m+1) - Ab(m-n+1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bc(m+1)n} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{abcn(a + bx^n)}$$

input `Int[((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `((A*b - a*B)*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(a*b*c*n*(a + b*x^n)) + ((a*B*(1 + m) - A*b*(1 + m - n))*(c*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*b*c*(1 + m)*n)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2382, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.47

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
A*(-a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*c**m*m**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x
**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n +
1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n -
2 - 1/n)*c**m*m*n*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n +
1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n
+ 1 + 1/n)) + a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*c**m*m*n*x**(m + 1)*ga
mma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 +
1/n)) - 2*a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*c**m*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(
b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n
+ 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/
n - 2 - 1/n)*c**m*n*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n +
1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/
n + 1 + 1/n)) + a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*c**m*n*x**(m + 1)*gam
ma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1
/n)) - a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**
n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n + 1
+ 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) - a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 -
1/n)*b*c**m*m**2*x**n*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/
n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma
(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*b*c**m*m*n*x**n*x...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(B*a*c^m - A*b*c^m)*x*x^m/(a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n) - (A*b*c^m*(m - n + 1) - B*a*c^m*(m + 1))*integrate(x^m/(a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = c^m \left( \int \frac{x^m}{x^n b + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `c**m*int(x**m/(x**n*b + a),x)`

**3.409**       $\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2905
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2905
Rubi [A] (verified)	2906
Maple [F]	2907
Fricas [F]	2907
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2908
Maxima [F]	2909
Giac [F]	2909
Mupad [F(-1)]	2909
Reduce [F]	2910

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{(Ab-aB)(cx)^{1+m}}{2abcn(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{(aB(1+m)-Ab(1+m-2n))(cx)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bc(1+m)n}$$

output 1/2\*(A\*b-B\*a)\*(c\*x)^(1+m)/a/b/c/n/(a+b\*x^n)^2+1/2\*(a\*B\*(1+m)-A\*b\*(1+m-2\*n))\*  
(c\*x)^(1+m)\*hypergeom([2, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b\*x^n/a)/a^3/b/c/(1+m)/n

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x(cx)^m(aB \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + (Ab-aB) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{a^3b(1+m)}$$

input Integrate[((c\*x)^m\*(A + B\*x^n))/(a + b\*x^n)^3,x]

output

```
(x*(c*x)^m*(a*B*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a
)] + (A*b - a*B)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/
a)]))/(a^3*b*(1 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {957, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{957}$$

$$\frac{(aB(m+1) - Ab(m-2n+1)) \int \frac{(cx)^m}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx}{2abn} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{2abcn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{(cx)^{m+1}(aB(m+1) - Ab(m-2n+1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3bc(m+1)n} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{2abcn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input

```
Int[((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
((A*b - a*B)*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(2*a*b*c*n*(a + b*x^n)^2) + ((a*B*(1 + m) - A*
b*(1 + m - 2*n))*(c*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)
/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a^3*b*c*(1 + m)*n)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 957 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`



**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 112.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8303, normalized size of antiderivative = 74.13

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
A*(a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*c**m*m**3*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b
*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma
(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2
*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) - 3*a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*c**m
*m**2*n*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(
m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(m/n +
1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) - a**2*a**(m/n + 1/
n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*c**m*m**2*n*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**
4*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**
4*x**(2*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + 3*a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/
n)*c**m*m**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*g
amma(m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(
m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + 2*a**2*a**(m
/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*c**m*m*n**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_p
olar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(m/n + 1 +
1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(
m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + 3*a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*c**m*m*n**2*x**
(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x*
n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) - 6*a
**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*c**m*m*n*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((m^2 - m*(n - 2) - n + 1)*B*a*c^m - (m^2 - m*(3*n - 2) + 2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*A*b*c^m)*integrate(1/2*x^m/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^n + a^3*b*n^2), x) + 1/2*((B*a^2*c^m*(m - n + 1) - A*a*b*c^m*(m - 3*n + 1))*x*x^m - (A*b^2*c^m*(m - 2*n + 1) - B*a*b*c^m*(m + 1))*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x)))/(a^2*b^3*n^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b^2*n^2*x^n + a^4*b*n^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = c^m \left( \int \frac{x^m}{x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^nab + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `c**m*int(x**m/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.410 $\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2911
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2911
Rubi [A] (verified)	2912
Maple [F]	2913
Fricas [F(-2)]	2914
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2914
Maxima [F]	2915
Giac [F]	2915
Mupad [F(-1)]	2916
Reduce [F]	2916

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2B(cx)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{bc(2 + 2m + 5n)} + \frac{a\left(\frac{A}{1+m} - \frac{2aB}{b(2+2m+5n)}\right) (cx)^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2*B*(c*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b/c/(2+2*m+5*n)+a*(A/(1+m)-2*a*B/b/(2+2*m+5*n))*(c*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/c/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{ax(cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A(1 + m + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + B(1 + m)x^n)}{(1 + m)(1 + m + n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output `(a*x*(c*x)^m*sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A*(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*(1 + m)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, (1 + m + n)/n, (1 + m + 2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1 + m)*(1 + m + n)*sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 959 \\
 & \frac{2B(cx)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{bc(2m + 5n + 2)} - \frac{(2aB(m + 1) - Ab(2m + 5n + 2)) \int (cx)^m (bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx}{b(2m + 5n + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 889 \\
 & \frac{2B(cx)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{bc(2m + 5n + 2)} - \frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}(2aB(m + 1) - Ab(2m + 5n + 2)) \int (cx)^m \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{b(2m + 5n + 2)\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 888 \\
 & \frac{2B(cx)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{bc(2m + 5n + 2)} - \frac{a(cx)^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^n}(2aB(m + 1) - Ab(2m + 5n + 2)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{bc(m + 1)(2m + 5n + 2)\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output  $(2*B*(c*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(5/2)})/(b*c*(2+2*m+5*n)) - (a*(2*a*B*(1+m) - A*b*(2+2*m+5*n))*(c*x)^{(1+m)}*\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^n]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, (1+m)/n, (1+m+n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(b*c*(1+m)*(2+2*m+5*n)*\text{Sqrt}[1+(b*x^n)/a])$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888  $\text{Int}[(c*x)^m*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*((c*x)^{m+1}/(c*(m+1)))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 889  $\text{Int}[(c*x)^m*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*((a+b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1+b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(1+b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[(e*x)^m*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^n)^p*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{m+1}*((a+b*x^n)^{p+1}/(b*e*(m+n*(p+1)+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n*(p+1)+1, 0]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (A+Bx^n) dx$$

input  $\text{int}((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}*(A+B*x^n), x)$

output  $\text{int}((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}*(A+B*x^n), x)$

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{Aaa^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Aa^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} bc^m x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Baa^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}} bc^m x^{m+2n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)*(A+B*x**n), x)`

output

```
A*a**m*(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + 1/2 - 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*
hyper((-1/2, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*ga
mma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + A*a**(-m/n - 1/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*b*c**m*x*
*(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 +
1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n)) + B*a*a**(-m/n -
1/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hy
per((-1/2, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*
gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-m/n - 3/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 2 + 1/n)*b*c**m*x
**(m + 2*n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, m/n + 2 + 1/n), (m/n +
3 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 3 + 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(c*x)^m, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A)(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(cx)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((B*x^n + A)*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(c*x)^m, x)
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`output `int((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(A+B*x^n), x)`

output

```
(c**m*(8*x**(m + 2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*m**2*x + 16*x**(m + 2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*m*n*x + 16*x**(m + 2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*m*x + 6*x**(m + 2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2*x + 16*x**(m + 2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n*x + 8*x**(m + 2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*x + 16*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*m**2*x + 52*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*m*n*x + 32*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*m*x + 22*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2*x + 52*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n*x + 16*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*x + 8*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*m**2*x + 36*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*m*n*x + 16*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*m*x + 46*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2*x + 36*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n*x + 8*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*x + 120*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(8*x**n*b*m**3 + 36*x**n*b*m**2*n + 24*x**n*b*m**2 + 46*x**n*b*m*n**2 + 72*x**n*b*m*n + 24*x**n*b*m + 15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + 8*a*m**3 + 36*a*m**2*n + 24*a*m**2 + 46*a*m*n**2 + 72*a*m*n + 24*a*m + 15*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**3*m**3*n**3 + 540*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(8*x**n*b*m**3 + 36*x**n*b*m**2*n + 24*x**n*b*m**2 + 46*x**n*b*m*n**2 + 72*x**n*b*m*n + 24*x**n*b*m + 15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + 8*a*m**3 + 36*a*m**2*n + 24*a*m**2 + 46*a*m*n**2 + 72*a*m*n + 24*a*m + 15*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**3*m**2*n**4 + 360*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(8*x**n*b*m**3 + 36*x**n*b*m**2*n + 24*x**n*b*m**2 + 46...
```

### 3.411 $\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2918
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2918
Rubi [A] (verified)	2919
Maple [F]	2920
Fricas [F(-2)]	2921
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2921
Maxima [F]	2922
Giac [F]	2922
Mupad [F(-1)]	2922
Reduce [F]	2923

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{2B(cx)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{bc(2 + 2m + 3n)} + \frac{\left(\frac{A}{1+m} - \frac{2aB}{b(2+2m+3n)}\right) (cx)^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
2*B*(c*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/c/(2+2*m+3*n)+(A/(1+m)-2*a*B/b/(2+2*m+3*n))*(c*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/c/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \frac{x(cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A(1 + m + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + B(1 + m)x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{(1 + m)(1 + m + n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output  $(x*(c*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A*(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*(1 + m)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (1 + m + n)/n, (1 + m + 2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1 + m)*(1 + m + n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{2B(cx)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{bc(2m + 3n + 2)} - \frac{(2aB(m + 1) - Ab(2m + 3n + 2)) \int (cx)^m \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx}{b(2m + 3n + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{2B(cx)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{bc(2m + 3n + 2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (2aB(m + 1) - Ab(2m + 3n + 2)) \int (cx)^m \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} dx}{b(2m + 3n + 2) \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2B(cx)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{bc(2m + 3n + 2)} - \frac{(cx)^{m+1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (2aB(m + 1) - Ab(2m + 3n + 2)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{bc(m + 1)(2m + 3n + 2) \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(A + B*x^n),x]`

output  $(2*B*(c*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)})/(b*c*(2+2*m+3*n)) - ((2*a*B*(1+m) - A*b*(2+2*m+3*n))*(c*x)^{(1+m)}*Sqrt[a+b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (1+m)/n, (1+m+n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(b*c*(1+m)*(2+2*m+3*n)*Sqrt[1+(b*x^n)/a])$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * \{(c*x)^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1))\} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 889  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * \{(a+b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1+b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}\} \text{Int}[\{(c*x)^m * (1+b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{!(ILtQ}[p, 0] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[\{(e\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*e*(m+n*(p+1)+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n*(p+1) + 1, 0]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a+bx^n} (A+Bx^n) dx$$

input  $\text{int}((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}*(A+B*x^n), x)$

output  $\text{int}((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}*(A+B*x^n), x)$

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{Aa^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{Ba^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(A+B*x**n),x)`

output `A*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + 1/2 - 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-m/n - 1/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A) \sqrt{bx^n + a} (cx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(c*x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (Bx^n + A) \sqrt{bx^n + a} (cx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(A+B*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(c*x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} (A + Bx^n) dx = \int (cx)^m (A + Bx^n) \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`





**3.412**       $\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2924
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2924
Rubi [A] (verified)	2925
Maple [F]	2926
Fricas [F(-2)]	2927
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2927
Maxima [F]	2928
Giac [F]	2928
Mupad [F(-1)]	2928
Reduce [F]	2929

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2B(cx)^{1+m}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bc(2+2m+n)} + \frac{\left(\frac{A}{1+m} - \frac{2aB}{b(2+2m+n)}\right)(cx)^{1+m}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output 2\*B\*(c\*x)^(1+m)\*(a+b\*x^n)^(1/2)/b/c/(2+2\*m+n)+(A/(1+m)-2\*a\*B/b/(2+2\*m+n))\*  
(c\*x)^(1+m)\*(1+b\*x^n/a)^(1/2)\*hypergeom([1/2, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b\*x^n/a)/c/(a+b\*x^n)^(1/2)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x(cx)^m\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}(A(1+m+n)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + B(1+m)x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{(1+m)(1+m+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(x*(c*x)^m*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(A*(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*(1 + m)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m + n)/n, (1 + m + 2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1 + m)*(1 + m + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \left( A - \frac{2aB(m+1)}{b(2m+n+2)} \right) \int \frac{(cx)^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx + \frac{2B(cx)^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{bc(2m+n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left( A - \frac{2aB(m+1)}{b(2m+n+2)} \right) \int \frac{(cx)^m}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B(cx)^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{bc(2m+n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{(cx)^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left( A - \frac{2aB(m+1)}{b(2m+n+2)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{c(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2B(cx)^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{bc(2m+n+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output

```
(2*B*(c*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*c*(2 + 2*m + n)) + ((A - (2*a*B*(1 + m))/(b*(2 + 2*m + n)))*(c*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(c*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{A a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{B a^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `A*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 1/2 - 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-m/n - 3/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 + 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^m \left( 2x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a} x + 2 \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{2x^{n b m + x^n b n + 2x^n b + 2a m + a n + 2a}} dx \right) a m n + \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{2x^{n b m + x^n b n + 2x^n b + 2a m + a n + 2a}} dx \right) a n^2 \right)}{2m + n + 2}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(c**m*(2*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x + 2*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*m*n + int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*n**2 + 2*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*n))/(2*m + n + 2)`

### 3.413 $\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2930
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2930
Rubi [A] (verified)	2931
Maple [F]	2932
Fricas [F(-2)]	2933
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2933
Maxima [F]	2934
Giac [F]	2934
Mupad [F(-1)]	2934
Reduce [F]	2935

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2B(cx)^{1+m}}{bc(2+2m-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{(2aB(1+m) - Ab(2+2m-n))(cx)^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{abc(1+m)(2+2m-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*(c*x)^(1+m)/b/c/(2+2*m-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-(2*a*B*(1+m)-A*b*(2+2*m-n))*
(c*x)^(1+m)*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([3/2, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)
/a/b/c/(1+m)/(2+2*m-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x(cx)^m \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (A(1+m+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + E)}{a(1+m)(1+m+n)\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(c*x)^m*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(A*(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*(1 + m)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (1 + m + n)/n, (1 + m + 2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(1 + m)*(1 + m + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {957, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 957$$

$$\frac{(2aB(m+1) - Ab(2m - n + 2)) \int \frac{(cx)^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx}{abn} + \frac{2(cx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{abcn\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(2aB(m+1) - Ab(2m - n + 2)) \int \frac{(cx)^m}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2(cx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{abcn\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(cx)^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} (2aB(m+1) - Ab(2m - n + 2)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{abc(m+1)n\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2(cx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{abcn\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]
```



output  $(2*(A*b - a*B)*(c*x)^{(1+m)}/(a*b*c*n*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]) + ((2*a*B*(1+m) - A*b*(2 + 2*m - n))*(c*x)^{(1+m)*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1+m)/n, (1+m+n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*b*c*(1+m)*n*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * \{(c*x)^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1))\}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \parallel \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 889  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*\{(a + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}\} \text{Int}[\{(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{!(ILtQ}[p, 0] \parallel \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 957  $\text{Int}[\{(e\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*c - a*d)*\{(e*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(a*b*e*n*(p+1))\}\}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(a*b*n*(p+1)) \text{Int}[\{(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& ((\text{!IntegerQ}[p + 1/2] \&\& \text{NeQ}[p, -5/4]) \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[m] \parallel (\text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[p + 1/2, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, m, (-n)*(p+1)]))$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input  $\text{int}((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}, x)$

output  $\text{int}((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}, x)$

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `A*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3/2 - 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((3/2, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-m/n - 5/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hyper((3/2, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = c^m \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `c**m*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b + a),x)`

**3.414**  $\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2936
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2936
Rubi [A] (verified)	2937
Maple [F]	2938
Fricas [F(-2)]	2939
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2939
Maxima [F]	2940
Giac [F]	2940
Mupad [F(-1)]	2940
Reduce [F]	2941

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2B(cx)^{1+m}}{bc(2+2m-3n)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{(2aB(1+m) - Ab(2+2m-3n))(cx)^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bc(1+m)(2+2m-3n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*B*(c*x)^(1+m)/b/c/(2+2*m-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)-(2*a*B*(1+m)-A*b*(2+2*m-3*n))*(c*x)^(1+m)*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([5/2, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/c/(1+m)/(2+2*m-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m(A+Bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(cx)^m \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (A(1+m+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + E)}{a^2(1+m)(1+m+n)\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(x*(c*x)^m*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(A*(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + B*(1 + m)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (1 + m + n)/n, (1 + m + 2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*(1 + m)*(1 + m + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {957, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{957}$$

$$\frac{(2aB(m+1) - Ab(2m - 3n + 2)) \int \frac{(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3abn} + \frac{2(cx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{3abcn(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(2aB(m+1) - Ab(2m - 3n + 2)) \int \frac{(cx)^m}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{3a^2bn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2(cx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{3abcn(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{(cx)^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} (2aB(m+1) - Ab(2m - 3n + 2)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2bc(m+1)n\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2(cx)^{m+1}(Ab - aB)}{3abcn(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(A*b - a*B)*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(3*a*b*c*n*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) + ((2*a*B*(1 + m) - A*b*(2 + 2*m - 3*n))*(c*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(3*a^2*b*c*(1 + m)*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 957

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && (( !IntegerQ[p + 1/2] && NeQ[p, -5/4]) || !RationalQ[m] || (IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p + 1/2, 0] && LeQ[-1, m, (-n)*(p + 1)]))
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 46.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Aa^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{Ba^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{7}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(A+B*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `A*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 5/2 - 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((5/2, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + B*a**(-m/n - 7/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hyper((5/2, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(Bx^n + A)(cx)^m}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((B*x^n + A)*(c*x)^m/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((c*x)^m*(A + B*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^m (A + Bx^n)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = c^m \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(A+B*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `c**m*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.415 $\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2942
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2942
Rubi [A] (verified)	2943
Maple [F]	2944
Fricas [F]	2944
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2945
Maxima [F]	2945
Giac [F]	2946
Mupad [F(-1)]	2946
Reduce [F]	2946

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx^3(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b(3 + n + np)} + \frac{1}{3} \left( c - \frac{3ad}{b(3 + n + np)} \right) x^3(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{3 + n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)$$

output

```
d*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/(n*p+n+3)+1/3*(c-3*a*d/b/(n*p+n+3))*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 3/n],[(3+n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x^3(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} (c(3 + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + 3dx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right))}{3(3 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^3(a + bx^n))^p (c(3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{3 + n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right] + 3d x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3 + n}{n}, -p, 2 + \frac{3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right])}{3(3 + n)(1 + (bx^n)/a)^p}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(c - \frac{3ad}{b(np + n + 3)}\right) \int x^2(bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{dx^3(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np + n + 3)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{3ad}{b(np + n + 3)}\right) \int x^2 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{dx^3(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np + n + 3)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{3ad}{b(np + n + 3)}\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{n + 3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + \frac{dx^3(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np + n + 3)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(d*x^3*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)})/(b*(3 + n + n*p)) + ((c - (3*a*d)/(b*(3 + n + n*p))) * x^3*(a + b*x^n)^p * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{3 + n}{n}, -\frac{(b*x^n)}{a}\right])}{3*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p(c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p(c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^2*x^n + c*x^2)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{a^{\frac{3}{n}} a^{p-\frac{3}{n}} c x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{n}, -p \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{1+\frac{3}{n}} a^{p-1-\frac{3}{n}} dx^{n+3} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{3}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(3/n)*a**(p - 3/n)*c*x**3*gamma(3/n)*hyper((3/n, -p), (1 + 3/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + a**(1 + 3/n)*a**(p - 1 - 3/n)*d*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p(c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p(c + dx^n) dx = \int x^2(a + bx^n)^p(c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p(c + dx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```

(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p*x**3 + 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*x**3 + (x*
*n*b + a)**p*a*d*n*p*x**3 + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p*x**3 + (x**n*b + a)**p
*b*c*n*x**3 + 3*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*x**3 - 3*int((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x
**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a
n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**3 - 3*int
((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p +
3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x
)*a**2*d*n**3*p**2 - 18*int((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**
n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p
+ 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p**2 - 9*int((x**n*b + a)**p*x**
2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*
b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p - 27*
int((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*
p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a
),x)*a**2*d*n*p + int((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n*
*2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a
*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**4 + 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**
n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n
**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**3 + int((x*
*n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3...

```



### 3.416 $\int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2948
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2948
Rubi [A] (verified)	2949
Maple [F]	2950
Fricas [F]	2950
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2951
Maxima [F]	2951
Giac [F]	2952
Mupad [F(-1)]	2952
Reduce [F]	2952

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx^2(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b(2 + n + np)} + \frac{1}{2} \left( c - \frac{2ad}{b(2 + n + np)} \right) x^2(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{2 + n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)$$

output

```
d*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/(n*p+n+2)+1/2*(c-2*a*d/b/(n*p+n+2))*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 2/n],[(2+n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x^2(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} (c(2 + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + 2dx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right))}{2(2 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^2(a + bx^n))^p (c(2+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[2/n, -p, (2+n)/n, -(bx^n)/a] + 2dx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[(2+n)/n, -p, 2(1+n^{-1}), -(bx^n)/a])}{2(2+n)(1+(bx^n)/a)^p}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 959 \\ & \left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(np+n+2)}\right) \int x(bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{dx^2(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np+n+2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 889 \\ & (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(np+n+2)}\right) \int x \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{dx^2(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np+n+2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 888 \\ & \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(np+n+2)}\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + \frac{dx^2(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np+n+2)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(d*x^2*(a + b*x^n)^{(1+p)})}{(b*(2+n+n*p))} + \frac{((c - (2*a*d))/(b*(2+n+n*p))) * x^2*(a + b*x^n)^p * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[2/n, -p, (2+n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a]}{2*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x*x^n + c*x)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{a^{\frac{2}{n}} a^{p-\frac{2}{n}} c x^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{1+\frac{2}{n}} a^{p-1-\frac{2}{n}} dx^{n+2} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `a**(2/n)*a**(p - 2/n)*c*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((2/n, -p), (1 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + a**(1 + 2/n)*a**(p - 1 - 2/n)*d*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```

(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p*x**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*x**2 + (x*
*n*b + a)**p*a*d*n*p*x**2 + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p*x**2 + (x**n*b + a)**p
*b*c*n*x**2 + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*x**2 - 2*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n
*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n*
*2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**3 - 2*int(((
x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**
n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2
*d*n**3*p**2 - 8*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p
+ 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p
+ 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p**2 - 4*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n*
*2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p*
*2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p - 8*int(((x**n*b +
a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n +
4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d*n*p +
int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p
+ 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),
x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**4 + 2*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*
n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4
*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**3 + int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b
*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n...

```

### 3.417 $\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2954
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2954
Rubi [A] (verified)	2955
Maple [F]	2956
Fricas [F]	2956
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2957
Maxima [F]	2957
Giac [F(-2)]	2958
Mupad [F(-1)]	2958
Reduce [F]	2958

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b(1 + n + np)} + \left( c - \frac{ad}{b + bn + bnp} \right) x(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)$$

output `d*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/(n*p+n+1)+(c-a*d/(b*n*p+b*n+b))*x*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \left( d(a + bx^n) \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^p + (-ad + bc(1 + n + np)) \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{b(1 + n + np)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d*(a + b*x^n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p + (-a*d) + b*c*(1 + n + n*p))*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(b*(1 + n + n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 913$$

$$\left(c - \frac{ad}{bnp + bn + b}\right) \int (bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np + n + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad}{bnp + bn + b}\right) \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np + n + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$x(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad}{bnp + bn + b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np + n + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + n + n*p)) + ((c - (a*d)/(b + b*n + b*n*p)))*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-\frac{1}{n}} cx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{1+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(p - 1/n)*c*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/n, -p), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(1 + 1/n)*a**(p - 1 - 1/n)*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,2,1,0,1]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,2,2,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```

(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p*x + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*x + (x**n*b + a)
)**p*a*d*n*p*x + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p*x + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*x + (x*
*n*b + a)**p*b*c*x - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p
+ 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a
*n + a),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**3 - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n
*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*
a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**2 - 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*
p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*
n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p**2 - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**
n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*
p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p - int((x**n*b + a)**
p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a
*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*n*p + int((x**n*b + a)
)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b
+ a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**4 + 2*int((
x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n
+ x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**3
+ int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p +
x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a*b*c*n
**4*p**2 + 3*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*...

```

**3.418**       $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2960
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2960
Rubi [A] (verified)	2961
Maple [F]	2962
Fricas [F]	2962
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2963
Maxima [F]	2963
Giac [F]	2964
Mupad [F(-1)]	2964
Reduce [F]	2964

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{d(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{bn(1 + p)} - \frac{c(a + bx^n)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{an(1 + p)}$$

output `d*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n/(p+1)-c*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^n/a)/a/n/(p+1)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (ad - bc \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{abn(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x,x]`

output  $((a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)}*(a*d - b*c*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^n)/a]))/(a*b*n*(1 + p))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 948 \\ & \frac{\int x^{-n}(bx^n + a)^p(dx^n + c) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & \frac{c \int x^{-n}(bx^n + a)^p dx^n + \frac{d(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(p+1)}}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 75 \\ & \frac{\frac{d(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(p+1)} - \frac{c(a+bx^n)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)}{a(p+1)}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)/x, x]$

output  $((d*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)})/(b*(1 + p)) - (c*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*x^n)/a]))/(a*(1 + p)))/n$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x, x)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^p c x^{np} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \mid \frac{ax^{-n} e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{n \Gamma(1-p)}$$

$$- d \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \begin{array}{l} -(a+b)^p \log(x) \\ a^p x^n \\ \frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{p+1} \\ \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{b} \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } n = 0 \\ \text{for } b = 0 \\ \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{b} \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)/x,x)`

output `-b**p*c*x**(n*p)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**n))/(n*gamma(1 - p)) - d*Piecewise((- (a + b)**p*log(x), Eq(n, 0)), (-Piecewise((a**p*x**n, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**n)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**n), True))/b, True))/n, True))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x, x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^n (x^n b + a)^p b d p + (x^n b + a)^p a d p + (x^n b + a)^p b c p + (x^n b + a)^p b c + \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) a b c n p^2 + \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) a b c n p^2}{b n p (p + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x,x)`

output `(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*p + (x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*p + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*p + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*a*b*c*n*p**2 + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*a*b*c*n*p)/(b*n*p*(p + 1))`

**3.419**       $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2965
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2965
Rubi [A] (verified)	2966
Maple [F]	2967
Fricas [F]	2968
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2968
Maxima [F]	2969
Giac [F]	2969
Mupad [F(-1)]	2969
Reduce [F]	2970

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b(1 - n - np)x} \left( c - \frac{ad}{b(1-n-np)} \right) (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{n}, -p, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)$$


---

$x$

output

```
-d*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/(-n*p-n+1)/x-(c-a*d/b/(-n*p-n+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeometric2F1(-1/n,-p,-(1-n)/n,-b*x^n/a)/x/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} ((c - cn) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{n}, -p, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + dx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{n}, -p, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right))}{(-1 + n)x}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^2,x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*((c - c*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-n^(-1), -p, (-1 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(-1 + n)/n, -p, 2 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])))/((-1 + n)*x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(c - \frac{ad}{b(n(-p) - n + 1)}\right) \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{x^2} dx - \frac{d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bx(n(-p) - n + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad}{b(n(-p) - n + 1)}\right) \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{x^2} dx - \frac{d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bx(n(-p) - n + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad}{b(n(-p) - n + 1)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, -p, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - \frac{d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bx(n(-p) - n + 1)}}{bx(n(-p) - n + 1)}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^2,x]`

output

```

-((d*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 - n - n*p)*x) - ((c - (a*d)/(b*(1 - n - n
*p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-n^(-1), -p, -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)
/a)])/(x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```

Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

```

rule 889

```

Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

```

rule 959

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^2, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^2} dx = \frac{a^{1-\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-1+\frac{1}{n}} dx^{n-1} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 1 - \frac{1}{n} \\ 2 - \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 - \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{p+\frac{1}{n}} c \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{n}, -p \\ 1 - \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)/x**2,x)`

output `a**(1 - 1/n)*a**(p - 1 + 1/n)*d*x**(n - 1)*gamma(1 - 1/n)*hyper((-p, 1 - 1/n), (2 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 1/n)) + a**(p + 1/n)*c*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((-1/n, -p), (1 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^2,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^2, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^2,x)`

output

```
(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d + (x**n*b + a)**p
*a*d*n*p + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n - (x**n*b + a)*
*p*b*c + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 -
2*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + a*n**2*p**2*x**2 + a*n*
*2*p*x**2 - 2*a*n*p*x**2 - a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**3*x + int(
(x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*n*p
*x**2 - x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + a*n**2*p**2*x**2 + a*n**2*p*x**2 - 2
*a*n*p*x**2 - a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**2*x - 2*int((x**n*b + a
)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - x**
n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + a*n**2*p**2*x**2 + a*n**2*p*x**2 - 2*a*n*p*x**2
- a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p**2*x - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*
n**2*p**2*x**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - x**n*b*n*x**2 +
x**n*b*x**2 + a*n**2*p**2*x**2 + a*n**2*p*x**2 - 2*a*n*p*x**2 - a*n*x**2 +
a*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p*x + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 +
x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + a
n**2*p**2*x**2 + a*n**2*p*x**2 - 2*a*n*p*x**2 - a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2
*d*n*p*x + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2
- 2*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + a*n**2*p**2*x**2 + a
n**2*p*x**2 - 2*a*n*p*x**2 - a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**4*x + 2*i
nt((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 2*x**n...
```

**3.420**       $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2971
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2971
Rubi [A] (verified)	2972
Maple [F]	2973
Fricas [F]	2974
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2974
Maxima [F]	2975
Giac [F]	2975
Mupad [F(-1)]	2975
Reduce [F]	2976

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b(2 - n - np)x^2}$$

$$-\frac{\left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(2-n-np)}\right) (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, -p, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2}$$

output

```
-d*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/(-n*p-n+2)/x^2-1/2*(c-2*a*d/b/(-n*p-n+2))*(a+b*x^n)^p
*hypergeom([-p, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/x^2/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (-c(-2 + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2dx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{2(-2 + n)x^2}$$



input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*(-(c*(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/n, -p, (-2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]) + 2*d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(-2 + n)/n, -p, 2 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])))/(2*(-2 + n)*x^2*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(n(-p) - n + 2)}\right) \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{x^3} dx - \frac{d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bx^2(n(-p) - n + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(n(-p) - n + 2)}\right) \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{x^3} dx - \frac{d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bx^2(n(-p) - n + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(n(-p) - n + 2)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, -p, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - \frac{2x^2 d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bx^2(n(-p) - n + 2)}}{bx^2(n(-p) - n + 2)}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^3,x]`

output

```

-((d*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*(2 - n - n*p)*x^2)) - ((c - (2*a*d)/(b*(2 - n
- n*p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/n, -p, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n
/a))]/(2*x^2*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```

Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

```

rule 889

```

Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

```

rule 959

```

Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^3} dx = \frac{a^{1-\frac{2}{n}} a^{p-1+\frac{2}{n}} dx^{n-2} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 1 - \frac{2}{n} \\ 2 - \frac{2}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 - \frac{2}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{p+\frac{2}{n}} c \Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{2}{n}, -p \\ 1 - \frac{2}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2 \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)/x**3,x)`

output `a**(1 - 2/n)*a**(p - 1 + 2/n)*d*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)*hyper((-p, 1 - 2/n), (2 - 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 2/n)) + a**(p + 2/n)*c*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((-2/n, -p), (1 - 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^3,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^3, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{x^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/x^3,x)`

output

```
(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d + (x**n*b + a)*
*p*a*d*n*p + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n - 2*(x**n*b +
a)**p*b*c + 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*
x**3 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x
**3 + a*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*d*n**3
*p**3*x**2 + 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*
x**3 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x
**3 + a*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*d*n**3
*p**2*x**2 - 8*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*
x**3 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x
**3 + a*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*d*n**2
*p**2*x**2 - 4*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*
x**3 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x
**3 + a*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*d*n**2
*p*x**2 + 8*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**
3 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x**3
+ a*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*d*n*p*x**
2 + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*x*
n*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x**3 + a*n**
2*p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**4*x**...
```

### 3.421 $\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2977
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2977
Rubi [A] (verified)	2978
Maple [F]	2979
Fricas [F]	2980
Sympy [F(-1)]	2980
Maxima [F]	2980
Giac [F(-2)]	2981
Mupad [F(-1)]	2981
Reduce [F]	2981

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{2d(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{be(5 + 2n + 2np)} + \frac{2\left(c - \frac{5ad}{b(5+2n(1+p))}\right) (ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2n}, -p, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5e}$$

output

```
2*d*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/e/(2*n*p+2*n+5)+2/5*(c-5*a*d/b/(5+2*n*(p+1)))*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 5/2/n], [1+5/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{2x(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (5dx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -p, 2 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + c(5 - 2n))}{5(5 + 2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

$$(2*x*(e*x)^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(5*d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + 5/(2*n), -p, 2 + 5/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]) + c*(5 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[5/(2*n), -p, 1 + 5/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(5*(5 + 2*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{2d(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(2np + 2n + 5)} - \frac{(5ad - bc(2n(p + 1) + 5)) \int (ex)^{3/2} (bx^n + a)^p dx}{b(2np + 2n + 5)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{2d(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(2np + 2n + 5)} - \frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (5ad - bc(2n(p + 1) + 5)) \int (ex)^{3/2} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx}{b(2np + 2n + 5)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2d(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(2np + 2n + 5)} - \frac{2(ex)^{5/2} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (5ad - bc(2n(p + 1) + 5)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2n}, -p, 1 + \frac{5}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5be(2np + 2n + 5)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(e*x)^{(3/2)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x]$$

output

```
(2*d*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*e*(5 + 2*n + 2*n*p)) - (2*(5*a*d - b*c*(5 + 2*n*(1 + p)))*(e*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[5/(2*n), -p, 1 + 5/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(5*b*e*(5 + 2*n + 2*n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)
```



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*e*x*x^n + c*e*x)*sqrt(e*x)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(3/2)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-2, [0,0,0,7,2,1,2,2]%%}+%%{-4, [0,0,0,7,2,1,1,2]%%}+%%{-2, [0,0,0`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(e)*e*(2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p*x**2 + 5*x**((2*n
+ 1)/2)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*x**2 + 2*sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*n*p*x**2
+ 2*sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p*x**2 + 2*sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*
n*x**2 + 5*sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*x**2 - 20*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)
**p*x)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 20*x**n*b*n*p + 10*x**n*b*n
+ 25*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2*p**2 + 4*a*n**2*p + 20*a*n*p + 10*a*n + 25*a),x)*a
**2*d*n**3*p**3 - 20*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 +
4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 20*x**n*b*n*p + 10*x**n*b*n + 25*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2*p**2
+ 4*a*n**2*p + 20*a*n*p + 10*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**2 - 100*int((s
qrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 20*x**n*
b*n*p + 10*x**n*b*n + 25*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2*p**2 + 4*a*n**2*p + 20*a*n*p +
10*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p**2 - 50*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(4
*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 20*x**n*b*n*p + 10*x**n*b*n + 25*x**
n*b + 4*a*n**2*p**2 + 4*a*n**2*p + 20*a*n*p + 10*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**2*d*n**
2*p - 125*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n
**2*p + 20*x**n*b*n*p + 10*x**n*b*n + 25*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2*p**2 + 4*a*n**2
*p + 20*a*n*p + 10*a*n + 25*a),x)*a**2*d*n*p + 8*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)
**p*x)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 20*x**n*b*n*p + 10*x**n*b*n
+ 25*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2*p**2 + 4*a*n**2*p + 20*a*n*p + 10*a*n + 25*a),x)*a
*b*c*n**4*p**4 + 16*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2...

```

### 3.422 $\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2983
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2983
Rubi [A] (verified)	2984
Maple [F]	2985
Fricas [F]	2986
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2986
Maxima [F]	2987
Giac [F(-2)]	2987
Mupad [F(-1)]	2987
Reduce [F]	2988

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{2d(ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{be(3 + 2n + 2np)} + \frac{2\left(c - \frac{3ad}{b(3+2n(1+p))}\right) (ex)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2n}, -p, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e}$$

output

```
2*d*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/e/(2*n*p+2*n+3)+2/3*(c-3*a*d/b/(3+2*n*(p+1)))*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 3/2/n], [1+3/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (3dx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -p, 2 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + c(3 + 2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2n}, -p, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{3(3 + 2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*x*Sqrt[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^p*(3*d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + 3/(2*n), -p, 2 + 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]) + c*(3 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/(2*n), -p, 1 + 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(3*(3 + 2*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{ex}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 959 \\
 & \frac{2d(ex)^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(2np + 2n + 3)} - \frac{(3ad - bc(2n(p + 1) + 3)) \int \sqrt{ex}(bx^n + a)^p dx}{b(2np + 2n + 3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 889 \\
 & \frac{2d(ex)^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(2np + 2n + 3)} - \frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (3ad - bc(2n(p + 1) + 3)) \int \sqrt{ex} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx}{b(2np + 2n + 3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 888 \\
 & \frac{2d(ex)^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(2np + 2n + 3)} - \frac{2(ex)^{3/2}(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (3ad - bc(2n(p + 1) + 3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2n}, -p, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3be(2np + 2n + 3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(2*d*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*e*(3 + 2*n + 2*n*p)) - (2*(3*a*d - b*c*(3 + 2*n*(1 + p)))*(e*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3/(2*n), -p, 1 + 3/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*b*e*(3 + 2*n + 2*n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{ex} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)\sqrt{ex}(bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*sqrt(e*x)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx \\ &= \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2n}} a^{p-\frac{3}{2n}} c \sqrt{ex}^{\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2n}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{a^{1+\frac{3}{2n}} a^{p-1-\frac{3}{2n}} d \sqrt{ex}^{n+\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{3}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{2n}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(1/2)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(3/(2*n))*a**(p - 3/(2*n))*c*sqrt(e)*x**(3/2)*gamma(3/(2*n))*hyper((3/(2*n), -p), (1 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))) + a**(1 + 3/(2*n))*a**(p - 1 - 3/(2*n))*d*sqrt(e)*x**(n + 3/2)*gamma(1 + 3/(2*n))*hyper((-p, 1 + 3/(2*n)), (2 + 3/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/(2*n)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)\sqrt{ex}(bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*sqrt(e*x)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-2, [0,0,0,5,2,1,2,2]}+%%{-4, [0,0,0,5,2,1,1,2]}+%%{-2, [0,0,0`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(e)*(2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p*x + 3*x**((2*n + 1)
/2)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*x + 2*sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*n*p*x + 2*sqrt(x)
)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p*x + 2*sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*x + 3*sqrt(x)
)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*x - 12*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*
p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 12*x**n*b*n*p + 6*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2*
p**2 + 4*a*n**2*p + 12*a*n*p + 6*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**3 - 12*int((
sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 12*x**n*b
*n*p + 6*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2*p**2 + 4*a*n**2*p + 12*a*n*p + 6*a
*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**2 - 36*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b
*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 12*x**n*b*n*p + 6*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 4*a
n**2*p**2 + 4*a*n**2*p + 12*a*n*p + 6*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p**2 - 18
*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 12*
x**n*b*n*p + 6*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2*p**2 + 4*a*n**2*p + 12*a*n*p
+ 6*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p - 27*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**
n*b*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 12*x**n*b*n*p + 6*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b +
4*a*n**2*p**2 + 4*a*n**2*p + 12*a*n*p + 6*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*d*n*p + 8*int
((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 12*x**n
*b*n*p + 6*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2*p**2 + 4*a*n**2*p + 12*a*n*p + 6
*a*n + 9*a),x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**4 + 16*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*
b*n**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p + 12*x**n*b*n*p + 6*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + ...
```

**3.423**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$

Optimal result	2989
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2989
Rubi [A] (verified)	2990
Maple [F]	2991
Fricas [F]	2991
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2992
Maxima [F]	2992
Giac [F(-2)]	2993
Mupad [F(-1)]	2993
Reduce [F]	2993

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{2d\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{be(1 + 2n + 2np)} - \frac{2(ad - b(c + 2cn(1 + p)))\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2n}, -p, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{be(1 + 2n(1 + p))}$$

output `2*d*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/e/(2*n*p+2*n+1)-2*(a*d-b*(c+2*c*n*(p+1)))*(e*x)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/2/n],[1+1/2/n],-b*x^n/a)/b/e/(1+2*n*(p+1))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(dx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}, -p, 2 + \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + c(1 + 2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2n}, -p, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{(1 + 2n)\sqrt{ex}}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/Sqrt[e*x],x]`

output

$$(2*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + 1/(2*n), -p, 2 + 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + c*(1 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/(2*n), -p, 1 + 1/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/((1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[e*x]*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(2np + 2n + 1)} - \frac{(ad - b(2cn(p + 1) + c)) \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p}{\sqrt{ex}} dx}{b(2n(p + 1) + 1)}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(2np + 2n + 1)} - \frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ad - b(2cn(p + 1) + c)) \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{\sqrt{ex}} dx}{b(2n(p + 1) + 1)}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(2np + 2n + 1)} - \frac{2\sqrt{ex}(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ad - b(2cn(p + 1) + c)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2n}, -p, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{b(2n(p + 1) + 1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)}{\text{Sqrt}[e*x]}, x]$$

output

$$(2*d*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)})/(b*e*(1 + 2*n + 2*n*p)) - (2*(a*d - b*(c + 2*c*n*(1 + p)))*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*(a + b*x^n)^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/(2*n), -p, (2 + n^(-1))/2, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(b*e*(1 + 2*n*(1 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*sqrt(e*x)*(b*x^n + a)^p/(e*x), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 16.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{2n}} a^{p-\frac{1}{2n}} c \sqrt{x} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2n}, -p \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)} + \frac{a^{1+\frac{1}{2n}} a^{p-1-\frac{1}{2n}} dx^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{1}{2n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{en} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)/(e*x)**(1/2), x)`

output `a**(1/(2*n))*a**(p - 1/(2*n))*c*sqrt(x)*gamma(1/(2*n))*hyper((1/(2*n), -p), (1 + 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))) + a**(1 + 1/(2*n))*a**(p - 1 - 1/(2*n))*d*x**(n + 1/2)*gamma(1 + 1/(2*n))*hyper((-p, 1 + 1/(2*n)), (2 + 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(sqrt(e)*n*gamma(2 + 1/(2*n)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/sqrt(e*x), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-2, [0,0,0,2,1,0,1,2]%%}+%%{-2, [0,0,0,2,1,0,0,2]%%} / %%{4, [0,0,

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/(e*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{\sqrt{ex}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(e)*(2*x**((2*n + 1)/2)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p + x**((2*n + 1)/2)*
(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d + 2*sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*n*p + 2*sqrt(x)*(x**n*
b + a)**p*b*c*n*p + 2*sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n + sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)
**p*b*c - 4*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x + 4*x**n*b
*n**2*p*x + 4*x**n*b*n*p*x + 2*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x + 4
*a*n**2*p*x + 4*a*n*p*x + 2*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**3 - 4*int((sqrt
(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x + 4*x**n*b*
n*p*x + 2*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x + 4*a*n**2*p*x + 4*a*n*p
*x + 2*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**2 - 4*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/
(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x + 4*x**n*b*n*p*x + 2*x**n*b*n*x
+ x**n*b*x + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x + 4*a*n**2*p*x + 4*a*n*p*x + 2*a*n*x + a*x),x
)*a**2*d*n**2*p**2 - 2*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x
+ 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x + 4*x**n*b*n*p*x + 2*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 4*a*n**2
*p**2*x + 4*a*n**2*p*x + 4*a*n*p*x + 2*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p - int
((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x + 4*x
**n*b*n*p*x + 2*x**n*b*n*x + x**n*b*x + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x + 4*a*n**2*p*x + 4
*a*n*p*x + 2*a*n*x + a*x),x)*a**2*d*n*p + 8*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/
(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x + 4*x**n*b*n*p*x + 2*x**n*b*n*x
+ x**n*b*x + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x + 4*a*n**2*p*x + 4*a*n*p*x + 2*a*n*x + a*x),x
)*a*b*c*n**4*p**4 + 16*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**...

```

**3.424**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2995
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2995
Rubi [A] (verified)	2996
Maple [F]	2997
Fricas [F]	2998
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2998
Maxima [F]	2999
Giac [F(-2)]	2999
Mupad [F(-1)]	2999
Reduce [F]	3000

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2d(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{be(1 - 2n - 2np)\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{2\left(c - \frac{ad}{b-2bn(1+p)}\right) (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2n}, -p, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e\sqrt{ex}}$$

output

```
-2*d*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/e/(-2*n*p-2*n+1)/(e*x)^(1/2)-2*(c-a*d/(b-2*b*n*(p+1)))*
(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1/2/n], [1-1/2/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(e*x)^(1/2)/(
(1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (dx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -p, 2 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - (-1 + 2n)(ex)^{3/2})}{(-1 + 2n)(ex)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/(e*x)^(3/2),x]
```



output

$$\frac{(2*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - 1/(2*n), -p, 2 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)] + c*(1 - 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2*1/n, -p, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])))/((-1 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(3/2)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 959

$$\left(c - \frac{ad}{b - 2bn(p+1)}\right) \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be\sqrt{ex}(-2np - 2n + 1)}$$

↓ 889

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad}{b - 2bn(p+1)}\right) \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{2d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be\sqrt{ex}(-2np - 2n + 1)}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{2(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad}{b - 2bn(p+1)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2n}, -p, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\frac{e\sqrt{ex}}{be\sqrt{ex}(-2np - 2n + 1)}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*d*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*e*(1 - 2*n - 2*n*p)*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]) - (2*(c - (a*d)/(b - 2*b*n*(1 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2*1/n, -p, 1 - 1/(2*n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(e*\text{Sqrt}[e*x]*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)}{(e x)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{(ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*sqrt(e*x)*(b*x^n + a)^p/(e^2*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 38.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a^{1-\frac{1}{2n}} a^{p-1+\frac{1}{2n}} dx^{n-\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 - \frac{1}{2n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}} n \Gamma\left(2 - \frac{1}{2n}\right)} + \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{2n}} a^{p+\frac{1}{2n}} c \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2n}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{e^{\frac{3}{2}} n \sqrt{x} \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{2n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)/(e*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**(1 - 1/(2*n))*a**(p - 1 + 1/(2*n))*d*x**(n - 1/2)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n))*hyper((-p, 1 - 1/(2*n)), (2 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(e**(3/2)*n*gamma(2 - 1/(2*n))) + a**(p + 1/(2*n))*c*gamma(-1/(2*n))*hyper((-1/(2*n), -p), (1 - 1/(2*n)), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/(2*n))*e**(3/2)*n*sqrt(x)*gamma(1 - 1/(2*n)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{-2,[0,0,0,2,1,0,1,2]%%}+%%{-2,[0,0,0,2,1,0,0,2]%%} / %%  
%{4,[0,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/(e*x)^(3/2), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(e)*(2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*n*p + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n - (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c + 4*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*a*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*a*n*p*x**2 - 2*a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**3 + 4*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*a*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*a*n*p*x**2 - 2*a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**2 - 4*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*a*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*a*n*p*x**2 - 2*a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p**2 - 2*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*a*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*a*n*p*x**2 - 2*a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p + sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**2 + x**n*b*x**2 + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*a*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*a*n*p*x**2 - 2*a*n*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a**2*d*n*p + 8*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**2 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**2 - 2*x**n*...
```

**3.425**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3001
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3001
Rubi [A] (verified)	3002
Maple [F]	3003
Fricas [F]	3004
Sympy [F(-1)]	3004
Maxima [F]	3004
Giac [F(-2)]	3005
Mupad [F(-1)]	3005
Reduce [F]	3005

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2d(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{be(3 - 2n(1 + p))(ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\left(c - \frac{3ad}{b(3-2n(1+p))}\right) (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2n}, -p, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3e(ex)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*d*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/e/(3-2*n*(p+1))/(e*x)^(3/2)-2/3*(c-3*a*d/b/(3-2*n*(p+1)))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -3/2/n],[1-3/2/n],-b*x^n/a)/e/(e*x)^(3/2)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(3dx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -p, 2 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 3(-3 + 2n)(ex)^{5/2}\right)}{3(-3 + 2n)(ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/(e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$(2*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(3*d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - 3/(2*n), -p, 2 - 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a] + c*(3 - 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/(2*n), -p, 1 - 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(3*(-3 + 2*n)*(e*x)^(5/2)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(c - \frac{3ad}{b(3 - 2n(p + 1))}\right) \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{2d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(ex)^{3/2}(-2np - 2n + 3)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{3ad}{b(3 - 2n(p + 1))}\right) \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{2d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(ex)^{3/2}(-2np - 2n + 3)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{3ad}{b(3 - 2n(p + 1))}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2n}, -p, 1 - \frac{3}{2n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\frac{3e(ex)^{3/2}}{2d(a + bx^n)^{p+1}} be(ex)^{3/2}(-2np - 2n + 3)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2), x]$$

output 
$$\frac{(-2*d*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)})/(b*e*(3 - 2*n - 2*n*p)*(e*x)^{(3/2)}) - (2*(c - (3*a*d)/(b*(3 - 2*n*(1 + p))))*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/(2*n), -p, 1 - 3/(2*n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(3*e*(e*x)^{(3/2)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888 
$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * \{(c*x)^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1))\} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}\{p, 0\} \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}\{p, 0\} \ || \ \text{GtQ}\{a, 0\})$$

rule 889 
$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * \{(a + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}\} \ \text{Int}[\{(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}\{p, 0\} \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}\{p, 0\} \ || \ \text{GtQ}\{a, 0\})$$

rule 959 
$$\text{Int}[\{(e\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*e*(m+n*(p+1)+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}\{b*c - a*d, 0\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}\{m + n*(p+1) + 1, 0\}$$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)}{(e x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input 
$$\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^{(5/2)},x)$$

output 
$$\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^{(5/2)},x)$$



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*sqrt(e*x)*(b*x^n + a)^p/(e^3*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)/(e*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p}{(ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-2, [0,0,0,2,1,0,1,2]%%}+%%{-2, [0,0,0,2,1,0,0,2]%%} / %%{4, [0,0,

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/(e*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)}{(ex)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)/(e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(e)*(2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p - 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d +
2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*n*p + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*
b*c*n - 3*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c + 12*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(
4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3 - 12*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 6*x*
n*b*n*x**3 + 9*x**n*b*x**3 + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x**3 + 4*a*n**2*p*x**3 - 12*a*
n*p*x**3 - 6*a*n*x**3 + 9*a*x**3),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**3*x + 12*sqrt(x)*int((
sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3 -
12*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 6*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 9*x**n*b*x**3 + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x**3
+ 4*a*n**2*p*x**3 - 12*a*n*p*x**3 - 6*a*n*x**3 + 9*a*x**3),x)*a**2*d*n**3
p**2*x - 36*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**
3 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3 - 12*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 6*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 9*x**n*b
*x**3 + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x**3 + 4*a*n**2*p*x**3 - 12*a*n*p*x**3 - 6*a*n*x**3
+ 9*a*x**3),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p**2*x - 18*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**
p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3 - 12*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 -
6*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 9*x**n*b*x**3 + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x**3 + 4*a*n**2*p*x**3 - 1
2*a*n*p*x**3 - 6*a*n*x**3 + 9*a*x**3),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p*x + 27*sqrt(x)*int(
(sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3
- 12*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 6*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 9*x**n*b*x**3 + 4*a*n**2*p**2*x**
3 + 4*a*n**2*p*x**3 - 12*a*n*p*x**3 - 6*a*n*x**3 + 9*a*x**3),x)*a**2*d*n*p
*x + 8*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + ...

```

### 3.426 $\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx$

Optimal result	3007
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3007
Rubi [A] (verified)	3008
Maple [F]	3009
Fricas [F]	3009
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3010
Maxima [F]	3011
Giac [F]	3011
Mupad [F(-1)]	3011
Reduce [F]	3012

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(5 + 2p)x^3(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{3 + n + np}$$

$$- \frac{a(2 - n)(1 + p)x^3(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3 + n + np}$$

output

```
(5+2*p)*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(n*p+n+3)-a*(2-n)*(p+1)*x^3*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeometric([-p, 3/n], [(3+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(n*p+n+3)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(a(3 + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + b(5 + 2p)x^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{3 + n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^p*(3*a + b*(5 + 2*p)*x^n), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^3(a + bx^n))^p (a(3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{3 + n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right] + b(5 + 2p)x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3 + n}{n}, -p, 2 + \frac{3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right])}{(3 + n)(1 + (bx^n)/a)^p}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (3a + b(2p + 5)x^n) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 959 \\ & \frac{(2p + 5)x^3(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{np + n + 3} - \frac{3a(2 - n)(p + 1) \int x^2(bx^n + a)^p dx}{np + n + 3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 889 \\ & \frac{(2p + 5)x^3(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{np + n + 3} - \frac{3a(2 - n)(p + 1)(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx}{np + n + 3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 888 \\ & \frac{(2p + 5)x^3(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{np + n + 3} - \frac{a(2 - n)(p + 1)x^3(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np + n + 3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[x^2(a + bx^n)^p(3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n), x]$$

output

$$\frac{((5 + 2p)x^3(a + bx^n)^{(1 + p)})}{(3 + n + np)} - \frac{(a(2 - n)(1 + p)x^3(a + bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{3 + n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right])}{(3 + n + np)(1 + (bx^n)/a)^p}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p(3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(3*a+b*(5+2*p)*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(3*a+b*(5+2*p)*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p(3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int (b(2p + 5)x^n + 3a)(bx^n + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(3*a+b*(5+2*p)*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((2*b*p + 5*b)*x^2*x^n + 3*a*x^2)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{3aa^{\frac{3}{n}}a^{p-\frac{3}{n}}x^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{n}, -p \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^{1+\frac{3}{n}}a^{p-1-\frac{3}{n}}bpx^{n+3}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{3}{n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{5a^{1+\frac{3}{n}}a^{p-1-\frac{3}{n}}bx^{n+3}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{3}{n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*x**n)**p*(3*a+b*(5+2*p)*x**n), x)`

output `3*a*a**(3/n)*a**(p - 3/n)*x**3*gamma(3/n)*hyper((3/n, -p), (1 + 3/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 3/n)) + 2*a**(1 + 3/n)*a**(p - 1 - 3/n)*b*p*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) + 5*a**(1 + 3/n)*a**(p - 1 - 3/n)*b*x**(n + 3)*gamma(1 + 3/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 3/n), (2 + 3/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int (b(2p + 5)x^n + 3a)(bx^n + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(3*a+b*(5+2*p)*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*(2*p + 5)*x^n + 3*a)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int (b(2p + 5)x^n + 3a)(bx^n + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(3*a+b*(5+2*p)*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*(2*p + 5)*x^n + 3*a)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int x^2 (3a + bx^n (2p + 5)) (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(3*a + b*x^n*(2*p + 5))*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(3*a + b*x^n*(2*p + 5))*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^p (3a + b(5 + 2p)x^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(3*a+b*(5+2*p)*x^n),x)`

output `(2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p**2*x**3 + 5*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p*x**3 + 6*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*p*x**3 + 15*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*x**3 + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*n*p**2*x**3 + 8*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*n*p*x**3 + 3*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*n*x**3 + 9*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*x**3 + 3*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*n**4*p**4 + 6*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*n**4*p**3 + 3*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*n**4*p**2 - 6*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**4 + 6*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**3 + 21*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**2 + 9*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x**2)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 6*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 6*a*n*p + 3*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*n**3*p - 36*int(((x...`

### 3.427 $\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx$

Optimal result	3013
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3013
Rubi [A] (verified)	3014
Maple [F]	3015
Fricas [F]	3015
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3016
Maxima [F]	3017
Giac [F]	3017
Mupad [F(-1)]	3017
Reduce [F]	3018

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2 + p)x^2(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{2 + n + np}$$

$$- \frac{a(2 - n)(1 + p)x^2(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2 + n + np}$$

output

```
2*(2+p)*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(n*p+n+2)-a*(2-n)*(p+1)*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeometric([-p, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(n*p+n+2)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(a(2 + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + 2b(2 + p)x^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{2 + n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(2*a + b*(4 + 2*p)*x^n), x]
```

output

$$(x^2(a + bx^n)^p(a*(2 + n)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2/n, -p, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + 2*b*(2 + p)*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[(2 + n)/n, -p, 2*(1 + n^(-1)), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((2 + n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(2p + 4)x^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{2(p + 2)x^2(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{np + n + 2} - \frac{2a(2 - n)(p + 1) \int x(bx^n + a)^p dx}{np + n + 2}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{2(p + 2)x^2(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{np + n + 2} - \frac{2a(2 - n)(p + 1) (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx}{np + n + 2}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{2(p + 2)x^2(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{np + n + 2} - \frac{a(2 - n)(p + 1)x^2(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np + n + 2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(2*a + b*(4 + 2*p)*x^n), x]$$

output

$$(2*(2 + p)*x^2*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)})/(2 + n + n*p) - (a*(2 - n)*(1 + p)*x^2*(a + b*x^n)^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2/n, -p, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((2 + n + n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(2*a+b*(4+2*p)*x^n),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(2*a+b*(4+2*p)*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int 2(b(p + 2)x^n + a)(bx^n + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(2*a+b*(4+2*p)*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(2*((b*p + 2*b)*x**n + a*x)*(b*x**n + a)**p, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2aa^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{p-\frac{2}{n}}x^2\Gamma(\frac{2}{n}){}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{n}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^{1+\frac{2}{n}}a^{p-1-\frac{2}{n}}bpx^{n+2}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{4a^{1+\frac{2}{n}}a^{p-1-\frac{2}{n}}bx^{n+2}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right){}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**p*(2*a+b*(4+2*p)*x**n), x)`

output `2*a*a**(2/n)*a**(p - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((2/n, -p), (1 + 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 2*a**(1 + 2/n)*a**(p - 1 - 2/n)*b*p*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) + 4*a**(1 + 2/n)*a**(p - 1 - 2/n)*b*x**(n + 2)*gamma(1 + 2/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 2/n), (2 + 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int 2(b(p + 2)x^n + a)(bx^n + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(2*a+b*(4+2*p)*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*integrate((b*(p + 2)*x^n + a)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int 2(b(p + 2)x^n + a)(bx^n + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(2*a+b*(4+2*p)*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(2*(b*(p + 2)*x^n + a)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int x(2a + bx^n(2p + 4))(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(2*a + b*x^n*(2*p + 4))*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(2*a + b*x^n*(2*p + 4))*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^p (2a + b(4 + 2p)x^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(2*a+b*(4+2*p)*x^n),x)`

output

```
(2*(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n**2*x**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p*x**2
+ 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*p*x**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*x**2 + (x**n
*b + a)**p*a*n**2*x**2 + 3*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*n*p*x**2 + (x**n*b + a)**p*
a*n*x**2 + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*x**2 + int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2
*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2
+ a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**4*p**4 + 2*int(((x**n*b +
a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4
*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**4*p**
3 + int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n
*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*
a),x)*a**2*n**4*p**2 - 2*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*
b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p +
4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**4 + 4*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**
n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n
**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**2 + 2*int(((x
**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n
*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*
n**3*p - 8*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 4*x
**n*b*n*p + 2*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 4*a*n*p + 2*a
*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**2*p**3 - 8*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*x)/(x**n*b*n**2*p*...
```

### 3.428 $\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx$

Optimal result	3019
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3019
Rubi [A] (verified)	3020
Maple [F]	3021
Fricas [F]	3021
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3022
Maxima [F]	3023
Giac [F(-2)]	3023
Mupad [F(-1)]	3023
Reduce [F]	3024

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3 + 2p)x(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{1 + n + np}$$

$$- \frac{a(2 - n)(1 + p)x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1 + n + np}$$

output

```
(3+2*p)*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(n*p+n+1)-a*(2-n)*(p+1)*x*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom(
[-p, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(n*p+n+1)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} ((3 + 2p)(a + bx^n) \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^p + a(-2 + n)(1 + p) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{1 + n + np}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*(3 + 2*p)*x^n), x]
```



output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*((3 + 2*p)*(a + b*x^n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p + a*(-2 + n)*(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((1 + n + n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(2p + 3)x^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 913$$

$$\frac{(2p + 3)x(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{np + n + 1} - \frac{a(2 - n)(p + 1) \int (bx^n + a)^p dx}{np + n + 1}$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$\frac{(2p + 3)x(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{np + n + 1} - \frac{a(2 - n)(p + 1) (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx}{np + n + 1}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{(2p + 3)x(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{np + n + 1} - \frac{a(2 - n)(p + 1)x(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np + n + 1}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*(3 + 2*p)*x^n), x]
```

output

```
((3 + 2*p)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(1 + n + n*p) - (a*(2 - n)*(1 + p)*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1 + n + n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*(3+2*p)*x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*(3+2*p)*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int (b(2p + 3)x^n + a)(bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*(3+2*p)*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((2*b*p + 3*b)*x^n + a)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{aa^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{p-\frac{1}{n}}x\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^{1+\frac{1}{n}}a^{p-1-\frac{1}{n}}bpx^{n+1}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{3a^{1+\frac{1}{n}}a^{p-1-\frac{1}{n}}bx^{n+1}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(a+b*(3+2*p)*x**n), x)`

output `a*a**(1/n)*a**(p - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/n, -p), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 2*a**(1 + 1/n)*a**(p - 1 - 1/n)*b*p*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + 3*a**(1 + 1/n)*a**(p - 1 - 1/n)*b*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int (b(2p + 3)x^n + a)(bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*(3+2*p)*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*(2*p + 3)*x^n + a)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*(3+2*p)*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,2,2]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,2,2,1,1,2]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int (a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n (2p + 3)) dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n*(2*p + 3)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n*(2*p + 3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (a + b(3 + 2p)x^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*(3+2*p)*x^n),x)`

output

```
(2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p**2*x + 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p*x + 2*x*
*n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*p*x + 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*x + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a*n*p**2*x + 4*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*n*p*x + (x**n*b + a)**p*a*n*x + (x**n*b +
a)**p*a*x + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**
n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),
x)*a**2*n**4*p**4 + 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*
p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p +
a*n + a),x)*a**2*n**4*p**3 + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*
b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a
*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*n**4*p**2 - 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**
2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**
2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**4 - 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*
b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**
2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**3 + int((x**n*b + a)**p/
(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n
**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**2 + int((x**n*b +
a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*
b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*n**3*p - 4*int((x*
*n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n +
x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*n**2*p**3...
```

### 3.429 $\int b(2 + 2p)x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3025
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3025
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3026
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3027
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3027
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3027
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3028
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3028
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3029
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3029

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int b(2 + 2p)x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{n}$$

output

```
2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int b(2 + 2p)x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[b*(2 + 2*p)*x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/n
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {27, 793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int b(2p+2)x^{n-1}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$2b(p+1) \int x^{n-1}(bx^n+a)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{n}$$

input `Int[b*(2 + 2*p)*x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(2*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(2+2p)(a+bx^n)(a+bx^n)^p}{n(p+1)}$	31

input `int(b*(2+2*p)*x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(2+2*p)*(a+b*x^n)/n/(p+1)*(a+b*x^n)^p`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int b(2+2p)x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{2(bx^n+a)(bx^n+a)^p}{n}$$

input `integrate(b*(2+2*p)*x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2*(b*x^n + a)*(b*x^n + a)^p/n`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.31

$$\int b(2+2p)x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= b(2p+2) \left( \begin{array}{ll} \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{\log(x)}{a} \\ \frac{a^p x x^{n-1}}{n} \end{array} \right) & \text{for } b=0 \wedge n=0 \wedge p=-1 \\ \left( \begin{array}{l} (a+b)^p \log(x) \\ \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{bn} \end{array} \right) & \text{for } b=0 \\ \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{a(a+bx^n)^p}{bnp+bn} + \frac{bx^n(a+bx^n)^p}{bnp+bn} \end{array} \right) & \text{for } n=0 \\ & \text{for } p=-1 \\ & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$



input `integrate(b*(2+2*p)*x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `b*(2*p + 2)*Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0) & Eq(p, -1)), (a**p*x**x*(n - 1)/n, Eq(b, 0)), ((a + b)**p*log(x), Eq(n, 0)), (log(a/b + x**n)/(b*n), Eq(p, -1)), (a*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b*n*p + b*n) + b*x**n*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b*n*p + b*n), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int b(2 + 2p)x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{2(bx^n + a)^{p+1}}{n}$$

input `integrate(b*(2+2*p)*x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(b*x^n + a)^(p + 1)/n`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int b(2 + 2p)x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{2(bx^n + a)^{p+1}}{n}$$

input `integrate(b*(2+2*p)*x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(b*x^n + a)^(p + 1)/n`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int b(2 + 2p)x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{n}$$

input `int(b*x^(n - 1)*(2*p + 2)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`output `(2*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1))/n`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int b(2 + 2p)x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{2(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b + a)}{n}$$

input `int(b*(2+2*p)*x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `(2*(x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b + a))/n`

### 3.430 $\int x^{-n}(a + bx^n)^p (-a + b(1 + 2p)x^n) dx$

Optimal result	3030
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3030
Rubi [A] (verified)	3031
Maple [F]	3032
Fricas [F]	3032
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3033
Maxima [F]	3033
Giac [F(-2)]	3034
Mupad [F(-1)]	3034
Reduce [F]	3035

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int x^{-n}(a + bx^n)^p (-a + b(1 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^{1-n}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{1 - n} + \frac{b(2 - n)(1 + p)x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1 - n}$$

output

```
-x^(1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(1-n)+b*(2-n)*(p+1)*x*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(1-n)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^{-n}(a + bx^n)^p (-a + b(1 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{1-n}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(a \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + b(-1 + n)(1 + 2p)x^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{-1 + n}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^p*(-a + b*(1 + 2*p)*x^n))/x^n,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^{1-n}(a+bx^n)^p(a \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1+n(-1), -p, n(-1), -(b*x^n)/a]) + b(-1+n)(1+2p)x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[n(-1), -p, 1+n(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])}{(-1+n)(1+(b*x^n)/a)^p}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.103$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-n}(a+bx^n)^p(b(2p+1)x^n-a) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 959 \\ & \frac{(2p+1)x^{1-n}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{np+1} - \frac{a(2-n)(p+1) \int x^{-n}(bx^n+a)^p dx}{np+1} \\ & \quad \downarrow 889 \\ & \frac{(2p+1)x^{1-n}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{np+1} - \frac{a(2-n)(p+1)(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-n}\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^p dx}{np+1} \\ & \quad \downarrow 888 \\ & \frac{(2p+1)x^{1-n}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{np+1} - \frac{a(2-n)(p+1)x^{1-n}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}-1, -p, \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(1-n)(np+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a+bx^n)^p(-a+b(1+2p)x^n)/x^n, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((1+2p)x^{1-n}(a+bx^n)^{(1+p)})/(1+n*p) - (a(2-n)(1+p)x^{1-n}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1+n(-1), -p, n(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])}{((1-n)(1+n*p)(1+(b*x^n)/a)^p)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (-a + b(2p + 1)x^n) x^{-n} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(-a+b*(2*p+1)*x^n)/(x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(-a+b*(2*p+1)*x^n)/(x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{-n}(a + bx^n)^p (-a + b(1 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int \frac{(b(2p + 1)x^n - a)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^n} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(-a+b*(1+2*p)*x^n)/(x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((2*b*p + b)*x^n - a)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^n, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int x^{-n}(a + bx^n)^p (-a + b(1 + 2p)x^n) dx$$

$$= -\frac{aa^{-1+\frac{1}{n}}a^{p+1-\frac{1}{n}}b^{-1+\frac{1}{n}}b^{1-\frac{1}{n}}x^{1-n}\Gamma(-1+\frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, -1+\frac{1}{n} \\ \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{p-\frac{1}{n}}bpx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{n}, -p \\ 1+\frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{p-\frac{1}{n}}bx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} \frac{1}{n}, -p \\ 1+\frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(-a+b*(1+2*p)*x**n)/(x**n),x)`

output `-a*a**(-1 + 1/n)*a**(p + 1 - 1/n)*b**(-1 + 1/n)*b**(1 - 1/n)*x**(1 - n)*gamma(-1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, -1 + 1/n), (1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1/n)) + 2*a**(1/n)*a**(p - 1/n)*b*p*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/n, -p), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(1/n)*a**(p - 1/n)*b*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/n, -p), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{-n}(a + bx^n)^p (-a + b(1 + 2p)x^n) dx = \int \frac{(b(2p + 1)x^n - a)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^n} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(-a+b*(1+2*p)*x^n)/(x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*(2*p + 1)*x^n - a)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^n, x)`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-n}(a + bx^n)^p(-a + b(1 + 2p)x^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(-a+b*(1+2*p)*x^n)/(x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,2,2]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,2,2,1,1,2]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,0,

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-n}(a + bx^n)^p(-a + b(1 + 2p)x^n) dx = - \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p(a - bx^n(2p + 1))}{x^n} dx$$

input `int(-((a + b*x^n)^p*(a - b*x^n*(2*p + 1)))/x^n,x)`

output `-int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(a - b*x^n*(2*p + 1)))/x^n, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{-n}(a + bx^n)^p (-a + b(1 + 2p)x^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(-a+b*(1+2*p)*x^n)/(x^n),x)`

output

```
(2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p**2*x - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p*x - x**n*(
x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*x + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*p*x + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p
*b*x + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*n*p**2*x - (x**n*b + a)**p*a*x + x**n*int((x**n
*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*b*n**2*p**2 - x**(2*n)*b*n**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)*b*n*p -
x**(2*n)*b*n + x**(2*n)*b + x**n*a*n**2*p**2 - x**n*a*n**2*p + 2*x**n*a*n*
p - x**n*a*n + x**n*a),x)*a**2*n**4*p**4 - x**n*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(2
*n)*b*n**2*p**2 - x**(2*n)*b*n**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)*b*n*p - x**(2*n)*b*n + x*
*(2*n)*b + x**n*a*n**2*p**2 - x**n*a*n**2*p + 2*x**n*a*n*p - x**n*a*n + x*
*n*a),x)*a**2*n**4*p**2 - 2*x**n*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*b*n**2*p**2
- x**(2*n)*b*n**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)*b*n*p - x**(2*n)*b*n + x**(2*n)*b + x**n
*a*n**2*p**2 - x**n*a*n**2*p + 2*x**n*a*n*p - x**n*a*n + x**n*a),x)*a**2*n
**3*p**4 + 2*x**n*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*b*n**2*p**2 - x**(2*n)*b*n
**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)*b*n*p - x**(2*n)*b*n + x**(2*n)*b + x**n*a*n**2*p**2 -
x**n*a*n**2*p + 2*x**n*a*n*p - x**n*a*n + x**n*a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**3 + 3*x*
*n*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*b*n**2*p**2 - x**(2*n)*b*n**2*p + 2*x**(2
*n)*b*n*p - x**(2*n)*b*n + x**(2*n)*b + x**n*a*n**2*p**2 - x**n*a*n**2*p +
2*x**n*a*n*p - x**n*a*n + x**n*a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**2 - x**n*int((x**n*b +
a)**p/(x**(2*n)*b*n**2*p**2 - x**(2*n)*b*n**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)*b*n*p - x**(2
*n)*b*n + x**(2*n)*b + x**n*a*n**2*p**2 - x**n*a*n**2*p + 2*x**n*a*n*p - x
**n*a*n + x**n*a),x)*a**2*n**3*p - 4*x**n*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)...
```



**3.431**       $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(-2a+2bpx^n)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	3036
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3036
Rubi [A] (verified)	3037
Maple [F]	3038
Fricas [F]	3039
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3039
Maxima [F]	3040
Giac [F]	3040
Mupad [F(-1)]	3040
Reduce [F]	3041

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-2a + 2bpx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2p(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{(2 - n - np)x^2} + \frac{a(2 - n)(1 + p)(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{2}{n}, -p, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{(2 - n - np)x^2}$$

output `-2*p*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(-n*p-n+2)/x^2+a*(2-n)*(p+1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(-n*p-n+2)/x^2/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-2a + 2bpx^n)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} (a(-2 + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{2}{n}, -p, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) + 2bpx^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{-2+n}{n}, -p, -\frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}))}{(-2 + n)x^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^p*(-2*a + 2*b*p*x^n))/x^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*(a*(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/n, -p, (-2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + 2*b*p*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(-2 + n)/n, -p, 2 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((-2 + n)*x^2*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (2bp^n - 2a)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & -\frac{2a(2-n)(p+1)}{n(-p)-n+2} \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p}{x^3} dx - \frac{2p(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{x^2(n(-p)-n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\
 & -\frac{2a(2-n)(p+1)(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{x^3} dx}{n(-p)-n+2} - \frac{2p(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{x^2(n(-p)-n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{a(2-n)(p+1)(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, -p, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x^2(n(-p)-n+2)} - \frac{2p(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{x^2(n(-p)-n+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)^p*(-2*a + 2*b*p*x^n))/x^3,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(-2*p*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)})/((2 - n - n*p)*x^2) + (a*(2 - n)*(1 + p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/n, -p, -((2 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a])/((2 - n - n*p)*x^2*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888 
$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_.)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * \{(c*x)^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1))\} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 889 
$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_.)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * \{(a + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}\} \text{Int}[(c*x)^m * (1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 959 
$$\text{Int}[\{(e\_.)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*e*(m+n*(p+1)+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$$
 FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n\*(p + 1) + 1, 0]

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^n)^p (-2a + 2bp x^n)}{x^3} dx$$

input 
$$\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^p*(-2*a+2*b*p*x^n)/x^3,x)$$

output 
$$\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^p*(-2*a+2*b*p*x^n)/x^3,x)$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-2a + 2bpx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{2(bpx^n - a)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(-2*a+2*b*p*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(2*(b*p*x^n - a)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^3, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-2a + 2bpx^n)}{x^3} dx \\ &= -\frac{2aa^{-\frac{2}{n}}a^{p+\frac{2}{n}}\Gamma(-\frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{2}{n}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2\Gamma(1-\frac{2}{n})} \\ &+ \frac{2a^{1-\frac{2}{n}}a^{p-1+\frac{2}{n}}bpx^{n-2}\Gamma(1-\frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1-\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2-\frac{2}{n})} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(-2*a+2*b*p*x**n)/x**3,x)`

output `-2*a*a**(p + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((-2/n, -p), (1 - 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n)) + 2*a**(1 - 2/n)*a**(p - 1 + 2/n)*b*p*x**(n - 2)*gamma(1 - 2/n)*hyper((-p, 1 - 2/n), (2 - 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-2a + 2bpx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{2(bpx^n - a)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(-2*a+2*b*p*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*integrate((b*p*x^n - a)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-2a + 2bpx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{2(bpx^n - a)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(-2*a+2*b*p*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(2*(b*p*x^n - a)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-2a + 2bpx^n)}{x^3} dx = \int -\frac{(2a - 2bpx^n)(a + bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(-((2*a - 2*b*p*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^p)/x^3,x)`

output `int(-((2*a - 2*b*p*x^n)*(a + b*x^n)^p)/x^3, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-2a + 2bpx^n)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(-2*a+2*b*p*x^n)/x^3,x)`

output

```
(2*(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p**2 - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*p + (x**n*b +
a)**p*a*n*p**2 - (x**n*b + a)**p*a*n*p - (x**n*b + a)**p*a*n + 2*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*a - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**
3 - 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x**3
+ a*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**4*p**4
*x**2 - 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3
- 4*x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x**3 +
a*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**4*p**3*x
**2 - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*
x**n*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x**3 + a*n
**2*p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**4*p**2*x**2
+ 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*x*
n*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x**3 + a*n**
2*p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**3*p**4*x**2 +
8*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*x**n
*b*n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x**3 + a*n**2*
p*x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**3*p**3*x**2 + 8*
int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2*x**3 + x**n*b*n**2*p*x**3 - 4*x**n*b
n*p*x**3 - 2*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n**2*p**2*x**3 + a*n**2*p*
x**3 - 4*a*n*p*x**3 - 2*a*n*x**3 + 4*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**3*p**2*x**2 + 2...
```

**3.432**       $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(-3a+b(-1+2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	3042
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3042
Rubi [A] (verified)	3043
Maple [F]	3044
Fricas [F]	3045
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3045
Maxima [F]	3046
Giac [F]	3046
Mupad [F(-1)]	3047
Reduce [F]	3047

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(-3a+b(-1+2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(1-2p)(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{(3-n-np)x^3} + \frac{a(2-n)(1+p)(a+bx^n)^p(1+\frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{n}, -p, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{(3-n-np)x^3}$$

```
output (1-2*p)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(-n*p-n+3)/x^3+a*(2-n)*(p+1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom
([-p, -3/n], [-(3-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(-n*p-n+3)/x^3/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(-3a+b(-1+2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(1+\frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p}(a(-3+n)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{n}, -p, \frac{-3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a})+b(-1+2p)x^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{3}{n}, -p, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}))}{(-3+n)x^3}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*x^n)^p*(-3*a + b*(-1 + 2*p)*x^n))/x^4,x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*(a*(-3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/n, -p, (-3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + b*(-1 + 2*p)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(-3 + n)/n, -p, 2 - 3/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((-3 + n)*x^3*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (b(2p - 1)x^n - 3a)}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(1 - 2p)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{x^3(n(-p) - n + 3)} - \frac{3a(2 - n)(p + 1) \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{x^4} dx}{n(-p) - n + 3}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{(1 - 2p)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{x^3(n(-p) - n + 3)} - \frac{3a(2 - n)(p + 1)(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{x^4} dx}{n(-p) - n + 3}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{a(2 - n)(p + 1)(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{n}, -p, -\frac{3-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x^3(n(-p) - n + 3)} + \frac{(1 - 2p)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{x^3(n(-p) - n + 3)}$$

input `Int[((a + b*x^n)^p*(-3*a + b*(-1 + 2*p)*x^n))/x^4,x]`



output 
$$\frac{((1 - 2p)(a + b x^n)^{(1+p)}) / ((3 - n - np)x^3) + (a(2 - n)(1 + p)(a + b x^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/n, -p, -((3 - n)/n), -(b x^n)/a]) / ((3 - n - np)x^3(1 + (b x^n)/a)^p)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888 
$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_)(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \{(c x)^{(m+1)}/(c(m+1))\} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)(x^n/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$$

rule 889 
$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_)(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \{(a + b x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}\} \text{Int}[(c x)^m (1 + b(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$$

rule 959 
$$\text{Int}[\{(e\_)(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}\{(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d(e x)^{(m+1)}\{(a + b x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b e(m + n(p+1) + 1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a d(m+1) - b c(m + n(p+1) + 1))/(b(m + n(p+1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(e x)^m (a + b x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n(p+1) + 1, 0]$$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^n)^p (-3a + b(-1 + 2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx$$

input 
$$\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^p*(-3*a+b*(-1+2*p)*x^n)/x^4,x)$$

output 
$$\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^p*(-3*a+b*(-1+2*p)*x^n)/x^4,x)$$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-3a + b(-1 + 2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b(2p - 1)x^n - 3a)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(-3*a+b*(-1+2*p)*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((2*b*p - b)*x^n - 3*a)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^4, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 15.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-3a + b(-1 + 2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx \\ &= -\frac{3aa^{-\frac{3}{n}}a^{p+\frac{3}{n}}\Gamma(-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{n}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^3\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{n})} \\ &+ \frac{2a^{1-\frac{3}{n}}a^{p-1+\frac{3}{n}}bpx^{n-3}\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1-\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2-\frac{3}{n})} \\ &- \frac{a^{1-\frac{3}{n}}a^{p-1+\frac{3}{n}}bx^{n-3}\Gamma(1-\frac{3}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1-\frac{3}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2-\frac{3}{n})} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(-3*a+b*(-1+2*p)*x**n)/x**4,x)`

output

```
-3*a*a**(p + 3/n)*gamma(-3/n)*hyper((-3/n, -p), (1 - 3/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(3/n)*n*x**3*gamma(1 - 3/n)) + 2*a**(1 - 3/n)*a**(p - 1 + 3/n)*b*p*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)*hyper((-p, 1 - 3/n), (2 - 3/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 3/n)) - a**(1 - 3/n)*a**(p - 1 + 3/n)*b*x**(n - 3)*gamma(1 - 3/n)*hyper((-p, 1 - 3/n), (2 - 3/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - 3/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-3a + b(-1 + 2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b(2p - 1)x^n - 3a)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(-3*a+b*(-1+2*p)*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*(2*p - 1)*x^n - 3*a)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^4, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-3a + b(-1 + 2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b(2p - 1)x^n - 3a)(bx^n + a)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(-3*a+b*(-1+2*p)*x^n)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*(2*p - 1)*x^n - 3*a)*(b*x^n + a)^p/x^4, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-3a + b(-1 + 2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx = \int -\frac{(3a - bx^n(2p - 1))(a + bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(-((3*a - b*x^n*(2*p - 1))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/x^4, x)`

output `int(-((3*a - b*x^n*(2*p - 1))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/x^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (-3a + b(-1 + 2p)x^n)}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(-3*a+b*(-1+2*p)*x^n)/x^4, x)`

output

```

(2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p**2 - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p - 6*x**n*(x*
**n*b + a)**p*b*p + 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*n*p**2 -
4*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*n*p - 3*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*n + 9*(x**n*b + a)**p*a - 3
*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b**2*p**2*x**4 + x**n*b**2*p*x**4 - 6*x**n*b
*n*p*x**4 - 3*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 9*x**n*b*x**4 + a**2*p**2*x**4 + a**2*p
*x**4 - 6*a*n*p*x**4 - 3*a*n*x**4 + 9*a*x**4),x)*a**2*n**4*p**4*x**3 - 6*i
nt((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b**2*p**2*x**4 + x**n*b**2*p*x**4 - 6*x**n*b*
n*p*x**4 - 3*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 9*x**n*b*x**4 + a**2*p**2*x**4 + a**2*p*x
**4 - 6*a*n*p*x**4 - 3*a*n*x**4 + 9*a*x**4),x)*a**2*n**4*p**3*x**3 - 3*int
((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b**2*p**2*x**4 + x**n*b**2*p*x**4 - 6*x**n*b*n*
p*x**4 - 3*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 9*x**n*b*x**4 + a**2*p**2*x**4 + a**2*p*x**
4 - 6*a*n*p*x**4 - 3*a*n*x**4 + 9*a*x**4),x)*a**2*n**4*p**2*x**3 + 6*int((
x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b**2*p**2*x**4 + x**n*b**2*p*x**4 - 6*x**n*b*n*p*
x**4 - 3*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 9*x**n*b*x**4 + a**2*p**2*x**4 + a**2*p*x**4
- 6*a*n*p*x**4 - 3*a*n*x**4 + 9*a*x**4),x)*a**2*n**3*p**4*x**3 + 30*int((x
**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b**2*p**2*x**4 + x**n*b**2*p*x**4 - 6*x**n*b*n*p*x
**4 - 3*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 9*x**n*b*x**4 + a**2*p**2*x**4 + a**2*p*x**4 -
6*a*n*p*x**4 - 3*a*n*x**4 + 9*a*x**4),x)*a**2*n**3*p**3*x**3 + 33*int((x*
**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b**2*p**2*x**4 + x**n*b**2*p*x**4 - 6*x**n*b*n*p*x*
**4 - 3*x**n*b*n*x**4 + 9*x**n*b*x**4 + a**2*p**2*x**4 + a**2*p*x**4...

```

### 3.433 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3049
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3049
Rubi [A] (verified)	3050
Maple [F]	3051
Fricas [F]	3052
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3052
Maxima [F]	3053
Giac [F(-2)]	3053
Mupad [F(-1)]	3053
Reduce [F]	3054

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{d(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{be(1 + m + n + np)} + \frac{\left(\frac{c}{1+m} - \frac{ad}{b(1+m+n+np)}\right) (ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e}$$

output

```
d*(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/e/(n*p+m+n+1)+(c/(1+m)-a*d/b/(n*p+m+n+1))*
(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, (1+m)/n],[(1+m+n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/e/((
1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c(1 + m + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(1 + m)x)}{(1 + m)(1 + m + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n, -p, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(1 + m)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((1 + m)*(1 + m + n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left( c - \frac{ad(m+1)}{b(m+np+n+1)} \right) \int (ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+np+n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left( c - \frac{ad(m+1)}{b(m+np+n+1)} \right) \int (ex)^m \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+np+n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left( c - \frac{ad(m+1)}{b(m+np+n+1)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{m+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{e(m+1)} + \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+np+n+1)}$$

input

```
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x]
```

output  $(d*(e*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1+p)})/(b*e^{(1+m+n+n*p)}) + ((c - (a*d*(1+m)))/(b*(1+m+n+n*p)))*(e*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[(1+m)/n, -p, (1+m+n)/n, -(b*x^n/a)]/(e^{(1+m)}*(1+(b*x^n)/a)^p)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888  $\text{Int}[(c_*)*(x_)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * ((c*x)^{(m+1)})/(c*(m+1)) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 889  $\text{Int}[(c_*)*(x_)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * ((a + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^m * (1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[(e_*)*(x_)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_)^{(n_*)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*e^{(m+n*(p+1)+1)})], x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n*(p+1) + 1, 0]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input  $\text{int}((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)$

output  $\text{int}((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)$



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 34.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + p - \frac{1}{n}} c e^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + p - 1 - \frac{1}{n}} d e^m x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1/n)*c*e**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1 - 1/n)*d*e**m*x**(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,0,1,2,1,0,1]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,2,2,0,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*m*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d
*n*p*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*n*p*x
+ x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*m*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p*x + x**m*(x
**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*x - int((x**m*(x**n*b + a
)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**
2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a*m
*n*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2
*d*m**3*n*p - 2*int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p +
x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p
+ x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a*m*n*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*p**2 +
a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*m**2*n**2*p**2 - int((x**m*(x**n*b
+ a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b
n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2
*a*m*n*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*
a**2*d*m**2*n**2*p - 3*int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*
m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**
n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a*m*n*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*
p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*m**2*n*p - int((x**m*(x**n*
b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*
b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2...
```

### 3.434 $\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3055
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3055
Rubi [A] (verified)	3056
Maple [F]	3057
Fricas [F]	3058
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3058
Maxima [F]	3059
Giac [F(-2)]	3059
Mupad [F(-1)]	3059
Reduce [F]	3060

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= -\frac{cx^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1+p)} - \frac{dx^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np}$$

output

```
-c*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-d*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p], [1-p], -b*x^n/a)/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left( -\frac{cx^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)}{a(1+p)} - \frac{dx^{-np} \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{p} \right)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*(-((c*(a + b*x^n))/(a*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p)))) - (d*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(p*x^(n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)))/n`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {954, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p+1)-1} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{954} \\
 & \frac{d \int x^{-n(p+1)-1} (bx^n + a)^{p+1} dx}{b} - \frac{x^{-n(p+1)} (bc - ad) (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{abn(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{882} \\
 & \frac{dx^{-n(p+1)} \left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^{p+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1} \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p-2}}{1 - \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{bn} - \frac{x^{-n(p+1)} (bc - ad) (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{abn(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{74} \\
 & \frac{x^{-n(p+1)} (bc - ad) (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{abn(p+1)} - \frac{dx^{-n(p+1)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p - 1, -p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{bn(p+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output  $-\left(\frac{(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)}}{a*b*n*(1 + p)*x^{n*(1 + p)}}\right) - \frac{d*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 - p, -p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)]}{b*n*(1 + p)*x^{n*(1 + p)}}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^n \cdot (b \cdot x)^{m+1} / (b \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d) \cdot (x/c)], x]$   
 /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b\*c), 0])))

rule 882  $\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + p]} \cdot x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (x^n / (a + b \cdot x^n))^p / (n \cdot x^{\text{Simplify}[m + n \cdot p]})]$   
 Subst[Int[x^{(m+1)/n - 1} / (1 - b\*x)^{\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + p] + 1}, x], x, x^n / (a + b\*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n + p]]

rule 954  $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (a \cdot b \cdot e \cdot (m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}, x], x]$   
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && EqQ[m + n\*(p+1) + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]

### Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)dx$$

input  $\text{int}(x^{-1-n*(p+1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)$

output  $\text{int}(x^{-1-n*(p+1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^(-n*p - n - 1)*x^n + c*x^(-n*p - n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 64.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \frac{a^p a^{-p-1} b^{p+1} c \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-1)}{n \Gamma(-p)} + \frac{a^p dx^{-np} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**p*a**(-p - 1)*b**(p + 1)*c*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 1)/(n*gamma(-p)) + a**p*d*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*x**(n*p)*gamma(1 - p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,0,2,0,2,2,1,0]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,0,2,0,2,1,1,0]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x^{n(p+1)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p + 1) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p + 1) + 1), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^n(x^n b + a)^p bc - (x^n b + a)^p ac + x^{np+n} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np} x} dx \right) adnp + x^{np+n} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np} x} dx \right) adn}{x^{np+n} an (p + 1)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `( - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c - (x**n*b + a)**p*a*c + x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a*d*n*p + x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a*d*n)/(x**(n*p + n)*a*n*(p + 1))`

### 3.435 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + n(1 + p)))x^n dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3061
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	3061
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3062
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	3063
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3063
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3064
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3064
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3064
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3065
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3065

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + n(1 + p)))x^n dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{e}$$

output

```
(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/e
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + n(1 + p)))x^n dx \\ &= x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \left( a \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1 + m}{n}, -p, \frac{1 + m + n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + \frac{b(1 + m + n + np)x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+2n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{1 + m + n} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m + n*(1 + p))*x^n),x]`

output `(x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(a*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n, -p, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + (b*(1 + m + n + n*p)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(1 + m + n))/(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.029$ , Rules used = {951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(m + 1) + bx^n(m + n(p + 1) + 1)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 951$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{e}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(a*(1 + m) + b*(1 + m + n*(1 + p))*x^n),x]`

output `((e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/e`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 951 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1), 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 45 vs.  $2(22) = 44$ .

Time = 8.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{x x^n (ex)^m (a+bx^n)^p b^2 + x (ex)^m (a+bx^n)^p ab}{b}$	46

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n*(p+1))*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(x*x^n*(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*b^2+x*(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*a*b)/b`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(1 + m) + b(1 + m + n(1 + p))x^n) dx$$

$$= (bx^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + a x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))}) (bx^n + a)^p$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n*(p+1))*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + a*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)))*(b*x^n + a)^p`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 36 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n(1+p))x^n) dx$$

$$= ax(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p + bxx^n(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**p*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n*(p+1))*x**n),x)`

output `a*x*(e*x)**m*(a + b*x**n)**p + b*x*x**n*(e*x)**m*(a + b*x**n)**p`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n(1+p))x^n) dx$$

$$= (ae^m xx^m + be^m xe^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))})(bx^n + a)^p$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n*(p+1))*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(a*e^m*x*x^m + b*e^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x)))*(b*x^n + a)^p`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 48 vs.  $2(22) = 44$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n(1+p))x^n) dx$$

$$= (bx^n + a)^p bxx^n e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))} + (bx^n + a)^p a x e^{(m \log(e) + m \log(x))}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n*(p+1))*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(b*x^n + a)^p*b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x)) + (b*x^n + a)^p*a*x*e^(m*log(e) + m*log(x))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n(1+p))x^n) dx$$

$$= (ax(ex)^m + bx^{n+1}(ex)^m) (a + bx^n)^p$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a*(m + 1) + b*x^n*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(a*x*(e*x)^m + b*x^(n + 1)*(e*x)^m)*(a + b*x^n)^p`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (a(1+m) + b(1+m+n(1+p))x^n) dx = x^m e^m (x^n b + a)^p x (x^n b + a)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(a*(1+m)+b*(1+m+n*(p+1))*x^n),x)`

output `x**m*e**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*x*(x**n*b + a)`

### 3.436 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3066
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3066
Rubi [A] (verified)	3067
Maple [F]	3068
Fricas [F]	3068
Sympy [F]	3069
Maxima [F]	3069
Giac [F]	3069
Mupad [F(-1)]	3070
Reduce [F]	3070

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{bx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{3c(bc-ad)}$$

output

```
1/3*b*x^3*hypergeom([1, 3/n], [(3+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)-1/3*d*x^3*hy
pergeom([1, 3/n], [(3+n)/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{bcx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - adx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{3abc^2 - 3a^2cd}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x]
```

output

$$(b*c*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] - a*d*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)])/(3*a*b*c^2 - 3*a^2*c*d)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {1010, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1010$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{x^2}{bx^n+a} dx}{bc - ad} - \frac{d \int \frac{x^2}{dx^n+c} dx}{bc - ad}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{bx^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a(bc - ad)} - \frac{dx^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{3c(bc - ad)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]$$

output

$$(b*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(3*a*(b*c - a*d)) - (d*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]/(3*c*(b*c - a*d)))$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1010 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e*x)^m/(a + b*x^n), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e*x)^m/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2/(b*d*x^(2*n) + a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((a + b*x**n)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(x^2/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{x^{2n}bd + x^nad + x^nb*c + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(x**2/(x**(2*n)*b*d + x**n*a*d + x**n*b*c + a*c),x)`

### 3.437 $\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3071
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3071
Rubi [A] (verified)	3072
Maple [F]	3073
Fricas [F]	3073
Sympy [F]	3074
Maxima [F]	3074
Giac [F]	3074
Mupad [F(-1)]	3075
Reduce [F]	3075

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{bx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2c(bc-ad)}$$

output

```
1/2*b*x^2*hypergeom([1, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)-1/2*d*x^2*hy
pergeom([1, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{bcx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - adx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2abc^2 - 2a^2cd}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(b*c*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] - a*d*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]/(2*a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*c*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {1010, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1010$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{x}{bx^n+a} dx}{bc - ad} - \frac{d \int \frac{x}{dx^n+c} dx}{bc - ad}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{bx^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a(bc - ad)} - \frac{dx^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2c(bc - ad)}$$

input

```
Int[x/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(b*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*a*(b*c - a*d)) - (d*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]/(2*c*(b*c - a*d))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1010 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e*x)^m/(a + b*x^n), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e*x)^m/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/(b*d*x^(2*n) + a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Integral(x/((a + b*x**n)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(x/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{x^{2n}bd + x^nad + x^nb*c + a*c} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(x/(x**(2*n)*b*d + x**n*a*d + x**n*b*c + a*c),x)`



### 3.438 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3076
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3076
Rubi [A] (verified)	3077
Maple [F]	3078
Fricas [F]	3078
Sympy [F]	3079
Maxima [F]	3079
Giac [F]	3079
Mupad [F(-1)]	3080
Reduce [F]	3080

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{bx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)}$$

output `b*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)-d*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x(-bc \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + ad \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right))}{ac(-bc+ad)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output

```
(x*(-(b*c*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]) + a*d*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]))/(a*c*(-(b*c) + a*d))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {917, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{917}$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^n + a} dx}{bc - ad} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{dx^n + c} dx}{bc - ad}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{bx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc - ad)} - \frac{dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc - ad)}$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(b*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(b*c - a*d)) - (d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(b*c - a*d)))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 917 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^n), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*d*x^(2*n) + a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**n)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n}bd + x^n ad + x^n bc + ac} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b*d + x**n*a*d + x**n*b*c + a*c),x)`

### 3.439 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3081
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3081
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3082
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3083
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3083
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3084
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3085
Giac [F] . . . . .	3085
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3085
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3086

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{ac} - \frac{b \log(a+bx^n)}{a(bc-ad)n} + \frac{d \log(c+dx^n)}{c(bc-ad)n}$$

output `ln(x)/a/c-b*ln(a+b*x^n)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n+d*ln(c+d*x^n)/c/(-a*d+b*c)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{bc \log(x^n) - ad \log(x^n) - bc \log(a+bx^n) + ad \log(c+dx^n)}{abc^2n - a^2cdn}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(b*c*Log[x^n] - a*d*Log[x^n] - b*c*Log[a + b*x^n] + a*d*Log[c + d*x^n])/(a*b*c^2*n - a^2*c*d*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 93, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx \\
 \downarrow 948 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 93 \\
 \int \left( \frac{x^{-n}}{ac} + \frac{b^2}{a(ad-bc)(bx^n+a)} + \frac{d^2}{c(bc-ad)(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{b \log(a+bx^n)}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{d \log(c+dx^n)}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{ac}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n]/(a*c) - (b*Log[a + b*x^n])/(a*(b*c - a*d)) + (d*Log[c + d*x^n])/(c*(b*c - a*d)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 93 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e + f*x)^p/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(x)adn - \ln(x)bcn + b \ln(a+bx^n)c - d \ln(c+dx^n)a}{(ad-cb)acn}$	58
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x^n)}{ac} - \frac{d \ln(c+dx^n)}{c(ad-cb)} + \frac{b \ln(a+bx^n)}{a(ad-cb)}}{n}$	64
default	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x^n)}{ac} - \frac{d \ln(c+dx^n)}{c(ad-cb)} + \frac{b \ln(a+bx^n)}{a(ad-cb)}}{n}$	64
norman	$\frac{\ln(x)}{ac} + \frac{b \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{(ad-cb)an} - \frac{d \ln(c+de^{n \ln(x)})}{cn(ad-cb)}$	68
risch	$-\frac{\ln(x)b}{(ad-cb)a} + \frac{\ln(x)d}{c(ad-cb)} + \frac{b \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{(ad-cb)an} - \frac{d \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d})}{cn(ad-cb)}$	94

input

```
int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(ln(x)*a*d*n-ln(x)*b*c*n+b*ln(a+b*x^n)*c-d*ln(c+d*x^n)*a)/(a*d-b*c)/a/c/n
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{bc \log(bx^n + a) - ad \log(dx^n + c) - (bc - ad)n \log(x)}{(abc^2 - a^2cd)n}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output  $-(b*c*log(b*x^n + a) - a*d*log(d*x^n + c) - (b*c - a*d)*n*log(x))/((a*b*c^2 - a^2*c*d)*n)$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 348 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.52

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\frac{\log(x)}{c} - \frac{\log(\frac{c}{d} + x^n)}{cn}}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{an}}{c} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ -\frac{\frac{x^{-n}}{cn} + \frac{d \log(x^{-n} + \frac{d}{c})}{c^2 n}}{b} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{cdn \log(x)}{bc^3 n + bc^2 dn x^n} - \frac{cd \log(\frac{c}{d} + x^n)}{bc^3 n + bc^2 dn x^n} + \frac{cd}{bc^3 n + bc^2 dn x^n} + \frac{d^2 n x^n \log(x)}{bc^3 n + bc^2 dn x^n} - \frac{d^2 x^n \log(\frac{c}{d} + x^n)}{bc^3 n + bc^2 dn x^n} & \text{for } a = \frac{bc}{d} \\ -\frac{\frac{x^{-n}}{an} + \frac{b \log(x^{-n} + \frac{b}{a})}{a^2 n}}{d} & \text{for } c = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)(c+d)} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{adn \log(x)}{a^2 cdn - abc^2 n} - \frac{ad \log(\frac{c}{d} + x^n)}{a^2 cdn - abc^2 n} - \frac{bcn \log(x)}{a^2 cdn - abc^2 n} + \frac{bc \log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{a^2 cdn - abc^2 n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `Piecewise(((log(x)/c - log(c/d + x**n)/(c*n))/a, Eq(b, 0)), ((log(x)/a - log(a/b + x**n)/(a*n))/c, Eq(d, 0)), ((-1/(c*n*x**n) + d*log(x**(-n) + d/c)/(c**2*n))/b, Eq(a, 0)), (c*d*n*log(x)/(b*c**3*n + b*c**2*d*n*x**n) - c*d*log(c/d + x**n)/(b*c**3*n + b*c**2*d*n*x**n) + c*d/(b*c**3*n + b*c**2*d*n*x**n) + d**2*n*x**n*log(x)/(b*c**3*n + b*c**2*d*n*x**n) - d**2*x**n*log(c/d + x**n)/(b*c**3*n + b*c**2*d*n*x**n), Eq(a, b*c/d)), ((-1/(a*n*x**n) + b*log(x**(-n) + b/a)/(a**2*n))/d, Eq(c, 0)), (log(x)/((a + b)*(c + d)), Eq(n, 0)), (a*d*n*log(x)/(a**2*c*d*n - a*b*c**2*n) - a*d*log(c/d + x**n)/(a**2*c*d*n - a*b*c**2*n) - b*c*n*log(x)/(a**2*c*d*n - a*b*c**2*n) + b*c*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**2*c*d*n - a*b*c**2*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{b \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{abcn - a^2dn} + \frac{d \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{bc^2n - acdn} + \frac{\log(x)}{ac}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a*b*c*n - a^2*d*n) + d*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(b*c^2*n - a*c*d*n) + log(x)/(a*c)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)*x), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{b \ln\left(-\frac{1}{bdx} - \frac{2acn+adnx^n+bcnx^n}{dx(a^2dn-abcn)}\right)}{a^2dn - abc n} + \frac{d \ln\left(-\frac{1}{bdx} - \frac{2acn+adnx^n+bcnx^n}{bx(bc^2n-acdn)}\right)}{bc^2n - acdn} + \frac{\ln(x)(n-1)}{acn}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output

```
(b*log(- 1/(b*d*x) - (2*a*c*n + a*d*n*x^n + b*c*n*x^n)/(d*x*(a^2*d*n - a*b*c*n))))/(a^2*d*n - a*b*c*n) + (d*log(- 1/(b*d*x) - (2*a*c*n + a*d*n*x^n + b*c*n*x^n)/(b*x*(b*c^2*n - a*c*d*n))))/(b*c^2*n - a*c*d*n) + (log(x)*(n - 1))/(a*c*n)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(x^n b + a)bc - \log(x^n d + c)ad + \log(x)adn - \log(x)bcn}{acn(ad - bc)}$$

input

```
int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
(log(x**n*b + a)*b*c - log(x**n*d + c)*a*d + log(x)*a*d*n - log(x)*b*c*n)/(a*c*n*(a*d - b*c))
```

### 3.440 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3087
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3087
Rubi [A] (verified)	3088
Maple [F]	3089
Fricas [F]	3089
Sympy [F]	3090
Maxima [F]	3090
Giac [F]	3090
Mupad [F(-1)]	3091
Reduce [F]	3091

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{b \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)x} + \frac{d \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)x}$$

output

```
-b*hypergeom([1, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/x+d*hypergeom([1, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)/x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{bc \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - ad \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ac(-bc+ad)x}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x]
```

output

```
(b*c*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] - a*d*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]/(a*c*(-(b*c) + a*d)*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {1010, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1010$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^2 (bx^n + a)} dx}{bc - ad} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{x^2 (dx^n + c)} dx}{bc - ad}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{d \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cx(bc - ad)} - \frac{b \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax(bc - ad)}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
-((b*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(b*c - a*d)*x)) + (d*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(b*c - a*d)*x)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1010 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e*x)^m/(a + b*x^n), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e*x)^m/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n) (c + d x^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n) (c + d x^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b x^n + a)(d x^n + c)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*d*x^2*x^(2*n) + (b*c + a*d)*x^2*x^n + a*c*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*x**n)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n}bdx^2 + x^nadx^2 + x^nbcdx^2 + acx^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b*d*x**2 + x**n*a*d*x**2 + x**n*b*c*x**2 + a*c*x**2),x)`



### 3.441 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3092
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3092
Rubi [A] (verified)	3093
Maple [F]	3094
Fricas [F]	3094
Sympy [F(-2)]	3095
Maxima [F]	3095
Giac [F]	3095
Mupad [F(-1)]	3096
Reduce [F]	3096

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{b \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a(bc-ad)x^2} + \frac{d \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2c(bc-ad)x^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*hypergeom([1, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/x^2+1/2*d*hypergeom([1, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)/x^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{bc \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - ad \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2ac(-bc+ad)x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x]
```

output

```
(b*c*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/n, (-2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] - a*d*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/n, (-2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]/(2*a*c*(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {1010, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1010$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^n + a)} dx}{bc - ad} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{x^3 (dx^n + c)} dx}{bc - ad}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{d \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2cx^2(bc - ad)} - \frac{b \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2(bc - ad)}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(b*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(b*c - a*d)*x^2) + (d*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(2*c*(b*c - a*d)*x^2)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1010 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e*x)^m/(a + b*x^n), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e*x)^m/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b x^n) (c + d x^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b x^n) (c + d x^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b x^n + a)(d x^n + c) x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*d*x^3*x^(2*n) + (b*c + a*d)*x^3*x^n + a*c*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n}bdx^3 + x^nadx^3 + x^nbcdx^3 + acx^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b*d*x**3 + x**n*a*d*x**3 + x**n*b*c*x**3 + a*c*x**3),x)`

**3.442**  $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3097
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3098
Rubi [A] (verified)	3098
Maple [F]	3100
Fricas [F]	3100
Sympy [F(-2)]	3100
Maxima [F]	3101
Giac [F]	3101
Mupad [F(-1)]	3101
Reduce [F]	3102

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{bx^3}{a(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{b(ad(3-2n)-bc(3-n))x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a^2(bc-ad)^2n} + \frac{d^2x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{3c(bc-ad)^2}$$

output

```
b*x^3/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)+1/3*b*(a*d*(3-2*n)-b*c*(3-n))*x^3*hypergeom
([1, 3/n], [(3+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n+1/3*d^2*x^3*hypergeom([1,
3/n], [(3+n)/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3 (bc(ad(3 - 2n) + bc(-3 + n)) (a + bx^n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + a(3bc(bc - ad) + ad^2n))}{3a^2c(bc - ad)^2n(a + bx^n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(x^3*(b*c*(a*d*(3 - 2*n) + b*c*(-3 + n))*(a + b*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1,
3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + a*(3*b*c*(b*c - a*d) + a*d^2*n*(a + b*x^n)
*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]))/((3*a^2*c*(b*c - a*d)
)^2*n*(a + b*x^n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {1006, 1067, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1006$$

$$\frac{bx^3}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2 (bd(3-n)x^n + bc(3-n) + adn)}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 1067$$

$$\frac{bx^3}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \left( \frac{b(bc(3-n) - ad(3-2n))x^2}{(bc - ad)(bx^n + a)} + \frac{ad^2nx^2}{(ad - bc)(dx^n + c)} \right) dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{bx^3}{an(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} - \frac{ad^2nx^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{3c(bc-ad)} - \frac{bx^3(ad(3-2n)-bc(3-n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{n}, \frac{n+3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3a(bc-ad)}}{an(bc-ad)}$$

input `Int[x^2/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(b*x^3)/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)) - (-1/3*(b*(a*d*(3 - 2*n) - b*c*(3 - n))*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(b*c - a*d)) - (a*d^2*n*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3/n, (3 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]/(3*c*(b*c - a*d)))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1006 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*e*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*b*(m + 1) + n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1067 `Int[(((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((e + f*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2/(b^2*d*x^(3*n) + a^2*c + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^(2*n) + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*x^3/(a^2*b*c*n - a^3*d*n + (a*b^2*c*n - a^2*b*d*n)*x^n) + d^2*integrate(x^2/(b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + a^2*c*d^2 + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^n), x) - (a*b*d*(2*n - 3) - b^2*c*(n - 3))*integrate(x^2/(a^2*b^2*c^2*n - 2*a^3*b*c*d*n + a^4*d^2*n + (a*b^3*c^2*n - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d*n + a^3*b*d^2*n)*x^n), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^2/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{x^{3n}b^2d + 2x^{2n}abd + x^{2n}b^2c + x^na^2d + 2x^nabc + a^2c} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int(x**2/(x**(3*n)*b**2*d + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d + x**(2*n)*b**2*c + x**n*a**2*d + 2*x**n*a*b*c + a**2*c),x)
```

**3.443**       $\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3103
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3104
Rubi [A] (verified)	3104
Maple [F]	3106
Fricas [F]	3106
Sympy [F(-2)]	3106
Maxima [F]	3107
Giac [F]	3107
Mupad [F(-1)]	3107
Reduce [F]	3108

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{bx^2}{a(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{b(2ad(1-n)-bc(2-n))x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2(bc-ad)^2n} + \frac{d^2x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2c(bc-ad)^2}$$

output

```
b*x^2/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)+1/2*b*(2*a*d*(1-n)-b*c*(2-n))*x^2*hypergeom
([1, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n+1/2*d^2*x^2*hypergeom([1,
2/n], [(2+n)/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2 (bc(bc(-2 + n) - 2ad(-1 + n)) (a + bx^n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + a(2bc(bc - ad) + a^2d^2n))}{2a^2c(bc - ad)^2n (a + bx^n)}$$

input `Integrate[x/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`output `(x^2*(b*c*(b*c*(-2 + n) - 2*a*d*(-1 + n))*(a + b*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + a*(2*b*c*(b*c - a*d) + a*d^2*n*(a + b*x^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]))/(2*a^2*c*(b*c - a*d)^2*n*(a + b*x^n))`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {1006, 1067, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1006$$

$$\frac{bx^2}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \frac{x(bd(2-n)x^n + bc(2-n) + adn)}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 1067$$

$$\frac{bx^2}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \left( \frac{anxd^2}{(ad-bc)(dx^n + c)} + \frac{b(bc(2-n) - 2ad(1-n))x}{(bc-ad)(bx^n + a)} \right) dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{bx^2}{an(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} - \frac{ad^2nx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2c(bc-ad)} - \frac{bx^2(2ad(1-n)-bc(2-n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a(bc-ad)}}{an(bc-ad)}$$

input `Int[x/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(b*x^2)/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)) - (-1/2*(b*(2*a*d*(1 - n) - b*c*(2 - n))*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(b*c - a*d)) - (a*d^2*n*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]/(2*c*(b*c - a*d)))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1006 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*e*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*b*(m + 1) + n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1067 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((e + f*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/(b^2*d*x^(3*n) + a^2*c + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^(2*n) + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^2*integrate(x/(b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + a^2*c*d^2 + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^n), x) + b*x^2/(a^2*b*c*n - a^3*d*n + (a*b^2*c*n - a^2*b*d*n)*x^n) - (2*a*b*d*(n - 1) - b^2*c*(n - 2))*integrate(x/(a^2*b^2*c^2*n - 2*a^3*b*c*d*n + a^4*d^2*n + (a*b^3*c^2*n - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d*n + a^3*b*d^2*n)*x^n), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x}{x^{3n}b^2d + 2x^{2n}abd + x^{2n}b^2c + x^na^2d + 2x^nabc + a^2c} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x/(x**(3*n)*b**2*d + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d + x**(2*n)*b**2*c + x**n*a**2*d + 2*x**n*a*b*c + a**2*c),x)`

**3.444**       $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3109
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3110
Rubi [A] (verified)	3110
Maple [F]	3112
Fricas [F]	3112
Sympy [F(-2)]	3112
Maxima [F]	3113
Giac [F]	3113
Mupad [F(-1)]	3113
Reduce [F]	3114

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{bx} \frac{1}{a(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{b(ad(1-2n)-bc(1-n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(bc-ad)^2n} + \frac{d^2x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)^2}$$

output

```
b*x/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)+b*(a*d*(1-2*n)-b*c*(1-n))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n+d^2*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( \frac{b^2c - abd}{a^2n + abnx^n} + \frac{b(ad(1-2n) + bc(-1+n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2n} + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c} \right)}{(bc - ad)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(x*((b^2*c - a*b*d)/(a^2*n + a*b*n*x^n) + (b*(a*d*(1 - 2*n) + b*c*(-1 + n)) *Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*n) + (d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]/c))/(b*c - a*d)^2`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {931, 1020, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 931$$

$$\frac{bx}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \frac{bd(1-n)x^n + adn + b(c-cn)}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 1020$$

$$\frac{bx}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{ad^2n \int \frac{1}{dx^n + c} dx}{bc - ad} - \frac{b(ad(1-2n) - bc(1-n)) \int \frac{1}{bx^n + a} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{\frac{bx}{an(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} - \frac{ad^2nx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)} - \frac{bx(ad(1-2n)-bc(1-n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)}}{an(bc-ad)}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(b*x)/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)) - (-((b*(a*d*(1 - 2*n) - b*c*(1 - n))*  
x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(b*c - a*d)))  
- (a*d^2*n*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*(  
b*c - a*d)))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F  
1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p  
, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] ||  
GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 931 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
:= Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c -  
a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c  
+ d*x^n)^q*Simp[b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n,  
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p,  
-1] && !( !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b,  
c, d, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1020 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(  
n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^n), x], x  
] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b  
, c, d, e, f, n}, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*d*x^(3*n) + a^2*c + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^(2*n) + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^2*integrate(1/(b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + a^2*c*d^2 + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^n), x) - (a*b*d*(2*n - 1) - b^2*c*(n - 1))*integrate(1/(a^2*b^2*c^2*n - 2*a^3*b*c*d*n + a^4*d^2*n + (a*b^3*c^2*n - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d*n + a^3*b*d^2*n)*x^n), x) + b*x/(a^2*b*c*n - a^3*d*n + (a*b^2*c*n - a^2*b*d*n)*x^n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n}b^2d + 2x^{2n}abd + x^{2n}b^2c + x^na^2d + 2x^nabc + a^2c} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**(3*n)*b**2*d + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d + x**(2*n)*b**2*c + x**n*a**2*d + 2*x**n*a*b*c + a**2*c),x)`

### 3.445 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3115
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3115
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3116
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3117
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3118
Sympy [F(-2)] . . . . .	3118
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3119
Giac [F] . . . . .	3119
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3120
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3120

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{b}{a(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2c} - \frac{b(bc-2ad)\log(a+bx^n)}{a^2(bc-ad)^2n} - \frac{d^2\log(c+dx^n)}{c(bc-ad)^2n}$$

output `b/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)+ln(x)/a^2/c-b*(-2*a*d+b*c)*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n-d^2*ln(c+d*x^n)/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{b}{a(-bc+ad)n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^2cn} + \frac{b(-bc+2ad)\log(a+bx^n)}{a^2(-bc+ad)^2n} - \frac{d^2\log(c+dx^n)}{c(bc-ad)^2n}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`



output

$$-(b/(a*(-(b*c) + a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n))) + \text{Log}[x^n]/(a^2*c*n) + (b*(-(b*c) + 2*a*d)*\text{Log}[a + b*x^n])/(a^2*(-(b*c) + a*d)^2*n) - (d^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x^n])/(c*(b*c - a*d)^2*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 93, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^n)^2(c + dx^n)} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n+a)^2(dx^n+c)} dx^n$$

n

↓ 93

$$\int \left( \frac{x^{-n}}{a^2c} + \frac{b^2(2ad-bc)}{a^2(ad-bc)^2(bx^n+a)} - \frac{d^3}{c(bc-ad)^2(dx^n+c)} + \frac{b^2}{a(ad-bc)(bx^n+a)^2} \right) dx^n$$

n

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b(bc-2ad)\log(a+bx^n)}{a^2(bc-ad)^2} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^2c} - \frac{d^2\log(c+dx^n)}{c(bc-ad)^2} + \frac{b}{a(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)}$$

n

input

$$\text{Int}[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x]$$

output

$$(b/(a*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^n)) + \text{Log}[x^n]/(a^2*c) - (b*(b*c - 2*a*d)*\text{Log}[a + b*x^n])/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)^2) - (d^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x^n])/(c*(b*c - a*d)^2))/n$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 93 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))),
x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e + f*x)^p/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x^n)}{a^2c} - \frac{d^2 \ln(c+dx^n)}{(ad-cb)^2c} - \frac{b}{a(ad-cb)(a+bx^n)} + \frac{b(2ad-cb) \ln(a+bx^n)}{a^2(ad-cb)^2}}{n}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x^n)}{a^2c} - \frac{d^2 \ln(c+dx^n)}{(ad-cb)^2c} - \frac{b}{a(ad-cb)(a+bx^n)} + \frac{b(2ad-cb) \ln(a+bx^n)}{a^2(ad-cb)^2}}{n}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{b^2e^{n \ln(x)}}{na^2(ad-cb)} + \frac{\ln(x)}{ac} + \frac{b \ln(x)e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2c}}{a+be^{n \ln(x)}} + \frac{b(2ad-cb) \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)a^2n} - \frac{d^2 \ln(c+de^{n \ln(x)})}{cn(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{x^n \ln(x)a^2bd^2n - 2x^n \ln(x)ab^2cdn + x^n \ln(x)b^3c^2n + \ln(x)a^3d^2n - 2 \ln(x)a^2bcdn + \ln(x)ab^2c^2n + 2 \ln(a+bx^n)x^na^2bd^2cn}{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}$
risc	$\frac{\ln(x)d^2}{c(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)} - \frac{2 \ln(x)bd}{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)a} + \frac{\ln(x)b^2c}{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)a^2} - \frac{b}{(ad-cb)an(a+bx^n)} - \frac{d^2 \ln(x^n)}{cn(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}$

```
input int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/n*(1/a^2/c*ln(x^n)-d^2/(a*d-b*c)^2/c*ln(c+d*x^n)-b/a/(a*d-b*c)/(a+b*x^n)
+b*(2*a*d-b*c)/a^2/(a*d-b*c)^2*ln(a+b*x^n))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs.  $2(101) = 202$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{ab^2c^2 - a^2bcd + (b^3c^2 - 2ab^2cd + a^2bd^2)nx^n \log(x) + (ab^2c^2 - 2a^2bcd + a^3d^2)n \log(x) - (ab^2c^2 - 2a^2bcd + a^3d^2)n \log(x) - (ab^2c^2 - 2a^2bcd + a^3d^2)n \log(x)}{(a^2b^3c^3 - 2a^3b^2c^2d + a^4bcd^2)nx^n + (a^3b^2c^3 - 2a^4b^2c^2d + a^5bcd^2)nx^n}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d + (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d + a^2*b*d^2)*n*x^n*log(x) + (a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d + a^3*d^2)*n*log(x) - (a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d + (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d)*x^n)*log(b*x^n + a) - (a^2*b*d^2*x^n + a^3*d^2)*log(d*x^n + c))/((a^2*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*b*c*d^2)*n*x^n + (a^3*b^2*c^3 - 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + a^5*c*d^2)*n)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{d^2 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{b^2c^3n - 2abc^2dn + a^2cd^2n} - \frac{(b^2c - 2abd) \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^2b^2c^2n - 2a^3bcdn + a^4d^2n} + \frac{b}{a^2bcn - a^3dn + (ab^2cn - a^2bdn)x^n} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2c}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-d^2*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(b^2*c^3*n - 2*a*b*c^2*d*n + a^2*c*d^2*n) - (b^2*c - 2*a*b*d)*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^2*b^2*c^2*n - 2*a^3*b*c*d*n + a^4*d^2*n) + b/(a^2*b*c*n - a^3*d*n + (a*b^2*c*n - a^2*b*d*n)*x^n) + log(x)/(a^2*c)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^2(dx^n+c)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n \log(x^n b + a) a b^2 c d - x^n \log(x^n b + a) b^3 c^2 - x^n \log(x^n d + c) a^2 b d^2 + x^n \log(x) a^2 b d^2 n - 2x^n \log(x) a b^2 c d}{a^2 c n}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `(2*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b**2*c*d - x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*b**3*c**2 - x**n*log(x**n*d + c)*a**2*b*d**2 + x**n*log(x)*a**2*b*d**2*n - 2*x**n*log(x)*a*b**2*c*d*n + x**n*log(x)*b**3*c**2*n + x**n*a*b**2*c*d - x**n*b**3*c**2 + 2*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*c*d - log(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*c**2 - log(x**n*d + c)*a**3*d**2 + log(x)*a**3*d**2*n - 2*log(x)*a**2*b*c*d*n + log(x)*a*b**2*c**2*n)/(a**2*c*n*(x**n*a**2*b*d**2 - 2*x**n*a*b**2*c*d + x**n*b**3*c**2 + a**3*d**2 - 2*a**2*b*c*d + a*b**2*c**2))`

**3.446**  $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3121
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3122
Rubi [A] (verified)	3122
Maple [F]	3124
Fricas [F]	3124
Sympy [F(-2)]	3124
Maxima [F]	3125
Giac [F]	3125
Mupad [F(-1)]	3125
Reduce [F]	3126

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{b} \frac{1}{a(bc-ad)nx(a+bx^n)}$$

$$- \frac{b(bc(1+n)-ad(1+2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(bc-ad)^2nx}$$

$$- \frac{d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)^2x}$$

output

```
b/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/x/(a+b*x^n)-b*(b*c*(1+n)-a*d*(1+2*n))*hypergeom([1, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n/x-d^2*hypergeom([1, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2/x
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{bc(-bc(1+n) + ad(1+2n))(a + bx^n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - a(bc(-bc + ad) + ad)}{a^2 c (bc - ad)^2 n x (a + bx^n)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(b*c*(-(b*c*(1 + n)) + a*d*(1 + 2*n))*(a + b*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] - a*(b*c*(-(b*c) + a*d) + a*d^2*n*(a + b*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), (-1 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)])/(a^2*c*(b*c - a*d)^2*n*x*(a + b*x^n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {1006, 1067, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1006$$

$$\frac{b}{anx(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \frac{-bd(n+1)x^n + adn - bc(n+1)}{x^2 (bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 1067$$

$$\frac{b}{anx(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \left( \frac{and^2}{(ad-bc)x^2(dx^n+c)} + \frac{b(ad(2n+1)-bc(n+1))}{(bc-ad)x^2(bx^n+a)} \right) dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{b}{anx(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} - \frac{ad^2n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cx(bc-ad)} + \frac{b(bc(n+1)-ad(2n+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax(bc-ad)}}{an(bc-ad)}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `b/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n*x*(a + b*x^n)) - ((b*(b*c*(1 + n) - a*d*(1 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(b*c - a*d)*x) + (a*d^2*n*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(b*c - a*d)*x))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1006 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*e*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*b*(m + 1) + n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1067 `Int[(((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(e + f*x^n)/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n)^2 (c + d x^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n)^2 (c + d x^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b x^n + a)^2 (d x^n + c) x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*d*x^2*x^(3*n) + a^2*c*x^2 + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^2*x^(2*n) + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^2*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n)^2 (c + d x^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^2*integrate(1/((b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^2*x^n + (b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + a^2*c*d^2)*x^2), x) - (a*b*d*(2*n + 1) - b^2*c*(n + 1))*integrate(1/((a*b^3*c^2*n - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d*n + a^3*b*d^2*n)*x^2*x^n + (a^2*b^2*c^2*n - 2*a^3*b*c*d*n + a^4*d^2*n)*x^2), x) + b/((a*b^2*c*n - a^2*b*d*n)*x^n + (a^2*b*c*n - a^3*d*n)*x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^{3n} b^2 d x^2 + 2x^{2n} a b d x^2 + x^{2n} b^2 c x^2 + x^n a^2 d x^2 + 2x^n a b c x^2 + a^2 c x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**(3*n)*b**2*d*x**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d*x**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*x**2 + x**n*a**2*d*x**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*c*x**2 + a**2*c*x**2),x)`

**3.447**  $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3127
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3128
Rubi [A] (verified)	3128
Maple [F]	3130
Fricas [F]	3130
Sympy [F(-2)]	3130
Maxima [F]	3131
Giac [F]	3131
Mupad [F(-1)]	3131
Reduce [F]	3132

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{b}{a(bc-ad)nx^2(a+bx^n)} + \frac{b(2ad(1+n) - bc(2+n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2(bc-ad)^2nx^2} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2c(bc-ad)^2x^2}$$

output

```
b/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/x^2/(a+b*x^n)+1/2*b*(2*a*d*(1+n)-b*c*(2+n))*hypergeom([1,
-2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n/x^2-1/2*d^2*hypergeom([1, -
2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2/x^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{bc(2ad(1+n) - bc(2+n)) (a + bx^n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - a(2bc(-bc + ad) + ad^2)}{2a^2c(bc - ad)^2nx^2(a + bx^n)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`output `(b*c*(2*a*d*(1 + n) - b*c*(2 + n))*(a + b*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/n, (-2 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a] - a*(2*b*c*(-(b*c) + a*d) + a*d^2*n*(a + b*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/n, (-2 + n)/n, -(d*x^n)/c]))/(2*a^2*c*(b*c - a*d)^2*n*x^2*(a + b*x^n))`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {1006, 1067, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1006$$

$$\frac{b}{anx^2(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \frac{-bd(n+2)x^n + adn - bc(n+2)}{x^3(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 1067$$

$$\frac{b}{anx^2(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \left( \frac{and^2}{(ad-bc)x^3(dx^n + c)} + \frac{b(2ad(n+1) - bc(n+2))}{(bc-ad)x^3(bx^n + a)} \right) dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{b}{anx^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} - \frac{ad^2n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2cx^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{b(2ad(n+1)-bc(n+2)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2(bc-ad)}}{an(bc-ad)}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `b/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n*x^2*(a + b*x^n)) - (-1/2*(b*(2*a*d*(1 + n) - b*c*(2 + n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(b*c - a*d)*x^2) + (a*d^2*n*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(2*c*(b*c - a*d)*x^2))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1006 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*e*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*b*(m + 1) + n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1067 `Int[(((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(e + f*x^n)/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*d*x^3*x^(3*n) + a^2*c*x^3 + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^3*x^(2*n) + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^3*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^2*integrate(1/((b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^3*x^n + (b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + a^2*c*d^2)*x^3), x) + (b^2*c*(n + 2) - 2*a*b*d*(n + 1))*integrate(1/((a*b^3*c^2*n - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d*n + a^3*b*d^2*n)*x^3*x^n + (a^2*b^2*c^2*n - 2*a^3*b*c*d*n + a^4*d^2*n)*x^3), x) + b/((a*b^2*c*n - a^2*b*d*n)*x^2*x^n + (a^2*b*c*n - a^3*d*n)*x^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^{3n} b^2 d x^3 + 2x^{2n} a b d x^3 + x^{2n} b^2 c x^3 + x^n a^2 d x^3 + 2x^n a b c x^3 + a^2 c x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**(3*n)*b**2*d*x**3 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d*x**3 + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*x**3 + x**n*a**2*d*x**3 + 2*x**n*a*b*c*x**3 + a**2*c*x**3),x)`

### 3.448 $\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(1+x)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3133
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3133
Rubi [A] (verified)	3134
Maple [A] (verified)	3135
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3135
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3136
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3136
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3136
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3137
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3137

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(1+x)^2} dx = \frac{1}{2(1+x)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2}$$

output `1/(2+2*x)+1/2*arctanh(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(1+x)^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2}{1+x} - \log(1-x) + \log(1+x) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x/((1-x)*(1+x)^2),x]`

output `(2/(1+x) - Log[1-x] + Log[1+x])/4`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(x+1)^2} dx$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left( -\frac{1}{2(x^2-1)} - \frac{1}{2(x+1)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2(x+1)}$$

input `Int[x/((1 - x)*(1 + x)^2),x]`

output `1/(2*(1 + x)) + ArcTanh[x]/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result	size
default	$\frac{1}{2+2x} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{4} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{4}$	21
norman	$\frac{1}{2+2x} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{4} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{4}$	21
risch	$\frac{1}{2+2x} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{4} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{4}$	21
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(x-1)x - \ln(x+1)x - 2 + \ln(x-1) - \ln(x+1)}{4(x+1)}$	33

input `int(x/(1-x)/(x+1)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/(x+1)+1/4*ln(x+1)-1/4*ln(x-1)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 26 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(1+x)^2} dx = \frac{(x+1)\log(x+1) - (x+1)\log(x-1) + 2}{4(x+1)}$$

input `integrate(x/(1-x)/(1+x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*((x + 1)*log(x + 1) - (x + 1)*log(x - 1) + 2)/(x + 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(1+x)^2} dx = -\frac{\log(x-1)}{4} + \frac{\log(x+1)}{4} + \frac{1}{2x+2}$$

input `integrate(x/(1-x)/(1+x)**2,x)`output `-log(x - 1)/4 + log(x + 1)/4 + 1/(2*x + 2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(1+x)^2} dx = \frac{1}{2(x+1)} + \frac{1}{4} \log(x+1) - \frac{1}{4} \log(x-1)$$

input `integrate(x/(1-x)/(1+x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2/(x + 1) + 1/4*log(x + 1) - 1/4*log(x - 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(1+x)^2} dx = \frac{1}{2(x+1)} - \frac{1}{4} \log\left(\left|-\frac{2}{x+1} + 1\right|\right)$$

input `integrate(x/(1-x)/(1+x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2/(x + 1) - 1/4*log(abs(-2/(x + 1) + 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(1+x)^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2(x+1)}$$

input `int(-x/((x - 1)*(x + 1)^2),x)`output `atanh(x)/2 + 1/(2*(x + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x)(1+x)^2} dx = \frac{-\log(x-1)x - \log(x-1) + \log(x+1)x + \log(x+1) - 2x}{4x+4}$$

input `int(x/(1-x)/(1+x)^2,x)`output `( - log(x - 1)*x - log(x - 1) + log(x + 1)*x + log(x + 1) - 2*x)/(4*(x + 1))`

$$3.449 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(1+x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3138
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3138
Rubi [A] (verified)	3139
Maple [A] (verified)	3140
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3140
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3141
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3141
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3141
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3142
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3142

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(1+x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{x}{4(1+x^2)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{4}$$

output `-1/4*x/(x^2+1)+1/4*arctanh(x)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(1+x^2)^2} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{2x}{1+x^2} - \log(1-x) + \log(1+x) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2/((1-x^2)*(1+x^2)^2),x]`

output `((-2*x)/(1+x^2) - Log[1-x] + Log[1+x])/8`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {373, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(x^2+1)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{373}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{1-x^2} dx - \frac{x}{4(x^2+1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{219}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{4} - \frac{x}{4(x^2+1)}$$

input `Int[x^2/((1 - x^2)*(1 + x^2)^2),x]`

output `-1/4*x/(1 + x^2) + ArcTanh[x]/4`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`



rule 373

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q +
1)/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e
*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*p +
2*q + 3)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d,
0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && LeQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e,
m, 2, p, q, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{x}{4(x^2+1)} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{8} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{8}$	24
norman	$-\frac{x}{4(x^2+1)} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{8} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{8}$	24
risch	$-\frac{x}{4(x^2+1)} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{8} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{8}$	24
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(x-1)x^2 - \ln(x+1)x^2 + \ln(x-1) - \ln(x+1) + 2x}{8(x^2+1)}$	41

input

```
int(x^2/(-x^2+1)/(x^2+1)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*x/(x^2+1)+1/8*ln(x+1)-1/8*ln(x-1)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 34 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(1+x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(x^2+1)\log(x+1) - (x^2+1)\log(x-1) - 2x}{8(x^2+1)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(-x^2+1)/(x^2+1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $1/8*((x^2 + 1)*\log(x + 1) - (x^2 + 1)*\log(x - 1) - 2*x)/(x^2 + 1)$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(1+x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{x}{4x^2+4} - \frac{\log(x-1)}{8} + \frac{\log(x+1)}{8}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(-x**2+1)/(x**2+1)**2,x)`

output  $-x/(4*x**2 + 4) - \log(x - 1)/8 + \log(x + 1)/8$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(1+x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{x}{4(x^2+1)} + \frac{1}{8} \log(x+1) - \frac{1}{8} \log(x-1)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(-x^2+1)/(x^2+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-1/4*x/(x^2 + 1) + 1/8*\log(x + 1) - 1/8*\log(x - 1)$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(1+x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{4(x+\frac{1}{x})} + \frac{1}{16} \log\left(\left|x + \frac{1}{x} + 2\right|\right) - \frac{1}{16} \log\left(\left|x + \frac{1}{x} - 2\right|\right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(-x^2+1)/(x^2+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-1/4/(x + 1/x) + 1/16*\log(\text{abs}(x + 1/x + 2)) - 1/16*\log(\text{abs}(x + 1/x - 2))$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(1+x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\text{atanh}(x)}{4} - \frac{x}{4(x^2+1)}$$

input `int(-x^2/((x^2 - 1)*(x^2 + 1)^2),x)`

output  $\text{atanh}(x)/4 - x/(4*(x^2 + 1))$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^2}{(1-x^2)(1+x^2)^2} dx \\ = \frac{-\log(x-1)x^2 - \log(x-1) + \log(x+1)x^2 + \log(x+1) - 2x}{8x^2 + 8} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2/(-x^2+1)/(x^2+1)^2,x)`

output  $(-\log(x-1)*x**2 - \log(x-1) + \log(x+1)*x**2 + \log(x+1) - 2*x)/(8*(x**2 + 1))$

**3.450**       $\int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3143
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3143
Rubi [A] (verified)	3144
Maple [A] (verified)	3147
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3147
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3148
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3148
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3149
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3150
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3150

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2} dx = -\frac{x}{6(1+x^3)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{12\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{4\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{12} \log(1-x) - \frac{1}{36} \log(1+x) + \frac{1}{72} \log(1-x+x^2) + \frac{1}{24} \log(1+x+x^2)$$

output

```
-1/6*x/(x^3+1)+1/36*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)+1/12*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-1/12*ln(1-x)-1/36*ln(1+x)+1/72*ln(x^2-x+1)+1/24*ln(x^2+x+1)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2} dx = \frac{1}{72} \left( -\frac{12x}{1+x^3} - 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + 6\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 6 \log(1-x) - 2 \log(1+x) + \log(1-x+x^2) + 3 \log(1+x+x^2) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3/((1 - x^3)*(1 + x^3)^2),x]`

output `((-12*x)/(1 + x^3) - 2*sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/sqrt[3]] + 6*sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + 2*x)/sqrt[3]] - 6*Log[1 - x] - 2*Log[1 + x] + Log[1 - x + x^2] + 3*Log[1 + x + x^2])/72`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$ , Rules used = {971, 1020, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(x^3+1)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{971} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2x^3+1}{(1-x^3)(x^3+1)} dx - \frac{x}{6(x^3+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1020} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{1-x^3} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^3+1} dx \right) - \frac{x}{6(x^3+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x+1} dx \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+2}{x^2+x+1} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{1-x} dx \right) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{x}{6(x^3+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x+2}{x^2+x+1} dx - \frac{1}{3} \log(1-x) \right) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{x}{6(x^3+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1142}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x}{x^2+x+1} dx \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{6(x^3+1)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x}{x^2+x+1} dx \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{6(x^3+1)}$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x-1)^2-3} d(2x-1) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{x^2+x+1} dx \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{6(x^3+1)}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{6(x^3+1)}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2+x+1) \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{6(x^3+1)}$$

input `Int[x^3/((1 - x^3)*(1 + x^3)^2),x]`

output `-1/6*x/(1 + x^3) + ((-1/3*Log[1 + x] + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]]) + Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/3)/2 + (3*(-1/3*Log[1 - x] + (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + Log[1 + x + x^2]/2)/3))/2/6`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 750  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 971  $\text{Int}[(e\_)*(x_)^{(m\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p\_)}*((c\_)+(d\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^{(n-1)}*(e*x)^{(m-n+1)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*((c+d*x^n)^{(q+1)}/(n*(b*c-a*d)*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^n/(n*(b*c-a*d)*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m-n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*(c+d*x^n)^q*\text{Simp}[c*(m-n+1)+d*(m+n*(p+q+1)+1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c-a*d, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GeQ}[n, m-n+1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m-n+1, 0] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]$
- rule 1020  $\text{Int}[(e\_)+(f\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})*((c\_)+(d\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*e-a*f)/(b*c-a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(a+b*x^n), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*e-c*f)/(b*c-a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(c+d*x^n), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$
- rule 1083  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)+(c\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2-4*a*c-x^2, x], x], x, b+2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
risch	$-\frac{x}{6(x^3+1)} + \frac{\ln(4x^2-4x+4)}{72} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{36} + \frac{\ln(4x^2+4x+4)}{24} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{(1+2x)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)\sqrt{3}}{12} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{12} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{36}$
default	$\frac{-2x-2}{36x^2-36x+36} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{72} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x-1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{36} + \frac{\ln(x^2+x+1)}{24} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{(1+2x)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)\sqrt{3}}{12} + \frac{1}{18x+18} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{36}$

input

```
int(x^3/(-x^3+1)/(x^3+1)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/6*x/(x^3+1)+1/72*ln(4*x^2-4*x+4)-1/36*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(2*x-1)*3^(1/2
))+1/24*ln(4*x^2+4*x+4)+1/12*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-1/12*ln(x
-1)-1/36*ln(x+1)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{3}(x^3+1) \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x+1)\right) - 2\sqrt{3}(x^3+1) \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) + 3(x^3+1) \log(x^2+x+1)}{72(x^3+1)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(-x^3+1)/(x^3+1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
1/72*(6*sqrt(3)*(x^3 + 1)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) - 2*sqrt(3)*(x^3 +
1)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + 3*(x^3 + 1)*log(x^2 + x + 1) + (x^3 +
1)*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 2*(x^3 + 1)*log(x + 1) - 6*(x^3 + 1)*log(x - 1) - 12
*x)/(x^3 + 1)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2} dx = -\frac{x}{6x^3+6} - \frac{\log(x-1)}{12} - \frac{\log(x+1)}{36} + \frac{\log(x^2-x+1)}{72} + \frac{\log(x^2+x+1)}{24} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{36} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{12}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(-x**3+1)/(x**3+1)**2,x)
```

output

```
-x/(6*x**3 + 6) - log(x - 1)/12 - log(x + 1)/36 + log(x**2 - x + 1)/72 + 1
og(x**2 + x + 1)/24 - sqrt(3)*atan(2*sqrt(3)*x/3 - sqrt(3)/3)/36 + sqrt(3)
*atan(2*sqrt(3)*x/3 + sqrt(3)/3)/12
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2} dx = \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x+1)\right) - \frac{1}{36} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) - \frac{x}{6(x^3+1)} + \frac{1}{24} \log(x^2+x+1) + \frac{1}{72} \log(x^2-x+1) - \frac{1}{36} \log(x+1) - \frac{1}{12} \log(x-1)$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(-x^3+1)/(x^3+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) - 1/36*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(
3)*(2*x - 1)) - 1/6*x/(x^3 + 1) + 1/24*log(x^2 + x + 1) + 1/72*log(x^2 - x
+ 1) - 1/36*log(x + 1) - 1/12*log(x - 1)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2} dx = \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x+1)\right) - \frac{1}{36} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) - \frac{x}{6(x^3+1)} + \frac{1}{24} \log(x^2+x+1) + \frac{1}{72} \log(x^2-x+1) - \frac{1}{36} \log(|x+1|) - \frac{1}{12} \log(|x-1|)$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(-x^3+1)/(x^3+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/12*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) - 1/36*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(
3)*(2*x - 1)) - 1/6*x/(x^3 + 1) + 1/24*log(x^2 + x + 1) + 1/72*log(x^2 - x
+ 1) - 1/36*log(abs(x + 1)) - 1/12*log(abs(x - 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2} dx = -\frac{\ln(x-1)}{12} - \frac{\ln(x+1)}{36} - \frac{x}{6(x^3+1)}$$

$$- \ln\left(x + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{24} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{24}\right)$$

$$+ \ln\left(x + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{24} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{24}\right)$$

$$+ \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{72} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{72}\right)$$

$$- \ln\left(x - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{72} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{li}}{72}\right)$$

input `int(-x^3/((x^3 - 1)*(x^3 + 1)^2),x)`output `log(x + (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 + 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/24 + 1/24) - log(x + 1)/36 - x/(6*(x^3 + 1)) - log(x - (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 + 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/24 - 1/24) - log(x - 1)/12 + log(x - (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/72 + 1/72) - log(x + (3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((3^(1/2)*1i)/72 - 1/72)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) x^3 - 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + 6\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) x^3 + 6\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \log(x^2 - x + 1) x^3}{(1-x^3)(1+x^3)^2}$$

input `int(x^3/(-x^3+1)/(x^3+1)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x - 1)/sqrt(3))*x**3 - 2*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x - 1)/sqrt
(3)) + 6*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x + 1)/sqrt(3))*x**3 + 6*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x + 1)/s
qrt(3)) + log(x**2 - x + 1)*x**3 + log(x**2 - x + 1) + 3*log(x**2 + x + 1)
*x**3 + 3*log(x**2 + x + 1) - 6*log(x - 1)*x**3 - 6*log(x - 1) - 2*log(x +
1)*x**3 - 2*log(x + 1) - 12*x)/(72*(x**3 + 1))
```

**3.451**  $\int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(1+x^4)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3152
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3152
Rubi [A] (verified)	3153
Maple [C] (verified)	3157
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3158
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3158
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3159
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3159
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3160
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3160

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(1+x^4)^2} dx = -\frac{x}{8(1+x^4)} + \frac{\arctan(x)}{8} + \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{16\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(1+\sqrt{2}x)}{16\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{8} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{1+x^2}\right)}{16\sqrt{2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*x/(x^4+1)+1/8*arctan(x)-1/32*arctan(-1+x*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)-1/32*arctan(1+x*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+1/8*arctanh(x)-1/32*arctanh(2^(1/2)*x/(x^2+1))*2^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(1+x^4)^2} dx = \frac{1}{64} \left( -\frac{8x}{1+x^4} + 8 \arctan(x) + 2\sqrt{2} \arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x) - 2\sqrt{2} \arctan(1+\sqrt{2}x) - 4 \log(1-x) + 4 \log(1+x) + \sqrt{2} \log(1-\sqrt{2}x+x^2) - \sqrt{2} \log(1+\sqrt{2}x+x^2) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4/((1 - x^4)*(1 + x^4)^2),x]`

output `((-8*x)/(1 + x^4) + 8*ArcTan[x] + 2*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[2]*x] - 2*Sqrt[2]*ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[2]*x] - 4*Log[1 - x] + 4*Log[1 + x] + Sqrt[2]*Log[1 - Sqrt[2]*x + x^2] - Sqrt[2]*Log[1 + Sqrt[2]*x + x^2])/64`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.650$ , Rules used = {971, 1020, 755, 756, 216, 219, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(x^4+1)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{971} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{3x^4+1}{(1-x^4)(x^4+1)} dx - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1020} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{1-x^4} dx - \int \frac{1}{x^4+1} dx \right) - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{755} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{1-x^4} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-x^2}{x^4+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2+1}{x^4+1} dx \right) - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{756} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{1-x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-x^2}{x^4+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2+1}{x^4+1} dx \right) - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{1-x^2} dx + \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-x^2}{x^4+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2+1}{x^4+1} dx \right) - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-x^2}{x^4+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2+1}{x^4+1} dx + 2 \left( \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)}$$

↓ 1476

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\sqrt{2}x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+\sqrt{2}x+1} dx \right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-x^2}{x^4+1} dx + 2 \left( \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)}$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-x^2}{x^4+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{-(\sqrt{2}x+1)^2-1} d(\sqrt{2}x+1)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-(1-\sqrt{2}x)^2-1} d(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) + 2 \left( \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2} \right) - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-x^2}{x^4+1} dx + 2 \left( \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}x+1)}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)}$$

↓ 1479

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt{2}x+1} dx}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}x+1)}{x^2+\sqrt{2}x+1} dx}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) + 2 \left( \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}x+1)}{\sqrt{2}} \right) - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt{2}x+1} dx}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}x+1)}{x^2+\sqrt{2}x+1} dx}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) + 2 \left( \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}x+1)}{\sqrt{2}} \right) - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{x^2-\sqrt{2}x+1} dx}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}x+1}{x^2+\sqrt{2}x+1} dx \right) + 2 \left( \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}x+1)}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( 2 \left( \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}x+1)}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\log(x^2-\sqrt{2}x+1)}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\log(x^2+\sqrt{2}x+1)}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)}$$

input `Int[x^4/((1 - x^4)*(1 + x^4)^2),x]`

output `-1/8*x/(1 + x^4) + ((ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[2]*x]/Sqrt[2] - ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[2]*x]/Sqrt[2])/2 + 2*(ArcTan[x]/2 + ArcTanh[x]/2) + (Log[1 - Sqrt[2]*x + x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]) - Log[1 + Sqrt[2]*x + x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]))/2)/8`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`



rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 755  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^4)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{r = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], s = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(r - s \cdot x^2)/(a + b \cdot x^4), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(r + s \cdot x^2)/(a + b \cdot x^4), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a/b, 0] \ || \ (\text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, a]] \ \& \ \& \ \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, b]]))$

rule 756  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^4)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{r = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], s = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]]\}, \text{Simp}[r/(2 \cdot a) \ \text{Int}[1/(r - s \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[r/(2 \cdot a) \ \text{Int}[1/(r + s \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a/b, 0]$

rule 971  $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^n)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^n)^{q_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e^{(n-1)} \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m-n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^n)^{q+1}) / (n \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[e^n / (n \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m-n} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^n)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (m-n+1) + d \cdot (m+n \cdot (p+q+1)+1) \cdot x^n, x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GeQ}[n, m-n+1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m-n+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]$

rule 1020  $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x)^n) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^n) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^n)^{q_})], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot e - a \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x^n), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d \cdot e - c \cdot f) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Int}[1/(c + d \cdot x^n), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$

rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$   $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1476 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]`

rule 1479 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]`

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{x}{8(x^4+1)} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{16} + \frac{\arctan(x)}{8} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{16} + \frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(-Z^4+1)} -R \ln(x-R)\right)}{32}$	47
default	$-\frac{x}{8(x^4+1)} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \ln\left(\frac{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64} + \frac{\arctan(x)}{8} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{16} - \frac{\ln(x-1)}{16}$	79

input `int(x^4/(-x^4+1)/(x^4+1)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8*x/(x^4+1)+1/16*ln(x+1)+1/8*arctan(x)-1/16*ln(x-1)+1/32*sum(_R*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(-Z^4+1))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(1+x^4)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}(x^4+1)\arctan(\sqrt{2}x+1) + 2\sqrt{2}(x^4+1)\arctan(\sqrt{2}x-1) + \sqrt{2}(x^4+1)\log(x^2+\sqrt{2}x+1) - \sqrt{2}(x^4+1)\log(x^2-\sqrt{2}x+1) - 8(x^4+1)\arctan(x) - 4(x^4+1)\log(x+1) + 4(x^4+1)\log(x-1) + 8x}{(x^4+1)^2}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(-x^4+1)/(x^4+1)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/64*(2*sqrt(2)*(x^4 + 1)*arctan(sqrt(2)*x + 1) + 2*sqrt(2)*(x^4 + 1)*arctan(sqrt(2)*x - 1) + sqrt(2)*(x^4 + 1)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x + 1) - sqrt(2)*(x^4 + 1)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x + 1) - 8*(x^4 + 1)*arctan(x) - 4*(x^4 + 1)*log(x + 1) + 4*(x^4 + 1)*log(x - 1) + 8*x)/(x^4 + 1)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 145.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(1+x^4)^2} dx = -\frac{x}{8x^4+8} - \frac{\log(x-1)}{16} + \frac{\log(x+1)}{16} - \frac{i\log(x-i)}{16} + \frac{i\log(x+i)}{16} - \text{RootSum}\left(1048576t^4+1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{50331648t^5}{17} + \frac{496t}{17} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

input `integrate(x**4/(-x**4+1)/(x**4+1)**2,x)`

output `-x/(8*x**4 + 8) - log(x - 1)/16 + log(x + 1)/16 - I*log(x - I)/16 + I*log(x + I)/16 - RootSum(1048576*_t**4 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-50331648*_t**5/17 + 496*_t/17 + x)))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(1+x^4)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}(2x + \sqrt{2})\right) - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}(2x - \sqrt{2})\right) - \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{2} \log(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x + 1) + \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{2} \log(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x + 1) - \frac{x}{8(x^4 + 1)} + \frac{1}{8} \arctan(x) + \frac{1}{16} \log(x + 1) - \frac{1}{16} \log(x - 1)$$

input `integrate(x^4/(-x^4+1)/(x^4+1)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/32*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2))) - 1/32*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2))) - 1/64*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x + 1) + 1/64*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x + 1) - 1/8*x/(x^4 + 1) + 1/8*arctan(x) + 1/16*log(x + 1) - 1/16*log(x - 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(1+x^4)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}(2x + \sqrt{2})\right) - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}(2x - \sqrt{2})\right) - \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{2} \log(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x + 1) + \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{2} \log(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x + 1) - \frac{x}{8(x^4 + 1)} + \frac{1}{8} \arctan(x) + \frac{1}{16} \log(|x + 1|) - \frac{1}{16} \log(|x - 1|)$$

input `integrate(x^4/(-x^4+1)/(x^4+1)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/32*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2))) - 1/32*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/
2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2))) - 1/64*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x + 1) + 1/64*
sqrt(2)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x + 1) - 1/8*x/(x^4 + 1) + 1/8*arctan(x) + 1/16*
log(abs(x + 1)) - 1/16*log(abs(x - 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(1+x^4)^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}(x)}{8} - \frac{x}{8(x^4+1)} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}(x) \operatorname{li}}{8} + \frac{(-1)^{1/4} \operatorname{atan}\left((-1)^{1/4} x\right) \operatorname{li}}{16} - \frac{(-1)^{3/4} \operatorname{atan}\left((-1)^{3/4} x\right) \operatorname{li}}{16}$$

input

```
int(-x^4/((x^4 - 1)*(x^4 + 1)^2),x)
```

output

```
atan(x)/8 - (atan(x*1i)*1i)/8 + ((-1)^(1/4)*atan((-1)^(1/4)*x)*1i/16 - ((
-1)^(3/4)*atan((-1)^(3/4)*x)*1i/16 - x/(8*(x^4 + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(1-x^4)(1+x^4)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) x^4 + 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) x^4 - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + 8 \operatorname{atan}(x) x^4 + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x^4/(-x^4+1)/(x^4+1)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(2) - 2*x)/sqrt(2))*x**4 + 2*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(2) -
2*x)/sqrt(2)) - 2*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(2) + 2*x)/sqrt(2))*x**4 - 2*sqrt(2)*a
tan((sqrt(2) + 2*x)/sqrt(2)) + 8*atan(x)*x**4 + 8*atan(x) + sqrt(2)*log( -
sqrt(2)*x + x**2 + 1)*x**4 + sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(2)*x + x**2 + 1) - sqrt(
2)*log(sqrt(2)*x + x**2 + 1)*x**4 - sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(2)*x + x**2 + 1) - 4*
log(x - 1)*x**4 - 4*log(x - 1) + 4*log(x + 1)*x**4 + 4*log(x + 1) - 8*x)/(
64*(x**4 + 1))
```

**3.452**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3162
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3162
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3163
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3164
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)^3 x^n}{d^4 n} + \frac{b(b^2 c^2 - 3abcd + 3a^2 d^2) x^{2n}}{2d^3 n} - \frac{b^2(bc-3ad)x^{3n}}{3d^2 n} + \frac{b^3 x^{4n}}{4dn} + \frac{c(bc-ad)^3 \log(c+dx^n)}{d^5 n}$$

output

```
-(-a*d+b*c)^3*x^n/d^4/n+1/2*b*(3*a^2*d^2-3*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*x^(2*n)/d^3/n-1/3*b^2*(-3*a*d+b*c)*x^(3*n)/d^2/n+1/4*b^3*x^(4*n)/d/n+c*(-a*d+b*c)^3*ln(c+d*x^n)/d^5/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{dx^n(12a^3d^3 + 18a^2bd^2(-2c+dx^n) + 6ab^2d(6c^2 - 3cdx^n + 2d^2x^{2n}) + b^3(-12c^3 + 6c^2dx^n - 4cd^2x^{2n} + 3d^3x^{3n}))}{12d^5n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 + 2*n))*(a + b*x^n)^3]/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

$$(d*x^n*(12*a^3*d^3 + 18*a^2*b*d^2*(-2*c + d*x^n) + 6*a*b^2*d*(6*c^2 - 3*c*d*x^n + 2*d^2*x^(2*n))) + b^3*(-12*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x^n - 4*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*d^3*x^(3*n))) + 12*c*(b*c - a*d)^3*Log[c + d*x^n])/(12*d^5*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{2n-1}(a + bx^n)^3}{c + dx^n} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^n(bx^n+a)^3}{dx^n+c} dx^n$$

n

↓ 86

$$\int \left( \frac{b(b^2c^2-3abdc+3a^2d^2)x^n}{d^3} - \frac{b^2(bc-3ad)x^{2n}}{d^2} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{d} + \frac{(ad-bc)^3}{d^4} + \frac{c(bc-ad)^3}{d^4(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n$$

n

↓ 2009

$$\frac{bx^{2n}(3a^2d^2-3abcd+b^2c^2)}{2d^3} - \frac{b^2x^{3n}(bc-3ad)}{3d^2} + \frac{c(bc-ad)^3 \log(c+dx^n)}{d^5} - \frac{x^n(bc-ad)^3}{d^4} + \frac{b^3x^{4n}}{4d}$$

n

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^{(-1 + 2*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^3)/(c + d*x^n), x]$$

output

$$(-(((b*c - a*d)^3*x^n)/d^4) + (b*(b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*x^(2*n))/(2*d^3) - (b^2*(b*c - 3*a*d)*x^(3*n))/(3*d^2) + (b^3*x^(4*n))/(4*d) + (c*(b*c - a*d)^3*Log[c + d*x^n])/d^5)/n$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
norman	$\frac{(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3) e^{n \ln(x)}}{d^4 n} + \frac{b^3 e^{4n \ln(x)}}{4dn} + \frac{b(3a^2 d^2 - 3abcd + b^2 c^2) e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2d^3 n} + \frac{b^2(3ad - cb) e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3d^2 n} - \frac{c(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)}{d^4 n}$
risch	$\frac{b^3 x^{4n}}{4dn} + \frac{b^2 x^{3n} a}{dn} - \frac{b^3 x^{3n} c}{3d^2 n} + \frac{3b x^{2n} a^2}{2dn} - \frac{3b^2 x^{2n} a c}{2d^2 n} + \frac{b^3 x^{2n} c^2}{2d^3 n} + \frac{x^n a^3}{dn} - \frac{3x^n a^2 b c}{d^2 n} + \frac{3x^n a b^2 c^2}{d^3 n} - \frac{x^n b^3 c^3}{d^4 n} - \frac{c \ln(x)}{a}$

input

```
int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d^4*(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)/n*exp(n*ln(x))+1/4*b^3/d/n*exp(n*ln(x))^4+1/2*b*(3*a^2*d^2-3*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/d^3/n*exp(n*ln(x))^2+1/3*b^2*(3*a*d-b*c)/d^2/n*exp(n*ln(x))^3-c*(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)/d^5/n*ln(c+d*exp(n*ln(x)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^3d^4x^{4n} - 4(b^3cd^3 - 3ab^2d^4)x^{3n} + 6(b^3c^2d^2 - 3ab^2cd^3 + 3a^2bd^4)x^{2n} - 12(b^3c^3d - 3ab^2c^2d^2 + 3a^2bcd^3)x^n - 12(b^3c^3d - 3ab^2c^2d^2 + 3a^2bcd^3)}{12d^5n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*b^3*d^4*x^(4*n) - 4*(b^3*c*d^3 - 3*a*b^2*d^4)*x^(3*n) + 6*(b^3*c^2*d^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*d^4)*x^(2*n) - 12*(b^3*c^3*d - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^3 - a^3*d^4)*x^n + 12*(b^3*c^4 - 3*a*b^2*c^3*d + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*d^3)*log(d*x^n + c))/(d^5*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs. 2(114) = 228.

Time = 5.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{(a+b)^3 \log(x)}{c} \\ \frac{\frac{a^3 x^{2n-1}}{2n} + \frac{a^2 b x^n x^{2n-1}}{n} + \frac{3 a b^2 x^{2n} x^{2n-1}}{4n} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n} x^{2n-1}}{5n}}{c} \\ \frac{(a+b)^3 \log(x)}{c+d} \\ -\frac{a^3 c \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x^n\right)}{d^2 n} + \frac{a^3 x^n}{d n} + \frac{3 a^2 b c^2 \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x^n\right)}{d^3 n} - \frac{3 a^2 b c x^n}{d^2 n} + \frac{3 a^2 b x^{2n}}{2 d n} - \frac{3 a b^2 c^3 \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x^n\right)}{d^4 n} + \frac{3 a b^2 c^2 x^n}{d^3 n} - \frac{3 a b^2 c x^{2n}}{2 d^2 n} + \frac{a b^2 x^{3n}}{d n} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((a + b)**3*log(x)/c, Eq(d, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), ((a**3*x*x**(2*n - 1)
)/(2*n) + a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(2*n - 1)/n + 3*a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/
(4*n) + b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(5*n))/c, Eq(d, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(
x)/(c + d), Eq(n, 0)), (-a**3*c*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**2*n) + a**3*x**n/(d*n)
+ 3*a**2*b*c**2*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**3*n) - 3*a**2*b*c*x**n/(d**2*n) + 3*a
**2*b*x**(2*n)/(2*d*n) - 3*a*b**2*c**3*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**4*n) + 3*a*b**2
*c**2*x**n/(d**3*n) - 3*a*b**2*c*x**(2*n)/(2*d**2*n) + a*b**2*x**(3*n)/(d*
n) + b**3*c**4*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**5*n) - b**3*c**3*x**n/(d**4*n) + b**3*c
**2*x**(2*n)/(2*d**3*n) - b**3*c*x**(3*n)/(3*d**2*n) + b**3*x**(4*n)/(4*d*
n), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= a^3 \left( \frac{x^n}{dn} - \frac{c \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^2n} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} b^3 \left( \frac{12c^4 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^5n} + \frac{3d^3x^{4n} - 4cd^2x^{3n} + 6c^2dx^{2n} - 12c^3x^n}{d^4n} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} ab^2 \left( \frac{6c^3 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^4n} - \frac{2d^2x^{3n} - 3cdx^{2n} + 6c^2x^n}{d^3n} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} a^2b \left( \frac{2c^2 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^3n} + \frac{dx^{2n} - 2cx^n}{d^2n} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
a^3*(x^n/(d*n) - c*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^2*n)) + 1/12*b^3*(12*c^4*log((d*x
^n + c)/d)/(d^5*n) + (3*d^3*x^(4*n) - 4*c*d^2*x^(3*n) + 6*c^2*d*x^(2*n) -
12*c^3*x^n)/(d^4*n)) - 1/2*a*b^2*(6*c^3*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^4*n) - (2*d^
2*x^(3*n) - 3*c*d*x^(2*n) + 6*c^2*x^n)/(d^3*n)) + 3/2*a^2*b*(2*c^2*log((d*
x^n + c)/d)/(d^3*n) + (d*x^(2*n) - 2*c*x^n)/(d^2*n))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^3 x^{2n-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^3*x^(2*n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$$

input `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3)/(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3)/(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^{4n}b^3d^4 + 12x^{3n}ab^2d^4 - 4x^{3n}b^3cd^3 + 18x^{2n}a^2bd^4 - 18x^{2n}ab^2cd^3 + 6x^{2n}b^3c^2d^2 + 12x^na^3d^4 - 36x^na^2bd^3}{(c+dx^n)^4}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(3*x**(4*n)*b**3*d**4 + 12*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*d**4 - 4*x**(3*n)*b**3*c*d**3 +
18*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*d**4 - 18*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*b**3*c**
2*d**2 + 12*x**n*a**3*d**4 - 36*x**n*a**2*b*c*d**3 + 36*x**n*a*b**2*c**2*d
**2 - 12*x**n*b**3*c**3*d - 12*log(x**n*d + c)*a**3*c*d**3 + 36*log(x**n*d
+ c)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 - 36*log(x**n*d + c)*a*b**2*c**3*d + 12*log(x**n*d
+ c)*b**3*c**4)/(12*d**5*n)
```

**3.453**       $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3169
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3169
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Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3172
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3173
Giac [F]	3173
Mupad [F(-1)]	3174
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3174

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)^2x^n}{d^3n} - \frac{b(bc-2ad)x^{2n}}{2d^2n} + \frac{b^2x^{3n}}{3dn} - \frac{c(bc-ad)^2 \log(c+dx^n)}{d^4n}$$

output

$(-a*d+b*c)^2*x^n/d^3/n-1/2*b*(-2*a*d+b*c)*x^(2*n)/d^2/n+1/3*b^2*x^(3*n)/d/n-c*(-a*d+b*c)^2*\ln(c+d*x^n)/d^4/n$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{dx^n(6a^2d^2+6abd(-2c+dx^n)+b^2(6c^2-3cdx^n+2d^2x^{2n}))-6c(bc-ad)^2 \log(c+dx^n)}{6d^4n}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^(-1 + 2*n))*(a + b*x^n)^2]/(c + d*x^n),x]`

output  $(d*x^n*(6*a^2*d^2 + 6*a*b*d*(-2*c + d*x^n) + b^2*(6*c^2 - 3*c*d*x^n + 2*d^2*x^(2*n))) - 6*c*(b*c - a*d)^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x^n])/(6*d^4*n)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{2n-1}(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^n(bx^n+a)^2}{dx^n+c} dx^n$$

n

↓ 86

$$\int \left( -\frac{b(bc-2ad)x^n}{d^2} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{d} + \frac{(ad-bc)^2}{d^3} - \frac{c(bc-ad)^2}{d^3(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n$$

n

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{c(bc-ad)^2 \log(c+dx^n)}{d^4} + \frac{x^n(bc-ad)^2}{d^3} - \frac{bx^{2n}(bc-2ad)}{2d^2} + \frac{b^2x^{3n}}{3d}}{n}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(x^{(-1 + 2*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^2)/(c + d*x^n), x]$

output  $((b*c - a*d)^2*x^n/d^3 - (b*(b*c - 2*a*d)*x^(2*n))/(2*d^2) + (b^2*x^(3*n)))/(3*d) - (c*(b*c - a*d)^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x^n])/d^4)/n$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 86 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2) e^{n \ln(x)}}{d^3 n} + \frac{b^2 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3dn} + \frac{b(2ad - cb) e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2d^2 n} - \frac{c(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2) \ln(c + d e^{n \ln(x)})}{d^4 n}$	118
risch	$\frac{b^2 x^{3n}}{3dn} + \frac{b x^{2n} a}{dn} - \frac{b^2 x^{2n} c}{2d^2 n} + \frac{x^n a^2}{dn} - \frac{2x^n abc}{d^2 n} + \frac{x^n b^2 c^2}{d^3 n} - \frac{c \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d}) a^2}{d^2 n} + \frac{2c^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d}) ab}{d^3 n} - \frac{c^3 \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d}) b^2}{d^4 n}$	16

```
input int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d^3*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/n*exp(n*ln(x))+1/3*b^2/d/n*exp(n*ln(x))^3+1/2*b*(2*a*d-b*c)/d^2/n*exp(n*ln(x))^2-c*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/d^4/n*ln(c+d*exp(n*ln(x)))
```



### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{2b^2d^3x^{3n} - 3(b^2cd^2 - 2abd^3)x^{2n} + 6(b^2c^2d - 2abcd^2 + a^2d^3)x^n - 6(b^2c^3 - 2abc^2d + a^2cd^2) \log(dx^n + c)}{6d^4n}$$

```
input integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/6*(2*b^2*d^3*x^(3*n) - 3*(b^2*c*d^2 - 2*a*b*d^3)*x^(2*n) + 6*(b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^n - 6*(b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + a^2*c*d^2)*log(d*x^n + c))/(d^4*n)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 3.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(a+b)^2 \log(x)}{c} & \text{for } d=0 \\ \frac{\frac{a^2 x x^{2n-1}}{2n} + \frac{2abx x^n x^{2n-1}}{3n} + \frac{b^2 x x^{2n} x^{2n-1}}{4n}}{c} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{(a+b)^2 \log(x)}{c+d} - \frac{a^2 c \log(\frac{c}{d} + x^n)}{d^2 n} + \frac{a^2 x^n}{dn} + \frac{2abc^2 \log(\frac{c}{d} + x^n)}{d^3 n} - \frac{2abcx^n}{d^2 n} + \frac{abx^{2n}}{dn} - \frac{b^2 c^3 \log(\frac{c}{d} + x^n)}{d^4 n} + \frac{b^2 c^2 x^n}{d^3 n} - \frac{b^2 cx^{2n}}{2d^2 n} + \frac{b^2 x^{3n}}{3dn} & \text{other} \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise(((a + b)**2*log(x)/c, Eq(d, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), ((a**2*x*x**(2*n - 1)
)/(2*n) + 2*a*b*x*x**n*x**(2*n - 1)/(3*n) + b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(
4*n))/c, Eq(d, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x)/(c + d), Eq(n, 0)), (-a**2*c*log(c/
d + x**n)/(d**2*n) + a**2*x**n/(d*n) + 2*a*b*c**2*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**3*n)
- 2*a*b*c*x**n/(d**2*n) + a*b*x**(2*n)/(d*n) - b**2*c**3*log(c/d + x**n)/
(d**4*n) + b**2*c**2*x**n/(d**3*n) - b**2*c*x**(2*n)/(2*d**2*n) + b**2*x**
(3*n)/(3*d*n), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx = a^2 \left( \frac{x^n}{dn} - \frac{c \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^2n} \right) - \frac{1}{6} b^2 \left( \frac{6c^3 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^4n} - \frac{2d^2x^{3n} - 3cdx^{2n} + 6c^2x^n}{d^3n} \right) + ab \left( \frac{2c^2 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^3n} + \frac{dx^{2n} - 2cx^n}{d^2n} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
a^2*(x^n/(d*n) - c*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^2*n)) - 1/6*b^2*(6*c^3*log((d*x^n
+ c)/d)/(d^4*n) - (2*d^2*x^(3*n) - 3*c*d*x^(2*n) + 6*c^2*x^n)/(d^3*n)) +
a*b*(2*c^2*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^3*n) + (d*x^(2*n) - 2*c*x^n)/(d^2*n))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2 x^{2n-1}}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^2*x^(2*n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$$

input `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/(c + d*x^n), x)`output `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/(c + d*x^n), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3n}b^2d^3 + 6x^{2n}abd^3 - 3x^{2n}b^2cd^2 + 6x^na^2d^3 - 12x^nabcd^2 + 6x^nb^2c^2d - 6\log(x^nd + c)a^2cd^2 + 12\log(x^nd + c)abcd - 6\log(x^nd + c)b^2c^2d}{6d^4n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n), x)`output `(2*x**(3*n)*b**2*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*a*b*d**3 - 3*x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d**2 + 6*x**n*a**2*d**3 - 12*x**n*a*b*c*d**2 + 6*x**n*b**2*c**2*d - 6*log(x**n*d + c)*a**2*c*d**2 + 12*log(x**n*d + c)*a*b*c**2*d - 6*log(x**n*d + c)*b**2*c**2*d)/(6*d**4*n)`

### 3.454 $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3175
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3175
Rubi [A] (verified)	3176
Maple [A] (verified)	3177
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3177
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3178
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3178
Giac [F]	3179
Mupad [F(-1)]	3179
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3179

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx = -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{d^2n} + \frac{bx^{2n}}{2dn} + \frac{c(bc-ad)\log(c+dx^n)}{d^3n}$$

output `-(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/d^2/n+1/2*b*x^(2*n)/d/n+c*(-a*d+b*c)*ln(c+d*x^n)/d^3/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{dx^n(-2bc+2ad+bdx^n)+2c(bc-ad)\log(c+dx^n)}{2d^3n}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1+2*n))*(a+b*x^n))/(c+d*x^n),x]`

output `(d*x^n*(-2*b*c+2*a*d+b*d*x^n)+2*c*(b*c-a*d)*Log[c+d*x^n])/(2*d^3*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{2n-1}(a + bx^n)}{c + dx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{948} \\
 \int \frac{x^n(bx^n+a)}{dx^n+c} dx^n \\
 \downarrow \text{86} \\
 \int \left( \frac{bx^n}{d} + \frac{ad-bc}{d^2} + \frac{c(bc-ad)}{d^2(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{\frac{c(bc-ad)\log(c+dx^n)}{d^3} - \frac{x^n(bc-ad)}{d^2} + \frac{bx^{2n}}{2d}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 + 2*n))*(a + b*x^n))/(c + d*x^n), x]`

output `(-(((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/d^2) + (b*x^(2*n))/(2*d) + (c*(b*c - a*d)*Log[c + d*x^n])/d^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{(ad-cb)e^{n \ln(x)}}{d^2 n} + \frac{b e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2dn} - \frac{c(ad-cb) \ln(c+d e^{n \ln(x)})}{d^3 n}$	65
risch	$\frac{b x^{2n}}{2dn} + \frac{x^n a}{dn} - \frac{x^n cb}{d^2 n} - \frac{c \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d}) a}{d^2 n} + \frac{c^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d}) b}{d^3 n}$	81

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d^2*(a*d-b*c)/n*exp(n*ln(x))+1/2*b/d/n*exp(n*ln(x))^2-c*(a*d-b*c)/d^3/n*ln(c+d*exp(n*ln(x)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{bd^2 x^{2n} - 2(bcd - ad^2)x^n + 2(bc^2 - acd) \log(dx^n + c)}{2d^3 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*d^2*x^(2*n) - 2*(b*c*d - a*d^2)*x^n + 2*(b*c^2 - a*c*d)*log(d*x^n + c))/(d^3*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 116 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(a+b)\log(x)}{c} & \text{for } d=0 \wedge n=0 \\ \frac{\frac{axx^{2n-1}}{2n} + \frac{bx^n x^{2n-1}}{3n}}{c} & \text{for } d=0 \\ \frac{(a+b)\log(x)}{c+d} & \text{for } n=0 \\ -\frac{ac\log(\frac{c}{d}+x^n)}{d^2n} + \frac{ax^n}{dn} + \frac{bc^2\log(\frac{c}{d}+x^n)}{d^3n} - \frac{bcx^n}{d^2n} + \frac{bx^{2n}}{2dn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise(((a + b)*log(x)/c, Eq(d, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), ((a*x*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*n) + b*x*x**n*x**(2*n - 1)/(3*n))/c, Eq(d, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x)/(c + d), Eq(n, 0)), (-a*c*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**2*n) + a*x**n/(d*n) + b*c**2*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**3*n) - b*c*x**n/(d**2*n) + b*x**(2*n)/(2*d*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= a \left( \frac{x^n}{dn} - \frac{c \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^2n} \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \left( \frac{2c^2 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^3n} + \frac{dx^{2n} - 2cx^n}{d^2n} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*(x^n/(d*n) - c*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^2*n)) + 1/2*b*(2*c^2*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^3*n) + (d*x^(2*n) - 2*c*x^n)/(d^2*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)x^{2n-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)*x^(2*n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx$$

input `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n))/(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n))/(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{x^{2n}bd^2 + 2x^na d^2 - 2x^nbcd - 2\log(x^nd+c)acd + 2\log(x^nd+c)bc^2}{2d^3n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*a*d**2 - 2*x**n*b*c*d - 2*log(x**n*d + c)*a*c*d + 2*log(x**n*d + c)*b*c**2)/(2*d**3*n)`



### 3.455 $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3180
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3180
Rubi [A] (verified)	3181
Maple [A] (verified)	3182
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3182
Sympy [F(-2)]	3183
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3183
Giac [F]	3183
Mupad [F(-1)]	3184
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3184

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{a \log(a+bx^n)}{b(bc-ad)n} + \frac{c \log(c+dx^n)}{d(bc-ad)n}$$

output `-a*ln(a+b*x^n)/b/(-a*d+b*c)/n+c*ln(c+d*x^n)/d/(-a*d+b*c)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{ad \log(a+bx^n) - bc \log(c+dx^n)}{b^2cdn - abd^2n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `-((a*d*Log[a + b*x^n] - b*c*Log[c + d*x^n])/(b^2*c*d*n - a*b*d^2*n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)} dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left( \frac{c}{(bc-ad)(dx^n+c)} - \frac{a}{(bc-ad)(bx^n+a)} \right) dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c \log(c+dx^n)}{d(bc-ad)} - \frac{a \log(a+bx^n)}{b(bc-ad)}$$

$$\frac{\quad}{n}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
((-(a*Log[a + b*x^n])/(b*(b*c - a*d))) + (c*Log[c + d*x^n])/(d*(b*c - a*d)))/n
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{a \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{(ad - cb)bn} - \frac{c \ln(c + d e^{n \ln(x)})}{dn(ad - cb)}$	59
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{db} + \frac{\ln(x)c}{d(ad - cb)} - \frac{\ln(x)a}{(ad - cb)b} - \frac{c \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d})}{dn(ad - cb)} + \frac{a \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{(ad - cb)bn}$	103

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/(a*d-b*c)/b/n*ln(a+b*exp(n*ln(x)))-c/d/n/(a*d-b*c)*ln(c+d*exp(n*ln(x)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = -\frac{ad \log(bx^n + a) - bc \log(dx^n + c)}{(b^2cd - abd^2)n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(a*d*log(b*x^n + a) - b*c*log(d*x^n + c))/((b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*n)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{a \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^2cn - abdn} + \frac{c \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{bcdn - ad^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-a*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^2*c*n - a*b*d*n) + c*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(b*c*d*n - a*d^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`output `int(x^(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x^n b + a) ad - \log(x^n d + c) bc}{bdn (ad - bc)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n), x)`output `(log(x**n*b + a)*a*d - log(x**n*d + c)*b*c)/(b*d*n*(a*d - b*c))`

**3.456**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3185
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3185
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Maple [A] (verified)	3187
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3189

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{a}{b(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{c \log(a+bx^n)}{(bc-ad)^2n} - \frac{c \log(c+dx^n)}{(bc-ad)^2n}$$

output

```
a/b/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)+c*ln(a+b*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n-c*ln(c+d*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{a}{b(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{c \log(a+bx^n)}{(bc-ad)^2n} - \frac{c \log(c+dx^n)}{(bc-ad)^2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
a/(b*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)) + (c*Log[a + b*x^n])/((b*c - a*d)^2*n) - (c*Log[c + d*x^n])/((b*c - a*d)^2*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a)^2(dx^n+c)} dx^n$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left( -\frac{a}{(bc-ad)(bx^n+a)^2} + \frac{bc}{(bc-ad)^2(bx^n+a)} - \frac{cd}{(bc-ad)^2(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a}{b(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} + \frac{c \log(a+bx^n)}{(bc-ad)^2} - \frac{c \log(c+dx^n)}{(bc-ad)^2}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(a/(b*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^n)) + (c*Log[a + b*x^n])/(b*c - a*d)^2 - (c*Log[c + d*x^n])/(b*c - a*d)^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{a}{(ad-cb)bn(a+bx^n)} - \frac{c \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d})}{n(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2)} + \frac{c \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{n(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2)}$	107
norman	$\frac{e^{n \ln(x)}}{(ad-cb)n(a+be^{n \ln(x)})} + \frac{c \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{n(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2)} - \frac{c \ln(c+de^{n \ln(x)})}{n(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2)}$	109

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-\frac{a}{(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2)} \frac{1}{b} \frac{1}{n} \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)} - \frac{c}{n} \frac{1}{(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2)} \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d}) + \frac{c}{n} \frac{1}{(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2)} \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{abc - a^2d + (b^2cx^n + abc) \log(bx^n + a) - (b^2cx^n + abc) \log(dx^n + c)}{(b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd + a^2b^2d^2)nx^n + (ab^3c^2 - 2a^2b^2cd + a^3bd^2)n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
(a*b*c - a^2*d + (b^2*c*x^n + a*b*c)*log(b*x^n + a) - (b^2*c*x^n + a*b*c)*
log(d*x^n + c))/((b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*n*x^n + (a*b^3*c^2
- 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*n)
```

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)
```

output

```
Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \frac{c \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^2c^2n - 2abcdn + a^2d^2n} - \frac{c \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{b^2c^2n - 2abcdn + a^2d^2n} + \frac{a}{ab^2cn - a^2bdn + (b^3cn - ab^2dn)x^n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
c*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^2*c^2*n - 2*a*b*c*d*n + a^2*d^2*n) - c*log((d*x^n
+ c)/d)/(b^2*c^2*n - 2*a*b*c*d*n + a^2*d^2*n) + a/(a*b^2*c*n - a^2*b*d*n +
(b^3*c*n - a*b^2*d*n)*x^n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^2(dx^n+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x^n \log(x^n b + a) bc - x^n \log(x^n d + c) bc + x^n a d - x^n bc + \log(x^n b + a) ac - \log(x^n d + c) ac}{n(x^n a^2 b d^2 - 2x^n a b^2 c d + x^n b^3 c^2 + a^3 d^2 - 2a^2 b c d + a b^2 c^2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `(x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*b*c - x**n*log(x**n*d + c)*b*c + x**n*a*d - x**n*b*c + log(x**n*b + a)*a*c - log(x**n*d + c)*a*c)/(n*(x**n*a**2*b*d**2 - 2*x**n*a*b**2*c*d + x**n*b**3*c**2 + a**3*d**2 - 2*a**2*b*c*d + a*b**2*c**2))`

**3.457**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3190
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3190
Rubi [A] (verified)	3191
Maple [A] (verified)	3192
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3193
Sympy [F(-2)]	3193
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3194
Giac [F]	3194
Mupad [F(-1)]	3195
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3195

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{a}{2b(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{c}{(bc-ad)^2n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{cd \log(a+bx^n)}{(bc-ad)^3n} + \frac{cd \log(c+dx^n)}{(bc-ad)^3n}$$

output `1/2*a/b/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)^2-c/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n/(a+b*x^n)-c*d*ln(a+b*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c)^3/n+c*d*ln(c+d*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c)^3/n`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{-abc - a^2d - 2b^2cx^n}{2b(bc-ad)^2n(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{cd \log(a+bx^n)}{(bc-ad)^3n} + \frac{cd \log(c+dx^n)}{(bc-ad)^3n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)/((a + b*x^n)^3*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output

$$\frac{-(a*b*c) - a^2*d - 2*b^2*c*x^n}{(2*b*(b*c - a*d)^{2*n}*(a + b*x^n)^2) - (c*d*\text{Log}[a + b*x^n])}/((b*c - a*d)^{3*n}) + (c*d*\text{Log}[c + d*x^n])/((b*c - a*d)^{3*n})$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a)^3(dx^n+c)} dx^n$$

↓ 86

$$\int \left( \frac{cd^2}{(bc-ad)^3(dx^n+c)} - \frac{bcd}{(bc-ad)^3(bx^n+a)} + \frac{bc}{(bc-ad)^2(bx^n+a)^2} - \frac{a}{(bc-ad)(bx^n+a)^3} \right) dx^n$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a}{2b(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{c}{(bc-ad)^2(a+bx^n)} - \frac{cd \log(a+bx^n)}{(bc-ad)^3} + \frac{cd \log(c+dx^n)}{(bc-ad)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 2*n)} / ((a + b*x^n)^3 * (c + d*x^n)), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(a/(2*b*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^n)^2) - c/((b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x^n)) - (c*d*\text{Log}[a + b*x^n])/(b*c - a*d)^3 + (c*d*\text{Log}[c + d*x^n])/(b*c - a*d)^3)/n$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2b^2cx^n+a^2d+abc}{2(ad-cb)^2bn(a+bx)^2} - \frac{cd \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d})}{n(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} + \frac{cd \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{n(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)}$
norman	$-\frac{bce^n \ln(x)}{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)^n} + \frac{a(-abd-b^2c)}{2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)b^2n} + \frac{cd \ln(a+be^n \ln(x))}{n(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} - \frac{cd \ln(c+de^n \ln(x))}{n(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)}$

input

```
int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(2*b^2*c*x^n+a^2*d+a*b*c)/(a*d-b*c)^2/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2-c*d/n/(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)*ln(x^n+c/d)+c*d/n/(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)*ln(x^n+a/b)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 267 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{ab^2c^2 - a^3d^2 + 2(b^3c^2 - ab^2cd)x^n + 2(b^3cdx^{2n} + 2ab^2cdx^n + a^2bcd) \log(bx^n + a) - 2(b^3cdx^{2n} + ab^2cdx^n + a^2bcd) \log(dx^n + c)}{2((b^6c^3 - 3ab^5c^2d + 3a^2b^4cd^2 - a^3b^3d^3)nx^{2n} + 2(ab^5c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2d + 3a^3b^3cd^2 - a^4b^2d^3)nx^n + (a^2b^5c^3 - 3a^3b^4c^2d + 3a^4b^3cd^2 - a^5b^2d^3)n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(a*b^2*c^2 - a^3*d^2 + 2*(b^3*c^2 - a*b^2*c*d)*x^n + 2*(b^3*c*d*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*c*d*x^n + a^2*b*c*d)*log(b*x^n + a) - 2*(b^3*c*d*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*c*d*x^n + a^2*b*c*d)*log(d*x^n + c))/((b^6*c^3 - 3*a*b^5*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^4*c*d^2 - a^3*b^3*d^3)*n*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b^5*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2*d + 3*a^3*b^3*c*d^2 - a^4*b^2*d^3)*n*x^n + (a^2*b^4*c^3 - 3*a^3*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^4*b^2*c*d^2 - a^5*b*d^3)*n)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**3/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{cd \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^3c^3n - 3ab^2c^2dn + 3a^2bcd^2n - a^3d^3n} + \frac{cd \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{b^3c^3n - 3ab^2c^2dn + 3a^2bcd^2n - a^3d^3n}$$

$$-\frac{2(a^2b^3c^2n - 2a^3b^2cdn + a^4bd^2n + (b^5c^2n - 2ab^4cdn + a^2b^3d^2n)x^{2n} + 2(ab^4c^2n - 2a^2b^3cdn + a^3b^2d^2n)x^n)}{2(a^2b^3c^2n - 2a^3b^2cdn + a^4bd^2n + (b^5c^2n - 2ab^4cdn + a^2b^3d^2n)x^{2n} + 2(ab^4c^2n - 2a^2b^3cdn + a^3b^2d^2n)x^n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-c*d*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^3*c^3*n - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d*n + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2*n - a^3*d^3*n) + c*d*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(b^3*c^3*n - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d*n + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2*n - a^3*d^3*n) - 1/2*(2*b^2*c*x^n + a*b*c + a^2*d)/(a^2*b^3*c^2*n - 2*a^3*b^2*c*d*n + a^4*b*d^2*n + (b^5*c^2*n - 2*a*b^4*c*d*n + a^2*b^3*d^2*n)*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b^4*c^2*n - 2*a^2*b^3*c*d*n + a^3*b^2*d^2*n)*x^n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^3(dx^n+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^3*(d*x^n + c)), x)`





**3.458**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3196
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3196
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3197
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	3198
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3199
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3199
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3200
Giac [F] . . . . .	3201
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3201
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3202

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{c(bc-ad)^3x^n}{d^5n} - \frac{(bc-ad)^3x^{2n}}{2d^4n} + \frac{b(b^2c^2-3abcd+3a^2d^2)x^{3n}}{3d^3n} - \frac{b^2(bc-3ad)x^{4n}}{4d^2n} + \frac{b^3x^{5n}}{5dn} - \frac{c^2(bc-ad)^3 \log(c+dx^n)}{d^6n}$$

output

```
c*(-a*d+b*c)^3*x^n/d^5/n-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^3*x^(2*n)/d^4/n+1/3*b*(3*a^2*d^2-3
*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*x^(3*n)/d^3/n-1/4*b^2*(-3*a*d+b*c)*x^(4*n)/d^2/n+1/5*b^3
*x^(5*n)/d/n-c^2*(-a*d+b*c)^3*ln(c+d*x^n)/d^6/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{dx^n(30a^3d^3(-2c+dx^n) + 30a^2bd^2(6c^2 - 3cdx^n + 2d^2x^{2n}) + 15ab^2d(-12c^3 + 6c^2dx^n - 4cd^2x^{2n} + 3d^3x^3)}{60d^6n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 + 3*n))*(a + b*x^n)^3]/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

$$(d*x^n*(30*a^3*d^3*(-2*c + d*x^n) + 30*a^2*b*d^2*(6*c^2 - 3*c*d*x^n + 2*d^2*x^(2*n)) + 15*a*b^2*d*(-12*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x^n - 4*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*d^3*x^(3*n)) + b^3*(60*c^4 - 30*c^3*d*x^n + 20*c^2*d^2*x^(2*n) - 15*c*d^3*x^(3*n) + 12*d^4*x^(4*n))) - 60*c^2*(b*c - a*d)^3*Log[c + d*x^n])/(60*d^6*n)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3n-1}(a + bx^n)^3}{c + dx^n} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^{2n}(bx^n+a)^3}{dx^n+c} dx^n$$

n

↓ 99

$$\int \left( \frac{(ad-bc)^3 x^n}{d^4} + \frac{b(b^2c^2-3abdc+3a^2d^2)x^{2n}}{d^3} - \frac{b^2(bc-3ad)x^{3n}}{d^2} + \frac{b^3x^{4n}}{d} + \frac{c(bc-ad)^3}{d^5} - \frac{c^2(bc-ad)^3}{d^5(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n$$

n

↓ 2009

$$\frac{bx^{3n}(3a^2d^2-3abcd+b^2c^2)}{3d^3} - \frac{b^2x^{4n}(bc-3ad)}{4d^2} - \frac{c^2(bc-ad)^3 \log(c+dx^n)}{d^6} + \frac{cx^n(bc-ad)^3}{d^5} - \frac{x^{2n}(bc-ad)^3}{2d^4} + \frac{b^3x^{5n}}{5d}$$

n

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^{(-1 + 3*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^3)/(c + d*x^n), x]$$

output

$$((c*(b*c - a*d)^3*x^n)/d^5 - ((b*c - a*d)^3*x^(2*n))/(2*d^4) + (b*(b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*x^(3*n))/(3*d^3) - (b^2*(b*c - 3*a*d)*x^(4*n))/(4*d^2) + (b^3*x^(5*n))/(5*d) - (c^2*(b*c - a*d)^3*Log[c + d*x^n])/d^6)/n$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 99 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 341 vs.  $2(150) = 300$ .

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^3 x^{5n}}{5dn} + \frac{3b^2 x^{4n} a}{4dn} - \frac{b^3 x^{4n} c}{4d^2 n} + \frac{b x^{3n} a^2}{dn} - \frac{b^2 x^{3n} a c}{d^2 n} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n} c^2}{3d^3 n} + \frac{x^{2n} a^3}{2dn} - \frac{3x^{2n} a^2 b c}{2d^2 n} + \frac{3x^{2n} a b^2 c^2}{2d^3 n} - \frac{x^{2n} b^3 c^3}{2d^4 n} - \frac{c x^{2n}}{d^5 n}$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{5}b^3/d/n*(x^n)^5 + 3/4*b^2/d/n*(x^n)^4*a - 1/4*b^3/d^2/n*(x^n)^4*c + b/d/n*(x^n)^3*a^2 - b^2/d^2/n*(x^n)^3*a*c + 1/3*b^3/d^3/n*(x^n)^3*c^2 + 1/2/d/n*(x^n)^2*a^3 - 3/2/d^2/n*(x^n)^2*a^2*b*c + 3/2/d^3/n*(x^n)^2*a*b^2*c^2 - 1/2/d^4/n*(x^n)^2*b^3*c^3 - c/d^2/n*x^n*a^3 + 3*c^2/d^3/n*x^n*a^2*b - 3*c^3/d^4/n*x^n*a*b^2 + c^4/d^5/n*x^n*b^3 + c^2/d^3/n*\ln(x^n+c/d)*a^3 - 3*c^3/d^4/n*\ln(x^n+c/d)*a^2*b + 3*c^4/d^5/n*\ln(x^n+c/d)*a*b^2 - c^5/d^6/n*\ln(x^n+c/d)*b^3$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{12b^3d^5x^{5n} - 15(b^3cd^4 - 3ab^2d^5)x^{4n} + 20(b^3c^2d^3 - 3ab^2cd^4 + 3a^2bd^5)x^{3n} - 30(b^3c^3d^2 - 3ab^2c^2d^3 + 3a^2bc^3d - 3a^3c^4)x^{2n} + 60(b^3c^4d - 3a^2b^2c^3d^2 + 3a^2b^2c^2d^3 - a^3c^3d^4)x^n - 60(b^3c^5 - 3a^2b^2c^4d + 3a^2b^2c^3d^2 - a^3c^2d^3)\log(dx^n + c)}{d^6n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{60}*(12*b^3*d^5*x^{(5*n)} - 15*(b^3*c*d^4 - 3*a*b^2*d^5)*x^{(4*n)} + 20*(b^3*c^2*d^3 - 3*a*b^2*c*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*d^5)*x^{(3*n)} - 30*(b^3*c^3*d^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^4 - a^3*d^5)*x^{(2*n)} + 60*(b^3*c^4*d - 3*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 - a^3*c*d^4)*x^n - 60*(b^3*c^5 - 3*a*b^2*c^4*d + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 - a^3*c^2*d^3)*\log(dx^n + c))/(d^6*n)$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 428 vs. 2(138) = 276.

Time = 7.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(a+b)^3 \log(x)}{c} \\ \frac{\frac{a^3 x x^{3n-1}}{3n} + \frac{3a^2 b x x^n x^{3n-1}}{4n} + \frac{3ab^2 x x^{2n} x^{3n-1}}{5n} + \frac{b^3 x x^{3n} x^{3n-1}}{6n}}{c} \\ \frac{(a+b)^3 \log(x)}{c+d} \\ \frac{a^3 c^2 \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x^n\right)}{d^3 n} - \frac{a^3 c x^n}{d^2 n} + \frac{a^3 x^{2n}}{2dn} - \frac{3a^2 b c^3 \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x^n\right)}{d^4 n} + \frac{3a^2 b c^2 x^n}{d^3 n} - \frac{3a^2 b c x^{2n}}{2d^2 n} + \frac{a^2 b x^{3n}}{dn} + \frac{3ab^2 c^4 \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x^n\right)}{d^5 n} - \frac{3ab^2 c^3 x^n}{d^4 n} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((a + b)**3*log(x)/c, Eq(d, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), ((a**3*x*x**(3*n - 1)
)/(3*n) + 3*a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(3*n - 1)/(4*n) + 3*a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(3*n
- 1)/(5*n) + b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(6*n))/c, Eq(d, 0)), ((a + b)**
3*log(x)/(c + d), Eq(n, 0)), (a**3*c**2*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**3*n) - a**3*c*
x**n/(d**2*n) + a**3*x**(2*n)/(2*d*n) - 3*a**2*b*c**3*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**
4*n) + 3*a**2*b*c**2*x**n/(d**3*n) - 3*a**2*b*c*x**(2*n)/(2*d**2*n) + a**2
*b*x**(3*n)/(d*n) + 3*a*b**2*c**4*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**5*n) - 3*a*b**2*c**3
*x**n/(d**4*n) + 3*a*b**2*c**2*x**(2*n)/(2*d**3*n) - a*b**2*c*x**(3*n)/(d*
**2*n) + 3*a*b**2*x**(4*n)/(4*d*n) - b**3*c**5*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**6*n) + b
**3*c**4*x**n/(d**5*n) - b**3*c**3*x**(2*n)/(2*d**4*n) + b**3*c**2*x**(3*n)
)/(3*d**3*n) - b**3*c*x**(4*n)/(4*d**2*n) + b**3*x**(5*n)/(5*d*n), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{60}b^3 \left( \frac{60c^5 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^6n} - \frac{12d^4x^{5n} - 15cd^3x^{4n} + 20c^2d^2x^{3n} - 30c^3dx^{2n} + 60c^4x^n}{d^5n} \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{4}ab^2 \left( \frac{12c^4 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^5n} + \frac{3d^3x^{4n} - 4cd^2x^{3n} + 6c^2dx^{2n} - 12c^3x^n}{d^4n} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}a^2b \left( \frac{6c^3 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^4n} - \frac{2d^2x^{3n} - 3cdx^{2n} + 6c^2x^n}{d^3n} \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{2}a^3 \left( \frac{2c^2 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^3n} + \frac{dx^{2n} - 2cx^n}{d^2n} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/60*b^3*(60*c^5*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^6*n) - (12*d^4*x^(5*n) - 15*c*d^3*
x^(4*n) + 20*c^2*d^2*x^(3*n) - 30*c^3*d*x^(2*n) + 60*c^4*x^n)/(d^5*n)) + 1
/4*a*b^2*(12*c^4*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^5*n) + (3*d^3*x^(4*n) - 4*c*d^2*x^(
3*n) + 6*c^2*d*x^(2*n) - 12*c^3*x^n)/(d^4*n)) - 1/2*a^2*b*(6*c^3*log((d*x^
n + c)/d)/(d^4*n) - (2*d^2*x^(3*n) - 3*c*d*x^(2*n) + 6*c^2*x^n)/(d^3*n)) +
1/2*a^3*(2*c^2*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^3*n) + (d*x^(2*n) - 2*c*x^n)/(d^2*n)
)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^3 x^{3n-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^3*x^(3*n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^3}{c+dx^n} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3)/(c + d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3)/(c + d*x^n), x)
```



**3.459**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3203
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3203
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3204
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3205
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3206
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3206
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3207
Giac [F] . . . . .	3208
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3208
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3208

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx = -\frac{c(bc-ad)^2x^n}{d^4n} + \frac{(bc-ad)^2x^{2n}}{2d^3n} - \frac{b(bc-2ad)x^{3n}}{3d^2n} + \frac{b^2x^{4n}}{4dn} + \frac{c^2(bc-ad)^2 \log(c+dx^n)}{d^5n}$$

output

```
-c*(-a*d+b*c)^2*x^n/d^4/n+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^2*x^(2*n)/d^3/n-1/3*b*(-2*a*d+b*c)*x^(3*n)/d^2/n+1/4*b^2*x^(4*n)/d/n+c^2*(-a*d+b*c)^2*ln(c+d*x^n)/d^5/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{dx^n(6a^2d^2(-2c+dx^n) + 4abd(6c^2 - 3cdx^n + 2d^2x^{2n}) + b^2(-12c^3 + 6c^2dx^n - 4cd^2x^{2n} + 3d^3x^{3n})) + 12c^2d^2x^{3n}}{12d^5n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 + 3*n))*(a + b*x^n)^2]/(c + d*x^n),x]
```



output

$$(d*x^n*(6*a^2*d^2*(-2*c + d*x^n) + 4*a*b*d*(6*c^2 - 3*c*d*x^n + 2*d^2*x^(2*n)) + b^2*(-12*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x^n - 4*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*d^3*x^(3*n))) + 12*c^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*Log[c + d*x^n])/(12*d^5*n)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3n-1}(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^{2n}(bx^n+a)^2}{dx^n+c} dx^n$$

n

↓ 99

$$\int \left( \frac{(ad-bc)^2 x^n}{d^3} - \frac{b(bc-2ad)x^{2n}}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 x^{3n}}{d} - \frac{c(bc-ad)^2}{d^4} + \frac{c^2(bc-ad)^2}{d^4(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n$$

n

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{c^2(bc-ad)^2 \log(c+dx^n)}{d^5} - \frac{cx^n(bc-ad)^2}{d^4} + \frac{x^{2n}(bc-ad)^2}{2d^3} - \frac{bx^{3n}(bc-2ad)}{3d^2} + \frac{b^2 x^{4n}}{4d}}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^{(-1 + 3*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^2)/(c + d*x^n), x]$$

output

$$(-((c*(b*c - a*d)^2*x^n)/d^4) + ((b*c - a*d)^2*x^(2*n))/(2*d^3) - (b*(b*c - 2*a*d)*x^(3*n))/(3*d^2) + (b^2*x^(4*n))/(4*d) + (c^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*Log[c + d*x^n])/d^5)/n$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 99  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)}, x)] := \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] | (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}((c_) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$  SumQ[u]

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^2 e^{4n \ln(x)}}{4dn} + \frac{(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2) e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2d^3 n} + \frac{b(2ad - cb) e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3d^2 n} - \frac{c(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2) e^{n \ln(x)}}{d^4 n} + \frac{c^2 (a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2) e^{0 \ln(x)}}{d^5 n}$
risch	$\frac{b^2 x^{4n}}{4dn} + \frac{2b x^{3n} a}{3dn} - \frac{b^2 x^{3n} c}{3d^2 n} + \frac{x^{2n} a^2}{2dn} - \frac{x^{2n} abc}{d^2 n} + \frac{x^{2n} b^2 c^2}{2d^3 n} - \frac{c x^n a^2}{d^2 n} + \frac{2c^2 x^n ab}{d^3 n} - \frac{c^3 x^n b^2}{d^4 n} + \frac{c^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d}) a^2}{d^3 n} - \frac{2c^3}{d^3 n}$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{4} b^2 / d / n * \exp(n * \ln(x))^{4} + 1/2 / d^3 * (a^2 * d^2 - 2 * a * b * c * d + b^2 * c^2) / n * \exp(n * \ln(x))^{2} + 1/3 * b * (2 * a * d - b * c) / d^2 / n * \exp(n * \ln(x))^{3} - c * (a^2 * d^2 - 2 * a * b * c * d + b^2 * c^2) / d^4 / n * \exp(n * \ln(x)) + c^2 / d^5 * (a^2 * d^2 - 2 * a * b * c * d + b^2 * c^2) / n * \ln(c + d * \exp(n * \ln(x)))$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2d^4x^{4n} - 4(b^2cd^3 - 2abd^4)x^{3n} + 6(b^2c^2d^2 - 2abcd^3 + a^2d^4)x^{2n} - 12(b^2c^3d - 2abc^2d^2 + a^2cd^3)x^n + 12d^5n}{12d^5n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*b^2*d^4*x^(4*n) - 4*(b^2*c*d^3 - 2*a*b*d^4)*x^(3*n) + 6*(b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^3 + a^2*d^4)*x^(2*n) - 12*(b^2*c^3*d - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*d^3)*x^n + 12*(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^3*d + a^2*c^2*d^2)*log(d*x^n + c))/(d^5*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 5.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{(a+b)^2 \log(x)}{c} \\ \frac{\frac{a^2 x^{3n-1}}{3n} + \frac{ab x^n x^{3n-1}}{2n} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n} x^{3n-1}}{5n}}{c} \\ \frac{(a+b)^2 \log(x)}{c+d} \\ \frac{a^2 c^2 \log(\frac{c}{d} + x^n)}{d^3 n} - \frac{a^2 c x^n}{d^2 n} + \frac{a^2 x^{2n}}{2dn} - \frac{2abc^3 \log(\frac{c}{d} + x^n)}{d^4 n} + \frac{2abc^2 x^n}{d^3 n} - \frac{abc x^{2n}}{d^2 n} + \frac{2abx^{3n}}{3dn} + \frac{b^2 c^4 \log(\frac{c}{d} + x^n)}{d^5 n} - \frac{b^2 c^3 x^n}{d^4 n} + \frac{b^2 c^2 x^{2n}}{2d^3 n} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((a + b)**2*log(x)/c, Eq(d, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), ((a**2*x*x**(3*n - 1)
)/(3*n) + a*b*x*x**n*x**(3*n - 1)/(2*n) + b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(5*
n))/c, Eq(d, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x)/(c + d), Eq(n, 0)), (a**2*c**2*log(c/
d + x**n)/(d**3*n) - a**2*c*x**n/(d**2*n) + a**2*x**(2*n)/(2*d*n) - 2*a*b*
c**3*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**4*n) + 2*a*b*c**2*x**n/(d**3*n) - a*b*c*x**(2*n)/
(d**2*n) + 2*a*b*x**(3*n)/(3*d*n) + b**2*c**4*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**5*n) - b
**2*c**3*x**n/(d**4*n) + b**2*c**2*x**(2*n)/(2*d**3*n) - b**2*c*x**(3*n)/(
3*d**2*n) + b**2*x**(4*n)/(4*d*n), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} b^2 \left( \frac{12 c^4 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^5 n} + \frac{3 d^3 x^{4n} - 4 c d^2 x^{3n} + 6 c^2 d x^{2n} - 12 c^3 x^n}{d^4 n} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{3} a b \left( \frac{6 c^3 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^4 n} - \frac{2 d^2 x^{3n} - 3 c d x^{2n} + 6 c^2 x^n}{d^3 n} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} a^2 \left( \frac{2 c^2 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^3 n} + \frac{d x^{2n} - 2 c x^n}{d^2 n} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*b^2*(12*c^4*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^5*n) + (3*d^3*x^(4*n) - 4*c*d^2*x^(
3*n) + 6*c^2*d*x^(2*n) - 12*c^3*x^n)/(d^4*n)) - 1/3*a*b*(6*c^3*log((d*x^n
+ c)/d)/(d^4*n) - (2*d^2*x^(3*n) - 3*c*d*x^(2*n) + 6*c^2*x^n)/(d^3*n)) + 1
/2*a^2*(2*c^2*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^3*n) + (d*x^(2*n) - 2*c*x^n)/(d^2*n))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^2 x^{3n-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2*x^(3*n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$$

input `int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2)/(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{3x^{4n}b^2d^4 + 8x^{3n}abcd^4 - 4x^{3n}b^2cd^3 + 6x^{2n}a^2d^4 - 12x^{2n}abc d^3 + 6x^{2n}b^2c^2d^2 - 12x^n a^2cd^3 + 24x^n abc^2d^2 - 12d^5n}{12d^5n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(3*x**(4*n)*b**2*d**4 + 8*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**4 - 4*x**(3*n)*b**2*c*d**3 + 6*x
**(2*n)*a**2*d**4 - 12*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 1
2*x**n*a**2*c*d**3 + 24*x**n*a*b*c**2*d**2 - 12*x**n*b**2*c**3*d + 12*log(
x**n*d + c)*a**2*c**2*d**2 - 24*log(x**n*d + c)*a*b*c**3*d + 12*log(x**n*d
+ c)*b**2*c**4)/(12*d**5*n)
```

**3.460**       $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3210
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3210
Rubi [A] (verified)	3211
Maple [A] (verified)	3212
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3212
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3213
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3213
Giac [F]	3214
Mupad [F(-1)]	3214
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3214

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{c(bc-ad)x^n}{d^3n} - \frac{(bc-ad)x^{2n}}{2d^2n} + \frac{bx^{3n}}{3dn} - \frac{c^2(bc-ad)\log(c+dx^n)}{d^4n}$$

output

```
c*(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/d^3/n-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*x^(2*n)/d^2/n+1/3*b*x^(3*n)/d/n-c^2*(-a*d+b*c)*ln(c+d*x^n)/d^4/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{dx^n(3ad(-2c+dx^n) + b(6c^2 - 3cdx^n + 2d^2x^{2n})) + 6c^2(-bc+ad)\log(c+dx^n)}{6d^4n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 + 3*n))*(a + b*x^n))/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(d*x^n*(3*a*d*(-2*c + d*x^n) + b*(6*c^2 - 3*c*d*x^n + 2*d^2*x^(2*n))) + 6*c^2*(-(b*c) + a*d)*Log[c + d*x^n])/(6*d^4*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3n-1}(a + bx^n)}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\int \frac{x^{2n}(bx^n+a)}{dx^n+c} dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(ad-bc)x^n}{d^2} + \frac{bx^{2n}}{d} + \frac{c(bc-ad)}{d^3} - \frac{c^2(bc-ad)}{d^3(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{c^2(bc-ad)\log(c+dx^n)}{d^4} + \frac{cx^n(bc-ad)}{d^3} - \frac{x^{2n}(bc-ad)}{2d^2} + \frac{bx^{3n}}{3d}}{n}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(-1 + 3*n))*(a + b*x^n))/(c + d*x^n), x]
```

output

```
((c*(b*c - a*d)*x^n)/d^3 - ((b*c - a*d)*x^(2*n))/(2*d^2) + (b*x^(3*n))/(3*d) - (c^2*(b*c - a*d)*Log[c + d*x^n])/d^4)/n
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```



rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3dn} + \frac{(ad-cb)e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2d^2n} - \frac{c(ad-cb)e^{n \ln(x)}}{d^3n} + \frac{c^2(ad-cb) \ln(c+d e^{n \ln(x)})}{d^4n}$	91
risch	$\frac{b x^{3n}}{3dn} + \frac{x^{2n}a}{2dn} - \frac{x^{2n}cb}{2d^2n} - \frac{c x^n a}{d^2n} + \frac{c^2 x^n b}{d^3n} + \frac{c^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d})a}{d^3n} - \frac{c^3 \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d})b}{d^4n}$	115

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*b/d/n*exp(n*ln(x))^3+1/2/d^2*(a*d-b*c)/n*exp(n*ln(x))^2-c*(a*d-b*c)/d^3/n*exp(n*ln(x))+c^2/d^4*(a*d-b*c)/n*ln(c+d*exp(n*ln(x)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{2bd^3x^{3n} - 3(bcd^2 - ad^3)x^{2n} + 6(bc^2d - acd^2)x^n - 6(bc^3 - ac^2d) \log(dx^n + c)}{6d^4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*b*d^3*x^(3*n) - 3*(b*c*d^2 - a*d^3)*x^(2*n) + 6*(b*c^2*d - a*c*d^2)*x^n - 6*(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d)*log(d*x^n + c))/(d^4*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{(a+b)\log(x)}{c} & \text{for } d=0 \wedge n=0 \\ \frac{\frac{axx^{3n-1}}{3n} + \frac{bx^n x^{3n-1}}{4n}}{c} & \text{for } d=0 \\ \frac{(a+b)\log(x)}{c+d} & \text{for } n=0 \\ \frac{ac^2 \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x^n\right)}{d^3 n} - \frac{acx^n}{d^2 n} + \frac{ax^{2n}}{2dn} - \frac{bc^3 \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x^n\right)}{d^4 n} + \frac{bc^2 x^n}{d^3 n} - \frac{bcx^{2n}}{2d^2 n} + \frac{bx^{3n}}{3dn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `Piecewise(((a + b)*log(x)/c, Eq(d, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), ((a*x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*n) + b*x*x**n*x**(3*n - 1)/(4*n))/c, Eq(d, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x)/(c + d), Eq(n, 0)), (a*c**2*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**3*n) - a*c*x**n/(d**2*n) + a*x**(2*n)/(2*d*n) - b*c**3*log(c/d + x**n)/(d**4*n) + b*c**2*x**n/(d**3*n) - b*c*x**n/(2*d**2*n) + b*x**(3*n)/(3*d*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n} dx = -\frac{1}{6} b \left( \frac{6c^3 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^4 n} - \frac{2d^2 x^{3n} - 3cdx^{2n} + 6c^2 x^n}{d^3 n} \right) + \frac{1}{2} a \left( \frac{2c^2 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{d^3 n} + \frac{dx^{2n} - 2cx^n}{d^2 n} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/6*b*(6*c^3*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^4*n) - (2*d^2*x^(3*n) - 3*c*d*x^(2*n)
+ 6*c^2*x^n)/(d^3*n)) + 1/2*a*(2*c^2*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(d^3*n) + (d*x^(2*
n) - 2*c*x^n)/(d^2*n))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)x^{3n-1}}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)*x^(3*n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}(a + bx^n)}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input

```
int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n))/(c + d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n))/(c + d*x^n), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{2x^{3n}bd^3 + 3x^{2n}ad^3 - 3x^{2n}bcd^2 - 6x^nac d^2 + 6x^nb c^2d + 6 \log(x^nd + c) a c^2d - 6 \log(x^nd + c) b c^3}{6d^4n}$$

input

```
int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
(2*x**(3*n)*b*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*d**3 - 3*x**(2*n)*b*c*d**2 - 6*x**n*a*c*  
d**2 + 6*x**n*b*c**2*d + 6*log(x**n*d + c)*a*c**2*d - 6*log(x**n*d + c)*b*  
c**3)/(6*d**4*n)
```

**3.461**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3216
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3216
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3217
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3218
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3218
Sympy [F(-2)] . . . . .	3219
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3219
Giac [F] . . . . .	3219
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3220
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3220

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x^n}{bdn} + \frac{a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^2(bc-ad)n} - \frac{c^2 \log(c+dx^n)}{d^2(bc-ad)n}$$

output `x^n/b/d/n+a^2*ln(a+b*x^n)/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n-c^2*ln(c+d*x^n)/d^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{a^2 d^2 \log(a+bx^n) + b(d(bc-ad)x^n - bc^2 \log(c+dx^n))}{b^2 d^2 (bc-ad)n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(a^2*d^2*Log[a + b*x^n] + b*(d*(b*c - a*d)*x^n - b*c^2*Log[c + d*x^n]))/(b^2*d^2*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 93, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)} dx^n$$

↓ 93

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2}{b(bc-ad)(bx^n+a)} + \frac{1}{bd} + \frac{c^2}{d(ad-bc)(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{c^2 \log(c+dx^n)}{d^2(bc-ad)} + \frac{x^n}{bd}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(x^n/(b*d) + (a^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)) - (c^2*Log[c + d*x^n])/(d^2*(b*c - a*d)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 93 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e + f*x)^p/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{e^{n \ln(x)}}{bdn} + \frac{c^2 \ln(c+de^{n \ln(x)})}{d^2 n(ad-cb)} - \frac{a^2 \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{(ad-cb)b^2 n}$	78
risch	$-\frac{\ln(x)a}{b^2 d} - \frac{\ln(x)c}{b d^2} + \frac{x^n}{bdn} - \frac{\ln(x)c^2}{d^2(ad-cb)} + \frac{\ln(x)a^2}{(ad-cb)b^2} + \frac{c^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d})}{d^2 n(ad-cb)} - \frac{a^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{(ad-cb)b^2 n}$	137

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/d/n*exp(n*ln(x))+c^2/d^2/n/(a*d-b*c)*ln(c+d*exp(n*ln(x)))-a^2/(a*d-b*c)/b^2/n*ln(a+b*exp(n*ln(x)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{a^2 d^2 \log(bx^n + a) - b^2 c^2 \log(dx^n + c) + (b^2 cd - abd^2)x^n}{(b^3 cd^2 - ab^2 d^3)n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a^2*d^2*log(b*x^n + a) - b^2*c^2*log(d*x^n + c) + (b^2*c*d - a*b*d^2)*x^n)/((b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*n)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{a^2 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^3cn - ab^2dn} - \frac{c^2 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{bcd^2n - ad^3n} + \frac{x^n}{bdn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^3*c*n - a*b^2*d*n) - c^2*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(b*c*d^2*n - a*d^3*n) + x^n/(b*d*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \frac{x^n ab d^2 - x^n b^2 cd - \log(x^n b + a) a^2 d^2 + \log(x^n d + c) b^2 c^2}{b^2 d^2 n (ad - bc)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n), x)`

output `(x**n*a*b*d**2 - x**n*b**2*c*d - log(x**n*b + a)*a**2*d**2 + log(x**n*d + c)*b**2*c**2)/(b**2*d**2*n*(a*d - b*c))`

**3.462**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3221
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3221
Rubi [A] (verified)	3222
Maple [A] (verified)	3223
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3224
Sympy [F(-2)]	3224
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3224
Giac [F]	3225
Mupad [F(-1)]	3225
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3226

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{a^2}{b^2(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{a(2bc-ad)\log(a+bx^n)}{b^2(bc-ad)^2n} + \frac{c^2\log(c+dx^n)}{d(bc-ad)^2n}$$

output

```
-a^2/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)-a*(-a*d+2*b*c)*ln(a+b*x^n)/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n+c^2*ln(c+d*x^n)/d/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{a^2}{b^2(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{a(-2bc+ad)\log(a+bx^n)}{b^2(bc-ad)^2n} + \frac{c^2\log(c+dx^n)}{d(-bc+ad)^2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{-(a^2/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n))) + (a*(-2*b*c + a*d)*\text{Log}[a + b*x^n])}{(b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*n) + (c^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x^n])/(d*(-(b*c) + a*d)^2*n)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)^2(dx^n+c)} dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{99} \\ & \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b(bc-ad)(bx^n+a)^2} + \frac{(ad-2bc)a}{b(bc-ad)^2(bx^n+a)} + \frac{c^2}{(bc-ad)^2(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{-\frac{a^2}{b^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} - \frac{a(2bc-ad)\log(a+bx^n)}{b^2(bc-ad)^2} + \frac{c^2\log(c+dx^n)}{d(bc-ad)^2}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 3*n)} / ((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x]$$

output

$$\frac{-(a^2/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^n))) - (a*(2*b*c - a*d)*\text{Log}[a + b*x^n])}{b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2) + (c^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x^n])/(d*(b*c - a*d)^2))/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 99  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)}, x_] := \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}\{m, n\} \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}\{p\} \mid \mid (\text{GtQ}\{m, 0\} \ \&\& \ \text{GeQ}\{n, -1\}))$

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}((c_) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}\{b*c - a*d, 0\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^2}{(ad-cb)b^2n(a+be^{n \ln(x)})} + \frac{c^2 \ln(c+de^{n \ln(x)})}{dn(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)} + \frac{a(ad-2cb) \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)b^2n}$
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{b^2d} - \frac{\ln(x)c^2}{d(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)} - \frac{\ln(x)a^2d}{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)b^2} + \frac{2 \ln(x)ac}{(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)b} + \frac{a^2}{(ad-cb)b^2n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{c^2 \ln(x^n)}{dn(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)}$

input  $\text{int}(x^{(-1+3*n)}/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $a^2/(a*d-b*c)/b^2/n/(a+b*\exp(n*\ln(x)))+c^2/d/n/(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*\ln(c+d*\exp(n*\ln(x)))+a*(a*d-2*b*c)/(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/b^2/n*\ln(a+b*\exp(n*\ln(x)))$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{a^2bcd - a^3d^2 + (2a^2bcd - a^3d^2 + (2ab^2cd - a^2bd^2)x^n) \log(bx^n + a) - (b^3c^2x^n + ab^2c^2) \log(dx^n + c)}{(b^5c^2d - 2ab^4cd^2 + a^2b^3d^3)nx^n + (ab^4c^2d - 2a^2b^3cd^2 + a^3b^2d^3)n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(a^2*b*c*d - a^3*d^2 + (2*a^2*b*c*d - a^3*d^2 + (2*a*b^2*c*d - a^2*b*d^2)*x^n)*log(b*x^n + a) - (b^3*c^2*x^n + a*b^2*c^2)*log(d*x^n + c))/((b^5*c^2*d - 2*a*b^4*c*d^2 + a^2*b^3*d^3)*n*x^n + (a*b^4*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + a^3*b^2*d^3)*n)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{c^2 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{b^2c^2dn - 2abcd^2n + a^2d^3n} - \frac{ab^3cn - a^2b^2dn + (b^4cn - ab^3dn)x^n}{a^2} - \frac{(2abc - a^2d) \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^4c^2n - 2ab^3cdn + a^2b^2d^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$c^2 \log\left(\frac{d x^n + c}{d}\right) / (b^2 c^2 d^n - 2 a b c d^2 n + a^2 d^3 n) - a^2 / (a b^3 c n - a^2 b^2 d n + (b^4 c n - a b^3 d n) x^n) - (2 a b c - a^2 d) \log\left(\frac{(b x^n + a) / b}{(b^4 c^2 n - 2 a b^3 c d n + a^2 b^2 d^2 n)}\right)$$

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + b x^n)^2 (c + d x^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(b x^n + a)^2 (d x^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + b x^n)^2 (c + d x^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a + b x^n)^2 (c + d x^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^n \log(x^n b + a) a^2 b d^2 - 2x^n \log(x^n b + a) a b^2 c d + x^n \log(x^n d + c) b^3 c^2 - x^n a^2 b d^2 + x^n a b^2 c d + \log(x^n b + a) a^3 d^2 - 2 \log(x^n b + a) a^2 b c d + \log(x^n d + c) a b^3 c^2}{b^2 d n (x^n a^2 b d^2 - 2x^n a b^2 c d + x^n b^3 c^2 + a^3 d^2 - 2a^2 b c d + a b^2 c^2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `(x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*d**2 - 2*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*c*d + x**n*log(x**n*d + c)*b**3*c**2 - x**n*a**2*b*d**2 + x**n*a*b**2*c*d + log(x**n*b + a)*a**3*d**2 - 2*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*c*d + log(x**n*d + c)*a*b**2*c**2)/(b**2*d*n*(x**n*a**2*b*d**2 - 2*x**n*a*b**2*c*d + x**n*b**3*c**2 + a**3*d**2 - 2*a**2*b*c*d + a*b**2*c**2))`

### 3.463 $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3227
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3227
Rubi [A] (verified)	3228
Maple [A] (verified)	3229
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3230
Sympy [F(-2)]	3230
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3231
Giac [F]	3231
Mupad [F(-1)]	3232
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3232

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2b^2(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{a(2bc-ad)}{b^2(bc-ad)^2n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{c^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{(bc-ad)^3n} - \frac{c^2 \log(c+dx^n)}{(bc-ad)^3n}$$

output

$$-1/2*a^2/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+a*(-a*d+2*b*c)/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n/(a+b*x^n)+c^2*ln(a+b*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c)^3/n-c^2*ln(c+d*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c)^3/n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{\frac{a(-bc+ad)(-3abc+a^2d-4b^2cx^n+2abdx^n)}{b^2(a+bx^n)^2} + 2c^2 \log(a+bx^n) - 2c^2 \log(c+dx^n)}{2(bc-ad)^3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)/((a + b*x^n)^3*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```



output

$$\frac{((a*(-(b*c) + a*d)*(-3*a*b*c + a^2*d - 4*b^2*c*x^n + 2*a*b*d*x^n))/(b^2*(a + b*x^n)^2) + 2*c^2*Log[a + b*x^n] - 2*c^2*Log[c + d*x^n])/(2*(b*c - a*d)^3*n)}{n}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 99, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)^3(dx^n+c)} dx^n$$

↓ 99

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2}{b(bc-ad)(bx^n+a)^3} + \frac{(ad-2bc)a}{b(bc-ad)^2(bx^n+a)^2} + \frac{bc^2}{(bc-ad)^3(bx^n+a)} - \frac{c^2d}{(bc-ad)^3(dx^n+c)} \right) dx^n$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{a^2}{2b^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{a(2bc-ad)}{b^2(bc-ad)^2(a+bx^n)} + \frac{c^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{(bc-ad)^3} - \frac{c^2 \log(c+dx^n)}{(bc-ad)^3}}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 3*n)} / ((a + b*x^n)^3 * (c + d*x^n)), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/2*a^2/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^n)^2) + (a*(2*b*c - a*d))/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x^n)) + (c^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/(b*c - a*d)^3 - (c^2*Log[c + d*x^n])/(b*c - a*d)^3)/n}{n}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 99 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)
)^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] |
| (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))
```

```
rule 948 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a(2abd x^n - 4b^2 c x^n + a^2 d - 3abc)}{2(ad - cb)^2 b^2 n(a + b x^n)^2} + \frac{c^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{c}{d})}{n(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)} - \frac{c^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{n(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)}$
norman	$\frac{(-ad + 2cb) a e^{n \ln(x)}}{nb(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)} + \frac{a^2(-ad + 3cb)}{2(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2) b^2 n} + \frac{c^2 \ln(c + d e^{n \ln(x)})}{n(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)} - \frac{c^2 \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{n(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)}$

```
input int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*a*(2*a*b*d*x^n-4*b^2*c*x^n+a^2*d-3*a*b*c)/(a*d-b*c)^2/b^2/n/(a+b*x^n)
^2+c^2/n/(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)*ln(x^n+c/d)-c^2/n/(
a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)*ln(x^n+a/b)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs.  $2(118) = 236$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2b^2c^2 - 4a^3bcd + a^4d^2 + 2(2ab^3c^2 - 3a^2b^2cd + a^3bd^2)x^n + 2(b^4c^2x^{2n} + 2ab^3c^2x^n + a^2b^2c^2) \log(bx^n + a)}{2((b^7c^3 - 3ab^6c^2d + 3a^2b^5cd^2 - a^3b^4d^3)nx^{2n} + 2(ab^6c^3 - 3a^2b^5c^2d + 3a^3b^4cd^2 - a^4b^3d^3)nx^n + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(3*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2 + 2*(2*a*b^3*c^2 - 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*x^n + 2*(b^4*c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^3*c^2*x^n + a^2*b^2*c^2)*log(b*x^n + a) - 2*(b^4*c^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^3*c^2*x^n + a^2*b^2*c^2)*log(d*x^n + c))/((b^7*c^3 - 3*a*b^6*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^5*c*d^2 - a^3*b^4*d^3)*n*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^5*c^2*d + 3*a^3*b^4*c*d^2 - a^4*b^3*d^3)*n*x^n + (a^2*b^5*c^3 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^2*d + 3*a^4*b^3*c*d^2 - a^5*b^2*d^3)*n)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**3/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs.  $2(118) = 236$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^3c^3n - 3ab^2c^2dn + 3a^2bcd^2n - a^3d^3n} - \frac{c^2 \log\left(\frac{dx^n+c}{d}\right)}{b^3c^3n - 3ab^2c^2dn + 3a^2bcd^2n - a^3d^3n}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a^2b^4c^2n - 2a^3b^3cdn + a^4b^2d^2n + (b^6c^2n - 2ab^5cdn + a^2b^4d^2n)x^{2n} + 2(ab^5c^2n - 2a^2b^4cdn + a^3b^3d^2n)x^n)}{3a^2bc - a^3d + 2(2ab^2c - a^2bd)x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c^2*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^3*c^3*n - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d*n + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2*n - a^3*d^3*n) - c^2*log((d*x^n + c)/d)/(b^3*c^3*n - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d*n + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2*n - a^3*d^3*n) + 1/2*(3*a^2*b*c - a^3*d + 2*(2*a*b^2*c - a^2*b*d)*x^n)/(a^2*b^4*c^2*n - 2*a^3*b^3*c*d*n + a^4*b^2*d^2*n + (b^6*c^2*n - 2*a*b^5*c*d*n + a^2*b^4*d^2*n)*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b^5*c^2*n - 2*a^2*b^4*c*d*n + a^3*b^3*d^2*n)*x^n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^3(dx^n+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^3*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^3*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^3*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2x^{2n} \log(x^n b + a) b^3 c^2 + 2x^{2n} \log(x^n d + c) b^3 c^2 + x^{2n} a^2 b d^2 - 3x^{2n} a b^2 c d + 2x^{2n} b^3 c^2 - 4x^n \log(x^n b + a)}{2bn (x^{2n} a^3 b^2 d^3 - 3x^{2n} a^2 b^3 c d^2 + 3x^{2n} a b^4 c^2 d - x^{2n} b^5 c^3 + 2x^n a^4 b d^3 - 6x^n a^3 b^2 c)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `( - 2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**3*c**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*d + c)*b**3*c**2 + x**(2*n)*a**2*b*d**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*c*d + 2*x**(2*n)*b**3*c**2 - 4*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*c**2 + 4*x**n*log(x**n*d + c)*a*b**2*c**2 - 2*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*log(x**n*d + c)*a**2*b*c**2 + a**3*c*d - a**2*b*c**2)/(2*b*n*(x**(2*n)*a**3*b**2*d**3 - 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**3*c*d**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**4*c**2*d - x**(2*n)*b**5*c**3 + 2*x**n*a**4*b*d**3 - 6*x**n*a**3*b**2*c*d**2 + 6*x**n*a**2*b**3*c**2*d - 2*x**n*a*b**4*c**3 + a**5*d**3 - 3*a**4*b*c*d**2 + 3*a**3*b**2*c**2*d - a**2*b**3*c**3))`

### 3.464 $\int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx$

Optimal result	3233
Mathematica [B] (verified)	3233
Rubi [A] (verified)	3234
Maple [A] (verified)	3235
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3235
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3236
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3236
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3237
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3238
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3238

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx = \frac{1}{14}x^{14}(b+cx)^{14}$$

output

```
1/14*x^14*(c*x+b)^14
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.29

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx = & \frac{b^{14}x^{14}}{14} + b^{13}cx^{15} + \frac{13}{2}b^{12}c^2x^{16} + 26b^{11}c^3x^{17} \\ & + \frac{143}{2}b^{10}c^4x^{18} + 143b^9c^5x^{19} + \frac{429}{2}b^8c^6x^{20} \\ & + \frac{1716}{7}b^7c^7x^{21} + \frac{429}{2}b^6c^8x^{22} + 143b^5c^9x^{23} + \frac{143}{2}b^4c^{10}x^{24} \\ & + 26b^3c^{11}x^{25} + \frac{13}{2}b^2c^{12}x^{26} + bc^{13}x^{27} + \frac{c^{14}x^{28}}{14} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^13*(b + c*x)^13*(b + 2*c*x), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(b^{14}x^{14})}{14} + b^{13}c*x^{15} + \frac{(13*b^{12}*c^2*x^{16})}{2} + 26*b^{11}*c^3*x^{17} + \frac{(143*b^{10}*c^4*x^{18})}{2} + 143*b^9*c^5*x^{19} + \frac{(429*b^8*c^6*x^{20})}{2} + \frac{(1716*b^7*c^7*x^{21})}{7} + \frac{(429*b^6*c^8*x^{22})}{2} + 143*b^5*c^9*x^{23} + \frac{(143*b^4*c^{10}*x^{24})}{2} + 26*b^3*c^{11}*x^{25} + \frac{(13*b^2*c^{12}*x^{26})}{2} + b*c^{13}*x^{27} + \frac{(c^{14}*x^{28})}{14}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx$$

↓ 83

$$\frac{1}{14}x^{14}(b+cx)^{14}$$

input

`Int[x^13*(b + c*x)^13*(b + 2*c*x),x]`

output

$$(x^{14}*(b + c*x)^{14})/14$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 83

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
orering	$\frac{x^{14}(cx+b)^{14}}{14}$
gospers	$143b^5c^9x^{23} + \frac{143}{2}b^4c^{10}x^{24} + 26b^3c^{11}x^{25} + \frac{13}{2}b^2c^{12}x^{26} + bc^{13}x^{27} + \frac{1}{14}c^{14}x^{28} + \frac{1}{14}b^{14}x^{14} + b^{13}c$
default	$143b^5c^9x^{23} + \frac{143}{2}b^4c^{10}x^{24} + 26b^3c^{11}x^{25} + \frac{13}{2}b^2c^{12}x^{26} + bc^{13}x^{27} + \frac{1}{14}c^{14}x^{28} + \frac{1}{14}b^{14}x^{14} + b^{13}c$
norman	$143b^5c^9x^{23} + \frac{143}{2}b^4c^{10}x^{24} + 26b^3c^{11}x^{25} + \frac{13}{2}b^2c^{12}x^{26} + bc^{13}x^{27} + \frac{1}{14}c^{14}x^{28} + \frac{1}{14}b^{14}x^{14} + b^{13}c$
risch	$143b^5c^9x^{23} + \frac{143}{2}b^4c^{10}x^{24} + 26b^3c^{11}x^{25} + \frac{13}{2}b^2c^{12}x^{26} + bc^{13}x^{27} + \frac{1}{14}c^{14}x^{28} + \frac{1}{14}b^{14}x^{14} + b^{13}c$
parallelrisch	$143b^5c^9x^{23} + \frac{143}{2}b^4c^{10}x^{24} + 26b^3c^{11}x^{25} + \frac{13}{2}b^2c^{12}x^{26} + bc^{13}x^{27} + \frac{1}{14}c^{14}x^{28} + \frac{1}{14}b^{14}x^{14} + b^{13}c$

input `int(x^13*(c*x+b)^13*(2*c*x+b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/14*x^14*(c*x+b)^14`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 154 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.00

$$\int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx = \frac{1}{14}c^{14}x^{28} + bc^{13}x^{27} + \frac{13}{2}b^2c^{12}x^{26} + 26b^3c^{11}x^{25} \\ + \frac{143}{2}b^4c^{10}x^{24} + 143b^5c^9x^{23} + \frac{429}{2}b^6c^8x^{22} + \frac{1716}{7}b^7c^7x^{21} \\ + \frac{429}{2}b^8c^6x^{20} + 143b^9c^5x^{19} + \frac{143}{2}b^{10}c^4x^{18} \\ + 26b^{11}c^3x^{17} + \frac{13}{2}b^{12}c^2x^{16} + b^{13}cx^{15} + \frac{1}{14}b^{14}x^{14}$$

input `integrate(x^13*(c*x+b)^13*(2*c*x+b),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
1/14*c^14*x^28 + b*c^13*x^27 + 13/2*b^2*c^12*x^26 + 26*b^3*c^11*x^25 + 143
/2*b^4*c^10*x^24 + 143*b^5*c^9*x^23 + 429/2*b^6*c^8*x^22 + 1716/7*b^7*c^7*
x^21 + 429/2*b^8*c^6*x^20 + 143*b^9*c^5*x^19 + 143/2*b^10*c^4*x^18 + 26*b^
11*c^3*x^17 + 13/2*b^12*c^2*x^16 + b^13*c*x^15 + 1/14*b^14*x^14
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs.  $2(10) = 20$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.50

$$\int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx = \frac{b^{14}x^{14}}{14} + b^{13}cx^{15} + \frac{13b^{12}c^2x^{16}}{2} + 26b^{11}c^3x^{17} + \frac{143b^{10}c^4x^{18}}{2} + 143b^9c^5x^{19} + \frac{429b^8c^6x^{20}}{2} + \frac{1716b^7c^7x^{21}}{7} + \frac{429b^6c^8x^{22}}{2} + 143b^5c^9x^{23} + \frac{143b^4c^{10}x^{24}}{2} + 26b^3c^{11}x^{25} + \frac{13b^2c^{12}x^{26}}{2} + bc^{13}x^{27} + \frac{c^{14}x^{28}}{14}$$

input

```
integrate(x**13*(c*x+b)**13*(2*c*x+b),x)
```

output

```
b**14*x**14/14 + b**13*c*x**15 + 13*b**12*c**2*x**16/2 + 26*b**11*c**3*x**
17 + 143*b**10*c**4*x**18/2 + 143*b**9*c**5*x**19 + 429*b**8*c**6*x**20/2
+ 1716*b**7*c**7*x**21/7 + 429*b**6*c**8*x**22/2 + 143*b**5*c**9*x**23 + 1
43*b**4*c**10*x**24/2 + 26*b**3*c**11*x**25 + 13*b**2*c**12*x**26/2 + b*c*
**13*x**27 + c**14*x**28/14
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 154 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.00

$$\int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx = \frac{1}{14} c^{14} x^{28} + bc^{13} x^{27} + \frac{13}{2} b^2 c^{12} x^{26} + 26 b^3 c^{11} x^{25} + \frac{143}{2} b^4 c^{10} x^{24} + 143 b^5 c^9 x^{23} + \frac{429}{2} b^6 c^8 x^{22} + \frac{1716}{7} b^7 c^7 x^{21} + \frac{429}{2} b^8 c^6 x^{20} + 143 b^9 c^5 x^{19} + \frac{143}{2} b^{10} c^4 x^{18} + 26 b^{11} c^3 x^{17} + \frac{13}{2} b^{12} c^2 x^{16} + b^{13} c x^{15} + \frac{1}{14} b^{14} x^{14}$$

input `integrate(x^13*(c*x+b)^13*(2*c*x+b),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/14*c^14*x^28 + b*c^13*x^27 + 13/2*b^2*c^12*x^26 + 26*b^3*c^11*x^25 + 143/2*b^4*c^10*x^24 + 143*b^5*c^9*x^23 + 429/2*b^6*c^8*x^22 + 1716/7*b^7*c^7*x^21 + 429/2*b^8*c^6*x^20 + 143*b^9*c^5*x^19 + 143/2*b^10*c^4*x^18 + 26*b^11*c^3*x^17 + 13/2*b^12*c^2*x^16 + b^13*c*x^15 + 1/14*b^14*x^14`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx = \frac{1}{14} (cx^2 + bx)^{14}$$

input `integrate(x^13*(c*x+b)^13*(2*c*x+b),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/14*(c*x^2 + b*x)^14`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.00

$$\int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx = \frac{b^{14}x^{14}}{14} + b^{13}cx^{15} + \frac{13b^{12}c^2x^{16}}{2} + 26b^{11}c^3x^{17} + \frac{143b^{10}c^4x^{18}}{2} + 143b^9c^5x^{19} + \frac{429b^8c^6x^{20}}{2} + \frac{1716b^7c^7x^{21}}{7} + \frac{429b^6c^8x^{22}}{2} + 143b^5c^9x^{23} + \frac{143b^4c^{10}x^{24}}{2} + 26b^3c^{11}x^{25} + \frac{13b^2c^{12}x^{26}}{2} + bc^{13}x^{27} + \frac{c^{14}x^{28}}{14}$$

input `int(x^13*(b + c*x)^13*(b + 2*c*x),x)`output  $(b^{14}x^{14})/14 + (c^{14}x^{28})/14 + b^{13}c*x^{15} + b*c^{13}*x^{27} + (13*b^{12}*c^2*x^{16})/2 + 26*b^{11}*c^3*x^{17} + (143*b^{10}*c^4*x^{18})/2 + 143*b^9*c^5*x^{19} + (429*b^8*c^6*x^{20})/2 + (1716*b^7*c^7*x^{21})/7 + (429*b^6*c^8*x^{22})/2 + 143*b^5*c^9*x^{23} + (143*b^4*c^{10}*x^{24})/2 + 26*b^3*c^{11}*x^{25} + (13*b^2*c^{12}*x^{26})/2$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.93

$$\int x^{13}(b+cx)^{13}(b+2cx) dx = \frac{x^{14}(c^{14}x^{14} + 14bc^{13}x^{13} + 91b^2c^{12}x^{12} + 364b^3c^{11}x^{11} + 1001b^4c^{10}x^{10} + 2002b^5c^9x^9 + 3003b^6c^8x^8 + 3432b^7c^7x^7 + 273b^8c^6x^6 + 143b^9c^5x^5 + 42b^{10}c^4x^4 + 13b^{11}c^3x^3 + 2b^{12}c^2x^2 + b^{13}cx + b^{14})}{14}$$

14

input `int(x^13*(c*x+b)^13*(2*c*x+b),x)`

output

```
(x**14*(b**14 + 14*b**13*c*x + 91*b**12*c**2*x**2 + 364*b**11*c**3*x**3 +
1001*b**10*c**4*x**4 + 2002*b**9*c**5*x**5 + 3003*b**8*c**6*x**6 + 3432*b*
*7*c**7*x**7 + 3003*b**6*c**8*x**8 + 2002*b**5*c**9*x**9 + 1001*b**4*c**10
*x**10 + 364*b**3*c**11*x**11 + 91*b**2*c**12*x**12 + 14*b*c**13*x**13 + c
**14*x**14))/14
```

### 3.465 $\int x^{27}(b + cx^2)^{13}(b + 2cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	3240
Mathematica [B] (verified)	3240
Rubi [A] (verified)	3241
Maple [A] (verified)	3242
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3243
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3243
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3244
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3245
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3245
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3246

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int x^{27}(b + cx^2)^{13}(b + 2cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{28}x^{28}(b + cx^2)^{14}$$

output

```
1/28*x^28*(c*x^2+b)^14
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. 2(16) = 32.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.38

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{27}(b + cx^2)^{13}(b + 2cx^2) dx = & \frac{b^{14}x^{28}}{28} + \frac{1}{2}b^{13}cx^{30} + \frac{13}{4}b^{12}c^2x^{32} + 13b^{11}c^3x^{34} \\ & + \frac{143}{4}b^{10}c^4x^{36} + \frac{143}{2}b^9c^5x^{38} + \frac{429}{4}b^8c^6x^{40} \\ & + \frac{858}{7}b^7c^7x^{42} + \frac{429}{4}b^6c^8x^{44} + \frac{143}{2}b^5c^9x^{46} + \frac{143}{4}b^4c^{10}x^{48} \\ & + 13b^3c^{11}x^{50} + \frac{13}{4}b^2c^{12}x^{52} + \frac{1}{2}bc^{13}x^{54} + \frac{c^{14}x^{56}}{28} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^27*(b + c*x^2)^13*(b + 2*c*x^2),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (b^{14}x^{28})/28 + (b^{13}c*x^{30})/2 + (13*b^{12}*c^2*x^{32})/4 + 13*b^{11}*c^3*x^{34} \\ & + (143*b^{10}*c^4*x^{36})/4 + (143*b^9*c^5*x^{38})/2 + (429*b^8*c^6*x^{40})/4 + ( \\ & 858*b^7*c^7*x^{42})/7 + (429*b^6*c^8*x^{44})/4 + (143*b^5*c^9*x^{46})/2 + (143*b \\ & ^4*c^{10}*x^{48})/4 + 13*b^3*c^{11}*x^{50} + (13*b^2*c^{12}*x^{52})/4 + (b*c^{13}*x^{54})/ \\ & 2 + (c^{14}*x^{56})/28 \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {354, 83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{27} (b + cx^2)^{13} (b + 2cx^2) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int x^{26} (cx^2 + b)^{13} (2cx^2 + b) dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{83} \\ & \frac{1}{28} x^{28} (b + cx^2)^{14} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{27}*(b + c*x^2)^{13}*(b + 2*c*x^2), x]$$

output

$$(x^{28}*(b + c*x^2)^{14})/28$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 83

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))),
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f
*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]
```

rule 354

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x
, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ
[(m - 1)/2]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
orering	$\frac{x^{28}(cx^2+b)^{14}}{28}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{2}bc^{13}x^{54} + \frac{1}{28}c^{14}x^{56} + \frac{13}{4}b^2c^{12}x^{52} + \frac{429}{4}b^6c^8x^{44} + \frac{143}{2}b^5c^9x^{46} + \frac{143}{4}b^4c^{10}x^{48} + 13b^3c^{11}x^{50} + 8$
default	$\frac{1}{2}bc^{13}x^{54} + \frac{1}{28}c^{14}x^{56} + \frac{13}{4}b^2c^{12}x^{52} + \frac{429}{4}b^6c^8x^{44} + \frac{143}{2}b^5c^9x^{46} + \frac{143}{4}b^4c^{10}x^{48} + 13b^3c^{11}x^{50} + 8$
risch	$\frac{1}{2}bc^{13}x^{54} + \frac{1}{28}c^{14}x^{56} + \frac{13}{4}b^2c^{12}x^{52} + \frac{429}{4}b^6c^8x^{44} + \frac{143}{2}b^5c^9x^{46} + \frac{143}{4}b^4c^{10}x^{48} + 13b^3c^{11}x^{50} + 8$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{2}bc^{13}x^{54} + \frac{1}{28}c^{14}x^{56} + \frac{13}{4}b^2c^{12}x^{52} + \frac{429}{4}b^6c^8x^{44} + \frac{143}{2}b^5c^9x^{46} + \frac{143}{4}b^4c^{10}x^{48} + 13b^3c^{11}x^{50} + 8$

input

```
int(x^27*(c*x^2+b)^13*(2*c*x^2+b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/28*x^28*(c*x^2+b)^14
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int x^{27}(b+cx^2)^{13}(b+2cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{28}c^{14}x^{56} + \frac{1}{2}bc^{13}x^{54} + \frac{13}{4}b^2c^{12}x^{52} \\ + 13b^3c^{11}x^{50} + \frac{143}{4}b^4c^{10}x^{48} + \frac{143}{2}b^5c^9x^{46} \\ + \frac{429}{4}b^6c^8x^{44} + \frac{858}{7}b^7c^7x^{42} + \frac{429}{4}b^8c^6x^{40} \\ + \frac{143}{2}b^9c^5x^{38} + \frac{143}{4}b^{10}c^4x^{36} + 13b^{11}c^3x^{34} \\ + \frac{13}{4}b^{12}c^2x^{32} + \frac{1}{2}b^{13}cx^{30} + \frac{1}{28}b^{14}x^{28}$$

input `integrate(x^27*(c*x^2+b)^13*(2*c*x^2+b),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/28*c^14*x^56 + 1/2*b*c^13*x^54 + 13/4*b^2*c^12*x^52 + 13*b^3*c^11*x^50 + 143/4*b^4*c^10*x^48 + 143/2*b^5*c^9*x^46 + 429/4*b^6*c^8*x^44 + 858/7*b^7*c^7*x^42 + 429/4*b^8*c^6*x^40 + 143/2*b^9*c^5*x^38 + 143/4*b^10*c^4*x^36 + 13*b^11*c^3*x^34 + 13/4*b^12*c^2*x^32 + 1/2*b^13*c*x^30 + 1/28*b^14*x^28`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.38

$$\int x^{27}(b+cx^2)^{13}(b+2cx^2) dx = \frac{b^{14}x^{28}}{28} + \frac{b^{13}cx^{30}}{2} + \frac{13b^{12}c^2x^{32}}{4} + 13b^{11}c^3x^{34} \\ + \frac{143b^{10}c^4x^{36}}{4} + \frac{143b^9c^5x^{38}}{2} + \frac{429b^8c^6x^{40}}{4} \\ + \frac{858b^7c^7x^{42}}{7} + \frac{429b^6c^8x^{44}}{4} + \frac{143b^5c^9x^{46}}{2} + \frac{143b^4c^{10}x^{48}}{4} \\ + 13b^3c^{11}x^{50} + \frac{13b^2c^{12}x^{52}}{4} + \frac{bc^{13}x^{54}}{2} + \frac{c^{14}x^{56}}{28}$$

input `integrate(x**27*(c*x**2+b)**13*(2*c*x**2+b),x)`



output

```
b**14*x**28/28 + b**13*c*x**30/2 + 13*b**12*c**2*x**32/4 + 13*b**11*c**3*x
**34 + 143*b**10*c**4*x**36/4 + 143*b**9*c**5*x**38/2 + 429*b**8*c**6*x**4
0/4 + 858*b**7*c**7*x**42/7 + 429*b**6*c**8*x**44/4 + 143*b**5*c**9*x**46/
2 + 143*b**4*c**10*x**48/4 + 13*b**3*c**11*x**50 + 13*b**2*c**12*x**52/4 +
b*c**13*x**54/2 + c**14*x**56/28
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int x^{27}(b+cx^2)^{13}(b+2cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{28}c^{14}x^{56} + \frac{1}{2}bc^{13}x^{54} + \frac{13}{4}b^2c^{12}x^{52} \\ + 13b^3c^{11}x^{50} + \frac{143}{4}b^4c^{10}x^{48} + \frac{143}{2}b^5c^9x^{46} \\ + \frac{429}{4}b^6c^8x^{44} + \frac{858}{7}b^7c^7x^{42} + \frac{429}{4}b^8c^6x^{40} \\ + \frac{143}{2}b^9c^5x^{38} + \frac{143}{4}b^{10}c^4x^{36} + 13b^{11}c^3x^{34} \\ + \frac{13}{4}b^{12}c^2x^{32} + \frac{1}{2}b^{13}cx^{30} + \frac{1}{28}b^{14}x^{28}$$

input

```
integrate(x^27*(c*x^2+b)^13*(2*c*x^2+b),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/28*c^14*x^56 + 1/2*b*c^13*x^54 + 13/4*b^2*c^12*x^52 + 13*b^3*c^11*x^50 +
143/4*b^4*c^10*x^48 + 143/2*b^5*c^9*x^46 + 429/4*b^6*c^8*x^44 + 858/7*b^7
*c^7*x^42 + 429/4*b^8*c^6*x^40 + 143/2*b^9*c^5*x^38 + 143/4*b^10*c^4*x^36
+ 13*b^11*c^3*x^34 + 13/4*b^12*c^2*x^32 + 1/2*b^13*c*x^30 + 1/28*b^14*x^28
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int x^{27}(b+cx^2)^{13}(b+2cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{28}c^{14}x^{56} + \frac{1}{2}bc^{13}x^{54} + \frac{13}{4}b^2c^{12}x^{52} \\ + 13b^3c^{11}x^{50} + \frac{143}{4}b^4c^{10}x^{48} + \frac{143}{2}b^5c^9x^{46} \\ + \frac{429}{4}b^6c^8x^{44} + \frac{858}{7}b^7c^7x^{42} + \frac{429}{4}b^8c^6x^{40} \\ + \frac{143}{2}b^9c^5x^{38} + \frac{143}{4}b^{10}c^4x^{36} + 13b^{11}c^3x^{34} \\ + \frac{13}{4}b^{12}c^2x^{32} + \frac{1}{2}b^{13}cx^{30} + \frac{1}{28}b^{14}x^{28}$$

input `integrate(x^27*(c*x^2+b)^13*(2*c*x^2+b),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/28*c^14*x^56 + 1/2*b*c^13*x^54 + 13/4*b^2*c^12*x^52 + 13*b^3*c^11*x^50 +  
143/4*b^4*c^10*x^48 + 143/2*b^5*c^9*x^46 + 429/4*b^6*c^8*x^44 + 858/7*b^7  
*c^7*x^42 + 429/4*b^8*c^6*x^40 + 143/2*b^9*c^5*x^38 + 143/4*b^10*c^4*x^36  
+ 13*b^11*c^3*x^34 + 13/4*b^12*c^2*x^32 + 1/2*b^13*c*x^30 + 1/28*b^14*x^28`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int x^{27}(b+cx^2)^{13}(b+2cx^2) dx = \frac{b^{14}x^{28}}{28} + \frac{b^{13}cx^{30}}{2} + \frac{13b^{12}c^2x^{32}}{4} \\ + 13b^{11}c^3x^{34} + \frac{143b^{10}c^4x^{36}}{4} + \frac{143b^9c^5x^{38}}{2} \\ + \frac{429b^8c^6x^{40}}{4} + \frac{858b^7c^7x^{42}}{7} + \frac{429b^6c^8x^{44}}{4} \\ + \frac{143b^5c^9x^{46}}{2} + \frac{143b^4c^{10}x^{48}}{4} + 13b^3c^{11}x^{50} \\ + \frac{13b^2c^{12}x^{52}}{4} + \frac{bc^{13}x^{54}}{2} + \frac{c^{14}x^{56}}{28}$$

input `int(x^27*(b + c*x^2)^13*(b + 2*c*x^2),x)`

output

```
(b^14*x^28)/28 + (c^14*x^56)/28 + (b^13*c*x^30)/2 + (b*c^13*x^54)/2 + (13*
b^12*c^2*x^32)/4 + 13*b^11*c^3*x^34 + (143*b^10*c^4*x^36)/4 + (143*b^9*c^5
*x^38)/2 + (429*b^8*c^6*x^40)/4 + (858*b^7*c^7*x^42)/7 + (429*b^6*c^8*x^44
)/4 + (143*b^5*c^9*x^46)/2 + (143*b^4*c^10*x^48)/4 + 13*b^3*c^11*x^50 + (1
3*b^2*c^12*x^52)/4
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.69

$$\int x^{27} (b + cx^2)^{13} (b + 2cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{28}(c^{14}x^{28} + 14bc^{13}x^{26} + 91b^2c^{12}x^{24} + 364b^3c^{11}x^{22} + 1001b^4c^{10}x^{20} + 2002b^5c^9x^{18} + 3003b^6c^8x^{16} + 3432b^7c^7x^{14} + 3003b^8c^6x^{12} + 2002b^9c^5x^{10} + 1001b^{10}c^4x^8 + 3432b^{11}c^3x^6 + 143b^{12}c^2x^4 + 13b^{13}cx^2 + c^{14}x^28)}{28}$$

input

```
int(x^27*(c*x^2+b)^13*(2*c*x^2+b),x)
```

output

```
(x**28*(b**14 + 14*b**13*c*x**2 + 91*b**12*c**2*x**4 + 364*b**11*c**3*x**6
+ 1001*b**10*c**4*x**8 + 2002*b**9*c**5*x**10 + 3003*b**8*c**6*x**12 + 34
32*b**7*c**7*x**14 + 3003*b**6*c**8*x**16 + 2002*b**5*c**9*x**18 + 1001*b*
*4*c**10*x**20 + 364*b**3*c**11*x**22 + 91*b**2*c**12*x**24 + 14*b*c**13*x
**26 + c**14*x**28))/28
```

### 3.466 $\int x^{41}(b + cx^3)^{13}(b + 2cx^3) dx$

Optimal result	3247
Mathematica [B] (verified)	3247
Rubi [A] (verified)	3248
Maple [A] (verified)	3249
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3250
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3250
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3251
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3252
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3252
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3253

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int x^{41}(b + cx^3)^{13}(b + 2cx^3) dx = \frac{1}{42}x^{42}(b + cx^3)^{14}$$

output

```
1/42*x^42*(c*x^3+b)^14
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 186 vs. 2(16) = 32.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.62

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{41}(b + cx^3)^{13}(b + 2cx^3) dx = & \frac{b^{14}x^{42}}{42} + \frac{1}{3}b^{13}cx^{45} + \frac{13}{6}b^{12}c^2x^{48} + \frac{26}{3}b^{11}c^3x^{51} \\ & + \frac{143}{6}b^{10}c^4x^{54} + \frac{143}{3}b^9c^5x^{57} + \frac{143}{2}b^8c^6x^{60} \\ & + \frac{572}{7}b^7c^7x^{63} + \frac{143}{2}b^6c^8x^{66} + \frac{143}{3}b^5c^9x^{69} + \frac{143}{6}b^4c^{10}x^{72} \\ & + \frac{26}{3}b^3c^{11}x^{75} + \frac{13}{6}b^2c^{12}x^{78} + \frac{1}{3}bc^{13}x^{81} + \frac{c^{14}x^{84}}{42} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^41*(b + c*x^3)^13*(b + 2*c*x^3),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (b^{14}x^{42})/42 + (b^{13}c*x^{45})/3 + (13*b^{12}*c^2*x^{48})/6 + (26*b^{11}*c^3*x^{51})/3 \\ & + (143*b^{10}*c^4*x^{54})/6 + (143*b^9*c^5*x^{57})/3 + (143*b^8*c^6*x^{60})/2 \\ & + (572*b^7*c^7*x^{63})/7 + (143*b^6*c^8*x^{66})/2 + (143*b^5*c^9*x^{69})/3 + (143*b^4*c^{10}*x^{72})/6 \\ & + (26*b^3*c^{11}*x^{75})/3 + (13*b^2*c^{12}*x^{78})/6 + (b*c^{13}*x^{81})/3 + (c^{14}*x^{84})/42 \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {948, 83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{41} (b + cx^3)^{13} (b + 2cx^3) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int x^{39} (cx^3 + b)^{13} (2cx^3 + b) dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{83} \\ & \frac{1}{42} x^{42} (b + cx^3)^{14} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{41}*(b + c*x^3)^{13}*(b + 2*c*x^3), x]$$

output

$$(x^{42}*(b + c*x^3)^{14})/42$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 83	<pre>Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] :&gt; Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] &amp;&amp; NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] &amp;&amp; EqQ[a*d*f *(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]</pre>
rule 948	<pre>Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :&gt; Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^ p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] &amp;&amp; NeQ [b*c - a*d, 0] &amp;&amp; IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]</pre>

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
orering	$\frac{x^{42}(cx^3+b)^{14}}{42}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{42}c^{14}x^{84} + \frac{143}{2}b^6c^8x^{66} + \frac{143}{3}b^5c^9x^{69} + \frac{143}{6}b^4c^{10}x^{72} + \frac{26}{3}b^3c^{11}x^{75} + \frac{13}{6}b^2c^{12}x^{78} + \frac{1}{3}b^1c^{13}x^{81} + \frac{1}{42}c^{14}x^{84}$
default	$\frac{1}{42}c^{14}x^{84} + \frac{143}{2}b^6c^8x^{66} + \frac{143}{3}b^5c^9x^{69} + \frac{143}{6}b^4c^{10}x^{72} + \frac{26}{3}b^3c^{11}x^{75} + \frac{13}{6}b^2c^{12}x^{78} + \frac{1}{3}b^1c^{13}x^{81} + \frac{1}{42}c^{14}x^{84}$
risch	$\frac{1}{42}c^{14}x^{84} + \frac{143}{2}b^6c^8x^{66} + \frac{143}{3}b^5c^9x^{69} + \frac{143}{6}b^4c^{10}x^{72} + \frac{26}{3}b^3c^{11}x^{75} + \frac{13}{6}b^2c^{12}x^{78} + \frac{1}{3}b^1c^{13}x^{81} + \frac{1}{42}c^{14}x^{84}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{42}c^{14}x^{84} + \frac{143}{2}b^6c^8x^{66} + \frac{143}{3}b^5c^9x^{69} + \frac{143}{6}b^4c^{10}x^{72} + \frac{26}{3}b^3c^{11}x^{75} + \frac{13}{6}b^2c^{12}x^{78} + \frac{1}{3}b^1c^{13}x^{81} + \frac{1}{42}c^{14}x^{84}$

input `int(x^41*(c*x^3+b)^13*(2*c*x^3+b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/42*x^42*(c*x^3+b)^14`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int x^{41}(b+cx^3)^{13}(b+2cx^3) dx = \frac{1}{42}c^{14}x^{84} + \frac{1}{3}bc^{13}x^{81} + \frac{13}{6}b^2c^{12}x^{78} \\ + \frac{26}{3}b^3c^{11}x^{75} + \frac{143}{6}b^4c^{10}x^{72} + \frac{143}{3}b^5c^9x^{69} \\ + \frac{143}{2}b^6c^8x^{66} + \frac{572}{7}b^7c^7x^{63} + \frac{143}{2}b^8c^6x^{60} \\ + \frac{143}{3}b^9c^5x^{57} + \frac{143}{6}b^{10}c^4x^{54} + \frac{26}{3}b^{11}c^3x^{51} \\ + \frac{13}{6}b^{12}c^2x^{48} + \frac{1}{3}b^{13}cx^{45} + \frac{1}{42}b^{14}x^{42}$$

input `integrate(x^41*(c*x^3+b)^13*(2*c*x^3+b),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/42*c^14*x^84 + 1/3*b*c^13*x^81 + 13/6*b^2*c^12*x^78 + 26/3*b^3*c^11*x^75  
+ 143/6*b^4*c^10*x^72 + 143/3*b^5*c^9*x^69 + 143/2*b^6*c^8*x^66 + 572/7*b  
^7*c^7*x^63 + 143/2*b^8*c^6*x^60 + 143/3*b^9*c^5*x^57 + 143/6*b^10*c^4*x^5  
4 + 26/3*b^11*c^3*x^51 + 13/6*b^12*c^2*x^48 + 1/3*b^13*c*x^45 + 1/42*b^14*  
x^42`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.56

$$\int x^{41}(b+cx^3)^{13}(b+2cx^3) dx = \frac{b^{14}x^{42}}{42} + \frac{b^{13}cx^{45}}{3} + \frac{13b^{12}c^2x^{48}}{6} + \frac{26b^{11}c^3x^{51}}{3} \\ + \frac{143b^{10}c^4x^{54}}{6} + \frac{143b^9c^5x^{57}}{3} + \frac{143b^8c^6x^{60}}{2} \\ + \frac{572b^7c^7x^{63}}{7} + \frac{143b^6c^8x^{66}}{2} + \frac{143b^5c^9x^{69}}{3} + \frac{143b^4c^{10}x^{72}}{6} \\ + \frac{26b^3c^{11}x^{75}}{3} + \frac{13b^2c^{12}x^{78}}{6} + \frac{bc^{13}x^{81}}{3} + \frac{c^{14}x^{84}}{42}$$

input `integrate(x**41*(c*x**3+b)**13*(2*c*x**3+b),x)`

output `b**14*x**42/42 + b**13*c*x**45/3 + 13*b**12*c**2*x**48/6 + 26*b**11*c**3*x**51/3 + 143*b**10*c**4*x**54/6 + 143*b**9*c**5*x**57/3 + 143*b**8*c**6*x**60/2 + 572*b**7*c**7*x**63/7 + 143*b**6*c**8*x**66/2 + 143*b**5*c**9*x**69/3 + 143*b**4*c**10*x**72/6 + 26*b**3*c**11*x**75/3 + 13*b**2*c**12*x**78/6 + b*c**13*x**81/3 + c**14*x**84/42`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int x^{41} (b + cx^3)^{13} (b + 2cx^3) dx = \frac{1}{42} c^{14} x^{84} + \frac{1}{3} bc^{13} x^{81} + \frac{13}{6} b^2 c^{12} x^{78} + \frac{26}{3} b^3 c^{11} x^{75} + \frac{143}{6} b^4 c^{10} x^{72} + \frac{143}{3} b^5 c^9 x^{69} + \frac{143}{2} b^6 c^8 x^{66} + \frac{572}{7} b^7 c^7 x^{63} + \frac{143}{2} b^8 c^6 x^{60} + \frac{143}{3} b^9 c^5 x^{57} + \frac{143}{6} b^{10} c^4 x^{54} + \frac{26}{3} b^{11} c^3 x^{51} + \frac{13}{6} b^{12} c^2 x^{48} + \frac{1}{3} b^{13} cx^{45} + \frac{1}{42} b^{14} x^{42}$$

input `integrate(x^41*(c*x^3+b)^13*(2*c*x^3+b),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/42*c^14*x^84 + 1/3*b*c^13*x^81 + 13/6*b^2*c^12*x^78 + 26/3*b^3*c^11*x^75 + 143/6*b^4*c^10*x^72 + 143/3*b^5*c^9*x^69 + 143/2*b^6*c^8*x^66 + 572/7*b^7*c^7*x^63 + 143/2*b^8*c^6*x^60 + 143/3*b^9*c^5*x^57 + 143/6*b^10*c^4*x^54 + 26/3*b^11*c^3*x^51 + 13/6*b^12*c^2*x^48 + 1/3*b^13*c*x^45 + 1/42*b^14*x^42`



**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int x^{41}(b+cx^3)^{13}(b+2cx^3) dx = \frac{1}{42}c^{14}x^{84} + \frac{1}{3}bc^{13}x^{81} + \frac{13}{6}b^2c^{12}x^{78} \\ + \frac{26}{3}b^3c^{11}x^{75} + \frac{143}{6}b^4c^{10}x^{72} + \frac{143}{3}b^5c^9x^{69} \\ + \frac{143}{2}b^6c^8x^{66} + \frac{572}{7}b^7c^7x^{63} + \frac{143}{2}b^8c^6x^{60} \\ + \frac{143}{3}b^9c^5x^{57} + \frac{143}{6}b^{10}c^4x^{54} + \frac{26}{3}b^{11}c^3x^{51} \\ + \frac{13}{6}b^{12}c^2x^{48} + \frac{1}{3}b^{13}cx^{45} + \frac{1}{42}b^{14}x^{42}$$

input `integrate(x^41*(c*x^3+b)^13*(2*c*x^3+b),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/42*c^14*x^84 + 1/3*b*c^13*x^81 + 13/6*b^2*c^12*x^78 + 26/3*b^3*c^11*x^75  
+ 143/6*b^4*c^10*x^72 + 143/3*b^5*c^9*x^69 + 143/2*b^6*c^8*x^66 + 572/7*b  
^7*c^7*x^63 + 143/2*b^8*c^6*x^60 + 143/3*b^9*c^5*x^57 + 143/6*b^10*c^4*x^5  
4 + 26/3*b^11*c^3*x^51 + 13/6*b^12*c^2*x^48 + 1/3*b^13*c*x^45 + 1/42*b^14*  
x^42`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int x^{41}(b+cx^3)^{13}(b+2cx^3) dx = \frac{b^{14}x^{42}}{42} + \frac{b^{13}cx^{45}}{3} + \frac{13b^{12}c^2x^{48}}{6} \\ + \frac{26b^{11}c^3x^{51}}{3} + \frac{143b^{10}c^4x^{54}}{6} + \frac{143b^9c^5x^{57}}{3} \\ + \frac{143b^8c^6x^{60}}{2} + \frac{572b^7c^7x^{63}}{7} + \frac{143b^6c^8x^{66}}{2} \\ + \frac{143b^5c^9x^{69}}{3} + \frac{143b^4c^{10}x^{72}}{6} + \frac{26b^3c^{11}x^{75}}{3} \\ + \frac{13b^2c^{12}x^{78}}{6} + \frac{bc^{13}x^{81}}{3} + \frac{c^{14}x^{84}}{42}$$

input `int(x^41*(b + c*x^3)^13*(b + 2*c*x^3),x)`

output  $(b^{14}x^{42})/42 + (c^{14}x^{84})/42 + (b^{13}c*x^{45})/3 + (b*c^{13}x^{81})/3 + (13*b^{12}c^2*x^{48})/6 + (26*b^{11}c^3*x^{51})/3 + (143*b^{10}c^4*x^{54})/6 + (143*b^9*c^5*x^{57})/3 + (143*b^8*c^6*x^{60})/2 + (572*b^7*c^7*x^{63})/7 + (143*b^6*c^8*x^{66})/2 + (143*b^5*c^9*x^{69})/3 + (143*b^4*c^{10}x^{72})/6 + (26*b^3*c^{11}x^{75})/3 + (13*b^2*c^{12}x^{78})/6$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.69

$$\int x^{41} (b + cx^3)^{13} (b + 2cx^3) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{42}(c^{14}x^{42} + 14bc^{13}x^{39} + 91b^2c^{12}x^{36} + 364b^3c^{11}x^{33} + 1001b^4c^{10}x^{30} + 2002b^5c^9x^{27} + 3003b^6c^8x^{24} + 3432b^7c^7x^{21} + 3003b^8c^6x^{18} + 2002b^9c^5x^{15} + 1001b^{10}c^4x^{12} + 14b^{11}c^3x^9 + 143b^{12}c^2x^6 + 143b^{13}cx^3 + 143b^{14})}{42}$$

input `int(x^41*(c*x^3+b)^13*(2*c*x^3+b),x)`

output  $(x^{42}(b^{14} + 14b^{13}c*x^3 + 91b^{12}c^2*x^6 + 364b^{11}c^3*x^9 + 1001b^{10}c^4*x^{12} + 2002b^9c^5*x^{15} + 3003b^8c^6*x^{18} + 3432b^7c^7*x^{21} + 3003b^6c^8*x^{24} + 2002b^5c^9*x^{27} + 1001b^4c^{10}x^{30} + 364b^3c^{11}x^{33} + 91b^2c^{12}x^{36} + 14b*c^{13}x^{39} + c^{14}x^{42}))/42$

### 3.467 $\int x^{-1+14n}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3254
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3254
Rubi [A] (verified)	3255
Maple [B] (verified)	3256
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3256
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3257
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3258
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3258
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3259
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3260

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int x^{-1+14n}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx = \frac{x^{14n}(b+cx^n)^{14}}{14n}$$

output

```
1/14*x^(14*n)*(b+c*x^n)^14/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+14n}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx = \frac{x^{14n}(b+cx^n)^{14}}{14n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 14*n)*(b + c*x^n)^13*(b + 2*c*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(x^(14*n)*(b + c*x^n)^14)/(14*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {948, 83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{14n-1}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\int x^{13n}(cx^n+b)^{13}(2cx^n+b) dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 83$$

$$\frac{x^{14n}(b+cx^n)^{14}}{14n}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + 14*n)*(b + c*x^n)^13*(b + 2*c*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(x^(14*n)*(b + c*x^n)^14)/(14*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 83

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 229 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 214.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.95

method	result
risch	$\frac{c^{14}x^{28n}}{14n} + \frac{bc^{13}x^{27n}}{n} + \frac{13b^2c^{12}x^{26n}}{2n} + \frac{26b^3c^{11}x^{25n}}{n} + \frac{143b^4c^{10}x^{24n}}{2n} + \frac{143b^5c^9x^{23n}}{n} + \frac{429b^6c^8x^{22n}}{2n} + \frac{1716b^7c^7x^{21n}}{7n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{c^{14}x^{-1+14n}x^{14n}x+14bc^{13}x^{-1+14n}x^{13n}x+91b^2c^{12}x^{-1+14n}x^{12n}x+364b^3c^{11}x^{-1+14n}x^{11n}x+1001b^4c^{10}x^{-1+14n}x^{10n}x+2002b^5c^9x^{-1+14n}x^9x+3003b^6c^8x^{-1+14n}x^8x+2002b^7c^7x^{-1+14n}x^7x+143b^8c^6x^{-1+14n}x^6x+26b^9c^5x^{-1+14n}x^5x+143b^{10}c^4x^{-1+14n}x^4x+91b^{11}c^3x^{-1+14n}x^3x+14b^{12}c^2x^{-1+14n}x^2x+b^{13}cx^{-1+14n}x+x}{14n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(-1+14*n)*(b+c*x^n)^13*(b+2*c*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{14}c^{14}/n*(x^n)^{28}+b*c^{13}/n*(x^n)^{27}+13/2*b^2*c^{12}/n*(x^n)^{26}+26*b^3*c^{11}/n*(x^n)^{25}+143/2*b^4*c^{10}/n*(x^n)^{24}+143*b^5*c^9/n*(x^n)^{23}+429/2*b^6*c^8/n*(x^n)^{22}+1716/7*b^7*c^7/n*(x^n)^{21}+429/2*b^8*c^6/n*(x^n)^{20}+143*b^9*c^5/n*(x^n)^{19}+143/2*b^{10}*c^4/n*(x^n)^{18}+26*b^{11}*c^3/n*(x^n)^{17}+13/2*b^{12}*c^2/n*(x^n)^{16}+b^{13}*c/n*(x^n)^{15}+1/14*b^{14}/n*(x^n)^{14}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.00

$$\int x^{-1+14n}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{c^{14}x^{28n} + 14bc^{13}x^{27n} + 91b^2c^{12}x^{26n} + 364b^3c^{11}x^{25n} + 1001b^4c^{10}x^{24n} + 2002b^5c^9x^{23n} + 3003b^6c^8x^{22n} + 2002b^7c^7x^{21n} + 143b^8c^6x^{20n} + 26b^9c^5x^{19n} + 143b^{10}c^4x^{18n} + 91b^{11}c^3x^{17n} + 14b^{12}c^2x^{16n} + b^{13}cx^{15n}}{14n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+14*n)*(b+c*x^n)^13*(b+2*c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{1}{14}(c^{14}x^{28n} + 14b^2c^{13}x^{27n} + 91b^4c^{12}x^{26n} + 364b^6c^{11}x^{25n} + 1001b^8c^{10}x^{24n} + 2002b^{10}c^9x^{23n} + 3003b^{12}c^8x^{22n} + 3432b^{14}c^7x^{21n} + 3003b^{16}c^6x^{20n} + 2002b^{18}c^5x^{19n} + 1001b^{20}c^4x^{18n} + 364b^{22}c^3x^{17n} + 91b^{24}c^2x^{16n} + 14b^{26}cx^{15n} + b^{28}x^{14n})/n$$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 360 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 13.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.14

$$\int x^{-1+14n}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{b^{14}x^{14n-1}}{14n} + \frac{b^{13}c^2x^{14n-1}}{n} + \frac{13b^{12}c^2x^{2n}x^{14n-1}}{2n} + \frac{26b^{11}c^3x^{3n}x^{14n-1}}{n} + \frac{143b^{10}c^4x^{4n}x^{14n-1}}{2n} + \frac{143b^9c^5x^{5n}x^{14n-1}}{n} + \frac{429b^8c^6x^{6n}x^{14n-1}}{2n} + \frac{1716b^7c^7x^{7n}x^{14n-1}}{7n} + \frac{429b^6c^8x^{8n}x^{14n-1}}{2n} + \frac{143b^5c^9x^{9n}x^{14n-1}}{n} + \frac{143b^4c^{10}x^{10n}x^{14n-1}}{2n} + \frac{26b^3c^{11}x^{11n}x^{14n-1}}{n} + \frac{13b^2c^{12}x^{12n}x^{14n-1}}{2n} + \frac{bc^{13}x^{13n}x^{14n-1}}{n} + \frac{c^{14}x^{14n}x^{14n-1}}{14n} \end{cases} + \frac{429b^7c^7x^{7n}x^{14n-1}}{7n} + \frac{429b^6c^8x^{8n}x^{14n-1}}{2n} + \frac{143b^5c^9x^{9n}x^{14n-1}}{n} + \frac{143b^4c^{10}x^{10n}x^{14n-1}}{2n} + \frac{26b^3c^{11}x^{11n}x^{14n-1}}{n} + \frac{13b^2c^{12}x^{12n}x^{14n-1}}{2n} + \frac{bc^{13}x^{13n}x^{14n-1}}{n} + \frac{c^{14}x^{14n}x^{14n-1}}{14n}$$

$$(b+c)^{13}(b+2c)\log(x)$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1+14*n)*(b+c*x**n)**13*(b+2*c*x**n),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((b**14*x*x**(14*n - 1)/(14*n) + b**13*c*x*x**n*x**(14*n - 1)/n +
13*b**12*c**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/(2*n) + 26*b**11*c**3*x*x**(3*n)*x
**(14*n - 1)/n + 143*b**10*c**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/(2*n) + 143*b**9*
c**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/n + 429*b**8*c**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/(
2*n) + 1716*b**7*c**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/(7*n) + 429*b**6*c**8*x*x**
(8*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/(2*n) + 143*b**5*c**9*x*x**(9*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/n + 143
*b**4*c**10*x*x**(10*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/(2*n) + 26*b**3*c**11*x*x**(11*n)*x*
*(14*n - 1)/n + 13*b**2*c**12*x*x**(12*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/(2*n) + b*c**13*x*
x**(13*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/n + c**14*x*x**(14*n)*x**(14*n - 1)/(14*n), Ne(n,
0)), ((b + c)**13*(b + 2*c)*log(x), True))
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 229 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.90

$$\int x^{-1+14n}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx = \frac{c^{14}x^{28n}}{14n} + \frac{bc^{13}x^{27n}}{n} + \frac{13b^2c^{12}x^{26n}}{2n} + \frac{26b^3c^{11}x^{25n}}{n} + \frac{143b^4c^{10}x^{24n}}{2n} + \frac{143b^5c^9x^{23n}}{n} + \frac{429b^6c^8x^{22n}}{2n} + \frac{1716b^7c^7x^{21n}}{7n} + \frac{429b^8c^6x^{20n}}{2n} + \frac{143b^9c^5x^{19n}}{n} + \frac{143b^{10}c^4x^{18n}}{2n} + \frac{26b^{11}c^3x^{17n}}{n} + \frac{13b^{12}c^2x^{16n}}{2n} + \frac{b^{13}cx^{15n}}{n} + \frac{b^{14}x^{14n}}{14n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+14*n)*(b+c*x^n)^13*(b+2*c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/14*c^14*x^(28*n)/n + b*c^13*x^(27*n)/n + 13/2*b^2*c^12*x^(26*n)/n + 26*b^3*c^11*x^(25*n)/n + 143/2*b^4*c^10*x^(24*n)/n + 143*b^5*c^9*x^(23*n)/n + 429/2*b^6*c^8*x^(22*n)/n + 1716/7*b^7*c^7*x^(21*n)/n + 429/2*b^8*c^6*x^(20*n)/n + 143*b^9*c^5*x^(19*n)/n + 143/2*b^10*c^4*x^(18*n)/n + 26*b^11*c^3*x^(17*n)/n + 13/2*b^12*c^2*x^(16*n)/n + b^13*c*x^(15*n)/n + 1/14*b^14*x^(14*n)/n`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.00

$$\int x^{-1+14n}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx = \frac{c^{14}x^{28n} + 14bc^{13}x^{27n} + 91b^2c^{12}x^{26n} + 364b^3c^{11}x^{25n} + 1001b^4c^{10}x^{24n} + 2002b^5c^9x^{23n} + 3003b^6c^8x^{22n} + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+14*n)*(b+c*x^n)^13*(b+2*c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/14*(c^14*x^(28*n) + 14*b*c^13*x^(27*n) + 91*b^2*c^12*x^(26*n) + 364*b^3*
c^11*x^(25*n) + 1001*b^4*c^10*x^(24*n) + 2002*b^5*c^9*x^(23*n) + 3003*b^6*
c^8*x^(22*n) + 3432*b^7*c^7*x^(21*n) + 3003*b^8*c^6*x^(20*n) + 2002*b^9*c^
5*x^(19*n) + 1001*b^10*c^4*x^(18*n) + 364*b^11*c^3*x^(17*n) + 91*b^12*c^2*
x^(16*n) + 14*b^13*c*x^(15*n) + b^14*x^(14*n))/n
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.90

$$\int x^{-1+14n}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx = \frac{b^{14}x^{14n}}{14n} + \frac{c^{14}x^{28n}}{14n} + \frac{13b^{12}c^2x^{16n}}{2n} + \frac{26b^{11}c^3x^{17n}}{429} + \frac{143b^{10}c^4x^{18n}}{1716} + \frac{143b^9c^5x^{19n}}{429} + \frac{b^8c^6x^{20n}}{1716} + \frac{2b^7c^7x^{21n}}{7n} + \frac{b^6c^8x^{22n}}{26} + \frac{2b^5c^9x^{23n}}{143} + \frac{b^4c^{10}x^{24n}}{143} + \frac{2b^3c^{11}x^{25n}}{26} + \frac{b^2c^{12}x^{26n}}{13} + \frac{bc^{13}x^{27n}}{n} + \frac{b^{14}x^{14n}}{14n}$$

input

```
int(x^(14*n - 1)*(b + c*x^n)^13*(b + 2*c*x^n), x)
```

output

```
(b^14*x^(14*n))/(14*n) + (c^14*x^(28*n))/(14*n) + (13*b^12*c^2*x^(16*n))/(
2*n) + (26*b^11*c^3*x^(17*n))/n + (143*b^10*c^4*x^(18*n))/(2*n) + (143*b^9
*c^5*x^(19*n))/n + (429*b^8*c^6*x^(20*n))/(2*n) + (1716*b^7*c^7*x^(21*n))/
(7*n) + (429*b^6*c^8*x^(22*n))/(2*n) + (143*b^5*c^9*x^(23*n))/n + (143*b^4
*c^10*x^(24*n))/(2*n) + (26*b^3*c^11*x^(25*n))/n + (13*b^2*c^12*x^(26*n))/
(2*n) + (b^13*c*x^(15*n))/n + (b*c^13*x^(27*n))/n
```



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.86

$$\int x^{-1+14n}(b+cx^n)^{13}(b+2cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{14n}(x^{14n}c^{14} + 14x^{13n}bc^{13} + 91x^{12n}b^2c^{12} + 364x^{11n}b^3c^{11} + 1001x^{10n}b^4c^{10} + 2002x^{9n}b^5c^9 + 3003x^{8n}b^6c^8 + \dots)}{14n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+14*n)*(b+c*x^n)^13*(b+2*c*x^n),x)`output `(x**(14*n)*(x**(14*n)*c**14 + 14*x**(13*n)*b*c**13 + 91*x**(12*n)*b**2*c**12 + 364*x**(11*n)*b**3*c**11 + 1001*x**(10*n)*b**4*c**10 + 2002*x**(9*n)*b**5*c**9 + 3003*x**(8*n)*b**6*c**8 + 3432*x**(7*n)*b**7*c**7 + 3003*x**(6*n)*b**8*c**6 + 2002*x**(5*n)*b**9*c**5 + 1001*x**(4*n)*b**10*c**4 + 364*x**(3*n)*b**11*c**3 + 91*x**(2*n)*b**12*c**2 + 14*x**n*b**13*c + b**14))/(14*n)`

### 3.468 $\int x^{-1+m}(a + bx^n)^{-1+p} (am + b(m + np)x^n) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3261
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	3261
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3262
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	3263
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3263
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3263
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3264
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3264
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3265
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3265

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int x^{-1+m}(a + bx^n)^{-1+p} (am + b(m + np)x^n) dx = x^m(a + bx^n)^p$$

output

```
x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.23

$$\int x^{-1+m}(a + bx^n)^{-1+p} (am + b(m + np)x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(a(m + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m}{n}, 1 - p, \frac{m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + b(m + np)x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m}{n}, 1 - p, \frac{m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{a(m + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + m)*(a + b*x^n)^(-1 + p)*(a*m + b*(m + n*p)*x^n), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^m(a + bx^n))^p (a(m+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[m/n, 1-p, (m+n)/n, -(bx^n)/a] + b(m+n)p x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[(m+n)/n, 1-p, 2+m/n, -(bx^n)/a])}{a(m+n)(1 + (bx^n)/a)^p}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.032$ , Rules used = {951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{m-1} (a + bx^n)^{p-1} (am + bx^n(m + np)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{951}$$

$$x^m (a + bx^n)^p$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + m)}(a + bx^n)^{(-1 + p)}(am + b(m + np)x^n), x]$$

output

$$x^m (a + bx^n)^p$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 951

$$\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m ((a + b \cdot x^n)^p (c + d \cdot x^n)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c(e \cdot x)^{m+1} (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (a \cdot e^{m+1}), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a \cdot d \cdot (m + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m + n \cdot (p + 1) + 1), 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 49 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 8.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.85

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$\frac{x x^n x^{m-1} (a+b x^n)^{p-1} b^2 + x x^{m-1} (a+b x^n)^{p-1} a b}{b}$	50

input `int(x^(m-1)*(a+b*x^n)^(p-1)*(a*m+b*(n*p+m)*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(x*x^n*x^(m-1)*(a+b*x^n)^(p-1)*b^2+x*x^(m-1)*(a+b*x^n)^(p-1)*a*b)/b`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int x^{-1+m} (a + b x^n)^{-1+p} (a m + b(m + n p) x^n) dx = (b x x^{m-1} x^n + a x x^{m-1}) (b x^n + a)^{p-1}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(-1+p)*(a*m+b*(n*p+m)*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*x*x^(m - 1)*x^n + a*x*x^(m - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^(p - 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs.  $2(10) = 20$ .

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-1+m} (a + b x^n)^{-1+p} (a m + b(m + n p) x^n) dx \\ & = a x x^{m-1} (a + b x^n)^{p-1} + b x x^n x^{m-1} (a + b x^n)^{p-1} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+m)*(a+b*x**n)**(-1+p)*(a*m+b*(n*p+m)*x**n),x)`

output `a*x*x**(m - 1)*(a + b*x**n)**(p - 1) + b*x*x**n*x**(m - 1)*(a + b*x**n)**(p - 1)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int x^{-1+m}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p}(am+b(m+np)x^n) dx = e^{(p \log(bx^n+a)+m \log(x))}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(-1+p)*(a*m+b*(n*p+m)*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e^(p*log(b*x^n + a) + m*log(x))`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs. 2(13) = 26.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.38

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-1+m}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p}(am+b(m+np)x^n) dx \\ & = bxx^n e^{(p \log(bx^n+a)+m \log(x)-\log(bx^n+a)-\log(x))} + ax e^{(p \log(bx^n+a)+m \log(x)-\log(bx^n+a)-\log(x))} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(-1+p)*(a*m+b*(n*p+m)*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*x*x^n*e^(p*log(b*x^n + a) + m*log(x) - log(b*x^n + a) - log(x)) + a*x*e^(p*log(b*x^n + a) + m*log(x) - log(b*x^n + a) - log(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int x^{-1+m}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p}(am+b(m+np)x^n) dx = (ax^m+bx^{m+n})(a+bx^n)^{p-1}$$

input `int(x^(m - 1)*(a*m + b*x^n*(m + n*p))*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1),x)`output `(a*x^m + b*x^(m + n))*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+m}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p}(am+b(m+np)x^n) dx = x^m(x^n b + a)^p$$

input `int(x^(-1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(-1+p)*(a*m+b*(n*p+m)*x^n),x)`output `x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p`

### 3.469 $\int \frac{b+2cx}{x(b+cx)} dx$

Optimal result	3266
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3266
Rubi [A] (verified)	3267
Maple [A] (verified)	3268
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3268
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3268
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3269
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3269
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3269
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3270

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 8

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x(b + cx)} dx = \log(x(b + cx))$$

output `ln(x*(c*x+b))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x(b + cx)} dx = \log(x) + \log(b + cx)$$

input `Integrate[(b + 2*c*x)/(x*(b + c*x)),x]`

output `Log[x] + Log[b + c*x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x(b + cx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$\int \left( \frac{c}{b + cx} + \frac{1}{x} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\log(b + cx) + \log(x)$$

input `Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(x*(b + c*x)),x]`

output `Log[x] + Log[b + c*x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
default	$\ln(x(cx + b))$	9
norman	$\ln(x) + \ln(cx + b)$	10
parallelrisch	$\ln(x) + \ln(cx + b)$	10
risch	$\ln(cx^2 + bx)$	11

input `int((2*c*x+b)/x/(c*x+b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `ln(x*(c*x+b))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x(b + cx)} dx = \log(cx^2 + bx)$$

input `integrate((2*c*x+b)/x/(c*x+b),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `log(c*x^2 + b*x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x(b + cx)} dx = \log(bx + cx^2)$$

input `integrate((2*c*x+b)/x/(c*x+b),x)`

output `log(b*x + c*x**2)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x(b + cx)} dx = \log(cx + b) + \log(x)$$

input `integrate((2*c*x+b)/x/(c*x+b),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `log(c*x + b) + log(x)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x(b + cx)} dx = \log(|cx + b|) + \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((2*c*x+b)/x/(c*x+b),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `log(abs(c*x + b)) + log(abs(x))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x(b + cx)} dx = \ln(x(b + cx))$$

input `int((b + 2*c*x)/(x*(b + c*x)),x)`

output `log(x*(b + c*x))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x(b + cx)} dx = \log(cx + b) + \log(x)$$

input `int((2*c*x+b)/x/(c*x+b),x)`

output `log(b + c*x) + log(x)`

$$3.470 \quad \int \frac{b+2cx^2}{x(b+cx^2)} dx$$

Optimal result	3271
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3271
Rubi [A] (verified)	3272
Maple [A] (verified)	3273
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3273
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3274
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3274
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3274
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3275
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3275

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{b+2cx^2}{x(b+cx^2)} dx = \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} \log(b+cx^2)$$

output `ln(x)+1/2*ln(c*x^2+b)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{b+2cx^2}{x(b+cx^2)} dx = \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} \log(b+cx^2)$$

input `Integrate[(b + 2*c*x^2)/(x*(b + c*x^2)),x]`

output `Log[x] + Log[b + c*x^2]/2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {354, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x(b + cx^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{354} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2cx^2 + b}{x^2(cx^2 + b)} dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{c}{cx^2 + b} + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{2} (\log(b + cx^2) + \log(x^2)) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b + 2*c*x^2)/(x*(b + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(Log[x^2] + Log[b + c*x^2])/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$\ln(x) + \frac{\ln(cx^2+b)}{2}$	14
norman	$\ln(x) + \frac{\ln(cx^2+b)}{2}$	14
risch	$\ln(x) + \frac{\ln(cx^2+b)}{2}$	14
parallelrisc	$\ln(x) + \frac{\ln(cx^2+b)}{2}$	14

input `int((2*c*x^2+b)/x/(c*x^2+b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `ln(x)+1/2*ln(c*x^2+b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x(b + cx^2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log(cx^2 + b) + \log(x)$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^2+b)/x/(c*x^2+b),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*log(c*x^2 + b) + log(x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x(b + cx^2)} dx = \log(x) + \frac{\log\left(\frac{b}{c} + x^2\right)}{2}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x**2+b)/x/(c*x**2+b),x)`output `log(x) + log(b/c + x**2)/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x(b + cx^2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log(cx^2 + b) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2)$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^2+b)/x/(c*x^2+b),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*log(c*x^2 + b) + 1/2*log(x^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x(b + cx^2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2) + \frac{1}{2} \log(|cx^2 + b|)$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^2+b)/x/(c*x^2+b),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*log(x^2) + 1/2*log(abs(c*x^2 + b))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x(b + cx^2)} dx = \frac{\ln(cx^2 + b)}{2} + \ln(x)$$

input `int((b + 2*c*x^2)/(x*(b + c*x^2)),x)`

output `log(b + c*x^2)/2 + log(x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x(b + cx^2)} dx = \frac{\log(cx^2 + b)}{2} + \log(x)$$

input `int((2*c*x^2+b)/x/(c*x^2+b),x)`

output `(log(b + c*x**2) + 2*log(x))/2`



$$3.471 \quad \int \frac{b+2cx^3}{x(b+cx^3)} dx$$

Optimal result	3276
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3276
Rubi [A] (verified)	3277
Maple [A] (verified)	3278
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3278
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3279
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3279
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3279
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3280
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3280

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{b+2cx^3}{x(b+cx^3)} dx = \log(x) + \frac{1}{3} \log(b+cx^3)$$

output `ln(x)+1/3*ln(c*x^3+b)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{b+2cx^3}{x(b+cx^3)} dx = \log(x) + \frac{1}{3} \log(b+cx^3)$$

input `Integrate[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(x*(b + c*x^3)),x]`

output `Log[x] + Log[b + c*x^3]/3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x(b + cx^3)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2cx^3 + b}{x^3(cx^3 + b)} dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \int \left( \frac{c}{cx^3 + b} + \frac{1}{x^3} \right) dx^3 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{3} (\log(b + cx^3) + \log(x^3)) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(x*(b + c*x^3)),x]`

output `(Log[x^3] + Log[b + c*x^3])/3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$\ln(x) + \frac{\ln(cx^3+b)}{3}$	14
norman	$\ln(x) + \frac{\ln(cx^3+b)}{3}$	14
risch	$\ln(x) + \frac{\ln(cx^3+b)}{3}$	14
parallelrisc	$\ln(x) + \frac{\ln(cx^3+b)}{3}$	14

input

```
int((2*c*x^3+b)/x/(c*x^3+b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
ln(x)+1/3*ln(c*x^3+b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x(b + cx^3)} dx = \frac{1}{3} \log(cx^3 + b) + \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate((2*c*x^3+b)/x/(c*x^3+b),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*log(c*x^3 + b) + log(x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x(b + cx^3)} dx = \log(x) + \frac{\log\left(\frac{b}{c} + x^3\right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x**3+b)/x/(c*x**3+b),x)`output `log(x) + log(b/c + x**3)/3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x(b + cx^3)} dx = \frac{1}{3} \log(cx^3 + b) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x^3)$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^3+b)/x/(c*x^3+b),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*log(c*x^3 + b) + 1/3*log(x^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x(b + cx^3)} dx = \frac{1}{3} \log(|cx^3 + b|) + \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^3+b)/x/(c*x^3+b),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*log(abs(c*x^3 + b)) + log(abs(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x(b + cx^3)} dx = \frac{\ln(cx^3 + b)}{3} + \ln(x)$$

input `int((b + 2*c*x^3)/(x*(b + c*x^3)),x)`output `log(b + c*x^3)/3 + log(x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x(b + cx^3)} dx = \frac{\log\left(b^{\frac{2}{3}} - c^{\frac{1}{3}}b^{\frac{1}{3}}x + c^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right)}{3} + \frac{\log\left(b^{\frac{1}{3}} + c^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right)}{3} + \log(x)$$

input `int((2*c*x^3+b)/x/(c*x^3+b),x)`output `(log(b**(2/3) - c**(1/3)*b**(1/3)*x + c**(2/3)*x**2) + log(b**(1/3) + c**(1/3)*x) + 3*log(x))/3`

### 3.472 $\int \frac{b+2cx^n}{x(b+cx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3281
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3281
Rubi [A] (verified)	3282
Maple [A] (verified)	3283
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3283
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3284
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3284
Giac [F]	3285
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3285
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3285

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{b+2cx^n}{x(b+cx^n)} dx = \log(x) + \frac{\log(b+cx^n)}{n}$$

output `ln(x)+ln(b+c*x^n)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{b+2cx^n}{x(b+cx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x^n) + \log(n(b+cx^n))}{n}$$

input `Integrate[(b + 2*c*x^n)/(x*(b + c*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n] + Log[n*(b + c*x^n)])/n`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {948, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{b + 2cx^n}{x(b + cx^n)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n}(2cx^n + b)}{cx^n + b} dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & \frac{\int \left( x^{-n} + \frac{c}{cx^n + b} \right) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\log(b + cx^n) + \log(x^n)}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b + 2*c*x^n)/(x*(b + c*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n] + Log[b + c*x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))
```

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln(x^n(b+cx^n))}{n}$	17
default	$\frac{\ln(x^n(b+cx^n))}{n}$	17
norman	$\ln(x) + \frac{\ln(b+ce^{n \ln(x)})}{n}$	18
risch	$\ln(x) + \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{b}{c})}{n}$	18
parallelrisc	$\frac{n \ln(x) + \ln(b+cx^n)}{n}$	18

input `int((b+2*c*x^n)/x/(b+c*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/n*ln(x^n*(b+c*x^n))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^n}{x(b + cx^n)} dx = \frac{n \log(x) + \log(cx^n + b)}{n}$$

input `integrate((b+2*c*x^n)/x/(b+c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output `(n*log(x) + log(c*x^n + b))/n`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 29 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^n}{x(b + cx^n)} dx = \begin{cases} \log(x) & \text{for } c = 0 \wedge (c = 0 \vee n = 0) \\ \frac{(b+2c)\log(x)}{b+c} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \log(x) + \frac{\log(\frac{b}{c} + x^n)}{n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b+2*c*x**n)/x/(b+c*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x), Eq(c, 0) & (Eq(c, 0) | Eq(n, 0))), ((b + 2*c)*log(x)/(b + c), Eq(n, 0)), (log(x) + log(b/c + x**n)/n, True))`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 47 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^n}{x(b + cx^n)} dx = b \left( \frac{\log(x)}{b} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{cx^n+b}{c}\right)}{bn} \right) + \frac{2 \log\left(\frac{cx^n+b}{c}\right)}{n}$$

input `integrate((b+2*c*x^n)/x/(b+c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*(log(x)/b - log((c*x^n + b)/c)/(b*n)) + 2*log((c*x^n + b)/c)/n`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^n}{x(b + cx^n)} dx = \int \frac{2cx^n + b}{(cx^n + b)x} dx$$

input `integrate((b+2*c*x^n)/x/(b+c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((2*c*x^n + b)/((c*x^n + b)*x), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^n}{x(b + cx^n)} dx = \ln(x) + \frac{\ln(b + cx^n)}{n}$$

input `int((b + 2*c*x^n)/(x*(b + c*x^n)),x)`

output `log(x) + log(b + c*x^n)/n`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^n}{x(b + cx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x^n c + b) + \log(x) n}{n}$$

input `int((b+2*c*x^n)/x/(b+c*x^n),x)`

output `(log(x**n*c + b) + log(x)*n)/n`

### 3.473 $\int \frac{b+2cx}{x^8(b+cx)^8} dx$

Optimal result	3286
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3286
Rubi [A] (verified)	3287
Maple [A] (verified)	3287
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3288
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3289
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3289
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3290
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3290
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3290

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x^8(b + cx)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{7x^7(b + cx)^7}$$

output `-1/7/x^7/(c*x+b)^7`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x^8(b + cx)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{7x^7(b + cx)^7}$$

input `Integrate[(b + 2*c*x)/(x^8*(b + c*x)^8),x]`

output `-1/7*1/(x^7*(b + c*x)^7)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x^8(b + cx)^8} dx$$

↓ 83

$$-\frac{1}{7x^7(b + cx)^7}$$

input `Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(x^8*(b + c*x)^8),x]`

output `-1/7*1/(x^7*(b + c*x)^7)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 83 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] :> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{1}{7x^7(cx+b)^7}$
norman	$-\frac{1}{7x^7(cx+b)^7}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{7x^7(cx+b)^7}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{7x^7(cx+b)^7}$
orering	$-\frac{1}{7x^7(cx+b)^7}$
default	$\frac{132c^7}{b^{13}(cx+b)} + \frac{66c^7}{b^{12}(cx+b)^2} + \frac{30c^7}{b^{11}(cx+b)^3} + \frac{12c^7}{b^{10}(cx+b)^4} + \frac{4c^7}{b^9(cx+b)^5} + \frac{c^7}{b^8(cx+b)^6} + \frac{c^7}{7b^7(cx+b)^7} - \frac{1}{7b^7x^7} - \frac{132}{b^{13}}$

input `int((2*c*x+b)/x^8/(c*x+b)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/7/x^7/(c*x+b)^7`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 81 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x^8(b + cx)^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{7(c^7x^{14} + 7bc^6x^{13} + 21b^2c^5x^{12} + 35b^3c^4x^{11} + 35b^4c^3x^{10} + 21b^5c^2x^9 + 7b^6cx^8 + b^7x^7)}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x+b)/x^8/(c*x+b)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/7/(c^7*x^14 + 7*b*c^6*x^13 + 21*b^2*c^5*x^12 + 35*b^3*c^4*x^11 + 35*b^4*c^3*x^10 + 21*b^5*c^2*x^9 + 7*b^6*c*x^8 + b^7*x^7)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.21

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x^8(b + cx)^8} dx = \frac{1}{7b^7x^7 + 49b^6cx^8 + 147b^5c^2x^9 + 245b^4c^3x^{10} + 245b^3c^4x^{11} + 147b^2c^5x^{12} + 49bc^6x^{13} + 7c^7x^{14}}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x+b)/x**8/(c*x+b)**8,x)`

output `-1/(7*b**7*x**7 + 49*b**6*c*x**8 + 147*b**5*c**2*x**9 + 245*b**4*c**3*x**10 + 245*b**3*c**4*x**11 + 147*b**2*c**5*x**12 + 49*b*c**6*x**13 + 7*c**7*x**14)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 81 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x^8(b + cx)^8} dx = \frac{1}{7(c^7x^{14} + 7bc^6x^{13} + 21b^2c^5x^{12} + 35b^3c^4x^{11} + 35b^4c^3x^{10} + 21b^5c^2x^9 + 7b^6cx^8 + b^7x^7)}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x+b)/x^8/(c*x+b)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/7/(c^7*x^14 + 7*b*c^6*x^13 + 21*b^2*c^5*x^12 + 35*b^3*c^4*x^11 + 35*b^4*c^3*x^10 + 21*b^5*c^2*x^9 + 7*b^6*c*x^8 + b^7*x^7)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x^8(b + cx)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{7(cx^2 + bx)^7}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x+b)/x^8/(c*x+b)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/7/(c*x^2 + b*x)^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x^8(b + cx)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{7x^7(b + cx)^7}$$

input `int((b + 2*c*x)/(x^8*(b + c*x)^8),x)`output `-1/(7*x^7*(b + c*x)^7)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.57

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx}{x^8(b + cx)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{7x^7(c^7x^7 + 7bc^6x^6 + 21b^2c^5x^5 + 35b^3c^4x^4 + 35b^4c^3x^3 + 21b^5c^2x^2 + 7b^6cx + b^7)}$$

input `int((2*c*x+b)/x^8/(c*x+b)^8,x)`output `( - 1)/(7*x**7*(b**7 + 7*b**6*c*x + 21*b**5*c**2*x**2 + 35*b**4*c**3*x**3 + 35*b**3*c**4*x**4 + 21*b**2*c**5*x**5 + 7*b*c**6*x**6 + c**7*x**7))`

$$3.474 \quad \int \frac{b+2cx^2}{x^{15}(b+cx^2)^8} dx$$

Optimal result	3291
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3291
Rubi [A] (verified)	3292
Maple [A] (verified)	3293
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3293
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3294
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3294
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3295
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3295
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3295

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{b+2cx^2}{x^{15}(b+cx^2)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{14x^{14}(b+cx^2)^7}$$

output `-1/14/x^14/(c*x^2+b)^7`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{b+2cx^2}{x^{15}(b+cx^2)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{14x^{14}(b+cx^2)^7}$$

input `Integrate[(b + 2*c*x^2)/(x^15*(b + c*x^2)^8),x]`

output `-1/14*1/(x^14*(b + c*x^2)^7)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {354, 83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x^{15} (b + cx^2)^8} dx$$

↓ 354

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2cx^2 + b}{x^{16} (cx^2 + b)^8} dx^2$$

↓ 83

$$-\frac{1}{14x^{14} (b + cx^2)^7}$$

input `Int[(b + 2*c*x^2)/(x^15*(b + c*x^2)^8),x]`

output `-1/14*1/(x^14*(b + c*x^2)^7)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 83 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{1}{14x^{14}(cx^2+b)^7}$
norman	$-\frac{1}{14x^{14}(cx^2+b)^7}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{14x^{14}(cx^2+b)^7}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{14x^{14}(cx^2+b)^7}$
orering	$-\frac{1}{14x^{14}(cx^2+b)^7}$
default	$-\frac{1}{14b^7x^{14}} - \frac{66c^6}{b^{13}x^2} + \frac{33c^5}{b^{12}x^4} - \frac{15c^4}{b^{11}x^6} + \frac{6c^3}{b^{10}x^8} - \frac{2c^2}{b^9x^{10}} + \frac{c}{2b^8x^{12}} - \frac{c^8 \left( -\frac{4b^4}{c(cx^2+b)^5} - \frac{66b}{c(cx^2+b)^2} - \frac{12b^3}{c(cx^2+b)^4} \right)}{1}$

input `int((2*c*x^2+b)/x^15/(c*x^2+b)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/14/x^14/(c*x^2+b)^7`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 81 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x^{15} (b + cx^2)^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{14(c^7x^{28} + 7b^6c^6x^{26} + 21b^2c^5x^{24} + 35b^3c^4x^{22} + 35b^4c^3x^{20} + 21b^5c^2x^{18} + 7b^6cx^{16} + b^7x^{14})}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^2+b)/x^15/(c*x^2+b)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/14/(c^7*x^28 + 7*b*c^6*x^26 + 21*b^2*c^5*x^24 + 35*b^3*c^4*x^22 + 35*b^4*c^3*x^20 + 21*b^5*c^2*x^18 + 7*b^6*c*x^16 + b^7*x^14)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.44

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x^{15} (b + cx^2)^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{14b^7x^{14} + 98b^6cx^{16} + 294b^5c^2x^{18} + 490b^4c^3x^{20} + 490b^3c^4x^{22} + 294b^2c^5x^{24} + 98bc^6x^{26} + 14c^7x^{28}}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x**2+b)/x**15/(c*x**2+b)**8,x)`

output `-1/(14*b**7*x**14 + 98*b**6*c*x**16 + 294*b**5*c**2*x**18 + 490*b**4*c**3*x**20 + 490*b**3*c**4*x**22 + 294*b**2*c**5*x**24 + 98*b*c**6*x**26 + 14*c**7*x**28)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 81 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x^{15} (b + cx^2)^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{14(c^7x^{28} + 7bc^6x^{26} + 21b^2c^5x^{24} + 35b^3c^4x^{22} + 35b^4c^3x^{20} + 21b^5c^2x^{18} + 7b^6cx^{16} + b^7x^{14})}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^2+b)/x^15/(c*x^2+b)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/14/(c^7*x^28 + 7*b*c^6*x^26 + 21*b^2*c^5*x^24 + 35*b^3*c^4*x^22 + 35*b^4*c^3*x^20 + 21*b^5*c^2*x^18 + 7*b^6*c*x^16 + b^7*x^14)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x^{15} (b + cx^2)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{14 (cx^4 + bx^2)^7}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^2+b)/x^15/(c*x^2+b)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/14/(c*x^4 + b*x^2)^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x^{15} (b + cx^2)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{14 x^{14} (c x^2 + b)^7}$$

input `int((b + 2*c*x^2)/(x^15*(b + c*x^2)^8),x)`output `-1/(14*x^14*(b + c*x^2)^7)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^2}{x^{15} (b + cx^2)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{14x^{14} (c^7x^{14} + 7bc^6x^{12} + 21b^2c^5x^{10} + 35b^3c^4x^8 + 35b^4c^3x^6 + 21b^5c^2x^4 + 7b^6cx^2 + b^7)}$$

input `int((2*c*x^2+b)/x^15/(c*x^2+b)^8,x)`

output

```
( - 1)/(14*x**14*(b**7 + 7*b**6*c*x**2 + 21*b**5*c**2*x**4 + 35*b**4*c**3*  
x**6 + 35*b**3*c**4*x**8 + 21*b**2*c**5*x**10 + 7*b*c**6*x**12 + c**7*x**1  
4))
```

$$3.475 \quad \int \frac{b+2cx^3}{x^{22}(b+cx^3)^8} dx$$

Optimal result	3297
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3297
Rubi [A] (verified)	3298
Maple [A] (verified)	3299
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3299
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3300
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3300
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3301
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3301
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3301

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{b+2cx^3}{x^{22}(b+cx^3)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{21x^{21}(b+cx^3)^7}$$

output `-1/21/x^21/(c*x^3+b)^7`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{b+2cx^3}{x^{22}(b+cx^3)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{21x^{21}(b+cx^3)^7}$$

input `Integrate[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(x^22*(b + c*x^3)^8), x]`

output `-1/21*1/(x^21*(b + c*x^3)^7)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {948, 83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x^{22} (b + cx^3)^8} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2cx^3 + b}{x^{24} (cx^3 + b)^8} dx^3$$

↓ 83

$$-\frac{1}{21x^{21} (b + cx^3)^7}$$

input `Int[(b + 2*c*x^3)/(x^22*(b + c*x^3)^8),x]`

output `-1/21*1/(x^21*(b + c*x^3)^7)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 83 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{1}{21x^{21}(cx^3+b)^7}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{21x^{21}(cx^3+b)^7}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{21x^{21}(cx^3+b)^7}$
orering	$-\frac{1}{21x^{21}(cx^3+b)^7}$
default	$-\frac{1}{21b^7x^{21}} - \frac{44c^6}{b^{13}x^3} + \frac{22c^5}{b^{12}x^6} - \frac{10c^4}{b^{11}x^9} + \frac{4c^3}{b^{10}x^{12}} - \frac{4c^2}{3b^9x^{15}} + \frac{c}{3b^8x^{18}} - \frac{c^8 \left( -\frac{4b^4}{c(cx^3+b)^5} - \frac{66b}{c(cx^3+b)^2} - \frac{12b^3}{c(cx^3+b)^4} \right)}{c^8 \left( -\frac{4b^4}{c(cx^3+b)^5} - \frac{66b}{c(cx^3+b)^2} - \frac{12b^3}{c(cx^3+b)^4} \right)}$

input `int((2*c*x^3+b)/x^22/(c*x^3+b)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/21/x^21/(c*x^3+b)^7`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 81 vs. 2(14) = 28.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x^{22} (b + cx^3)^8} dx = \frac{1}{21(c^7x^{42} + 7bc^6x^{39} + 21b^2c^5x^{36} + 35b^3c^4x^{33} + 35b^4c^3x^{30} + 21b^5c^2x^{27} + 7b^6cx^{24} + b^7x^{21})}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^3+b)/x^22/(c*x^3+b)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/21/(c^7*x^42 + 7*b*c^6*x^39 + 21*b^2*c^5*x^36 + 35*b^3*c^4*x^33 + 35*b^4*c^3*x^30 + 21*b^5*c^2*x^27 + 7*b^6*c*x^24 + b^7*x^21)`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.44

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x^{22} (b + cx^3)^8} dx = \frac{1}{21b^7x^{21} + 147b^6cx^{24} + 441b^5c^2x^{27} + 735b^4c^3x^{30} + 735b^3c^4x^{33} + 441b^2c^5x^{36} + 147bc^6x^{39} + 21c^7x^{42}}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x**3+b)/x**22/(c*x**3+b)**8,x)`

output `-1/(21*b**7*x**21 + 147*b**6*c*x**24 + 441*b**5*c**2*x**27 + 735*b**4*c**3*x**30 + 735*b**3*c**4*x**33 + 441*b**2*c**5*x**36 + 147*b*c**6*x**39 + 21*c**7*x**42)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 81 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.06

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x^{22} (b + cx^3)^8} dx = \frac{1}{21(c^7x^{42} + 7bc^6x^{39} + 21b^2c^5x^{36} + 35b^3c^4x^{33} + 35b^4c^3x^{30} + 21b^5c^2x^{27} + 7b^6cx^{24} + b^7x^{21})}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^3+b)/x^22/(c*x^3+b)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/21/(c^7*x^42 + 7*b*c^6*x^39 + 21*b^2*c^5*x^36 + 35*b^3*c^4*x^33 + 35*b^4*c^3*x^30 + 21*b^5*c^2*x^27 + 7*b^6*c*x^24 + b^7*x^21)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x^{22} (b + cx^3)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{21 (cx^6 + bx^3)^7}$$

input `integrate((2*c*x^3+b)/x^22/(c*x^3+b)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/21/(c*x^6 + b*x^3)^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x^{22} (b + cx^3)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{21 x^{21} (cx^3 + b)^7}$$

input `int((b + 2*c*x^3)/(x^22*(b + c*x^3)^8),x)`output `-1/(21*x^21*(b + c*x^3)^7)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{b + 2cx^3}{x^{22} (b + cx^3)^8} dx = -\frac{1}{21x^{21} (c^7x^{21} + 7bc^6x^{18} + 21b^2c^5x^{15} + 35b^3c^4x^{12} + 35b^4c^3x^9 + 21b^5c^2x^6 + 7b^6cx^3 + b^7)}$$

input `int((2*c*x^3+b)/x^22/(c*x^3+b)^8,x)`

output

```
( - 1)/(21*x**21*(b**7 + 7*b**6*c*x**3 + 21*b**5*c**2*x**6 + 35*b**4*c**3*  
x**9 + 35*b**3*c**4*x**12 + 21*b**2*c**5*x**15 + 7*b*c**6*x**18 + c**7*x**  
21))
```

$$3.476 \quad \int \frac{x^{-1-7n}(b+2cx^n)}{(b+cx^n)^8} dx$$

Optimal result	3303
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3303
Rubi [A] (verified)	3304
Maple [A] (verified)	3305
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3305
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3306
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	3306
Giac [F]	3307
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3307
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3308

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-7n}(b+2cx^n)}{(b+cx^n)^8} dx = -\frac{x^{-7n}}{7n(b+cx^n)^7}$$

output `-1/7/n/(x^(7*n))/(b+c*x^n)^7`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-7n}(b+2cx^n)}{(b+cx^n)^8} dx = -\frac{x^{-7n}}{7n(b+cx^n)^7}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - 7*n))*(b + 2*c*x^n)/(b + c*x^n)^8,x]`

output `-1/7*1/(n*x^(7*n)*(b + c*x^n)^7)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {948, 83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-7n-1}(b+2cx^n)}{(b+cx^n)^8} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^{-8n}(2cx^n+b)}{(cx^n+b)^8} dx^n$$

$n$   
↓ 83

$$-\frac{x^{-7n}}{7n(b+cx^n)^7}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - 7*n))*(b + 2*c*x^n))/(b + c*x^n)^8,x]`

output `-1/7*1/(n*x^(7*n)*(b + c*x^n)^7)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 83 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 11.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{x^{-1-7n}x}{7n(b+cx^n)^7}$
risch	$-\frac{132c^6x^{-n}}{b^{13}n} + \frac{66c^5x^{-2n}}{b^{12}n} - \frac{30c^4x^{-3n}}{b^{11}n} + \frac{12c^3x^{-4n}}{b^{10}n} - \frac{4c^2x^{-5n}}{b^9n} + \frac{cx^{-6n}}{b^8n} - \frac{x^{-7n}}{7b^7n} + \frac{c^7(924x^{6n}c^6+6006x^{5n}bc^5+...}{7b^7n}$

input `int(x^(-1-7*n)*(b+2*c*x^n)/(b+c*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/7*x^(-1-7*n)*x/n/(b+c*x^n)^7`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 105 vs. 2(21) = 42.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-7n}(b+2cx^n)}{(b+cx^n)^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{1}{7(c^7nx^{14n} + 7bc^6nx^{13n} + 21b^2c^5nx^{12n} + 35b^3c^4nx^{11n} + 35b^4c^3nx^{10n} + 21b^5c^2nx^{9n} + 7b^6cnx^{8n} + b^7n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(b+2*c*x^n)/(b+c*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/7/(c^7*n*x^(14*n) + 7*b*c^6*n*x^(13*n) + 21*b^2*c^5*n*x^(12*n) + 35*b^3*c^4*n*x^(11*n) + 35*b^4*c^3*n*x^(10*n) + 21*b^5*c^2*n*x^(9*n) + 7*b^6*c*n*x^(8*n) + b^7*n*x^(7*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 50.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.14

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-7n}(b+2cx^n)}{(b+cx^n)^8} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{xx^{-7n-1}}{7b^7n+49b^6cnx^n+147b^5c^2nx^{2n}+245b^4c^3nx^{3n}+245b^3c^4nx^{4n}+147b^2c^5nx^{5n}+49bc^6nx^{6n}+7c^7nx^{7n}} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ \frac{(b+2c)\log(x)}{(b+c)^8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-7*n)*(b+2*c*x**n)/(b+c*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-x*x**(-7*n - 1)/(7*b**7*n + 49*b**6*c*n*x**n + 147*b**5*c**2*n*x**2*n) + 245*b**4*c**3*n*x**3*n) + 245*b**3*c**4*n*x**4*n) + 147*b**2*c**5*n*x**5*n) + 49*b*c**6*n*x**6*n) + 7*c**7*n*x**7*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((b + 2*c)*log(x)/(b + c)**8, True))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 612 vs.  $2(21) = 42$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.14

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-7n}(b+2cx^n)}{(b+cx^n)^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{105} b \left( \frac{360360 c^{13} x^{13n} + 2342340 bc^{12} x^{12n} + 6426420 b^2 c^{11} x^{11n} + 9579570 b^3 c^{10} x^{10n} + 8270262 b^4 c^9 x^9}{b^{14} c^7 n x^{14n} + 7 b^{15} c^6 n x^{13n} + 21 b^{16} c^5 n x^{12n}} \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{105} c \left( \frac{360360 c^{12} x^{12n} + 2342340 bc^{11} x^{11n} + 6426420 b^2 c^{10} x^{10n} + 9579570 b^3 c^9 x^9 + 8270262 b^4 c^8 x^8}{b^{13} c^7 n x^{13n} + 7 b^{14} c^6 n x^{12n} + 21 b^{15} c^5 n x^{11n}} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(b+2*c*x^n)/(b+c*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-1/105*b*((360360*c^13*x^(13*n) + 2342340*b*c^12*x^(12*n) + 6426420*b^2*c^
11*x^(11*n) + 9579570*b^3*c^10*x^(10*n) + 8270262*b^4*c^9*x^(9*n) + 401801
4*b^5*c^8*x^(8*n) + 934362*b^6*c^7*x^(7*n) + 45045*b^7*c^6*x^(6*n) - 5005*
b^8*c^5*x^(5*n) + 1001*b^9*c^4*x^(4*n) - 273*b^10*c^3*x^(3*n) + 91*b^11*c^
2*x^(2*n) - 35*b^12*c*x^n + 15*b^13)/(b^14*c^7*n*x^(14*n) + 7*b^15*c^6*n*x
^(13*n) + 21*b^16*c^5*n*x^(12*n) + 35*b^17*c^4*n*x^(11*n) + 35*b^18*c^3*n*
x^(10*n) + 21*b^19*c^2*n*x^(9*n) + 7*b^20*c*n*x^(8*n) + b^21*n*x^(7*n)) +
360360*c^7*log(x)/b^15 - 360360*c^7*log((c*x^n + b)/c)/(b^15*n)) + 1/105*c
*((360360*c^12*x^(12*n) + 2342340*b*c^11*x^(11*n) + 6426420*b^2*c^10*x^(10
*n) + 9579570*b^3*c^9*x^(9*n) + 8270262*b^4*c^8*x^(8*n) + 4018014*b^5*c^7*
x^(7*n) + 934362*b^6*c^6*x^(6*n) + 45045*b^7*c^5*x^(5*n) - 5005*b^8*c^4*x^
(4*n) + 1001*b^9*c^3*x^(3*n) - 273*b^10*c^2*x^(2*n) + 91*b^11*c*x^n - 35*b
^12)/(b^13*c^7*n*x^(13*n) + 7*b^14*c^6*n*x^(12*n) + 21*b^15*c^5*n*x^(11*n)
+ 35*b^16*c^4*n*x^(10*n) + 35*b^17*c^3*n*x^(9*n) + 21*b^18*c^2*n*x^(8*n)
+ 7*b^19*c*n*x^(7*n) + b^20*n*x^(6*n)) + 360360*c^6*log(x)/b^14 - 360360*c
^6*log((c*x^n + b)/c)/(b^14*n))

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-7n}(b+2cx^n)}{(b+cx^n)^8} dx = \int \frac{(2cx^n+b)x^{-7n-1}}{(cx^n+b)^8} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(b+2*c*x^n)/(b+c*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((2*c*x^n + b)*x^(-7*n - 1)/(c*x^n + b)^8, x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-7n}(b+2cx^n)}{(b+cx^n)^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{1}{7x^{7n}(b^7n + c^7nx^{7n} + 7b^6cnx^n + 7bc^6nx^{6n} + 21b^5c^2nx^{2n} + 35b^4c^3nx^{3n} + 35b^3c^4nx^{4n} + 21b^2c^5nx^{5n} + 7b^2c^6nx^{6n} + 7bc^7nx^{7n} + b^7)}$$



input `int((b + 2*c*x^n)/(x^(7*n + 1)*(b + c*x^n)^8),x)`

output `-1/(7*x^(7*n)*(b^7*n + c^7*n*x^(7*n) + 7*b^6*c*n*x^n + 7*b*c^6*n*x^(6*n) + 21*b^5*c^2*n*x^(2*n) + 35*b^4*c^3*n*x^(3*n) + 35*b^3*c^4*n*x^(4*n) + 21*b^2*c^5*n*x^(5*n)))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-7n}(b + 2cx^n)}{(b + cx^n)^8} dx = \frac{1}{7x^{7n}n(x^{7n}c^7 + 7x^{6n}bc^6 + 21x^{5n}b^2c^5 + 35x^{4n}b^3c^4 + 35x^{3n}b^4c^3 + 21x^{2n}b^5c^2 + 7x^nb^6c + b^7)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-7*n)*(b+2*c*x^n)/(b+c*x^n)^8,x)`

output `( - 1)/(7*x**(7*n)*n*(x**(7*n)*c**7 + 7*x**(6*n)*b*c**6 + 21*x**(5*n)*b**2*c**5 + 35*x**(4*n)*b**3*c**4 + 35*x**(3*n)*b**4*c**3 + 21*x**(2*n)*b**5*c**2 + 7*x**n*b**6*c + b**7))`

### 3.477 $\int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{1-x^{16}} dx$

Optimal result	3309
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3309
Rubi [A] (verified)	3310
Maple [A] (verified)	3312
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3312
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3313
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3313
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3313
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3314
Reduce [F]	3314

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{1-x^{16}} dx = -\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{1+x^{16}} - \frac{1}{24}(1+x^{16})^{3/2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

output `-1/8*(x^16+1)^(1/2)-1/24*(x^16+1)^(3/2)+1/8*arctanh(1/2*(x^16+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{1-x^{16}} dx = \frac{1}{24}(-4-x^{16})\sqrt{1+x^{16}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^31*sqrt[1 + x^16])/(1 - x^16),x]`

output `((-4 - x^16)*sqrt[1 + x^16])/24 + ArcTanh[sqrt[1 + x^16]/sqrt[2]]/(4*sqrt[2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 60, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{1-x^{16}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{1}{16} \int \frac{x^{16}\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{1-x^{16}} dx^{16} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{1}{16} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{1-x^{16}} dx^{16} - \frac{2}{3}(x^{16}+1)^{3/2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{1}{16} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{(1-x^{16})\sqrt{x^{16}+1}} dx^{16} - \frac{2}{3}(x^{16}+1)^{3/2} - 2\sqrt{x^{16}+1} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{16} \left( 4 \int \frac{1}{2-x^{32}} d\sqrt{x^{16}+1} - \frac{2}{3}(x^{16}+1)^{3/2} - 2\sqrt{x^{16}+1} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{1}{16} \left( 2\sqrt{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \frac{2}{3}(x^{16}+1)^{3/2} - 2\sqrt{x^{16}+1} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^31*Sqrt[1 + x^16])/(1 - x^16),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[1 + x^16] - (2*(1 + x^16)^(3/2))/3 + 2*Sqrt[2]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + x^16]/Sqrt[2]])/16`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{x^{16}\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{24} - \frac{\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(x^8-1)\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}\right)}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(x^8+1)\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}\right)}{16}$	69
trager	$\left(-\frac{x^{16}}{24} - \frac{1}{6}\right) \sqrt{x^{16}+1} + \frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-2) \ln\left(-\frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-2)x^{16}+4\sqrt{x^{16}+1}+3\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-2)}{(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)(x^4+1)(x^8+1)}\right)}{16}$	87
risch	$-\frac{(x^{16}+4)\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{24} - \frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-2) \ln\left(-\frac{-\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-2)x^{16}+4\sqrt{x^{16}+1}-3\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-2)}{(x-1)(x+1)(x^2+1)(x^4+1)(x^8+1)}\right)}{16}$	87

input `int(x^31*(x^16+1)^(1/2)/(-x^16+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/24*x^{16}*(x^{16}+1)^{(1/2)}-1/6*(x^{16}+1)^{(1/2)}-1/16*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(x^8-1)*2^{(1/2)}/(x^{16}+1)^{(1/2)})+1/16*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(x^8+1)*2^{(1/2)}/(x^{16}+1)^{(1/2)})$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{1-x^{16}} dx = -\frac{1}{24}(x^{16}+4)\sqrt{x^{16}+1} + \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{x^{16}+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^{16}+1}+3}{x^{16}-1}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^31*(x^16+1)^(1/2)/(-x^16+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/24*(x^{16}+4)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x^{16}+1) + 1/16*\operatorname{sqrt}(2)*\log((x^{16}+2*\operatorname{sqrt}(2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x^{16}+1)+3)/(x^{16}-1))$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 34.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{1-x^{16}} dx = -\frac{(x^{16}+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} - \frac{\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(\log(\sqrt{x^{16}+1}-\sqrt{2}) - \log(\sqrt{x^{16}+1}+\sqrt{2}))}{16}$$

input `integrate(x**31*(x**16+1)**(1/2)/(-x**16+1),x)`output `-(x**16 + 1)**(3/2)/24 - sqrt(x**16 + 1)/8 - sqrt(2)*(log(sqrt(x**16 + 1) - sqrt(2)) - log(sqrt(x**16 + 1) + sqrt(2)))/16`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{1-x^{16}} dx = -\frac{1}{24} (x^{16}+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}\right) - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{x^{16}+1}$$

input `integrate(x^31*(x^16+1)^(1/2)/(-x^16+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/24*(x^16 + 1)^(3/2) - 1/16*sqrt(2)*log(-(sqrt(2) - sqrt(x^16 + 1))/(sqrt(2) + sqrt(x^16 + 1))) - 1/8*sqrt(x^16 + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{1-x^{16}} dx = -\frac{1}{24} (x^{16}+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{|-2\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{x^{16}+1}|}{2(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{x^{16}+1})}\right) - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{x^{16}+1}$$

input `integrate(x^31*(x^16+1)^(1/2)/(-x^16+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-1/24*(x^{16} + 1)^{3/2} - 1/16*\sqrt{2}*\log(1/2*\text{abs}(-2*\sqrt{2} + 2*\sqrt{x^{16} + 1}))/(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{x^{16} + 1})) - 1/8*\sqrt{x^{16} + 1}$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{1-x^{16}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{2}\right)}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{8} - \frac{(x^{16}+1)^{3/2}}{24}$$

input

$$\text{int}(-(x^{31}*(x^{16} + 1)^{(1/2)))/(x^{16} - 1), x)$$

output

$$(2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{atanh}((2^{(1/2)}*(x^{16} + 1)^{(1/2}))/2))/8 - (x^{16} + 1)^{(1/2)}/8 - (x^{16} + 1)^{(3/2)}/24$$
**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{31}\sqrt{1+x^{16}}}{1-x^{16}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{x^{16}+1}x^{16}}{24} + \frac{\sqrt{x^{16}+1}}{12} - 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^{16}+1}x^{31}}{x^{32}-1} dx\right)$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^{31}*(x^{16}+1)^{(1/2)/(-x^{16}+1), x)$$

output

$$(-\sqrt{x^{16}+1}*x^{16} + 2*\sqrt{x^{16}+1} - 48*\text{int}((\sqrt{x^{16}+1})*x^{31})/(x^{32}-1), x))/24$$

**3.478**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}x}} dx$

Optimal result	3315
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3315
Rubi [A] (verified)	3316
Maple [B] (verified)	3318
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3319
Sympy [F]	3320
Maxima [F]	3320
Giac [F]	3321
Mupad [F(-1)]	3321
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3321

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output

$2*c^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/2)}*(a+b/x)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)/(c+d/x)^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}-2*d^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(d^{(1/2)}*(a+b/x)^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)/(c+d/x)^{(1/2)})/b^{(1/2)}$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}x}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{bc-ad}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}x}\sqrt{\frac{b(d+cx)}{(bc-ad)x}}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{bd+bcx} + \frac{2\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$



input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d/x]/(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*Sqrt[c + d/x]*x*Sqrt[(b*(d + c*x))/((b*c - a*d)*x)]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]]/(b*d + b*c*x) + (2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d/x])])/Sqrt[a]`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {948, 140, 27, 66, 104, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 948 \\
 & - \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 140 \\
 & -d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \int \frac{cx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} - c \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 66 \\
 & -2d \int \frac{1}{b - \frac{d}{x^2}} d\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - c \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 104
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2c \int \frac{1}{\frac{c}{x^2} - a} d \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - 2d \int \frac{1}{b - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d/x]/(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d/x])]/Sqrt[a] - (2*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d/x])])/Sqrt[b]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 140 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*d^(m+n)*f^p Int[(a+b*x)^(m-1)/(c+d*x)^m, x], x] + Int[(a+b*x)^(m-1)*((e+f*x)^p/(c+d*x)^m)*ExpandToSum[(a+b*x)*(c+d*x)^(-p-1) - (b*d^(-p-1)*f^p)/(e+f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m+n+p+1, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0] && (GtQ[m, 0] || SumSimplerQ[m, -1] || !(GtQ[n, 0] || SumSimplerQ[n, -1]))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m+1)/n]-1)*(a+b*x)^p*(c+d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n]]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 142 vs.  $2(69) = 138$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} x \sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} \left( \ln \left( \frac{adx+cbx+2\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{(cx+d)(ax+b)+2bd}}{x} \right) \sqrt{ac} d - \ln \left( \frac{2acx+2\sqrt{(cx+d)(ax+b)}\sqrt{ac+ad+cb}}{2\sqrt{ac}} \right) \sqrt{bd} c \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{(cx+d)(ax+b)}}$	143

input `int((c+d/x)^(1/2)/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*x*((c*x+d)/x)^(1/2)*(ln((a*d*x+c*b*x+2*(b*d)^(1/2)*((c*x+d)*(a*x+b))^(1/2)+2*b*d)/x)*(a*c)^(1/2)*d-ln(1/2*(2*a*c*x+2*((c*x+d)*(a*x+b))^(1/2)*(a*c)^(1/2)+a*d+c*b)/(a*c)^(1/2))*(b*d)^(1/2)*c)/(b*d)^(1/2)/(a*c)^(1/2)/((c*x+d)*(a*x+b))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 705, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.58

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = & \left[ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \log \left( -8 a^2 c^2 x^2 - b^2 c^2 - 6 abcd - a^2 d^2 \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - 4 (2 a^2 c x^2 + (abc + a^2 d)x) \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} - 8 (abc^2 + a^2 cd)x \right) \right. \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{d}{b}} \log \left( -\frac{8 b^2 d^2 + (b^2 c^2 + 6 abcd + a^2 d^2)x^2 - 4 (2 b^2 dx + (b^2 c + abd)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{d}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} + 8 (b^2 c^2 + a^2 cd)x}{x^2} \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}} \arctan \left( \frac{2 ax \sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}}}{2 acx + bc + ad} \right) \right) \right. \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{d}{b}} \log \left( -\frac{8 b^2 d^2 + (b^2 c^2 + 6 abcd + a^2 d^2)x^2 - 4 (2 b^2 dx + (b^2 c + abd)x^2) \sqrt{\frac{d}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} + 8 (b^2 c^2 + a^2 cd)x}{x^2} \right. \\
& \left. \left. + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \log \left( -8 a^2 c^2 x^2 - b^2 c^2 - 6 abcd - a^2 d^2 \right) \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - 4 (2 a^2 c x^2 + (abc + a^2 d)x) \sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} - 8 (abc^2 + a^2 cd)x \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}} \arctan \left( \frac{2 ax \sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}}}{2 acx + bc + ad} \right) \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left. + \sqrt{-\frac{d}{b}} \arctan \left( \frac{2 bx \sqrt{-\frac{d}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}}}{2 bd + (bc + ad)x} \right) \right] \right]
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)^(1/2)/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*sqrt(c/a)*log(-8*a^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2*c^2 - 6*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 - 4*(2*a^2*c*x^2 + (a*b*c + a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(c/a)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) - 8*(a*b*c^2 + a^2*c*d)*x) + 1/2*sqrt(d/b)*log(-8*b^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*b^2*d*x + (b^2*c + a*b*d)*x^2)*sqrt(d/b)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x/x^2), -sqrt(-c/a)*arctan(2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)/(2*a*c*x + b*c + a*d)) + 1/2*sqrt(d/b)*log(-8*b^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*b^2*d*x + (b^2*c + a*b*d)*x^2)*sqrt(d/b)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x/x^2), sqrt(-d/b)*arctan(2*b*x*sqrt(-d/b)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)/(2*b*d + (b*c + a*d)*x)) + 1/2*sqrt(c/a)*log(-8*a^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2*c^2 - 6*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 - 4*(2*a^2*c*x^2 + (a*b*c + a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(c/a)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) - 8*(a*b*c^2 + a^2*c*d)*x), -sqrt(-c/a)*arctan(2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)/(2*a*c*x + b*c + a*d)) + sqrt(-d/b)*arctan(2*b*x*sqrt(-d/b)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)/(2*b*d + (b*c + a*d)*x)]]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)**(1/2)/(a+b/x)**(1/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(c + d/x)/(x*sqrt(a + b/x)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)^(1/2)/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate(sqrt(c + d/x)/(sqrt(a + b/x)*x), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}x}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}x}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^(1/2)/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c + d/x)/(sqrt(a + b/x)*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}x}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}x}} dx$$

input `int((c + d/x)^(1/2)/(x*(a + b/x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((c + d/x)^(1/2)/(x*(a + b/x)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx+d}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right) b + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{b} \log\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx+d} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+ad}}\right)}{}$$

input `int((c+d/x)^(1/2)/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d))/sqrt(a*d - b*c))*b + sqrt(d)*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a) + a*d + b*c))*a + sqrt(d)*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a) + a*d + b*c))*a - sqrt(d)*sqrt(b)*log(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d)*sqrt(a*x + b) + 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a) + 2*a*c*x)*a)/(a*b)`

**3.479**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3323
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3324
Rubi [A] (verified)	3324
Maple [F]	3327
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3327
Sympy [F(-1)]	3328
Maxima [F]	3329
Giac [F]	3329
Mupad [F(-1)]	3329
Reduce [F]	3330

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = -\frac{5(bc-ad)^2(7bc+ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{64bd^4n} + \frac{5(bc-ad)(7bc+ad)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{96bd^3n} - \frac{(7bc+ad)(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{24bd^2n} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bdn} + \frac{5(bc-ad)^3(7bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{64b^{3/2}d^{9/2}n}$$

output

```
-5/64*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(a*d+7*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b/d^4/n+5/96*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+7*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b/d^3/n-1/24*(a*d+7*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b/d^2/n+1/4*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b/d/n+5/64*(-a*d+b*c)^3*(a*d+7*b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/d^(9/2)/n
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)(15a^3d^3+a^2bd^2(-191c+118dx^n)+ab^2d(265c^2-172d^2x^n))}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 + 2*n))*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/Sqrt[c + d*x^n], x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)*(15*a^3*d^3 + a^2*b*d^2*(-191*c + 118*d*x^n) + a*b^2*d*(265*c^2 - 172*c*d*x^n + 136*d^2*x^(2*n)) + b^3*(-105*c^3 + 70*c^2*d*x^n - 56*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 48*d^3*x^(3*n))) + 15*(b*c - a*d)^(7/2)*(7*b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d)]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(192*b^2*d^(9/2)*n*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.233$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 60, 60, 60, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \int \frac{x^n (bx^n+a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(ad+7bc) \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{8bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(ad+7bc) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad) \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{6d} \right)}{8bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(ad+7bc) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{4d} \right)}{6d} \right)}{8bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(ad+7bc) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}}}{2d} \right)}{4d} \right)}{6d} \right)}{8bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 66 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(ad+7bc) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{b-dx^{2n}} d \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}}{d} \right)}{4d} \right)}{6d} \right)}{8bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(ad+7bc) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}^{3/2}} \right)}{4d} \right)}{6d} \right)}{n}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 + 2*n))*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/Sqrt[c + d*x^n], x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^(7/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(4*b*d) - ((7*b*c + a*d)*((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(3*d) - (5*(b*c - a*d)*((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(2*d) - (3*(b*c - a*d)*((Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/d - (b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])])/(Sqrt[b]*d^(3/2))))/(4*d))/(6*d))/(8*b*d)/n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 607, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \left[ -\frac{15(7b^4c^4 - 20ab^3c^3d + 18a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 - a^4d^4)\sqrt{bd} \log\left(8b^2d^2x^{2n} - \frac{15(7b^4c^4 - 20ab^3c^3d + 18a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 - a^4d^4)\sqrt{-bd} \arctan\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{-b}bdx^n + (bc+ad)\sqrt{-bd})\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+}}{2(b^2d^2x^{2n}+abcd+(b^2cd+abd^2)x^n)}\right)}{2(b^2d^2x^{2n}+abcd+(b^2cd+abd^2)x^n)}\right)}{2(b^2d^2x^{2n}+abcd+(b^2cd+abd^2)x^n)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/768*(15*(7*b^4*c^4 - 20*a*b^3*c^3*d + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 - a^4*d^4)*sqrt(b*d)*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 - 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) - 4*(48*b^4*d^4*x^(3*n) - 105*b^4*c^3*d + 265*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 191*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 + 15*a^3*b*d^4 - 8*(7*b^4*c*d^3 - 17*a*b^3*d^4)*x^(2*n) + 2*(35*b^4*c^2*d^2 - 86*a*b^3*c*d^3 + 59*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2*d^5*n), -1/384*(15*(7*b^4*c^4 - 20*a*b^3*c^3*d + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 - a^4*d^4)*sqrt(-b*d)*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) - 2*(48*b^4*d^4*x^(3*n) - 105*b^4*c^3*d + 265*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 191*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 + 15*a^3*b*d^4 - 8*(7*b^4*c*d^3 - 17*a*b^3*d^4)*x^(2*n) + 2*(35*b^4*c^2*d^2 - 86*a*b^3*c*d^3 + 59*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2*d^5*n)]`

## Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(5/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^(2*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^(2*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(48*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*d**3 + 48*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*c*d**2 + 136*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*d**3 + 80*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*c*d**2 - 56*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*c**2*d + 118*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*d**3 - 54*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 102*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*c**2*d + 70*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*c**3 - 236*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*c*d**2 + 344*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*c**2*d - 140*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*c**3 + 15*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**5*d**5*n + 75*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**4*b*c*d**4*n - 210*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3*n + 30*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**2...
```

**3.480**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3331
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3332
Rubi [A] (verified)	3332
Maple [F]	3334
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3335
Sympy [F(-1)]	3335
Maxima [F]	3336
Giac [F]	3336
Mupad [F(-1)]	3336
Reduce [F]	3337

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)(5bc+ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{8bd^3n} - \frac{(5bc+ad)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{12bd^2n} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bdn} - \frac{(bc-ad)^2(5bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}d^{7/2}n}$$

output

```
1/8*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+5*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b/d^3/n-1/12*(a
*d+5*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b/d^2/n+1/3*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(c+d
*x^n)^(1/2)/b/d/n-1/8*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(
1/2)/b^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/d^(7/2)/n
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)(3a^2d^2+2abd(-11c+7dx^n)+b^2(15c^2-10cdx^n+8d^2x^{2n}))-3(b^2c-ad)^{5/2}(5b^2c+ad)\sqrt{(b(c+dx^n))/(b^2c-ad)}\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}]/\sqrt{b^2c-ad}}{24b^2d^{7/2}n\sqrt{c+dx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 + 2*n))*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/Sqrt[c + d*x^n], x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)*(3*a^2*d^2 + 2*a*b*d*(-11*c + 7*d*x^n) + b^2*(15*c^2 - 10*c*d*x^n + 8*d^2*x^(2*n))) - 3*(b*c - a*d)^(5/2)*(5*b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d)]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(24*b^2*d^(7/2)*n*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 60, 60, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx \\ \downarrow 948 \\ \int \frac{x^n(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \\ \downarrow 90 \\ \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{(ad+5bc) \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{6bd} \\ \downarrow 60 \end{array}$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \left[ \frac{3(5b^3c^3 - 9ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3)\sqrt{bd} \log\left(8b^2d^2x^{2n} + b^2c^2 + 6abcd + a^3d^3\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/96*(3*(5*b^3*c^3 - 9*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3)*sqrt(b*d)*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 - 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) + 4*(8*b^3*d^3*x^(2*n) + 15*b^3*c^2*d - 22*a*b^2*c*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^3 - 2*(5*b^3*c*d^2 - 7*a*b^2*d^3)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2*d^4*n), 1/48*(3*(5*b^3*c^3 - 9*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3)*sqrt(-b*d)*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) + 2*(8*b^3*d^3*x^(2*n) + 15*b^3*c^2*d - 22*a*b^2*c*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^3 - 2*(5*b^3*c*d^2 - 7*a*b^2*d^3)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2*d^4*n)]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^(2*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^(2*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{8x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nb+a}abd^2 + 8x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nb+a}b^2cd + 14x^n\sqrt{x^nd+c}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*d**2 + 8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*c*d + 14*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*c*d - 10*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*c**2 - 28*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*c*d + 20*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*c**2 + 3*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**4*d**4*n + 12*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**3*b*c*d**3*n - 18*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*n - 12*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a*b**3*c**3*d*n + 15*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*b**4*c**4*n)/(24*d**2*n*(a*d + b*c))`

**3.481**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3338
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3338
Rubi [A] (verified)	3339
Maple [F]	3341
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3341
Sympy [F]	3342
Maxima [F]	3342
Giac [F]	3343
Mupad [F(-1)]	3343
Reduce [F]	3343

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = -\frac{(3bc+ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd^2n} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bdn} + \frac{(bc-ad)(3bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{4b^{3/2}d^{5/2}n}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a*d+3*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b/d^2/n+1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b/d/n+1/4*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/d^(5/2)/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)(-3bc+ad+2bdx^n) + (bc-ad)^{3/2}(3bc+ad)\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4b^2d^{5/2}n\sqrt{c+dx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[c + d*x^n],x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)*(-3*b*c + a*d + 2*b*d*x^n) + (b*c - a*d)^(3/2)*(3*b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d)]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(4*b^2*d^(5/2)*n*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 60, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{2n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \int \frac{x^n \sqrt{bx^n + a}}{\sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx^n \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{(ad+3bc) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{(ad+3bc) \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+a} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{2d} \right)}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{(ad+3bc) \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{b-dx^{2n}} d \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}}{d} \right)}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{(ad+3bc)\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}^{3/2}}\right)}{4bd}$$

$n$

input `Int[(x^(-1 + 2*n))*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[c + d*x^n],x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(2*b*d) - ((3*b*c + a*d)*((Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/d - ((b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])])/(Sqrt[b]*d^(3/2))))/(4*b*d)/n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a + b x^n}}{\sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a + b x^n}}{\sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(3b^2c^2 - 2abcd - a^2d^2)\sqrt{bd} \log\left(8b^2d^2x^{2n} + b^2c^2 + 6abcd + a^2d^2 - 4\left(2\sqrt{bd}bdx^n + (bc + ad)\sqrt{bd}\right)\right)}{16b^2d^3n} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(3b^2c^2 - 2abcd - a^2d^2)\sqrt{-bd} \arctan\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{-bd}bdx^n + (bc + ad)\sqrt{-bd})\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{dx^n + c}}{2(b^2d^2x^{2n} + abcd + (b^2cd + abd^2)x^n)}\right) - 2(2b^2d^2x^n - 3b^2cd + \dots)}{8b^2d^3n} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas"
)
```

output

```
[-1/16*((3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*sqrt(b*d)*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n)
+ b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 - 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt
(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) - 4*(
2*b^2*d^2*x^n - 3*b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2
*d^3*n), -1/8*((3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*arctan(1/2*(2*
sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n +
c)/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n)) - 2*(2*b^2*d^2*x
^n - 3*b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2*d^3*n)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(2*n - 1)*sqrt(a + b*x**n)/sqrt(c + d*x**n), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + ax^{2n-1}}}{\sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima"
)
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(2*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+ax^{2n-1}}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(2*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a d + 2x^n \sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b c - 4 \sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a c + \left( \int \frac{x^{2n} a b d^2 x + x^{2n} b^2 c d x}{x^{2n} a b d^2 x + x^{2n} b^2 c d x} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*d + 2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*c - 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*c + int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n + 3*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n - int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d*n - 3*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*b**3*c**3*n)/(4*d*n*(a*d + b*c))
```

**3.482**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3345
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3345
Rubi [A] (verified)	3346
Maple [F]	3347
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3348
Sympy [F]	3348
Maxima [F]	3349
Giac [F]	3349
Mupad [F(-1)]	3349
Reduce [F]	3350

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{bdn} - \frac{(bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d^{3/2}n}$$

output (a+b\*x^n)^(1/2)\*(c+d\*x^n)^(1/2)/b/d/n-(a\*d+b\*c)\*arctanh(d^(1/2)\*(a+b\*x^n)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(c+d\*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/d^(3/2)/n

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n) - \sqrt{bc-ad}(bc+ad)\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{b^2d^{3/2}n\sqrt{c+dx^n}}$$

input Integrate[x^(-1 + 2\*n)/(Sqrt[a + b\*x^n]\*Sqrt[c + d\*x^n]),x]

output

$$\frac{(b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + bx^n})(c + dx^n) - \sqrt{b^2c - a^2d}(b^2c + a^2d)\sqrt{b^2(c + dx^n)}}{(b^2c - a^2d)} \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{b^2c - a^2d}}\right] / (b^2d^{3/2}n\sqrt{c + dx^n})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}\sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}\sqrt{c + dx^n}}{bd} - \frac{(ad + bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx^n}{2bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}\sqrt{c + dx^n}}{bd} - \frac{(ad + bc) \int \frac{1}{b - dx^{2n}} d \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{\sqrt{dx^n + c}}}{bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}\sqrt{c + dx^n}}{bd} - \frac{(ad + bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + dx^n}}\right)}{b^{3/2}d^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{ } \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[x^{(-1 + 2*n)} / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n]), x]$$

output

$$\left(\frac{\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n]}{(b*d)} - \left(\frac{(b^2c + a^2d) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]}{\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n]}\right]}{(b^{3/2} * d^{3/2})}\right)\right) / n$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}bd + (bc+ad)\sqrt{bd} \log\left(8b^2d^2x^{2n} + b^2c^2 + 6abcd + a^2d^2 - 4\left(2\sqrt{bdb}dx^n + (bc + \dots)\right)\right)}{4b^2d^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b*d + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*d)*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 - 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n)/(b^2*d^2*n), 1/2*(2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b*d + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d)*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n)))/(b^2*d^2*n)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(2*n - 1)/(sqrt(a + b*x**n)*sqrt(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nb+a}}{x^{2n}bdx + x^nadx + x^nbcdx + acx} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*b*d*x + x**n*a*d*x + x**n*b*c*x + a*c*x),x)`

**3.483**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3351
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3351
Rubi [A] (verified)	3352
Maple [F]	3353
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3354
Sympy [F]	3354
Maxima [F]	3355
Giac [F]	3355
Mupad [F(-1)]	3355
Reduce [F]	3356

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{2a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b(bc-ad)n\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{dn}}$$

output

$2*a*(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}+2*\operatorname{arctanh}(d^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/n$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{ab(c+dx^n)}{(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{\sqrt{bc-ad}\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{b^2n\sqrt{c+dx^n}}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[x^{(-1+2*n)} / ((a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)} * \operatorname{Sqrt}[c+d*x^n]), x]$

output

$$\frac{(2*((a*b*(c + d*x^n))/((b*c - a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]) + (\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]*\text{Sqrt}[(b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d)]*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])/\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]])/\text{Sqrt}[d]))/(b^2*n*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2} \sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} \sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx^n}{b} + \frac{2a\sqrt{c + dx^n}}{b(bc - ad)\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{b - dx^{2n}} d \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{\sqrt{dx^n + c}}}{b} + \frac{2a\sqrt{c + dx^n}}{b(bc - ad)\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + dx^n}}\right)}{b^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{c + dx^n}}{b(bc - ad)\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 2*n)/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n]), x]$$

output 
$$\frac{((2*a*\sqrt{c + d*x^n})/(b*(b*c - a*d)*\sqrt{a + b*x^n}) + (2*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{a + b*x^n})/(\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{c + d*x^n})]))/(b^{3/2}*\sqrt{d})/n$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 66 
$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_)} + (b_)*(x_))*\sqrt{(c_)} + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, \sqrt{a + b*x}/\sqrt{c + d*x}], x] /; \text{FreeEq}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c - a*(d/b), 0]$$

rule 87 
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_))*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_ + (f_)*(x_))^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 221 
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 948 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + b x^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx$$

input 
$$\text{int}(x^{(-1+2*n)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}/(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)},x)$$

output 
$$\text{int}(x^{(-1+2*n)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}/(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)},x)$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 198 vs.  $2(75) = 150$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.48

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}abd + \left((b^2c-abd)\sqrt{bd}x^n + (abc-a^2d)\sqrt{bd}\right) \log\left(\frac{8\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c} + (b^2c-abd)\sqrt{bd}x^n + (abc-a^2d)\sqrt{bd}}{2((b^2c-abd)\sqrt{bd}x^n + (abc-a^2d)\sqrt{bd})}\right)}{2((b^2c-abd)\sqrt{bd}x^n + (abc-a^2d)\sqrt{bd})}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(4*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)*a*b*d + ((b^2*c - a*b*d)*sqrt(b*d)*x^n + (a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(b*d))*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n)/((b^4*c*d - a*b^3*d^2)*n*x^n + (a*b^3*c*d - a^2*b^2*d^2)*n), (2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)*a*b*d - ((b^2*c - a*b*d)*sqrt(-b*d)*x^n + (a*b*c - a^2*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n))/((b^4*c*d - a*b^3*d^2)*n*x^n + (a*b^3*c*d - a^2*b^2*d^2)*n)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x**n)**(3/2)*sqrt(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{3n} b^2 dx + 2x^{2n} ab dx + x^{2n} b^2 cx + x^n a^2 dx + 2x^n abc x + a^2 cx} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(3*n)*b**2*d*x + 2*x**  
*(2*n)*a*b*d*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*x + x**n*a**2*d*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*x + a**2  
*c*x),x)`

**3.484**       $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3357
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3357
Rubi [A] (verified)	3358
Maple [F]	3359
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3360
Sympy [F(-1)]	3360
Maxima [F]	3360
Giac [F]	3361
Mupad [F(-1)]	3361
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3361

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{2a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(3bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b(bc-ad)^2n\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

$2/3*a*(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}-2/3*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx^n}(-2ac-3bcx^n+adx^n)}{3(bc-ad)^2n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)/((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]),x]`

output

$(2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n]*(-2*a*c - 3*b*c*x^n + a*d*x^n))/(3*(b*c - a*d)^2*n*(a + b*x^n)^{(3/2)})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {948, 87, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow 948 \\
 \int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a)^{5/2} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 87 \\
 \frac{(3bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^{3/2} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{3b(bc-ad)} + \frac{2a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 48 \\
 \frac{2a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(3bc-ad)\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b(bc-ad)^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
 \downarrow n
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)/((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]),x]`

output `((2*a*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(3*b*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) - (2*(3*b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(3*b*(b*c - a*d)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp  
 [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{  
 a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p  
 _.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p  
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p  
 + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]  
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege  
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.  
 ), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^  
 p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ  
 [b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{2(2ac + (3bc - ad)x^n) \sqrt{bx^n + a} \sqrt{dx^n + c}}{3((b^4c^2 - 2ab^3cd + a^2b^2d^2)nx^{2n} + 2(ab^3c^2 - 2a^2b^2cd + a^3bd^2)nx^n + (a^2b^2c^2 - 2a^3bcd + a^4d^2)n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(2*a*c + (3*b*c - a*d)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)/((b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*n*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*n*x^n + (a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2)*n)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(bx^n + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(bx^n + a)^{5/2} \sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^nd + c} \sqrt{x^nb + a} (x^nad - 3x^nb c - 2ac)}{3n (x^{2n}a^2b^2d^2 - 2x^{2n}a b^3cd + x^{2n}b^4c^2 + 2x^na^3bd^2 - 4x^na^2b^2cd + 2x^na b^3c^2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(x**n*a*d - 3*x**n*b*c - 2*a*c))/(3*n
*(x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*d**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**3*c*d + x**(2*n)*b**4*c**2 + 2
*x**n*a**3*b*d**2 - 4*x**n*a**2*b**2*c*d + 2*x**n*a*b**3*c**2 + a**4*d**2
- 2*a**3*b*c*d + a**2*b**2*c**2))
```

**3.485**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3363
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3364
Rubi [A] (verified)	3364
Maple [F]	3368
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3368
Sympy [F(-1)]	3369
Maxima [F]	3370
Giac [F]	3370
Mupad [F(-1)]	3370
Reduce [F]	3371

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 356

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{(bc-ad)^2(63b^2c^2+14abcd+3a^2d^2)\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{128b^2d^5n} - \frac{(bc-ad)(63b^2c^2+14abcd+3a^2d^2)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{192b^2d^4n} + \frac{(63b^2c^2+14abcd+3a^2d^2)(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{240b^2d^3n} - \frac{(9bc+11ad)(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{40b^2d^2n} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{9/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{5b^2dn} - \frac{(bc-ad)^3(63b^2c^2+14abcd+3a^2d^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{128b^{5/2}d^{11/2}n}$$

output

```
1/128*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(3*a^2*d^2+14*a*b*c*d+63*b^2*c^2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d^5/n-1/192*(-a*d+b*c)*(3*a^2*d^2+14*a*b*c*d+63*b^2*c^2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d^4/n+1/240*(3*a^2*d^2+14*a*b*c*d+63*b^2*c^2)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d^3/n-1/40*(11*a*d+9*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d^2/n+1/5*(a+b*x^n)^(9/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d/n-1/128*(-a*d+b*c)^3*(3*a^2*d^2+14*a*b*c*d+63*b^2*c^2)*arctanh(d^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/d^(11/2)/n
```



### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^n} \left( -\frac{24(3bc+ad)(a+bx^n)^4}{bd} + 64x^n(a+bx^n)^4 + \frac{5(bc-ad)^3(63b^2c^2+14abcd+3a^2d^2)}{320bdn\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right)}{320bdn\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 + 3*n))*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/Sqrt[c + d*x^n], x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d*x^n]*((-24*(3*b*c + a*d)*(a + b*x^n)^4)/(b*d) + 64*x^n*(a + b*x^n)^4 + (5*(b*c - a*d)^3*(63*b^2*c^2 + 14*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2))*((-2*d*(a + b*x^n))/(-(b*c) + a*d) - (4*d^2*(a + b*x^n)^2)/(3*(b*c - a*d)^2) - (16*d^3*(a + b*x^n)^3)/(15*(-(b*c) + a*d)^3) - (2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d)])))/(4*b*d^5))/(320*b*d*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$ , Rules used = {948, 101, 27, 90, 60, 60, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

↓ 948

$$\int \frac{x^{2n}(bx^n+a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

n

↓ 101

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(bx^n+a)^{5/2}(3(3bc+ad)x^n+2ac)}{2\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{5bd} + \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{5bd} - \frac{\int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{5/2}(3(3bc+ad)x^n+2ac)}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{10bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{5bd} - \frac{3(ad+3bc)(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+14abcd+63b^2c^2)}{10bd} \frac{\int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{5bd} - \frac{3(ad+3bc)(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+14abcd+63b^2c^2)}{10bd} \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad)}{6d} \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{5bd} - \frac{3(ad+3bc)(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+14abcd+63b^2c^2)}{10bd} \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad)}{6d} \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad)}{6d} \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{5bd} - \frac{3(ad+3bc)(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+14abcd+63b^2c^2)}{10bd} \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad)}{6d} \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad)}{6d} \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 66 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{5bd} - \frac{3(ad+3bc)(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+14abcd+63b^2c^2)}{10bd} \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad)}{6d} \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad)}{6d} \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{1/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{5bd} - \frac{3(ad+3bc)(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+14abcd+63b^2c^2)}{n} \left[ \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad)}{10bd} \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad)}{8bd} \right) \right]$$

221

$$\frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{5bd} - \frac{3(ad+3bc)(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+14abcd+63b^2c^2)}{n} \left[ \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3d} - \frac{5(bc-ad)}{10bd} \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad)}{8bd} \right) \right]$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 + 3*n))*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/Sqrt[c + d*x^n],x]`

output `((x^n*(a + b*x^n)^(7/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(5*b*d) - ((3*(3*b*c + a*d)*(a + b*x^n)^(7/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(4*b*d) - ((63*b^2*c^2 + 14*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(3*d) - (5*(b*c - a*d)*((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(2*d) - (3*(b*c - a*d)*((Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/d - ((b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])]))/(Sqrt[b]*d^(3/2))))/(4*d))/(6*d))/(8*b*d)/(10*b*d))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 60  $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !( \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ ( \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0]) \ )) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 66  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[c - a*(d/b), 0]$

rule 90  $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0]$

rule 101  $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))^{2*}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(d*f*(n + p + 3))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*f*(n + p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[a^2*d*f*(n + p + 3) - b*(b*c*e + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(n + p + 4) - b*(d*e*(n + 2) + c*f*(p + 2))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + p + 3, 0]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 771, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas"
)
```

output

```

[-1/7680*(15*(63*b^5*c^5 - 175*a*b^4*c^4*d + 150*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 30*a^3*
b^2*c^2*d^3 - 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 - 3*a^5*d^5)*sqrt(b*d)*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) +
b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt
(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) - 4*(3
84*b^5*d^5*x^(4*n) + 945*b^5*c^4*d - 2310*a*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 1564*a^2*b^3*c^2
*d^3 - 90*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 - 45*a^4*b*d^5 - 144*(3*b^5*c*d^4 - 7*a*b^4*d^5)*x
^(3*n) + 8*(63*b^5*c^2*d^3 - 148*a*b^4*c*d^4 + 93*a^2*b^3*d^5)*x^(2*n) - 2
*(315*b^5*c^3*d^2 - 749*a*b^4*c^2*d^3 + 481*a^2*b^3*c*d^4 - 15*a^3*b^2*d^5
)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^3*d^6*n), 1/3840*(15*(63*b^5*c^
5 - 175*a*b^4*c^4*d + 150*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 30*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 5*a^4*b*c
*d^4 - 3*a^5*d^5)*sqrt(-b*d)*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d
)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d +
(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n)) + 2*(384*b^5*d^5*x^(4*n) + 945*b^5*c^4*d - 2310
*a*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 1564*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 90*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 - 45*a^4*b*d^5 -
144*(3*b^5*c*d^4 - 7*a*b^4*d^5)*x^(3*n) + 8*(63*b^5*c^2*d^3 - 148*a*b^4*c*
d^4 + 93*a^2*b^3*d^5)*x^(2*n) - 2*(315*b^5*c^3*d^2 - 749*a*b^4*c^2*d^3 + 4
81*a^2*b^3*c*d^4 - 15*a^3*b^2*d^5)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(
b^3*d^6*n)]

```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(5/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^(3*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^(3*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(384*x**(4*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**3*d**4 + 384*x**(4*n)
*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**4*c*d**3 + 1008*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*d
+ c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b**2*d**4 + 576*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt
(x**n*b + a)*a*b**3*c*d**3 - 432*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a
)*b**4*c**2*d**2 + 744*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*b*d
**4 - 440*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3 - 68
0*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**3*c**2*d**2 + 504*x**(2*
n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**4*c**3*d + 30*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c
)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**4*d**4 - 932*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*
a**3*b*c*d**3 + 536*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b**2*c**2*
d**2 + 868*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**3*c**3*d - 630*x**n
*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**4*c**4 - 60*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x*
**n*b + a)*a**4*c*d**3 + 1924*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*b*c**2
*d**2 - 2996*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d + 1260*sqrt
(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**3*c**4 - 45*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d
+ c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a
**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x
),x)*a**6*d**6*n - 120*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x
**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c
*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**5*b*c*d**5*n - ...
```



**3.486**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3372
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3373
Rubi [A] (verified)	3373
Maple [F]	3376
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3376
Sympy [F(-1)]	3377
Maxima [F]	3378
Giac [F]	3378
Mupad [F(-1)]	3378
Reduce [F]	3379

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 288

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(bc-ad)(35b^2c^2+10abcd+3a^2d^2)\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{64b^2d^4n}$$

$$+ \frac{(35b^2c^2+10abcd+3a^2d^2)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{96b^2d^3n}$$

$$- \frac{(7bc+9ad)(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{24b^2d^2n} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{7/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4b^2dn}$$

$$+ \frac{(bc-ad)^2(35b^2c^2+10abcd+3a^2d^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{64b^{5/2}d^{9/2}n}$$

output

```
-1/64*(-a*d+b*c)*(3*a^2*d^2+10*a*b*c*d+35*b^2*c^2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d^4/n+1/96*(3*a^2*d^2+10*a*b*c*d+35*b^2*c^2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d^3/n-1/24*(9*a*d+7*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d^2/n+1/4*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d/n+1/64*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(3*a^2*d^2+10*a*b*c*d+35*b^2*c^2)*arctanh(d^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/d^(9/2)/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{-b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)(9a^3d^3+3a^2bd^2(5c-2dx^n)-ab^2d(145c^2-92cdx^n))}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 + 3*n))*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/Sqrt[c + d*x^n], x]`

output `(-(b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)*(9*a^3*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*d^2*(5*c - 2*d*x^n) - a*b^2*d*(145*c^2 - 92*c*d*x^n + 72*d^2*x^(2*n)) + b^3*(105*c^3 - 70*c^2*d*x^n + 56*c*d^2*x^(2*n) - 48*d^3*x^(3*n)))) + 3*(b*c - a*d)^(5/2)*(35*b^2*c^2 + 10*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d)]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(192*b^3*d^(9/2)*n*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {948, 101, 27, 90, 60, 60, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 948 \\ & \int \frac{x^{2n}(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow 101 \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}((7bc+3ad)x^n+2ac)}{2\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{4bd} + \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^n (a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{\int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{3/2} ((7bc+3ad)x^n+2ac)}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{x^n (a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3ad+7bc)(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+10abcd+35b^2c^2) \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{x^n (a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3ad+7bc)(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+10abcd+35b^2c^2) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{4d} \right)}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{x^n (a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3ad+7bc)(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+10abcd+35b^2c^2) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx^n}{4d} \right)}{4d} \right)}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\
 & \frac{x^n (a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3ad+7bc)(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+10abcd+35b^2c^2) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx^n}{4d} \right)}{4d} \right)}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{x^n (a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} - \frac{(3ad+7bc)(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{(3a^2d^2+10abcd+35b^2c^2) \left( \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2d} - \frac{3(bc-ad) \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx^n}{4d} \right)}{4d} \right)}{8bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 + 3*n))*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)]/Sqrt[c + d*x^n], x]`

output

$$\frac{\left(\left(x^n(a + b x^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + d x^n}\right) / (4 b d) - \left(\left(7 b c + 3 a d\right) \left(a + b x^n\right)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + d x^n}\right) / (3 b d) - \left(\left(35 b^2 c^2 + 10 a b c d + 3 a^2 d^2\right) \left(\left(a + b x^n\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + d x^n}\right) / (2 d) - \left(3(b c - a d) \left(\sqrt{a + b x^n} \sqrt{c + d x^n}\right) / d - \left((b c - a d) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\left(\sqrt{d} \sqrt{a + b x^n}\right) / \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{c + d x^n}\right)\right]\right) / \left(\sqrt{b} d^{3/2}\right)\right) / (4 d)\right) / (6 b d) / (8 b d)}{n}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F x, (b_*)(G x_)] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 60

$$\operatorname{Int}[\left((a_.) + (b_.) \cdot (x_)\right)^{m_} \cdot \left((c_.) + (d_.) \cdot (x_)\right)^{n_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\left(a + b x\right)^{m+1} \cdot \left(c + d x\right)^n / (b(m+n+1)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[n \cdot (b c - a d) / (b(m+n+1)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b x)^m \cdot (c + d x)^{n-1}, x], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[m+n+1, 0] \&\& !(\operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& (!\operatorname{IntegerQ}[n] \mid (\operatorname{GtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[m-n, 0]))) \&\& !\operatorname{ILtQ}[m+n+2, 0] \&\& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 66

$$\operatorname{Int}[1 / (\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.) \cdot (x_)} \cdot \sqrt{(c_.) + (d_.) \cdot (x_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1 / (b - d x^2), x], x, \sqrt{a + b x} / \sqrt{c + d x}], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& !\operatorname{GtQ}[c - a(d/b), 0]$$

rule 90

$$\operatorname{Int}[\left((a_.) + (b_.) \cdot (x_)\right) \cdot \left((c_.) + (d_.) \cdot (x_)\right)^{n_} \cdot \left((e_.) + (f_.) \cdot (x_)\right)^{p_}, x_] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[b \cdot (c + d x)^{n+1} \cdot (e + f x)^{p+1} / (d f (n+p+2)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(a d f (n+p+2) - b(d e (n+1) + c f (p+1))) / (d f (n+p+2)) \operatorname{Int}[(c + d x)^n \cdot (e + f x)^p, x], x] / ; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[n+p+2, 0]$$

rule 101 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)(n + 1)*((e + f*x)(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 3))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(n + p + 3)) Int[(c + d*x)n*(e + f*x)p*Simp[a2*d*f*(n + p + 3) - b*(b*c*e + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(n + p + 4) - b*(d*e*(n + 2) + c*f*(p + 2)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 3, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)2)(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_))(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)p*(c + d*x)q, x], x, xn], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x(-1+3*n)*(a+b*xn)(3/2)/(c+d*xn)(1/2),x)`

output `int(x(-1+3*n)*(a+b*xn)(3/2)/(c+d*xn)(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 607, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{3(35b^4c^4 - 60ab^3c^3d + 18a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 4a^3bcd^3 + 3a^4d^4)\sqrt{bd} \log\left(8b^2d^2x^{2n} + \frac{3(35b^4c^4 - 60ab^3c^3d + 18a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 4a^3bcd^3 + 3a^4d^4)\sqrt{-bd} \arctan\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{-bd}dx^n + (bc+ad)\sqrt{-bd})\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n}}{2(b^2d^2x^{2n}+abcd+(b^2cd+abd^2)x^n)}\right)}{2(b^2d^2x^{2n}+abcd+(b^2cd+abd^2)x^n)}\right)}{2(b^2d^2x^{2n}+abcd+(b^2cd+abd^2)x^n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/768*(3*(35*b^4*c^4 - 60*a*b^3*c^3*d + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + 3*a^4*d^4)*sqrt(b*d)*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) + 4*(48*b^4*d^4*x^(3*n) - 105*b^4*c^3*d + 145*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 15*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - 9*a^3*b*d^4 - 8*(7*b^4*c*d^3 - 9*a*b^3*d^4)*x^(2*n) + 2*(35*b^4*c^2*d^2 - 46*a*b^3*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^3*d^5*n), -1/384*(3*(35*b^4*c^4 - 60*a*b^3*c^3*d + 18*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + 3*a^4*d^4)*sqrt(-b*d)*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) - 2*(48*b^4*d^4*x^(3*n) - 105*b^4*c^3*d + 145*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 15*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 - 9*a^3*b*d^4 - 8*(7*b^4*c*d^3 - 9*a*b^3*d^4)*x^(2*n) + 2*(35*b^4*c^2*d^2 - 46*a*b^3*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^3*d^5*n)]`

## Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^(3*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^(3*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(48*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*d**3 + 48*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*c*d**2 + 72*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*d**3 + 16*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*c*d**2 - 56*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*c**2*d + 6*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*d**3 - 86*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*c**2*d + 70*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3*c**3 - 12*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3*c*d**2 + 184*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b*c**2*d - 140*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2*c**3 - 9*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**5*d**5*n - 21*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**4*b*c*d**4*n - 66*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3*n + 126*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b**3*...
```



**3.487**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3380
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3381
Rubi [A] (verified)	3381
Maple [F]	3384
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3384
Sympy [F]	3385
Maxima [F]	3385
Giac [F]	3386
Mupad [F(-1)]	3386
Reduce [F]	3386

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{(5b^2c^2 + 2abcd + a^2d^2)\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{8b^2d^3n} - \frac{(5bc + 7ad)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{12b^2d^2n} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b^2dn} - \frac{(bc - ad)(5b^2c^2 + 2abcd + a^2d^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}d^{7/2}n}$$

output

```
1/8*(a^2*d^2+2*a*b*c*d+5*b^2*c^2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d^3/n-1/12*(7*a*d+5*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d^2/n+1/3*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d/n-1/8*(-a*d+b*c)*(a^2*d^2+2*a*b*c*d+5*b^2*c^2)*arctanh(d^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/d^(7/2)/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)(-3a^2d^2+2abd(-2c+dx^n)+b^2(15c^2-10cdx^n+8d^2x^{2n}))-3(bc-ad)^{3/2}(5b^2c^2+2a^2d^2)\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{24b^3d^{7/2}n\sqrt{c+dx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 + 3*n))*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[c + d*x^n],x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)*(-3*a^2*d^2 + 2*a*b*d*(-2*c + d*x^n) + b^2*(15*c^2 - 10*c*d*x^n + 8*d^2*x^(2*n))) - 3*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2)*(5*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*d^2)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d)]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(24*b^3*d^(7/2)*n*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.233$ , Rules used = {948, 101, 27, 90, 60, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3n-1}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\int \frac{x^{2n}\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 101$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{-\sqrt{bx^n+a}((5bc+3ad)x^n+2ac)}{2\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{3bd} + \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd}$$

$$\downarrow n$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}((5bc+3ad)x^n+2ac)}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{6bd} \\
 & \quad n \\
 & \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{(3ad+5bc)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{3(a^2d^2+2abcd+5b^2c^2)\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{6bd} \\
 & \quad n \\
 & \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{(3ad+5bc)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{3(a^2d^2+2abcd+5b^2c^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{2d}\right)}{6bd} \\
 & \quad n \\
 & \downarrow 66 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{(3ad+5bc)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{3(a^2d^2+2abcd+5b^2c^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad)\int \frac{1}{b-dx^{2n}} d\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}}{d}\right)}{6bd} \\
 & \quad n \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3bd} - \frac{(3ad+5bc)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{3(a^2d^2+2abcd+5b^2c^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}^{3/2}}\right)}{6bd} \\
 & \quad n
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(x^(-1 + 3*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[c + d*x^n],x]`

output

`((x^n*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(3*b*d) - (((5*b*c + 3*a*d)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(2*b*d) - (3*(5*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*((Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/d - ((b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])])/(Sqrt[b]*d^(3/2))))/(4*b*d))/(6*b*d))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 101 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 3))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(n + p + 3)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d*f*(n + p + 3) - b*(b*c*e + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(n + p + 4) - b*(d*e*(n + 2) + c*f*(p + 2))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 3, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n} \sqrt{a + b x^n}}{\sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 471, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n} \sqrt{a + b x^n}}{\sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(5b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d - a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3)\sqrt{bd} \log\left(8b^2d^2x^{2n} + b^2c^2 + 6abcd + a^2d^2 + 4\left(2\sqrt{bdb}dx^n + (b\right.\right.\right.$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas"
)
```

output

```
[-1/96*(3*(5*b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*sqrt(b*d)*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) - 4*(8*b^3*d^3*x^(2*n) + 15*b^3*c^2*d - 4*a*b^2*c*d^2 - 3*a^2*b*d^3 - 2*(5*b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)))/(b^3*d^4*n), 1/48*(3*(5*b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*sqrt(-b*d)*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) + 2*(8*b^3*d^3*x^(2*n) + 15*b^3*c^2*d - 4*a*b^2*c*d^2 - 3*a^2*b*d^3 - 2*(5*b^3*c*d^2 - a*b^2*d^3)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^3*d^4*n)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(3*n - 1)*sqrt(a + b*x**n)/sqrt(c + d*x**n), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+ax^{3n-1}}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(3*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+ax^{3n-1}}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(3*n - 1)/sqrt(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nb+a}abd^2 + 8x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nb+a}b^2cd + 2x^n\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nb+a}a^2d^2 - 8x^n\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nb+a}ab^2d}{(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*d**2 + 8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x
**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*c*d + 2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)*a**2*d**2 - 8*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*c*d - 10*x*
n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*c**2 - 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x
**n*b + a)*a**2*c*d + 20*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*c**2 - 3*in
t((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(
2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x +
a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**4*d**4*n - 6*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c
)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2
*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x
)*a**3*b*c*d**3*n - 12*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x
**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c
*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*
n + 6*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*
x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*
c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a*b**3*c**3*d*n + 15*int((x**(2*n)*sq
rt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*
x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x +
a*b*c**2*x),x)*b**4*c**4*n)/(24*b*d**2*n*(a*d + b*c))
```



**3.488**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3388
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3388
Rubi [A] (verified)	3389
Maple [F]	3391
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3391
Sympy [F]	3392
Maxima [F]	3392
Giac [F]	3393
Mupad [F(-1)]	3393
Reduce [F]	3393

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = -\frac{(3bc+5ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4b^2d^2n} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2b^2dn} + \frac{(3b^2c^2+2abcd+3a^2d^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}d^{5/2}n}$$

output

```
-1/4*(5*a*d+3*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d^2/n+1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d/n+1/4*(3*a^2*d^2+2*a*b*c*d+3*b^2*c^2)*arctanh(d^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/d^(5/2)/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)(-3bc-3ad+2bdx^n) + \sqrt{bc-ad}(3b^2c^2+2abcd+3a^2d^2)\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{4b^3d^{5/2}n\sqrt{c+dx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1+3*n)/(Sqrt[a+b*x^n]*Sqrt[c+d*x^n]),x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)*(-3*b*c - 3*a*d + 2*b*d*x^n) + Sqrt
[b*c - a*d]*(3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c
- a*d)]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(4*b^3*d^(5/2)
*n*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {948, 101, 27, 90, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \int \frac{x^{2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{101} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3(bc+ad)x^n+2ac}{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{2bd} + \frac{x^n\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{x^n\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{\int \frac{3(bc+ad)x^n+2ac}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & \frac{x^n\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{(4abcd-3(ad+bc)^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{2bd} + \frac{3(ad+bc)\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{66} \\
 & \frac{x^n\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{(4abcd-3(ad+bc)^2) \int \frac{1}{b-dx^{2n}} d\sqrt{\frac{bx^n+a}{dx^n+c}}}{bd} + \frac{3(ad+bc)\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^n \sqrt{a+bx^n} \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{2bd} - \frac{(4abcd-3(ad+bc)^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right) + \frac{3(ad+bc)\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{bd}}{4bdn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)/(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]),x]`

output `((x^n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(2*b*d) - ((3*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(b*d) + ((4*a*b*c*d - 3*(b*c + a*d)^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])])/(b^(3/2)*d^(3/2)))/(4*b*d))/n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 101 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 3))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(n + p + 3)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d*f*(n + p + 3) - b*(b*c*e + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(n + p + 4) - b*(d*e*(n + 2) + c*f*(p + 2)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 3, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a + b x^n} \sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a + b x^n} \sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( (3 b^2 c^2 + 2 a b c d + 3 a^2 d^2) \sqrt{b d} \log \left( 8 b^2 d^2 x^{2n} + b^2 c^2 + 6 a b c d + a^2 d^2 + 4 \left( 2 \sqrt{b d} b d x^n + (b c + a d) \sqrt{b d} \right) \right) \right)}{16 b^3 d^3 n} - \frac{\left( (3 b^2 c^2 + 2 a b c d + 3 a^2 d^2) \sqrt{-b d} \arctan \left( \frac{(2 \sqrt{-b d} b d x^n + (b c + a d) \sqrt{-b d}) \sqrt{b x^n + a} \sqrt{d x^n + c}}{2 (b^2 d^2 x^{2n} + a b c d + (b^2 c d + a b d^2) x^n)} \right) \right)}{8 b^3 d^3 n} - 2 (2 b^2 d^2 x^n - 3 b^2 c d -$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*((3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*sqrt(b*d)*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n)
+ b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n) + 4*(2*b^2*d^2*x^n - 3*b^2*c*d - 3*a*b*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^3*d^3*n), -1/8*((3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n)) - 2*(2*b^2*d^2*x^n - 3*b^2*c*d - 3*a*b*d^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c))/(b^3*d^3*n)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**(3*n - 1)/(sqrt(a + b*x**n)*sqrt(c + d*x**n)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nb+a}ad + 2x^n\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nb+a}bc - 4\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nb+a}ac - 3\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{2n}ab d^2x+x^{2n}b^2cd}\right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*d + 2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*c - 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*c - 3*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n - 5*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n - 5*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d*n - 3*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x + a*b*c**2*x),x)*b**3*c**3*n)/(4*b*d*n*(a*d + b*c))
```

**3.489**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3395
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3395
Rubi [A] (verified)	3396
Maple [F]	3398
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3398
Sympy [F]	3399
Maxima [F]	3399
Giac [F]	3400
Mupad [F(-1)]	3400
Reduce [F]	3400

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = -\frac{2a^2\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b^2(bc-ad)n\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b^2dn} - \frac{(bc+3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{b^{5/2}d^{3/2}n}$$

output

```
-2*a^2*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)+(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/d/n-(3*a*d+b*c)*arctanh(d^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/d^(3/2)/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{-b\sqrt{d}(c+dx^n)(-3a^2d+b^2cx^n+ab(c-dx^n))+\sqrt{bc-ad}(b^2c^2+2abcd-d^2c^2)}{b^3d^{3/2}(-bc+ad)n\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1+3*n)/((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*Sqrt[c+d*x^n]),x]
```



output

```
(-(b*Sqrt[d]*(c + d*x^n)*(-3*a^2*d + b^2*c*x^n + a*b*(c - d*x^n))) + Sqrt[
b*c - a*d]*(b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d - 3*a^2*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Sqrt[(b*(c +
d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d)]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(
b^3*d^(3/2)*(-(b*c) + a*d)*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.233$ , Rules used = {948, 100, 27, 27, 90, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)^{3/2} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{100} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{a(bc-ad)-b(bc-ad)x^n}{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b^2(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{(bc-ad)(a-bx^n)}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b^2(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{a-bx^n}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{b^2} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b^2(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{90} \\
 & -\frac{(3ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b^2(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 66 \\
 \frac{(3ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{b-dx^{2n}} \frac{d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d}}{b^2} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b^2(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
 n \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{(3ad+bc)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{d}}{\sqrt{bd}^{3/2}} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b^2(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
 n
 \end{array}$$

```
input Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]),x]
```

```
output ((-2*a^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - (-((Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/d) + ((b*c + 3*a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])])/(Sqrt[b]*d^(3/2)))/b^2)/n
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 66 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

```
rule 90 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 100

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)2*(c + d*x)(n + 1)*((e + f*x)(p + 1)/(d2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)(n + 1)*(e + f*x)p*Simp[a2*d2*f*(n + p + 2) + b2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)2)(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_))(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)p*(c + d*x)q, x], x, xn], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input

```
int(x(-1+3*n)/(a+b*xn)(3/2)/(c+d*xn)(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x(-1+3*n)/(a+b*xn)(3/2)/(c+d*xn)(1/2),x)
```

## Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs. 2(113) = 226.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 540, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.06

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx = \frac{4(ab^2cd - 3a^2bd^2 + (b^3cd - ab^2d^2)x^n)\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{dx^n + c} + ((b^3c^2 + 2ab^2cd - 3a^2bd^2)x^n)\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{dx^n + c}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*(a*b^2*c*d - 3*a^2*b*d^2 + (b^3*c*d - a*b^2*d^2)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + ((b^3*c^2 + 2*a*b^2*c*d - 3*a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(b*d)*x^n + (a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*c*d - 3*a^3*d^2)*sqrt(b*d))*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 - 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n)/(b^5*c*d^2 - a*b^4*d^3)*n*x^n + (a*b^4*c*d^2 - a^2*b^3*d^3)*n), 1/2*(2*(a*b^2*c*d - 3*a^2*b*d^2 + (b^3*c*d - a*b^2*d^2)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + ((b^3*c^2 + 2*a*b^2*c*d - 3*a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*x^n + (a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*c*d - 3*a^3*d^2)*sqrt(-b*d))*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n)))/(b^5*c*d^2 - a*b^4*d^3)*n*x^n + (a*b^4*c*d^2 - a^2*b^3*d^3)*n]`

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x**n)**(3/2)*sqrt(c + d*x**n)), x)`

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n} \sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{3n} b^2 dx + 2x^{2n} ab dx + x^{2n} b^2 cx + x^n a^2 dx + 2x^n abc x + a^2 cx} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
int((x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(3*n)*b**2*d*x + 2*x*  
*(2*n)*a*b*d*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*x + x**n*a**2*d*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*x + a**2  
*c*x),x)
```

**3.490**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3402
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3402
Rubi [A] (verified)	3403
Maple [F]	3405
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3405
Sympy [F(-1)]	3406
Maxima [F]	3407
Giac [F]	3407
Mupad [F(-1)]	3407
Reduce [F]	3408

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = -\frac{2a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b^2(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{4a(3bc-2ad)\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b^2(bc-ad)^2n\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{b^{5/2}\sqrt{d}n}$$

output 
$$-2/3*a^2*(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}+4/3*a*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}+2*\operatorname{arctanh}(d^{(1/2)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)})/b^{(5/2)}/d^{(1/2)}/n$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx^n} \left( \frac{a^2}{-bc+ad} + \frac{(3b^2c^2-a^2d^2)(a+bx^n)}{d(bc-ad)^2} - \frac{3(a+bx^n) \left( \sqrt{bc-ad} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}} - \sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n} \right)}{d\sqrt{bc-ad} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}}} \right)}{3b^2n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)/((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]),x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]*(a^2/(-(b*c) + a*d) + ((3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*(a + b*x^n
)))/(d*(b*c - a*d)^2) - (3*(a + b*x^n)*(Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x^n)
))/(b*c - a*d)] - Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]))/(d*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*Sqrt[(b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d]))
)/(3*b^2*n*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {948, 100, 27, 87, 66, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow 948 \\
 \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)^{5/2} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 100 \\
 \frac{2 \int -\frac{a(3bc-ad)-3b(bc-ad)x^n}{2(bx^n+a)^{3/2} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{3b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 -\frac{\int \frac{a(3bc-ad)-3b(bc-ad)x^n}{(bx^n+a)^{3/2} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{3b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 87 \\
 -\frac{-3(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+a} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx^n - \frac{4a(3bc-2ad) \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{(bc-ad) \sqrt{a+bx^n}}}{3b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow 66
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{6(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{b-dx^{2n}} d\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} - \frac{4a(3bc-2ad)\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}}{3b^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -\frac{2a^2\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{3b^2(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{6(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right) - \frac{4a(3bc-2ad)\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}}{3b^2(bc-ad)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)/((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]),x]
```

output

```
((-2*a^2*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(3*b^2*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) - ((-4*a*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/((b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - (6*(b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]))/(3*b^2*(b*c - a*d))/n
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 66

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)2*(c + d*x)(n + 1)*((e + f*x)(p + 1)/(d2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)(n + 1)*(e + f*x)p*Simp[a2*d2*f*(n + p + 2) + b2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)2)(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_))(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)p*(c + d*x)q, x], x, xn], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + b x^n)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx$$

input `int(x(-1+3*n)/(a+b*xn)(5/2)/(c+d*xn)(1/2),x)`

output `int(x(-1+3*n)/(a+b*xn)(5/2)/(c+d*xn)(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 379 vs. 2(123) = 246.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 769, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.23

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a + b x^n)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{c + d x^n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(4*(5*a^2*b^2*c*d - 3*a^3*b*d^2 + 2*(3*a*b^3*c*d - 2*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 3*((b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*sqrt(b*d)*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(b*d)*x^n + (a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2)*sqrt(b*d))*log(8*b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + 4*(2*sqrt(b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n)/((b^7*c^2*d - 2*a*b^6*c*d^2 + a^2*b^5*d^3)*n*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b^6*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b^5*c*d^2 + a^3*b^4*d^3)*n*x^n + (a^2*b^5*c^2*d - 2*a^3*b^4*c*d^2 + a^4*b^3*d^3)*n), 1/3*(2*(5*a^2*b^2*c*d - 3*a^3*b*d^2 + 2*(3*a*b^3*c*d - 2*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^n)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c) - 3*((b^4*c^2 - 2*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*x^n + (a^2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2)*sqrt(-b*d))*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*b*d*x^n + (b*c + a*d)*sqrt(-b*d))*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)/(b^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*c*d + (b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^n)))/((b^7*c^2*d - 2*a*b^6*c*d^2 + a^2*b^5*d^3)*n*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b^6*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b^5*c*d^2 + a^3*b^4*d^3)*n*x^n + (a^2*b^5*c^2*d - 2*a^3*b^4*c*d^2 + a^4*b^3*d^3)*n)]`

## Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2)/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^{5/2} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^{5/2} \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n} \sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{4n} b^3 dx + 3x^{3n} a b^2 dx + x^{3n} b^3 c x + 3x^{2n} a^2 b dx + 3x^{2n} a b^2 c x + x^n a^3 dx + \dots}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(4*n)*b**3*d*x + 3*x**  
*(3*n)*a*b**2*d*x + x**(3*n)*b**3*c*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*d*x + 3*x**(2*n)  
*a*b**2*c*x + x**n*a**3*d*x + 3*x**n*a**2*b*c*x + a**3*c*x),x)`

**3.491**       $\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3409
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3409
Rubi [A] (verified)	3410
Maple [F]	3411
Fricas [F]	3411
Sympy [F]	3412
Maxima [F]	3412
Giac [F]	3412
Mupad [F(-1)]	3413
Reduce [F]	3413

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{b(ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)e(1+m)} - \frac{d(ex)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)e(1+m)}$$

output

```
b*(e*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/e/
(1+m)-d*(e*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b
*c)/e/(1+m)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m \left(-bc \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + ad \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)\right)}{ac(-bc+ad)(1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*(-(b*c*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + a*d*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)])) / (a*c*(-(b*c) + a*d)*(1 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1010, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1010$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{(ex)^m}{bx^n+a} dx}{bc - ad} - \frac{d \int \frac{(ex)^m}{dx^n+c} dx}{bc - ad}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{b(ex)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ae(m+1)(bc - ad)} - \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ce(m+1)(bc - ad)}$$

input

```
Int[(e*x)^m/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(b*(e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(b*c - a*d)*e*(1 + m)) - (d*(e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(b*c - a*d)*e*(1 + m))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)) * Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1010 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e*x)^m/(a + b*x^n), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e*x)^m/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^m/(b*d*x^(2*n) + a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x^n), x)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m/((a + b*x**n)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int((e*x)^m/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = e^m \left( \int \frac{x^m}{x^{2n}bd + x^na d + x^nb c + ac} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `e**m*int(x**m/(x**(2*n)*b*d + x**n*a*d + x**n*b*c + a*c),x)`

**3.492** 
$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

Optimal result	3414
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3415
Rubi [A] (verified)	3415
Maple [F]	3417
Fricas [F]	3417
Sympy [F(-2)]	3417
Maxima [F]	3418
Giac [F]	3418
Mupad [F(-1)]	3418
Reduce [F]	3419

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{b(ex)^{1+m}}{a(bc-ad)en(a+bx^n)} + \frac{b(ad(1+m-2n)-bc(1+m-n))(ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(bc-ad)^2e(1+m)n} + \frac{d^2(ex)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)^2e(1+m)}$$

output

```
b*(e*x)^(1+m)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/e/n/(a+b*x^n)+b*(a*d*(1+m-2*n)-b*c*(1+m-n))*(e*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, (1+m)/n],[(1+m+n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/e/(1+m)/n+d^2*(e*x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, (1+m)/n],[(1+m+n)/n],-d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2/e/(1+m)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(ex)^m \left( \frac{b^2c - abd}{a^2n + abnx^n} + \frac{b(ad(1+m-2n) - bc(1+m-n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(1+m)n} + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c+cm} \right)}{(bc - ad)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*((b^2*c - a*b*d)/(a^2*n + a*b*n*x^n) + (b*(a*d*(1 + m - 2*n) - b*c*(1 + m - n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*(1 + m)*n) + (d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c + c*m))/(b*c - a*d)^2
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {1006, 1067, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1006$$

$$\frac{b(ex)^{m+1}}{aen(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \frac{(ex)^m (bd(m-n+1)x^n + bc(m-n+1) + adn)}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 1067$$

$$\frac{b(ex)^{m+1}}{aen(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \left( \frac{b(bc(m-n+1) - ad(m-2n+1))(ex)^m}{(bc-ad)(bx^n + a)} + \frac{ad^2n(ex)^m}{(ad-bc)(dx^n + c)} \right) dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{b(ex)^{m+1}}{aen(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} - \\
 \frac{ad^2n(ex)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ce(m+1)(bc-ad)} - \frac{b(ex)^{m+1}(ad(m-2n+1)-bc(m-n+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ae(m+1)(bc-ad)} \\
 \hline
 an(bc-ad)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(b*(e*x)^(1 + m))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*e*n*(a + b*x^n)) - (-(b*(a*d*(1 + m - 2*n) - b*c*(1 + m - n))*(e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*(b*c - a*d)*e*(1 + m))) - (a*d^2*n*(e*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -(d*x^n)/c])/(c*(b*c - a*d)*e*(1 + m)))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1006 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*e*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*b*(m + 1) + n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*b*(m + n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1067 `Int[(((g._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^(n._)))/((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(e + f*x^n)/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^m/(b^2*d*x^(3*n) + a^2*c + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^(2*n) + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^2*e^m*integrate(x^m/(b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + a^2*c*d^2 + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^n), x) + b*e^m*x*x^m/(a^2*b*c*n - a^3*d*n + (a*b^2*c*n - a^2*b*d*n)*x^n) - (b^2*c*e^m*(m - n + 1) - a*b*d*e^m*(m - 2*n + 1))*integrate(x^m/(a^2*b^2*c^2*n - 2*a^3*b*c*d*n + a^4*d^2*n + (a*b^3*c^2*n - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d*n + a^3*b*d^2*n)*x^n), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = e^m \left( \int \frac{x^m}{x^{3n}b^2d + 2x^{2n}abd + x^{2n}b^2c + x^na^2d + 2x^nabc + a^2c} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `e**m*int(x**m/(x**(3*n)*b**2*d + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d + x**(2*n)*b**2*c + x**n*a**2*d + 2*x**n*a*b*c + a**2*c),x)`



### 3.493 $\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3420
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3420
Rubi [A] (verified)	3421
Maple [F]	3422
Fricas [F]	3422
Sympy [F]	3422
Maxima [F]	3423
Giac [F]	3423
Mupad [F(-1)]	3423
Reduce [F]	3424

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output  $x^{(1+m)}*(1+b*x^n/a)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}((1+m)/n, 1/2, 1, (1+m+n)/n, -b*x^n/a, -d*x^n/c)/c/(1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{(c+cm)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output  $(x^{(1+m)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\operatorname{AppellF1}[(1+m)/n, 1/2, 1, (1+m+n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/((c + c*m)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

↓ 1013

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} (dx^n + c)} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^m/(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*AppellF1[(1 + m)/n, 1/2, 1, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^m/(b*d*x^(2*n) + a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x^n), x)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Integral(x**m/(sqrt(a + b*x**n)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^m/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^m/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n}bd + x^n ad + x^n bc + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*b*d + x**n*a*d + x**n*b*c + a*c),x)`

### 3.494 $\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3425
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3425
Rubi [A] (verified)	3426
Maple [F]	3427
Fricas [F]	3427
Sympy [F]	3427
Maxima [F]	3428
Giac [F]	3428
Mupad [F(-1)]	3428
Reduce [F]	3429

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x^{1+n} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(1+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output  $x^{1+n} \cdot (1+bx^n/a)^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{AppellF1}(1+1/n, 1/2, 1, 2+1/n, -bx^n/a, -dx^n/c) / c / (1+n) / (a+bx^n)^{1/2}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x^{1+n} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(1+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^n/(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output  $(x^{1+n} \cdot \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a] \cdot \operatorname{AppellF1}[1 + n^{-1}, 1/2, 1, 2 + n^{-1}, -(b*x^n)/a, -((d*x^n)/c)]) / (c \cdot (1+n) \cdot \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

↓ 1013

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} (dx^n + c)} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{x^{n+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(n+1)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^n/(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(x^(1 + n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a, -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*(1 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input

```
int(x^n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int(x^n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^n/(b*d*x^(2*n) + a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x^n), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**n/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/(c+d*x**n),x)
```



output `Integral(x**n/(sqrt(a + b*x**n)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^n/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^n/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(x^n/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^n/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n}bd + x^n ad + x^n bc + ac} dx$$

input `int(x^n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*b*d + x**n*a*d + x**n*b*c + a*c),x)`

**3.495** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

Optimal result	3430
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3431
Rubi [C] (verified)	3431
Maple [F]	3432
Fricas [F]	3433
Sympy [F(-2)]	3433
Maxima [F]	3433
Giac [F]	3434
Mupad [F(-1)]	3434
Reduce [F]	3434

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{dnp}$$

$$- \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{dnp}$$

output

```
(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/d/n/p/(x^(n*p))-(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p], [1-p], -b*x^n/a)/d/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^{-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{a+bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1-p, -p, 1, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cn(-1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n), x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[1 - p, -p, 1, 2 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*n*(-1 + p)*x^(n*(-1 + p))*((a + b*x^n)/a)^p))`

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-1)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-pn+n-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$\frac{x^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1-p, -p, 1, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cn(1-p)}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `(x^(n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[1 - p, -p, 1, 2 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*n*(1 - p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(p-1)}(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-1)+1}(c+dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+n} dx + x^{np} cx} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*d*x + x**(n*p)*c*x),x)`

### 3.496 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	3435
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3436
Rubi [A] (verified)	3436
Maple [F]	3439
Fricas [F]	3439
Sympy [F(-1)]	3440
Maxima [F]	3440
Giac [F(-2)]	3440
Mupad [F(-1)]	3441
Reduce [F]	3441

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 357

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d \left( 3b^2c^2 + \frac{ad(1+m+n)(ad(1+m+2n)-3bc(1+m+n(3+p)))}{(1+m+n(2+p))(1+m+n(3+p))} \right) (ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b^3e(1+m+n+np)}$$

$$- \frac{d^2(ad(1+m+2n) - 3bc(1+m+n(3+p)))x^n(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b^2e(1+m+n(2+p))(1+m+n(3+p))}$$

$$+ \frac{d^3x^{2n}(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{be(1+m+n(3+p))}$$

$$+ \left( \frac{c^3}{1+m} - \frac{ad \left( 3b^2c^2 + \frac{ad(1+m+n)(ad(1+m+2n)-3bc(1+m+n(3+p)))}{(1+m+n(2+p))(1+m+n(3+p))} \right)}{b^3(1+m+n+np)} \right) (ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2}$$

$e$

output

```
d*(3*b^2*c^2+a*d*(1+m+n)*(a*d*(1+m+2*n)-3*b*c*(1+m+n*(3+p)))/(1+m+n*(2+p))
/(1+m+n*(3+p))*e*x^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b^3/e/(n*p+m+n+1)-d^2*(a*d*(1+m+2*n)-3*b*c*(1+m+n*(3+p)))*x^n*(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b^2/e/(1+m+n*(2+p))/(1+m+n*(3+p))+d^3*x^(2*n)*(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/e/(1+m+n*(3+p))+(c^3/(1+m)-a*d*(3*b^2*c^2+a*d*(1+m+n)*(a*d*(1+m+2*n)-3*b*c*(1+m+n*(3+p)))/(1+m+n*(2+p)))/(1+m+n*(3+p))/b^3/(n*p+m+n+1))*(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^p*
hypergeom([-p, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \left( \frac{c^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1+m} \right.$$

$$\left. + dx^n \left( \frac{3c^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m+n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+2n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1+m+n} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. + dx^n \left( \frac{3c \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m+2n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+3n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1+m+2n} + \frac{dx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m+3n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+4n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1+m+3n} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((c^3*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n, -p, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(1 + m) + d*x^n*((3*c^2*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(1 + m + n) + d*x^n*((3*c*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + 2*n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 3*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(1 + m + 2*n) + (d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + 3*n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 4*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(1 + m + 3*n)))))/(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {1008, 25, 1066, 959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx^n)^3 (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

↓ 1008

$$\frac{\int -(ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c) (d(ad(m + 2n + 1) - bc(m + n(p + 5) + 1))x^n + c(ad(m + 1) - bc(m + n(p + 3) + 1)))}{b(m + n(p + 3) + 1)} - \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m + n(p + 3) + 1)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int (ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c) (d(ad(m + 2n + 1) - bc(m + n(p + 5) + 1))x^n + c(ad(m + 1) - bc(m + n(p + 3) + 1)))}{b(m + n(p + 3) + 1)} - \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m + n(p + 3) + 1)}$$

↓ 1066

$$\frac{\int (ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p (d(bcn(p+2)(ad(m+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))+(bc-ad)(m+1)(ad(m+2n+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))+(bc-ad)n(ad(m+2n+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1)))}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)} - \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m + n(p + 3) + 1)}$$

↓ 959

$$\frac{\int (ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p (d(bcn(p+2)(ad(m+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))+(bc-ad)(m+1)(ad(m+2n+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))+(bc-ad)n(ad(m+2n+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1)))}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)} - \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m + n(p + 3) + 1)}$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\int (ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p (d(bcn(p+2)(ad(m+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))+(bc-ad)(m+1)(ad(m+2n+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))+(bc-ad)n(ad(m+2n+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1)))}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)} - \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m + n(p + 3) + 1)}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{\int (ex)^{m+1} (a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c(bcn(p+2)(ad(m+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))+(m+1)(bc-ad)(ad(m+2n+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))) - \frac{ad(m+1)(bcn(p+2)(ad(m+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)}\right)}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)} - \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m + n(p + 3) + 1)}$$

input Int [(e\*x)^m\*(a + b\*x^n)^p\*(c + d\*x^n)^3,x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d*(e*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1+p)}*(c+d*x^n)^2)/(b*e*(1+m+n*(3+p))) - ((d*(a*d*(1+m+2*n) - b*c*(1+m+n*(5+p)))*(e*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1+p)}*(c+d*x^n))/(b*e*(1+m+n*(2+p))) + ((d*(b*c*n*(2+p))*(a*d*(1+m) - b*c*(1+m+n*(3+p))) + (b*c - a*d)*(1+m)*(a*d*(1+m+2*n) - b*c*(1+m+n*(3+p))) + (b*c - a*d)*n*(a*d*(1+m+2*n) - b*c*(1+m+n*(5+p))))*(e*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1+p)})/(b*e*(1+m+n+n*p)) + ((c*(b*c*n*(2+p))*(a*d*(1+m) - b*c*(1+m+n*(3+p))) + (b*c - a*d)*(1+m)*(a*d*(1+m+2*n) - b*c*(1+m+n*(3+p)))) - (a*d*(1+m)*(b*c*n*(2+p)*(a*d*(1+m) - b*c*(1+m+n*(3+p))) + (b*c - a*d)*(1+m)*(a*d*(1+m+2*n) - b*c*(1+m+n*(3+p))) + (b*c - a*d)*n*(a*d*(1+m+2*n) - b*c*(1+m+n*(5+p)))))/(b*(1+m+n+n*p))* (e*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1+m)/n, -p, (1+m+n)/n, -(b*x^n/a)]/(e*(1+m)*(1+(b*x^n/a)^p))/(b*(1+m+n*(2+p)))/(b*(1+m+n*(3+p))) \end{aligned}$$

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 888

$$\text{Int}[\left((c\_)*(x\_)\right)^{(m\_)}*\left((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\right)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a^p * ((c*x)^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1)))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$$

rule 889

$$\text{Int}[\left((c\_)*(x\_)\right)^{(m\_)}*\left((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\right)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*\left((a+b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1+b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}\right) \quad \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(1+b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$$

rule 959

$$\text{Int}[\left((e\_)*(x\_)\right)^{(m\_)}*\left((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\right)^{(p\_)}*\left((c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\right), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*e*(m+n*(p+1)+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n*(p+1)+1, 0]$$

rule 1008

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]
```

rule 1066

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^q/(b*g*(m + n*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q + 1) + 1))
Int[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*n*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + f*n*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*e*d*n*(p + q + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^n, c + d*x^n])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^3 (bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3)*(b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^3 (bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^3*(b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{1,[2,0,6,4,0,2,4,4,3,0]%%}+%%{4,[2,0,6,4,0,2,3,4,3,0]%%
}+%%{6,[
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
(e**m*(x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*m**3*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*m**2*n*p*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*m**2*n*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*m**2*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*m*n**2*p**2*x + 6*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)*p*b**3*d**3*m*n**2*p*x + 2*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*m*n**2*x + 6*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*m*n*p*x + 6*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*m*n*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*m*x + x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n**3*p**3*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n**3*p**2*x + 2*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n**3*p*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n**2*p**2*x + 6*x*(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n**2*p*x + 2*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n**2*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n*p*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n*x + x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*m**2*n*p*x + 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*m*n**2*p**2*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*m*n**2*p*x + 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*m*n*p*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*n**3*p**3*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*n**3*p**2*x + 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*n**2*p**2*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*n**2*p*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*n*p*x + 3*x**(m + 2*...
```

### 3.497 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3443
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3444
Rubi [A] (verified)	3444
Maple [F]	3447
Fricas [F]	3447
Sympy [F(-1)]	3448
Maxima [F]	3448
Giac [F(-2)]	3448
Mupad [F(-1)]	3449
Reduce [F]	3449

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(ad(1+m+n) - 2bc(1+m+n(2+p)))(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b^2e(1+m+n+np)(1+m+n(2+p))}$$

$$+ \frac{d^2x^n(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{be(1+m+n(2+p))}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{c^2}{1+m} + \frac{ad(ad(1+m+n) - 2bc(1+m+n(2+p)))}{b^2(1+m+n+np)(1+m+n(2+p))}\right) (ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e}$$

output

```
-d*(a*d*(1+m+n)-2*b*c*(1+m+n*(2+p)))*(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b^2/e/(n*
p+m+n+1)/(1+m+n*(2+p))+d^2*x^n*(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/e/(1+m+n*(2+p
))+(c^2/(1+m)+a*d*(a*d*(1+m+n)-2*b*c*(1+m+n*(2+p)))/b^2/(n*p+m+n+1)/(1+m+n
*(2+p))*(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, (1+m)/n],[(1+m+n)/n],-b*x^
n/a)/e/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 6.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \left( \frac{c^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{1+m} \right. \\ \left. + dx^n \left( \frac{2c \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+2n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{1+m+n} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{dx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1+m+2n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+3n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{1+m+2n} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((c^2*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n, -p, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(1 + m) + d*x^n*(2*c*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(1 + m + n) + (d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + 2*n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 3*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(1 + m + 2*n))))/(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$ , Rules used = {1008, 25, 959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m (c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

↓ 1008

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -(ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p (d(ad(m+n+1) - bc(m+n(p+3)+1))x^n + c(ad(m+1) - bc(m+n(p+2)+1))) dx}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)} \\
 & \quad \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c+dx^n) (a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+n(p+2)+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \quad \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c+dx^n) (a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+n(p+2)+1)} - \\
 & \frac{\int (ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p (d(ad(m+n+1) - bc(m+n(p+3)+1))x^n + c(ad(m+1) - bc(m+n(p+2)+1))) dx}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 959 \\
 & \quad \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c+dx^n) (a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+n(p+2)+1)} - \\
 & \frac{\left( c(ad(m+1) - bc(m+n(p+2)+1)) - \frac{ad(m+1)(ad(m+n+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))}{b(m+np+n+1)} \right) \int (ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{d(ex)^{m+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{e(m+1)}}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 889 \\
 & \quad \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c+dx^n) (a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+n(p+2)+1)} - \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left( c(ad(m+1) - bc(m+n(p+2)+1)) - \frac{ad(m+1)(ad(m+n+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))}{b(m+np+n+1)} \right) \int (ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p dx}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 888 \\
 & \quad \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (c+dx^n) (a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+n(p+2)+1)} - \\
 & \frac{(ex)^{m+1} (a+bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left( c(ad(m+1) - bc(m+n(p+2)+1)) - \frac{ad(m+1)(ad(m+n+1)-bc(m+n(p+3)+1))}{b(m+np+n+1)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{m+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m+n+1}{n} \right)}{e(m+1)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b(m+n(p+2)+1)
 \end{aligned}$$

input Int[(e\*x)^(m\*(a + b\*x^n)^p\*(c + d\*x^n)^2,x]

output

```
(d*(e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(b*e*(1 + m + n*(2 + p))
) - ((d*(a*d*(1 + m + n) - b*c*(1 + m + n*(3 + p)))*(e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x
^n)^(1 + p))/(b*e*(1 + m + n + n*p)) + ((c*(a*d*(1 + m) - b*c*(1 + m + n*(
2 + p))) - (a*d*(1 + m)*(a*d*(1 + m + n) - b*c*(1 + m + n*(3 + p))))/(b*(1
+ m + n + n*p)))*(e*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n,
-p, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(e*(1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)/(b*(1 +
m + n*(2 + p)))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 888

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 1008

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2 (bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2)*(b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2 (bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2*(b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{-1,[1,0,4,3,0,1,3,3,2,0]%%}+%%{-3,[1,0,4,3,0,1,2,3,2,0]%%  
%%}+%%{-`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x)`output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```

(e**m*(x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*m**2*x + 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**
n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*m*n*p*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*m*n
*x + 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*m*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*b**2*d**2*n**2*p**2*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*n**2
*p*x + 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*n*p*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n
*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*n*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*x + x**(
m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*m*n*p*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d
**2*n**2*p**2*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*n*p*x + 2*x**(m + n)
*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*m**2*x + 4*x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*m
*n*p*x + 4*x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*m*n*x + 4*x**(m + n)*(x**n*
b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*m*x + 2*x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*n**2*p**2*x
+ 4*x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*n**2*p*x + 4*x**(m + n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*b**2*c*d*n*p*x + 4*x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*n*x + 2*x**(
m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*x - x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*m*n*p*x
- x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*n**2*p*x - x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**
2*n*p*x + 2*x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*m*n*p*x + 2*x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a*b*c*d*n**2*p**2*x + 4*x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*n**2*p*x + 2*x**m*(x*
*n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*n*p*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*m**2*x + 2*x**
m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*m*n*p*x + 3*x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*m*n
*x + 2*x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*m*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c...

```

### 3.498 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3451
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3451
Rubi [A] (verified)	3452
Maple [F]	3453
Fricas [F]	3454
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3454
Maxima [F]	3455
Giac [F(-2)]	3455
Mupad [F(-1)]	3455
Reduce [F]	3456

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{d(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{be(1 + m + n + np)} + \frac{\left(\frac{c}{1+m} - \frac{ad}{b(1+m+n+np)}\right) (ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e}$$

output

```
d*(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/e/(n*p+m+n+1)+(c/(1+m)-a*d/b/(n*p+m+n+1))*
(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, (1+m)/n],[(1+m+n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/e/((
1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c(1 + m + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(1 + m)x)}{(1 + m)(1 + m + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```



output

```
(x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n, -p, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(1 + m)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1 + m)*(1 + m + n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^m (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \left( c - \frac{ad(m+1)}{b(m+np+n+1)} \right) \int (ex)^m (bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+np+n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\
 & (a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left( c - \frac{ad(m+1)}{b(m+np+n+1)} \right) \int (ex)^m \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+np+n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left( c - \frac{ad(m+1)}{b(m+np+n+1)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{m+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{e(m+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{be(m+np+n+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x]
```

output  $(d*(e*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1+p)})/(b*e^{(1+m+n+n*p)}) + ((c - (a*d*(1+m))/(b*(1+m+n+n*p)))*(e*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[(1+m)/n, -p, (1+m+n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(e^{(1+m)}*(1+(b*x^n)/a)^p)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * \{(c*x)^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1))\} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 889  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * \{(a+b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1+b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}\} \text{Int}[\{(c*x)^{m*(1+b*(x^n/a))^p}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{!(ILtQ}[p, 0] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[\{(e\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*e^{(m+n*(p+1)+1)})\}, x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)) \text{Int}[\{(e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m+n*(p+1)+1, 0]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$$

input  $\text{int}((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)$

output  $\text{int}((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 37.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + p - \frac{1}{n}} c e^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + p - 1 - \frac{1}{n}} d e^m x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1/n)*c*e**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1 - 1/n)*d*e**m*x**(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,0,1,2,1,0,1]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,2,2,0,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*m*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d
*n*p*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*n*p*x
+ x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*m*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p*x + x**m*(x
**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*x - int((x**m*(x**n*b + a
)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**
2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a*m
*n*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2
*d*m**3*n*p - 2*int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p +
x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p
+ x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a*m*n*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*p**2 +
a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*m**2*n**2*p**2 - int((x**m*(x**n*b
+ a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b
n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2
*a*m*n*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*
a**2*d*m**2*n**2*p - 3*int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*
m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**
n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a*m*n*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*
p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*m**2*n*p - int((x**m*(x**n*
b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*
b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2...
```

### 3.499 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3457
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3457
Rubi [A] (verified)	3458
Maple [F]	3459
Fricas [F]	3459
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3460
Maxima [F]	3460
Giac [F]	3460
Mupad [F(-1)]	3461
Reduce [F]	3461

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e(1+m)}$$

output  $(e*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*\text{hypergeom}([-p, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/e/(1+m)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1+m}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]$

output  $(x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n, -p, 1 + (1 + m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (ex)^m \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{e(m+1)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]$

output  $((e*x)^{(1 + m)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n, -p, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(e*(1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)) * Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`



**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 8.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + p - \frac{1}{n}} e^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \\ \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1/n)*e**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{e^m \left( x^m (x^n b + a)^p x + \left( \int \frac{x^m (x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b m + x^n b n p + x^n b + a m + a n p + a} dx \right) a m n p + \left( \int \frac{x^m (x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b m + x^n b n p + x^n b + a m + a n p + a} dx \right) a n^2 p^2 \right)}{n p + m + 1}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `(e**m*(x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*x + int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b + a*m + a*n*p + a),x)*a*m*n*p + int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b + a*m + a*n*p + a),x)*a*n**2*p**2 + int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b + a*m + a*n*p + a),x)*a*n*p))/(m + n*p + 1)`

**3.500**       $\int \frac{(ex)^m (a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3462
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3462
Rubi [A] (verified)	3463
Maple [F]	3464
Fricas [F]	3464
Sympy [F(-2)]	3465
Maxima [F]	3465
Giac [F]	3465
Mupad [F(-1)]	3466
Reduce [F]	3466

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, 1, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ce(1+m)}$$

output

```
(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^p*AppellF1((1+m)/n,-p,1,(1+m+n)/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)
/c/e/(1+m)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, 1, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c + cm}$$

input

```
Integrate[((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output  $(x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[(1 + m)/n, -p, 1, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/((c + c*m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{(ex)^m \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -p, 1, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ce(m+1)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n), x]$

output  $((e*x)^{(1 + m)*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[(1 + m)/n, -p, 1, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*e*(1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n), x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n), x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m/(d*x^n + c), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n),x)`output `int(((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = e^m \left( \int \frac{x^m (x^n b + a)^p}{x^n d + c} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `e**m*int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*d + c),x)`

**3.501**       $\int \frac{(ex)^m (a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3467
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3467
Rubi [A] (verified)	3468
Maple [F]	3469
Fricas [F]	3469
Sympy [F(-2)]	3470
Maxima [F]	3470
Giac [F]	3470
Mupad [F(-1)]	3471
Reduce [F]	3471

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, 2, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 e(1+m)}$$

output (e\*x)^(1+m)\*(a+b\*x^n)^p\*AppellF1((1+m)/n,-p,2,(1+m+n)/n,-b\*x^n/a,-d\*x^n/c)/c^2/e/(1+m)/((1+b\*x^n/a)^p)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{a+bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, 2, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2(1+m)}$$

input Integrate[((e\*x)^m\*(a + b\*x^n)^p)/(c + d\*x^n)^2,x]



output  $(x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[(1 + m)/n, -p, 2, 1 + (1 + m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^2*(1 + m)*((a + b*x^n)/a)^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{(ex)^m \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -p, 2, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 e(m+1)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^2, x]$

output  $((e*x)^{(1 + m)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[(1 + m)/n, -p, 2, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^2*e*(1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (ex)^m}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(e*x)^m/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x)`output `int(((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = e^m \left( \int \frac{x^m (x^n b + a)^p}{x^{2n} d^2 + 2x^n c d + c^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`output `e**m*int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2),x)`

### 3.502 $\int x^{m+2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3472
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3473
Rubi [A] (verified)	3473
Maple [F]	3475
Fricas [F]	3475
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3475
Maxima [F]	3476
Giac [F(-2)]	3476
Mupad [F(-1)]	3477
Reduce [F]	3477

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int x^{m+2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx^{1+m+2n}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b(1 + m + n(3 + p))} + \left( \frac{c}{1 + m + 2n} - \frac{ad}{b(1 + m + n(3 + p))} \right) x^{1+m+2n}(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1 + m + 2n}{n}, -p, \frac{1 + m + 3n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)$$

output

```
d*x^(1+m+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/(1+m+n*(3+p))+(c/(1+m+2*n)-a*d/b/(1+m+n*(3+p)))*x^(1+m+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, (1+m+2*n)/n], [(1+m+3*n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^{m+2n} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{1+m+2n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(c(1 + m + 3n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m+2n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+3n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(1 + m + 2n)(1 + m + 3n)\right)}{(1 + m + 2n)(1 + m + 3n)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(m + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x]`

output `(x^(1 + m + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(1 + m + 3*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + 2*n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 3*n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a] + d*(1 + m + 2*n)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + 3*n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 4*n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a]))/((1 + m + 2*n)*(1 + m + 3*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{m+2n} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{959}$$

$$\left(c - \frac{ad(m + 2n + 1)}{b(m + n(p + 3) + 1)}\right) \int x^{m+2n} (bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m+2n+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m + n(p + 3) + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m + 2n + 1)}{b(m + n(p + 3) + 1)}\right) \int x^{m+2n} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m+2n+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m + n(p + 3) + 1)}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^{m+2n+1}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m+2n+1)}{b(m+n(p+3)+1)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+2n+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m+3n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\frac{dx^{m+2n+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m+n(p+3)+1)}} +$$

input `Int[x^(m + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `(d*x^(1 + m + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + m + n*(3 + p))) + ((c - (a*d*(1 + m + 2*n))/(b*(1 + m + n*(3 + p))))*x^(1 + m + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m + 2*n)/n, -p, (1 + m + 3*n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/((1 + m + 2*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{m+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^(m+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)`

output `int(x^(m+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{m+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x^{m+2n} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(m + 2*n), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int x^{m+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}+2+\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}+p-2-\frac{1}{n}} c x^{m+2n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, \frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n} \\ \frac{m}{n} + 3 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}+3+\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}+p-3-\frac{1}{n}} d x^{m+3n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 3 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, \frac{m}{n} + 3 + \frac{1}{n} \\ \frac{m}{n} + 4 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 4 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$



input `integrate(x**(m+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 2 + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 2 - 1/n)*c*x**(m + 2*n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 2 + 1/n), (m/n + 3 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 3 + 1/n)) + a**(m/n + 3 + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 3 - 1/n)*d*x**(m + 3*n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 3 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 3 + 1/n), (m/n + 4 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 4 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{m+2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x^{m+2n} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(m + 2*n), x)`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{m+2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(m+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1, [0,0,2,2,1,2,0,1,0,1]%%}+%%{4, [0,0,2,2,1,1,0,1,0,1]%%}+%%{3, [`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{m+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int x^{m+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`output `int(x^(m + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{m+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(m+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)`

output

```

(x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*m**3*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)*
*p*b**3*d*m**2*n*p*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*m**2*n*x + 3*
x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*m**2*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**
p*b**3*d*m*n**2*p**2*x + 6*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*m*n**2*p*x
+ 2*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*m*n**2*x + 6*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*b**3*d*m*n*p*x + 6*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*m*n*x + 3*x
**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*m*x + x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3
*d*n**3*p**3*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*n**3*p**2*x + 2*x**
(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*n**3*p*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p
*b**3*d*n**2*p**2*x + 6*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*n**2*p*x + 2*x
**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*n**2*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p
*b**3*d*n*p*x + 3*x**(m + 3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*n*x + x**(m + 3*n)*(
x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d*m**2*n*p*x
+ 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d*m*n**2*p**2*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x
**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d*m*n**2*p*x + 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*
d*m*n*p*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d*n**3*p**3*x + x**(m + 2*
n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d*n**3*p**2*x + 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a
*b**2*d*n**2*p**2*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d*n**2*p*x + x**
(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d*n*p*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*
*3*c*m**3*x + 3*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*m**2*n*p*x + 4*x**(...
```

### 3.503 $\int x^{m+n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3479
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3480
Rubi [A] (verified)	3480
Maple [F]	3482
Fricas [F]	3482
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3482
Maxima [F]	3483
Giac [F(-2)]	3483
Mupad [F(-1)]	3484
Reduce [F]	3484

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int x^{m+n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx^{1+m+n}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b(1 + m + n(2 + p))} + \left( \frac{c}{1 + m + n} - \frac{ad}{b(1 + m + n(2 + p))} \right) x^{1+m+n}(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1 + m + n}{n}, -p, \frac{1 + m + 2n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)$$

output

```
d*x^(1+m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/(1+m+n*(2+p))+(c/(1+m+n)-a*d/b/(1+m+n*(2+p))
)*x^(1+m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, (1+m+n)/n], [(1+m+2*n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/
((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^{m+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{1+m+n}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(c(1+m+2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m+n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+2n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(1+m+n)\right)}{(1+m+n)(1+m+2n)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x]`

output `(x^(1+m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c*(1+m+2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1+m+n)/n, -p, (1+m+2*n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a] + d*(1+m+n)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(1+m+2*n)/n, -p, (1+m+3*n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a]))/((1+m+n)*(1+m+2*n)*(1+(b*x^n)/a)^p)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{m+n}(c+dx^n)(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{959}$$

$$\left(c - \frac{ad(m+n+1)}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)}\right) \int x^{m+n}(bx^n+a)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m+n+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m+n+1)}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)}\right) \int x^{m+n} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m+n+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^{m+n+1}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m+n+1)}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+n+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m+2n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\frac{dx^{m+n+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m+n(p+2)+1)}} +$$

input `Int[x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x]`

output `(d*x^(1+m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1+p))/(b*(1+m+n*(2+p))) + ((c - (a*d*(1+m+n))/(b*(1+m+n*(2+p))))*x^(1+m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1+m+n)/n, -p, (1+m+2*n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1+m+n)*(1+(b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a+b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1+b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1+b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m+1)*((a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/(b*e*(m+n*(p+1)+1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m+n*(p+1)+1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{m+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)`

output `int(x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{m+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x^{m+n} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(m + n), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^{m+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}+1+\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}+p-1-\frac{1}{n}} c x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \\ \frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}+2+\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}+p-2-\frac{1}{n}} d x^{m+2n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, \frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n} \\ \frac{m}{n} + 3 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(m+n)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1 - 1/n)*c*x**(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n)) + a**(m/n + 2 + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 2 - 1/n)*d*x**(m + 2*n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 2 + 1/n), (m/n + 3 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 3 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{m+n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x^{m+n} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(m + n), x)`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{m+n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,0,1,2,1,0,1]}+%%{3,[0,0,2,2,0,1,1,1,0,1]}+%%{2,[`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{m+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int x^{m+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{m+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```

(x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d*m**2*x + 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)*
*p*b**2*d*m*n*p*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d*m*n*x + 2*x**(m +
2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d*m*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d*n**2
*p**2*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d*n**2*p*x + 2*x**(m + 2*n)*(x
**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d*n*p*x + x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d*n*x + x**
(m + 2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d*m*n*
p*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d*n**2*p**2*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a*b*d*n*p*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*m**2*x + 2*x**(m + n
)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*m*n*p*x + 2*x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*m*n
*x + 2*x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*m*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*
b**2*c*n**2*p**2*x + 2*x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*n**2*p*x + 2*x**(
m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*n*p*x + 2*x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*
n*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*x - x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d*m*
n*p*x - x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d*n**2*p*x - x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d
*n*p*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*m*n*p*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*n
**2*p**2*x + 2*x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*n**2*p*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a*b*c*n*p*x + int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**3 + 3*x**n*b*m**2*n*p
+ 3*x**n*b*m**2*n + 3*x**n*b*m**2 + 3*x**n*b*m*n**2*p**2 + 6*x**n*b*m*n**2
*p + 2*x**n*b*m*n**2 + 6*x**n*b*m*n*p + 6*x**n*b*m*n + 3*x**n*b*m + x**n*b
*n**3*p**3 + 3*x**n*b*n**3*p**2 + 2*x**n*b*n**3*p + 3*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 ...

```

### 3.504 $\int x^m(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3486
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3487
Rubi [A] (verified)	3487
Maple [F]	3489
Fricas [F]	3489
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3489
Maxima [F]	3490
Giac [F]	3490
Mupad [F(-1)]	3491
Reduce [F]	3491

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx^{1+m}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b(1 + m + n + np)} + \left( \frac{c}{1 + m} - \frac{ad}{b(1 + m + n + np)} \right) x^{1+m}(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1 + m}{n}, -p, \frac{1 + m + n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)$$

```
output d*x^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/(n*p+m+n+1)+(c/(1+m)-a*d/b/(n*p+m+n+1))*x^(1+m)
*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p
)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(c(1+m+n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(1+m)x^n\right)}{(1+m)(1+m+n)}$$

input `Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `(x^(1+m)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(1+m+n)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1+m)/n, -p, (1+m+n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a]) + d*(1+m)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[(1+m+n)/n, -p, (1+m+2*n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/((1+m)*(1+m+n)*(1+(b*x^n)/a)^p)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{959}$$

$$\left(c - \frac{ad(m+1)}{b(m+np+n+1)}\right) \int x^m (bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m+np+n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m+1)}{b(m+np+n+1)}\right) \int x^m \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m+np+n+1)}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^{m+1}(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m+1)}{b(m+np+n+1)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\frac{dx^{m+1}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m + np + n + 1)}} +$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `(d*x^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + m + n + n*p)) + ((c - (a*d*(1 + m))/(b*(1 + m + n + n*p)))*x^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n, -p, (1 + m + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/((1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x) ^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 959 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n _)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n) dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n) dx = \int (d x^n + c)(b x^n + a)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^m*x^n + c*x^m)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 38.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x^m (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + p - \frac{1}{n}} c x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{b x^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + p - 1 - \frac{1}{n}} d x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{b x^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1/n)*c*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1 - 1/n)*d*x**(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^m, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int x^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`output `int(x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)`



output

```

(x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*m*x + x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p*x
+ x**(m + n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*n*p*x + x**
m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*m*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p*x + x**m*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*b*c*n*x + x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*x - int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/
(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**2*p**2
+ x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a*m*n*p +
a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*m**
3*n*p - 2*int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p + x**n*
b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**
n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a*m*n*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2
*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*m**2*n**2*p**2 - int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)*
*p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**2*
p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a*m*n
*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d
*m**2*n**2*p - 3*int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p
+ x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*
p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a*m*n*p + a*m*n + 2*a*m + a*n**2*p**2 +
a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*m**2*n*p - int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)
**p)/(x**n*b*m**2 + 2*x**n*b*m*n*p + x**n*b*m*n + 2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n**2
*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*m**2 + 2*a...

```

### 3.505 $\int x^{m-n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3493
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3493
Rubi [A] (verified)	3494
Maple [F]	3495
Fricas [F]	3496
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3496
Maxima [F]	3497
Giac [F(-2)]	3497
Mupad [F(-1)]	3497
Reduce [F]	3498

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int x^{m-n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{cx^{1+m-n}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a(1 + m - n)} + \frac{(ad(1 + m - n) - bc(1 + m + np))x^{1+m}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}\right)}{a(1 + m)(1 + m - n)}$$

output

```
c*x^(1+m-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/(1+m-n)+(a*d*(1+m-n)-b*c*(n*p+m+1))*x^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, (1+m)/n],[(1+m+n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m)/(1+m-n)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{m-n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x^{1+m-n}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(d(1 + m - n)x^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + c(1 + m)\right)}{(1 + m)(1 + m - n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^{(1+m-n)}(a+bx^n)^p(d(1+m-n)x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[(1+m)/n, -p, (1+m+n)/n, -(bx^n/a)] + c(1+m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[(1+m-n)/n, -p, (1+m)/n, -(bx^n/a)])}{((1+m)(1+m-n)(1+(bx^n/a))^p)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{m-n}(c+dx^n)(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{959}$$

$$\left(c - \frac{ad(m-n+1)}{b(m+np+1)}\right) \int x^{m-n}(bx^n+a)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m-n+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m+np+1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m-n+1)}{b(m+np+1)}\right) \int x^{m-n} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m-n+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m+np+1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^{m-n+1}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m-n+1)}{b(m+np+1)}\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m-n+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + \frac{dx^{m-n+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m+np+1)}}{b(m+np+1)}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[x^{(m-n)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n), x]$$

output  $(d*x^{(1+m-n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1+p)})/(b*(1+m+n*p)) + ((c - (a*d*(1+m-n))/(b*(1+m+n*p))))*x^{(1+m-n)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1+m-n)/n, -p, (1+m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/((1+m-n)*(1+(b*x^n)/a)^p)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)\}^{(n\_)\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p * \{(c*x)\}^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1)) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 889  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)\}^{(n\_)\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * \{(a+b*x^n)\}^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1+b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \text{Int}[\{(c*x)\}^{m*(1+b*(x^n/a))^p}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{!(ILtQ}[p, 0] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[\{(e\_)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)\}^{(n\_)\}^{(p\_)}*\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)\}^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*\{(a+b*x^n)\}^{(p+1)}/(b*e*(m+n*(p+1)+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)) \text{Int}[\{(e*x)\}^{m*(a+b*x^n)^p}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m + n*(p+1) + 1, 0]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int x^{m-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)dx$$

input  $\text{int}(x^{(m-n)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)$

output  $\text{int}(x^{(m-n)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{m-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{m-n} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^(m-n)*x^n + c*x^(m-n))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^{m-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}+\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}+p-\frac{1}{n}} dx^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}+\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n}+\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}+1+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}+p+1-\frac{1}{n}} cx^{m-n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(m-n)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1/n)*d*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a**(m/n - 1 + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p + 1 - 1/n)*c*x**(m - n + 1)*gamma(m/n - 1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n - 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{m-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{m-n} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(m - n), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{m-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(m-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,2,0,1,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,1,0,1,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{m-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int x^{m-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{m-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(m-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*m*x + x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*n*p*x
- x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*n*x + x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*x +
x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p*a*d*n*p*x + x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*c*m*x + x**m*(x**
n*b+a)**p*b*c*n*p*x + x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*c*x - x**n*int((x**m*(x**n*
b+a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*b**m**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*b**m*n*p - x**(2*n)*b**m*n + 2*x**
(2*n)*b**m + x**(2*n)*b**n**2*p**2 - x**(2*n)*b**n**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)*b**n*p - x
**(2*n)*b**n + x**(2*n)*b + x**n*a**m**2 + 2*x**n*a**m*n*p - x**n*a**m*n + 2*x
**n*a**m + x**n*a**n**2*p**2 - x**n*a**n**2*p + 2*x**n*a**n*p - x**n*a**n + x**
n*a),x)*a**2*d*m**3*n*p - 2*x**n*int((x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*b**m*
*2 + 2*x**(2*n)*b**m*n*p - x**(2*n)*b**m*n + 2*x**(2*n)*b**m + x**(2*n)*b**n**
2*p**2 - x**(2*n)*b**n**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)*b**n*p - x**(2*n)*b**n + x**(2*n)*b
+ x**n*a**m**2 + 2*x**n*a**m*n*p - x**n*a**m*n + 2*x**n*a**m + x**n*a**n**2*p**
2 - x**n*a**n**2*p + 2*x**n*a**n*p - x**n*a**n + x**n*a),x)*a**2*d*m**2*n**2*
p**2 + 2*x**n*int((x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*b**m**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*b**m
*n*p - x**(2*n)*b**m*n + 2*x**(2*n)*b**m + x**(2*n)*b**n**2*p**2 - x**(2*n)*b
**n**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)*b**n*p - x**(2*n)*b**n + x**(2*n)*b + x**n*a**m**2 + 2*x
**n*a**m*n*p - x**n*a**m*n + 2*x**n*a**m + x**n*a**n**2*p**2 - x**n*a**n**2*p +
2*x**n*a**n*p - x**n*a**n + x**n*a),x)*a**2*d*m**2*n**2*p - 3*x**n*int((x**
m*(x**n*b+a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*b**m**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*b**m*n*p - x**(2*n)*b**m*n
+ 2*x**(2*n)*b**m + x**(2*n)*b**n**2*p**2 - x**(2*n)*b**n**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)...
```

### 3.506 $\int x^{m-2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3499
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3499
Rubi [A] (verified)	3500
Maple [F]	3501
Fricas [F]	3502
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3502
Maxima [F]	3503
Giac [F(-2)]	3503
Mupad [F(-1)]	3503
Reduce [F]	3504

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int x^{m-2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{cx^{1+m-2n}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a(1 + m - 2n)} + \frac{(ad(1 + m - 2n) - bc(1 + m - n(1 - p)))x^{1+m-n}(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1+m-n}{n})}{a(1 + m - 2n)(1 + m - n)}$$

output

```
c*x^(1+m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/(1+m-2*n)+(a*d*(1+m-2*n)-b*c*(1+m-n*(1-p))
)*x^(1+m-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, (1+m-n)/n],[(1+m)/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/(1
+m-2*n)/(1+m-n)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{m-2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x^{1+m-2n}(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} (c(1 + m - n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1+m-2n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) + d(1 + m - n))}{(1 + m - 2n)(1 + m - n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(m - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```



output

```
(x^(1 + m - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(1 + m - n)*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m - 2
*n)/n, -p, (1 + m - n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(1 + m - 2*n)*x^n*Hypergeometr
ic2F1[(1 + m - n)/n, -p, (1 + m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((1 + m - 2*n)*(1 + m
- n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{m-2n} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \left( c - \frac{ad(m-2n+1)}{b(m-n(1-p)+1)} \right) \int x^{m-2n} (bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m-2n+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m-n(1-p)+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\
 & (a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left( c - \frac{ad(m-2n+1)}{b(m-n(1-p)+1)} \right) \int x^{m-2n} \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{dx^{m-2n+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m-n(1-p)+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & \frac{x^{m-2n+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left( c - \frac{ad(m-2n+1)}{b(m-n(1-p)+1)} \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{m-2n+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m-n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{\frac{dx^{m-2n+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m-n(1-p)+1)}} +
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x^(m - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(d*x^(1 + m - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + m - n*(1 - p))) + ((c - (a*d*(1 + m - 2*n))/(b*(1 + m - n*(1 - p))))*x^(1 + m - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m - 2*n)/n, -p, (1 + m - n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/((1 + m - 2*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int x^{m-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)dx$$

input

```
int(x^(m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{m-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{m-2n} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^(m-2*n)*x^n+c*x^(m-2*n))*(b*x^n+a)^p,x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 27.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x^{m-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}-2+\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}+p+2-\frac{1}{n}} c x^{m-2n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}-2+\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n}-2+\frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}+p+1-\frac{1}{n}} d x^{m-n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(m-2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(m/n-2+1/n)*a**(-m/n+p+2-1/n)*c*x**(m-2*n+1)*gamma(m/n-2+1/n)*hyper((-p,m/n-2+1/n),(m/n-1+1/n,),b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n-1+1/n))+a**(m/n-1+1/n)*a**(-m/n+p+1-1/n)*d*x**(m-n+1)*gamma(m/n-1+1/n)*hyper((-p,m/n-1+1/n),(m/n+1/n,),b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n+1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{m-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{m-2n} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n+c)*(b*x^n+a)^p*x^(m-2*n),x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{m-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,2,0,1,0,1]%%}+%%{-1,[0,0,2,2,1,0,0,1,0,1]%%}+%%{2,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{m-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int x^{m-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^(m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{m-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*m*x + x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*n*p*x
- 2*x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*n*x + x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*x
+ x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p*a*d*n*p*x + x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*c*m*x + x**m*(x
**n*b+a)**p*b*c*n*p*x - x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*c*n*x + x**m*(x**n*b+a)
**p*b*c*x - x**(2*n)*int((x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p)/(x**(3*n)*b*m**2 + 2*x**(3
*n)*b*m*n*p - 3*x**(3*n)*b*m*n + 2*x**(3*n)*b*m + x**(3*n)*b*n**2*p**2 - 3
*x**(3*n)*b*n**2*p + 2*x**(3*n)*b*n**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*b*n*p - 3*x**(3*n)*b*n
+ x**(3*n)*b + x**(2*n)*a*m**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*m*n*p - 3*x**(2*n)*a*m*n +
2*x**(2*n)*a*m + x**(2*n)*a*n**2*p**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*a*n**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)*a
n**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*n*p - 3*x**(2*n)*a*n + x**(2*n)*a),x)*a**2*d*m**3*n*p
- 2*x**(2*n)*int((x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p)/(x**(3*n)*b*m**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*b*m
*n*p - 3*x**(3*n)*b*m*n + 2*x**(3*n)*b*m + x**(3*n)*b*n**2*p**2 - 3*x**(3
n)*b*n**2*p + 2*x**(3*n)*b*n**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*b*n*p - 3*x**(3*n)*b*n + x**(
3*n)*b + x**(2*n)*a*m**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*m*n*p - 3*x**(2*n)*a*m*n + 2*x**(2
*n)*a*m + x**(2*n)*a*n**2*p**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*a*n**2*p + 2*x**(2*n)*a*n**2 +
2*x**(2*n)*a*n*p - 3*x**(2*n)*a*n + x**(2*n)*a),x)*a**2*d*m**2*n**2*p**2
+ 5*x**(2*n)*int((x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p)/(x**(3*n)*b*m**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*b*m
n*p - 3*x**(3*n)*b*m*n + 2*x**(3*n)*b*m + x**(3*n)*b*n**2*p**2 - 3*x**(3*n)
*b*n**2*p + 2*x**(3*n)*b*n**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*b*n*p - 3*x**(3*n)*b*n + x**(3
n)*b + x**(2*n)*a*m**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*m*n*p - 3*x**(2*n)*a*m*n + 2*x**...
```

### 3.507 $\int x^{m-3n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3505
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3505
Rubi [A] (verified)	3506
Maple [F]	3507
Fricas [F]	3508
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3508
Maxima [F]	3509
Giac [F(-2)]	3509
Mupad [F(-1)]	3509
Reduce [F]	3510

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int x^{m-3n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{cx^{1+m-3n}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a(1 + m - 3n)} + \frac{(ad(1 + m - 3n) - bc(1 + m - n(2 - p)))x^{1+m-2n}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m-2n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m-2n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1 + m - 3n)(1 + m - 2n)}$$

output

```
c*x^(1+m-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/(1+m-3*n)+(a*d*(1+m-3*n)-b*c*(1+m-n*(-p+2)))*x^(1+m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, (1+m-2*n)/n],[(1+m-n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m-3*n)/(1+m-2*n)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{m-3n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x^{1+m-3n}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c(1 + m - 2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m-3n}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m-2n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(1 + m - 2n))}{(1 + m - 3n)(1 + m - 2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(m - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

$$(x^{(1+m-3n)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+(1+m-2n)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[(1+m-3n)/n, -p, (1+m-2n)/n, -(bx^n)/a]) + d(1+m-3n)x^n\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[(1+m-2n)/n, -p, (1+m-n)/n, -(bx^n)/a])/((1+m-3n)*(1+m-2n)*(1+(bx^n)/a)^p)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {959, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{m-3n}(c+dx^n)(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\left(c - \frac{ad(m-3n+1)}{b(m-n(2-p)+1)}\right) \int x^{m-3n}(bx^n+a)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m-3n+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m-n(2-p)+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m-3n+1)}{b(m-n(2-p)+1)}\right) \int x^{m-3n} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{dx^{m-3n+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m-n(2-p)+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^{m-3n+1}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad(m-3n+1)}{b(m-n(2-p)+1)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m-3n+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m-2n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + \frac{dx^{m-3n+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(m-n(2-p)+1)}}{b(m-n(2-p)+1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(m-3n)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n), x]$$

output

```
(d*x^(1 + m - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + m - n*(2 - p))) + ((c - (a
*d*(1 + m - 3*n))/(b*(1 + m - n*(2 - p))))*x^(1 + m - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*H
ypergeometric2F1[(1 + m - 3*n)/n, -p, (1 + m - 2*n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/((1
+ m - 3*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int x^{m-3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)dx$$

input

```
int(x^(m-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(m-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)
```



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{m-3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{m-3n} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^(m-3*n)*x^n+c*x^(m-3*n))*(b*x^n+a)^p,x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 26.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^{m-3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}-3+\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}+p+3-\frac{1}{n}} c x^{m-3n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}-3+\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n}-3+\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}-2+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}-2+\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}+p+2-\frac{1}{n}} d x^{m-2n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}-2+\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, \frac{m}{n}-2+\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(m-3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(m/n-3+1/n)*a**(-m/n+p+3-1/n)*c*x**(m-3*n+1)*gamma(m/n-3+1/n)*hyper((-p,m/n-3+1/n),(m/n-2+1/n),b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n-2+1/n))+a**(m/n-2+1/n)*a**(-m/n+p+2-1/n)*d*x**(m-2*n+1)*gamma(m/n-2+1/n)*hyper((-p,m/n-2+1/n),(m/n-1+1/n),b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n-1+1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{m-3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{m-3n} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(m - 3*n), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{m-3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(m-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,2,0,1,0,1]%%}+%%{-1,[0,0,2,2,1,1,0,1,0,1]%%}+%%{-2`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{m-3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int x^{m-3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(m - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{m-3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(m-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*m*x + x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*n*p*x
- 3*x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*n*x + x**(m+n)*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*d*x
+ x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p*a*d*n*p*x + x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*c*m*x + x**m*(x
**n*b+a)**p*b*c*n*p*x - 2*x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p*b*c*n*x + x**m*(x**n*b+a
)**p*b*c*x - x**(3*n)*int((x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p)/(x**(4*n)*b*m**2+2*x**
(4*n)*b*m*n*p-5*x**(4*n)*b*m*n+2*x**(4*n)*b*m+x**(4*n)*b*n**2*p**2-
5*x**(4*n)*b*n**2*p+6*x**(4*n)*b*n**2+2*x**(4*n)*b*n*p-5*x**(4*n)*b
*n+x**(4*n)*b+x**(3*n)*a*m**2+2*x**(3*n)*a*m*n*p-5*x**(3*n)*a*m*n
+2*x**(3*n)*a*m+x**(3*n)*a*n**2*p**2-5*x**(3*n)*a*n**2*p+6*x**(3*n)
*a*n**2+2*x**(3*n)*a*n*p-5*x**(3*n)*a*n+x**(3*n)*a),x)*a**2*d*m**3*n
*p-2*x**(3*n)*int((x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p)/(x**(4*n)*b*m**2+2*x**(4*n)*b
*m*n*p-5*x**(4*n)*b*m*n+2*x**(4*n)*b*m+x**(4*n)*b*n**2*p**2-5*x**(4
*n)*b*n**2*p+6*x**(4*n)*b*n**2+2*x**(4*n)*b*n*p-5*x**(4*n)*b*n+x*
*(4*n)*b+x**(3*n)*a*m**2+2*x**(3*n)*a*m*n*p-5*x**(3*n)*a*m*n+2*x**
(3*n)*a*m+x**(3*n)*a*n**2*p**2-5*x**(3*n)*a*n**2*p+6*x**(3*n)*a*n**2
+2*x**(3*n)*a*n*p-5*x**(3*n)*a*n+x**(3*n)*a),x)*a**2*d*m**2*n**2*p**
2+8*x**(3*n)*int((x**m*(x**n*b+a)**p)/(x**(4*n)*b*m**2+2*x**(4*n)*b
*m*n*p-5*x**(4*n)*b*m*n+2*x**(4*n)*b*m+x**(4*n)*b*n**2*p**2-5*x**(4
*n)*b*n**2*p+6*x**(4*n)*b*n**2+2*x**(4*n)*b*n*p-5*x**(4*n)*b*n+x**
(4*n)*b+x**(3*n)*a*m**2+2*x**(3*n)*a*m*n*p-5*x**(3*n)*a*m*n+2*x...
```

### 3.508 $\int x^p(b + cx)^p(b + 2cx) dx$

Optimal result	3511
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3511
Rubi [A] (verified)	3512
Maple [A] (verified)	3512
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3513
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3513
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3514
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3514
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3514
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3515

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int x^p(b + cx)^p(b + 2cx) dx = \frac{x^{1+p}(b + cx)^{1+p}}{1 + p}$$

output  $x^{(p+1)}*(c*x+b)^{(p+1)}/(p+1)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^p(b + cx)^p(b + 2cx) dx = \frac{x^{1+p}(b + cx)^{1+p}}{1 + p}$$

input `Integrate[x^p*(b + c*x)^p*(b + 2*c*x),x]`

output  $(x^{(1 + p)}*(b + c*x)^{(1 + p)})/(1 + p)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {83}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^p(b + 2cx)(b + cx)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 83$$

$$\frac{x^{p+1}(b + cx)^{p+1}}{p + 1}$$

input `Int[x^p*(b + c*x)^p*(b + 2*c*x),x]`

output `(x^(1 + p)*(b + c*x)^(1 + p))/(1 + p)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 83 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] :> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && EqQ[a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)), 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^{p+1}(cx+b)^{p+1}}{p+1}$	21
risch	$\frac{x(cx+b)x^p(cx+b)^p}{p+1}$	23
orering	$\frac{x(cx+b)x^p(cx+b)^p}{p+1}$	23
parallelsch	$\frac{x^2x^p(cx+b)^pbc+xx^p(cx+b)^pb^2}{b(p+1)}$	42

input `int(x^p*(c*x+b)^p*(2*c*x+b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x^(p+1)*(c*x+b)^(p+1)/(p+1)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int x^p(b+cx)^p(b+2cx) dx = \frac{(cx^2+bx)(cx+b)^p x^p}{p+1}$$

input `integrate(x^p*(c*x+b)^p*(2*c*x+b),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(c*x^2 + b*x)*(c*x + b)^p*x^p/(p + 1)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int x^p(b+cx)^p(b+2cx) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{bx^p(b+cx)^p}{p+1} + \frac{cx^2x^p(b+cx)^p}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(x) + \log\left(\frac{b}{c} + x\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**p*(c*x+b)**p*(2*c*x+b),x)`

output `Piecewise((b*x*x**p*(b + c*x)**p/(p + 1) + c*x**2*x**p*(b + c*x)**p/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(x) + log(b/c + x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int x^p(b + cx)^p(b + 2cx) dx = \frac{(cx^2 + bx)e^{(p \log(cx+b) + p \log(x))}}{p + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^p*(c*x+b)^p*(2*c*x+b),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c*x^2 + b*x)*e^(p*log(c*x + b) + p*log(x))/(p + 1)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int x^p(b + cx)^p(b + 2cx) dx = \frac{(cx + b)^p cx^2 x^p + (cx + b)^p b x x^p}{p + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^p*(c*x+b)^p*(2*c*x+b),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((c*x + b)^p*c*x^2*x^p + (c*x + b)^p*b*x*x^p)/(p + 1)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^p(b + cx)^p(b + 2cx) dx = \frac{x x^p (b + c x)^p (b + c x)}{p + 1}$$

input `int(x^p*(b + c*x)^p*(b + 2*c*x),x)`

output  $(x^p x^{p(b+cx)} x^{p(b+cx)}) / (p+1)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^p (b+cx)^p (b+2cx) dx = \frac{x^p (cx+b)^p x (cx+b)}{p+1}$$

input `int(x^p*(c*x+b)^p*(2*c*x+b),x)`

output  $(x^{p+1} (b+cx)^{p+1}) / (p+1)$



### 3.509 $\int x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b + cx^2)^p (b + 2cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	3516
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3516
Rubi [A] (verified)	3517
Maple [A] (verified)	3518
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3518
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3519
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3519
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3520
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3520
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3521

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b + cx^2)^p (b + 2cx^2) dx = \frac{x^{2(1+p)}(b + cx^2)^{1+p}}{2(1+p)}$$

output

$$x^{(2+2*p)}*(c*x^2+b)^{(p+1)}/(2+2*p)$$

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b + cx^2)^p (b + 2cx^2) dx = \frac{x^{2+2p}(b + cx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(b(2+p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{cx^2}{b}\right) + 2c(1+p)x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{cx^2}{b}\right)\right)}{2(1+p)(2+p)}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[x^{(-1 + 2*(1 + p))}*(b + c*x^2)^p*(b + 2*c*x^2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(x^{2+2p}(b+cx^2)^p(b(2+p)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1+p, 2+p, -(cx^2/b)] + 2c(1+p)x^2\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 2+p, 3+p, -(cx^2/b)]))}{2(1+p)(2+p)(1+(cx^2/b)^p)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.037$ , Rules used = {356}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{2(p+1)-1} (b+2cx^2) (b+cx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{356}$$

$$\frac{x^{2(p+1)} (b+cx^2)^{p+1}}{2(p+1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b+cx^2)^p(b+2cx^2), x]$$

output

$$(x^{2(1+p)}(b+cx^2)^{(1+p)})/(2(1+p))$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 356

$$\text{Int}[(e_{.})(x_{.})^{(m_{.})}((a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.})^2)^{(p_{.})}((c_{.}) + (d_{.})(x_{.})^2), x$$

$$\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*e*(m+1))), x] /;$$

$$\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3), 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^{2+2p}(cx^2+b)^{p+1}}{2+2p}$	26
risch	$\frac{x(cx^2+b)x^{2p+1}(cx^2+b)^p}{2+2p}$	32
oring	$\frac{x(cx^2+b)x^{2p+1}(cx^2+b)^p}{2+2p}$	32
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3x^{2p+1}(cx^2+b)^pbc+xx^{2p+1}(cx^2+b)^pb^2}{2b(p+1)}$	55

input `int(x^(2*p+1)*(c*x^2+b)^p*(2*c*x^2+b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*x^(2+2*p)/(p+1)*(c*x^2+b)^(p+1)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b+cx^2)^p(b+2cx^2)dx = \frac{(cx^3+bx)(cx^2+b)^px^{2p+1}}{2(p+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(1+2*p)*(c*x^2+b)^p*(2*c*x^2+b),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(c*x^3 + b*x)*(c*x^2 + b)^p*x^(2*p + 1)/(p + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 43.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b+cx^2)^p(b+2cx^2) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{bx^{2p+1}(b+cx^2)^p}{2p+2} + \frac{cx^3x^{2p+1}(b+cx^2)^p}{2p+2} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(x) + \frac{\log\left(x - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{2} + \frac{\log\left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{c}}\right)}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(1+2*p)*(c*x**2+b)**p*(2*c*x**2+b), x)`

output `Piecewise((b*x*x**(2*p + 1)*(b + c*x**2)**p/(2*p + 2) + c*x**3*x**(2*p + 1)*(b + c*x**2)**p/(2*p + 2), Ne(p, -1)), (log(x) + log(x - sqrt(-b/c))/2 + log(x + sqrt(-b/c))/2, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b+cx^2)^p(b+2cx^2) dx = \frac{(cx^4 + bx^2)e^{(p \log(cx^2+b) + 2p \log(x))}}{2(p+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(1+2*p)*(c*x^2+b)^p*(2*c*x^2+b), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(c*x^4 + b*x^2)*e^(p*log(c*x^2 + b) + 2*p*log(x))/(p + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 52 vs.  $2(25) = 50$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b+cx^2)^p(b+2cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(cx^2+b)^p cx^3 e^{(2p \log(x)+\log(x))} + (cx^2+b)^p b x e^{(2p \log(x)+\log(x))}}{2(p+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(1+2*p)*(c*x^2+b)^p*(2*c*x^2+b),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*((c*x^2 + b)^p*c*x^3*e^(2*p*log(x) + log(x)) + (c*x^2 + b)^p*b*x*e^(2*p*log(x) + log(x)))/(p + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b+cx^2)^p(b+2cx^2) dx = (cx^2+b)^p \left( \frac{cx^{2p+1}x^3}{2p+2} + \frac{bx^{2p+1}}{2p+2} \right)$$

input `int(x^(2*p + 1)*(b + c*x^2)^p*(b + 2*c*x^2),x)`

output `(b + c*x^2)^p*((c*x^(2*p + 1)*x^3)/(2*p + 2) + (b*x*x^(2*p + 1))/(2*p + 2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^{-1+2(1+p)}(b+cx^2)^p(b+2cx^2) dx = \frac{x^{2p}(cx^2+b)^p x^2(cx^2+b)}{2p+2}$$

input `int(x^(1+2*p)*(c*x^2+b)^p*(2*c*x^2+b),x)`

output `(x**(2*p)*(b + c*x**2)**p*x**2*(b + c*x**2))/(2*(p + 1))`

### 3.510 $\int x^{-1+3(1+p)}(b + cx^3)^p (b + 2cx^3) dx$

Optimal result	3522
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3522
Rubi [A] (verified)	3523
Maple [A] (verified)	3524
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3524
Sympy [F(-1)]	3525
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3525
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3525
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3526
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3526

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{-1+3(1+p)}(b + cx^3)^p (b + 2cx^3) dx = \frac{x^{3(1+p)}(b + cx^3)^{1+p}}{3(1+p)}$$

output

$$x^{(3*p+3)}*(c*x^3+b)^{(p+1)}/(3*p+3)$$

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int x^{-1+3(1+p)}(b + cx^3)^p (b + 2cx^3) dx = \frac{x^{3+3p}(b + cx^3)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^3}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(b(2+p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{cx^3}{b}\right) + 2c(1+p)x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{cx^3}{b}\right)\right)}{3(1+p)(2+p)}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[x^{(-1 + 3*(1 + p))}*(b + c*x^3)^p*(b + 2*c*x^3), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(x^{3+3p}(b+cx^3)^p(b(2+p)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1+p, 2+p, -(cx^3)/b] + 2c(1+p)x^3\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 2+p, 3+p, -(cx^3)/b]))}{3(1+p)(2+p)(1+(cx^3)/b)^p}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.037$ , Rules used = {951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3(p+1)-1} (b + 2cx^3) (b + cx^3)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{951}$$

$$\frac{x^{3(p+1)} (b + cx^3)^{p+1}}{3(p+1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{-1+3(1+p)}(b+cx^3)^p(b+2cx^3), x]$$

output

$$(x^{3(1+p)}(b+cx^3)^{(1+p)})/(3(1+p))$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 951

$$\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)})/(a*e*(m+1)), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1), 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^{3p+3}(cx^3+b)^{p+1}}{3p+3}$	26
risch	$\frac{x(cx^3+b)x^{2+3p}(cx^3+b)^p}{3p+3}$	32
orering	$\frac{x(cx^3+b)x^{2+3p}(cx^3+b)^p}{3p+3}$	32
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^4x^{2+3p}(cx^3+b)^pc^2+x^{2+3p}(cx^3+b)^pbc}{3c(p+1)}$	55

input `int(x^(2+3*p)*(c*x^3+b)^p*(2*c*x^3+b),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*x^(3*p+3)/(p+1)*(c*x^3+b)^(p+1)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^{-1+3(1+p)}(b+cx^3)^p(b+2cx^3)dx = \frac{(cx^4+bx)(cx^3+b)^px^{3p+2}}{3(p+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(2+3*p)*(c*x^3+b)^p*(2*c*x^3+b),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(c*x^4 + b*x)*(c*x^3 + b)^p*x^(3*p + 2)/(p + 1)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+3(1+p)}(b+cx^3)^p(b+2cx^3) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(2+3*p)*(c*x**3+b)**p*(2*c*x**3+b),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^{-1+3(1+p)}(b+cx^3)^p(b+2cx^3) dx = \frac{(cx^6+bx^3)e^{(p\log(cx^3+b)+3p\log(x))}}{3(p+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(2+3*p)*(c*x^3+b)^p*(2*c*x^3+b),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(c*x^6 + b*x^3)*e^(p*log(c*x^3 + b) + 3*p*log(x))/(p + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 56 vs.  $2(25) = 50$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-1+3(1+p)}(b+cx^3)^p(b+2cx^3) dx \\ &= \frac{(cx^3+b)^p cx^4 e^{(3p\log(x)+2\log(x))} + (cx^3+b)^p b x e^{(3p\log(x)+2\log(x))}}{3(p+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^(2+3*p)*(c*x^3+b)^p*(2*c*x^3+b),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{3}((cx^3 + b)^p cx^4 e^{(3p \log(x) + 2 \log(x))} + (cx^3 + b)^p b x e^{(3p \log(x) + 2 \log(x))}) / (p + 1)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int x^{-1+3(1+p)} (b + cx^3)^p (b + 2cx^3) dx = (cx^3 + b)^p \left( \frac{cx^{3p+2} x^4}{3p+3} + \frac{bx x^{3p+2}}{3p+3} \right)$$

input `int(x^(3*p + 2)*(b + c*x^3)^p*(b + 2*c*x^3), x)`

output  $(b + cx^3)^p((cx^{3p+2}x^4)/(3p+3) + (bx x^{3p+2})/(3p+3))$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^{-1+3(1+p)} (b + cx^3)^p (b + 2cx^3) dx = \frac{x^{3p}(cx^3 + b)^p x^3(cx^3 + b)}{3p+3}$$

input `int(x^(2+3*p)*(c*x^3+b)^p*(2*c*x^3+b), x)`

output  $(x^{3p}(b + cx^3)^{p+1}) / (3(p + 1))$

### 3.511 $\int x^{-1+n(1+p)}(b + cx^n)^p (b + 2cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3527
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3527
Rubi [A] (verified)	3528
Maple [B] (verified)	3529
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3529
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3529
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3530
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3531
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3531
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3532

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{-1+n(1+p)}(b + cx^n)^p (b + 2cx^n) dx = \frac{x^{n(1+p)}(b + cx^n)^{1+p}}{n(1+p)}$$

output

$$x^{(n*(p+1))*(b+c*x^n)^{(p+1)}/n/(p+1)}$$

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\int x^{-1+n(1+p)}(b + cx^n)^p (b + 2cx^n) dx = \frac{(b + cx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{cx^n}{b}\right)^{-p} (b(2+p)x^{n(1+p)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{cx^n}{b}\right) + 2c(1+p)x^{n(2+p)}}{n(1+p)(2+p)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-1 + n*(1 + p))*(b + c*x^n)^p*(b + 2*c*x^n)}, x]$$

output 
$$\frac{((b + c*x^n)^p*(b*(2 + p)*x^{n*(1 + p)})*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, -((c*x^n)/b)] + 2*c*(1 + p)*x^{n*(2 + p)}*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 2 + p, 3 + p, -((c*x^n)/b)])}{(n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(1 + (c*x^n)/b)^p}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.037$ , Rules used = {951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n(p+1)-1} (b + 2cx^n) (b + cx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 951$$

$$\frac{x^{n(p+1)} (b + cx^n)^{p+1}}{n(p+1)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + n*(1 + p))}*(b + c*x^n)^p*(b + 2*c*x^n), x]$

output  $(x^{n*(1 + p)}*(b + c*x^n)^{(1 + p)})/(n*(1 + p))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 951  $\text{Int}[(e_.*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)})/(a*e*(m + 1)), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1), 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 59 vs.  $2(27) = 54$ .

Time = 2.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$\frac{x x^n x^{np+n-1} (b+c x^n)^p c^2 + x x^{np+n-1} (b+c x^n)^p b c}{c n (p+1)}$	60

input `int(x^(-1+n*(p+1))*(b+c*x^n)^p*(b+2*c*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(x*x^n*x^(n*p+n-1)*(b+c*x^n)^p*c^2+x*x^(n*p+n-1)*(b+c*x^n)^p*b*c)/c/n/(p+1)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^{-1+n(1+p)} (b + cx^n)^p (b + 2cx^n) dx = \frac{(c x^n + b)(c x^n + b)^p x^{np+n-1}}{np + n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n*(p+1))*(b+c*x^n)^p*(b+2*c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(c*x*x^n + b*x)*(c*x^n + b)^p*x^(n*p + n - 1)/(n*p + n)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 28.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.30

$$\int x^{-1+n(1+p)}(b+cx^n)^p(b+2cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{b^{p+1}c^{-p-1}c^{p+1}x^{np+n}\Gamma(p+1) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, p+1 \\ p+2 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^n e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{n\Gamma(p+2)}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^{p+2}cc^{-p-2}c^{p+2}x^{np+2n}\Gamma(p+2) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, p+2 \\ p+3 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{cx^n e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{b^2n\Gamma(p+3)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n*(p+1))*(b+c*x**n)**p*(b+2*c*x**n),x)`

output `b**(p + 1)*c**(-p - 1)*c**(p + 1)*x**(n*p + n)*gamma(p + 1)*hyper((-p, p + 1), (p + 2,), c*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/(n*gamma(p + 2)) + 2*b**(p + 2)*c*c**(-p - 2)*c**(p + 2)*x**(n*p + 2*n)*gamma(p + 2)*hyper((-p, p + 2), (p + 3,), c*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/(b**2*n*gamma(p + 3))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^{-1+n(1+p)}(b+cx^n)^p(b+2cx^n) dx = \frac{(cx^{2n} + bx^n)e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(cx^n + b))}}{n(p+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n*(p+1))*(b+c*x^n)^p*(b+2*c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c*x^(2*n) + b*x^n)*e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(c*x^n + b))/(n*(p + 1))`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs.  $2(27) = 54$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int x^{-1+n(1+p)}(b+cx^n)^p(b+2cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(cx^n+b)^p c x x^n e^{(np \log(x)+n \log(x)-\log(x))} + (cx^n+b)^p b x e^{(np \log(x)+n \log(x)-\log(x))}}{np+n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n*(p+1))*(b+c*x^n)^p*(b+2*c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((c*x^n + b)^p*c*x*x^n*e^(n*p*log(x) + n*log(x) - log(x)) + (c*x^n + b)^p*b*x*e^(n*p*log(x) + n*log(x) - log(x)))/(n*p + n)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int x^{-1+n(1+p)}(b+cx^n)^p(b+2cx^n) dx = \left( \frac{b x x^{n(p+1)-1}}{n(p+1)} + \frac{c x x^n x^{n(p+1)-1}}{n(p+1)} \right) (b+cx^n)^p$$

input `int(x^(n*(p + 1) - 1)*(b + c*x^n)^p*(b + 2*c*x^n),x)`

output `((b*x*x^(n*(p + 1) - 1))/(n*(p + 1)) + (c*x*x^n*x^(n*(p + 1) - 1))/(n*(p + 1)))* (b + c*x^n)^p`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^{-1+n(1+p)}(b+cx^n)^p(b+2cx^n) dx = \frac{x^{np+n}(x^nc+b)^p(x^nc+b)}{n(p+1)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n*(p+1))*(b+c*x^n)^p*(b+2*c*x^n),x)`

output `(x**(n*p + n)*(x**n*c + b)**p*(x**n*c + b))/(n*(p + 1))`

### 3.512 $\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^4 dx$

Optimal result	3533
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3534
Rubi [A] (verified)	3534
Maple [F]	3535
Fricas [F]	3536
Sympy [F(-1)]	3536
Maxima [F]	3536
Giac [F(-2)]	3537
Mupad [F(-1)]	3537
Reduce [F]	3537

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 313

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^4 dx$$

$$= -\frac{6c^2d^2x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1+p)} - \frac{2bc^3(bc - 2ad(3+p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^3n(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^3(bc - 2ad(3+p))x^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2n(2+p)(3+p)} - \frac{c^4x^{-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(3+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{d^4x^{n(1-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(1-p)}$$

$$- \frac{4cd^3x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np}$$

output

```
-6*c^2*d^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-2*b*c^3*(b*c-2*a*d*(3+p))
*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^3/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))+2*c^3*(b*c-2*a*d*(3+p))
*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/n/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))-c^4*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(3+p)
/(x^(n*(3+p)))+d^4*x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1-p],[ -p+2], -b*x^n/a)
/n/(1-p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)-4*c*d^3*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p],[ 1-p], -b*x^n/a)
/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left( -\frac{c^4 \left(1+\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3-p, -p, -2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3+p} + dx^n \left( -\frac{4c^3 \left(1+\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2-p, -p, -1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2+p} + dx^n \left( -\frac{6c^2(a+bx^n)}{a(1+p)} - \frac{d^2 x^{2n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right]}{(-1+p)(1+\frac{bx^n}{a})} - \frac{4c d x^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right]}{p(1+\frac{bx^n}{a})} \right) \right)}{n x^{n(3+p)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^4,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^p*(-((c^4*Hypergeometric2F1[-3 - p, -p, -2 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])
)/((3 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)) + d*x^n*(-(4*c^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - p,
-p, -1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a]))/((2 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p) + d*x^n*(-(6*c^2*(a
+ b*x^n))/(a*(1 + p)) - (d^2*x^(2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p,
-(b*x^n)/a]))/((-1 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p) - (4*c*d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1
[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a]))/(p*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p))))/(n*x^(n*(3 + p)))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1008, 1066}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p+3)-1}(c+dx^n)^4(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1008$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-n(p+3)-1}(bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^2(dn(4bc+adp)x^n+cn(bc+ad(p+3))) dx}{\frac{bn}{dx^{-n(p+3)}(c+dx^n)^3(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}}$$

$$\downarrow 1066$$

Indeterminate

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^4,x]`output `Indeterminate`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1008

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]
```

rule 1066

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^q/(b*g*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*n*(p + q) + 1) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + f*n*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*e*d*n*(p + q) + 1)*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^n, c + d*x^n])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^4 dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^4,x)`output `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^4,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^4 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^4(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^4*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*x^(4*n) + 4*c*d^3*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*x^(3*n) + 6*c^2*d^2*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*x^(2*n) + 4*c^3*d*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*x^n + c^4*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^4 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^4 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^4(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^4*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 3) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^4 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-1, [3,0,8,5,3,5,5,4,0]%%}+%%{-5, [3,0,8,5,3,5,4,4,0]%%}+%%{-10, [

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^4 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^4}{x^{n(p+3)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^4)/x^(n*(p + 3) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^4)/x^(n*(p + 3) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^4 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^4,x)`

output

```
(x**(4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**4*p**4 + 6*x**(4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3
*d**4*p**3 + 11*x**(4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**4*p**2 + 6*x**(4*n)*(x**n
*b + a)**p*a**3*d**4*p - 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d**3*p**3 - 24*
x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d**3*p**2 - 44*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*
**3*c*d**3*p - 24*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d**3 - 6*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*p**3 - 30*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*d
**2*p**2 - 36*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*p + 4*x**(3*n)*(x*
*n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**3*d*p**2 + 12*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**3*
d*p - 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**4*p - 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a**3*c**2*d**2*p**3 - 30*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*d**2*p**2 - 36
*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*d**2*p - 4*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*
**2*b*c**3*d*p**3 - 12*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**3*d*p**2 + 2*x**(
2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**4*p**2 - 4*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**3*d
*p**3 - 16*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**3*d*p**2 - 12*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p
*a**3*c**3*d*p - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**4*p**3 - x**n*(x**n*b + a)
**p*a**2*b*c**4*p**2 - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**4*p**3 - 3*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a**3*c**4*p**2 - 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**4*p + x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**n*
(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**4*d**4*n*p**5 + 6
*x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*
x),x)*a**4*d**4*n*p**4 + 11*x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(...
```

### 3.513 $\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	3539
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3540
Rubi [A] (verified)	3540
Maple [F]	3541
Fricas [F]	3541
Sympy [F(-1)]	3542
Maxima [F]	3542
Giac [F(-2)]	3542
Mupad [F(-1)]	3543
Reduce [F]	3543

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= -\frac{c(2b^2c^2 - 3abcd(3 + p) + 3a^2d^2(6 + 5p + p^2))x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^3n(1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2(2bc - 3ad(3 + p))x^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2n(2 + p)(3 + p)} - \frac{c^3x^{-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(3 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{d^3x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np}$$

output

```
-c*(2*b^2*c^2-3*a*b*c*d*(3+p)+3*a^2*d^2*(p^2+5*p+6))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^3/n
/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))+c^2*(2*b*c-3*a*d*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a
^2/n/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))-c^3*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(3+p)/(x^(n*(3+p)))
-d^3*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p],[1-p],-b*x^n/a)/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left( -\frac{c^3 \left(1+\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3-p, -p, -2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3+p} + dx^n \left( -\frac{3c^2 \left(1+\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2-p, -p, -1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2+p} + d \right)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*(-((c^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-3 - p, -p, -2 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])/(3 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)) + d*x^n*(-(3*c^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - p, -p, -1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])/(2 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p + d*x^n*(-(3*c*(a + b*x^n))/(a*(1 + p)) - (d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])/(p*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)))/(n*x^(n*(3 + p)))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.034$ , Rules used = {1008}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p+3)-1}(c+dx^n)^3(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

↓ 1008

Indeterminate

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `Indeterminate`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1008

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^3 (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^3*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*x^n + c^3*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^3(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^3*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 3) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{1,[2,0,6,4,2,4,4,3,0]%%}+%%{4,[2,0,6,4,2,4,3,3,0]%%}+%%  
%{6,[2,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3}{x^{n(p+3)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3)/x^(n*(p + 3) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3)/x^(n*(p + 3) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{-3x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p a^2bc d^2p^2 - 15x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p a^2bc d^2p - 18x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p a^2bc d^2 + 3x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p a b^2c^2}{1}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `( - 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d**2*p**2 - 15*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d**2*p - 18*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**2*d*p + 9*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**2*d - 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**3 - 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d**2*p**2 - 15*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d**2*p - 18*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*d*p**2 - 9*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*d*p + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**3*p - 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*d*p**2 - 12*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*d*p - 9*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*d - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**3*p**2 - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**3*p - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**3*p**2 - 3*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**3*p - 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**3 + x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**3 + 6*x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**2 + 11*x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p + 6*x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n)/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**3*n*(p**3 + 6*p**2 + 11*p + 6))`

### 3.514 $\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3544
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3544
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{(2b^2c^2 - 2abcd(3+p) + a^2d^2(6 + 5p + p^2))x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^3n(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2c(bc - ad(3+p))x^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2n(2+p)(3+p)} - \frac{c^2x^{-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(3+p)}$$

output

```
-(2*b^2*c^2-2*a*b*c*d*(3+p)+a^2*d^2*(p^2+5*p+6))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^3/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))+2*c*(b*c-a*d*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/n/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))-c^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(3+p)/(x^(n*(3+p)))
```

#### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx =$$

$$-\frac{c^2x^{-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{3+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3 - p, -p, -2 - p, \frac{-\frac{bx^n}{a} + \frac{dx^n}{c}}{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}}\right)}{n(3+p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-((c^2*(a + b*x^n)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^(3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3 - p, -p, -2 - p, (-((b*x^n)/a) + (d*x^n)/c)/(1 + (d*x^n)/c)]/(n*(3 + p)*x^(n*(3 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.207$ , Rules used = {1008, 25, 959, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p+3)-1} (c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1008 \\
 & \frac{\int -x^{-n(p+3)-1} (bx^n + a)^p (cn(bc - ad(p+3)) - ad^2n(p+2)x^n) dx}{\frac{bn}{dx^{-n(p+3)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int x^{-n(p+3)-1} (bx^n + a)^p (cn(bc - ad(p+3)) - ad^2n(p+2)x^n) dx}{\frac{bn}{dx^{-n(p+3)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 959 \\
 & \frac{\frac{n(a^2d^2(p^2+5p+6) - 2abcd(p+3) + 2b^2c^2)}{2b} \int x^{-n(p+3)-1} (bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{ad^2(p+2)x^{-n(p+3)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2b}}{\frac{bn}{dx^{-n(p+3)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 803
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{n(a^2d^2(p^2+5p+6)-2abcd(p+3)+2b^2c^2)\left(-\frac{2b\int x^{-n(p+2)-1}(bx^n+a)^p dx}{a(p+3)}-\frac{x^{-n(p+3)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+3)}\right)}{2b} + \frac{ad^2(p+2)x^{-n(p+3)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2b}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-n(p+3)}(c+dx^n)^{bn}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn}$$

↓ 803

$$\frac{n(a^2d^2(p^2+5p+6)-2abcd(p+3)+2b^2c^2)\left(-\frac{2b\left(-\frac{b\int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(bx^n+a)^p dx}{a(p+2)}-\frac{x^{-n(p+2)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+2)}\right)}{a(p+3)}-\frac{x^{-n(p+3)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+3)}\right)}{2b} + \frac{ad^2(p+2)x^{-n(p+3)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2b}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-n(p+3)}(c+dx^n)^{bn}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn}$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{n(a^2d^2(p^2+5p+6)-2abcd(p+3)+2b^2c^2)\left(-\frac{2b\left(\frac{bx^{-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{a^2n(p+1)(p+2)}-\frac{x^{-n(p+2)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+2)}\right)}{a(p+3)}-\frac{x^{-n(p+3)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+3)}\right)}{2b} + \frac{ad^2(p+2)x^{-n(p+3)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2b}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-n(p+3)}(c+dx^n)^{bn}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn}$$

input

`Int[x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output

`-((d*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(b*n*x^(n*(3 + p)))) + ((a*d^2*(2 + p)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(2*b*x^(n*(3 + p))) + (n*(2*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d*(3 + p) + a^2*d^2*(6 + 5*p + p^2))*(-(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n*(3 + p)*x^(n*(3 + p)))) - (2*b*((b*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(a^2*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))) - (a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n*(2 + p)*x^(n*(2 + p)))))/(a*(3 + p)))/(2*b))/(b*n)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$

rule 796  $\text{Int}[\text{((c\_)*(x\_))}^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)*(x\_)}^{\text{(n\_)}))^{\text{(p\_)}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{(c* x)}^{\text{(m + 1)}} * \text{((a + b*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{(p + 1)}} / \text{(a*(m + 1))}), \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a, b, c, m, n, p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m, -1}]$

rule 803  $\text{Int}[\text{(x\_)}^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)*(x\_)}^{\text{(n\_)}))^{\text{(p\_)}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{x}^{\text{(m + 1)}} * \text{((a + b*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{(p + 1)}} / \text{(a*(m + 1))}), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) / (a*(m + 1))} \quad \text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{(m + n)}} * \text{(a + b*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a, b, m, n, p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{Simplify}[\text{(m + 1)/n + p + 1}, 0]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m, -1}]$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[\text{((e\_)*(x\_))}^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)*(x\_)}^{\text{(n\_)}))^{\text{(p\_)}* \text{((c\_)} + \text{(d\_)*(x\_)}^{\text{(n\_)}))^{\text{(q\_)}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d*(e*x)}^{\text{(m + 1)}} * \text{((a + b*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{(p + 1)}} / \text{(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))}), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) / (b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))} \quad \text{Int}[\text{(e*x)}^{\text{m}} * \text{(a + b*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b*c - a*d, 0}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0}]$

rule 1008  $\text{Int}[\text{((e\_)*(x\_))}^{\text{(m\_)}* \text{((a\_)} + \text{(b\_)*(x\_)}^{\text{(n\_)}))^{\text{(p\_)}* \text{((c\_)} + \text{(d\_)*(x\_)}^{\text{(n\_)}))^{\text{(q\_)}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d*(e*x)}^{\text{(m + 1)}} * \text{(a + b*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{(p + 1)}} * \text{((c + d*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{(q - 1)}} / \text{(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))}), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{1 / (b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))} \quad \text{Int}[\text{(e*x)}^{\text{m}} * \text{(a + b*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}} * \text{(c + d*x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{(q - 2)}} * \text{Simp}[\text{c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x}^{\text{n}}, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b*c - a*d, 0}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q, 1}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x}]$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 729 vs.  $2(163) = 326$ .

Time = 8.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 730, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.56

method	result
paralelrisch	$-\frac{x^{3n}x^{-np-3n-1}(a+bx^n)^pa^2b^2d^2p^2+5xx^{3n}x^{-np-3n-1}(a+bx^n)^pa^2b^2d^2p-2xx^{3n}x^{-np-3n-1}(a+bx^n)^pa^3cdp+xx^{2n}}$



input `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -(x*(x^n)^3*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^2*b^2*d^2*p^2+5*x*(x^n)^3*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^2*b^2*d^2*p-2*x*(x^n)^3*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^2*b^3*c*d*p+x*(x^n)^2*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^3*b*d^2*p^2+2*x*(x^n)^2*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^2*b^2*c*d*p^2+6*x*(x^n)^3*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^2*b^2*d^2-6*x*(x^n)^3*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a*b^3*c*d+2*x*(x^n)^3*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*b^4*c^2+5*x*(x^n)^2*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^3*b*d^2*p+6*x*(x^n)^2*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^2*b^2*c*d*p-2*x*(x^n)^2*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a*b^3*c^2*p+2*x*x^n*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^3*b*c*d*p^2+x*x^n*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^2*b^2*c^2*p^2+6*x*(x^n)^2*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^3*b*d^2+8*x*x^n*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^3*b*c*d*p+x*x^n*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^2*b^2*c^2*p+x*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^3*b*c^2*p^2+6*x*x^n*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^3*b*c^2*p+2*x*x^{(-n*p-3*n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a^3*b*c^2)/(p^2+5*p+6)/n/(p+1)/a^3/b
 \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{((a^2bd^2p^2 + 2b^3c^2 - 6ab^2cd + 6a^2bd^2 - (2ab^2cd - 5a^2bd^2)p)xx^{-np-3n-1}x^{3n} + (6a^3d^2 + (2a^2bcd + a^3d^2)p)x^{-np-3n-1}x^{3n} + (6a^3d^2 + (2a^2bcd + a^3d^2)p)x^{-np-3n-1}x^{3n}}{p^2+5p+6}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -((a^2*b*d^2*p^2 + 2*b^3*c^2 - 6*a*b^2*c*d + 6*a^2*b*d^2 - (2*a*b^2*c*d - 5*a^2*b*d^2)*p)*x*x^{(-n*p - 3*n - 1)}*x^{(3*n)} + (6*a^3*d^2 + (2*a^2*b*c*d + a^3*d^2)*p^2 - (2*a*b^2*c^2 - 6*a^2*b*c*d - 5*a^3*d^2)*p)*x*x^{(-n*p - 3*n - 1)}*x^{(2*n)} + (6*a^3*c*d + (a^2*b*c^2 + 2*a^3*c*d)*p^2 + (a^2*b*c^2 + 8*a^3*c*d)*p)*x*x^{(-n*p - 3*n - 1)}*x^n + (a^3*c^2*p^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*p + 2*a^3*c^2)*x*x^{(-n*p - 3*n - 1)}*(b*x^n + a)^p/(a^3*n*p^3 + 6*a^3*n*p^2 + 11*a^3*n*p + 6*a^3*n)
 \end{aligned}$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^2(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 3) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{-1, [1,0,4,3,1,3,3,2,0]%%}+%%{-3, [1,0,4,3,1,3,2,2,0]%%}+  
%%{-3, [1`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2}{x^{n(p+3)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p + 3) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p + 3) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (-x^{3n} a^2 b d^2 p^2 - 5x^{3n} a^2 b d^2 p - 6x^{3n} a^2 b d^2 + 2x^{3n} a b^2 c d p + 6x^{3n} a b^2 c d - 2x^{3n} b^3 c^2 - x^{2n} a^3 d^2 p}{(x^n b + a)^p (-x^{3n} a^2 b d^2 p^2 - 5x^{3n} a^2 b d^2 p - 6x^{3n} a^2 b d^2 + 2x^{3n} a b^2 c d p + 6x^{3n} a b^2 c d - 2x^{3n} b^3 c^2 - x^{2n} a^3 d^2 p)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**p*( - x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**2*p**2 - 5*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**2*p - 6*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*c*d*p + 6*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*c*d - 2*x**(3*n)*b**3*c**2 - x**(2*n)*a**3*d**2*p**2 - 5*x**(2*n)*a**3*d**2*p - 6*x**(2*n)*a**3*d**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d*p**2 - 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d*p + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*c**2*p - 2*x**n*a**3*c*d*p**2 - 8*x**n*a**3*c*d*p - 6*x**n*a**3*c*d - x**n*a**2*b*c**2*p**2 - x**n*a**2*b*c**2*p - a**3*c**2*p**2 - 3*a**3*c**2*p - 2*a**3*c**2))/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**3*n*(p**3 + 6*p**2 + 11*p + 6))`

### 3.515 $\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3551
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3551
Rubi [A] (verified)	3552
Maple [B] (verified)	3554
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3554
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3555
Maxima [F]	3556
Giac [F(-2)]	3556
Mupad [F(-1)]	3557
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3557

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = -\frac{b(2bc - ad(3 + p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^3n(1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)} + \frac{(2bc - ad(3 + p))x^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2n(2 + p)(3 + p)} - \frac{cx^{-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(3 + p)}$$

output

```
-b*(2*b*c-a*d*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^3/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))
+(2*b*c-a*d*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/n/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))-c*(a+b*
x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(3+p)/(x^(n*(3+p)))
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = -\frac{x^{-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c(2 + p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3 - p, -p, -2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(3 + p))}{n(2 + p)(3 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3 - p, -p, -2 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(3 + p)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - p, -p, -1 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(n*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*x^(n*(3 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$ , Rules used = {959, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p+3)-1} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - ad(p+3)) \int x^{-n(p+3)-1} (bx^n + a)^p dx}{2b} - \frac{dx^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - ad(p+3)) \left( -\frac{2b \int x^{-n(p+2)-1} (bx^n + a)^p dx}{a(p+3)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+3)} \right)}{2b} - \frac{dx^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\
 & \frac{(2bc - ad(p+3)) \left( -\frac{2b \left( -\frac{b \int x^{-n(p+1)-1} (bx^n + a)^p dx}{a(p+2)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+2)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+2)} \right)}{a(p+3)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+3)} \right)}{2b} - \frac{dx^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{796} \\
 & \frac{dx^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(2bc - ad(p+3)) \left( -\frac{2b \left( \frac{bx^{-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{a^2n(p+1)(p+2)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+2)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+2)} \right)}{a(p+3)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+3)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+3)} \right)}{\frac{2b}{dx^{-n(p+3)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}} \cdot \frac{1}{2bn}}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `-1/2*(d*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*n*x^(n*(3 + p))) + ((2*b*c - a*d*(3 + p))*  
(-(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n*(3 + p)*x^(n*(3 + p)))) - (2*b*((b*(a + b*x^n)  
^(1 + p))/(a^2*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))) - (a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n  
*(2 + p)*x^(n*(2 + p)))))/(a*(3 + p)))/(2*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*  
x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n,  
p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((  
a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1  
))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && I  
LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n  
_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p  
+ 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p  
+ 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m,  
n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 648 vs.  $2(110) = 220$ .

Time = 95.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 648, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \frac{a^2a^pa^{-p-3}b^{p+3}cp^2\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2n\Gamma(-p)+2abnx^n\Gamma(-p)+b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} + \frac{3a^2a^pa^{-p-3}b^{p+3}cp\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2n\Gamma(-p)+2abnx^n\Gamma(-p)+b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} + \frac{2a^2a^pa^{-p-3}b^{p+3}c\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2n\Gamma(-p)+2abnx^n\Gamma(-p)+b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} - \frac{2aa^pa^{-p-3}bb^{p+3}cp^n\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2n\Gamma(-p)+2abnx^n\Gamma(-p)+b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} - \frac{2aa^pa^{-p-3}bb^{p+3}cx^n\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2n\Gamma(-p)+2abnx^n\Gamma(-p)+b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} - \frac{aa^pa^{-p-2}b^{p+2}dp^n\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+1}\Gamma(-p-2)}{bn\Gamma(-p)} - \frac{aa^pa^{-p-2}b^{p+2}dx^{-n}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+1}\Gamma(-p-2)}{bn\Gamma(-p)} + \frac{2a^pa^{-p-3}b^2b^{p+3}cx^{2n}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2n\Gamma(-p)+2abnx^n\Gamma(-p)+b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} + \frac{a^pa^{-p-2}b^{p+2}d\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+1}\Gamma(-p-2)}{n\Gamma(-p)}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)
```



output

```

a**2*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b**(p + 3)*c*p**2*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 3)*gamma(-p
- 3)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-
p)) + 3*a**2*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b**(p + 3)*c*p*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 3)*gam
ma(-p - 3)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*n*x**(2*n)*ga
mma(-p)) + 2*a**2*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b**(p + 3)*c*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 3)*
gamma(-p - 3)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*n*x**(2*n)
*gamma(-p)) - 2*a*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b*b**(p + 3)*c*p*x**n*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)*
*(p + 3)*gamma(-p - 3)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*n
*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p)) - 2*a*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b*b**(p + 3)*c*x**n*(a/(b*x**n
) + 1)**(p + 3)*gamma(-p - 3)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) +
b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p)) - a*a**p*a**(-p - 2)*b**(p + 2)*d*p*(a/(b*x**n
) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 2)/(b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)) - a*a**p*a**(-p - 2)*b*
*(p + 2)*d*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 2)/(b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)) +
2*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b**2*b**(p + 3)*c*x**(2*n)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 3)*ga
mma(-p - 3)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*n*x**(2*n)*g
amma(-p)) + a**p*a**(-p - 2)*b**(p + 2)*d*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(
-p - 2)/(n*gamma(-p))

```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 3) - 1), x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{-2, [0,0,2,2,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{-2, [0,0,2,2,1,1,0,0,1]%%}+
%%{1, [0,
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x^{n(p+3)+1}} dx$$

input

```
int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p + 3) + 1),x)
```

output

```
int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p + 3) + 1), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^{3n} a b^2 d p + 3 x^{3n} a b^2 d - 2 x^{3n} b^3 c - x^{2n} a^2 b d p^2 - 3 x^{2n} a^2 b d p + 2 x^{2n} a b^2 c p - x^n a^3 d p^2 - 4 x^n a^3 d p)}{x^{np+3n} a^3 n (p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)}$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**(3*n)*a*b**2*d*p + 3*x**(3*n)*a*b**2*d - 2*x**(3*n)*b
**3*c - x**(2*n)*a**2*b*d*p**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*d*p + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2
*c*p - x**n*a**3*d*p**2 - 4*x**n*a**3*d*p - 3*x**n*a**3*d - x**n*a**2*b*c*
p**2 - x**n*a**2*b*c*p - a**3*c*p**2 - 3*a**3*c*p - 2*a**3*c))/(x**(n*p +
3*n)*a**3*n*(p**3 + 6*p**2 + 11*p + 6))
```

### 3.516 $\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3558
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3558
Rubi [A] (verified)	3559
Maple [F]	3560
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3560
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3561
Maxima [F]	3562
Giac [F]	3562
Mupad [F(-1)]	3562
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3563

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{2b^2x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^3n(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} + \frac{2bx^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2n(2+p)(3+p)} - \frac{x^{-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(3+p)}$$

output

```
-2*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^3/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))+2*b*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/n/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(3+p)/(x^(n*(3+p)))
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-n(3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3 - p, -p, -2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(3+p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-3 - p, -p, -2 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(n*(3 + p)*x^(n*(3 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p+3)-1}(a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\
 & -\frac{2b \int x^{-n(p+2)-1}(bx^n + a)^p dx}{a(p+3)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+3)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{803} \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( -\frac{b \int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(bx^n + a)^p dx}{a(p+2)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+2)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+2)} \right)}{a(p+3)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+3)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{796} \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( \frac{bx^{-n(p+1)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{a^2n(p+1)(p+2)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+2)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+2)} \right)}{a(p+3)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+3)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `-((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n*(3 + p)*x^(n*(3 + p)))) - (2*b*((b*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(a^2*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))) - (a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n*(2 + p)*x^(n*(2 + p))))/(a*(3 + p))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796  $\text{Int}[\text{((c_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n_)}})^{\text{(p_)}}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[\text{(c*x)}^{\text{(m + 1)}* \text{((a + b*x^n)}^{\text{(p + 1)}}/\text{(a*c*(m + 1))}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[(\text{m + 1})/\text{n + p + 1}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m}, -1]$

rule 803  $\text{Int}[(\text{x_})^{\text{(m_)}}* \text{((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n_)}})^{\text{(p_)}}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[\text{x}^{\text{(m + 1)}}* \text{((a + b*x^n)}^{\text{(p + 1)}}/\text{(a*(m + 1))}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/a*(m + 1)}] \ \text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{(m + n)}}* \text{(a + b*x^n)}^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{/; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(\text{m + 1})/\text{n + p + 1}], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m}, -1]$

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

input  $\text{int}(\text{x}^{\text{(-1-n*(3+p))}}* \text{(a+b*x^n)}^{\text{p}}, \text{x})$

output  $\text{int}(\text{x}^{\text{(-1-n*(3+p))}}* \text{(a+b*x^n)}^{\text{p}}, \text{x})$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(2ab^2p x x^{-np-3n-1} x^{2n} - 2b^3 x x^{-np-3n-1} x^{3n} - (a^2 b p^2 + a^2 b p) x x^{-np-3n-1} x^n - (a^3 p^2 + 3a^3 p + 2a^3) x x^{-np-3n-1} x^{2n})}{a^3 n p^3 + 6a^3 n p^2 + 11a^3 n p + 6a^3 n}$$

input  $\text{integrate}(\text{x}^{\text{(-1-n*(3+p))}}* \text{(a+b*x^n)}^{\text{p}}, \text{x}, \text{algorithm}=\text{"fricas"})$

output  $(2*a*b^2*p*x*x^{\text{(-n*p - 3*n - 1)}}*x^{\text{(2*n)}} - 2*b^3*x*x^{\text{(-n*p - 3*n - 1)}}*x^{\text{(3*n)}} - (a^2*b*p^2 + a^2*b*p)*x*x^{\text{(-n*p - 3*n - 1)}}*x^n - (a^3*p^2 + 3*a^3*p + 2*a^3)*x*x^{\text{(-n*p - 3*n - 1)}}*(b*x^n + a)^p / (a^3*n*p^3 + 6*a^3*n*p^2 + 11*a^3*n*p + 6*a^3*n)$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 464 vs.  $2(92) = 184$ .

Time = 42.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 464, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^2b^{p+3}p^2\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^5n\Gamma(-p)+2a^4bnx^n\Gamma(-p)+a^3b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} + \frac{3a^2b^{p+3}p\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^5n\Gamma(-p)+2a^4bnx^n\Gamma(-p)+a^3b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} + \frac{2a^2b^{p+3}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^5n\Gamma(-p)+2a^4bnx^n\Gamma(-p)+a^3b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} - \frac{2abb^{p+3}px^n\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^5n\Gamma(-p)+2a^4bnx^n\Gamma(-p)+a^3b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} - \frac{2abb^{p+3}x^n\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^5n\Gamma(-p)+2a^4bnx^n\Gamma(-p)+a^3b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)} + \frac{2b^2b^{p+3}x^{2n}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+3}\Gamma(-p-3)}{a^5n\Gamma(-p)+2a^4bnx^n\Gamma(-p)+a^3b^2nx^{2n}\Gamma(-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**2*b**(p+3)*p**2*(a/(b*x**n)+1)**(p+3)*gamma(-p-3)/(a**5*n*gamma(-p)+2*a**4*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)+a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p))+3*a**2*b**(p+3)*p*(a/(b*x**n)+1)**(p+3)*gamma(-p-3)/(a**5*n*gamma(-p)+2*a**4*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)+a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p))+2*a**2*b**(p+3)*(a/(b*x**n)+1)**(p+3)*gamma(-p-3)/(a**5*n*gamma(-p)+2*a**4*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)+a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p))-2*a*b*b**(p+3)*p*x**n*(a/(b*x**n)+1)**(p+3)*gamma(-p-3)/(a**5*n*gamma(-p)+2*a**4*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)+a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p))-2*a*b*b**(p+3)*x**n*(a/(b*x**n)+1)**(p+3)*gamma(-p-3)/(a**5*n*gamma(-p)+2*a**4*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)+a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p))+2*b**2*b**(p+3)*x**(2*n)*(a/(b*x**n)+1)**(p+3)*gamma(-p-3)/(a**5*n*gamma(-p)+2*a**4*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)+a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 3) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 3) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p+3)+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p + 3) + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p + 3) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (-2x^{3n} b^3 + 2x^{2n} a b^2 p - x^n a^2 b p^2 - x^n a^2 b p - a^3 p^2 - 3a^3 p - 2a^3)}{x^{np+3n} a^3 n (p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `((x**n*b + a)**p*( - 2*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*p - x**n*a**2*b*p**2 - x**n*a**2*b*p - a**3*p**2 - 3*a**3*p - 2*a**3))/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**3*n*(p**3 + 6*p**2 + 11*p + 6))`



**3.517**  $\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3564
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3565
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3565
Maple [F]	3567
Fricas [F]	3567
Sympy [F(-2)]	3567
Maxima [F]	3568
Giac [F]	3568
Mupad [F(-1)]	3568
Reduce [F]	3569

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 302

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = -\frac{d^2x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{ac^3n(1+p)} - \frac{bdx^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2c^2n(1+p)(2+p)} - \frac{2b^2x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^3cn(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} + \frac{dx^{-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{ac^2n(2+p)} + \frac{2bx^{-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2cn(2+p)(3+p)} - \frac{x^{-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(3+p)} + \frac{d^3x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^4np}$$

output

```
-d^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^3/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-b*d*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/c^2/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-2*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^3/c/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))+d*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^2/n/(2+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))+2*b*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/c/n/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(3+p)/(x^(n*(3+p)))+d^3*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^4/n/p/(x^(n*p))
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 4.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p} \left( c(-1+p)(a+bx^n)(c^3p(2+3p+p^2) - 3c^2dp(1+p)x^n + 6cd^2px^{2n} - 6d^3x^{3n}) \Phi \right)}{c^5n(-1+p)(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)x^{n(3+p)}}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n),x]`

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^(-1 + p)*(c*(-1 + p)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^3*p*(2 + 3*p + p^2) - 3*c^2*d*p*(1 + p)*x^n + 6*c*d^2*p*x^(2*n) - 6*d^3*x^(3*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[(((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))), 1, -p] + (b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)*((c^2*(2 + 6*p + 3*p^2) - c*d*(5 + 9*p)*x^n + 11*d^2*x^(2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 - p, 2 - p, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] - 3*(c + c*p - 2*d*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 2 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] + (c + d*x^n)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 1, 2 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))]))/(c^5*n*(-1 + p)*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*x^(n*(3 + p)))
```

**Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 7.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p+3)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

↓ 1013

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-n(p+3)-1} \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

↓ 1012

---


$$x^{-n(p+3)}(a + bx^n)^{p-1} \left( c(1-p)(a + bx^n) (c^3 p(p+1)(p+2) - 3c^2 d p(p+1)x^n + 6cd^2 p x^{2n} - 6d^3 x^{3n}) \Phi \left( \frac{(bc-ad)x}{c(bx^n+a)} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^(-1 + p)*(c*(1 - p)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^3*p*(1 + p)*(2 + p) - 3*c^2*d*p*(1 + p)*x^n + 6*c*d^2*p*x^(2*n) - 6*d^3*x^(3*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - (b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)*((c^2*(2 + 6*p + 3*p^2) - c*d*(5 + 9*p)*x^n + 11*d^2*x^(2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 - p, 2 - p, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] - 3*(c*(1 + p) - 2*d*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 2 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] + (c + d*x^n)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 1, 2 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))]))/(c^5*n*(1 - p)*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*x^(n*(3 + p)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p+3)+1}(c+dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**2*p**2 + 5*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*
*2*b*d**2*p + 6*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**2 - x**(3*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a*b**2*c*d*p**2 - 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d*p - 2*x**(3*
n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**2*p - x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**2*p**3 -
5*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**2*p**2 - 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*
*3*d**2*p + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d*p**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*a**2*b*c*d*p**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**2*p**2 + x*
*n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d*p**3 + 4*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d*p**2 +
3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d*p - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*p**3
- x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*p**2 - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*p**3 -
3*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*p**2 - 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*p - x**(n*
p + 3*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x +
x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**4*d**3*n*p**4 - 6*x**(n*p + 3*n
)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p
+ n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**4*d**3*n*p**3 - 11*x**(n*p + 3*n)*int(
(x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*
b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**4*d**3*n*p**2 - 6*x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**n*b
+ a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x +
x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**4*d**3*n*p + x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x*
*(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)...
```

**3.518** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3570
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3571
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3572
Maple [F]	3573
Fricas [F]	3574
Sympy [F(-2)]	3574
Maxima [F]	3574
Giac [F]	3575
Mupad [F(-1)]	3575
Reduce [F]	3575

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 507

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{2b^2(bc-ad(4+p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^3c^2(bc-ad)n(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)} \\ & \quad - \frac{d^2(4bc-ad(4+p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{ac^4(bc-ad)n(1+p)} \\ & \quad - \frac{bd(4bc-ad(4+p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2c^3(bc-ad)n(1+p)(2+p)} \\ & \quad + \frac{2b(bc-ad(4+p))x^{-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2c^2(bc-ad)n(2+p)(3+p)} + \frac{d(4bc-ad(4+p))x^{-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{ac^3(bc-ad)n(2+p)} \\ & \quad - \frac{d(bc-ad(4+p))x^{-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{ac^2(bc-ad)n(3+p)(c+dx^n)} - \frac{x^{-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(3+p)(c+dx^n)} \\ & \quad + \frac{d^3(4bc-ad(4+p))x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^5(bc-ad)np} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-2*b^2*(b*c-a*d*(4+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^3/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3
+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-d^2*(4*b*c-a*d*(4+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^4/(-a*d+b*c)/n
/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-b*d*(4*b*c-a*d*(4+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/c^3/(-a*d+b
*c)/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))+2*b*(b*c-a*d*(4+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/c^
2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(2+p)/(3+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))+d*(4*b*c-a*d*(4+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+
1)/a/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(2+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))-d*(b*c-a*d*(4+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1
)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(3+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))/(c+d*x^n)-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(
3+p)/(x^(n*(3+p)))/(c+d*x^n)+d^3*(4*b*c-a*d*(4+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([
1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^5/(-a*d+b*c)/n/p/(x^(n*p))

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 5.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{x^{-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left( c(c^4(2+2p-7p^2+3p^4) + 4c^3d(-1+p)^2(-1-p+p^2)x^n - 6c^2d^2(-1+p)^2(-1-p+p^2)x^{2n} + 4cd^3(-1+p)^2(-1-p+p^2)x^{3n} - 2d^4(-13+25p)x^{4n}) \operatorname{HurwitzLerchPhi}\left[\frac{(b*c-a*d)*x^n}{c*(a+b*x^n)}, 1, 1-p\right] - c(c^4*p^2*(-1+4*p+3*p^2) + 4*c^3*d*p^2*(-1-2*p+p^2)*x^n - 6*c^2*d^2*p^2*(-5+3*p)*x^{2*n} + 4*c*d^3*(-6-11*p+11*p^2)*x^{3*n} - 2*d^4*(12+25*p)*x^{4*n}) \operatorname{HurwitzLerchPhi}\left[\frac{(b*c-a*d)*x^n}{c*(a+b*x^n)}, 1, -p\right] + ((b*c-a*d)*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^2*(c^2*(-1+6*p+6*p^2) - 2*c*d*(1+12*p)*x^n + 35*d^2*x^{2*n}) \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\{2, 2, 1-p\}, \{1, 3-p\}, \frac{(b*c-a*d)*x^n}{c*(a+b*x^n)}\right] - (c+d*x^n)*(2*(c+2*c*p-5*d*x^n) \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\{2, 2, 2, 1-p\}, \{1, 1, 1, 3-p\}, \frac{(b*c-a*d)*x^n}{c*(a+b*x^n)}\right] - (c+d*x^n) \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\{2, 2, 2, 2, 1-p\}, \{1, 1, 1, 3-p\}, \frac{(b*c-a*d)*x^n}{c*(a+b*x^n)}\right]) \right)}{(c^6*n*(1+p)*(2+p)*(3+p)*x^{n*(3+p)}*(c+d*x^n))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```

-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(c^4*(2 + 2*p - 7*p^2 + 3*p^4) + 4*c^3*d*(-1 + p)^2*(-1
- p + p^2)*x^n - 6*c^2*d^2*(-1 + p)^2*(-2 + 3*p)*x^(2*n) + 44*c*d^3*(-1
+ p)^2*x^(3*n) - 2*d^4*(-13 + 25*p)*x^(4*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*
x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - c*(c^4*p^2*(-1 + 4*p + 3*p^2) + 4*c^3*d*
p^2*(-1 - 2*p + p^2)*x^n - 6*c^2*d^2*p^2*(-5 + 3*p)*x^(2*n) + 4*c*d^3*(-6
- 11*p + 11*p^2)*x^(3*n) - 2*d^4*(12 + 25*p)*x^(4*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*
c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + ((b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)^2*(c
^2*(-1 + 6*p + 6*p^2) - 2*c*d*(1 + 12*p)*x^n + 35*d^2*x^(2*n))*Hypergeomet
ricPFQ[{2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] - (c
+ d*x^n)*(2*(c + 2*c*p - 5*d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 1 - p}, {1,
1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] - (c + d*x^n)*Hypergeometric
PFQ[{2, 2, 2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 1, 1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n
))])))/(c^6*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*x^(n
*(3 + p))*(c + d*x^n))

```



**Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 9.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p+3)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-n(p+3)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$x^{-n(p+3)}(a+bx^n)^p \left( -\frac{x^n(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^2 \left( (c^2(-6p^2-6p+1) + 2cd(12p+1)x^n - 35d^2x^{2n}) {}_3F_2\left(2, 2, 1-p; 1, 3-p; \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}\right) + (c+dx^n) \right)}{(p^2-3p+2)} \right)$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output

```

-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(c^4*(2 + 2*p - 7*p^2 + 3*p^4) - 4*c^3*d*(1 - p)^2*(1
+ p - p^2)*x^n + 6*c^2*d^2*(2 - 3*p)*(1 - p)^2*x^(2*n) + 44*c*d^3*(1 - p)^
2*x^(3*n) + 2*d^4*(13 - 25*p)*x^(4*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(
c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] + c*(c^4*p^2*(1 - 4*p - 3*p^2) + 4*c^3*d*p^2*(1
+ 2*p - p^2)*x^n - 6*c^2*d^2*(5 - 3*p)*p^2*x^(2*n) + 4*c*d^3*(6 + 11*p - 1
1*p^2)*x^(3*n) + 2*d^4*(12 + 25*p)*x^(4*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x
^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - ((b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)^2*((c^2*(1 - 6*
p - 6*p^2) + 2*c*d*(1 + 12*p)*x^n - 35*d^2*x^(2*n))*HypergeometricPFQ[{2,
2, 1 - p}, {1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] + (c + d*x^n)*(2
*(c*(1 + 2*p) - 5*d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 1, 3 - p}
, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] - (c + d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2
, 2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 1, 1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))])))/((
2 - 3*p + p^2)*(a + b*x^n)))/(c^7*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*x^(n*(3 + p))
*(1 + (d*x^n)/c))

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

```

rule 1013

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
& NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 3*n - 1)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)`

### Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p+3)+1}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 6*x**(4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c*d**2*p**2 - 30*x**(4*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a*b**3*c*d**2*p - 24*x**(4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c*d**2 + 6*x**(
4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*c**2*d*p**2 + 6*x**(4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*c*
**2*d*p + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p**4 + 18*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p**3 + 52*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p**2 +
48*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p - 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*
**2*b**2*c*d**2*p**4 - 20*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*p**3 -
62*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*p**2 - 72*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*p + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**2*d*p**3 +
28*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**2*d*p**2 + 18*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)
**p*a*b**3*c**2*d*p - 24*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**2*d + 6*x**(3*
n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*c**3*p**2 + 6*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*c**3*p
- x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**3*p**5 - 10*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a
**4*d**3*p**4 - 35*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**3*p**3 - 50*x**(2*n)*(
x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**3*p**2 - 24*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**3*p +
x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2*p**5 + 11*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a**3*b*c*d**2*p**4 + 41*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2*p**3 + 67*x
**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2*p**2 + 36*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a
**3*b*c*d**2*p - x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*p**4 - 12*x**(2
*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*p**3 - 11*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p...
```

### 3.519 $\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	3577
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3578
Rubi [A] (verified)	3578
Maple [F]	3579
Fricas [F]	3580
Sympy [F(-1)]	3580
Maxima [F]	3580
Giac [F(-2)]	3581
Mupad [F(-1)]	3581
Reduce [F]	3581

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \frac{d^3 x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{bn} + \frac{c^2(bc - 3ad(2 + p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2n(1 + p)(2 + p)} - \frac{c^3 x^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(2 + p)} - \frac{d^2(3bc + adp)x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{bnp}$$

output

```
d^3*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n/(x^(n*p))+c^2*(b*c-3*a*d*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-c^3*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(2+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))-d^2*(a*d*p+3*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p],[1-p],-b*x^n/a)/b/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left( -\frac{3c^2 dx^n(a+bx^n)}{a(1+p)} - \frac{c^3 \left(1+\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2-p, -p, -1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2+p} - \frac{d^3 x^{3n} \left(1+\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2-p, -p, -1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2+p} \right)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^p*((-3*c^2*d*x^n*(a + b*x^n))/(a*(1 + p)) - (c^3*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - p, -p, -1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])/((2 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p) - (d^3*x^(3*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])/((-1 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p) - (3*c*d^2*x^(2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])/((p*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)))/(n*x^(n*(2 + p)))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1008, 1066}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p+2)-1}(c+dx^n)^3(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1008$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-n(p+2)-1}(bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)(dn(3bc+adp)x^n+cn(bc+ad(p+2))) dx}{bn} + \frac{bn}{dx^{-n(p+2)}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 1066$$

Indeterminate

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `Indeterminate`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1008 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1066 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^q/(b*g*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*n*(p + q) + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + f*n*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*e*d*n*(p + q) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^n, c + d*x^n])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^3(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^n + c^3*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^3(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^3*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 2) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1, [2,0,6,4,2,4,4,3,0]%%}+%%{4, [2,0,6,4,2,4,3,3,0]%%}+%%{6, [2,0,

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3}{x^{n(p+2)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3)/x^(n*(p + 2) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3)/x^(n*(p + 2) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{3n}(x^n b + a)^p a^2 d^3 p^3 + 3x^{3n}(x^n b + a)^p a^2 d^3 p^2 + 2x^{3n}(x^n b + a)^p a^2 d^3 p - 3x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p a^2 c d^2 p^2 - 9x^{2n}($$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output

```
(x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**3*p**3 + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2
*d**3*p**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**3*p - 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a**2*c*d**2*p**2 - 9*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*c*d**2*p - 6*x**
(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*c*d**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c**2*d*
p**2 - 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c**2*d*p + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*
b**2*c**3*p - 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*c**2*d*p**2 - 6*x**n*(x**n*b + a
)**p*a**2*c**2*d*p - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c**3*p**2 - (x**n*b + a)**p*
a**2*c**3*p**2 - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*c**3*p + x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*(x
**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**4 + 3*x
**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x)
,x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**3 + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*
p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**2 + 3*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**
n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*p*
*3 + 9*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n
*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*p**2 + 6*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)
**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*p)/(x**(n*p + 2*
n)*a**2*n*p*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))
```

### 3.520 $\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3583
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3583
Rubi [A] (verified)	3584
Maple [F]	3585
Fricas [F]	3585
Sympy [F(-1)]	3585
Maxima [F]	3586
Giac [F(-2)]	3586
Mupad [F(-1)]	3586
Reduce [F]	3587

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{c(bc - 2ad(2 + p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2n(1 + p)(2 + p)} - \frac{c^2x^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(2 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{d^2x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np}$$

output

```
c*(b*c-2*a*d*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-c^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(2+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))-d^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p], [1-p], -b*x^n/a)/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{x^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(ac^2p(1 + p) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2 - p, -p, -1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(2 + p)\right)}{anp(1 + p)(2 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(a*c^2*p*(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - p, -p, -1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a] + d*(2 + p)*x^n*(2*c*p*(a + b*x^n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p + a*d*(1 + p)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])))/(a*n*p*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^(n*(2 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.01, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.034$ , Rules used = {1008}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p+2)-1}(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

↓ 1008

Indeterminate

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `Indeterminate`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1008 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2 (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^n + c^2*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^2(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 2) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-1,[1,0,4,3,1,3,3,2,0]%%}+%%{-3,[1,0,4,3,1,3,2,2,0]%%}+%%{-3,[1`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2}{x^{n(p+2)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p + 2) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p + 2) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx$$


---


$$-2x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p abcdp - 4x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p abcd + x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p b^2 c^2 - 2x^n(x^n b + a)^p a^2 cdp - 4x^n(x^n b + a)^p a^2 cd$$


---

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `( - 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*p - 4*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2 - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*c*d*p - 4*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*c*d - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c**2*p - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*c**2*p - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*c**2 + x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a**2*d**2*n*p**2 + 3*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a**2*d**2*n*p + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a**2*d**2*n)/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*n*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))`



### 3.521 $\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3588
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3588
Rubi [A] (verified)	3589
Maple [B] (verified)	3590
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3591
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3591
Maxima [F]	3592
Giac [F(-2)]	3592
Mupad [F(-1)]	3593
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3593

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{(bc - ad(2 + p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2n(1 + p)(2 + p)} - \frac{cx^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(2 + p)}$$

output

$(b*c-a*d*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-c*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(2+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))$

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left( -\frac{dx^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)}{a(1+p)} - \frac{cx^{-n(2+p)}\left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2-p, -p, -1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2+p} \right)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*(-((d*(a + b*x^n))/(a*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p)))) - (c*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - p, -p, -1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])/((2 + p)*x^(n*(2 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p))/n`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {959, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p+2)-1}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad(p + 2)) \int x^{-n(p+2)-1}(bx^n + a)^p dx}{b} - \frac{dx^{-n(p+2)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad(p + 2)) \left( -\frac{b \int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(bx^n + a)^p dx}{a(p+2)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+2)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+2)} \right)}{b} - \frac{dx^{-n(p+2)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad(p + 2)) \left( \frac{bx^{-n(p+1)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{a^2n(p+1)(p+2)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+2)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+2)} \right)}{b} - \frac{dx^{-n(p+2)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `-((d*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*n*x^(n*(2 + p)))) + ((b*c - a*d*(2 + p))*((b*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(a^2*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))) - (a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n*(2 + p)*x^(n*(2 + p))))/b`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \frac{((abd p - b^2 c + 2 abd) x x^{-np-2n-1} x^{2n} + (2 a^2 d + (abc + a^2 d) p) x x^{-np-2n-1} x^n + (a^2 c p + a^2 c) x x^{-np-2n}}{a^2 n p^2 + 3 a^2 n p + 2 a^2 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((a*b*d*p - b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^(2*n) + (2*a^2*d + (a*b*c + a^2*d)*p)*x*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^n + (a^2*c*p + a^2*c)*x*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p/(a^2*n*p^2 + 3*a^2*n*p + 2*a^2*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 91.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = -\frac{aa^p a^{-p-2} b^{p+2} c p x^{-n} \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-2)}{bn \Gamma(-p)} - \frac{aa^p a^{-p-2} b^{p+2} c x^{-n} \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-2)}{bn \Gamma(-p)} + \frac{a^p a^{-p-2} b^{p+2} c \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-2)}{n \Gamma(-p)} + \frac{a^p a^{-p-1} b^{p+1} d \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-1)}{n \Gamma(-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output

```
-a**p*a**(-p - 2)*b**(p + 2)*c*p*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 2)
/(b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)) - a**p*a**(-p - 2)*b**(p + 2)*c*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**
(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 2)/(b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)) + a**p*a**(-p - 2)*b**(p + 2)*c
*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 2)/(n*gamma(-p)) + a**p*a**(-p - 1)*
b**(p + 1)*d*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 1)/(n*gamma(-p))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 2) - 1), x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{-1,[0,0,2,2,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{-1,[0,0,2,2,1,1,0,0,1]%%}+
%%{1,[0,
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x^{n(p+2)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p + 2) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p + 2) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (-x^{2n} abd p - 2x^{2n} abd + x^{2n} b^2 c - x^n a^2 d p - 2x^n a^2 d - x^n abc p - a^2 c p - a^2 c)}{x^{np+2n} a^2 n (p^2 + 3p + 2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**p*( - x**(2*n)*a*b*d*p - 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d + x**(2*n)*b**2*c - x**n*a**2*d*p - 2*x**n*a**2*d - x**n*a*b*c*p - a**2*c*p - a**2*c))/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*n*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))`

### 3.522 $\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3594
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3594
Rubi [A] (verified)	3595
Maple [F]	3596
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3596
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3597
Maxima [F]	3597
Giac [F]	3598
Mupad [F(-1)]	3598
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3598

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{bx^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2n(1+p)(2+p)} - \frac{x^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(2+p)}$$

output

```
b*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(2+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2 - p, -p, -1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(2+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\left(a + b x^n\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-2 - p, -p, -1 - p, -\left(b x^n / a\right)\right]\right) / \left(n \left(2 + p\right) x^{n \left(2 + p\right)} \left(1 + \left(b x^n / a\right)^p\right)\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p+2)-1} (a + b x^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$-\frac{b \int x^{-n(p+1)-1} (b x^n + a)^p dx}{a(p+2)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+2)} (a + b x^n)^{p+1}}{a n(p+2)}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{b x^{-n(p+1)} (a + b x^n)^{p+1}}{a^2 n(p+1)(p+2)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+2)} (a + b x^n)^{p+1}}{a n(p+2)}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[x^{-1 - n(2 + p)} (a + b x^n)^p, x\right]$$

output

$$\left(b (a + b x^n)^{(1 + p)} / (a^2 n (1 + p) (2 + p) x^{n(1 + p)}) - (a + b x^n)^{(1 + p)} / (a n (2 + p) x^{n(2 + p)})\right)$$



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{(abpx^{-np-2n-1}x^n - b^2xx^{-np-2n-1}x^{2n} + (a^2p + a^2)xx^{-np-2n-1})(bx^n + a)^p}{a^2np^2 + 3a^2np + 2a^2n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(a*b*p*x*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^n - b^2*x*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^(2*n) + (a^2*p + a^2)*x*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p/(a^2*n*p^2 + 3*a^2*n*p + 2*a^2*n)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs.  $2(53) = 106$ .

Time = 42.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{b^{p+2}px^{-n}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+1}\Gamma(-p-2)}{abn\Gamma(-p)} - \frac{b^{p+2}x^{-n}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+1}\Gamma(-p-2)}{abn\Gamma(-p)} + \frac{b^{p+2}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1\right)^{p+1}\Gamma(-p-2)}{a^2n\Gamma(-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `-b**(p + 2)*p*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 2)/(a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)) - b**(p + 2)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 2)/(a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)) + b**(p + 2)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 2)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 2) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 2) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p+2)+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p + 2) + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p + 2) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^{2n} b^2 - x^n a b p - a^2 p - a^2)}{x^{np+2n} a^2 n (p^2 + 3p + 2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**(2*n)*b**2 - x**n*a*b*p - a**2*p - a**2))/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*n*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))`

**3.523**  $\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3599
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3600
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3600
Maple [F]	3602
Fricas [F]	3602
Sympy [F(-2)]	3602
Maxima [F]	3603
Giac [F]	3603
Mupad [F(-1)]	3603
Reduce [F]	3604

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{dx^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{ac^2n(1+p)} + \frac{bx^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2cn(1+p)(2+p)} - \frac{x^{-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(2+p)} - \frac{d^2x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^3np}$$

output

```
d*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^2/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))+b*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/c/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(2+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))-d^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^3/n/p/(x^(n*p))
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{x^{-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left( -c(c^2p(1+p) - 2cdpx^n + 2d^2x^{2n}) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, -p\right) + \frac{(bc-ad)x^n(c+dx^n)(-(c+2cp)}{c^4n(1+p)(2+p)} \right)}{c^4n(1+p)(2+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(-(c*(c^2*p*(1 + p) - 2*c*d*p*x^n + 2*d^2*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]) + ((b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)*(-(c + 2*c*p - 3*d*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 - p, 2 - p, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))]) + (c + d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 2 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))])))/((-1 + p)*(a + b*x^n))))/(c^4*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^(n*(2 + p)))
```

**Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 2.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p+2)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

↓ 1013

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-n(p+2)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{x^{-n(p+2)}(a + bx^n)^p \left( c(c^2p(p+1) - 2cdpx^n + 2d^2x^{2n}) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right) - \frac{x^n(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)((c(2p+1)-3dx^n) \text{Hype}}{c^4n(p+1)(p+2)} \right)}{c^4n(p+1)(p+2)}$$

input

```
Int[(x^(-1 - n*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(c^2*p*(1 + p) - 2*c*d*p*x^n + 2*d^2*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - ((b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)*((c*(1 + 2*p) - 3*d*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 - p, 2 - p, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] - (c + d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 2 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))]))/(1 - p*(a + b*x^n)))/(c^4*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^(n*(2 + p)))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p+2)+1}(c+dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p abdp - 2x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p abd + x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p b^2 cp + x^n(x^n b + a)^p a^2 d p^2 + 2x^n(x^n b + a)^p}{c^2 + 2cdx^n + d^2 x^{2n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
( - x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d*p - 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d +
x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*p + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d*p**2 + 2*x
**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d*p - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*p**2 - (x**n*b +
a)**p*a**2*c*p**2 - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*c*p + x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b +
a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x +
x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**3*d**2*n*p**3 + 3*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**
p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*
p)*a*c*x),x)*a**3*d**2*n*p**2 + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(
n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*
x),x)*a**3*d**2*n*p - x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b
*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**2*b
*c*d*n*p**3 - 3*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x +
x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d*n
*p**2 - 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n
*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d*n*p)/(x
**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*c**2*n*p*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))
```

**3.524** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3605
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3606
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3606
Maple [F]	3608
Fricas [F]	3608
Sympy [F(-2)]	3608
Maxima [F]	3609
Giac [F]	3609
Mupad [F(-1)]	3609
Reduce [F]	3610

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 314

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b(bc-ad(3+p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2c^2(bc-ad)n(1+p)(2+p)} + \frac{d(3bc-ad(3+p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{ac^3(bc-ad)n(1+p)}$$

$$- \frac{d(bc-ad(3+p))x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{ac^2(bc-ad)n(2+p)(c+dx^n)} - \frac{x^{-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(2+p)(c+dx^n)}$$

$$- \frac{d^2(3bc-ad(3+p))x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^4(bc-ad)np}$$

output

```
b*(b*c-a*d*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))
+d*(3*b*c-a*d*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))
-d*(b*c-a*d*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(2+p)/(x^(n*(p+1)))
/(c+d*x^n)-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(2+p)/(x^(n*(2+p)))/(c+d*x^n)-d^2*(3*b*c-a*d*(3+p))
*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^4/(-a*d+b*c)/n/p/(x^(n*p))
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p} \left( c(2-3p+p^2)(a+bx^n)(c^3(-1+p)^2(1+2p) + 3c^2d(-1+p)^3x^n - 9cd^2(-1+p) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^(-1 + p)*(c*(2 - 3*p + p^2)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^3*(-1 + p)^2*(1 + 2*p) + 3*c^2*d*(-1 + p)^3*x^n - 9*c*d^2*(-1 + p)^2*x^(2*n) + d^3*(-5 + 11*p)*x^(3*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - c*(2 - 3*p + p^2)*(a + b*x^n)*(2*c^3*p^3 + 3*c^2*d*(-2 + p)*p^2*x^n - 3*c*d^2*(-2 - 3*p + 3*p^2)*x^(2*n) + d^3*(6 + 11*p)*x^(3*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - (b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)^2*((-3*c*p + 6*d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] + (c + d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))]))/(c^5*n*(-2 + p)*(-1 + p)*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^(n*(2 + p))*(c + d*x^n)))`

**Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 3.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p+2)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1013 \\ (a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-n(p+2)-1} \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx \\ \downarrow 1012 \end{array}$$

---


$$x^{-n(p+2)}(a + bx^n)^{p-1} \left( x^n(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)^2 \left( 3(cp - 2dx^n) {}_3F_2 \left( 2, 2, 1 - p; 1, 3 - p; \frac{(bc - ad)x^n}{c(bx^n + a)} \right) - (c + dx^n) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(2 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^(-1 + p)*(c*(1 - p)*(2 - p)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^3*(1 - p)^2*(1 + 2*p) - 3*c^2*d*(1 - p)^3*x^n - 9*c*d^2*(1 - p)^2*x^(2*n) - d^3*(5 - 11*p)*x^(3*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - c*(1 - p)*(2 - p)*(a + b*x^n)*(2*c^3*p^3 - 3*c^2*d*(2 - p)*p^2*x^n + 3*c*d^2*(2 + 3*p - 3*p^2)*x^(2*n) + d^3*(6 + 11*p)*x^(3*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + (b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)^2*(3*(c*p - 2*d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))] - (c + d*x^n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))]))/(c^6*n*(4 - 5*p^2 + p^4)*x^(n*(2 + p))*(1 + (d*x^n)/c))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 2*n - 1)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p+2)+1}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```
(x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**3*p**2 + 5*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*
*2*b*d**3*p + 6*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**3 - x**(3*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**2*p**2 - 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**2*p - x*
*(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**2*d*p - x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**3*
p**3 - 5*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**3*p**2 - 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)
**p*a**3*d**3*p + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d**2*p**3 + 5*x**(2*n)
*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d**2*p**2 + 5*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*
d**2*p + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)
)**p*a*b**2*c**2*d*p - x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**3*p + x**n*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*a**3*c*d**2*p**3 + 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d**2*p**2 - x**n
*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*d*p**3 - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*d*p
**2 - 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*d*p + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2
*c**3*p**2 - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*d*p**3 - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*
d*p**2 + (x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**3*p**2 + (x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**3*p
- x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x -
x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + 2*x**(n*p +
2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x - 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*b**2
*c**2*d*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*p*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*p*x -
2*x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*x - x**(n*p + n)*b**2*c**3*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c*
*2*d*p*x - x**(n*p)*a*b*c**3*x),x)*a**5*d**6*n*p**5 - 6*x**(n*p + 3*n)*...
```

### 3.525 $\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	3611
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3612
Rubi [A] (verified)	3612
Maple [F]	3615
Fricas [F]	3615
Sympy [F(-1)]	3615
Maxima [F]	3616
Giac [F(-2)]	3616
Mupad [F(-1)]	3616
Reduce [F]	3617

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3 x^{n(1-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{2bn} - \frac{3c^2 dx^{-np}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{anp} - \frac{c^3 x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{d(6b^2c^2 + 6abcdp - a^2d^2(1-p)p) x^{n(1-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{2abn(1-p)p}$$

output

```
1/2*d^3*x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n-3*c^2*d*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/p/(x^(n*p))-c^3*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))+1/2*d*(6*b^2*c^2+6*a*b*c*d*p-a^2*d^2*(1-p)*p)*x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1-p], [-p+2], -b*x^n/a)/a/b/n/(1-p)/p/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```



### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left( -\frac{3cd^2x^{2n}\left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{-1+p} - \frac{d^3x^{3n}\left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2-p, -p, 3-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{-2+p} + c^2\left(-\frac{a*c + b*c*x^n}{a + a*p}\right) - \frac{3*d*x^n*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right]}{p*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p} \right)}{n*x^{n*(1+p)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^p*((-3*c*d^2*x^(2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -(b*x^n)/a]))/((-1 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p) - (d^3*x^(3*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])/((-2 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p) + c^2*(-(a*c + b*c*x^n)/(a + a*p)) - (3*d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])/(p*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p))/ (n*x^(n*(1 + p)))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {1008, 1066, 954, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(c + dx^n)^3 (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1008$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c) (dn(4bc - ad(1 - p))x^n + cn(2bc + ad(p + 1))) dx}{2bn} +$$

$$\frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$

$$\downarrow 1066$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(bx^n+a)^p (dn^2(6b^2c^2+6abdpc-a^2d^2(1-p)p)x^n+cn^2(2b^2c^2+5abd(p+1)c-a^2d^2(1-p^2)))dx}{bn} + \frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c+dx^n)(4bc-ad(1-p))}{b}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$

↓ 954

---


$$\frac{dn^2(-a^2d^2(1-p)p+6abcdp+6b^2c^2)}{b} \int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(bx^n+a)^{p+1}dx - \frac{nx^{-n(p+1)}(bc-ad)(-a^2d^2(1-p)p+abcd(5p+1)+2b^2c^2)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn} + \frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$

↓ 882

---


$$\frac{dnx^{-n(p+1)}(-a^2d^2(1-p)p+6abcdp+6b^2c^2)\left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^{p+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1} \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p-2}}{1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}}d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{b} - \frac{nx^{-n(p+1)}(bc-ad)(-a^2d^2(1-p)p+abcd(5p+1)+2b^2c^2)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn} + \frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$

↓ 74

---


$$\frac{dnx^{-n(p+1)}(-a^2d^2(1-p)p+6abcdp+6b^2c^2)(a+bx^n)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,-p-1,-p,\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{b(p+1)} - \frac{nx^{-n(p+1)}(bc-ad)(-a^2d^2(1-p)p+abcd(5p+1)+2b^2c^2)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn} + \frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(d*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n)^2)/(2*b*n*x^(n*(1 + p))) + ((d*(4*b*c - a*d*(1 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(b*x^(n*(1 + p))) + (-(((b*c - a*d)*n*(2*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2*(1 - p)*p + a*b*c*d*(1 + 5*p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(a*b*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p)))) - (d*n*(6*b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d*p - a^2*d^2*(1 - p)*p)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 - p, -p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)]/(b*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))))/(b*n))/(2*b*n)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x]
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))
```

rule 882

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]
```

rule 954

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d/b Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 1008

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]
```

rule 1066

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^q/(b*g*(m + n*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*((b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*n*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + f*n*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*e*d*n*(p + q + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^n, c + d*x^n])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^3 (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^(-n*p - n - 1)*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(-n*p - n - 1)*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^(-n*p - n - 1)*x^n + c^3*x^(-n*p - n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^3(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^3*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[2,0,2,4,2,4,4,3,0]%%}+%%{4,[2,0,2,4,2,4,3,3,0]%%}+%%{6,[2,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3}{x^{n(p+1)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3)/x^(n*(p + 1) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3)/x^(n*(p + 1) + 1), x)`



### 3.526 $\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3618
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3618
Rubi [A] (verified)	3619
Maple [F]	3621
Fricas [F]	3621
Sympy [F(-1)]	3622
Maxima [F]	3622
Giac [F(-2)]	3622
Mupad [F(-1)]	3623
Reduce [F]	3623

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{d^2 x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{bn} - \frac{c^2 x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1+p)} - \frac{d(2bc + adp)x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{bnp}$$

output

```
d^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n/(x^(n*p))-c^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))
-d*(a*d*p+2*b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p],[1-p],-b*x^n/a)/b/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (ad^2 p(1+p)x^{2n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + c(-1-p))}{an(-1+p)p(1-p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```

-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(a*d^2*p*(1 + p)*x^(2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 -
p, -((b*x^n)/a)] + c*(-1 + p)*(c*p*(a + b*x^n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p + 2*a*d*
(1 + p)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)])))/(a*n*(-1 + p
)*p*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
    
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$ , Rules used = {1008, 954, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1008} \\
 & \frac{\int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(bx^n + a)^p (dn(2bc + adp)x^n + cn(bc + ad(p + 1))) dx}{\frac{bn}{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{954} \\
 & \frac{\frac{dn(adp+2bc)}{b} \int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(bx^n+a)^{p+1} dx - \frac{x^{-n(p+1)}(bc-ad)(adp+bc)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{ab(p+1)}}{\frac{bn}{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{882} \\
 & \frac{\frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(adp+2bc)\left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^{p+1}(a+bx^n)^{p+1} \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p-2}}{1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a} - \frac{x^{-n(p+1)}(bc-ad)(adp+bc)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{ab(p+1)}}{\frac{bn}{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{74}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{\frac{dx^{-n(p+1)}(adp+2bc)(a+bx^n)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p-1, -p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{b(p+1)} - \frac{x^{-n(p+1)}(bc-ad)(adp+bc)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{ab(p+1)}}{\frac{bn}{dx^{-n(p+1)}(c+dx^n)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(d*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(b*n*x^(n*(1 + p))) + (-(((b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d*p)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(a*b*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p)))) - (d*(2*b*c + a*d*p)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 - p, -p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)])/(b*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p)))/(b*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

rule 954 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[d/b Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 1008

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2(bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^2*x^(-n*p - n - 1)*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^(-n*p - n - 1)*x^n + c^2*x^(-n*p - n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^2(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{-1, [1,0,1,3,1,3,3,2,0]%%}+%%{-3, [1,0,1,3,1,3,2,2,0]%%}+  
%%{-3, [1`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2}{x^{n(p+1)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p + 1) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p + 1) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p a d^2 p^2 + x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p a d^2 p - 2x^n(x^n b + a)^p a c d p - 2x^n(x^n b + a)^p a c d - x^n(x^n b + a)^p b c}{x^{n(p+1)+1}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d**2*p**2 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d**2*p - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c*d*p - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c*d - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c**2*p - (x**n*b + a)**p*a*c**2*p + x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*d**2*n*p**3 + x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*d**2*n*p**2 + 2*x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a*b*c*d*n*p**2 + 2*x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a*b*c*d*n*p)/(x**(n*p + n)*a*n*p*(p + 1))`

### 3.527 $\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3624
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3624
Rubi [A] (verified)	3625
Maple [F]	3626
Fricas [F]	3627
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3627
Maxima [F]	3628
Giac [F(-2)]	3628
Mupad [F(-1)]	3628
Reduce [F]	3629

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= -\frac{cx^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1+p)} - \frac{dx^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np}$$

output

```
-c*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))-d*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p], [1-p], -b*x^n/a)/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left( -\frac{cx^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)}{a(1+p)} - \frac{dx^{-np} \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{p} \right)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*(-((c*(a + b*x^n))/(a*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p)))) - (d*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(p*x^(n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)))/n`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {954, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p+1)-1} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{954} \\
 & \frac{d \int x^{-n(p+1)-1} (bx^n + a)^{p+1} dx}{b} - \frac{x^{-n(p+1)} (bc - ad) (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{abn(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{882} \\
 & \frac{dx^{-n(p+1)} \left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^{p+1} (a + bx^n)^{p+1} \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p-2}}{1 - \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{bn} - \frac{x^{-n(p+1)} (bc - ad) (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{abn(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{74} \\
 & \frac{x^{-n(p+1)} (bc - ad) (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{abn(p+1)} - \frac{dx^{-n(p+1)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p - 1, -p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{bn(p+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output  $-\left(\frac{(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)}}{a*b*n*(1 + p)*x^{n*(1 + p)}}\right) - \frac{d*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -1 - p, -p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)]}{b*n*(1 + p)*x^{n*(1 + p)}}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^n \cdot (b \cdot x)^{m+1} / (b \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d) \cdot (x/c)], x]$   
 /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b\*c), 0])))

rule 882  $\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + p]} \cdot x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (x^n / (a + b \cdot x^n))^p / (n \cdot x^{\text{Simplify}[m + n \cdot p]})]$   
 Subst[Int[x^{(m+1)/n - 1} / (1 - b \cdot x)^{\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + p] + 1}, x], x, x^n / (a + b \cdot x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n + p]]

rule 954  $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (a \cdot b \cdot e \cdot (m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \cdot \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}, x], x]$   
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && EqQ[m + n\*(p+1) + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]

### Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)dx$$

input  $\text{int}(x^{-1-n*(p+1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)$

output  $\text{int}(x^{-1-n*(p+1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^(-n*p - n - 1)*x^n + c*x^(-n*p - n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 84.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \frac{a^p a^{-p-1} b^{p+1} c \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-1)}{n\Gamma(-p)} + \frac{a^p dx^{-np} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**p*a**(-p - 1)*b**(p + 1)*c*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 1)/(n*gamma(-p)) + a**p*d*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*x**(n*p)*gamma(1 - p))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,0,2,0,2,2,1,0]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,0,2,0,2,1,1,0]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x^{n(p+1)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p + 1) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p + 1) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^n(x^n b + a)^p bc - (x^n b + a)^p ac + x^{np+n} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np} x} dx \right) adnp + x^{np+n} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np} x} dx \right) adn}{x^{np+n} an (p + 1)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `( - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c - (x**n*b + a)**p*a*c + x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a*d*n*p + x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)*a*d*n)/(x**(n*p + n)*a*n*(p + 1))`

### 3.528 $\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3630
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3630
Rubi [A] (verified)	3631
Maple [B] (verified)	3631
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3632
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3632
Maxima [F]	3633
Giac [F]	3633
Mupad [F(-1)]	3633
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3634

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1+p)}$$

output `-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `-((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.050$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p+1)-1}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$-\frac{x^{-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+1)}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p, x]`

output `-((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs.  $2(33) = 66$ .

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{x x^n x^{-np-n-1}(a+bx^n)^p b^2 + x x^{-np-n-1}(a+bx^n)^p ab}{n(p+1)ab}$	70

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-(x*x^n*x^{(-n*p-n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*b^2+x*x^{(-n*p-n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a*b)/n/(p+1)/a/b$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{(bxx^{-np-n-1}x^n + axx^{-np-n-1})(bx^n + a)^p}{anp + an}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-(b*x*x^{(-n*p - n - 1)}*x^n + a*x*x^{(-n*p - n - 1)})*(b*x^n + a)^p/(a*n*p + a*n)$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 41.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{b^{p+1}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-1)}{an\Gamma(-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output 
$$b**(p + 1)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 1)/(a*n*gamma(-p))$$

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p+1)+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p + 1) + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p + 1) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b + a)}{x^{np+n} a n (p + 1)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `( - (x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b + a))/(x**(n*p + n)*a*n*(p + 1))`

**3.529** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

Optimal result	3635
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3635
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3636
Maple [F]	3637
Fricas [F]	3638
Sympy [F(-2)]	3638
Maxima [F]	3638
Giac [F]	3639
Mupad [F(-1)]	3639
Reduce [F]	3639

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(1+p)} + \frac{dx^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^2np}$$

output 
$$-(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/a/c/n/(p+1)/(x^{n*(p+1)})+d*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^2/n/p/(x^{n*p})$$

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left( c(cp-dx^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, -p\right) + \frac{(bc-ad)x^n(c+dx^n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-p, 2-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{(-1+p)(a+bx^n)} \right)}{c^3n(1+p)}$$



input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(c*p - d*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + ((b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 - p, 2 - p, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))])/((-1 + p)*(a + b*x^n)))/(c^3*n*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p)))`

### Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p+1)-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-n(p+1)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^{-n(p+1)}(a + bx^n)^p \left( c(cp - dx^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right) - \frac{x^n(bc-ad)(c+dx^n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-p, 2-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}\right)}{(1-p)(a+bx^n)} \right)}{c^3n(p+1)}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n),x]`

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(c*p - d*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - ((b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 - p, 2 - p, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))])/((1 - p)*(a + b*x^n)))/(c^3*n*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p)))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p+1)+1}(c+dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p b - (x^n b + a)^p a p - x^{np+n} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+2n} b dx + x^{np+n} a dx + x^{np+n} b c x + x^{np} a c x} dx \right) a^2 d n p^2 - x^{np+n} \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{np+n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b - (x**n*b + a)**p*a*p - x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*b +
a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x
**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**2*d*n*p**2 - x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*
p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x)
,x)*a**2*d*n*p + x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x +
x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a*b*c*n*p**2
+ x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*
d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a*b*c*n*p)/(x**(n*p + n)*a*c
*n*p*(p + 1))
```

**3.530** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3641
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3642
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3642
Maple [F]	3644
Fricas [F]	3644
Sympy [F(-2)]	3644
Maxima [F]	3645
Giac [F]	3645
Mupad [F(-1)]	3645
Reduce [F]	3646

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(bc-ad(2+p))x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{ac^2(bc-ad)n(1+p)(c+dx^n)} - \frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(1+p)(c+dx^n)}$$

$$+ \frac{d(2bc-ad(2+p))x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^3(bc-ad)np}$$

output

```
-d*(b*c-a*d*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*p))/(c+d*x^n)-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))/(c+d*x^n)+d*(2*b*c-a*d*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)/n/p/(x^(n*p))
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p} \left( c(2-3p+p^2)(a+bx^n)(c^2(-1+p)^2 + 2cd(-1+p)^2x^n - d^2(-1+3p)x^{2n}) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^(-1 + p)*(c*(2 - 3*p + p^2)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^2*(-1 + p)^2 + 2*c*d*(-1 + p)^2*x^n - d^2*(-1 + 3*p)*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - c*(2 - 3*p + p^2)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^2*p^2 + 2*c*d*(-1 - p + p^2)*x^n - d^2*(2 + 3*p)*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + (b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))])/(c^4*n*(-2 + p)*(-1 + p)*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))*(c + d*x^n))`

**Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p+1)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 1013

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-n(p+1)-1} \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

↓ 1012

$$x^{-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^{p-1} \left( x^n(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^2 {}_3F_2\left(2, 2, 1-p; 1, 3-p; \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}\right) - c(1-p)(2-p)(a+bx^n) \right)$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(1 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^(-1 + p)*(c*(1 - p)*(2 - p)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^2*(1 - p)^2 + 2*c*d*(1 - p)^2*x^n + d^2*(1 - 3*p)*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - c*(1 - p)*(2 - p)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^2*p^2 - 2*c*d*(1 + p - p^2)*x^n - d^2*(2 + 3*p)*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + (b*c - a*d)*x^n*(c + d*x^n)^2*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 1 - p}, {1, 3 - p}, ((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))])/c^5*n*(1 - p)*(2 - p)*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))*(1 + (d*x^n)/c))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - n - 1)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p+1)+1}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d*p - 2
*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d*p**2 - (x**n*b + a)*
*p*a**2*d*p + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*p - x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)*
*p/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x + x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*x - 2*x**(n*p +
3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d*
*3*x + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - 4*x**(n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c**2*d*x +
2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p +
n)*a*b*c**2*d*p*x - 3*x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*x - 2*x**(n*p + n)*b**2*c**3
*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d*p*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d*x - 2*x**(n*p)*a*b*c*
*3*x),x)*a**4*d**4*n*p**4 - 4*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p
+ 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x + x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*x - 2*x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*
d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*x + 2*x**
(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - 4*x**(n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*x**(n*p +
n)*a**2*c*d**2*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*
d*p*x - 3*x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*x - 2*x**(n*p + n)*b**2*c**3*x + x**(n*p
)*a**2*c**2*d*p*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d*x - 2*x**(n*p)*a*b*c**3*x),x)*a**
4*d**4*n*p**3 - 5*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d
**3*p*x + x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*x - 2*x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**
(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*x + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*
a*b*c*d**2*p*x - 4*x**(n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c...
```

**3.531** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3647
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3648
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3649
Maple [F]	3651
Fricas [F]	3651
Sympy [F(-1)]	3651
Maxima [F]	3652
Giac [F]	3652
Mupad [F(-1)]	3652
Reduce [F]	3653

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 308

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(2bc-ad(3+p))x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{2ac^2(bc-ad)n(1+p)(c+dx^n)^2} - \frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(1+p)(c+dx^n)^2}$$

$$- \frac{d(2b^2c^2-abcd(9+5p)+a^2d^2(6+5p+p^2))x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{2ac^3(bc-ad)^2n(1+p)(c+dx^n)}$$

$$+ \frac{d(6b^2c^2-6abcd(2+p)+a^2d^2(6+5p+p^2))x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{bc-ad}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{2c^4(bc-ad)^2np}$$

output

```
-1/2*d*(2*b*c-a*d*(3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*p))
)/(c+d*x^n)^2-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))/(c+d*x^n)^2-1/2*d*
(2*b^2*c^2-a*b*c*d*(9+5*p)+a^2*d^2*(p^2+5*p+6))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^3/(-a*
d+b*c)^2/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*p))/(c+d*x^n)+1/2*d*(6*b^2*c^2-6*a*b*c*d*(2+p)+a^2*
d^2*(p^2+5*p+6))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b
*x^n))/c^4/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n/p/(x^(n*p))
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2698, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.76

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^(-1 + p)*(-2*c*(-6 + 11*p - 6*p^2 + p^3)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^3*(-1 + p)^3 + 3*c^2*d*(-1 + p)^3*x^n + 3*c*d^2*(-1 + 2*p - 4*p^2 + p^3)*x^(2*n) - d^3*(1 - p + 6*p^2)*x^(3*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] + c*(-6 + 11*p - 6*p^2 + p^3)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^3*(-2 + p)^3 + 3*c^2*d*(-2 + p)^3*x^n + 3*c*d^2*(-2 + p)^3*x^(2*n) - d^3*(8 - 13*p + 6*p^2)*x^(3*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] - 6*a*c^4*p^3*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + 11*a*c^4*p^4*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 6*a*c^4*p^5*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + a*c^4*p^6*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + 36*a*c^3*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 30*a*c^3*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 30*a*c^3*d*p^2*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 6*b*c^4*p^3*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + 12*a*c^3*d*p^3*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + 11*b*c^4*p^4*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + 27*a*c^3*d*p^4*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 6*b*c^4*p^5*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 18*a*c^3*d*p^5*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + b*c^4*p^6*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)...
```

**Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 5.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2724, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.84, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p+1)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 1013

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-n(p+1)-1}\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^p}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

↓ 1012

---


$$x^{-n(p+1)}(bx^n+a)^{p-1} \left(-bc^4 p^6 \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right) x^n - 3ac^3 dp^6 \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right) x^n + 6bc^4 p^5 \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right) x^n\right)$$

input

```
Int[(x^(-1 - n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```

((a + b*x^n)^(-1 + p)*(2*c*(1 - p)*(2 - p)*(3 - p)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^3*(1 - p)
)^3 + 3*c^2*d*(1 - p)^3*x^n + 3*c*d^2*(1 - 2*p + 4*p^2 - p^3)*x^(2*n) + d^
3*(1 - p + 6*p^2)*x^(3*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n
)), 1, 1 - p] - c*(1 - p)*(2 - p)*(3 - p)*(a + b*x^n)*(c^3*(2 - p)^3 + 3*c
^2*d*(2 - p)^3*x^n + 3*c*d^2*(2 - p)^3*x^(2*n) + d^3*(8 - 13*p + 6*p^2)*x^
(3*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] + 6*a*
c^4*p^3*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 11*a*c
^4*p^4*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + 6*a*c^4
*p^5*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - a*c^4*p^6
*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 36*a*c^3*d*x^
n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + 30*a*c^3*d*p
*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + 30*a*c^3*
d*p^2*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] + 6*b*
c^4*p^3*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 12
*a*c^3*d*p^3*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]
- 11*b*c^4*p^4*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1,
-p] - 27*a*c^3*d*p^4*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))
, 1, -p] + 6*b*c^4*p^5*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n
)), 1, -p] + 18*a*c^3*d*p^5*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a +
b*x^n)), 1, -p] - b*c^4*p^6*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```

Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_
))^^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

```

rule 1013

```

Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_
))^^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
& NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])

```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - n - 1)/(d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p+1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p + 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p+1)+1}(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^3),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p + 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^3), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output

```
(6*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*b**3*d**6*p**4 + 48*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)
**p*a**4*b**3*d**6*p**3 + 138*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*b**3*d**6*p**2
+ 168*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*b**3*d**6*p + 72*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)
)**p*a**4*b**3*d**6 - 54*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b**4*c*d**5*p**3 -
282*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b**4*c*d**5*p**2 - 480*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*a**3*b**4*c*d**5*p - 264*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b**4*c*d**5
+ 120*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**5*c**2*d**4*p**2 + 408*x**(3*n)*(x
**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**5*c**2*d**4*p + 336*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*
*5*c**2*d**4 - 72*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**6*c**3*d**3*p - 144*x**(3*
n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**6*c**3*d**3 - 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**5*b**2
*d**6*p**5 - 48*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**5*b**2*d**6*p**4 - 138*x**(2*n)
)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**5*b**2*d**6*p**3 - 168*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**5*
b**2*d**6*p**2 - 72*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**5*b**2*d**6*p + 78*x**(2*n)
)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*b**3*c*d**5*p**4 + 426*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**
4*b**3*c*d**5*p**3 + 768*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*b**3*c*d**5*p**2 +
528*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*b**3*c*d**5*p + 144*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)
)**p*a**4*b**3*c*d**5 - 12*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**4*p*
*4 - 372*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**4*p**3 - 1152*x**(2*n)
*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**4*p**2 - 1104*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a**3*b**4*c**2*d**4*p - 384*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**...
```

### 3.532 $\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	3654
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3655
Rubi [A] (verified)	3655
Maple [F]	3658
Fricas [F]	3658
Sympy [F(-1)]	3658
Maxima [F]	3659
Giac [F(-2)]	3659
Mupad [F(-1)]	3659
Reduce [F]	3660

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^3 x^{n(2-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{3bn} - \frac{c^3 x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{anp} + \frac{c^2(bc + 3adp)x^{n-np}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2n(1-p)p}$$

$$- \frac{(6b^3c^3 + 18ab^2c^2dp - 9a^2bcd^2(1-p)p + a^3d^3p(2 - 3p + p^2)) x^{n(2-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric}}{3a^2bn(1-p)(2-p)p}$$

output

```
1/3*d^3*x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n-c^3*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/p/(x^(n*p))
+c^2*(3*a*d*p+b*c)*x^(-n*p+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/n/(1-p)/p-1/3*(6*b^3*c^3
+18*a*b^2*c^2*d*p-9*a^2*b*c*d^2*(1-p)*p+a^3*d^3*p*(p^2-3*p+2))*x^(n*(-p+2))
*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p+2], [3-p], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/n/(1-p)/(-p+2)/p/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(3c^2 dp(6 - 5p + p^2) x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + (-\right.$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(3*c^2*d*p*(6 - 5*p + p^2)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -(b*x^n)/a]) + (-1 + p)*(3*c*d^2*(-3 + p)*p*x^(2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -(b*x^n)/a]) + (-2 + p)*(d^3*p*x^(3*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -(b*x^n)/a]) + c^3*(-3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])))/(n*(-3 + p)*(-2 + p)*(-1 + p)*p*x^(n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.185$ , Rules used = {1008, 1066, 959, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-np-1}(c + dx^n)^3 (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

↓ 1008

$$\frac{\int x^{-np-1}(bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c) (dn(5bc - ad(2 - p))x^n + cn(3bc + adp)) dx}{\frac{3bn}{dx^{-np}(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}}$$

↓ 1066

$$\frac{\int x^{-np-1}(bx^n+a)^p (dn^2(11b^2c^2-abd(7-8p)c+a^2d^2(p^2-3p+2))x^n+cn^2(6b^2c^2+7abdpc-a^2d^2(2-p)p))dx}{2bn} + \frac{dx^{-np}(c+dx^n)(5bc-ad(2-p))(c+dx^n)}{2b}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-np}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{3bn}$$

↓ 959

$$\frac{n^2(a^3d^3p(p^2-3p+2)-9a^2bcd^2(1-p)p+18ab^2c^2dp+6b^3c^3)\int x^{-np-1}(bx^n+a)^pdx}{b} + \frac{dnx^{-np}(a^2d^2(p^2-3p+2)-abcd(7-8p)+11b^2c^2)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b} + \frac{dx^{-np}(c+dx^n)(c+dx^n)}{2bn}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-np}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{3bn}$$

↓ 882

$$\frac{n^2(a^3d^3p(p^2-3p+2)-9a^2bcd^2(1-p)p+18ab^2c^2dp+6b^3c^3)\left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^p(a+bx^n)^p}{b} + \frac{dnx^{-np}\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p-1}d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{2bn} + \frac{dnx^{-np}(a^2d^2(p^2-3p+2)-abcd(7-8p)+11b^2c^2)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-np}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{3bn}$$

↓ 74

$$\frac{dnx^{-np}(a^2d^2(p^2-3p+2)-abcd(7-8p)+11b^2c^2)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{n^2(a^3d^3p(p^2-3p+2)-9a^2bcd^2(1-p)p+18ab^2c^2dp+6b^3c^3)(a+bx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, -p, 1-p, \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right]}{bp}$$


---


$$\frac{dx^{-np}(c+dx^n)^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{3bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(d*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n)^2)/(3*b*n*x^(n*p)) + ((d*(5*b*c - a*d*(2 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(2*b*x^(n*p)) + ((d*n*(11*b^2*c^2 - a*b*c*d*(7 - 8*p) + a^2*d^2*(2 - 3*p + p^2))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*x^(n*p)) - (n*(6*b^3*c^3 + 18*a*b^2*c^2*d*p - 9*a^2*b*c*d^2*(1 - p)*p + a^3*d^3*p*(2 - 3*p + p^2))*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -p, 1 - p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)]/(b*p*x^(n*p)))/(2*b*n))/(3*b*n)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 74  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^n \cdot (b \cdot x)^{m+1} / (b \cdot (m+1)) \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d) \cdot (x/c)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[n, -2^{(-1)}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[-d/(b \cdot c), 0])))$
- rule 882  $\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + p]} \cdot x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (x^n / (a + b \cdot x^n))^{p / (\text{Simplify}[m + n \cdot p])}] \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m+1)/n - 1} / (1 - b \cdot x^n)^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + p] + 1)}, x], x, x^n / (a + b \cdot x^n)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + p]]$
- rule 959  $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (b \cdot e \cdot (m + n \cdot (p+1) + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot (m+1) - b \cdot c \cdot (m + n \cdot (p+1) + 1)) / (b \cdot (m + n \cdot (p+1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + n \cdot (p+1) + 1, 0]$
- rule 1008  $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^n)^{q-1} / (b \cdot e \cdot (m + n \cdot (p+q) + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (m + n \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^n)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot ((c \cdot b - a \cdot d) \cdot (m+1) + c \cdot b \cdot n \cdot (p+q)) + (d \cdot (c \cdot b - a \cdot d) \cdot (m+1) + d \cdot n \cdot (q-1) \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + c \cdot b \cdot d \cdot n \cdot (p+q)) \cdot x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]$
- rule 1066  $\text{Int}[(g \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^q \cdot (e + f \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f \cdot (g \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^n)^q / (b \cdot g \cdot (m + n \cdot (p+q+1) + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (m + n \cdot (p+q+1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(g \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^n)^{q-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot ((b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (m+1) + b \cdot e \cdot n \cdot (p+q+1)) + (d \cdot (b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (m+1) + f \cdot n \cdot q \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) + b \cdot e \cdot d \cdot n \cdot (p+q+1)) \cdot x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{EqQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerQ}[e + f \cdot x^n, c + d \cdot x^n])$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-np-1}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^3(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^(-n*p-1)*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(-n*p-1)*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^(-n*p-1)*x^n + c^3*x^(-n*p-1))*(b*x^n+a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^3(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^3*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[2,0,6,4,2,4,4,3,0]%%}+%%{4,[2,0,6,4,2,4,3,3,0]%%}+%%{6,[2,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3}{x^{np+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3)/x^(n*p + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3)/x^(n*p + 1), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3n}(x^n b + a)^p b^2 d^3 p + x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p ab d^3 p^2 + 9x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p b^2 c d^2 p + x^n(x^n b + a)^p a^2 d^3 p^3 - 2x^n(x^n b + a)^p b^2 c d^2 p + x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p ab d^3 p^2 + 9x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p b^2 c d^2 p + x^n(x^n b + a)^p a^2 d^3 p^3 - 2x^n(x^n b + a)^p b^2 c d^2 p}{(x^n b + a)^{2p+3} (c + dx^n)^3}$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output

```
(2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**3*p + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d**
3*p**2 + 9*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d**2*p + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a
**2*d**3*p**3 - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**3*p**2 + 9*x**n*(x**n*b + a
)**p*a*b*c*d**2*p**2 + 18*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*d*p - 6*(x**n*b +
a)**p*b**2*c**3 + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x +
x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**4 - 3*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)
/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**3 + 2*x**(n*p)*int((x
**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**2
+ 9*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x)
,x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*p**3 - 9*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p
+ n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*p**2 + 18*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(
x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d*n*p**2
+ 6*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),
x)*b**3*c**3*n*p)/(6*x**(n*p)*b**2*n*p)
```

### 3.533 $\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3661
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3661
Rubi [A] (verified)	3662
Maple [F]	3664
Fricas [F]	3664
Sympy [F(-1)]	3665
Maxima [F]	3665
Giac [F(-2)]	3665
Mupad [F(-1)]	3666
Reduce [F]	3666

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{c^2 x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{anp} + \frac{d^2 x^{n-np}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{2bn} + \frac{(2b^2c^2 + 4abcdp - a^2d^2(1-p)p) x^{n-np}(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{2abn(1-p)p}$$

output

```
-c^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/p/(x^(n*p))+1/2*d^2*x^(-n*p+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n+1/2*(2*b^2*c^2+4*a*b*c*d*p-a^2*d^2*(1-p)*p)*x^(-n*p+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1-p], [-p+2], -b*x^n/a)/a/b/n/(1-p)/p/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} (2cd(-2 + p)p x^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) + (-1 + p) \dots)}{n(-\dots)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```

-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(2*c*d*(-2 + p)*p*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p,
-((b*x^n)/a)] + (-1 + p)*(d^2*p*x^(2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 -
p, -((b*x^n)/a)] + c^2*(-2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -((b*x^n)
/a)])))/(n*(-2 + p)*(-1 + p)*p*x^(n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
    
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.148$ , Rules used = {1008, 959, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-np-1}(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1008} \\
 & \frac{\int x^{-np-1}(bx^n + a)^p (dn(3bc - ad(1 - p))x^n + cn(2bc + adp)) dx}{\frac{2bn}{dx^{-np}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{\frac{n(-a^2d^2(1-p)p+4abcdp+2b^2c^2)}{b} \int x^{-np-1}(bx^n+a)^p dx}{\frac{2bn}{dx^{-np}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} + \frac{dx^{-np}(3bc-ad(1-p))(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{882} \\
 & \frac{x^{-np}(-a^2d^2(1-p)p+4abcdp+2b^2c^2)\left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^p (a+bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p-1} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}}}{\frac{2bn}{dx^{-np}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} + \frac{dx^{-np}(3bc-ad(1-p))(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{74}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dx^{-np}(3bc-ad(1-p))(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{x^{-np}(-a^2d^2(1-p)p+4abcdp+2b^2c^2)(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{bp} + \frac{dx^{-np}(c+dx^n)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(d*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(2*b*n*x^(n*p)) + ((d*(3*b*c - a*d*(1 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*x^(n*p)) - ((2*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d*p - a^2*d^2*(1 - p)*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -p, 1 - p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)])/(b*p*x^(n*p)))/(2*b*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 1008

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]

```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-np-1}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2 (bx^n + a)^p x^{-np-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^2*x^(-n*p - 1)*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^(-n*p - 1)*x^n + c^2*x^(-n*p - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^2(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{-1, [1,0,4,3,1,3,3,2,0]%%}+%%{-3, [1,0,4,3,1,3,2,2,0]%%}+  
%%{-3, [1`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2}{x^{np+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*p + 1),x)`output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*p + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p b d^2 p + x^n(x^n b + a)^p a d^2 p^2 + 4x^n(x^n b + a)^p b c d p - 2(x^n b + a)^p b c^2 + x^{np} \left( \int \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+n} b x + x^{np} a x} \right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d**2*p + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d**2*p**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*d*p - 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c**2 + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*d**2*n*p**3 - x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*d**2*n*p**2 + 4*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a*b*c*d*n*p**2 + 2*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*b**2*c**2*n*p)/(2*x**(n*p)*b*n*p)`

### 3.534 $\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3667
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3667
Rubi [A] (verified)	3668
Maple [F]	3669
Fricas [F]	3670
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3670
Maxima [F]	3671
Giac [F(-2)]	3671
Mupad [F(-1)]	3671
Reduce [F]	3672

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{dx^{-np}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{bn} - \frac{(bc + adp)x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{bnp}$$

```
output d*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n/(x^(n*p))-(a*d*p+b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p], [1-p], -b*x^n/a)/b/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx =$$

$$\frac{x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (dp x^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + c(-1 + p) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{n(-1 + p)p}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```



output

$$-\left(\left(a + b x^n\right)^p \left(d p x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -\frac{b x^n}{a}\right] + c(-1 + p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{b x^n}{a}\right]\right) / \left(n(-1 + p) p x^{n p} \left(1 + \frac{b x^n}{a}\right)^p\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {959, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-np-1} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(adp + bc) \int x^{-np-1} (bx^n + a)^p dx}{b} + \frac{dx^{-np} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn}$$

$$\downarrow 882$$

$$\frac{x^{-np} (adp + bc) \left(\frac{x^n}{a + bx^n}\right)^p (a + bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n + a}\right)^{-p-1} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n + a}}{1 - \frac{bx^n}{bx^n + a}}}{bn} + \frac{dx^{-np} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{dx^{-np} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn} - \frac{x^{-np} (adp + bc) (a + bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1 - p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n + a}\right)}{bnp}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[x^{(-1 - np)} (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n), x\right]$$

output

$$\left(d (a + b x^n)^{(1 + p)} / (b n x^{np}) - ((b c + a d p) (a + b x^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, -p, 1 - p, \frac{b x^n}{a + b x^n}\right]) / (b n p x^{np})\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-np-1}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)`

output `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^(-n*p - 1)*x^n + c*x^(-n*p - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx \\ &= \frac{a^p c x^{-np} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(1-p)} \\ &+ \frac{a^{1-p} a^{2p-1} b^{1-p} b^{p-1} dx^{-np+n} \Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1-p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(2-p)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**p*c*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*x**  
*(n*p)*gamma(1 - p)) + a**(1 - p)*a**(2*p - 1)*b**(1 - p)*b**(p - 1)*d*x**  
(-n*p + n)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((-p, 1 - p), (2 - p,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)  
)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,1,0,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x^{np+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*p + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*p + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p dp - (x^n b + a)^p c + x^{np} \left( \int \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+n}bx+x^{np}ax} dx \right) adn p^2 + x^{np} \left( \int \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+n}bx+x^{np}ax} dx \right) bcnp}{x^{np}np}$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*d*p - (x**n*b + a)**p*c + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a*d*n*p**2 + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*b*c*n*p)/(x**(n*p)*n*p)`

### 3.535 $\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3673
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3673
Rubi [A] (verified)	3674
Maple [F]	3675
Fricas [F]	3675
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3676
Maxima [F]	3676
Giac [F]	3676
Mupad [F(-1)]	3677
Reduce [F]	3677

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np}$$

output `-(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p],[1-p],-b*x^n/a)/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output

```
-(((a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(n*p*x^(n
*p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-np-1}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 882$$

$$\frac{x^{-np} \left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^p (a+bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p-1} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{np}$$

input

```
Int [x^(-1 - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
-(((a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -p, 1 - p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)])/(n*
p*x^(n*p)))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-np-1}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1), x)`



**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^p x^{-np} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, -p \\ 1-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**p*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*x**(n*p)*gamma(1 - p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{x^{np+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*p + 1),x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*p + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np} x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)`

**3.536**  $\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3678
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3678
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3679
Maple [F]	3680
Fricas [F]	3680
Sympy [F(-2)]	3681
Maxima [F]	3681
Giac [F]	3681
Mupad [F(-1)]	3682
Reduce [F]	3682

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{cnp}$$

output

```
-(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c/n/p/(x^n)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, \frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{cnp}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*p))*(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

$$-\left(\left(a + b x^n\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{d x^n}{c}\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-p, -p, 1 - p, \left(\frac{-(b c) + a d}{c + d x^n}\right)\right]\right) / \left(c^n p x^{(n p)} \left(1 + \frac{b x^n}{a}\right)^p\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-np-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-np-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{\frac{bx^n}{a} - \frac{dx^n}{c}}{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}\right)}{cnp}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\left(x^{(-1 - n p)}\right) \cdot \left(a + b x^n\right)^p / \left(c + d x^n\right), x\right]$$

output

$$-\left(\left(a + b x^n\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{d x^n}{c}\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-p, -p, 1 - p, -\left(\frac{b x^n}{a} - \frac{d x^n}{c}\right) / \left(1 + \frac{d x^n}{c}\right)\right]\right) / \left(c^n p x^{(n p)} \left(1 + \frac{b x^n}{a}\right)^p\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-np-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n), x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n), x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p x^{-np-1}}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{np+1}(c+dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(x^n b + a)^p b + x^{np} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+2n} b dx + x^{np+n} a dx + x^{np+n} b c x + x^{np} a c x} dx \right) a^2 d n p - x^{np} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+2n} b dx + x^{np+n} a dx + x^{np+n} b c x + x^{np} a c x} dx \right) a^2 d n p}{x^{np} a d n p}$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n), x)`output `( - (x**n*b + a)**p*b + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x), x)*a**2*d*n*p - x**(n*p)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x), x)*a*b*c*n*p)/(x**(n*p)*a*d*n*p)`

**3.537**       $\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3683
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3683
Rubi [C] (verified)	3684
Maple [F]	3685
Fricas [F]	3685
Sympy [F(-2)]	3686
Maxima [F]	3686
Giac [F]	3686
Mupad [F(-1)]	3687
Reduce [F]	3687

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acnp(c+dx^n)} + \frac{(bc-ad(1+p))x^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-p, 2-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^3n(1-p)p}$$

output

```
-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/p/(x^(n*p))/(c+d*x^n)+(b*c-a*d*(p+1))*x^(-n*p+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([2, 1-p],[ -p+2],(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^3/n/(1-p)/p
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left( -dpx^n \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, 1-p\right) + (c+d(1+p)x^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, -p\right) \right)}{c^2n(c+dx^n)}$$



input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*p))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*(-(d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))], 1, 1 - p)) + (c + d*(1 + p)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(c^2*n*x^(n*p)*(c + d*x^n))`

### Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-np-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-np-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left( dp x^n \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, 1-p\right) - (c + d(p+1)x^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right) \right)}{c^3 n \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*p))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))], 1, 1 - p) - (c + d*(1 + p)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(c^3*n*x^(n*p)*(1 + (d*x^n)/c))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-np-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p x^{-np-1}}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{np+1}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2, x)`

output

```

(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d - (x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*p + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c -
x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x - x**
(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)
)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x - 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c**
2*d*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*p*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*p*x - 2*x
**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*x - x**(n*p + n)*b**2*c**3*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d
*p*x - x**(n*p)*a*b*c**3*x),x)*a**3*d**4*n*p**3 - x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(
x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x - x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*
x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - x**(n
*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x - 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a
**2*c*d**2*p*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*p*x - 2*x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*x
- x**(n*p + n)*b**2*c**3*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d*p*x - x**(n*p)*a*b*c**3
*x),x)*a**3*d**4*n*p**2 + x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p
+ 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x - x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*
d**3*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x -
2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*p*x + x**(n*p
+ n)*a*b*c**2*d*p*x - 2*x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*x - x**(n*p + n)*b**2*c**
3*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d*p*x - x**(n*p)*a*b*c**3*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*n*p
**3 + 3*x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p
*x - x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + 2*x**...

```

**3.538** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3689
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3689
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3690
Maple [F]	3691
Fricas [F]	3692
Sympy [F]	3692
Maxima [F]	3692
Giac [F]	3693
Mupad [F(-1)]	3693
Reduce [F]	3693

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acnp(c+dx^n)^2} - \frac{d(2bc-ad(2+p))x^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{2ac^2(bc-ad)np(c+dx^n)^2} + \frac{(2b^2c^2-4abcd(1+p)+a^2d^2(2+3p+p^2))x^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-p, 2-p, \frac{d(a+bx^n)}{c+dx^n}\right)}{2c^4(bc-ad)n(1-p)p}$$

output

```
-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/p/(x^(n*p))/(c+d*x^n)^2-1/2*d*(2*b*c-a*d*(2+p))*x^(-n*p+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/p/(c+d*x^n)^2+1/2*(2*b^2*c^2-4*a*b*c*d*(p+1)+a^2*d^2*(p^2+3*p+2))*x^(-n*p+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([2, 1-p], [-p+2], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^4/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(1-p)/p
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left( -2dpx^n(2c+d(1+p)x^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, 1-p\right) + d^2(-1+p)px^{2n} \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, 2-p\right) \right)}{2c^3n(c+dx^n)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x^n)^p*(-2*d*p*x^n*(2*c + d*(1 + p)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] + d^2*(-1 + p)*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] + (2*c^2 + 4*c*d*(1 + p)*x^n + d^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(2*c^3*n*x^(n*p)*(c + d*x^n)^2)`

### Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-np-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-np-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^{-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(-2c^2 + 4cd(p + 1)x^n + d^2(p + 1)(p + 2)x^{2n}\right) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right) + d^2(1 - p)px^{2n} \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right)}{2c^5n \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^2}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output

```
-1/2*((a + b*x^n)^p*(2*d*p*x^n*(2*c + d*(1 + p)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c
- a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] + d^2*(1 - p)*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLer
chPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] - (2*c^2 + 4*c*d*(1 + p
)*x^n + d^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*
(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(c^5*n*x^(n*p)*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^2)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
))^ (q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
))^ (q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
& NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-np-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1)/(d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{-np-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x**(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**(-n*p - 1)*(a + b*x**n)**p/(c + d*x**n)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{np+1}(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^3),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2
*p - 4*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*p**2 - (x
**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*p + 4*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*p - 2*(x**n*b + a)**
p*b**2*c**2 + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 4*n)*
a**5*b*d**8*p**5*x + 5*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**5*b*d**8*p**4*x + 9*x**(n*p + 4*n
)*a**5*b*d**8*p**3*x + 7*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**5*b*d**8*p**2*x + 2*x**(n*p + 4
*n)*a**5*b*d**8*p*x - 11*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**4*b**2*c*d**7*p**4*x - 38*x**(n
*p + 4*n)*a**4*b**2*c*d**7*p**3*x - 43*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**4*b**2*c*d**7*p**
2*x - 16*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**4*b**2*c*d**7*p*x + 42*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b**3
*c**2*d**6*p**3*x + 92*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**6*p**2*x + 54*x**(
n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**6*p*x + 4*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**6*
x - 68*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**5*p**2*x - 84*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**2*
b**4*c**3*d**5*p*x - 16*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**5*x + 48*x**(n*p
+ 4*n)*a*b**5*c**4*d**4*p*x + 24*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a*b**5*c**4*d**4*x - 12*x*
*(n*p + 4*n)*b**6*c**5*d**3*x + x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**6*d**8*p**5*x + 5*x**(n*
p + 3*n)*a**6*d**8*p**4*x + 9*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**6*d**8*p**3*x + 7*x**(n*p
+ 3*n)*a**6*d**8*p**2*x + 2*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**6*d**8*p*x + 3*x**(n*p + 3*n
)*a**5*b*c*d**7*p**5*x + 4*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**5*b*c*d**7*p**4*x - 11*x**(n*
p + 3*n)*a**5*b*c*d**7*p**3*x - 22*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**5*b*c*d**7*p**2*x - 1
0*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**5*b*c*d**7*p*x - 33*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d...
```

### 3.539 $\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3695
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3695
Rubi [A] (verified)	3696
Maple [F]	3698
Fricas [F]	3698
Sympy [F(-1)]	3699
Maxima [F]	3699
Giac [F(-2)]	3699
Mupad [F(-1)]	3700
Reduce [F]	3700

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{c^2 x^{n(1-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1-p)} + \frac{d^2 x^{n(2-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{3bn} - \frac{(6b^2c^2 - 6abcd(1-p) + a^2d^2(2 - 3p + p^2)) x^{n(2-p)}(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(2 - p, -p, -p+2, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{3abn(1-p)(2-p)}$$

output

```
c^2*x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(1-p)+1/3*d^2*x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n-1/3*(6*b^2*c^2-6*a*b*c*d*(1-p)+a^2*d^2*(p^2-3*p+2))*x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p+2], [3-p], -b*x^n/a)/a/b/n/(1-p)/(-p+2)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{n-np}(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} (c^2(6 - 5p + p^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) + d(-1 + p))}{n(1-p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```

-((x^(n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c^2*(6 - 5*p + p^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p,
-p, 2 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(-1 + p)*x^n*(2*c*(-3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1
[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(-2 + p)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p,
-p, 4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)])))/(n*(-3 + p)*(-2 + p)*(-1 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a
^p))
    
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$ , Rules used = {1008, 959, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p-1)-1}(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1008} \\
 & \frac{\int x^{-pn+n-1}(bx^n + a)^p (dn(4bc - ad(2 - p))x^n + cn(3bc - ad(1 - p))) dx}{\frac{3bn}{dx^{n(1-p)}(c + dx^n)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{\frac{n(a^2 d^2 (p^2 - 3p + 2) - 6abcd(1 - p) + 6b^2 c^2)}{2b} \int x^{-pn+n-1}(bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{dx^{n-np}(4bc - ad(2 - p))(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{2b}}{\frac{3bn}{dx^{n(1-p)}(c + dx^n)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{882} \\
 & \frac{ax^{-np}(a^2 d^2 (p^2 - 3p + 2) - 6abcd(1 - p) + 6b^2 c^2) \left(\frac{x^n}{a + bx^n}\right)^p (a + bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n + a}\right)^{-p}}{\left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{bx^n + a}\right)^2} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n + a}}{\frac{3bn}{dx^{n(1-p)}(c + dx^n)}(a + bx^n)^{p+1}} + \frac{dx^{n-np}(4bc - ad(2 - p))(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{2b} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{74}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{ax^{n-np}(a^2d^2(p^2-3p+2)-6abcd(1-p)+6b^2c^2)(a+bx^n)^{p-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-p, 2-p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right) + \frac{dx^{n-np}(4bc-ad(2-p))(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2b}}{2b(1-p)} + \frac{dx^{n(1-p)}(c+dx^n)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{3bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(d*x^(n*(1 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(3*b*n) + ((d*(4*b*c - a*d*(2 - p))*x^(n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(2*b) + (a*(6*b^2*c^2 - 6*a*b*c*d*(1 - p) + a^2*d^2*(2 - 3*p + p^2))*x^(n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^(-1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 - p, 2 - p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)]/(2*b*(1 - p)))/(3*b*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 1008

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]

```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(p-1)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2 (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^2*x^(-n*p + n - 1)*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^(-n*p + n - 1)*x^n + c^2*x^(-n*p + n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^2(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{-1,[1,0,4,3,1,3,3,2,0]%%}+%%{-3,[1,0,4,3,1,3,2,2,0]%%}+  
%%{-3,[1`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2}{x^{n(p-1)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p - 1) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p - 1) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p b^2 d^2 + x^{2n}(x^nb+a)^p ab d^2 p + 6x^{2n}(x^nb+a)^p b^2 cd + x^n(x^nb+a)^p a^2 d^2 p^2 - 2x^n(x^nb+a)^p}{\dots}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*p + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*p**2 - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*p + 6*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*p + 6*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2 + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d**2*n*p**3 - 3*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d**2*n*p**2 + 2*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d**2*n*p + 6*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d*n*p**2 - 6*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d*n*p + 6*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a*b**2*c**2*n*p)/(6*x**(n*p)*b**2*n)`

### 3.540 $\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3701
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3701
Rubi [A] (verified)	3702
Maple [F]	3703
Fricas [F]	3704
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3704
Maxima [F]	3705
Giac [F(-2)]	3705
Mupad [F(-1)]	3705
Reduce [F]	3706

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx^{n(1-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{2bn} + \frac{(2bc - ad(1 - p))x^{n(1-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2bn(1 - p)}$$

output

$1/2*d*x^{(n*(1-p))}*(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/b/n+1/2*(2*b*c-a*d*(1-p))*x^{(n*(1-p))}*(a+b*x^n)^p*\text{hypergeom}([-p, 1-p], [-p+2], -b*x^n/a)/b/n/(1-p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x^{n-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c(-2 + p) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(-1 + p)x^n}{n(-2 + p)(-1 + p)}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-1 - n*(-1 + p))}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x]$

output

$$-\left(\frac{x^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1-p, -p, 2-p, -(bx^n/a)] + d(-1+p)x^n\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2-p, -p, 3-p, -(bx^n/a)]}{n(-2+p)(-1+p)(1+(bx^n/a)^p)}\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {959, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p-1)-1}(c+dx^n)(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 959$$

$$\frac{(2bc-ad(1-p)) \int x^{-pn+n-1}(bx^n+a)^p dx}{2b} + \frac{dx^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$

$$\downarrow 882$$

$$\frac{ax^{-np}(2bc-ad(1-p)) \left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^p (a+bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p}}{\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^2} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{2bn} + \frac{dx^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{ax^{n-np}(2bc-ad(1-p))(a+bx^n)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-p, 2-p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{2bn(1-p)} + \frac{dx^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{2bn}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1-n*(-1+p))}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(dx^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p})/(2bn) + (a(2bc-ad(1-p))x^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, 1-p, 2-p, (bx^n)/(a+bx^n)])/(2bn(1-p))}{2bn(1-p)}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(p-1)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^(-n*p+n-1)*x^n+c*x^(-n*p+n-1))*(b*x^n+a)^p,x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)dx \\ &= \frac{a^{1-p}a^{2p-1}b^{1-p}b^{p-1}cx^{-np+n}\Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 1-p \\ 2-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2-p)} \\ &+ \frac{a^{2-p}a^{2p-2}b^{2-p}b^{p-2}dx^{-np+2n}\Gamma(2-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 2-p \\ 3-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(3-p)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(1-p)*a**(2*p-1)*b**(1-p)*b**(p-1)*c*x**(-n*p+n)*gamma(1-p)*hyper((-p,1-p),(2-p),b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2-p))+a**(2-p)*a**(2*p-2)*b**(2-p)*b**(p-2)*d*x**(-n*p+2*n)*gamma(2-p)*hyper((-p,2-p),(3-p),b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3-p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{2,[0,0,2,2,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,2,2,1,1,0,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x^{n(p-1)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p - 1) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p - 1) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{2n}(x^n b+a)^p b d + x^n(x^n b+a)^p a d p + 2x^n(x^n b+a)^p b c + x^{np} \left( \int \frac{x^n(x^n b+a)^p}{x^{np+n} b x + x^{np} a x} dx \right) a^2 d n p^2 - x^{np} \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^{np+n}} dx \right)}{2x^{np} b n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*p + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*d*n*p**2 - x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*d*n*p + 2*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a*b*c*n*p)/(2*x**(n*p)*b*n)`

### 3.541 $\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3707
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3707
Rubi [A] (verified)	3708
Maple [F]	3709
Fricas [F]	3709
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3710
Maxima [F]	3710
Giac [F]	3710
Mupad [F(-1)]	3711
Reduce [F]	3711

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{n(1-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(1 - p)}$$

output

```
x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1-p], [-p+2], -b*x^n/a)/n/(1-p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{n-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n - np}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```



output  $(x^{(n - n*p)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(n - n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p-1)-1}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 882$$

$$\frac{ax^{-np}\left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^p (a + bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p}}{\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^2} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{ax^{n-np}(a + bx^n)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 - p, 2 - p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{n(1 - p)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - n*(-1 + p))}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x]$

output  $(a*x^{(n - n*p)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(-1 + p)}*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 - p, 2 - p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)])/(n*(1 - p))$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(p-1)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + n - 1), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^p x^{-np+n} \Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 1-p \\ 2-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**p*x**(-n*p + n)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((-p, 1 - p), (2 - p), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-1)+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p - 1) + 1), x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p - 1) + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p + x^{np} \left( \int \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+n} b x + x^{np} a x} dx \right) a n p}{x^{np} n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*  
b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x), x)*a*n*p)/(x**(n*p)*n)`

**3.542**  $\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3712
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3713
Rubi [C] (verified)	3713
Maple [F]	3714
Fricas [F]	3715
Sympy [F(-2)]	3715
Maxima [F]	3715
Giac [F]	3716
Mupad [F(-1)]	3716
Reduce [F]	3716

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{dnp}$$

$$- \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{dnp}$$

output

```
(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/d/n/p/(x^(n*p))-(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p], [1-p], -b*x^n/a)/d/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^{-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{a+bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1-p, -p, 1, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cn(-1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n), x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[1 - p, -p, 1, 2 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*n*(-1 + p)*x^(n*(-1 + p))*((a + b*x^n)/a)^p))`

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-1)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-pn+n-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$\frac{x^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1-p, -p, 1, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cn(1-p)}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `(x^(n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[1 - p, -p, 1, 2 - p, -(b*x^n)/a], -((d*x^n)/c)))/(c*n*(1 - p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(p-1)}(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-1)+1}(c+dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+n} dx + x^{np} cx} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*d*x + x**(n*p)*c*x),x)`

**3.543** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3717
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3717
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3718
Maple [F]	3719
Fricas [F]	3719
Sympy [F(-2)]	3720
Maxima [F]	3720
Giac [F]	3720
Mupad [F(-1)]	3721
Reduce [F]	3721

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{ax^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-p, 2-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^2n(1-p)}$$

output `a*x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([2, 1-p], [-p+2], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^2/n/(1-p)`

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, \frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{cn(-1+p)(c+dx^n)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output

$$-\left((x^{n-np})(a+bx^n)^p(1+(dx^n)/c)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1-p, -p, 2-p, ((-bc)+ad)x^n/(a(c+dx^n))]\right)/(c^n(-1+p)(1+(bx^n)/a)^p(c+dx^n))$$
**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-1)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-pn+n-1}\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^p}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{\frac{bx^n}{a}-\frac{dx^n}{c}}{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}\right)}{c^2 n(1-p)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^{(-1-n*(-1+p))})(a+bx^n)^p]/(c+dx^n)^2, x]$$

output

$$(x^{n-np})(a+bx^n)^p(1+(dx^n)/c)^{-1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1-p, -p, 2-p, -(((bx^n)/a - (dx^n)/c)/(1+(dx^n)/c))]/(c^2 n(1-p)(1+(bx^n)/a)^p)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(p-1)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + n - 1)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-1)+1}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2, x)`

output

```
( - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b + x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(
n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x - x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*
*2*d**3*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*
x - 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*p*x + x**(
n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*p*x - 2*x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*x - x**(n*p + n)*b**2*
c**3*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d*p*x - x**(n*p)*a*b*c**3*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p*
*2 - x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x
- x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + 2*x**(n*p
+ 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x - 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*b**
2*c**2*d*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*p*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*p*x
- 2*x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*x - x**(n*p + n)*b**2*c**3*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c
**2*d*p*x - x**(n*p)*a*b*c**3*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*p**2 - x**(n*p + n)*in
t((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x - x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**
2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*
x - x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x - 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*x**(n
*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*p*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*p*x - 2*x**(n*p + n)*a*b
*c**2*d*x - x**(n*p + n)*b**2*c**3*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d*p*x - x**(n*p)
*a*b*c**3*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*p + x**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p
)/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x - x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p +
2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - x**(n*p + 2*n)*a...
```

**3.544** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3723
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3723
Rubi [C] (verified)	3724
Maple [F]	3725
Fricas [F]	3725
Sympy [F(-1)]	3726
Maxima [F]	3726
Giac [F]	3726
Mupad [F(-1)]	3727
Reduce [F]	3727

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(1-p)(c+dx^n)^2} - \frac{a(2bc-ad(1+p))x^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 2-p, 3-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^4n(1-p)(2-p)}$$

```
output x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(1-p)/(c+d*x^n)^2-a*(2*b*c-a*d*(p+1))*x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(-2+p)*hypergeom([3, -p+2], [3-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^4/n/(1-p)/(-p+2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \frac{px^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(2(c+dp^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, 1-p\right) - d(-1+p)x^n \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, 2-p\right) - (2c+d(1-p))\right)}{2c^2n(c+dx^n)^2}$$



input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(p*x^(n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(2*(c + d*p*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - d*(-1 + p)*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] - (2*c + d*(1 + p)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(2*c^2*n*(c + d*x^n)^2)`

### Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-1)-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 1013

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-pn+n-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{px^{n-np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(d(1 - p)x^n \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, 2 - p\right) + 2(c + dpx^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, 1 - p\right) - (2c + d(p + 1)x^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right)\right)}{2c^4n \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^2}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(p*x^(n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(2*(c + d*p*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] + d*(1 - p)*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] - (2*c + d*(1 + p)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(2*c^4*n*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^2)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(p-1)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + n - 1)/(d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-1)+1}(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^3), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3, x)`

output

```
(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d*p + 2*x**n*(
x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c - 2*x**n*(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n
*p + 4*n)*a**5*b*d**8*p**5*x + 5*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**5*b*d**8*p**4*x + 9*x**
(n*p + 4*n)*a**5*b*d**8*p**3*x + 7*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**5*b*d**8*p**2*x + 2*x
**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**5*b*d**8*p*x - 11*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**4*b**2*c*d**7*p**4*x
- 38*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**4*b**2*c*d**7*p**3*x - 43*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**4*b**2*
c*d**7*p**2*x - 16*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**4*b**2*c*d**7*p*x + 42*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)
*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**6*p**3*x + 92*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**6*p**2*x
+ 54*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**6*p*x + 4*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b**3*
c**2*d**6*x - 68*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**5*p**2*x - 84*x**n*(n*p +
4*n)*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**5*p*x - 16*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**5*x + 4
8*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a*b**5*c**4*d**4*p*x + 24*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*a*b**5*c**4*d**4
*x - 12*x**n*(n*p + 4*n)*b**6*c**5*d**3*x + x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**6*d**8*p**5*x
+ 5*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**6*d**8*p**4*x + 9*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**6*d**8*p**3*x +
7*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**6*d**8*p**2*x + 2*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**6*d**8*p*x + 3*x**
(n*p + 3*n)*a**5*b*c*d**7*p**5*x + 4*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**5*b*c*d**7*p**4*x -
11*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**5*b*c*d**7*p**3*x - 22*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**5*b*c*d**7*
p**2*x - 10*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**5*b*c*d**7*p*x - 33*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**4*b**2
*c**2*d**6*p**4*x - 72*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**6*p**3*x - 37*x**n(
n*p + 3*n)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**6*p**2*x + 6*x**n*(n*p + 3*n)*a**4*b**2*c**2...
```

**3.545** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	3729
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3730
Rubi [C] (verified)	3730
Maple [F]	3732
Fricas [F]	3732
Sympy [F(-1)]	3733
Maxima [F]	3733
Giac [F]	3733
Mupad [F(-1)]	3734
Reduce [F]	3734

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(1-p)(c+dx^n)^3} + \frac{d(3bc-ad(2+p))x^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{3ac^2(bc-ad)n(1-p)(c+dx^n)^3}$$

$$\frac{a(6b^2c^2-6abcd(1+p)+a^2d^2(2+3p+p^2))x^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 2-p, 3-p, \frac{-a*d+b*c}{c}\right)}{3c^5(bc-ad)n(1-p)(2-p)}$$

```
output x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(1-p)/(c+d*x^n)^3+1/3*d*(3*b*c-a*d*(2+p)
)*x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(1-p)/(c+d*x^n)^3-1/3*a*
(6*b^2*c^2-6*a*b*c*d*(p+1)+a^2*d^2*(p^2+3*p+2))*x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(-2
+p)*hypergeom([3, -p+2],[3-p],(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^5/(-a*d+b*c)/n
/(1-p)/(-p+2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{px^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left( 3(2c^2 + 4cdpx^n + d^2p(1+p)x^{2n}) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, 1-p\right) - 3d(-1+p)x^n(2c+dpdx^n) \right)}{(c+dx^n)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^4,x]`

output

```
(p*x^(n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(3*(2*c^2 + 4*c*d*p*x^n + d^2*p*(1 + p))*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - 3*d*(-1 + p)*x^n*(2*c + d*p*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] + 2*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 3*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 6*c^2*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 6*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 6*c*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 2*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 3*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(6*c^3*n*(c + d*x^n)^3)
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-1)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$$

↓ 1013

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{-pn+n-1}\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^p}{(dx^n+c)^4} dx$$

↓ 1012

$$px^{n-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(3(2c^2+4cdpx^n+d^2p(p+1)x^{2n})\Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, 1-p\right) - 6c^2\Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right) + d^2p^2x^{2n}\right)$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-1 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^4,x]`

output `(p*x^(n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(3*(2*c^2 + 4*c*d*p*x^n + d^2*p*(1 + p))*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] + 3*d*(1 - p)*x^n*(2*c + d*p*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] + 2*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 3*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 6*c^2*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 6*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 6*c*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 2*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 3*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(6*c^6*n*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`



rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
& NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(p-1)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(p-1))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{(dx^n + c)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + n - 1)/(d^4*x^(4*n) + 4*c*d^3*x^(3*n) + 6*c^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + 4*c^3*d*x^n + c^4), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-1)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 1) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-1)+1}(c+dx^n)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^4), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 1) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-1+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-1+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4, x)`

output

```
( - 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*d**3*p - 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a*b**3*d**3 + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*c*d**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*a**2*b**2*d**3*p**2 + 4*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*d**3*p
- 8*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c*d**2*p - 12*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p
*a*b**3*c*d**2 + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*c**2*d - x**n*(x**n*b + a
)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p**3 - 6*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p**2 - 11*x**n*
(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p - 6*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3 + 10*x*
*n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*p**2 + 40*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*
*2*c*d**2*p + 24*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**2 - 30*x**n*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a*b**3*c**2*d*p - 48*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**2*d + 24*x**n*(
x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*c**3 - 6*x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)
/(x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p**8*x + 16*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p**7
*x + 110*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p**6*x + 424*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d*
*12*p**5*x + 1001*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p**4*x + 1480*x**(n*p + 5*n)
*a**8*b*d**12*p**3*x + 1336*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p**2*x + 672*x**(n
*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p*x + 144*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*x - 26*x**(n*
p + 5*n)*a**7*b**2*c*d**11*p**7*x - 340*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**7*b**2*c*d**11*p
**6*x - 1868*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**7*b**2*c*d**11*p**5*x - 5584*x**(n*p + 5*n)
*a**7*b**2*c*d**11*p**4*x - 9794*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**7*b**2*c*d**11*p**3*x -
10060*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**7*b**2*c*d**11*p**2*x - 5592*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a...
```

### 3.546 $\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3736
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3736
Rubi [A] (verified)	3737
Maple [F]	3739
Fricas [F]	3739
Sympy [F(-1)]	3740
Maxima [F]	3740
Giac [F(-2)]	3740
Mupad [F(-1)]	3741
Reduce [F]	3741

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{c^2 x^{n(2-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(2-p)} + \frac{d^2 x^{n(3-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{4bn} - \frac{(12b^2c^2 - 8abcd(2-p) + a^2d^2(6 - 5p + p^2)) x^{n(3-p)}(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(3-p, -p, 3-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{4abn(2-p)(3-p)}$$

output

```
c^2*x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(-p+2)+1/4*d^2*x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n-1/4*(12*b^2*c^2-8*a*b*c*d*(-p+2)+a^2*d^2*(p^2-5*p+6))*x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 3-p],[4-p],-b*x^n/a)/a/b/n/(-p+2)/(3-p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} (c^2(12 - 7p + p^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(2-p, -p, 3-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) + d^2(12 - 7p + p^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(2-p, -p, 3-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}))}{4abn(2-p)(3-p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```

-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c^2*(12 - 7*p + p^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 - p,
-((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(-2 + p)*x^n*(2*c*(-4 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, -p,
4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(-3 + p)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[4 - p, -p, 5 - p,
-((b*x^n)/a)])))/((n*(-4 + p)*(-3 + p)*(-2 + p)*x^(n*(-2 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n
)/a)^p))
    
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$ , Rules used = {1008, 959, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p-2)-1}(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1008} \\
 & \frac{\int x^{n(2-p)-1}(bx^n + a)^p (dn(5bc - ad(3 - p))x^n + cn(4bc - ad(2 - p))) dx}{\frac{4bn}{dx^{n(2-p)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{\frac{n(a^2d^2(p^2-5p+6)-8abcd(2-p)+12b^2c^2)}{3b} \int x^{n(2-p)-1}(bx^n+a)^p dx + \frac{dx^{n(2-p)}(5bc-ad(3-p))(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{3b}}{\frac{4bn}{dx^{n(2-p)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{882} \\
 & \frac{a^2x^{-np}(a^2d^2(p^2-5p+6)-8abcd(2-p)+12b^2c^2)\left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^p(a+bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{1-p}}{\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^3} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{\frac{4bn}{dx^{n(2-p)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}} + \frac{dx^{n(2-p)}(5bc-ad(3-p))(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{3b} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{74}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a^2 x^{2n-np} (a^2 d^2 (p^2 - 5p + 6) - 8abcd(2-p) + 12b^2 c^2) (a + bx^n)^{p-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 2-p, 3-p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{3b(2-p)} + \frac{dx^{n(2-p)} (5bc - ad(3-p)) (a + bx^n)^p}{3b}$$

$$\frac{dx^{n(2-p)} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{4bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(d*x^(n*(2 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(4*b*n) + ((d*(5*b*c - a*d*(3 - p))*x^(n*(2 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(3*b) + (a^2*(12*b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d*(2 - p) + a^2*d^2*(6 - 5*p + p^2))*x^(2*n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^(-2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 2 - p, 3 - p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)]/(3*b*(2 - p)))/(4*b*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p]) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 1008

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2 (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^2*x^(-n*p + 2*n - 1)*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^(-n*p + 2*n - 1)*x^n + c^2*x^(-n*p + 2*n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)
```



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n+c)^2(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{-1,[1,0,4,3,1,3,3,2,0]%%}+%%{-3,[1,0,4,3,1,3,2,2,0]%%}+  
%%{-3,[1`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2}{x^{n(p-2)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p - 2) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p - 2) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{6x^{4n}(x^nb+a)^p b^3 d^2 + 2x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p a b^2 d^2 p + 16x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p b^3 cd + x^{2n}(x^nb+a)^p a^2 b d^2 p^2 - 3x^{2n}(x^nb+a)^p b^3 d^2}{(p-2)x^{n(p-2)+1}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```

(6*x**(4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*
d**2*p + 16*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a
**2*b*d**2*p**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**2*p + 8*x**(2*n)*(x
**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d*p + 12*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**2 + x**n*
(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**2*p**3 - 5*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**2*p**2 + 6
*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**2*p + 8*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d*p**2
- 16*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d*p + 12*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c
**2*p + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a
*x),x)*a**4*d**2*n*p**4 - 6*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p +
n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**4*d**2*n*p**3 + 11*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*
b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**4*d**2*n*p**2 - 6*x**(n
*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**4*d
**2*n*p + 8*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*
p)*a*x),x)*a**3*b*c*d*n*p**3 - 24*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**
(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*b*c*d*n*p**2 + 16*x**(n*p)*int((x**n
*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*b*c*d*n*p + 12
*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*
a**2*b**2*c**2*n*p**2 - 12*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p +
n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*n*p)/(24*x**(n*p)*b**3*n)

```

### 3.547 $\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3743
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3743
Rubi [A] (verified)	3744
Maple [F]	3745
Fricas [F]	3746
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3746
Maxima [F]	3747
Giac [F(-2)]	3747
Mupad [F(-1)]	3747
Reduce [F]	3748

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx^{n(2-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{3bn} + \frac{(3bc - ad(2 - p))x^{n(2-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3bn(2 - p)}$$

output

```
1/3*d*x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n+1/3*(3*b*c-a*d*(-p+2))*x^(n*(-p+2))
*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p+2],[3-p],-b*x^n/a)/b/n/(-p+2)/((1+b*x^n/a)^
p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x^{-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c(-3 + p) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(-2 + p))}{n(-3 + p)(-2 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```

-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(-3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(-2 + p)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)]))/
(n*(-3 + p)*(-2 + p)*x^(n*(-2 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {959, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p-2)-1} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(3bc - ad(2 - p)) \int x^{n(2-p)-1} (bx^n + a)^p dx}{3b} + \frac{dx^{n(2-p)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{882} \\
 & \frac{a^2 x^{-np} (3bc - ad(2 - p)) \left(\frac{x^n}{a + bx^n}\right)^p (a + bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n + a}\right)^{1-p}}{\left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{bx^n + a}\right)^3} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n + a}}{3bn} + \frac{dx^{n(2-p)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{74} \\
 & \frac{a^2 x^{2n-np} (3bc - ad(2 - p)) (a + bx^n)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 2 - p, 3 - p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n + a}\right)}{3bn(2 - p)} + \frac{dx^{n(2-p)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{3bn}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]

```

output

```

(d*x^(n*(2 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(3*b*n) + (a^2*(3*b*c - a*d*(2 - p))
*x^(2*n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^(-2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 2 - p, 3 - p, (b*
x^n)/(a + b*x^n)])/(3*b*n*(2 - p))

```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x]
/; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))
```

rule 882

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]
```

rule 959

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^(-n*p+2*n-1)*x^n+c*x^(-n*p+2*n-1))*(b*x^n+a)^p,x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 86.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{2-p}a^{2p-2}b^{2-p}b^{p-2}cx^{-np+2n}\Gamma(2-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 2-p \\ 3-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(3-p)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{3-p}a^{2p-3}b^{3-p}b^{p-3}dx^{-np+3n}\Gamma(3-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 3-p \\ 4-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(4-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(2-p)*a**(2*p-2)*b**(2-p)*b**(p-2)*c*x**(-n*p+2*n)*gamma(2-p)*hyper((-p,2-p),(3-p),b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3-p))+a**(3-p)*a**(2*p-3)*b**(3-p)*b**(p-3)*d*x**(-n*p+3*n)*gamma(3-p)*hyper((-p,3-p),(4-p),b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4-p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{3,[0,0,2,2,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{3,[0,0,2,2,1,1,0,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x^{n(p-2)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p - 2) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p - 2) + 1), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$


---


$$= \frac{2x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p b^2d + x^{2n}(x^nb+a)^p abd p + 3x^{2n}(x^nb+a)^p b^2c + x^n(x^nb+a)^p a^2d p^2 - 2x^n(x^nb+a)^p a^2}{1}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `(2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d*p + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d*p**2 - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d*p + 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*p + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d*n*p**3 - 3*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d*n*p**2 + 2*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*d*n*p + 3*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*b*c*n*p**2 - 3*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*b*c*n*p)/(6*x**(n*p)*b**2*n)`

### 3.548 $\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3749
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3749
Rubi [A] (verified)	3750
Maple [F]	3751
Fricas [F]	3751
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3752
Maxima [F]	3752
Giac [F]	3752
Mupad [F(-1)]	3753
Reduce [F]	3753

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{n(2-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(2 - p)}$$

output `x^(-n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p+2], [3-p], -b*x^n/a)/n/(-p+2)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(-2 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output  $-\left(\left(a + b x^n\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -\left(\frac{b x^n}{a}\right)\right]\right) / \left(n \left(-2 + p\right) x^{n \left(-2 + p\right)} \left(1 + \left(\frac{b x^n}{a}\right)^p\right)\right)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p-2)-1} (a + b x^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 882$$

$$\frac{a^2 x^{-np} \left(\frac{x^n}{a + b x^n}\right)^p (a + b x^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{b x^n + a}\right)^{1-p}}{\left(1 - \frac{b x^n}{b x^n + a}\right)^3} d\frac{x^n}{b x^n + a}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{a^2 x^{2n-np} (a + b x^n)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 2 - p, 3 - p, \frac{b x^n}{b x^n + a}\right)}{n(2 - p)}$$

input  $\text{Int}\left[x^{(-1 - n(-2 + p))} (a + b x^n)^p, x\right]$

output  $\left(a^2 x^{(2n - np)} (a + b x^n)^{(-2 + p)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[3, 2 - p, 3 - p, \frac{b x^n}{a + b x^n}\right]\right) / \left(n(2 - p)\right)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 2*n - 1), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 29.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^p x^{-np+2n} \Gamma(2-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 2-p \\ 3-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(3-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**p*x**(-n*p + 2*n)*gamma(2 - p)*hyper((-p, 2 - p), (3 - p), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 - p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-2)+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p - 2) + 1),x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p - 2) + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p b + x^n(x^n b + a)^p a p + x^{np} \left( \int \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+n} b x + x^{np} a x} dx \right) a^2 n p^2 - x^{np} \left( \int \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+n} b x + x^{np} a x} dx \right) a^2 n p}{2x^{np} b n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*p + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*n*p**2 - x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**2*n*p)/(2*x**(n*p)*b*n)`

**3.549**  $\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3754
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3755
Rubi [C] (verified)	3755
Maple [F]	3756
Fricas [F]	3757
Sympy [F(-2)]	3757
Maxima [F]	3757
Giac [F]	3758
Mupad [F(-1)]	3758
Reduce [F]	3758

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= -\frac{cx^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{d^2np}$$

$$+ \frac{x^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{dn(1-p)}$$

$$+ \frac{cx^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{d^2np}$$

output

```
-c*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/d^2/n/p
/(x^(n*p))+x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1-p], [-p+2], -b*x^n/a)/d/
n/(1-p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)+c*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p], [1-p], -b*x^n/a)/d
^2/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^{-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{a+bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2-p, -p, 1, 3-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cn(-2+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n), x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[2 - p, -p, 1, 3 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*n*(-2 + p)*x^(n*(-2 + p))*((a + b*x^n)/a)^p))`

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-2)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{n(2-p)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$\frac{x^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2-p, -p, 1, 3-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cn(2-p)}$$



input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `(x^(n*(2 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[2 - p, -p, 1, 3 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*n*(2 - p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 2*n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-2)+1}(c+dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^n(x^n b + a)^p dp - (x^n b + a)^p cp + (x^n b + a)^p c - x^{np} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+2n} b dx + x^{np+n} a dx + x^{np+n} b c x + x^{np} a c x} dx \right) a c^2 n p^2 +$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*d*p - (x**n*b + a)**p*c*p + (x**n*b + a)**p*c - x**(
n*p)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(
n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a*c**2*n*p**2 + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*b +
a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x
**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a*c**2*n*p + x**(n*p)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x*
*(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*
c*x),x)*a*d**2*n*p**2 - x**(n*p)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p +
2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)
*b*c*d*n*p)/(x**(n*p)*d**2*n*p)
```

**3.550** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3760
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3761
Rubi [C] (verified)	3761
Maple [F]	3762
Fricas [F]	3763
Sympy [F(-2)]	3763
Maxima [F]	3763
Giac [F]	3764
Mupad [F(-1)]	3764
Reduce [F]	3764

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{d^2np}$$

$$- \frac{ax^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-p, 2-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{cdn(1-p)}$$

$$- \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{d^2np}$$

output

```
(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/d^2/n/p/(x
^(n*p))-a*x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([2, 1-p], [-p+2], (-a*d+b*c
)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c/d/n/(1-p)-(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p], [1-p], -b*x^n
/a)/d^2/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^{-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{a+bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2-p, -p, 2, 3-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 n(-2+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
-(((a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[2 - p, -p, 2, 3 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]
)/(c^2*n*(-2 + p)*x^(n*(-2 + p))*((a + b*x^n)/a)^p))
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40,  
 number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules  
 used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-2)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{n(2-p)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$\frac{x^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2-p, -p, 2, 3-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 n(2-p)}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x^(n*(2 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[2 - p, -p, 2, 3 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c^2*n*(2 - p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 2*n - 1)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-2)+1}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+2n}d^2x + 2x^{np+n}cdx + x^{np}c^2x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*d**2*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*c*d*x + x**(n*p)*c**2*x), x)`

**3.551** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3765
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3765
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3766
Maple [F]	3767
Fricas [F]	3767
Sympy [F(-1)]	3768
Maxima [F]	3768
Giac [F]	3768
Mupad [F(-1)]	3769
Reduce [F]	3769

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \frac{a^2 x^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 2-p, 3-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^3 n(2-p)}$$

output `a^2*x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(-2+p)*hypergeom([3, -p+2], [3-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^3/n/(-p+2)`

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{-2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2-p, -p, 3-p, \frac{-\frac{bx^n}{a} + \frac{dx^n}{c}}{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}}\right)}{c^3 n(-2+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^(-2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -((b*x^n)/a) + (d*x^n)/c]/(1 + (d*x^n)/c)))/(c^3*n*(-2 + p)*x^(n*(-2 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-2)-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{n(2-p)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^{n(2-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{p-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -\frac{\frac{bx^n}{a} - \frac{dx^n}{c}}{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}\right)}{c^3 n(2 - p)}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(x^(n*(2 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^(-2 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -((b*x^n)/a - (d*x^n)/c)/(1 + (d*x^n)/c)))/(c^3*n*(2 - p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 2*n - 1)/(d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-2)+1}(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^3), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3, x)`

output

```
( - x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**2*p**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p
*a**2*b*d**2*p - 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**2 + 4*x**(2*n)*(x**n
*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d*p + 5*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d - 3*x**(2*
n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**2 - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**2*p**2 - 3*x**
n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**2*p - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**2 + x**n*(x
**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d*p**2 + 6*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d*p + 2*x*
**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*d - 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**2*p + 2*x
**(n*p + 2*n)*int((x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b*d**6*p
**3*x + 4*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b*d**6*p**2*x + 5*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b*d**6
*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**3*b*d**6*x - 7*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**2*b**2*c*d**5*
p**2*x - 15*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**2*b**2*c*d**5*p*x - 8*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a**2*b*
*2*c*d**5*x + 12*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a*b**3*c**2*d**4*p*x + 12*x**(n*p + 4*n)*a
*b**3*c**2*d**4*x - 6*x**(n*p + 4*n)*b**4*c**3*d**3*x + x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**
4*d**6*p**3*x + 4*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**4*d**6*p**2*x + 5*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**4*
d**6*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**4*d**6*x + 3*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**3*b*c*d**5*p
**3*x + 5*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**3*b*c*d**5*p**2*x - 2*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**3*b*c*
d**5*x - 21*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4*p**2*x - 33*x**(n*p + 3*n)*
a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4*p*x - 12*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4*x + 36*x**
(n*p + 3*n)*a*b**3*c**3*d**3*p*x + 30*x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b**3*c**3*d**3*x -
18*x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**4*c**4*d**2*x + 3*x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**4*c*d**5*p**3*...
```

**3.552** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	3771
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3771
Rubi [C] (verified)	3772
Maple [F]	3773
Fricas [F]	3774
Sympy [F(-1)]	3774
Maxima [F]	3774
Giac [F]	3775
Mupad [F(-1)]	3775
Reduce [F]	3775

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \frac{x^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(2-p)(c+dx^n)^3} - \frac{a^2(3bc-ad(1+p))x^{n(3-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-3+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, 3-p, 4-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^5n(2-p)(3-p)}$$

```
output x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(-p+2)/(c+d*x^n)^3-a^2*(3*b*c-a*d*(p+1))
*x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(-3+p)*hypergeom([4, 3-p],[4-p],(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^5/n/(-p+2)/(3-p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \frac{(-1+p)px^{-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(3(2c+dpn) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, 1-p\right) - 3(c+d(-1+p)x^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)\right)}{c^5n(2-p)(3-p)}$$



input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^4,x]`

output `-1/6*((-1 + p)*p*(a + b*x^n)^p*(3*(2*c + d*p*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - 3*(c + d*(-1 + p)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] - 2*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 3*c*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(c^2*n*x^(n*(-2 + p))*(c + d*x^n)^3)`

### Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-2)-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{n(2-p)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$(1 - p)px^{n(2-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(-2dx^n \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, 3 - p\right) + dpx^n \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, 3 - p\right) - dx^n \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, -p\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^4,x]`

output

```
((1 - p)*p*x^(n*(2 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(3*(2*c + d*p*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[
((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - 3*(c - d*(1 - p)*x^n)*Hurwi
tzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] - 2*d*x^n*HurwitzL
erchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerc
hPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 3*c*HurwitzLerchPhi[((
b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*
d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n
)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(6*c^5*n*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^3)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^q_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^q_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
& NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 2*n - 1)/(d^4*x^(4*n) + 4*c*d^3*x^(3*n) + 6*c^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + 4*c^3*d*x^n + c^4), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-2)+1}(c+dx^n)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^4), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x)`

output

```

(x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*d**3*p**2 + 5*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p
*a**2*b**2*d**3*p + 6*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*d**3 - 5*x**(3*n)
*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c*d**2*p - 11*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c*d
*2 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*c**2*d - x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**
3*b*d**3*p**3 - 5*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p**2 - 6*x**(2*n)*(
x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p + 8*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**2
*p**2 + 26*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*p + 18*x**(2*n)*(x**n
*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**2 - 19*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**2*d*p
- 33*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**2*d + 12*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*
b**4*c**3 - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**3*p**3 - 6*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a
**4*d**3*p**2 - 11*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**3*p - 6*x**n*(x**n*b + a)*
*p*a**4*d**3 + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2*p**3 + 13*x**n*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2*p**2 + 30*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2*p + 24*x
**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2 - 7*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c**2*
d*p**2 - 31*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*p - 18*x**n*(x**n*b + a)
**p*a**2*b**2*c**2*d + 12*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**3*p + 6*x**(n*p +
3*n)*int((x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p**8*x +
16*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p**7*x + 110*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p
**6*x + 424*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p**5*x + 1001*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*
b*d**12*p**4*x + 1480*x**(n*p + 5*n)*a**8*b*d**12*p**3*x + 1336*x**(n*p...

```

**3.553** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	3777
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3778
Rubi [C] (verified)	3779
Maple [F]	3781
Fricas [F]	3781
Sympy [F(-1)]	3781
Maxima [F]	3782
Giac [F]	3782
Mupad [F(-1)]	3782
Reduce [F]	3783

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 245

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(2-p)(c+dx^n)^4} + \frac{d(4bc-ad(2+p))x^{n(3-p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{4ac^2(bc-ad)n(2-p)(c+dx^n)^4}$$

$$\frac{a^2(12b^2c^2-8abcd(1+p)+a^2d^2(2+3p+p^2))x^{n(3-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-3+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, 3-p, 4, \frac{d}{c}\right)}{4c^6(bc-ad)n(2-p)(3-p)}$$

```
output x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(-p+2)/(c+d*x^n)^4+1/4*d*(4*b*c-a*d*(2+p))*x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(-p+2)/(c+d*x^n)^4-1/4*a^2*(12*b^2*c^2-8*a*b*c*d*(p+1)+a^2*d^2*(p^2+3*p+2))*x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(-3+p)*hypergeom([4, 3-p],[4-p],(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^6/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(-p+2)/(3-p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 722, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx =$$

$$\frac{(-1+p)px^{-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left( 4(6c^2 + 6cdpx^n + d^2p(1+p)x^{2n}) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, 1-p\right) - 6(2c^2 + 4cd) \right)}{(c+dx^n)^5}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^5,x]`

output

```
-1/24*((-1 + p)*p*(a + b*x^n)^p*(4*(6*c^2 + 6*c*d*p*x^n + d^2*p*(1 + p)*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - 6*(2*c^2 + 4*c*d*(-1 + p)*x^n + d^2*(-1 + p)*p*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] - 16*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 8*c*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 8*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 12*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 4*d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 6*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] + 5*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - 12*c^2*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 8*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 8*c*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 2*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 3*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(c^3*n*x^(n*(-2 + p))*(c + d*x^n)^4)
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 733, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-2)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{n(2-p)-1}\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^p}{(dx^n+c)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$(1-p)px^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(4(6c^2+6cdpx^n+d^2p(p+1)x^{2n}) \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, 1-p\right) - 6(2c^2-4cd(1-p)x^n - d\right)$$

input

```
Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-2 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^5,x]
```



output

```

((1 - p)*p*x^(n*(2 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(4*(6*c^2 + 6*c*d*p*x^n + d^2*p*(1
+ p)*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p]
- 6*(2*c^2 - 4*c*d*(1 - p)*x^n - d^2*(1 - p)*p*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[(
(b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] - 16*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[(
(b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 8*c*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[
((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 8*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchP
hi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 12*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*Hurwitz
LerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 4*d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*
HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 6*d^2*x^(2*
n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] + 5*d^2*p*
x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - d^2
*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p]
- 12*c^2*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 8*c*d
*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 8*c*d*p*x
^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 2*d^2*x^(2*
n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 3*d^2*p*x^(
2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d^2*p^2*x
^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(24*c^7
*n*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^4)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
))^ (q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

```

rule 1013

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_
))^ (q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
& NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])

```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^5} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 2*n - 1)/(d^5*x^(5*n) + 5*c*d^4*x^(4*n) + 10*c^2*d^3*x^(3*n) + 10*c^3*d^2*x^(2*n) + 5*c^4*d*x^n + c^5), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^5} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^5, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-2)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^5} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 2) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-2)+1}(c+dx^n)^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^5),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 2) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^5), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x)`

output `too large to display`

### 3.554 $\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3784
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3784
Rubi [A] (verified)	3785
Maple [F]	3787
Fricas [F]	3787
Sympy [F(-1)]	3788
Maxima [F]	3788
Giac [F(-2)]	3788
Mupad [F(-1)]	3789
Reduce [F]	3789

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{c^2 x^{n(3-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(3-p)} + \frac{d^2 x^{n(4-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{5bn} - \frac{(20b^2c^2 - 10abcd(3-p) + a^2d^2(12 - 7p + p^2)) x^{n(4-p)}(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(4 - p, -p, 4 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{5abn(3-p)(4-p)}$$

output

```
c^2*x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(3-p)+1/5*d^2*x^(n*(4-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n-1/5*(20*b^2*c^2-10*a*b*c*d*(3-p)+a^2*d^2*(p^2-7*p+12))*x^(n*(4-p))*
(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 4-p], [5-p], -b*x^n/a)/a/b/n/(3-p)/(4-p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{-p} (c^2(20 - 9p + p^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) + d^2(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a})^{1+p})}{5abn(3-p)(4-p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c^2*(20 - 9*p + p^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, -p, 4 - p,
-((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(-3 + p)*x^n*(2*c*(-5 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[4 - p, -p,
5 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)] + d*(-4 + p)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[5 - p, -p, 6 - p,
-((b*x^n)/a)])))/((n*(-5 + p)*(-4 + p)*(-3 + p)*x^(n*(-3 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n
)/a)^p))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.138$ , Rules used = {1008, 959, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p-3)-1}(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1008} \\
 & \frac{\int x^{n(3-p)-1}(bx^n + a)^p (dn(6bc - ad(4 - p))x^n + cn(5bc - ad(3 - p))) dx}{5bn} + \frac{dx^{n(3-p)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{5bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{\frac{n(a^2d^2(p^2-7p+12)-10abcd(3-p)+20b^2c^2)}{4b} \int x^{n(3-p)-1}(bx^n+a)^p dx}{5bn} + \frac{dx^{n(3-p)}(6bc-ad(4-p))(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{4b} + \frac{dx^{n(3-p)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{5bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{882} \\
 & \frac{a^3x^{-np}(a^2d^2(p^2-7p+12)-10abcd(3-p)+20b^2c^2)\left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^p(a+bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{2-p}}{\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^4} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{4b} + \frac{dx^{n(3-p)}(6bc-ad(4-p))(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{4b} + \frac{dx^{n(3-p)}(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{5bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{74}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a^3 x^{3n-np} (a^2 d^2 (p^2 - 7p + 12) - 10abcd(3-p) + 20b^2 c^2) (a + bx^n)^{p-3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, 3-p, 4-p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right) + dx^{n(3-p)} (6bc - ad(4-p)) (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{4b(3-p)} + \frac{dx^{n(3-p)} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{5bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(d*x^(n*(3 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(5*b*n) + ((d*(6*b*c - a*d*(4 - p))*x^(n*(3 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(4*b) + (a^3*(20*b^2*c^2 - 10*a*b*c*d*(3 - p) + a^2*d^2*(12 - 7*p + p^2))*x^(3*n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^(-3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[4, 3 - p, 4 - p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)]/(4*b*(3 - p)))/(5*b*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 1008

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + n*(p + q) + 1))
Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*((c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + c*b*n*(p + q)) + (d*(c*b - a*d)*(m + 1) + d*n*(q - 1)*(b*c - a*d) + c*b*d*n*(p + q))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2 (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^2*x^(-n*p + 3*n - 1)*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^(-n*p + 3*n - 1)*x^n + c^2*x^(-n*p + 3*n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)
```



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2(bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2*(b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{-1,[1,0,4,3,1,3,3,2,0]%%}+%%{-3,[1,0,4,3,1,3,2,2,0]%%}+  
%%{-3,[1`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2}{x^{n(p-3)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p - 3) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2)/x^(n*(p - 3) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```

(24*x**(5*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*d**2 + 6*x**(4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3
*d**2*p + 60*x**(4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*c*d + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**
p*a**2*b**2*d**2*p**2 - 8*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*d**2*p + 20*x
**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c*d*p + 40*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**4*c*
*2 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**2*p**3 - 7*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**
p*a**3*b*d**2*p**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**2*p + 10*x**(2*
n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d*p**2 - 30*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b
**2*c*d*p + 20*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**2*p + x**n*(x**n*b + a)*
*p*a**4*d**2*p**4 - 9*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**2*p**3 + 26*x**n*(x**n*
b + a)**p*a**4*d**2*p**2 - 24*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**2*p + 10*x**n*(
x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d*p**3 - 50*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d*p**2 +
60*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d*p + 20*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*
c**2*p**2 - 40*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c**2*p + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*
(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**5*d**2*n*p**5 - 1
0*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)
*a**5*d**2*n*p**4 + 35*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b
*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**5*d**2*n*p**3 - 50*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a
)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**5*d**2*n*p**2 + 24*x**(n*p)*
int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**5*d**2*
n*p + 10*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*...

```

### 3.555 $\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3791
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3791
Rubi [A] (verified)	3792
Maple [F]	3793
Fricas [F]	3794
Sympy [F(-1)]	3794
Maxima [F]	3794
Giac [F(-2)]	3795
Mupad [F(-1)]	3795
Reduce [F]	3795

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx^{n(3-p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{4bn} + \frac{(4bc - ad(3 - p))x^{n(3-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{4bn(3 - p)}$$

output

```
1/4*d*x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n+1/4*(4*b*c-a*d*(3-p))*x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 3-p],[4-p],-b*x^n/a)/b/n/(3-p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x^{-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(c(-4 + p) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + d(-3 + p)\right)}{n(-4 + p)(-3 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```

-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c*(-4 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -(b*x^n)/a]) + d*(-3 + p)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[4 - p, -p, 5 - p, -(b*x^n)/a]))/(n*(-4 + p)*(-3 + p)*x^(n*(-3 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {959, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-n(p-3)-1} (c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & \frac{(4bc - ad(3 - p)) \int x^{n(3-p)-1} (bx^n + a)^p dx}{4b} + \frac{dx^{n(3-p)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{4bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{882} \\
 & \frac{a^3 x^{-np} (4bc - ad(3 - p)) \left(\frac{x^n}{a + bx^n}\right)^p (a + bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n + a}\right)^{2-p}}{\left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{bx^n + a}\right)^4} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n + a}}{4bn} + \frac{dx^{n(3-p)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{4bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{74} \\
 & \frac{a^3 x^{3n-np} (4bc - ad(3 - p)) (a + bx^n)^{p-3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, 3 - p, 4 - p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n + a}\right)}{4bn(3 - p)} + \frac{dx^{n(3-p)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{4bn}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]

```

output

```

(d*x^(n*(3 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(4*b*n) + (a^3*(4*b*c - a*d*(3 - p))*x^(3*n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^(-3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[4, 3 - p, 4 - p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)])/(4*b*n*(3 - p))

```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

rule 959 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^(-n*p+3*n-1)*x^n+c*x^(-n*p+3*n-1))*(b*x^n+a)^p,x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n+c)(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n+c)*(b*x^n+a)^p*x^(-n*(p-3)-1),x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{4, [0,0,2,2,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{4, [0,0,2,2,1,1,0,0,1]%%}+%%{1, [0,0,

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)}{x^{n(p-3)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p - 3) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n))/x^(n*(p - 3) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{6x^{4n}(x^nb+a)^p b^3d + 2x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p a b^2dp + 8x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p b^3c + x^{2n}(x^nb+a)^p a^2bdp^2 - 3x^{2n}(x^nb+a)^p b^3d}{(p-3)x^{n(p-3)+1}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`



output

```

(6*x**(4*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d*p
+ 8*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d*p
**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d*p + 4*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a
*b**2*c*p + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d*p**3 - 5*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3
*d*p**2 + 6*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d*p + 4*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*
c*p**2 - 8*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c*p + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b +
a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**4*d*n*p**4 - 6*x**(n*p)*int
((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**4*d*n*p**3
+ 11*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x
),x)*a**4*d*n*p**2 - 6*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b
*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**4*d*n*p + 4*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(
x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*b*c*n*p**3 - 12*x**(n*p)*int((x**
n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*b*c*n*p**2 +
8*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)
*a**3*b*c*n*p)/(24*x**(n*p)*b**3*n)

```

### 3.556 $\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3797
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3797
Rubi [A] (verified)	3798
Maple [F]	3799
Fricas [F]	3799
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3800
Maxima [F]	3800
Giac [F]	3800
Mupad [F(-1)]	3801
Reduce [F]	3801

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{n(3-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(3 - p)}$$

output

```
x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 3-p],[4-p],-b*x^n/a)/n/(3-p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(-3 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\left(a + b x^n\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -\left(\frac{b x^n}{a}\right)\right]\right) / \left(n \left(-3 + p\right) x^{n \left(-3 + p\right)} \left(1 + \left(\frac{b x^n}{a}\right)\right)^p\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(p-3)-1} (a + b x^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 882$$

$$\frac{a^3 x^{-np} \left(\frac{x^n}{a + b x^n}\right)^p (a + b x^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{b x^n + a}\right)^{2-p}}{\left(1 - \frac{b x^n}{b x^n + a}\right)^4} d\frac{x^n}{b x^n + a}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{a^3 x^{3n-np} (a + b x^n)^{p-3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, 3 - p, 4 - p, \frac{b x^n}{b x^n + a}\right)}{n(3 - p)}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[x^{-1 - n(-3 + p)} (a + b x^n)^p, x\right]$$

output

$$\left(a^3 x^{(3n - np)} (a + b x^n)^{-3 + p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[4, 3 - p, 4 - p, \frac{b x^n}{a + b x^n}\right]\right) / \left(n(3 - p)\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 3*n - 1), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 60.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^p x^{-np+3n} \Gamma(3-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 3-p \\ 4-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(4-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**p*x**(-n*p + 3*n)*gamma(3 - p)*hyper((-p, 3 - p), (4 - p), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4 - p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-3)+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p - 3) + 1),x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n*(p - 3) + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3n}(x^nb+a)^p b^2 + x^{2n}(x^nb+a)^p abp + x^n(x^nb+a)^p a^2 p^2 - 2x^n(x^nb+a)^p a^2 p + x^{np} \left( \int \frac{x^n(x^nb+a)^p}{x^{np+n}bx+x^{np}ax} dx \right)}{6x^{np}b^2n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `(2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*p + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*p**2 - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*p + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*n*p**3 - 3*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*n*p**2 + 2*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a**3*n*p)/(6*x**(n*p)*b**2*n)`

**3.557**  $\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3802
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3803
Rubi [C] (verified)	3803
Maple [F]	3804
Fricas [F]	3805
Sympy [F(-2)]	3805
Maxima [F]	3805
Giac [F]	3806
Mupad [F(-1)]	3806
Reduce [F]	3806

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{d^3np}$$

$$- \frac{cx^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{d^2n(1-p)}$$

$$+ \frac{x^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2-p, -p, 3-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{dn(2-p)}$$

$$- \frac{c^2x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{d^3np}$$

output

```
c^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/d^3/n/
p/(x^(n*p))-c*x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1-p], [-p+2], -b*x^n/a)
/d^2/n/(1-p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)+x^(n*(-p+2))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p+2]
, [3-p], -b*x^n/a)/d/n/(-p+2)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)-c^2*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p,
-p], [1-p], -b*x^n/a)/d^3/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^{-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{a+bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(3-p, -p, 1, 4-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cn(-3+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n), x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[3 - p, -p, 1, 4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*n*(-3 + p)*x^(n*(-3 + p))*((a + b*x^n)/a)^p))`

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-3)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{n(3-p)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$\frac{x^{n(3-p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(3-p, -p, 1, 4-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cn(3-p)}$$



input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `(x^(n*(3 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[3 - p, -p, 1, 4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*n*(3 - p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 3*n - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{dx^n+c} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-3)+1}(c+dx^n)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{2n}(x^n b + a)^p b d^2 p + x^n (x^n b + a)^p a d^2 p^2 - 2x^n (x^n b + a)^p b c d p - (x^n b + a)^p a c d p^2 + (x^n b + a)^p a c d p + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```

(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d**2*p + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d**2*p**2 - 2*
x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*d*p - (x**n*b + a)**p*a*c*d*p**2 + (x**n*b + a)**
p*a*c*d*p + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c**2*p - 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c**2 - x**(n*
p)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*
p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**2*c**2*d*n*p**3 + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*
b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x
+ x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**2*c**2*d*n*p**2 + 2*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(
x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*
a*c*x),x)*a*b*c**3*n*p**2 - 2*x**(n*p)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 2*n)
*b*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a*b*
c**3*n*p + x**(n*p)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x +
x**(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**2*d**3*n*
p**3 - x**(n*p)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**
(n*p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a**2*d**3*n*p**2
- 2*x**(n*p)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*
p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*a*b*c*d**2*n*p**2
+ 2*x**(n*p)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*b*d*x + x**(n*
p + n)*a*d*x + x**(n*p + n)*b*c*x + x**(n*p)*a*c*x),x)*b**2*c**2*d*n*p)/(2
*x**(n*p)*b*d**3*n*p)

```

**3.558** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3808
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3809
Rubi [C] (verified)	3809
Maple [F]	3810
Fricas [F]	3811
Sympy [F(-2)]	3811
Maxima [F]	3811
Giac [F]	3812
Mupad [F(-1)]	3812
Reduce [F]	3812

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2cx^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{d^3np}$$

$$+ \frac{ax^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-p, 2-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{d^2n(1-p)}$$

$$+ \frac{x^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{d^2n(1-p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2cx^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{d^3np}$$

output

```
-2*c*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/d^3/n
/p/(x^(n*p))+a*x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([2, 1-p], [-p+2], (-a*
d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/d^2/n/(1-p)+x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p,
1-p], [-p+2], -b*x^n/a)/d^2/n/(1-p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)+2*c*(a+b*x^n)^p*hyperge
om([-p, -p], [1-p], -b*x^n/a)/d^3/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^{-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{a+bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(3-p, -p, 2, 4-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 n(-3+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
-(((a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[3 - p, -p, 2, 4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]
)/(c^2*n*(-3 + p)*x^(n*(-3 + p))*((a + b*x^n)/a)^p))
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-3)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{n(3-p)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$\frac{x^{n(3-p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(3-p, -p, 2, 4-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 n(3-p)}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x^(n*(3 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[3 - p, -p, 2, 4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^2*n*(3 - p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 3*n - 1)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-3)+1}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```

(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d**2*p**2 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d**2*p
- 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*d*p - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c*d*p**2 + x
**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c*d*p + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c*d + (x**n*b + a)*
*p*a*c**2*p**2 - 3*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c**2*p + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c**2 + x
**(n*p + n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x + x**(n*p + 3
*n)*a*b*d**3*x - 2*x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3
*p*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*x + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - 4*x*
*(n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*p*x + 2*x**(n*p +
n)*a**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*p*x - 3*x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d
*x - 2*x**(n*p + n)*b**2*c**3*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d*p*x + x**(n*p)*a**2
*c**2*d*x - 2*x**(n*p)*a*b*c**3*x), x)*a**3*c**3*d**2*n*p**4 - 2*x**(n*p +
n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x + x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d
**3*x - 2*x**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + x*
*(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*x + 2*x**(n*p + 2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - 4*x**(n*p + 2
*n)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c*d**2*p*x + 2*x**(n*p + n)*a**2*c
*d**2*x + x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*p*x - 3*x**(n*p + n)*a*b*c**2*d*x - 2*x*
*(n*p + n)*b**2*c**3*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d*p*x + x**(n*p)*a**2*c**2*d*x
- 2*x**(n*p)*a*b*c**3*x), x)*a**3*c**3*d**2*n*p**3 - x**(n*p + n)*int((x**
n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*p*x + x**(n*p + 3*n)*a*b*d**3*x - 2*x
**(n*p + 3*n)*b**2*c*d**2*x + x**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*d**3*p*x + x**(n*p + ...

```

**3.559** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3814
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3815
Rubi [C] (verified)	3815
Maple [F]	3816
Fricas [F]	3817
Sympy [F(-1)]	3817
Maxima [F]	3817
Giac [F]	3818
Mupad [F(-1)]	3818
Reduce [F]	3818

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 273

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{d^3np}$$

$$- \frac{ax^{n(1-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1-p, 2-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{cd^2n(1-p)}$$

$$- \frac{a^2x^{n(2-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-2+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 2-p, 3-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^2dn(2-p)}$$

$$- \frac{x^{-np}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{d^3np}$$

output

```
(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1, -p], [1-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/d^3/n/p/(x
^(n*p))-a*x^(n*(1-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(-1+p)*hypergeom([2, 1-p], [-p+2], (-a*d+b*c
)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c/d^2/n/(1-p)-a^2*x^(n*(2-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(-2+p)*hyperge
om([3, -p+2], [3-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^2/d/n/(-p+2)-(a+b*x^n)^p*
hypergeom([-p, -p], [1-p], -b*x^n/a)/d^3/n/p/(x^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{x^{-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{a+bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(3-p, -p, 3, 4-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^3 n(-3+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
-(((a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[3 - p, -p, 3, 4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]
)/(c^3*n*(-3 + p)*x^(n*(-3 + p))*((a + b*x^n)/a)^p))
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-3)-1}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{n(3-p)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$\frac{x^{n(3-p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(3-p, -p, 3, 4-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^3 n(3-p)}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(x^(n*(3 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[3 - p, -p, 3, 4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^3*n*(3 - p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 3*n - 1)/(d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-3)+1}(c+dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^3), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n}(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+3n}d^3x + 3x^{np+2n}cd^2x + 3x^{np+n}c^2dx + x^{np}c^3x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*d**3*x + 3*x**(n*p + 2*n)*c*d**2*x + 3*x**(n*p + n)*c**2*d*x + x**(n*p)*c**3*x), x)`

**3.560** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	3819
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3819
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3820
Maple [F]	3821
Fricas [F]	3821
Sympy [F(-1)]	3822
Maxima [F]	3822
Giac [F]	3822
Mupad [F(-1)]	3823
Reduce [F]	3823

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \frac{a^3 x^{n(3-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-3+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, 3-p, 4-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^4 n(3-p)}$$

output `a^3*x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(-3+p)*hypergeom([4, 3-p],[4-p],(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^4/n/(3-p)`

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \frac{x^{-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{-3+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3-p, -p, 4-p, \frac{-\frac{bx^n}{a} + \frac{dx^n}{c}}{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}}\right)}{c^4 n(-3+p)}$$



input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^4,x]`

output `-(((a + b*x^n)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^(-3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a) + (d*x^n)/c]/(1 + (d*x^n)/c)))/(c^4*n*(-3 + p)*x^(n*(-3 + p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-3)-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{n(3-p)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^{n(3-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{p-3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -\frac{\frac{bx^n}{a} - \frac{dx^n}{c}}{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}\right)}{c^4 n(3 - p)}$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p]/(c + d*x^n)^4,x]`

output `(x^(n*(3 - p)))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^(-3 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 - p, -p, 4 - p, -((b*x^n)/a - (d*x^n)/c)/(1 + (d*x^n)/c)]/(c^4*n*(3 - p))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n + c)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 3*n - 1)/(d^4*x^(4*n) + 4*c*d^3*x^(3*n) + 6*c^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + 4*c^3*d*x^n + c^4), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-3)+1}(c+dx^n)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^4), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^4, x)`

output

```
( - x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p**3 - 7*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p
*a**3*b*d**3*p**2 - 16*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3*p - 12*x**(3*n
)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*d**3 + 9*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**
2*p**2 + 33*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*p + 30*x**(3*n)*(x**
n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c*d**2 - 16*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**2*d*p
- 28*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**2*d + 8*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*
b**4*c**3 - x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**3*p**3 - 7*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a**4*d**3*p**2 - 16*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**3*p - 12*x**(2
*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*d**3 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2*p**
3 + 12*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2*p**2 + 29*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2*p + 18*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c*d**2 - 5*x**
(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*p**2 - 17*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a**2*b**2*c**2*d*p - 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c**2*d + 4*x**(2
*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**3*c**3*p + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*c*d**2*p**3
+ 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*c*d**2*p**2 - 4*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*c*
d**2*p - 12*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**4*c*d**2 - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b
*c**2*d*p**3 - 7*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c**2*d*p**2 + 12*x**n*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*a**3*b*c**2*d*p + 12*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*b*c**2*d + 4*x**n*
(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c**3*p**2 - 8*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b**2*c**
3*p - 6*x**(n*p + 3*n)*int((x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + 5*n)*a...
```

**3.561** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx$$

Optimal result	3825
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3825
Rubi [C] (verified)	3826
Maple [F]	3827
Fricas [F]	3828
Sympy [F(-1)]	3828
Maxima [F]	3828
Giac [F]	3829
Mupad [F(-1)]	3829
Reduce [F]	3829

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \frac{x^{n(3-p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(3-p)(c+dx^n)^4} - \frac{a^3(4bc-ad(1+p))x^{n(4-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-4+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(5, 4-p, 5-p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{c^6n(3-p)(4-p)}$$

output

```
x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(3-p)/(c+d*x^n)^4-a^3*(4*b*c-a*d*(p+1))*
x^(n*(4-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(-4+p)*hypergeom([5, 4-p], [5-p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+
b*x^n))/c^6/n/(3-p)/(4-p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \frac{p(2-3p+p^2)x^{-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \left(4(3c+dpn)\Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, 1-p\right) - 6(2c+d(-1+p)x^n)\Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}, 1, 1-p\right)\right)}{c^6n(3-p)(4-p)}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^5,x]`

output `(p*(2 - 3*p + p^2)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(4*(3*c + d*p*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - 6*(2*c + d*(-1 + p)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] + 4*c*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 8*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 4*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 3*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - 4*c*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(24*c^2*n*x^(n*(-3 + p))*(c + d*x^n)^4)`

## Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 430, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.069$ , Rules used = {1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-n(p-3)-1}(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1013}$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{x^{n(3-p)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1012}$$

$$(1 - p)(2 - p)px^{n(3-p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(-8dx^n \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, 3 - p\right) + 4dp^n \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, 3 - p\right) + 3dx^n \Phi\left(\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(bx^n+a)}, 1, 3 - p\right)\right)$$

input `Int[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^5,x]`

output `((1 - p)*(2 - p)*p*x^(n*(3 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(4*(3*c + d*p*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - 6*(2*c - d*(1 - p)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] + 4*c*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 8*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 4*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 3*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - 4*c*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p]))/(24*c^6*n*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^4)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x)`



output `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^5} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 3*n - 1)/(d^5*x^(5*n) + 5*c*d^4*x^(4*n) + 10*c^2*d^3*x^(3*n) + 10*c^3*d^2*x^(2*n) + 5*c^4*d*x^n + c^5), x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^5} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^5, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^5} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-3)+1}(c+dx^n)^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^5), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^5), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^5} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^5,x)`

output `too large to display`

**3.562** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx$$

Optimal result	3830
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3831
Rubi [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3832
Maple [F]	3834
Fricas [F]	3834
Sympy [F(-1)]	3834
Maxima [F]	3835
Giac [F]	3835
Mupad [F(-1)]	3835
Reduce [F]	3836

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 245

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{n(3-p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(3-p)(c+dx^n)^5} + \frac{d(5bc-ad(2+p))x^{n(4-p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{5ac^2(bc-ad)n(3-p)(c+dx^n)^5}$$

$$\frac{a^3(20b^2c^2-10abcd(1+p)+a^2d^2(2+3p+p^2))x^{n(4-p)}(a+bx^n)^{-4+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(5, 4-p, 5, \frac{d}{c}\right)}{5c^7(bc-ad)n(3-p)(4-p)}$$

```
output x^(n*(3-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(3-p)/(c+d*x^n)^5+1/5*d*(5*b*c-a*d*(2+p)
)*x^(n*(4-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(3-p)/(c+d*x^n)^5-1/5*a^3
*(20*b^2*c^2-10*a*b*c*d*(p+1)+a^2*d^2*(p^2+3*p+2))*x^(n*(4-p))*(a+b*x^n)^(
-4+p)*hypergeom([5, 4-p],[5-p],(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/c^7/(-a*d+b*c)/
n/(3-p)/(4-p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 966, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[(x^(-1 - n*(-3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p)/(c + d*x^n)^6,x]`

output

```
(p*(2 - 3*p + p^2)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(5*(12*c^2 + 8*c*d*p*x^n + d^2*p*(1 + p)*
x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 1 - p] - 10
*(6*c^2 + 6*c*d*(-1 + p)*x^n + d^2*(-1 + p)*p*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b
*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] + 20*c^2*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c -
a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 80*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c -
a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 40*c*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c
- a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 20*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[
((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 30*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerc
hPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 10*d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*Hur
witzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 30*c*d*x^n*Hur
witzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - 10*c*d*p*x^n*H
urwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - 30*d^2*x^(2*
n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] + 25*d^2*p
*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - 5*
d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 -
p] + 12*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1,
5 - p] - 7*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))
, 1, 5 - p] + d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b
*x^n)), 1, 5 - p] - 20*c^2*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)
), 1, -p] - 10*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n))...
```



output

```

((1 - p)*(2 - p)*p*x^(n*(3 - p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(5*(12*c^2 + 8*c*d*p*x^n +
d^2*p*(1 + p)*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)),
1, 1 - p] - 10*(6*c^2 - 6*c*d*(1 - p)*x^n - d^2*(1 - p)*p*x^(2*n))*Hurwitz
LerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 2 - p] + 20*c^2*HurwitzLerc
hPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 80*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerc
hPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 40*c*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLe
rchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 20*d^2*x^(2*n)*Hurwi
tzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] - 30*d^2*p*x^(2*n)
*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 10*d^2*p^2
*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 3 - p] + 30
*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] - 10
*c*d*p*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p] -
30*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 4 - p
] + 25*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1,
4 - p] - 5*d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a + b*x^
n)), 1, 4 - p] + 12*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*(a +
b*x^n)), 1, 5 - p] - 7*d^2*p*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c*
(a + b*x^n)), 1, 5 - p] + d^2*p^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)
)/(c*(a + b*x^n)), 1, 5 - p] - 20*c^2*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c
*(a + b*x^n)), 1, -p] - 10*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(c...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```

Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_
))^^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

```

rule 1013

```

Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_
))^^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
& NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])

```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^6,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^6,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^6} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p + 3*n - 1)/(d^6*x^(6*n) + 6*c*d^5*x^(5*n) + 15*c^2*d^4*x^(4*n) + 20*c^3*d^3*x^(3*n) + 15*c^4*d^2*x^(2*n) + 6*c^5*d*x^n + c^6), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^6} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^6, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^p x^{-n(p-3)-1}}{(dx^n+c)^6} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*(p - 3) - 1)/(d*x^n + c)^6, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n(p-3)+1}(c+dx^n)^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^6),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(x^(n*(p - 3) + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^6), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^6} dx = \int \frac{x^{-1-n(-3+p)}(x^n b+a)^p}{(x^n d+c)^6} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^6,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(-3+p))*(a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^6,x)`

### 3.563 $\int x^m(2 + bx^n)^p (3 + dx^n)^q dx$

Optimal result	3837
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3837
Rubi [A] (verified)	3838
Maple [F]	3839
Fricas [F]	3839
Sympy [F(-1)]	3839
Maxima [F]	3840
Giac [F]	3840
Mupad [F(-1)]	3840
Reduce [F]	3841

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^m(2 + bx^n)^p (3 + dx^n)^q dx = \frac{2^p 3^q x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, -q, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{2}, -\frac{dx^n}{3}\right)}{1+m}$$

output

$2^p 3^q x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, -q, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{1}{2} b x^n, -\frac{1}{3} d x^n\right) / (1+m)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^m(2 + bx^n)^p (3 + dx^n)^q dx = \frac{2^p 3^q x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, -q, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{2}, -\frac{dx^n}{3}\right)}{1+m}$$

input

`Integrate[x^m*(2 + b*x^n)^p*(3 + d*x^n)^q,x]`

output

$(2^p 3^q x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}[(1+m)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (1+m)/n, -1/2*(b*x^n), -1/3*(d*x^n)]) / (1+m)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$ , Rules used = {1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (bx^n + 2)^p (dx^n + 3)^q dx$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{2^p 3^q x^{m+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -p, -q, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{2}, -\frac{dx^n}{3}\right)}{m+1}$$

input `Int[x^m*(2 + b*x^n)^p*(3 + d*x^n)^q,x]`

output `(2^p*3^q*x^(1 + m)*AppellF1[(1 + m)/n, -p, -q, (1 + m + n)/n, -1/2*(b*x^n), -1/3*(d*x^n)])/(1 + m)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^m (2 + b x^n)^p (3 + d x^n)^q dx$$

input `int(x^m*(2+b*x^n)^p*(3+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output `int(x^m*(2+b*x^n)^p*(3+d*x^n)^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^m (2 + b x^n)^p (3 + d x^n)^q dx = \int (b x^n + 2)^p (d x^n + 3)^q x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(2+b*x^n)^p*(3+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + 2)^p*(d*x^n + 3)^q*x^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m (2 + b x^n)^p (3 + d x^n)^q dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(2+b*x**n)**p*(3+d*x**n)**q,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^m (2 + bx^n)^p (3 + dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n + 2)^p (dx^n + 3)^q x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(2+b*x^n)^p*(3+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + 2)^p*(d*x^n + 3)^q*x^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^m (2 + bx^n)^p (3 + dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n + 2)^p (dx^n + 3)^q x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(2+b*x^n)^p*(3+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + 2)^p*(d*x^n + 3)^q*x^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m (2 + bx^n)^p (3 + dx^n)^q dx = \int x^m (bx^n + 2)^p (dx^n + 3)^q dx$$

input `int(x^m*(b*x^n + 2)^p*(d*x^n + 3)^q,x)`

output `int(x^m*(b*x^n + 2)^p*(d*x^n + 3)^q, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int x^m(2 + bx^n)^p(3 + dx^n)^q dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^m*(2+b*x^n)^p*(3+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output

```
(3*x**m*(x**n*d + 3)**q*(x**n*b + 2)**p*b*x + 2*x**m*(x**n*d + 3)**q*(x**n
*b + 2)**p*d*x - 9*int((x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*d + 3)**q*(x**n*b + 2)**p)/(3*x
**(2*n)*b**2*d*m + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2*d*n*p + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2*d + 2*x**(2*n)*
b*d**2*m + 2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*n*q + 2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 9*x**n*b**2*m + 9*x
**n*b**2*n*p + 9*x**n*b**2 + 12*x**n*b*d*m + 6*x**n*b*d*n*p + 6*x**n*b*d*n
*q + 12*x**n*b*d + 4*x**n*d**2*m + 4*x**n*d**2*n*q + 4*x**n*d**2 + 18*b*m
+ 18*b*n*p + 18*b + 12*d*m + 12*d*n*q + 12*d),x)*b**3*d*m*n*q - 9*int((x**
(m + 2*n)*(x**n*d + 3)**q*(x**n*b + 2)**p)/(3*x**(2*n)*b**2*d*m + 3*x**(2*
n)*b**2*d*n*p + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2*d + 2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*m + 2*x**(2*n)*b*d**
2*n*q + 2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 9*x**n*b**2*m + 9*x**n*b**2*n*p + 9*x**n*b**2
+ 12*x**n*b*d*m + 6*x**n*b*d*n*p + 6*x**n*b*d*n*q + 12*x**n*b*d + 4*x**n*d
**2*m + 4*x**n*d**2*n*q + 4*x**n*d**2 + 18*b*m + 18*b*n*p + 18*b + 12*d*m
+ 12*d*n*q + 12*d),x)*b**3*d*n**2*p*q - 9*int((x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*d + 3)**
q*(x**n*b + 2)**p)/(3*x**(2*n)*b**2*d*m + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2*d*n*p + 3*x**(2*
n)*b**2*d + 2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*m + 2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*n*q + 2*x**(2*n)*b*d**
2 + 9*x**n*b**2*m + 9*x**n*b**2*n*p + 9*x**n*b**2 + 12*x**n*b*d*m + 6*x**n
*b*d*n*p + 6*x**n*b*d*n*q + 12*x**n*b*d + 4*x**n*d**2*m + 4*x**n*d**2*n*q
+ 4*x**n*d**2 + 18*b*m + 18*b*n*p + 18*b + 12*d*m + 12*d*n*q + 12*d),x)*b*
**3*d*n*q - 6*int((x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*d + 3)**q*(x**n*b + 2)**p)/(3*x**(2*n
)*b**2*d*m + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2*d*n*p + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2*d + 2*x**(2*n)*b*d...
```

### 3.564 $\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$

Optimal result	3842
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3842
Rubi [A] (verified)	3843
Maple [F]	3844
Fricas [F]	3844
Sympy [F(-2)]	3845
Maxima [F]	3845
Giac [F]	3845
Mupad [F(-1)]	3846
Reduce [F]	3846

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, -q, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{e(1+m)}$$

output

```
(e*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q*AppellF1((1+m)/n,-p,-q,(1+m+n)/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/e/(1+m)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)/((1+d*x^n/c)^q)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$= \frac{x(ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, -q, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{1+m}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]
```

output

$$(x*(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*AppellF1[(1 + m)/n, -p, -q, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/((1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^q)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (ex)^m \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p (dx^n + c)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-q} \int (ex)^m \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -p, -q, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{e(m+1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]$$

output

$$((e*x)^{(1 + m)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*AppellF1[(1 + m)/n, -p, -q, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(e*(1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^q)$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q (ex)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*(e*x)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**q,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*(e*x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q (ex)^m dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*(e*x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x)`output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^m (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output

```
(e**m*(x**m*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*x + x**m*(x**n*d + c)**q*(
x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*x - int((x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/
(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*m + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*n*q + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2 + x**(2*n)
)*b**2*c*d*m + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d + x**n*a**2*d**2*
m + x**n*a**2*d**2*n*q + x**n*a**2*d**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*m + x**n*a*b*c*d*
n*p + x**n*a*b*c*d*n*q + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d + x**n*b**2*c**2*m + x**n*b**2*c**
2*n*p + x**n*b**2*c**2 + a**2*c*d*m + a**2*c*d*n*q + a**2*c*d + a*b*c**2*m
+ a*b*c**2*n*p + a*b*c**2),x)*a**2*b*d**3*m*n*p - int((x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n
*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*m + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*n*q +
x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*m + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*n*p + x**(2*n)
)*b**2*c*d + x**n*a**2*d**2*m + x**n*a**2*d**2*n*q + x**n*a**2*d**2 + 2*x*
*n*a*b*c*d*m + x**n*a*b*c*d*n*p + x**n*a*b*c*d*n*q + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d + x**n
*b**2*c**2*m + x**n*b**2*c**2*n*p + x**n*b**2*c**2 + a**2*c*d*m + a**2*c*d
*n*q + a**2*c*d + a*b*c**2*m + a*b*c**2*n*p + a*b*c**2),x)*a**2*b*d**3*n**
2*p*q - int((x**(m + 2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d
**2*m + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*n*q + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*m +
x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d + x**n*a**2*d**2*m + x**n*a**2*d
**2*n*q + x**n*a**2*d**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*m + x**n*a*b*c*d*n*p + x**n*a*b*
c*d*n*q + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d + x**n*b**2*c**2*m + x**n*b**2*c**2*n*p + x**n*b*
**2*c**2 + a**2*c*d*m + a**2*c*d*n*q + a**2*c*d + a*b*c**2*m + a*b*c**2*...
```

### 3.565 $\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3848
Mathematica [F]	3849
Rubi [F]	3849
Maple [F]	3850
Fricas [F]	3850
Sympy [F(-2)]	3851
Maxima [F]	3851
Giac [F]	3851
Mupad [F(-1)]	3852
Reduce [F]	3852

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(bc + ad)(2 + p)x^{-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^{1+p}}{2a^2c^2n(1 + p)(3 + 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{x^{-n(3+2p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(3 + 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{(2abcd(1 + p) + b^2c^2(2 + p) + a^2d^2(2 + p)) x^{-n(1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(\frac{a(c+dx^n)}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeom}}{2a^3c^2n(1 + 2p)(3 + 2p)}$$

output

```
1/2*(a*d+b*c)*(2+p)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/c^2/n/(p+1)/(3+2*p)
)/(x^(2*n*(p+1)))-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(3+2*p)/(x^(n*(3+2
*p)))-1/2*(2*a*b*c*d*(p+1)+b^2*c^2*(2+p)+a^2*d^2*(2+p))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c
+d*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p], [-2*p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/a^3/c^
2/n/(1+2*p)/(3+2*p)/(x^(n*(1+2*p)))/((a*(c+d*x^n)/c/(a+b*x^n))^p)
```

**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(3 + 2*p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(3 + 2*p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p, x]`

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-n(2p+3)-1}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\ & (a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2pn-3n-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p (dx^n + c)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\ & (a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c+dx^n)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2pn-3n-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{7299} \\ & (a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c+dx^n)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2pn-3n-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(3 + 2*p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 7299

```
Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(3+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(3+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p(dx^n + c)^p x^{-n(2p+3)-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-2*n*p - 3*n - 1), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(3+2*p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-n(2p+3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-n*(2*p + 3) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-n(2p+3)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(3+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-n*(2*p + 3) - 1), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p}{x^{n(2p+3)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p)/x^(n*(2*p + 3) + 1), x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p)/x^(n*(2*p + 3) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(3+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(3+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p, x)`

output

```
( - x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**3*p - 2*x**(3*n)*(x
**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**3 + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x
**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**2*p - x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*b
**3*c**2*d*p - 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**2*d + x**
(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**3*p**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d
+ c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*d**3*p - x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a
)**p*a**2*b*c*d**2*p**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*
b*c*d**2*p - x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**2*d*p**2 +
2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**2*d*p + x**(2*n)*(x
**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**3*p**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(
x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**3*p - 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c
*d**2*p**2 - x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c*d**2*p - 4*x**n*(
x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*d*p**2 - 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p
*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**2*d*p - 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a*b**2*c**3*p**2 - x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c**3*p - 4*
(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*d*p**2 - 6*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n
*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*d*p - 2*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*c**2*d -
4*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**3*p**2 - 6*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x
**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**3*p - 2*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*c**
3 + 4*x**(2*n*p + 3*n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(4*x**(2*n...
```

### 3.566 $\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3854
Mathematica [F]	3854
Rubi [F]	3855
Maple [F]	3856
Fricas [F]	3856
Sympy [F(-2)]	3856
Maxima [F]	3857
Giac [F]	3857
Mupad [F(-1)]	3857
Reduce [F]	3858

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^{1+p}}{2acn(1 + p)} + \frac{(bc + ad)x^{-n(1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(\frac{a(c+dx^n)}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-1 - 2p, -p, -2p, \frac{bc-ad}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{2a^2cn(1 + 2p)}$$

output

$$-1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(p+1)/(x^(2*n*(p+1)))+1/2*(a*d+b*c)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p], [-2*p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/a^2/c/n/(1+2*p)/(x^(n*(1+2*p)))/((a*(c+d*x^n)/c/(a+b*x^n))^p)$$

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx = \int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-1 - n*(2 + 2*p))}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p, x]$$

output

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-1 - n*(2 + 2*p))}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p, x]$$

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(2p+2)-1}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2n(p+1)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^p (dx^n+c)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (c+dx^n)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2n(p+1)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$(a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (c+dx^n)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2n(p+1)-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^p dx$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n*(2 + 2*p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 1013 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_.)+(d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n*(2+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-2n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-2*n*p - 2*n - 1), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(2+2*p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-2n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-2*n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-2n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(2+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-2*n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p}{x^{n(2p+2)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p)/x^(n*(2*p + 2) + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p)/x^(n*(2*p + 2) + 1), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(2+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(2+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)`

output

```
(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d - x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n
*b + a)**p*a*d*p - x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*p - 2*(x**n*d
+ c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c*p - (x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c - 2*x**
*(2*n*p + 2*n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a
*b*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*
x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n
*p + n)*a**2*d**2*x + 4*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*p*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*
c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*x + 2*x*
*(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*p*x + x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*p*x
+ x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**3 - 3*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*int(((x*
*n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p
+ 2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b*
**2*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*x + 4
*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*p*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n
)*b**2*c**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*p*x +
x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*x
),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**2 - x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)
**p)/(2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 2*x*
*(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p +
n)*a**2*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*x + 4*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*...
```

### 3.567 $\int x^{-1-n(1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3859
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3859
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3860
Maple [F]	3861
Fricas [F]	3861
Sympy [F(-2)]	3862
Maxima [F]	3862
Giac [F]	3862
Mupad [F(-1)]	3863
Reduce [F]	3863

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{-n(1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(\frac{a(c+dx^n)}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-1 - 2p, -p, -2p, \frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{c(a+bx^n)}\right)}{an(1 + 2p)}$$

```
output -(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p], [-2*p], (-a*d+b*c)*x^n/c/(a+b*x^n))/a/n/(1+2*p)/(x^(n*(1+2*p)))/((a*(c+d*x^n)/c/(a+b*x^n))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{-n(1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^{1+p} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-1 - 2p, -p, -2p, \frac{(-bc-ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{cn(1 + 2p)}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(1 + 2*p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p,x]
```



output

$$-\left(\left(a + bx^n\right)^p (c + dx^n)^{1+p} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-1 - 2p, -p, -2p, \frac{-(bc) + ad}{a(c + dx^n)}\right]\right) / \left(c^n (1 + 2p) x^{n(1 + 2p)} \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^p\right)$$

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(2p+1)-1} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2pn-n-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p (dx^n + c)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2pn-n-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^{-n(2p+1)} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2p - 1, -p, -2p, -\frac{\frac{bx^n}{a} - \frac{dx^n}{c}}{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}\right)}{n(2p + 1)}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[x^{-(1 + n(1 + 2p))} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p, x\right]$$

output

$$-\left(\left(a + bx^n\right)^p (c + dx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-1 - 2p, -p, -2p, -\frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} - \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}\right]\right) / \left(n(1 + 2p) x^{n(1 + 2p)} \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^p\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(2p+1)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(2*p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(2*p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p(dx^n + c)^p x^{-n(2p+1)-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(1+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-2*n*p - n - 1), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(1+2*p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-n(2p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(1+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-n*(2*p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-n(2p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(1+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-n*(2*p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p}{x^{n(2p+1)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p)/x^(n*(2*p + 1) + 1), x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p)/x^(n*(2*p + 1) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(1+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p, x)`

output

```
( - 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d - (x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a*d - (x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*int(((
x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n
*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*
b**2*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*x +
4*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*p*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p +
n)*b**2*c**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*p*x
+ x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2
*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**2 + x**(2*n*p + n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)
**p)/(2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 2*x*
*(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p +
n)*a**2*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*x + 4*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*p
*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*p*x + x**(2*n
*p + n)*b**2*c**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*p*x + x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*x +
2*x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p - 2*x*
*(2*n*p + n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b
*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x
+ x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p
+ n)*a**2*d**2*x + 4*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*p*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*
d*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*p*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*x + 2*x...
```

### 3.568 $\int x^{-1-2np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3865
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3865
Rubi [A] (verified)	3866
Maple [F]	3867
Fricas [F]	3867
Sympy [F]	3868
Maxima [F]	3868
Giac [F]	3868
Mupad [F(-1)]	3869
Reduce [F]	3869

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int x^{-1-2np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{-2np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2np}$$

output `-1/2*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p*AppellF1(-2*p,-p,-p,1-2*p,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/n/p/(x^(2*n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)/((1+d*x^n/c)^p)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-2np}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{-2np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{a+bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(\frac{c+dx^n}{c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2np}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p,x]`

output

$$-1/2*((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(n*p*x^(2*n*p)*((a + b*x^n)/a)^p*((c + d*x^n)/c)^p)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-2np-1}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2np-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p (dx^n + c)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2np-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^{-2np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2np}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 2*n*p)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p,x]$$

output

$$-1/2*((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(n*p*x^(2*n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^p)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-2np-1}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-2*n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-2*n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-2np-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-2*n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-2*n*p - 1), x)
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int x^{-2np-1}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**(-2*n*p-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**(-2*n*p - 1)*(a + b*x**n)**p*(c + d*x**n)**p, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-2np-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-2*n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-2*n*p - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-2np-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-2*n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-2*n*p - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-2np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p}{x^{2np+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p)/x^(2*n*p + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p)/x^(2*n*p + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2np}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(x^nd+c)^p(x^nb+a)^p}{x^{2np}x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-2*n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(((x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n*p)*x),x)`

### 3.569 $\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3870
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3870
Rubi [A] (verified)	3871
Maple [F]	3872
Fricas [F]	3872
Sympy [F(-2)]	3873
Maxima [F]	3873
Giac [F]	3873
Mupad [F(-1)]	3874
Reduce [F]	3874

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{n(1-2p)}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2(1 - p), -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{n(1 - 2p)}$$

output

```
x^(n*(1-2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p*AppellF1(1-2*p,-p,-p,2-2*p,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/n/(1-2*p)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)/((1+d*x^n/c)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{n-2np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{n - 2np}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n*(-1 + 2*p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

$$(x^{(n - 2*n*p)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/((n - 2*n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^p)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.097$ , Rules used = {1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n(2p-1)-1}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2pn+n-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p (dx^n + c)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1013$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^{-2pn+n-1} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1012$$

$$\frac{x^{n-2np}(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2(1 - p), -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{n(1 - 2p)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - n*(-1 + 2*p))}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p,x]$$

output

$$(x^{(n - 2*n*p)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2*(1 - p), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(n*(1 - 2*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^p)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-1+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n*(-1+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p(dx^n + c)^p x^{-n(2p-1)-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-2*n*p + n - 1), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n*(-1+2*p))*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-n(2p-1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-n*(2*p - 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^p x^{-n(2p-1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n*(-1+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^p*x^(-n*(2*p - 1) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p}{x^{n(2p-1)+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p)/x^(n*(2*p - 1) + 1), x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^p)/x^(n*(2*p - 1) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n(-1+2p)}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n*(-1+2*p))*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p, x)`

output

```

(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d + x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b +
a)**p*b*c - 2*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c - 4*x**(2*n*p)*int(((x*
*n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n*p + 2
*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*x +
x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*x + x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*
x),x)*a**3*c**2*d*n*p - 4*x**(2*n*p)*int(((x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p)
/(x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p +
n)*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*x +
x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b*c**3*n*p + x**(2
*n*p)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b
*d**2*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**
(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*x + x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*x
+ x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p + 3*x**(2*n*p)*int((x**(2*n)*(x
**n*d + c)**p*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n*p +
2*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*x
+ x**(2*n*p + n)*b**2*c**2*x + x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2
*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*p + 3*x**(2*n*p)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*(x**
n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*b**2*c*d*x +
x**(2*n*p + n)*a**2*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n*p + n)*a*b*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p + n)*b
**2*c**2*x + x**(2*n*p)*a**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n*p)*a*b*c**2*x),x)*a*b**2*c...

```



### 3.570 $\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$

Optimal result	3876
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3877
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3877
Maple [F]	3880
Fricas [F]	3880
Sympy [F(-2)]	3880
Maxima [F]	3881
Giac [F]	3881
Mupad [F(-1)]	3881
Reduce [F]	3882

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$= -\frac{(bc(2+p) + ad(4+p+2q))(a + bx^n)^{1+p}(c + dx^n)^{1+q}}{b^2d^2n(2+p+q)(3+p+q)} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^{2+p}(c + dx^n)^{1+q}}{b^2dn(3+p+q)}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2c^2(2+3p+p^2) + 2abcd(1+p)(1+q) + a^2d^2(2+3q+q^2))(a + bx^n)^{1+p}(c + dx^n)^{1+q}}{b^2d^2(bc - ad)n(1+p)(2+p+q)(3+p+q)} \text{ Hypergeome}$$

output

```

-(b*c*(2+p)+a*d*(4+p+2*q))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^(1+q)/b^2/d^2/n/(2+p+
q)/(3+p+q)+(a+b*x^n)^(2+p)*(c+d*x^n)^(1+q)/b^2/d/n/(3+p+q)+(b^2*c^2*(p^2+3
*p+2)+2*a*b*c*d*(p+1)*(1+q)+a^2*d^2*(q^2+3*q+2))*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)
^(1+q)*hypergeom([1, 2+p+q], [2+p], -d*(a+b*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c))/b^2/d^2/(-a*d+b
*c)/n/(p+1)/(2+p+q)/(3+p+q)
    
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$$

$$= \frac{(a+bx^n)^{1+p}(c+dx^n)^q \left( -\frac{(bc(2+p)+ad(2+q))(c+dx^n)}{bd(2+p+q)} + x^n(c+dx^n) + \frac{(b^2c^2(2+3p+p^2)+2abcd(1+p)(1+q)+a^2d^2(2+3q-p^2))x^{2n}}{bd(2+p+q)} \right)}{bdn(3+p+q)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n)^q*(-(((b*c*(2 + p) + a*d*(2 + q))*(c + d*x^n))/(b*d*(2 + p + q))) + x^n*(c + d*x^n) + ((b^2*c^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2) + 2*a*b*c*d*(1 + p)*(1 + q) + a^2*d^2*(2 + 3*q + q^2))*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + p, -q, 2 + p, (d*(a + b*x^n))/(-b*c) + a*d])/(b^2*d*(1 + p)*(2 + p + q)*((b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d))^q))/(b*d*n*(3 + p + q))
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {948, 101, 25, 90, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{948}$$

$$\int \frac{x^{2n}(bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow \text{101}$$

$$\frac{\int -(bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q((bc(p+2)+ad(q+2))x^n+ac)dx^n}{bd(p+q+3)} + \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^{q+1}}{bd(p+q+3)}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{n}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^{q+1}}{bd(p+q+3)} - \frac{\int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q((bc(p+2)+ad(q+2))x^n+ac)dx^n}{bd(p+q+3)} \\
 & \quad n \\
 & \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^{q+1}}{bd(p+q+3)} - \frac{\left(ac - \frac{(ad(q+1)+bc(p+1))(ad(q+2)+bc(p+2))}{bd(p+q+2)}\right) \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q dx^n + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^{q+1}(ad(q+2)+bc(p+2))}{bd(p+q+2)}}{n} \\
 & \quad n \\
 & \downarrow 80 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^{q+1}}{bd(p+q+3)} - \frac{(c+dx^n)^q \left(ac - \frac{(ad(q+1)+bc(p+1))(ad(q+2)+bc(p+2))}{bd(p+q+2)}\right) \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \int (bx^n+a)^p \left(\frac{bdx^n}{bc-ad} + \frac{bc}{bc-ad}\right)^q dx^n + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^{q+1}(ad(q+2)+bc(p+2))}{bd(p+q+3)}}{n} \\
 & \quad n \\
 & \downarrow 79 \\
 & \frac{x^n(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^{q+1}}{bd(p+q+3)} - \frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^q \left(ac - \frac{(ad(q+1)+bc(p+1))(ad(q+2)+bc(p+2))}{bd(p+q+2)}\right) \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p+1, -q, p+2, -\frac{d(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)}{b(p+1)bd(p+q+3)} \\
 & \quad n
 \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 3*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & ((x^n*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(1 + q)})/(b*d*(3 + p + q)) - (((b*c*(2 + p) + a*d*(2 + q))*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(1 + q)})/(b*d*(2 + p + q)) + ((a*c - ((b*c*(1 + p) + a*d*(1 + q))*(b*c*(2 + p) + a*d*(2 + q)))/(b*d*(2 + p + q)))*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)}*(c + d*x^n)^q*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 + p, -q, 2 + p, -((d*(a + b*x^n))/(b*c - a*d))]/(b*(1 + p)*((b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d))^q)/(b*d*(3 + p + q)))/n
 \end{aligned}$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`
- rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`
- rule 90 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`
- rule 101 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 3))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(n + p + 3)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d*f*(n + p + 3) - b*(b*c*e + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(n + p + 4) - b*(d*e*(n + 2) + c*f*(p + 2)))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 3, 0]`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(3*n - 1), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**q,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(3*n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(3*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output

```
(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*p**2*q + 2*x**(3*n)*
(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*p*q**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d +
c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*p*q + x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*q**3 + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**
2*d**3*q**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*q + x
**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*p**3 + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**
n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*p**2*q + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**
q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*p**2 + x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)
**p*b**3*c*d**2*p*q**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c
*d**2*p*q + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*p + x**
(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**3*p**2*q + x**(2*n)*(x**n*
d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**3*p*q**2 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x
**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**3*p*q + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a
*b**2*c*d**2*p**3 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**2
*p**2*q + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**2*p**2 + x*
*(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**2*p*q**2 + x**(2*n)*(x*
**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**2*q**3 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q
*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**2*q**2 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)
)**p*b**3*c**2*d*p**2*q + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*
*2*d*p*q**2 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c**2*d*p*q ...
```

### 3.571 $\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$

Optimal result	3883
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3883
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3884
Maple [F]	3886
Fricas [F]	3886
Sympy [F(-2)]	3886
Maxima [F]	3887
Giac [F]	3887
Mupad [F(-1)]	3887
Reduce [F]	3888

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^{1+q}}{bdn(2 + p + q)} - \frac{(bc(1 + p) + ad(1 + q)) (a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^{1+q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2 + p + q, 2 + p, -\frac{d(a+bx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)}{bd(bc - ad)n(1 + p)(2 + p + q)}$$

output

$$\frac{(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*(c+d*x^n)^{(1+q)}/b/d/n/(2+p+q)-(b*c*(p+1)+a*d*(1+q))*(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*(c+d*x^n)^{(1+q)}*hypergeom([1, 2+p+q], [2+p], -d*(a+b*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c))/b/d/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(p+1)/(2+p+q)}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^q \left( b(c + dx^n) - \frac{(bc(1+p)+ad(1+q))\left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1+p, -q, 2+p, \frac{d(a+bx^n)}{-bc+ad}\right)}{1+p} \right)}{b^2dn(2 + p + q)}$$



input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]`

output  $((a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)}*(c + d*x^n)^q*(b*(c + d*x^n) - ((b*c*(1 + p) + a*d*(1 + q))*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + p, -q, 2 + p, (d*(a + b*x^n))/(-(b*c) + a*d)])/((1 + p)*((b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d))^q))/(b^2*d*n*(2 + p + q))$

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {948, 90, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{2n-1}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 948 \\
 & \int x^n (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q dx^n \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^{q+1}}{bd(p+q+2)} - \frac{(ad(q+1)+bc(p+1)) \int (bx^n+a)^p (dx^n+c)^q dx^n}{bd(p+q+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 80 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^{q+1}}{bd(p+q+2)} - \frac{(c+dx^n)^q(ad(q+1)+bc(p+1))\left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \int (bx^n+a)^p \left(\frac{bdx^n}{bc-ad} + \frac{bc}{bc-ad}\right)^q dx^n}{bd(p+q+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 79 \\
 & \frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^{q+1}}{bd(p+q+2)} - \frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(c+dx^n)^q(ad(q+1)+bc(p+1))\left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p+1, -q, p+2, -\frac{d(bx^n+a)}{bc-ad}\right)}{b^2 d(p+1)(p+q+2)} \\
 & \quad n
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]`

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n)^(1 + q))/(b*d*(2 + p + q)) - ((b*c*(1 + p) + a*d*(1 + q))*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + p, -q, 2 + p, -((d*(a + b*x^n))/(b*c - a*d))])/(b^2*d*(1 + p)*(2 + p + q)*((b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d))^q)/n
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))
```

rule 80

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])
```

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n_.)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(2*n - 1), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**q,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(2*n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(2*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output

```
(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*p*q + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d
+ c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*q**2 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a*b*d**2*q + x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*p**2
+ x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*p*q + x**(2*n)*(x**n*
d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*p + x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**
p*a**2*d**2*p*q + x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*p**2 + x**n
*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*q**2 + x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n
*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*p*q - (x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*c*d*p - (x
**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c**2*q - int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(
x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*p**2*q*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*q**2*x
+ 3*x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*q*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b*d
**2*q**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p**3*x + 2*x**(2*
n)*b**2*c*d*p**2*q*x + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*q*
*2*x + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*q*x + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**n*a**2*d**
2*p**2*q*x + 2*x**n*a**2*d**2*p*q**2*x + 3*x**n*a**2*d**2*p*q*x + x**n*a**
2*d**2*q**3*x + 3*x**n*a**2*d**2*q**2*x + 2*x**n*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**n*a*b*
c*d*p**3*x + 3*x**n*a*b*c*d*p**2*q*x + 3*x**n*a*b*c*d*p**2*x + 3*x**n*a*b*
c*d*p*q**2*x + 6*x**n*a*b*c*d*p*q*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*q*
*3*x + 3*x**n*a*b*c*d*q**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*q*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*p**3*x
+ 2*x**n*b**2*c**2*p**2*q*x + 3*x**n*b**2*c**2*p**2*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*...
```

### 3.572 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$

Optimal result	3889
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3889
Rubi [A] (verified)	3890
Maple [F]	3891
Fricas [F]	3892
Sympy [F(-2)]	3892
Maxima [F]	3892
Giac [F]	3893
Mupad [F(-1)]	3893
Reduce [F]	3893

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^{1+q} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2 + p + q, 2 + p, -\frac{d(a+bx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)}{(bc - ad)n(1 + p)}$$

output  $(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*(c+d*x^n)^{(1+q)}*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, 2+p+q], [2+p], -d*(a+b*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c))/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(p+1)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + p, -q, 2 + p, \frac{d(a+bx^n)}{-bc+ad}\right)}{bn(1 + p)}$$

input  $\operatorname{Integrate}[x^{(-1 + n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]$

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + p, -q, 2 + p, (d*(a + b*x^n))/(-b*c + a*d)]/(b*n*(1 + p)*((b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d))^q)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {946, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 946$$

$$\int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 80$$

$$\frac{(c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \int (bx^n + a)^p \left(\frac{bdx^n}{bc-ad} + \frac{bc}{bc-ad}\right)^q dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 79$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^{p+1} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p + 1, -q, p + 2, -\frac{d(bx^n+a)}{bc-ad}\right)}{bn(p + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + p, -q, 2 + p, -(d*(a + b*x^n))/(b*c - a*d)]/(b*n*(1 + p)*((b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d))^q)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`

rule 946 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(n - 1), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**q,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int x^{n-1}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x)`

output `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output

```
(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*q + x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*b*c*p + (x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*c*p + (x**n*d + c)**q*(
x**n*b + a)**p*a*c*q + int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**
(2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*q*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q**2*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x +
x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*q*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x
+ x**n*a**2*d**2*p*q*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*q**2*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**
n*a*b*c*d*p**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*p*q*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*
q**2*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*q*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*p**2*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*p*q*x +
x**n*b**2*c**2*p*x + a**2*c*d*p*q*x + a**2*c*d*q**2*x + a**2*c*d*q*x + a
b*c**2*p**2*x + a*b*c**2*p*q*x + a*b*c**2*p*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p**2*q**2 +
int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*q*x +
x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q**2*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p**2*
x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*q*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*p*q*x
+ x**n*a**2*d**2*q**2*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*p**2*x + 2*x*
*n*a*b*c*d*p*q*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*q**2*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*q
*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*p**2*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*p*q*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*p*x + a
**2*c*d*p*q*x + a**2*c*d*q**2*x + a**2*c*d*q*x + a*b*c**2*p**2*x + a*b*c**
2*p*q*x + a*b*c**2*p*x),x)*a**3*d**3*n*p*q**3 + int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)
**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*q*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q**2*x +
x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p...
```

### 3.573 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q}{x} dx$

Optimal result	3895
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3895
Rubi [A] (verified)	3896
Maple [F]	3897
Fricas [F]	3898
Sympy [F]	3898
Maxima [F]	3898
Giac [F]	3899
Mupad [F(-1)]	3899
Reduce [F]	3899

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + p, 1, -q, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{d(a+bx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)}{an(1 + p)}$$

output  $-(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*(c+d*x^n)^q*\text{AppellF1}(p+1, -q, 1, 2+p, -d*(a+b*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c), 1+b*x^n/a)/a/n/(p+1)/((b*(c+d*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c))^q)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{ax^{-n}}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^{-n}}{d}\right)^{-q} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q \text{AppellF1}\left(-p - q, -p, -q, 1 - p - q, -\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}, -\frac{cx^{-n}}{d}\right)}{n(p + q)}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q/x, x]$

output  $((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*AppellF1[-p - q, -p, -q, 1 - p - q, -(a/(b*x^n)), -(c/(d*x^n))])/(n*(p + q)*(1 + a/(b*x^n))^p*(1 + c/(d*x^n))^q)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {948, 154, 153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 154$$

$$\frac{(c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \int x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^p \left(\frac{bdx^n}{bc-ad} + \frac{bc}{bc-ad}\right)^q dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 153$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^{p+1} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -q, 1, p + 2, -\frac{d(bx^n+a)}{bc-ad}, \frac{bx^n+a}{a}\right)}{an(p + 1)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q/x, x]$

output  $-(((a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)}*(c + d*x^n)^q*AppellF1[1 + p, -q, 1, 2 + p, -((d*(a + b*x^n))/(b*c - a*d)), (a + b*x^n)/a])/(a*n*(1 + p)*((b*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c - a*d))^q)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 153

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)^p*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(p + 1)*(m + 1)*Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c
- a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(
b*c - a*d)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x,
a + b*x])
```

rule 154

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^IntPart[n]
*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c
- a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && !G
tQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q/x,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q/x, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**q/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n)**p*(c + d*x**n)**q/x, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q/x, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q)/x,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q)/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q/x,x)`



output

```

((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d + (x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*c
+ int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x + x**(2*n)
*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*q*x +
x**n*b**2*c**2*p*x + a**2*c*d*q*x + a*b*c**2*p*x),x)*a**3*c*d**2*n*q**2 +
2*int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x + x**(2*n)
*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*q*x +
x**n*b**2*c**2*p*x + a**2*c*d*q*x + a*b*c**2*p*x),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d*n*p*q
+ int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x + x**(2*n)*
b**2*c*d*p*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*q*x +
x**n*b**2*c**2*p*x + a**2*c*d*q*x + a*b*c**2*p*x),x)*a*b**2*c**3*n*p**2 -
int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x + x*
*(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**n*a*b*c*d
*q*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*p*x + a**2*c*d*q*x + a*b*c**2*p*x),x)*a**2*b*d**3*n*
p*q - int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*q*
x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**n*a
*b*c*d*q*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*p*x + a**2*c*d*q*x + a*b*c**2*p*x),x)*a*b**2*c
*d**2*n*p**2 - int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*
b*d**2*q*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x + x**n*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x
+ x**n*a*b*c*d*q*x + x**n*b**2*c**2*p*x + a**2*c*d*q*x + a*b*c**2*p*x),x)
*a*b**2*c*d**2*n*q**2 - int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/...

```

### 3.574 $\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$

Optimal result	3901
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3901
Rubi [A] (verified)	3902
Maple [F]	3903
Fricas [F]	3904
Sympy [F(-2)]	3904
Maxima [F]	3904
Giac [F(-2)]	3905
Mupad [F(-1)]	3905
Reduce [F]	3905

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$= \frac{b(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + p, 2, -q, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{d(a+bx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)}{a^2n(1 + p)}$$

output

```
b*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^q*AppellF1(p+1,-q,2,2+p,-d*(a+b*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c),1+b*x^n/a)/a^2/n/(p+1)/((b*(c+d*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c))^q)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-n} \left(1 + \frac{ax^{-n}}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^{-n}}{d}\right)^{-q} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - p - q, -p, -q, 2 - p - q, -\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}, -\frac{cx^{-n}}{d}\right)}{n(-1 + p + q)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]
```

output

$$\left( (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1 - p - q, -p, -q, 2 - p - q, -\frac{a}{b x^n}, -\frac{c}{d x^n}\right] \right) / \left( n(-1 + p + q) x^n (1 + a/(b x^n))^p (1 + c/(d x^n))^q \right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 154, 153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-n-1} (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \frac{\int x^{-2n} (b x^n + a)^p (d x^n + c)^q dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{154} \\ & \frac{(c + d x^n)^q \left( \frac{b(c + d x^n)}{bc - ad} \right)^{-q} \int x^{-2n} (b x^n + a)^p \left( \frac{b d x^n}{bc - ad} + \frac{bc}{bc - ad} \right)^q dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{153} \\ & \frac{b(a + b x^n)^{p+1} (c + d x^n)^q \left( \frac{b(c + d x^n)}{bc - ad} \right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -q, 2, p + 2, -\frac{d(b x^n + a)}{bc - ad}, \frac{b x^n + a}{a}\right)}{a^2 n (p + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[x^{(-1 - n)} (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q, x\right]$$

output

$$\left( b(a + b x^n)^{(1 + p)} (c + d x^n)^q \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1 + p, -q, 2, 2 + p, -\frac{d(a + b x^n)}{b c - a d}, \frac{a + b x^n}{a}\right] \right) / \left( a^{2n} n (1 + p) (b(c + d x^n) / (b c - a d))^q \right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 153

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)^p*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(p + 1)*(m + 1)*Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c
- a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(
b*c - a*d)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x,
a + b*x])
```

rule 154

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^IntPart[n]
*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c
- a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && !G
tQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(-n - 1), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**q,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(-n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-1,[0,0,4,3,8,2,3,3,9,3]%%}+%%{6,[0,0,4,3,7,3,3,3,8,4]%%}+%%{-1`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q}{x^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q)/x^(n + 1), x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q)/x^(n + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output

```
( - x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*p - x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q
*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*q - (x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*q*
*2 + (x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*q - 2*(x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n
*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*p*q + (x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*p + (x**n
*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*q - (x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**
2*c**2*p**2 + (x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*p + x**n*int(((x**
n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a**2*b*d**3*q**2*x - x**(2*n)*a**2*
b*d**3*q*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*c*d**2*p*q*x - x**(2*n)*a*b**2*c*d**2*p*x -
x**(2*n)*a*b**2*c*d**2*q*x + x**(2*n)*b**3*c**2*d*p**2*x - x**(2*n)*b**3*
c**2*d*p*x + x**n*a**3*d**3*q**2*x - x**n*a**3*d**3*q*x + 2*x**n*a**2*b*c*
d**2*p*q*x - x**n*a**2*b*c*d**2*p*x + x**n*a**2*b*c*d**2*q**2*x - 2*x**n*a
**2*b*c*d**2*q*x + x**n*a*b**2*c**2*d*p**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b**2*c**2*d*p*q*x
- 2*x**n*a*b**2*c**2*d*p*x - x**n*a*b**2*c**2*d*q*x + x**n*b**3*c**3*p**2*
x - x**n*b**3*c**3*p*x + a**3*c*d**2*q**2*x - a**3*c*d**2*q*x + 2*a**2*b*c
**2*d*p*q*x - a**2*b*c**2*d*p*x - a**2*b*c**2*d*q*x + a*b**2*c**3*p**2*x -
a*b**2*c**3*p*x),x)*a**5*d**5*n*q**5 - 2*x**n*int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*
b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a**2*b*d**3*q**2*x - x**(2*n)*a**2*b*d**3*q*x + 2*x**
(2*n)*a*b**2*c*d**2*p*q*x - x**(2*n)*a*b**2*c*d**2*p*x - x**(2*n)*a*b**2*c
*d**2*q*x + x**(2*n)*b**3*c**2*d*p**2*x - x**(2*n)*b**3*c**2*d*p*x + x**n*
a**3*d**3*q**2*x - x**n*a**3*d**3*q*x + 2*x**n*a**2*b*c*d**2*p*q*x - x...
```

### 3.575 $\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$

Optimal result	3907
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3907
Rubi [A] (verified)	3908
Maple [F]	3909
Fricas [F]	3910
Sympy [F(-2)]	3910
Maxima [F]	3910
Giac [F(-2)]	3911
Mupad [F(-1)]	3911
Reduce [F]	3911

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \frac{b^2(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + p, 3, -q, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{d(a+bx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)}{a^3n(1 + p)}$$

output

$$-b^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^q*AppellF1(p+1,-q,3,2+p,-d*(a+b*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c),1+b*x^n/a)/a^3/n/(p+1)/((b*(c+d*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c))^q)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \frac{x^{-2n} \left(1 + \frac{ax^{-n}}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^{-n}}{d}\right)^{-q} (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q \text{AppellF1}\left(2 - p - q, -p, -q, 3 - p - q, -\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}, -\frac{cx^{-n}}{d}\right)}{n(-2 + p + q)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]$$



output

$$\frac{((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*AppellF1[2 - p - q, -p, -q, 3 - p - q, -(a/(b*x^n)), -(c/(d*x^n))])/(n*(-2 + p + q)*x^(2*n)*(1 + a/(b*x^n))^p*(1 + c/(d*x^n))^q)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {948, 154, 153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-2n-1}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-3n}(bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 154$$

$$\frac{(c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \int x^{-3n}(bx^n + a)^p \left(\frac{bdx^n}{bc-ad} + \frac{bc}{bc-ad}\right)^q dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 153$$

$$\frac{b^2(a + bx^n)^{p+1} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -q, 3, p + 2, -\frac{d(bx^n+a)}{bc-ad}, \frac{bx^n+a}{a}\right)}{a^3n(p + 1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 2*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{b^2(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)}*(c + d*x^n)^q*AppellF1[1 + p, -q, 3, 2 + p, -\left(\frac{d*(a + b*x^n)}{b*c - a*d}\right), (a + b*x^n)/a]}{a^3*n*(1 + p)}\right)/\left(\frac{b*c - a*d}{a}\right)^q$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 153

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)^p*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(p + 1)*(m + 1)*Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c
- a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(
b*c - a*d)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x,
a + b*x])
```

rule 154

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^IntPart[n]
*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c
- a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && !G
tQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(-2*n - 1), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**q,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^p(c+dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p(dx^n+c)^q x^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q*x^(-2*n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-1,[0,0,4,3,8,2,3,3,9,3]%%}+%%{6,[0,0,4,3,7,3,3,3,8,4]%%}+%%{-1`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q}{x^{2n+1}} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q)/x^(2*n + 1),x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q)/x^(2*n + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output

```
( - (x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p + x**(2*n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*
b + a)**p)/(x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x - 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(3*n)*b**2*
c*d*p*x - 2*x**(3*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n)*a**2*d**2*q*x - 2*x**(2*n)*a**2
*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*q*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d
*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*p*x - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*x + x**n*a**2*c*d*q*x -
2*x**n*a**2*c*d*x + x**n*a*b*c**2*p*x - 2*x**n*a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*d**2*n
*q**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(3*n)*a*b*d**
2*q*x - 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(3*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x - 2*x**(3*n)*b**2*c*
d*x + x**(2*n)*a**2*d**2*q*x - 2*x**(2*n)*a**2*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*p
*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*q*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*p*x
- 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*x + x**n*a**2*c*d*q*x - 2*x**n*a**2*c*d*x + x**n*a*
b*c**2*p*x - 2*x**n*a*b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*d**2*n*q + 2*x**(2*n)*int(((x**n*d
+ c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x - 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*x +
x**(3*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x - 2*x**(3*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n)*a**2*d**2*q*x -
2*x**(2*n)*a**2*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*q*x - 4*x
**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*p*x - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*x + x**n
*a**2*c*d*q*x - 2*x**n*a**2*c*d*x + x**n*a*b*c**2*p*x - 2*x**n*a*b*c**2*x)
,x)*a*b*c*d*n*p*q - 2*x**(2*n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(
3*n)*a*b*d**2*q*x - 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(3*n)*b**2*c*d*p*x - 2*x**(
3*n)*b**2*c*d*x + x**(2*n)*a**2*d**2*q*x - 2*x**(2*n)*a**2*d**2*x + x**...
```

### 3.576 $\int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3913
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3913
Rubi [A] (verified)	3914
Maple [F]	3915
Fricas [F]	3915
Sympy [F]	3916
Maxima [F]	3916
Giac [F]	3916
Mupad [F(-1)]	3917
Reduce [F]	3917

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{3}{2n}, -p, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)$$

output

```
1/3*x^3*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 3/2/n],[1+3/2/n],b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)/((1-b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)^{-p} {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{3}{2n}, -p; 1 + \frac{3}{2n}; \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

$$(x^3(-a + bx^n)^p(a + bx^n)^p \text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{3/(2n), -p\}, \{1 + 3/(2n)\}, (b^2x^{2n})/a^2]) / (3(1 - (b^2x^{2n})/a^2)^p)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {890, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 (bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 890 \\ & (bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p (b^2x^{2n} - a^2)^{-p} \int x^2 (b^2x^{2n} - a^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 889 \\ & (bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 888 \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^3 (bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{3}{2n}, -p, 1 + \frac{3}{2n}, \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2(-a + bx^n)^p(a + bx^n)^p, x]$$

output

$$(x^3(-a + bx^n)^p(a + bx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/(2n), -p, 1 + 3/(2n), (b^2x^{2n})/a^2]) / (3(1 - (b^2x^{2n})/a^2)^p)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 890 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`



output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p*x^2, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(-a+b*x**n)**p*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(-a + b*x**n)**p*(a + b*x**n)**p, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p*x^2, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p*x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int x^2 (a + bx^n)^p (bx^n - a)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p,x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p x^3 - 4 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p x^2}{2x^{2n} b^{2np} + 3x^{2n} b^2 - 2a^{2np} - 3a^2} dx \right) a^2 n^2 p^2 - 6 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p x^2}{2x^{2n} b^{2np} + 3x^{2n} b^2 - 2a^{2np} - 3a^2} dx \right) a}{2np + 3}$$

input `int(x^2*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p*x**3 - 4*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p*x**2)/(2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*p + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*a**2*n*p - 3*a**2),x)*a**2*n**2*p**2 - 6*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p*x**2)/(2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*p + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*a**2*n*p - 3*a**2),x)*a**2*n*p)/(2*n*p + 3)`

### 3.577 $\int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3918
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3918
Rubi [A] (verified)	3919
Maple [F]	3920
Fricas [F]	3920
Sympy [F]	3921
Maxima [F]	3921
Giac [F]	3921
Mupad [F(-1)]	3922
Reduce [F]	3922

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)$$

output

```
1/2*x^2*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/n],[1+1/n],b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)/((1-b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)^{-p} {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{n}, -p; 1 + \frac{1}{n}; \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output  $(x^2(-a + bx^n)^p(a + bx^n)^p \text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{n(-1), -p\}, \{1 + n(-1)\}, (b^2x^{2n})/a^2]) / (2(1 - (b^2x^{2n})/a^2)^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {890, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 890$$

$$(bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p (b^2x^{2n} - a^2)^{-p} \int x(b^2x^{2n} - a^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \int x \left(1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)$$

input  $\text{Int}[x^2(-a + bx^n)^p(a + bx^n)^p, x]$

output  $(x^2(-a + bx^n)^p(a + bx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[n(-1), -p, 1 + n(-1), (b^2x^{2n})/a^2]) / (2(1 - (b^2x^{2n})/a^2)^p)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 890 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p*x, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-a+b*x**n)**p*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Integral(x*(-a + b*x**n)**p*(a + b*x**n)**p, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p*x, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int x (a + bx^n)^p (bx^n - a)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p,x)`output `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p x^2 - 2 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p x}{x^{2n} b^{2np} + x^{2n} b^2 - a^{2np} - a^2} dx \right) a^2 n^2 p^2 - 2 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p x}{x^{2n} b^{2np} + x^{2n} b^2 - a^{2np} - a^2} dx \right) a^2 np}{2np + 2}$$

input `int(x*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p*x**2 - 2*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p*x)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2 - a**2*n*p - a**2),x)*a**2*n**2*p**2 - 2*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p*x)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2 - a**2*n*p - a**2),x)*a**2*n*p)/(2*(n*p + 1))`

### 3.578 $\int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	3923
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3923
Rubi [A] (verified)	3924
Maple [F]	3925
Fricas [F]	3925
Sympy [F]	3926
Maxima [F]	3926
Giac [F]	3926
Mupad [F(-1)]	3927
Reduce [F]	3927

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2n}, -p, \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{n} \right), \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)$$

output

```
x*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/2/n],[1+1/2/n],b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)/((1-b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = x(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)$$



input `Integrate[(-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x*(-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/(2*n), -p, 1 + 1/(2*n), (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2])/(1 - (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2)^p`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {785, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 785$$

$$(bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p (b^2x^{2n} - a^2)^{-p} \int (b^2x^{2n} - a^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$(bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$x(bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2n}, -p, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)$$

input `Int[(-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x*(-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/(2*n), -p, (2 + n^(-1))/2, (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2])/(1 - (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2)^p`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 785 `Int[((a1_) + (b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x**n)**p*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Integral((-a + b*x**n)**p*(a + b*x**n)**p, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (a + bx^n)^p (bx^n - a)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p x - 4 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p}{2x^{2n} b^{2np} + x^{2n} b^2 - 2a^{2np} - a^2} dx \right) a^2 n^2 p^2 - 2 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p}{2x^{2n} b^{2np} + x^{2n} b^2 - 2a^{2np} - a^2} dx \right) a^2 np}{2np + 1}$$

input `int((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p*x - 4*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*a**2*n*p - a**2),x)*a**2*n**2*p**2 - 2*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*a**2*n*p - a**2),x)*a**2*n*p)/(2*n*p + 1)`

**3.579**  $\int \frac{(-a+bx^n)^p(a+bx^n)^p}{x} dx$

Optimal result	3928
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3928
Rubi [A] (verified)	3929
Maple [F]	3930
Fricas [F]	3931
Sympy [F]	3931
Maxima [F]	3931
Giac [F]	3932
Mupad [F(-1)]	3932
Reduce [F]	3932

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx = -\frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p (a^2 - b^2 x^{2n}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{2a^2 n(1 + p)}$$

output `-1/2*(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p*(a^2-b^2*x^(2*n))*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1-b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)/a^2/n/(p+1)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p (-a^2 + b^2 x^{2n}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{2a^2 n(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[((-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p)/x,x]`

output  $((-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p*(-a^2 + b^2*x^{(2*n)})*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (b^2*x^{(2*n)})/a^2])/(2*a^2*n*(1 + p))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {799, 136, 243, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 799 \\
 & \frac{\int x^{-n} (bx^n - a)^p (bx^n + a)^p dx^n}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 136 \\
 & \frac{(bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p (b^2 x^{2n} - a^2)^{-p} \int x^{-n} (b^2 x^{2n} - a^2)^p dx^n}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 243 \\
 & \frac{(bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p (b^2 x^{2n} - a^2)^{-p} \int x^{-n} (b^2 x^{2n} - a^2)^p dx^{2n}}{2n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 75 \\
 & \frac{(b^2 x^{2n} - a^2) (bx^n - a)^p (a + bx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, 1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{2a^{2n}(p + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[((-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p)/x, x]$

output  $((-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p*(-a^2 + b^2*x^{(2*n)})*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 - (b^2*x^{(2*n)})/a^2])/(2*a^2*n*(1 + p))$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 136 `Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_] := Simp[(a + b*x)^FracPart[m]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(a*c + b*d*x^2)^FracPart[m]) Int[(a*c + b*d*x^2)^m*(f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c + a*d, 0] && EqQ[n, m]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 799 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a1 + b1*x)^p*(a2 + b2*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/(2*n)]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x,x)`

output `int((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p/x, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x**n)**p*(a+b*x**n)**p/x,x)`

output `Integral((-a + b*x**n)**p*(a + b*x**n)**p/x, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p/x, x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (bx^n - a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p)/x,x)`

output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p)/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p - 2 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p}{x^{2n} b^2 x - a^2 x} dx \right) a^{2np}}{2np}$$

input `int((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x,x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p - 2*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x - a**2*x),x)*a**2*n*p)/(2*n*p)`

**3.580**       $\int \frac{(-a+bx^n)^p(a+bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3933
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3933
Rubi [A] (verified)	3934
Maple [F]	3935
Fricas [F]	3935
Sympy [F]	3936
Maxima [F]	3936
Giac [F]	3936
Mupad [F(-1)]	3937
Reduce [F]	3937

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2n}, -p, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{x}$$

output

```
-(-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1/2/n], [1-1/2/n], b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)/x/((1-b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2n}, -p; 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{x}$$

input

```
Integrate[((-a + b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p)/x^2,x]
```

output 
$$-\left(\left(-a + b x^n\right)^p \left(a + b x^n\right)^p \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\left\{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{n}, -p\right\}, \left\{1 - \frac{1}{2 n}\right\}, \left(\frac{b^2 x^{2 n}}{a^2}\right) / \left(x \left(1 - \left(\frac{b^2 x^{2 n}}{a^2}\right)^p\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {890, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b x^n - a)^p (a + b x^n)^p}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 890 \\ & (b x^n - a)^p (a + b x^n)^p (b^2 x^{2n} - a^2)^{-p} \int \frac{(b^2 x^{2n} - a^2)^p}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 889 \\ & (b x^n - a)^p (a + b x^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 888 \\ & \frac{(b x^n - a)^p (a + b x^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2n}, -p, 1 - \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input 
$$\operatorname{Int}\left[\left(-a + b x^n\right)^p \left(a + b x^n\right)^p / x^2, x\right]$$

output 
$$-\left(\left(-a + b x^n\right)^p \left(a + b x^n\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 - \frac{1}{2 n}\right], \left(\frac{b^2 x^{2 n}}{a^2}\right) / \left(x \left(1 - \left(\frac{b^2 x^{2 n}}{a^2}\right)^p\right)\right)\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)) * Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 890 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a1_) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p/x^2, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x**n)**p*(a+b*x**n)**p/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((-a + b*x**n)**p*(a + b*x**n)**p/x**2, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p/x^2, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p (bx^n - a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p (bx^n - a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p)/x^2,x)`output `int(((a + b*x^n)^p*(b*x^n - a)^p)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(-a + bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p - 4 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p}{2x^{2n} b^{2np} x^2 - x^{2n} b^2 x^2 - 2a^{2np} x^2 + a^2 x^2} dx \right) a^2 n^2 p^2 x + 2 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b - a)^p}{2x^{2n} b^{2np} x^2 - x^{2n} b^2 x^2 - 2a^{2np} x^2} dx \right)}{x(2np - 1)}$$

input `int((-a+b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p/x^2,x)`output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p - 4*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*p*x**2 - x**(2*n)*b**2*x**2 - 2*a**2*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2),x)*a**2*n**2*p**2*x + 2*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b - a)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*p*x**2 - x**(2*n)*b**2*x**2 - 2*a**2*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2),x)*a**2*n*p*x)/(x*(2*n*p - 1))`

**3.581**  $\int \frac{a+b(e+fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg+fgx}(c+d(e+fx)^2)} dx$

Optimal result	3938
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3939
Rubi [A] (verified)	3939
Maple [A] (verified)	3946
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3947
Sympy [F]	3948
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3948
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3949
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3950
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3950

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{eg + fgx}}{dfg} + \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{g}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}} - \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{g}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}} - \frac{(bc - ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{g} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}(e+fx)}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}}$$

output

```
2*b*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/d/f/g+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctan(1-2^(1/2)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/g^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/g^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*g^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*g^(1/2)*(f*x+e)))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4bc^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{d}(e + fx) + \sqrt{2}(bc - ad)\sqrt{e + fx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{d}(e + fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e + fx}}\right) - \sqrt{2}(bc - ad)\sqrt{e + fx} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{d}(e + fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e + fx}}\right)}{2c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}(e + fx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*(e + f*x)^2)/(Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x]*(c + d*(e + f*x)^2)),x]`

output `(4*b*c^(3/4)*d^(1/4)*(e + f*x) + Sqrt[2]*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[e + f*x]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[d]*(e + f*x))/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e + f*x]]] - Sqrt[2]*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[e + f*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e + f*x))/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*(e + f*x))])/(2*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.297$ , Rules used = {1014, 363, 266, 755, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1014$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{e + fx} \int \frac{b(e + fx)^2 + a}{\sqrt{e + fx}(d(e + fx)^2 + c)} d(e + fx)}{f\sqrt{eg + fgx}}$$

$$\downarrow 363$$



$$\frac{\sqrt{e+fx} \left( \frac{2b\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} - \frac{(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e+fx}(d(e+fx)^2+c)} d(e+fx)}{d} \right)}{f\sqrt{eg+fgx}}$$

↓ 266

$$\frac{\sqrt{e+fx} \left( \frac{2b\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} - \frac{2(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{d(e+fx)^2+c} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} \right)}{f\sqrt{eg+fgx}}$$

↓ 755

$$\frac{\sqrt{e+fx} \left( \frac{2b\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} - \frac{2(bc-ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{d}(e+fx)}{d(e+fx)^2+c} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d}(e+fx)+\sqrt{c}}{d(e+fx)^2+c} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)}{d} \right)}{f\sqrt{eg+fgx}}$$

↓ 1476

$$\frac{\sqrt{e+fx} \left( \frac{2b\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} - \frac{2(bc-ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{e+fx - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{e+fx} + \frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{d}}} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{e+fx + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{e+fx} + \frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{d}}} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{d}(e+fx)}{d(e+fx)^2+c} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)}{d} \right)}{f\sqrt{eg+fgx}}$$

↓ 1082

$$\sqrt{e+fx} \left( \frac{2b\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} - \frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \left( \frac{\int \frac{-1}{e-fx-1} d \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d}} - \frac{\int \frac{-1}{e-fx-1} d \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{e+fx} + 1}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{d}(e+fx)}{d(e+fx)^2+c} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)$$

$$f\sqrt{eg+fgx}$$

↓ 217

$$\sqrt{e+fx} \left( \frac{2b\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} - \frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{d}(e+fx)}{d(e+fx)^2+c} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{e+fx} + 1}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d}} \right) \right)$$

$$f\sqrt{eg+fgx}$$

↓ 1479

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{e+fx} \\ \frac{2b\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} \end{array} \right\} \frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}-2\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt[4]{d}\left(e+fx-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt[4]{d}}{\sqrt[4]{d}}\right)} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt[4]{c}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{d}\left(e+fx+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt[4]{d}}{\sqrt[4]{d}}\right)} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt[4]{c}}{\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}} \right)$$


---

$f\sqrt{eg+fgx}$

↓ 25

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{e+fx} \\ \frac{2b\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} \end{array} \right\} \frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}-2\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt[4]{d}\left(e+fx-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt[4]{d}}{\sqrt[4]{d}}\right)} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt[4]{c}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{d}\left(e+fx+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt[4]{d}}{\sqrt[4]{d}}\right)} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt[4]{c}}{\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}} \right)$$


---

$f\sqrt{eg+fgx}$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{e+fx} \left( \frac{2b\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} - \frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}-2\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}}{e+fx-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt{c}} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt[4]{c}}{e+fx+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt{d}} d\sqrt{e+fx}}{2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}+1}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}} \right) \right)$$

$f\sqrt{eg+fgx}$

1103

$$\sqrt{e+fx} \left( \frac{2b\sqrt{e+fx}}{d} - \frac{2(bc-ad)}{d} \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}+1}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{d}(e+fx)\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e+fx}+\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{d}(e+fx)\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}} \right) \right)$$

$f\sqrt{eg+fgx}$

input `Int[(a + b*(e + f*x)^2)/(Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x]*(c + d*(e + f*x)^2)),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[e + f*x]*((2*b*Sqrt[e + f*x])/d - (2*(b*c - a*d)*((-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e + f*x])/c^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e + f*x])/c^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[c]) + (-1/2*Log[Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e + f*x] + Sqrt[d]*(e + f*x)]/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e + f*x] + Sqrt[d]*(e + f*x)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[c]))/d)/(f*Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 217

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 266

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2))^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]
```

rule 363

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*e*(m + 2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(b*(m + 2*p + 3)) Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 755 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numerator[Rt[a/b, 2]], s = Denominator[Rt[a/b, 2]]}, Simp[1/(2*r) Int[(r - s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*r) Int[(r + s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && (GtQ[a/b, 0] || (PosQ[a/b] && AtomQ[SplitProduct[SumBaseQ, a]] && AtomQ[SplitProduct[SumBaseQ, b]]))`

rule 1014 `Int[(u_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^p_.*((c_.) + (d_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^q_.], x_Symbol] := Simp[u^m/(Coefficient[v, x, 1]*v^m) Subst[Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && LinearPairQ[u, v, x]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1476 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]`

rule 1479 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{d} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+1}\right)-2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-1}\right)}{4dc}fg$
default	$\frac{2b\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{d} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+1}\right)-2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-1}\right)}{4dc}fg$
risch	$\frac{2b(fx+e)}{df\sqrt{g(fx+e)}} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+1}\right)-2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-1}\right)}{4dfgc}$
pseudoelliptic	$\left(\ln\left(\frac{-\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}\sqrt{2}+(-fx-e)g}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}+(-fx-e)g}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-1}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)\right)/4dfgc$

input `int((a+b*(f*x+e)^2)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/g/f*(b/d*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1/8*(a*d-b*c)/d*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)/c*2^(1/2)*(ln((f*g*x+e*g+(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+(c*g^2/d)^(1/2))/(f*g*x+e*g-(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+(c*g^2/d)^(1/2)))+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1)-2*arctan(-2^(1/2)/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1))`

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 675, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{dfg \left( -\frac{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}{c^3d^5f^4g^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left( cdfg \left( -\frac{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}{c^3d^5f^4g^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \sqrt{fgx + e} \right)}{1}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(f*x+e)^2)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="
fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3
+ a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(c*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d
+ 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) -
sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) + I*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a
^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(I*c
*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^
4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) - I*d*f*g
*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)
/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(-I*c*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^
2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f
*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) - d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^
2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(-c*d*f*g*(-(
b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^
3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) + 4*sqrt(f*g*x + e
g)*b)/(d*f*g)
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx = \int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{g(e + fx)}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(f*x+e)**2)/(f*g*x+e*g)**(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)**2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*e**2 + 2*b*e*f*x + b*f**2*x**2)/(sqrt(g*(e + f*x))*(c + d*e**2 + 2*d*e*f*x + d*f**2*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}g^2 \log\left(\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{fgx+egd}^{\frac{1}{4}} + (fgx+eg)\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{cg}\right)}{(cg^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}g^2 \log\left(-\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{fgx+egd}^{\frac{1}{4}} + (fgx+eg)\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{cg}\right)}{(cg^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}g \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}d\right)}{2\sqrt{\dots}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g\sqrt{\dots}}}{d} \quad 4fg$$

input `integrate((a+b*(f*x+e)^2)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*((sqrt(2)*g^2*log(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*d^(1/4) + (f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d) + sqrt(c)*g)/((c*g^2)^(3/4)*d^(1/4)) - sqrt(2)*g^2*log(-sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*d^(1/4) + (f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d) + sqrt(c)*g)/((c*g^2)^(3/4)*d^(1/4)) + 2*sqrt(2)*g*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*d^(1/4) + 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d))/sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g)))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g)*sqrt(c)) + 2*sqrt(2)*g*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*d^(1/4) - 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d))/sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g)*sqrt(c))*(b*c - a*d)/d - 8*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*b/d)/(f*g)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx} (c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx \\
&= \frac{2\sqrt{fgx + eg}b}{dfg} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + 2\sqrt{fgx + eg}\right)}{2\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2cd^2fg} \\
&\quad - \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - 2\sqrt{fgx + eg}\right)}{2\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2cd^2fg} \\
&\quad - \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \log\left(fgx + eg + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx + eg}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}\right)}{4cd^2fg} \\
&\quad + \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \log\left(fgx + eg - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx + eg}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}\right)}{4cd^2fg}
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*(f*x+e)^2)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="
giac")
```

```
output 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*b/(d*f*g) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^
3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + 2*sqrt(f*g
*x + e*g))/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4))/(c*d^2*f*g) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*b
*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) -
2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g))/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4))/(c*d^2*f*g) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g
^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*log(f*g*x + e*g + sqrt(2)*sqrt(f*g*
x + e*g)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + sqrt(c*g^2/d))/(c*d^2*f*g) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*((c*d^
3*g^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*log(f*g*x + e*g - sqrt(2)*sqrt(f
*g*x + e*g)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + sqrt(c*g^2/d))/(c*d^2*f*g)
```



input `int((a+b*(f*x+e)^2)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `(sqrt(g)*(2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) - d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d - 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) - d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*b*c + 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) + d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d - 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) + d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*b*c + 8*sqrt(e + f*x)*b*c*d - d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*a*d + d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*b*c + d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*a*d - d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*b*c)/(4*c*d**2*f*g)`

**3.582**  $\int \frac{a+be^2+2befx+bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg+fgx}(c+d(e+fx)^2)} dx$

Optimal result	3952
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3953
Rubi [A] (verified)	3953
Maple [A] (verified)	3955
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3956
Sympy [F]	3957
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3957
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3958
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3959
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3960

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 47, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{eg + fgx}}{dfg} + \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{g}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}} - \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{g}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}} - \frac{(bc - ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{g} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}(e+fx)}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}}$$

output

```
2*b*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/d/f/g+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctan(1-2^(1/2)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/g^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/g^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*g^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*g^(1/2)*(f*x+e)))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4bc^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{d}(e + fx) + \sqrt{2}(bc - ad)\sqrt{e + fx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{d}(e + fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e + fx}}\right) - \sqrt{2}(bc - ad)\sqrt{e + fx} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{d}(e + fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e + fx}}\right)}{2c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}(e + fx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*e^2 + 2*b*e*f*x + b*f^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x]*(c + d*(e + f*x)^2)),x]
```

output

```
(4*b*c^(3/4)*d^(1/4)*(e + f*x) + Sqrt[2]*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[e + f*x]*ArcTan[
(Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[d]*(e + f*x))/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e + f*x])] - S
qrt[2]*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[e + f*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e +
f*x))/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*(e + f*x)))]/(2*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g*(e + f*
x)])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.064$ , Rules used = {2084, 2159, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2084$$

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2159$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a - \frac{bc}{d}}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} + \frac{b}{d\sqrt{eg + fgx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \arctan \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{g(e+fx)}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{g}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} d^{5/4} f \sqrt{g}} - \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{g(e+fx)}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{g}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} d^{5/4} f \sqrt{g}} +$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \log \left( -\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{g(e+fx)} + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{g} + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{g}(e+fx) \right)}{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} d^{5/4} f \sqrt{g}} -$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \log \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{g(e+fx)} + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{g} + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{g}(e+fx) \right)}{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} d^{5/4} f \sqrt{g}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{eg + fgx}}{dfg}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*e^2 + 2*b*e*f*x + b*f^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x]*(c + d*(e + f*x)^2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*b*Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x])/(d*f*g) + ((b*c - a*d)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[g]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g]) - ((b*c - a*d)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[g]])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g]) + ((b*c - a*d)*Log[Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g] + Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*(e + f*x) - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g]) - ((b*c - a*d)*Log[Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g] + Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*(e + f*x) + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2084

```
Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*(z_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandToSum[z, x]^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{m, p, q}, x] && LinearQ[z, x] && QuadraticQ[{u, v}, x] && !(LinearMatchQ[z, x] && QuadraticMatchQ[{u, v}, x]) && !MatchQ[z^m*u^p*v^q, ((d_.) + (e_.)*x)^m*((f_.) + (g_.)*x)^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*x + (c_.)*x^2)^(t_.) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, t}, x] && !MatchQ[z^m*u^p*v^q, ((d_.) + (e_.)*x)^m*((f_.) + (g_.)*x)^2*((a_.) + (c_.)*x^2)^(t_.) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, t}, x]
```

rule 2159

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{d} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+1}{4dc} - 2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{fg}$
default	$\frac{2b\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{d} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+1}{4dc} - 2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{fg}$
risch	$\frac{2b(fx+e)}{df\sqrt{g(fx+e)}} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+1}{4dfgc} - 2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}$
pseudoelliptic	$\left(\ln\left(\frac{-\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}\sqrt{2}+(-fx-e)g}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}+(-fx-e)g}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)-1\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{4dfgc}$

input

```
int((b*f^2*x^2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e^2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/g/f*(b/d*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1/8*(a*d-b*c)/d*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)/c^2^(1/2)*(ln
((f*g*x+e*g+(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+(c*g^2/d)^(1/2))/(f*
g*x+e*g-(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+(c*g^2/d)^(1/2)))+2*arct
an(2^(1/2)/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1)-2*arctan(-2^(1/2)/(c*g^2/d
)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1)))
```



**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 675, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{dfg \left( -\frac{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}{c^3d^5f^4g^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left( cdfg \left( -\frac{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}{c^3d^5f^4g^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \sqrt{fgx + e} \right)}{1}$$

input

```
integrate((b*f^2*x^2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e^2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)^2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3
+ a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(c*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d
+ 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) -
sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) + I*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a
^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(I*c
*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a
^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) - I*d*f*g
*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)
/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(-I*c*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a
^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f
*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) - d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c
^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(-c*d*f*g*(-(
b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c
^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) + 4*sqrt(f*g*x + e
g)*b)/(d*f*g)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx = \int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{g(e + fx)}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*f**2*x**2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e**2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)**(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)**2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*e**2 + 2*b*e*f*x + b*f**2*x**2)/(sqrt(g*(e + f*x))*(c + d*e**2 + 2*d*e*f*x + d*f**2*x**2)), x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left( \frac{\sqrt{2}g^2 \log\left(\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+egd}^{\frac{1}{4}}+(fgx+eg)\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{cg}\right)}{(cg^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}g^2 \log\left(-\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+egd}^{\frac{1}{4}}+(fgx+eg)\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{cg}\right)}{(cg^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}g \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g\sqrt{d}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g} \right)}{d} \quad 4fg$$

input

```
integrate((b*f^2*x^2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e^2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*((sqrt(2)*g^2*log(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*d^(1/4) + (f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d) + sqrt(c)*g)/((c*g^2)^(3/4)*d^(1/4)) - sqrt(2)*g^2*log(-sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*d^(1/4) + (f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d) + sqrt(c)*g)/((c*g^2)^(3/4)*d^(1/4)) + 2*sqrt(2)*g*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*d^(1/4) + 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d))/sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g))/sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g)*sqrt(c)) + 2*sqrt(2)*g*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*d^(1/4) - 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d))/sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g))/sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g)*sqrt(c))*(b*c - a*d)/d - 8*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*b/d)/(f*g)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{fgx + eg}b}{dfg} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + 2\sqrt{fgx + eg}\right)}{2\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2cd^2fg}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - 2\sqrt{fgx + eg}\right)}{2\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2cd^2fg}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \log\left(fgx + eg + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx + eg}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}\right)}{4cd^2fg}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \log\left(fgx + eg - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx + eg}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}\right)}{4cd^2fg}$$

input `integrate((b*f^2*x^2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e^2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)^2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*b/(d*f*g) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g))/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4))/(c*d^2*f*g) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) - 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g))/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4))/(c*d^2*f*g) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*log(f*g*x + e*g + sqrt(2)*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + sqrt(c*g^2/d))/(c*d^2*f*g) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*log(f*g*x + e*g - sqrt(2)*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + sqrt(c*g^2/d))/(c*d^2*f*g)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1044, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a + b*e^2 + b*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*e*f*x)/((e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(c + d*(e + f*x)^2)),x)
```

output

```
(2*b*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2))/(d*f*g) - (atan((((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 - (16*(b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2))))*1i)/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)) + ((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 + (16*(b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2))))*1i)/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)))/(((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 - (16*(b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2)))))/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)) - ((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 + (16*(b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2)))))/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)) - (atan((((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 - ((b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c)*16i)/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2)))))/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)) + ((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 + ((b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c)*16i)/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2)))))/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)))/(((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 - ((b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - ...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + d(e + fx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{g} \left( 2d^{\frac{7}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx+e}-d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}} \right) a - 2d^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{\frac{5}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx+e}-d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}} \right) b + 2d^{\frac{7}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx+e}-d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{g}}$$

input

```
int((b*f^2*x^2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e^2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c+d*(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(g)*(2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) - d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d - 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) - d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*b*c + 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) + d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d - 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) + d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*b*c + 8*sqrt(e + f*x)*b*c*d - d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*a*d + d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*b*c + d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*a*d - d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*b*c)/(4*c*d**2*f*g)
```

**3.583**  $\int \frac{a+b(e+fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg+fgx}(c+de^2+2defx+df^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	3961
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3962
Rubi [A] (verified)	3962
Maple [A] (verified)	3964
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3965
Sympy [F]	3966
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3966
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3967
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3968
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3969

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 47, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{a+b(e+fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg+fgx}(c+de^2+2defx+df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{dfg} + \frac{(bc-ad)\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{g}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}}$$

$$- \frac{(bc-ad)\arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{g}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}} - \frac{(bc-ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{g}+\sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}(e+fx)}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}}$$

output

```
2*b*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/d/f/g+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctan(1-2^(1/2)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/g^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/g^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*g^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*g^(1/2)*(f*x+e)))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4bc^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{d}(e + fx) + \sqrt{2}(bc - ad)\sqrt{e + fx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{d}(e + fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e + fx}}\right) - \sqrt{2}(bc - ad)\sqrt{e + fx} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{d}(e + fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e + fx}}\right)}{2c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}(e + fx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*(e + f*x)^2)/(Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x]*(c + d*e^2 + 2*d*e*f*x + d*f^2*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
(4*b*c^(3/4)*d^(1/4)*(e + f*x) + Sqrt[2]*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[e + f*x]*ArcTan[
(Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[d]*(e + f*x))/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e + f*x])] - S
qrt[2]*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[e + f*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e +
f*x))/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*(e + f*x)))]/(2*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g*(e + f*
x)])]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.064$ , Rules used = {2084, 2159, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2084}$$

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2159}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a - \frac{bc}{d}}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} + \frac{b}{d\sqrt{eg + fgx}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \arctan \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{g(e+fx)}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{g}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} d^{5/4} f \sqrt{g}} - \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{g(e+fx)}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{g}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} d^{5/4} f \sqrt{g}} +$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \log \left( -\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{g(e+fx)} + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{g} + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{g}(e+fx) \right)}{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} d^{5/4} f \sqrt{g}} -$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \log \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt[4]{d} \sqrt{g(e+fx)} + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{g} + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{g}(e+fx) \right)}{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} d^{5/4} f \sqrt{g}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{eg + fgx}}{dfg}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*(e + f*x)^2)/(Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x]*(c + d*e^2 + 2*d*e*f*x + d*f^2*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*b*Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x])/(d*f*g) + ((b*c - a*d)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[g])])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g]) - ((b*c - a*d)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[g])])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g]) + ((b*c - a*d)*Log[Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g] + Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*(e + f*x) - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)])/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g]) - ((b*c - a*d)*Log[Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[g] + Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*(e + f*x) + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)])/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2084

```
Int[(u_)^(p_.)*(v_)^(q_.)*(z_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandToSum[z, x]^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p*ExpandToSum[v, x]^q, x] /; FreeQ[{m, p, q}, x] && LinearQ[z, x] && QuadraticQ[{u, v}, x] && !(LinearMatchQ[z, x] && QuadraticMatchQ[{u, v}, x]) && !MatchQ[z^m*u^p*v^q, ((d_.) + (e_.)*x)^m*((f_.) + (g_.)*x)^2*((a_.) + (b_.)*x + (c_.)*x^2)^(t_.) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, t}, x] && !MatchQ[z^m*u^p*v^q, ((d_.) + (e_.)*x)^m*((f_.) + (g_.)*x)^2*((a_.) + (c_.)*x^2)^(t_.) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, t}, x]
```



rule 2159

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{2b\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{d} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+1}{4dc}}{fg} - 2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)$
default	$\frac{2b\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{d} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+1}{4dc}}{fg} - 2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)$
risch	$\frac{2b(fx+e)}{df\sqrt{g(fx+e)}} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)+1}{4dfgc}}{fg}$
pseudoelliptic	$\left(\ln\left(\frac{-\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}\sqrt{2}+(-fx-e)g}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}+(-fx-e)g}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)-1\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)\right)/4dfgc$

input

```
int((a+b*(f*x+e)^2)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(d*f^2*x^2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e^2+c), x, meth
od=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/g/f*(b/d*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1/8*(a*d-b*c)/d*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)/c^2^(1/2)*(ln
((f*g*x+e*g+(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+(c*g^2/d)^(1/2))/(f*
g*x+e*g-(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+(c*g^2/d)^(1/2)))+2*arct
an(2^(1/2)/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1)-2*arctan(-2^(1/2)/(c*g^2/d
)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1)))
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 675, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx} (c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{dfg \left( -\frac{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}{c^3d^5f^4g^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left( cdfg \left( -\frac{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}{c^3d^5f^4g^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \sqrt{fgx + e} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(f*x+e)^2)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(d*f^2*x^2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e^2+c),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3
+ a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(c*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d
+ 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) -
sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) + I*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a
^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(I*c
*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^
4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) - I*d*f*g
*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)
/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(-I*c*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^
2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f
*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) - d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^
2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(-c*d*f*g*(-(
b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^
3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) + 4*sqrt(f*g*x + e
g)*b)/(d*f*g)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{g(e + fx)}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(f*x+e)**2)/(f*g*x+e*g)**(1/2)/(d*f**2*x**2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e**2+c),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*e**2 + 2*b*e*f*x + b*f**2*x**2)/(sqrt(g*(e + f*x))*(c + d*e**2 + 2*d*e*f*x + d*f**2*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left( \frac{\sqrt{2}g^2 \log\left(\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+egd}^{\frac{1}{4}}+(fgx+eg)\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{cg}\right)}{(cg^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}g^2 \log\left(-\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+egd}^{\frac{1}{4}}+(fgx+eg)\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{cg}\right)}{(cg^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}g \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g\sqrt{c}} \right)}{d}$$

$4fg$

input `integrate((a+b*(f*x+e)^2)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(d*f^2*x^2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e^2+c), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-1/4*((sqrt(2)*g^2*log(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*d^(1/4) + (
f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d) + sqrt(c)*g)/((c*g^2)^(3/4)*d^(1/4)) - sqrt(2)*g^2*log
(-sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*d^(1/4) + (f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d)
+ sqrt(c)*g)/((c*g^2)^(3/4)*d^(1/4)) + 2*sqrt(2)*g*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(sq
rt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*d^(1/4) + 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d))/sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d)*g))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g)*sqrt(c)) + 2*sqrt(2)*g*arctan(-1/2*sqrt
(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*d^(1/4) - 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d))/sqrt(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(d)*g))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g)*sqrt(c))*(b*c - a*d)/d - 8*sqrt
(f*g*x + e*g)*b/d)/(f*g)

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx} (c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{fgx + egb}}{dfg} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} ad \right) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \sqrt{2} \left( \frac{cg^2}{d} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + 2\sqrt{fgx + eg} \right)}{2 \left( \frac{cg^2}{d} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{2cd^2fg}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} ad \right) \arctan \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \sqrt{2} \left( \frac{cg^2}{d} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - 2\sqrt{fgx + eg} \right)}{2 \left( \frac{cg^2}{d} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)}{2cd^2fg}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} ad \right) \log \left( fgx + eg + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx + eg} \left( \frac{cg^2}{d} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}} \right)}{4cd^2fg}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} ad \right) \log \left( fgx + eg - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx + eg} \left( \frac{cg^2}{d} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}} \right)}{4cd^2fg}$$

input

```

integrate((a+b*(f*x+e)^2)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(d*f^2*x^2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e^2+c),
x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```

2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*b/(d*f*g) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^
3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + 2*sqrt(f*g
*x + e*g))/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4))/(c*d^2*f*g) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*b
*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) -
2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g))/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4))/(c*d^2*f*g) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g
^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*log(f*g*x + e*g + sqrt(2)*sqrt(f*g*
x + e*g)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + sqrt(c*g^2/d))/(c*d^2*f*g) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*((c*d^
3*g^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*log(f*g*x + e*g - sqrt(2)*sqrt(f
*g*x + e*g)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + sqrt(c*g^2/d))/(c*d^2*f*g)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1044, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

int((a + b*(e + f*x)^2)/((e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(c + d*e^2 + d*f^2*x^2 + 2*d*
e*f*x)),x)

```

output

```
(2*b*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2))/(d*f*g) - (atan((((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)
^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 - (16*(b*c^2*d
^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2))))*1i)/
(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)) + ((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a
^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 + (16*(b*c^2*d^2*g^3 -
a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2))))*1i)/(2*(-c)^(3
/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)))/((((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^
2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 - (16*(b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g
^3)*(a*d - b*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2)))))/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*
f*g^(1/2)) - ((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*
d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 + (16*(b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b
*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2)))))/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)))
*(a*d - b*c)*1i)/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)) - (atan((((a*d - b*c)*((16
*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2
- ((b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c)*16i)/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*
g^(1/2)))))/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)) + ((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g
*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 + ((b*c^2*d
^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c)*16i)/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2))))/
(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)))/((((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(
a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 - ((b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - ...
```

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{a + b(e + fx)^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{g} \left( 2d^{\frac{7}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx+e}-d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) a - 2d^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{\frac{5}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx+e}-d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) b + 2d^{\frac{7}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx+e}-d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((a+b*(f*x+e)^2)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(d*f^2*x^2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e^2+c),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(g)*(2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) - d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d - 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) - d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*b*c + 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) + d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d - 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) + d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*b*c + 8*sqrt(e + f*x)*b*c*d - d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*a*d + d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*b*c + d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*a*d - d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*b*c))/(4*c*d**2*f*g)
```

**3.584**  $\int \frac{a+be^2+2befx+bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg+fgx}(c+de^2+2defx+df^2x^2)} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 57, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b\sqrt{eg + fgx}}{dfg} + \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{g}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}}$$

$$- \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{g}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}} - \frac{(bc - ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{g} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}(e+fx)}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}}$$

output

```
2*b*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/d/f/g+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctan(1-2^(1/2)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x
+e*g)^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/g^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)-1/2*(-a*d+b
*c)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*d^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/g^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^
(3/4)/d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*(f*
g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*g^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*g^(1/2)*(f*x+e)))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/
d^(5/4)/f/g^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4bc^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{d}(e + fx) + \sqrt{2}(bc - ad)\sqrt{e + fx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{d}(e + fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e + fx}}\right) - \sqrt{2}(bc - ad)\sqrt{e + fx} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{d}(e + fx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{e + fx}}\right)}{2c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g(e + fx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*e^2 + 2*b*e*f*x + b*f^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x]*(c + d*e^2 + 2*d*e*f*x + d*f^2*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
(4*b*c^(3/4)*d^(1/4)*(e + f*x) + Sqrt[2]*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[e + f*x]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c] - Sqrt[d]*(e + f*x))/(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e + f*x])] - Sqrt[2]*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[e + f*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[e + f*x))/(Sqrt[c] + Sqrt[d]*(e + f*x))])/(2*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.035$ , Rules used = {2159, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2159$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a - \frac{bc}{d}}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} + \frac{b}{d\sqrt{eg + fgx}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{g(e+fx)}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{g}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}} - \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{g(e+fx)}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{g}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}} +$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{g(e+fx)} + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{g} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}(e+fx)\right)}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}} -$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt[4]{d}\sqrt{g(e+fx)} + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{g} + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{g}(e+fx)\right)}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}d^{5/4}f\sqrt{g}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{eg+fgx}}{dfg}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*e^2 + 2*b*e*f*x + b*f^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x]*(c + d*e^2 + 2*
d*e*f*x + d*f^2*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*b*Sqrt[e*g + f*g*x])/(d*f*g) + ((b*c - a*d)*ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*d^(1/4)
*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[g])])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g]
) - ((b*c - a*d)*ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f*x)])/(c^(1/4)*S
qrt[g])])/(Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g]) + ((b*c - a*d)*Log[Sqrt[c]*S
qrt[g] + Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*(e + f*x) - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f
*x)])/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g]) - ((b*c - a*d)*Log[Sqrt[c]*Sq
rt[g] + Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[g]*(e + f*x) + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*d^(1/4)*Sqrt[g*(e + f*
x)])/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*Sqrt[g])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2159

```
Int[(Pq_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*Pq*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && IGtQ[p, -2]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{d} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+1}\right)-2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-1}\right)}{4dc}$
default	$\frac{2b\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{d} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+1}\right)-2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-1}\right)}{4dc}$
risch	$\frac{2b(fx+e)}{df\sqrt{g(fx+e)}} + \frac{(ad-cb)\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}\left(\ln\left(\frac{fgx+eg+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}{fgx+eg-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+eg}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+1}\right)-2\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx+eg}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-1}\right)}{4dfgc}$
pseudoelliptic	$\left(\ln\left(\frac{-\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}-\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}\sqrt{2}+(-fx-e)g}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}+(-fx-e)g}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-1}\right)+2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{g(fx+e)}+\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)\right)$

input `int((b*f^2*x^2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e^2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(d*f^2*x^2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e^2+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/g/f*(b/d*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1/8*(a*d-b*c)/d*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)/c*2^(1/2)*(ln((f*g*x+e*g+(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+(c*g^2/d)^(1/2))/(f*g*x+e*g-(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+(c*g^2/d)^(1/2)))+2*arctan(2^(1/2)/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1)-2*arctan(-2^(1/2)/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4)*(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)+1))`

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 675, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{dfg \left( -\frac{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}{c^3d^5f^4g^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left( cdfg \left( -\frac{b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4}{c^3d^5f^4g^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - \sqrt{fgx + e} \right)}{1}$$

input

```
integrate((b*f^2*x^2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e^2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(d*f^2*x^2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e^2+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(c*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) + I*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(I*c*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) - I*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(-I*c*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) - d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4)*log(-c*d*f*g*(-(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)/(c^3*d^5*f^4*g^2))^(1/4) - sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*(b*c - a*d)) + 4*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*b)/(d*f*g)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{g(e + fx)}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*f**2*x**2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e**2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)**(1/2)/(d*f**2*x**2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e**2+c),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*e**2 + 2*b*e*f*x + b*f**2*x**2)/(sqrt(g*(e + f*x))*(c + d*e**2 + 2*d*e*f*x + d*f**2*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left( \frac{\sqrt{2}g^2 \log\left(\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+egd}^{\frac{1}{4}}+(fgx+eg)\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{cg}\right)}{(cg^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}g^2 \log\left(-\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{fgx+egd}^{\frac{1}{4}}+(fgx+eg)\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{cg}\right)}{(cg^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{2}g \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}(cg^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}d^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g\sqrt{c}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}g\sqrt{c}}}{d}$$

$$4fg$$

input `integrate((b*f^2*x^2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e^2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(d*f^2*x^2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e^2+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*((sqrt(2)*g^2*log(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*d^(1/4) + (f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d) + sqrt(c)*g)/((c*g^2)^(3/4)*d^(1/4)) - sqrt(2)*g^2*log(-sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*d^(1/4) + (f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d) + sqrt(c)*g)/((c*g^2)^(3/4)*d^(1/4)) + 2*sqrt(2)*g*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*d^(1/4) + 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d))/sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g)*sqrt(c)) + 2*sqrt(2)*g*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2)^(1/4)*d^(1/4) - 2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*sqrt(d))/sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(d)*g)*sqrt(c)))*(b*c - a*d)/d - 8*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*b/d)/(f*g)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{fgx + egb}}{dfg} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + 2\sqrt{fgx + eg}\right)}{2\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2cd^2fg}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - 2\sqrt{fgx + eg}\right)}{2\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{2cd^2fg}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \log\left(fgx + eg + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx + eg}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}\right)}{4cd^2fg}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\left((cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}bc - (cd^3g^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}ad\right) \log\left(fgx + eg - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{fgx + eg}\left(\frac{cg^2}{d}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{cg^2}{d}}\right)}{4cd^2fg}$$

input

```
integrate((b*f^2*x^2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e^2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(d*f^2*x^2+2*d*e*f*x+d*e^2+c),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g)*b/(d*f*g) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^
3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + 2*sqrt(f*g
*x + e*g))/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4))/(c*d^2*f*g) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*b
*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*arctan(-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) -
2*sqrt(f*g*x + e*g))/(c*g^2/d)^(1/4))/(c*d^2*f*g) - 1/4*sqrt(2)*((c*d^3*g
^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*log(f*g*x + e*g + sqrt(2)*sqrt(f*g*
x + e*g)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + sqrt(c*g^2/d))/(c*d^2*f*g) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*((c*d^
3*g^2)^(1/4)*b*c - (c*d^3*g^2)^(1/4)*a*d)*log(f*g*x + e*g - sqrt(2)*sqrt(f
*g*x + e*g)*(c*g^2/d)^(1/4) + sqrt(c*g^2/d))/(c*d^2*f*g)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1044, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

int((a + b*e^2 + b*f^2*x^2 + 2*b*e*f*x)/((e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(c + d*e^2 +
d*f^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*f*x)),x)

```

output

```
(2*b*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2))/(d*f*g) - (atan((((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)
^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 - (16*(b*c^2*d
^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2))))*1i)/
(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)) + ((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a
^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 + (16*(b*c^2*d^2*g^3 -
a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2))))*1i)/(2*(-c)^(3
/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)))/(((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^
2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 - (16*(b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g
^3)*(a*d - b*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2)))))/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*
f*g^(1/2)) - ((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*
d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 + (16*(b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b
*c))/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2)))))/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)))
*(a*d - b*c)*1i)/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)) - (atan((((a*d - b*c)*((16
*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2
- ((b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c)*16i)/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*
g^(1/2)))))/(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)) + ((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g
*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 + ((b*c^2*d
^2*g^3 - a*c*d^3*g^3)*(a*d - b*c)*16i)/((-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f^2*g^(1/2))))/
(2*(-c)^(3/4)*d^(5/4)*f*g^(1/2)))/(((a*d - b*c)*((16*(e*g + f*g*x)^(1/2)*(
a^2*d^3*g^2 + b^2*c^2*d*g^2 - 2*a*b*c*d^2*g^2))/f^2 - ((b*c^2*d^2*g^3 - ...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{a + be^2 + 2befx + bf^2x^2}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{g} \left( 2d^{\frac{7}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx+e}-d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) a - 2d^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{\frac{5}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx+e}-d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) b + 2d^{\frac{7}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx+e}-d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}{d^{\frac{1}{4}}c^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{2}}\right) c \right)}{\sqrt{eg + fgx}(c + de^2 + 2defx + df^2x^2)}$$

input

```
int((b*f^2*x^2+2*b*e*f*x+b*e^2+a)/(f*g*x+e*g)^(1/2)/(d*f^2*x^2+2*d*e*f*x+d
*e^2+c), x)
```



output

```
(sqrt(g)*(2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) - d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d - 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) - d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*b*c + 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) + d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*a*d - 2*d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*atan((2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(e + f*x) + d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2))/(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)))*b*c + 8*sqrt(e + f*x)*b*c*d - d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*a*d + d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(- d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*b*c + d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*a*d - d**(3/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(2)*log(d**(1/4)*c**(1/4)*sqrt(e + f*x)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(c) + sqrt(d)*e + sqrt(d)*f*x)*b*c))/(4*c*d**2*f*g)
```

**3.585**  $\int \frac{ae+bx}{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}(4c+d(a+bx)^3)} dx$

Optimal result	3981
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3982
Rubi [A] (verified)	3982
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3984
Fricas [F(-1)]	3985
Sympy [F(-1)]	3986
Maxima [F]	3986
Giac [F]	3986
Mupad [F(-1)]	3987
Reduce [F]	3987

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{ae + bx}{\sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx = -\frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[6]{c} (\sqrt[3]{c} + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{d(a+bx)})}{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}\right)}{3^{2^{2/3}} \sqrt{3} b c^{5/6} d^{2/3}} + \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c}}\right)}{3^{2^{2/3}} \sqrt{3} b c^{5/6} d^{2/3}} - \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{c} (\sqrt[3]{c} - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{d(a+bx)})}{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}\right)}{3^{2^{2/3}} b c^{5/6} d^{2/3}} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{9^{2^{2/3}} b c^{5/6} d^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-1/18*e*arctan(3^(1/2)*c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(b*x+a))/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)+1/18*e*arctan(1/3*(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)/c^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)-1/6*e*arctanh(c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(b*x+a))/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)+1/18*e*arctanh((c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 15.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e(a + bx)^2 \left(\frac{c + d(a + bx)^3}{c}\right)^{3/2} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{d(a + bx)^3}{c}, -\frac{d(a + bx)^3}{4c}\right)}{8b(c + d(a + bx)^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*e + b*e*x)/(Sqrt[c + d*(a + b*x)^3]*(4*c + d*(a + b*x)^3)),x]`

output `(e*(a + b*x)^2*((c + d*(a + b*x)^3)/c)^(3/2)*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1, 5/3, -(d*(a + b*x)^3)/c, -1/4*(d*(a + b*x)^3)/c])/(8*b*(c + d*(a + b*x)^3)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.051$ , Rules used = {1014, 986}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{d(a + bx)^3 + c} (d(a + bx)^3 + 4c)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1014$$

$$\frac{e \int \frac{a + bx}{\sqrt{d(a + bx)^3 + c} (d(a + bx)^3 + 4c)} d(a + bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 986$$

$$e \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(a+bx)}+\sqrt[3]{c}\right)}{\sqrt{d(a+bx)^3+c}}\right)}{3^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c^5/6d^{2/3}}}\right) + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d(a+bx)^3+c}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{3^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c^5/6d^{2/3}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{c}-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(a+bx)}\right)}{\sqrt{d(a+bx)^3+c}}\right)}{3^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c^5/6d^{2/3}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d(a+bx)^3+c}}{9^{2/3}c^5}\right)}{9^{2/3}c^5}$$


---

$b$

input `Int[(a*e + b*e*x)/(Sqrt[c + d*(a + b*x)^3]*(4*c + d*(a + b*x)^3)),x]`

output `(e*(-1/3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[3]*c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3) + 2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(a + b*x))]/Sqrt[c + d*(a + b*x)^3]]/(2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)) + ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*(a + b*x)^3]/(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[c])]/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)) - ArcTanh[(c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3) - 2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(a + b*x))]/Sqrt[c + d*(a + b*x)^3]]/(3*2^(2/3)*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*(a + b*x)^3]/Sqrt[c]]/(9*2^(2/3)*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)))/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 986 `Int[(x_)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^3]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[d/c, 3]}, Simp[q*(ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^3]/Rt[c, 2]]/(9*2^(2/3)*b*Rt[c, 2])), x] + (-Simp[q*(ArcTanh[Rt[c, 2]*((1 - 2^(1/3)*q*x)/Sqrt[c + d*x^3]])/(3*2^(2/3)*b*Rt[c, 2])), x] + Simp[q*(ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*x^3]/(Sqrt[3]*Rt[c, 2])]/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*b*Rt[c, 2])), x] - Simp[q*(ArcTan[Sqrt[3]*Rt[c, 2]*((1 + 2^(1/3)*q*x)/Sqrt[c + d*x^3]])/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*b*Rt[c, 2])), x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[4*b*c - a*d, 0] && PosQ[c]`

rule 1014 `Int[(u_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(v_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[u^m/(Coefficient[v, x, 1]*v^m) Subst[Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && LinearPairQ[u, v, x]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 2.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 795, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

method	result
default	$e^{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{-\alpha = \text{RootOf}(b^3 d Z^3 + 3da b^2 Z^2 + 3a^2 b d Z + a^3 d + 4c)} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{3}(-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{6} \sqrt{ib\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2x - \frac{i\sqrt{3}(-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{db}\right)d\sqrt{3}}}{(-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{i\sqrt{3}}}\right)$
elliptic	$e^{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{-\alpha = \text{RootOf}(b^3 d Z^3 + 3da b^2 Z^2 + 3a^2 b d Z + a^3 d + 4c)} \left( \frac{i\sqrt{3}(-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{6} \sqrt{ib\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2x - \frac{i\sqrt{3}(-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{db}\right)d\sqrt{3}}}{(-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{i\sqrt{3}}}\right)$

input

```
int((b*e*x+a*e)/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)/(4*c+d*(b*x+a)^3),x,method=_RETURNVE
RBOSE)
```

output

```

1/18*e/c/d^2/b*2^(1/2)*sum(-2*I/(_alpha*b+a)/d*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*(1/6
*I*b*(2*a/b+2*x-1/d/b*(I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))*d*3^(1/2)
/(-c*d^2)^(1/3))^(1/2)*(b*(x-1/d/b*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+a/b)*d/(I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^
2)^(1/3)-3*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))^(1/2)*(-1/6*I*b*(2*a/b+2*x-1/d/b*(-c*d^2)^(1
/3)-I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))*d*3^(1/2)/(-c*d^2)^(1/3))^(1/2)/(b^3*d*x^3+
3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)*(2*d^2*( _alpha^2*b^2+2*_alpha*a*b
+a^2)+I*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*3^(1/2)*_alpha*b*d+I*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*3^(1/2)*a*d-I*(
-c*d^2)^(2/3)*3^(1/2)-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha*b*d-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*a*d-(-c*d^2
)^(2/3))*EllipticPi(((x-(-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1
/3)-a)/b)/((-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b-(-1/
2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b))^2,1/6/d*(2*I*
3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha^2*b^2*d+4*I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha*a*
b*d-I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*_alpha*b+2*I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*a^2*d-I*3
^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*a+I*3^(1/2)*c*d-3*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*_alpha*b-3*(-c*d^2)
^(2/3)*a-3*c*d)/c,((( -1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-
a)/b-(-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b)/((-1/2/d*
(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b-(1/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/
b))^2),_alpha=RootOf(_Z^3*b^3*d+3*_Z^2*a*b^2*d+3*_Z*a^2*b*d+a^3*d+4*c)
)

```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```

integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)/(4*c+d*(b*x+a)^3),x, algorithm
="fricas")

```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(c+d*(b*x+a)**3)**(1/2)/(4*c+d*(b*x+a)**3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx = \int \frac{bex + ae}{((bx + a)^3 d + 4c) \sqrt{(bx + a)^3 d + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)/(4*c+d*(b*x+a)^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*e*x + a*e)/(((b*x + a)^3*d + 4*c)*sqrt((b*x + a)^3*d + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx = \int \frac{bex + ae}{((bx + a)^3 d + 4c) \sqrt{(bx + a)^3 d + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)/(4*c+d*(b*x+a)^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*e*x + a*e)/(((b*x + a)^3*d + 4*c)*sqrt((b*x + a)^3*d + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int((a*e + b*e*x)/((4*c + d*(a + b*x)^3)*(c + d*(a + b*x)^3)^(1/2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx$$

$$= e \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{b^3 d x^3 + 3 a b^2 d x^2 + 3 a^2 b d x + a^3 d + c}}{b^6 d^2 x^6 + 6 a b^5 d^2 x^5 + 15 a^2 b^4 d^2 x^4 + 20 a^3 b^3 d^2 x^3 + 15 a^4 b^2 d^2 x^2 + 6 a^5 b d^2 x + a^6 d^2 + 5 b^3 c d x^3 + 15 a^4 b^2 c d x^2 + 6 a^5 b c d x + a^6 c d} dx \right) \right.$$

$$\left. + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{b^3 d x^3 + 3 a b^2 d x^2 + 3 a^2 b d x + a^3 d + c x}}{b^6 d^2 x^6 + 6 a b^5 d^2 x^5 + 15 a^2 b^4 d^2 x^4 + 20 a^3 b^3 d^2 x^3 + 15 a^4 b^2 d^2 x^2 + 6 a^5 b d^2 x + a^6 d^2 + 5 b^3 c d x^3 + 15 a^4 b^2 c d x^2 + 6 a^5 b c d x + a^6 c d} dx \right) \right)$$

input `int((b*e*x+a*e)/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)/(4*c+d*(b*x+a)^3),x)`

output `e*(int(sqrt(a**3*d + 3*a**2*b*d*x + 3*a*b**2*d*x**2 + b**3*d*x**3 + c)/(a**6*d**2 + 6*a**5*b*d**2*x + 15*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 20*a**3*b**3*d**2*x**3 + 5*a**3*c*d + 15*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**4 + 15*a**2*b*c*d*x + 6*a*b**5*d**2*x**5 + 15*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + b**6*d**2*x**6 + 5*b**3*c*d*x**3 + 4*c**2),x)* a + int((sqrt(a**3*d + 3*a**2*b*d*x + 3*a*b**2*d*x**2 + b**3*d*x**3 + c)*x)/(a**6*d**2 + 6*a**5*b*d**2*x + 15*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 20*a**3*b**3*d**2*x**3 + 5*a**3*c*d + 15*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**4 + 15*a**2*b*c*d*x + 6*a*b**5*d**2*x**5 + 15*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + b**6*d**2*x**6 + 5*b**3*c*d*x**3 + 4*c**2),x)*b)`



**3.586**  $\int \frac{ae+bx}{\sqrt{c+a^3d+3a^2bdx+3ab^2dx^2+b^3dx^3}(4c+d(a+bx)^3)} dx$

Optimal result	3988
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3989
Rubi [A] (verified)	3989
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3991
Fricas [F(-1)]	3992
Sympy [F(-1)]	3993
Maxima [F]	3993
Giac [F]	3993
Mupad [F(-1)]	3994
Reduce [F]	3994

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 61, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{ae + bx}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{c} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(a+bx)}\right)}{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}\right)}{3^{2/3}\sqrt{3}bc^{5/6}d^{2/3}} + \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{3^{2/3}\sqrt{3}bc^{5/6}d^{2/3}}$$

$$- \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{c} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(a+bx)}\right)}{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}\right)}{3^{2/3}bc^{5/6}d^{2/3}} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{9^{2/3}bc^{5/6}d^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-1/18*e*arctan(3^(1/2)*c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(b*x+a))/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)+1/18*e*arctan(1/3*(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)/c^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)-1/6*e*arctanh(c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(b*x+a))/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)+1/18*e*arctanh((c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e(a + bx)^2 \left(\frac{c+d(a+bx)^3}{c}\right)^{3/2} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{d(a+bx)^3}{c}, -\frac{d(a+bx)^3}{4c}\right)}{8b(c + d(a + bx)^3)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*e + b*e*x)/(Sqrt[c + a^3*d + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + b^3*d*x^3]*(4*c + d*(a + b*x)^3)),x]
```

output

```
(e*(a + b*x)^2*((c + d*(a + b*x)^3)/c)^(3/2)*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1, 5/3, -(d*(a + b*x)^3)/c, -1/4*(d*(a + b*x)^3)/c])/(8*b*(c + d*(a + b*x)^3)^(3/2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.049$ , Rules used = {2511, 27, 986}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3 + c} (d(a + bx)^3 + 4c)} dx$$

↓ 2511

$$\int \frac{e^3(ae+bxe)}{(4ce^3+d(ae+bxe)^3)\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bxe)^3}{e^3}+c}} d(ae + bxe)$$


---

be

↓ 27

$$\frac{e^2 \int \frac{ae+bx}{(4ce^3+d(ae+bx)^3)\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}} d(ae+bx)}{b}$$

↓ 986

$$\frac{e^2 \left( -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(ae+bx)}+\sqrt[3]{ce}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}}\right)}{3^{2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{c^{5/6}d^{2/3}e}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}}{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[6]{c}}\right)}{3^{2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{c^{5/6}d^{2/3}e}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{ce}-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(ae+bx)}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}}\right)}{3^{2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{c^{5/6}d^{2/3}e}} + \dots \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(a*e + b*e*x)/(Sqrt[c + a^3*d + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + b^3*d*x^3]*(4*c + d*(a + b*x)^3)),x]`

output `(e^2*(-1/3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[3]*c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)*e + 2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(a*e + b*e*x)))/(e*Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3])]/(2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e) + ArcTan[Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3]/(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[c])]/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e) - ArcTanh[(c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)*e - 2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(a*e + b*e*x)))/(e*Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3])]/(3*2^(2/3)*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3]/Sqrt[c]]/(9*2^(2/3)*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e))/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 986

```
Int[(x_)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^3]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[d/c, 3]}, Simp[q*(ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^3]/Rt[c, 2]]/(9*2^(2/3)*b*Rt[c, 2])), x] + (-Simp[q*(ArcTanh[Rt[c, 2]*((1 - 2^(1/3)*q*x)/Sqrt[c + d*x^3]])/(3*2^(2/3)*b*Rt[c, 2])), x] + Simp[q*(ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*x^3]/(Sqrt[3]*Rt[c, 2])]/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*b*Rt[c, 2])), x] - Simp[q*(ArcTan[Sqrt[3]*Rt[c, 2]*((1 + 2^(1/3)*q*x)/Sqrt[c + d*x^3]])/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*b*Rt[c, 2]), x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[4*b*c - a*d, 0] && PosQ[c]
```

rule 2511

```
Int[(Pn_)^(p_.)*(Qn_)^(q_.)*((g_) + (h_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Px = Pn /. x -> (x - g)/h, Qx = Qn /. x -> (x - g)/h}, Simp[1/h Subst[Int[x^m*ExpandToSum[Px, x]^p*ExpandToSum[Qx, x]^q, x], x, g + h*x], x] /; BinomialQ[Px, x] && BinomialQ[Qx, x] /; FreeQ[{g, h, m, p, q}, x] && PolyQ[Pn, x] && PolyQ[Qn, x] && EqQ[Expon[Pn, x], Expon[Qn, x]]
```

### Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 795, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

method	result
default	$e^{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{-\alpha = \text{RootOf}(b^3 d Z^3 + 3 d a b^2 Z^2 + 3 a^2 b d Z + a^3 d + 4 c)} \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\frac{ib \left( \frac{2a}{b} + 2x - \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{db} \right) d \sqrt{3}}{(-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{\sqrt{i \sqrt{3} \dots}}$
elliptic	$e^{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{-\alpha = \text{RootOf}(b^3 d Z^3 + 3 d a b^2 Z^2 + 3 a^2 b d Z + a^3 d + 4 c)} \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\frac{ib \left( \frac{2a}{b} + 2x - \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{db} \right) d \sqrt{3}}{(-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{\sqrt{i \sqrt{3} \dots}}$

input

```
int((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)/(4*c+d
*(b*x+a)^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/18*e/c/d^2/b^2^(1/2)*sum(-2*I/(_alpha*b+a)/d*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*(1/6
*I*b*(2*a/b+2*x-1/d/b*(I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))*d*3^(1/2)
/(-c*d^2)^(1/3))^(1/2)*(b*(x-1/d/b*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+a/b)*d/(I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^
2)^(1/3)-3*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))^(1/2)*(-1/6*I*b*(2*a/b+2*x-1/d/b*(-c*d^2)^(1
/3)-I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))*d*3^(1/2)/(-c*d^2)^(1/3))^(1/2)/(b^3*d*x^3+
3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)*(2*d^2*( _alpha^2*b^2+2*_alpha*a*b
+a^2)+I*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*3^(1/2)*_alpha*b*d+I*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*3^(1/2)*a*d-I*(
-c*d^2)^(2/3)*3^(1/2)-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha*b*d-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*a*d-(-c*d^2
)^(2/3))*EllipticPi(((x-(-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1
/3)-a)/b)/((-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b-(-1/
2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b))^1/2,1/6/d*(2*I*
3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha^2*b^2*d+4*I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha*a*
b*d-I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*_alpha*b+2*I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*a^2*d-I*3
^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*a+I*3^(1/2)*c*d-3*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*_alpha*b-3*(-c*d^2
)^(2/3)*a-3*c*d)/c,((( -1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-
a)/b-(-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b)/((-1/2/d*
(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b-(1/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/
b))^1/2)),_alpha=RootOf(_Z^3*b^3*d+3*_Z^2*a*b^2*d+3*_Z*a^2*b*d+a^3*d+4*c)
)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)/
(4*c+d*(b*x+a)^3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b**3*d*x**3+3*a*b**2*d*x**2+3*a**2*b*d*x+a**3*d+c)*
*(1/2)/(4*c+d*(b*x+a)**3),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{bex + ae}{\sqrt{b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + c} ((bx + a)^3d + 4c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)/
(4*c+d*(b*x+a)^3),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*e*x + a*e)/(sqrt(b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + a^
3*d + c)*((b*x + a)^3*d + 4*c)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{bex + ae}{\sqrt{b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + c} ((bx + a)^3d + 4c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)/(4*c+d*(b*x+a)^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*e*x + a*e)/(sqrt(b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + a^3*d + c))*((b*x + a)^3*d + 4*c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int((a*e + b*e*x)/((4*c + d*(a + b*x)^3)*(c + a^3*d + b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + d(a + bx)^3)} dx \\ &= e \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + c}}{b^6d^2x^6 + 6ab^5d^2x^5 + 15a^2b^4d^2x^4 + 20a^3b^3d^2x^3 + 15a^4b^2d^2x^2 + 6a^5bd^2x + a^6d^2 + 5b^3cdx^3 + 15a} \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + cx}}{b^6d^2x^6 + 6ab^5d^2x^5 + 15a^2b^4d^2x^4 + 20a^3b^3d^2x^3 + 15a^4b^2d^2x^2 + 6a^5bd^2x + a^6d^2 + 5b^3cdx^3 + 15a} \right) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)/(4*c+d*(b*x+a)^3),x)`

output

```
e*(int(sqrt(a**3*d + 3*a**2*b*d*x + 3*a*b**2*d*x**2 + b**3*d*x**3 + c)/(a*  
*6*d**2 + 6*a**5*b*d**2*x + 15*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 20*a**3*b**3*d**2*x**  
3 + 5*a**3*c*d + 15*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**4 + 15*a**2*b*c*d*x + 6*a*b**5*d**2*  
x**5 + 15*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + b**6*d**2*x**6 + 5*b**3*c*d*x**3 + 4*c**2),x)*  
a + int((sqrt(a**3*d + 3*a**2*b*d*x + 3*a*b**2*d*x**2 + b**3*d*x**3 + c)*x  
)/(a**6*d**2 + 6*a**5*b*d**2*x + 15*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 20*a**3*b**3*d**  
2*x**3 + 5*a**3*c*d + 15*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**4 + 15*a**2*b*c*d*x + 6*a*b**5*  
d**2*x**5 + 15*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + b**6*d**2*x**6 + 5*b**3*c*d*x**3 + 4*c**2  
,x)*b)
```



**3.587**  $\int \frac{ae+bx}{(4c+a^3d+3a^2bdx+3ab^2dx^2+b^3dx^3)\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}} dx$

Optimal result	3996
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3997
Rubi [A] (verified)	3997
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3999
Fricas [F(-1)]	4000
Sympy [F(-1)]	4001
Maxima [F]	4001
Giac [F]	4001
Mupad [F(-1)]	4002
Reduce [F]	4002

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 61, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{ae + bx}{(4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3)\sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{c} + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(a+bx)}\right)}{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}\right)}{3^{2/3}\sqrt{3}bc^{5/6}d^{2/3}} + \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{c}}\right)}{3^{2/3}\sqrt{3}bc^{5/6}d^{2/3}}$$

$$- \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{c} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(a+bx)}\right)}{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}\right)}{3^{2/3}bc^{5/6}d^{2/3}} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{9^{2/3}bc^{5/6}d^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-1/18*e*arctan(3^(1/2)*c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(b*x+a))/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)+1/18*e*arctan(1/3*(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)/c^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)-1/6*e*arctanh(c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(b*x+a))/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)+1/18*e*arctanh((c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{(4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3) \sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{e(a + bx)^2 \left(\frac{c+d(a+bx)^3}{c}\right)^{3/2} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{d(a+bx)^3}{c}, -\frac{d(a+bx)^3}{4c}\right)}{8b(c + d(a + bx)^3)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a*e + b*e*x)/((4*c + a^3*d + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + b^3*d*x^3)*Sqrt[c + d*(a + b*x)^3]),x]`

output `(e*(a + b*x)^2*((c + d*(a + b*x)^3)/c)^(3/2)*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1, 5/3, -(d*(a + b*x)^3)/c], -1/4*(d*(a + b*x)^3)/c]/(8*b*(c + d*(a + b*x)^3)^(3/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.049$ , Rules used = {2511, 27, 986}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{(a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3 + 4c) \sqrt{d(a + bx)^3 + c}} dx$$

↓ 2511

$$\int \frac{e^3(ae+bxe)}{(4ce^3+d(ae+bxe)^3) \sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bxe)^3}{e^3} + c}} d(ae + bxe)$$


---

be

↓ 27

$$\frac{e^2 \int \frac{ae+bx}{(4ce^3+d(ae+bx)^3)\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}} d(ae+bx)}{b}$$

↓ 986

$$e^2 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{3}\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(ae+bx)}+\sqrt[3]{ce}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}}\right)}{3^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c^{5/6}d^{2/3}e}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}}{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{c}}\right)}{3^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c^{5/6}d^{2/3}e}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{ce}-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(ae+bx)}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}}\right)}{3^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{c^{5/6}d^{2/3}e}} + \dots \right) / b$$

input `Int[(a*e + b*e*x)/((4*c + a^3*d + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + b^3*d*x^3)*Sqrt[c + d*(a + b*x)^3]),x]`

output `(e^2*(-1/3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[3]*c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)*e + 2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(a*e + b*e*x)))/(e*Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3])]/(2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e) + ArcTan[Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3]/(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[c])]/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e) - ArcTanh[(c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)*e - 2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(a*e + b*e*x)))/(e*Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3])]/(3*2^(2/3)*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3]/Sqrt[c]]/(9*2^(2/3)*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e))/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 986

```
Int[(x_)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^3]), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[d/c, 3]}, Simp[q*(ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^3]/Rt[c, 2]]/(9*2^(2/3)*b
  *Rt[c, 2])), x] + (-Simp[q*(ArcTanh[Rt[c, 2]*((1 - 2^(1/3)*q*x)/Sqrt[c + d*
  x^3]])/(3*2^(2/3)*b*Rt[c, 2])), x] + Simp[q*(ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*x^3]/(Sqrt[3
  ]*Rt[c, 2])]/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*b*Rt[c, 2])), x] - Simp[q*(ArcTan[Sqrt[3]*R
  t[c, 2]*((1 + 2^(1/3)*q*x)/Sqrt[c + d*x^3])]/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*b*Rt[c, 2])
  ), x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[4*b*c - a*d,
  0] && PosQ[c]
```

rule 2511

```
Int[(Pn_)^(p_)*(Qn_)^(q_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{P
  x = Pn /. x -> (x - g)/h, Qx = Qn /. x -> (x - g)/h}, Simp[1/h Subst[Int[
  x^m*ExpandToSum[Px, x]^p*ExpandToSum[Qx, x]^q, x], x, g + h*x], x] /; Binom
  ialQ[Px, x] && BinomialQ[Qx, x] /; FreeQ[{g, h, m, p, q}, x] && PolyQ[Pn,
  x] && PolyQ[Qn, x] && EqQ[Expon[Pn, x], Expon[Qn, x]]
```

### Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 795, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

method	result
default	$e^{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{-\alpha = \text{RootOf}(b^3 d Z^3 + 3 d a b^2 Z^2 + 3 a^2 b d Z + a^3 d + 4 c)} \left( \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{6} \sqrt{ib \left( \frac{2a}{b} + 2x - \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{db} \right) d \sqrt{3}}}{(-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \sqrt{ib \left( \frac{2a}{b} + 2x - \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{db} \right) d \sqrt{3}}}{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)$
elliptic	$e^{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{-\alpha = \text{RootOf}(b^3 d Z^3 + 3 d a b^2 Z^2 + 3 a^2 b d Z + a^3 d + 4 c)} \left( \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{6} \sqrt{ib \left( \frac{2a}{b} + 2x - \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{db} \right) d \sqrt{3}}}{(-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \sqrt{ib \left( \frac{2a}{b} + 2x - \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{db} \right) d \sqrt{3}}}{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)$

input

```
int((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+4*c)/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/18*e/c/d^2/b^2^(1/2)*sum(-2*I/(_alpha*b+a)/d*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*(1/6
*I*b*(2*a/b+2*x-1/d/b*(I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))*d*3^(1/2)
/(-c*d^2)^(1/3))^(1/2)*(b*(x-1/d/b*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+a/b)*d/(I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^
2)^(1/3)-3*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))^(1/2)*(-1/6*I*b*(2*a/b+2*x-1/d/b*(-c*d^2)^(1
/3)-I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))*d*3^(1/2)/(-c*d^2)^(1/3))^(1/2)/(b^3*d*x^3+
3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)*(2*d^2*( _alpha^2*b^2+2*_alpha*a*b
+a^2)+I*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*3^(1/2)*_alpha*b*d+I*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*3^(1/2)*a*d-I*(
-c*d^2)^(2/3)*3^(1/2)-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha*b*d-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*a*d-(-c*d^2
)^(2/3))*EllipticPi(((x-(-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1
/3)-a)/b)/((-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b-(-1/
2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b))^1/2,1/6/d*(2*I*
3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha^2*b^2*d+4*I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha*a*
b*d-I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*_alpha*b+2*I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*a^2*d-I*3
^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*a+I*3^(1/2)*c*d-3*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*_alpha*b-3*(-c*d^2
)^(2/3)*a-3*c*d)/c,((( -1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-
a)/b-(-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b)/((-1/2/d*
(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b-(1/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/
b))^1/2)),_alpha=RootOf(_Z^3*b^3*d+3*_Z^2*a*b^2*d+3*_Z*a^2*b*d+a^3*d+4*c)
)
```

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{(4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3) \sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+4*c)/(c+d
*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{(4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3) \sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b**3*d*x**3+3*a*b**2*d*x**2+3*a**2*b*d*x+a**3*d+4*c)/(c+d*(b*x+a)**3)**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{ae + bex}{(4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3) \sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{bex + ae}{(b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + 4c) \sqrt{(bx + a)^3d + c}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+4*c)/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)**(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*e*x + a*e)/((b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + a^3*d + 4*c)*sqrt((b*x + a)^3*d + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{ae + bex}{(4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3) \sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{bex + ae}{(b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + 4c) \sqrt{(bx + a)^3d + c}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+4*c)/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*e*x + a*e)/((b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + a^3*d + 4*c)*sqrt((b*x + a)^3*d + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{(4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3) \sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int((a*e + b*e*x)/((c + d*(a + b*x)^3)^(1/2)*(4*c + a^3*d + b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{ae + bex}{(4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3) \sqrt{c + d(a + bx)^3}} dx \\ &= e \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + c}}{b^6d^2x^6 + 6ab^5d^2x^5 + 15a^2b^4d^2x^4 + 20a^3b^3d^2x^3 + 15a^4b^2d^2x^2 + 6a^5bd^2x + a^6d^2 + 5b^3cdx^3 + 15a} \right) \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + cx}}{b^6d^2x^6 + 6ab^5d^2x^5 + 15a^2b^4d^2x^4 + 20a^3b^3d^2x^3 + 15a^4b^2d^2x^2 + 6a^5bd^2x + a^6d^2 + 5b^3cdx^3 + 15a} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+4*c)/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
e*(int(sqrt(a**3*d + 3*a**2*b*d*x + 3*a*b**2*d*x**2 + b**3*d*x**3 + c)/(a*  
*6*d**2 + 6*a**5*b*d**2*x + 15*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 20*a**3*b**3*d**2*x**  
3 + 5*a**3*c*d + 15*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**4 + 15*a**2*b*c*d*x + 6*a*b**5*d**2*  
x**5 + 15*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + b**6*d**2*x**6 + 5*b**3*c*d*x**3 + 4*c**2),x)*  
a + int((sqrt(a**3*d + 3*a**2*b*d*x + 3*a*b**2*d*x**2 + b**3*d*x**3 + c)*x  
)/(a**6*d**2 + 6*a**5*b*d**2*x + 15*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 20*a**3*b**3*d**  
2*x**3 + 5*a**3*c*d + 15*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**4 + 15*a**2*b*c*d*x + 6*a*b**5*  
d**2*x**5 + 15*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + b**6*d**2*x**6 + 5*b**3*c*d*x**3 + 4*c**2  
,x)*b)
```



**3.588**  $\int \frac{ae+bx}{\sqrt{c+a^3d+3a^2bdx+3ab^2dx^2+b^3dx^3} (4c+a^3d+3a^2bdx+3ab^2dx^2+b^3dx^3)} dx$

Optimal result	4004
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4005
Rubi [A] (verified)	4005
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	4007
Fricas [F(-1)]	4008
Sympy [F(-1)]	4009
Maxima [F]	4009
Giac [F]	4009
Mupad [F(-1)]	4010
Reduce [F]	4010

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 83, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{ae + bx}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[6]{c} (\sqrt[3]{c} + \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{d(a+bx)})}{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} b c^{5/6} d^{2/3}} + \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{c}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} b c^{5/6} d^{2/3}}$$

$$- \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{c} (\sqrt[3]{c} - \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{d(a+bx)})}{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}\right)}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} b c^{5/6} d^{2/3}} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d(a+bx)^3}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{9 \cdot 2^{2/3} b c^{5/6} d^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-1/18*e*arctan(3^(1/2)*c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(b*x+a))/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)+1/18*e*arctan(1/3*(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)/c^(1/2))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)-1/6*e*arctanh(c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)-2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(b*x+a))/(c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)+1/18*e*arctanh((c+d*(b*x+a)^3)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))*2^(1/3)/b/c^(5/6)/d^(2/3)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e(a + bx)^2 \left(\frac{c+d(a+bx)^3}{c}\right)^{3/2} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{d(a+bx)^3}{c}, -\frac{d(a+bx)^3}{4c}\right)}{8b(c + d(a + bx)^3)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*e + b*e*x)/(Sqrt[c + a^3*d + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + b^3*d*x^3]*(4*c + a^3*d + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + b^3*d*x^3)),x]
```

output

```
(e*(a + b*x)^2*((c + d*(a + b*x)^3)/c)^(3/2)*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1, 5/3, -(d*(a + b*x)^3)/c, -1/4*(d*(a + b*x)^3)/c])/(8*b*(c + d*(a + b*x)^3)^(3/2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.036$ , Rules used = {2511, 27, 986}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} + c} \frac{dx}{(a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3 + 4c)}$$

↓ 2511

$$\int \frac{e^3(ae+bx)e}{(4ce^3+d(ae+bx)e^3)\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)e^3}{e^3}+c}} d(ae + bx)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{e^2 \int \frac{ae+bx}{(4ce^3+d(ae+bx)^3)\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}} d(ae+bx)}{b}$$

↓ 986

$$\frac{e^2 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{3}\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(ae+bx)}+\sqrt[3]{ce}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}}\right)}{3^{2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{c^{5/6}d^{2/3}e}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}}{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{c}}\right)}{3^{2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{c^{5/6}d^{2/3}e}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{c}\left(\sqrt[3]{ce}-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{d(ae+bx)}\right)}{e\sqrt{\frac{d(ae+bx)^3}{e^3}+c}}\right)}{3^{2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{c^{5/6}d^{2/3}e}} + \dots \right)}{b}$$

input `Int[(a*e + b*e*x)/(Sqrt[c + a^3*d + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + b^3*d*x^3]*(4*c + a^3*d + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + b^3*d*x^3)),x]`

output `(e^2*(-1/3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[3]*c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)*e + 2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(a*e + b*e*x)))/(e*Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3])]/(2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e) + ArcTan[Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3]/(Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[c])]/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e) - ArcTanh[(c^(1/6)*(c^(1/3)*e - 2^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*(a*e + b*e*x)))/(e*Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3])]/(3*2^(2/3)*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + (d*(a*e + b*e*x)^3)/e^3]/Sqrt[c]]/(9*2^(2/3)*c^(5/6)*d^(2/3)*e))/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 986

```
Int[(x_)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^3]), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[d/c, 3]}, Simp[q*(ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x^3]/Rt[c, 2]]/(9*2^(2/3)*b
  *Rt[c, 2])), x] + (-Simp[q*(ArcTanh[Rt[c, 2]*((1 - 2^(1/3)*q*x)/Sqrt[c + d*
  x^3]])/(3*2^(2/3)*b*Rt[c, 2])), x] + Simp[q*(ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*x^3]/(Sqrt[3
  ]*Rt[c, 2])]/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*b*Rt[c, 2])), x] - Simp[q*(ArcTan[Sqrt[3]*R
  t[c, 2]*((1 + 2^(1/3)*q*x)/Sqrt[c + d*x^3])]/(3*2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*b*Rt[c, 2])
  ], x)]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[4*b*c - a*d,
  0] && PosQ[c]
```

rule 2511

```
Int[(Pn_)^(p_)*(Qn_)^(q_)*((g_) + (h_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{P
  x = Pn /. x -> (x - g)/h, Qx = Qn /. x -> (x - g)/h}, Simp[1/h Subst[Int[
  x^m*ExpandToSum[Px, x]^p*ExpandToSum[Qx, x]^q, x], x, g + h*x], x] /; Binom
  ialQ[Px, x] && BinomialQ[Qx, x] /; FreeQ[{g, h, m, p, q}, x] && PolyQ[Pn,
  x] && PolyQ[Qn, x] && EqQ[Expon[Pn, x], Expon[Qn, x]]
```

### Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 795, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

method	result
default	$e^{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{-\alpha = \text{RootOf}(b^3 d Z^3 + 3 d a b^2 Z^2 + 3 a^2 b d Z + a^3 d + 4 c)} \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\frac{ib \left( \frac{2a}{b} + 2x - \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{db} \right) d \sqrt{3}}{(-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{\sqrt{i \sqrt{3} \dots}}$
elliptic	$e^{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{-\alpha = \text{RootOf}(b^3 d Z^3 + 3 d a b^2 Z^2 + 3 a^2 b d Z + a^3 d + 4 c)} \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\frac{ib \left( \frac{2a}{b} + 2x - \frac{i \sqrt{3} (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{db} \right) d \sqrt{3}}{(-c d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}{\sqrt{i \sqrt{3} \dots}}$

input

```
int((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+4*c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/18*e/c/d^2/b^2^(1/2)*sum(-2*I/(_alpha*b+a)/d*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*(1/6
*I*b*(2*a/b+2*x-1/d/b*(I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))*d*3^(1/2)
/(-c*d^2)^(1/3))^(1/2)*(b*(x-1/d/b*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+a/b)*d/(I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^
2)^(1/3)-3*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))^(1/2)*(-1/6*I*b*(2*a/b+2*x-1/d/b*(-c*d^2)^(1
/3)-I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)))*d*3^(1/2)/(-c*d^2)^(1/3))^(1/2)/(b^3*d*x^3+
3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)*(2*d^2*( _alpha^2*b^2+2*_alpha*a*b
+a^2)+I*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*3^(1/2)*_alpha*b*d+I*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*3^(1/2)*a*d-I*(
-c*d^2)^(2/3)*3^(1/2)-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha*b*d-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*a*d-(-c*d^2
)^(2/3))*EllipticPi(((x-(-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1
/3)-a)/b)/((-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b-(-1/
2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b))^2,1/6/d*(2*I*
3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha^2*b^2*d+4*I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*_alpha*a*
b*d-I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*_alpha*b+2*I*3^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*a^2*d-I*3
^(1/2)*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*a+I*3^(1/2)*c*d-3*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*_alpha*b-3*(-c*d^2
)^(2/3)*a-3*c*d)/c,((( -1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-
a)/b-(-1/2/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b)/((-1/2/d*
(-c*d^2)^(1/3)+1/2*I*3^(1/2)/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/b-(1/d*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)-a)/
b))^2),_alpha=RootOf(_Z^3*b^3*d+3*_Z^2*a*b^2*d+3*_Z*a^2*b*d+a^3*d+4*c)
)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3)} dx$$

= Timed out

input

```
integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+4*c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Timed out

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3)} dx$$

= Timed out

input `integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b**3*d*x**3+3*a*b**2*d*x**2+3*a**2*b*d*x+a**3*d+c)*  
*(1/2)/(b**3*d*x**3+3*a*b**2*d*x**2+3*a**2*b*d*x+a**3*d+4*c), x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{bex + ae}{(b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + 4c)\sqrt{b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)/  
(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+4*c), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*e*x + a*e)/((b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + a^3*d  
+ 4*c)*sqrt(b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + a^3*d + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{bex + ae}{(b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + 4c)\sqrt{b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+4*c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*e*x + a*e)/((b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + a^3*d + 4*c)*sqrt(b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + a^3*d + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3)} dx$$

= Hanged

input `int((a*e + b*e*x)/((4*c + a^3*d + b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2)*(c + a^3*d + b^3*d*x^3 + 3*a^2*b*d*x + 3*a*b^2*d*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{ae + bex}{\sqrt{c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3} (4c + a^3d + 3a^2bdx + 3ab^2dx^2 + b^3dx^3)} dx$$

$$= e \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + c}}{b^6d^2x^6 + 6ab^5d^2x^5 + 15a^2b^4d^2x^4 + 20a^3b^3d^2x^3 + 15a^4b^2d^2x^2 + 6a^5bd^2x + a^6d^2 + 5b^3cdx^3 + 15a^4bd^2x^2 + 6a^5bd^2x + a^6d^2 + 5b^3cdx^3 + 15a^4bd^2x^2} dx \right) \right.$$

$$\left. + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{b^3dx^3 + 3ab^2dx^2 + 3a^2bdx + a^3d + cx}}{b^6d^2x^6 + 6ab^5d^2x^5 + 15a^2b^4d^2x^4 + 20a^3b^3d^2x^3 + 15a^4b^2d^2x^2 + 6a^5bd^2x + a^6d^2 + 5b^3cdx^3 + 15a^4bd^2x^2} dx \right) \right)$$

input `int((b*e*x+a*e)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+c)^(1/2)/(b^3*d*x^3+3*a*b^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*b*d*x+a^3*d+4*c),x)`

output

```
e*(int(sqrt(a**3*d + 3*a**2*b*d*x + 3*a*b**2*d*x**2 + b**3*d*x**3 + c)/(a*  
*6*d**2 + 6*a**5*b*d**2*x + 15*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 20*a**3*b**3*d**2*x**  
3 + 5*a**3*c*d + 15*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**4 + 15*a**2*b*c*d*x + 6*a*b**5*d**2*  
x**5 + 15*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + b**6*d**2*x**6 + 5*b**3*c*d*x**3 + 4*c**2),x)*  
a + int((sqrt(a**3*d + 3*a**2*b*d*x + 3*a*b**2*d*x**2 + b**3*d*x**3 + c)*x  
)/(a**6*d**2 + 6*a**5*b*d**2*x + 15*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 20*a**3*b**3*d**  
2*x**3 + 5*a**3*c*d + 15*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**4 + 15*a**2*b*c*d*x + 6*a*b**5*  
d**2*x**5 + 15*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + b**6*d**2*x**6 + 5*b**3*c*d*x**3 + 4*c**2  
,x)*b)
```



**3.589**       $\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x^m}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$

Optimal result	4012
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4012
Rubi [A] (verified)	4013
Maple [A] (verified)	4014
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4014
Sympy [F]	4015
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4015
Giac [F(-2)]	4015
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4016
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4016

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x^m}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x^{1+m}}{(1+2m)\sqrt{a-bx}}$$

output `2*(b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^(1+m)/(1+2*m)/(-b*x+a)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x^m}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x^{1+m}}{(\frac{1}{2}+m)\sqrt{a-bx}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b - a/x]*x^m)/Sqrt[a - b*x], x]`

output `(Sqrt[b - a/x]*x^(1 + m))/((1/2 + m)*Sqrt[a - b*x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {1017, 37, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1017$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} \int \frac{x^{m-\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{bx-a}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx}{\sqrt{bx-a}}$$

$$\downarrow 37$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} \int x^{m-\frac{1}{2}} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

$$\downarrow 15$$

$$\frac{2x^{m+1} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{(2m+1)\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b - a/x]*x^m)/Sqrt[a - b*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[b - a/x]*x^(1 + m))/((1 + 2*m)*Sqrt[a - b*x])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 37 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^m/(c + d*x)^m Int[u*(c + d*x)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 1017 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n)^FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !IntegerQ[p]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{2x\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x^m}{(1+2m)\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	32
gospers	$\frac{2x^{1+m}\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}}{(1+2m)\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	36

input `int((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*x/(1+2*m)*(b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x+a)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x^m}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-bx+ax}x^m\sqrt{\frac{bx-a}{x}}}{2am - (2bm + b)x + a}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(-b*x + a)*x*x^m*sqrt((b*x - a)/x)/(2*a*m - (2*b*m + b)*x + a)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{-\frac{a}{x} + b}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)**(1/2)*x**m/(-b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**m*sqrt(-a/x + b)/sqrt(a - b*x), x)`

### Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{xx^m}}{2im + i}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*sqrt(x)*x^m/(2*I*m + I)`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable
to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2 x^{m+1} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{(2m + 1) \sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input

```
int((x^m*(b - a/x)^(1/2))/(a - b*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*x^(m + 1)*(b - a/x)^(1/2))/((2*m + 1)*(a - b*x)^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x} a^m (\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx - a} + bx)^{2m} i}{b^m (\sqrt{a} \sqrt{bx - a} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a})^{2m} (2m + 1)}$$

input

```
int((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(x)*a**m*(sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt( - a + b*x) + b*x)**(2*m)*i)/(b**
m*(sqrt(a)*sqrt( - a + b*x) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a))**(2*m)*(2*m + 1))
```

### 3.590

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

Optimal result	4017
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4017
Rubi [A] (verified)	4018
Maple [A] (verified)	4019
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4019
Sympy [F]	4020
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4020
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4020
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4021
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4021

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^3}{5\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

output  $2/5*(b-a/x)^{(1/2)}*x^3/(-b*x+a)^{(1/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 9.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -\frac{2x^2\sqrt{a - bx}}{5\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b - a/x]*x^2)/Sqrt[a - b*x], x]`

output  $(-2*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x])/(5*\text{Sqrt}[b - a/x])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {1017, 37, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

↓ 1017

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} \int \frac{x^{3/2} \sqrt{bx - a}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx}{\sqrt{bx - a}}$$

↓ 37

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} \int x^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{2x^3 \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{5\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b - a/x]*x^2)/Sqrt[a - b*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[b - a/x]*x^3)/(5*Sqrt[a - b*x])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 37 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^m/(c + d*x)^m Int[u*(c + d*x)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 1017

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n)^FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x^3}{5\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	24
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}x^3}{5\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	27
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}x^3}{5\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	27
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}\sqrt{-(-bx+a)x}\sqrt{\frac{x(-bx+a)}{bx-a}}(bx-a)x^3}{5(-bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{(bx-a)x}\sqrt{-x}}$	80

input

```
int((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*(b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^3/(-b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x^2}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-bx+ax^3}\sqrt{\frac{bx-a}{x}}}{5(bx-a)}$$

input

```
integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/5*sqrt(-b*x + a)*x^3*sqrt((b*x - a)/x)/(b*x - a)
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{x} + b}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)**(1/2)*x**2/(-b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(-a/x + b)/sqrt(a - b*x), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -\frac{2}{5} i x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/5*I*x^(5/2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{-xx^2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*sqrt(-x)*x^2*sgn(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2x^3 \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{5\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input `int((x^2*(b - a/x)^(1/2))/(a - b*x)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*x^3*(b - a/x)^(1/2))/(5*(a - b*x)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x} i x^2}{5}$$

input `int((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2), x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(x)*i*x**2)/5`

### 3.591

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

Optimal result	4022
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4022
Rubi [A] (verified)	4023
Maple [A] (verified)	4024
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4024
Sympy [F]	4025
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4025
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4025
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4026
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4026

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x^2}{3\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

output  $2/3*(b-a/x)^{(1/2)}*x^2/(-b*x+a)^{(1/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -\frac{2x\sqrt{a - bx}}{3\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b - a/x]*x)/Sqrt[a - b*x], x]`

output  $(-2*x*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x])/(3*\text{Sqrt}[b - a/x])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {1017, 37, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$$

↓ 1017

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}} \int \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{bx-a}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx}{\sqrt{bx-a}}$$

↓ 37

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}} \int \sqrt{x} dx}{\sqrt{a-bx}}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{2x^2\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{3\sqrt{a-bx}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b - a/x]*x)/Sqrt[a - b*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[b - a/x]*x^2)/(3*Sqrt[a - b*x])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 37 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^m/(c + d*x)^m Int[u*(c + d*x)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 1017

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n)^FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x^2}{3\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	24
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}x^2}{3\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	27
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}x^2}{3\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	27
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}\sqrt{-(-bx+a)x}\sqrt{\frac{x(-bx+a)}{bx-a}}(bx-a)x^2}{3(-bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{(bx-a)x}\sqrt{-x}}$	80

input

```
int((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*(b-a/x)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-bx+ax^2}\sqrt{\frac{bx-a}{x}}}{3(bx-a)}$$

input

```
integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*sqrt(-b*x + a)*x^2*sqrt((b*x - a)/x)/(b*x - a)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \int \frac{x\sqrt{-\frac{a}{x} + b}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)**(1/2)*x/(-b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(-a/x + b)/sqrt(a - b*x), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -\frac{2}{3}i x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*I*x^(3/2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{-x} x \operatorname{sgn}(x)$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*sqrt(-x)*x*sgn(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{3\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input `int((x*(b - a/x)^(1/2))/(a - b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*x^2*(b - a/x)^(1/2))/(3*(a - b*x)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x} ix}{3}$$

input `int((b-a/x)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(x)*i*x)/3`

$$3.592 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$$

Optimal result	4027
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4027
Rubi [A] (verified)	4028
Maple [A] (verified)	4029
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4029
Sympy [F]	4030
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4030
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4030
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4031
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4031

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}x}{\sqrt{a-bx}}$$

output `2*(b-a/x)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx}}{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b - a/x]/Sqrt[a - b*x],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a - b*x])/Sqrt[b - a/x]`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {942, 37, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{942}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} \int \frac{\sqrt{bx - a}}{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{a - bx}} dx}{\sqrt{bx - a}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{37}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{15}$$

$$\frac{2x \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b - a/x]/Sqrt[a - b*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[b - a/x]*x)/Sqrt[a - b*x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 37 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^m/(c + d*x)^m Int[u*(c + d*x)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 942

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n)^FracPart[q])
Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x]
&& EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	22
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}}{\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	25
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}}{\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	25
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}\sqrt{-(-bx+a)x}\sqrt{\frac{x(-bx+a)}{bx-a}}(bx-a)x}{(-bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{(bx-a)x}\sqrt{-x}}$	78

input

```
int((b-a/x)^(1/2)/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*(b-a/x)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-bx+ax}\sqrt{\frac{bx-a}{x}}}{bx-a}$$

input

```
integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2*sqrt(-b*x + a)*x*sqrt((b*x - a)/x)/(b*x - a)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{a}{x} + b}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)**(1/2)/(-b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a/x + b)/sqrt(a - b*x), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -2i \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)/(-b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*I*sqrt(x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = 2 \sqrt{-x} \operatorname{sgn}(x)$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)/(-b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(-x)*sgn(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2x \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input `int((b - a/x)^(1/2)/(a - b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*x*(b - a/x)^(1/2))/(a - b*x)^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -2\sqrt{x}i$$

input `int((b-a/x)^(1/2)/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `- 2*sqrt(x)*i`

$$3.593 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$$

Optimal result	4032
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4032
Rubi [A] (verified)	4033
Maple [A] (verified)	4034
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4034
Sympy [F]	4035
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4035
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4035
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4036
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4036

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}}$$

output `-2*(b-a/x)^(1/2)/(-b*x+a)^(1/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a-bx}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b - a/x]/(x*Sqrt[a - b*x]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[b - a/x])/Sqrt[a - b*x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {1017, 37, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

↓ 1017

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} \int \frac{\sqrt{bx - a}}{x^{3/2}\sqrt{a - bx}} dx}{\sqrt{bx - a}}$$

↓ 37

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

↓ 15

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b - a/x]/(x*Sqrt[a - b*x]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[b - a/x])/Sqrt[a - b*x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 37 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^m/(c + d*x)^m Int[u*(c + d*x)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 1017

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n)^FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
orering	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{b-a}{x}}}{\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	21
gosper	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{-bx+a}{x}}}{\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	24
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{-bx+a}{x}}}{\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	24
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{-bx+a}{x}} \sqrt{-(-bx+a)x} \sqrt{\frac{x(-bx+a)}{bx-a}} (bx-a)}{(-bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{(bx-a)x} \sqrt{-x}}$	77

input

```
int((b-a/x)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*(b-a/x)^(1/2)/(-b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-bx + a}\sqrt{\frac{bx-a}{x}}}{bx - a}$$

input

```
integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2*sqrt(-b*x + a)*sqrt((b*x - a)/x)/(b*x - a)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{a}{x} + b}}{x\sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)**(1/2)/x/(-b*x+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a/x + b)/(x*sqrt(a - b*x)), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2i}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*I/sqrt(x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\sqrt{-x}}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sgn(x)/sqrt(-x)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input `int((b - a/x)^(1/2)/(x*(a - b*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `-(2*(b - a/x)^(1/2))/(a - b*x)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} i}{x}$$

input `int((b-a/x)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*i)/x`

$$3.594 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{x^2\sqrt{a-bx}} dx$$

Optimal result	4037
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4037
Rubi [A] (verified)	4038
Maple [A] (verified)	4039
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4039
Sympy [F]	4040
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4040
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4040
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4041
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4041

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{x^2\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{3x\sqrt{a-bx}}$$

output `-2/3*(b-a/x)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{x^2\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = \frac{2(b-\frac{a}{x})^{3/2}}{3(a-bx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b - a/x]/(x^2*Sqrt[a - b*x]),x]`

output `(2*(b - a/x)^(3/2))/(3*(a - b*x)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {1017, 37, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

↓ 1017

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} \int \frac{\sqrt{bx - a}}{x^{5/2} \sqrt{a - bx}} dx}{\sqrt{bx - a}}$$

↓ 37

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}} \int \frac{1}{x^{5/2}} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

↓ 15

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{3x\sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b - a/x]/(x^2*Sqrt[a - b*x]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[b - a/x])/(3*x*Sqrt[a - b*x])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 37 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^m/(c + d*x)^m Int[u*(c + d*x)^(m + n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 1017

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n)^FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
orering	$-\frac{2\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{3x\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	24
gosper	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}}{3x\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	27
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}}{3x\sqrt{-bx+a}}$	27
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{-bx+a}{x}}\sqrt{-(-bx+a)x}\sqrt{\frac{x(-bx+a)}{bx-a}}(bx-a)}{3(-bx+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{(bx-a)x}\sqrt{-xx}}$	80

input

```
int((b-a/x)^(1/2)/x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b-a/x)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x+a)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x}}}{x^2\sqrt{a-bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{-bx+a}\sqrt{\frac{bx-a}{x}}}{3(bx^2-ax)}$$

input

```
integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)/x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/3*sqrt(-b*x + a)*sqrt((b*x - a)/x)/(b*x^2 - a*x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{a}{x} + b}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)**(1/2)/x**2/(-b*x+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a/x + b)/(x**2*sqrt(a - b*x)), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2i}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)/x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*I/x^(3/2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3 \sqrt{-xx}}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x)^(1/2)/x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*sgn(x)/(sqrt(-x)*x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx}} dx = -\frac{2 \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{3 x \sqrt{a - bx}}$$

input `int((b - a/x)^(1/2)/(x^2*(a - b*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `-(2*(b - a/x)^(1/2))/(3*x*(a - b*x)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} i}{3x^2}$$

input `int((b-a/x)^(1/2)/x^2/(-b*x+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*i)/(3*x**2)`

### 3.595 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx$

Optimal result	4042
Mathematica [F]	4042
Rubi [A] (verified)	4043
Maple [F]	4044
Fricas [F]	4044
Sympy [F]	4045
Maxima [F]	4045
Giac [F]	4045
Mupad [F(-1)]	4046
Reduce [F]	4046

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m x \left(1 + \frac{ax}{b}\right)^{-m} (c + dx)^n \left(1 + \frac{dx}{c}\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - m, -m, -n, 2 - m, -\frac{ax}{b}, -\frac{dx}{c}\right)}{1 - m}$$

output  $(a+b/x)^m * x * (d*x+c)^n * \text{AppellF1}(1-m, -m, -n, 2-m, -a*x/b, -d*x/c) / (1-m) / ((1+a*x/b)^m) / ((1+d*x/c)^n)$

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^n,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {942, 152, 152, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{942} \\
 & x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (ax + b)^{-m} \int x^{-m} (b + ax)^m (c + dx)^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{152} \\
 & x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m \left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{-m} \int x^{-m} \left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{152} \\
 & x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m \left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{-m} (c + dx)^n \left(\frac{dx}{c} + 1\right)^{-n} \int x^{-m} \left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^m \left(\frac{dx}{c} + 1\right)^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{150} \\
 & \frac{x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m \left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{-m} (c + dx)^n \left(\frac{dx}{c} + 1\right)^{-n} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - m, -m, -n, 2 - m, -\frac{ax}{b}, -\frac{dx}{c}\right)}{1 - m}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^n,x]`

output `((a + b/x)^m*x*(c + d*x)^n*AppellF1[1 - m, -m, -n, 2 - m, -(a*x)/b, -(d*x)/c])/((1 - m)*(1 + (a*x)/b)^m*(1 + (d*x)/c)^n)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]  
 ] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2  
 , (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In  
 tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 152 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]  
 ] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n])  
 Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m,  
 n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0]`

rule 942 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol]  
 ol] := Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n)^FracPart  
 [q]) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
 d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !IntegerQ[p]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (dx + c)^n dx$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^n,x)`

output `int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^n,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx = \int (dx + c)^n \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^n*((a*x + b)/x)^m, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**m*(d*x+c)**n,x)`

output `Integral((a + b/x)**m*(c + d*x)**n, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx = \int (dx + c)^n \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^n*(a + b/x)^m, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx = \int (dx + c)^n \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^n*(a + b/x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx$$

input `int((a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^n,x)`output `int((a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^n dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^n,x)`

output

```
( - (c + d*x)**n*(a*x + b)**m*c*m - (c + d*x)**n*(a*x + b)**m*c*n + (c + d
*x)**n*(a*x + b)**m*d*m*x - (c + d*x)**n*(a*x + b)**m*d*n*x + 2*x**m*int((
(c + d*x)**n*(a*x + b)**m*x)/(x**m*a*c*m*n*x + x**m*a*c*m*x - x**m*a*c*n**
2*x - x**m*a*c*n*x + x**m*a*d*m*n*x**2 + x**m*a*d*m*x**2 - x**m*a*d*n**2*x
**2 - x**m*a*d*n*x**2 + x**m*b*c*m*n + x**m*b*c*m - x**m*b*c*n**2 - x**m*b
*c*n + x**m*b*d*m*n*x + x**m*b*d*m*x - x**m*b*d*n**2*x - x**m*b*d*n*x),x)*
a*c*d*m**2*n**2 + 2*x**m*int(((c + d*x)**n*(a*x + b)**m*x)/(x**m*a*c*m*n*x
+ x**m*a*c*m*x - x**m*a*c*n**2*x - x**m*a*c*n*x + x**m*a*d*m*n*x**2 + x**
m*a*d*m*x**2 - x**m*a*d*n**2*x**2 - x**m*a*d*n*x**2 + x**m*b*c*m*n + x**m*
b*c*m - x**m*b*c*n**2 - x**m*b*c*n + x**m*b*d*m*n*x + x**m*b*d*m*x - x**m*
b*d*n**2*x - x**m*b*d*n*x),x)*a*c*d*m**2*n - 2*x**m*int(((c + d*x)**n*(a*x
+ b)**m*x)/(x**m*a*c*m*n*x + x**m*a*c*m*x - x**m*a*c*n**2*x - x**m*a*c*n*
x + x**m*a*d*m*n*x**2 + x**m*a*d*m*x**2 - x**m*a*d*n**2*x**2 - x**m*a*d*n*
x**2 + x**m*b*c*m*n + x**m*b*c*m - x**m*b*c*n**2 - x**m*b*c*n + x**m*b*d*m
*n*x + x**m*b*d*m*x - x**m*b*d*n**2*x - x**m*b*d*n*x),x)*a*c*d*m*n**3 - 2*
x**m*int((((c + d*x)**n*(a*x + b)**m*x)/(x**m*a*c*m*n*x + x**m*a*c*m*x - x
**m*a*c*n**2*x - x**m*a*c*n*x + x**m*a*d*m*n*x**2 + x**m*a*d*m*x**2 - x**m*
a*d*n**2*x**2 - x**m*a*d*n*x**2 + x**m*b*c*m*n + x**m*b*c*m - x**m*b*c*n**
2 - x**m*b*c*n + x**m*b*d*m*n*x + x**m*b*d*m*x - x**m*b*d*n**2*x - x**m*b*
d*n*x),x)*a*c*d*m*n**2 + x**m*int((((c + d*x)**n*(a*x + b)**m*x)/(x**m*a...
```

### 3.596 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx$

Optimal result	4048
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4049
Rubi [A] (verified)	4049
Maple [F]	4052
Fricas [F]	4052
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4052
Maxima [F]	4053
Giac [F]	4054
Mupad [F(-1)]	4054
Reduce [F]	4054

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx = \frac{c^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} x^2}{b(1-m)} + \frac{d^2(12ac - bd(3-m)) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} x^3}{12a^2} + \frac{d^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} x^4}{4a} - \frac{b(24a^3c^3 - bd(36a^2c^2 - bd(12ac - bd(3-m))(2-m))(1-m)) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(3, 1, 1+b/a/x)/a^5/(-m^2+1)}{12a^5(1-m^2)}$$

output

```
c^3*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*x^2/b/(1-m)+1/12*d^2*(12*a*c-b*d*(3-m))*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*x^3/a^2+1/4*d^3*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*x^4/a-1/12*b*(24*a^3*c^3-b*d*(36*a^2*c^2-b*d*(12*a*c-b*d*(3-m))*(2-m))*(1-m))*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([3, 1+m],[2+m],1+b/a/x)/a^5/(-m^2+1)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m (b + ax) (-a^3(1 + m)x^2(12a^2c^3 - b^2d^3(3 - 4m + m^2)x - 3abd^2(-1 + m)x(4c + dx)) + b^2(24a^3c^3 + 36a^2bc^2d(-1 + m) + 12ab^2cd^2(2 - 3m + m^2) + b^3d^3(-6 + 11m - 6m^2 + m^3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + b/(ax)])}{(12a^5b(-1 + m)(1 + m)x)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a + b/x)^m*(b + a*x)*(-(a^3*(1 + m)*x^2*(12*a^2*c^3 - b^2*d^3*(3 - 4*m + m^2)*x - 3*a*b*d^2*(-1 + m)*x*(4*c + d*x))) + b^2*(24*a^3*c^3 + 36*a^2*b*c^2*d*(-1 + m) + 12*a*b^2*c*d^2*(2 - 3*m + m^2) + b^3*d^3*(-6 + 11*m - 6*m^2 + m^3))*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + b/(a*x)]))/(12*a^5*b*(-1 + m)*(1 + m)*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {941, 948, 111, 162, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 941$$

$$\int x^3 \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 948$$

$$- \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^3 x^5 d \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 111$$

$$\frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right) \left(d(4ac - bd(1 - m)) + \frac{c(2ac + bd(m+1))}{x}\right) x^5 d\frac{1}{x}}{b(1 - m)} + \frac{cx^4 \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1}}{b(1 - m)}$$

↓ 162

$$\frac{(24a^3c^3 - 36a^2bc^2d(1 - m) + 12ab^2cd^2(m^2 - 3m + 2) - b^3d^3(-m^3 + 6m^2 - 11m + 6)) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m x^3 d\frac{1}{x}}{12a^2} - \frac{dx^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} \left(\frac{24a^2c^2 - 12abcd(1 - m) + b^2d^2}{x}\right)}{12a^2}$$

$$\frac{cx^4 \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1}}{b(1 - m)}$$

↓ 75

$$\frac{dx^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} \left(\frac{24a^2c^2 - 12abcd(1 - m) + b^2d^2(m^2 - 4m + 3)}{x} + 3ad(4ac - bd(1 - m))\right)}{12a^2} - \frac{b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} (24a^3c^3 - 36a^2bc^2d(1 - m) + 12ab^2cd^2(m^2 - 3m + 2) - b^3d^3(-m^3 + 6m^2 - 11m + 6))}{b(1 - m)}$$

$$\frac{cx^4 \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1}}{b(1 - m)}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(c*(a + b/x)^(1 + m)*(d + c/x)^2*x^4)/(b*(1 - m)) + (-1/12*(d*(a + b/x)^(1 + m)*(3*a*d*(4*a*c - b*d*(1 - m)) + (24*a^2*c^2 - 12*a*b*c*d*(1 - m) + b^2*d^2*(3 - 4*m + m^2))/x)*x^4)/a^2 - (b^2*(24*a^3*c^3 - 36*a^2*b*c^2*d*(1 - m) + 12*a*b^2*c*d^2*(2 - 3*m + m^2) - b^3*d^3*(6 - 11*m + 6*m^2 - m^3))* (a + b/x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + b/(a*x)]/(12*a^5*(1 + m)))/(b*(1 - m))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 75

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])
```

rule 111

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/(d*f*(m + n + p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 2)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d*f*(m + n + p + 1) - b*(b*c*e*(m - 1) + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + b*(a*d*f*(2*m + n + p) - b*(d*e*(m + n) + c*f*(m + p)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + n + p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 162

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[((b^3*c*e*g*(m + 2) - a^3*d*f*h*(n + 2) - a^2*b*(c*f*h*m - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) - a*b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h) + d*e*g*(2*m + n + 4)) + b*(a^2*d*f*h*(m - n) - a*b*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(n + 1)) + b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) - d*e*g*(m + n + 2)))*x]/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1), x] + Simp[(f*(h/b^2) - (d*(m + n + 3)*(a^2*d*f*h*(m - n) - a*b*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(n + 1)) + b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) - d*e*g*(m + n + 2))))/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 2)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && (LtQ[m, -2] || (EqQ[m + n + 3, 0] && !LtQ[n, -2]))
```

rule 941

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3)*((a*x + b)/x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 155.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx = \frac{b^m c^3 x^{1-m} \Gamma(1-m) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -m, 1-m \\ 2-m \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{ax e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(2-m)} \\ + \frac{3b^m c^2 dx^{2-m} \Gamma(2-m) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -m, 2-m \\ 3-m \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{ax e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(3-m)} \\ + \frac{3b^m cd^2 x^{3-m} \Gamma(3-m) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -m, 3-m \\ 4-m \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{ax e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(4-m)} \\ + \frac{b^m d^3 x^{4-m} \Gamma(4-m) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -m, 4-m \\ 5-m \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{ax e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(5-m)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**m*(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `b**m*c**3*x**(1-m)*gamma(1-m)*hyper((-m, 1-m), (2-m), a*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/gamma(2-m) + 3*b**m*c**2*d*x**(2-m)*gamma(2-m)*hyper((-m, 2-m), (3-m), a*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/gamma(3-m) + 3*b**m*c*d**2*x**  
(3-m)*gamma(3-m)*hyper((-m, 3-m), (4-m), a*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/gamma(4-m) + b**m*d**3*x**(4-m)*gamma(4-m)*hyper((-m, 4-m), (5-m), a*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/gamma(5-m)`

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*(a + b/x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx = \int (dx + c)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*(a + b/x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{24(ax + b)^m a^3 c^3 x + 36(ax + b)^m a^3 c^2 d x^2 + 24(ax + b)^m a^3 c d^2 x^3 + 6(ax + b)^m a^3 d^3 x^4 + 36(ax + b)^m a^3 d^3 x^4}{\dots}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output

```
(24*(a*x + b)**m*a**3*c**3*x + 36*(a*x + b)**m*a**3*c**2*d*x**2 + 24*(a*x
+ b)**m*a**3*c*d**2*x**3 + 6*(a*x + b)**m*a**3*d**3*x**4 + 36*(a*x + b)**m
*a**2*b*c**2*d*m*x + 12*(a*x + b)**m*a**2*b*c*d**2*m*x**2 + 2*(a*x + b)**m
*a**2*b*d**3*m*x**3 + 12*(a*x + b)**m*a*b**2*c*d**2*m**2*x - 24*(a*x + b)*
**m*a*b**2*c*d**2*m*x + (a*x + b)**m*a*b**2*d**3*m**2*x**2 - 3*(a*x + b)**m
*a*b**2*d**3*m*x**2 + (a*x + b)**m*b**3*d**3*m**3*x - 5*(a*x + b)**m*b**3*
d**3*m**2*x + 6*(a*x + b)**m*b**3*d**3*m*x + 24*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**
m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*a**3*b*c**3*m + 36*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**
m*b),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*m**2 - 36*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m
*b),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*m + 12*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x
)*a*b**3*c*d**2*m**3 - 36*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*a*b
**3*c*d**2*m**2 + 24*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*a*b**3*c
*d**2*m + x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*b**4*d**3*m**4 - 6*
x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*b**4*d**3*m**3 + 11*x**m*int(
(a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*b**4*d**3*m**2 - 6*x**m*int((a*x + b)*
**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*b**4*d**3*m)/(24*x**m*a**3)
```

### 3.597 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx$

Optimal result	4056
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4056
Rubi [A] (verified)	4057
Maple [F]	4059
Fricas [F]	4059
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4059
Maxima [F]	4060
Giac [F]	4061
Mupad [F(-1)]	4061
Reduce [F]	4061

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx = \frac{c^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} x^2}{b(1-m)} + \frac{d^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} x^3}{3a} - \frac{b(6a^2c^2 - 6abcd(1-m) + b^2d^2(2-3m+m^2)) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(3, 1+m, 2+m, 1+m)}{3a^4(1-m^2)}$$

output

```
c^2*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*x^2/b/(1-m)+1/3*d^2*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*x^3/a-1/3*b*(6*a^2*c^2-6*a*b*c*d*(1-m)+b^2*d^2*(m^2-3*m+2))*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([3, 1+m],[2+m],1+b/a/x)/a^4/(-m^2+1)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (b + ax) (a^2d(1+m)x^2(bd(-2+m) + 2a(3c + dx)) - b(6a^2c^2 + 6abcd(-1+m) + b^2d^2(2-3m)))}{6a^4(1+m)x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
((a + b/x)^m*(b + a*x)*(a^2*d*(1 + m)*x^2*(b*d*(-2 + m) + 2*a*(3*c + d*x))
 - b*(6*a^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d*(-1 + m) + b^2*d^2*(2 - 3*m + m^2))*Hypergeome
 tric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + b/(a*x)]))/(6*a^4*(1 + m)*x)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {941, 948, 100, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & \int x^2 \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^2 x^4 d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{100} \\
 & \frac{d^2 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1}}{3a} - \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m \left(\frac{3ac^2}{x} + d(6ac - bd(2 - m))\right) x^3 d \frac{1}{x}}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{d^2 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1}}{3a} - \frac{(6a^2 c^2 - bd(1 - m)(6ac - bd(2 - m))) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m x^2 d \frac{1}{x}}{2a} - \frac{dx^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} (6ac - bd(2 - m))}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & \frac{d^2 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1}}{3a} - \frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} (6a^2 c^2 - bd(1 - m)(6ac - bd(2 - m))) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, m+1, m+2, \frac{b}{ax} + 1\right)}{2a^3(m+1)} - \frac{dx^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} (6ac - bd(2 - m))}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{\dots}{3a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `(d^2*(a + b/x)^(1 + m)*x^3)/(3*a) - (-1/2*(d*(6*a*c - b*d*(2 - m))*(a + b/x)^(1 + m)*x^2)/a + (b*(6*a^2*c^2 - b*d*(6*a*c - b*d*(2 - m))*(1 - m))*(a + b/x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + b/(a*x)]/(2*a^3*(1 + m)))/(3*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(2)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (dx + c)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*((a*x + b)/x)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.



Time = 19.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx = \frac{b^m c^2 x^{1-m} \Gamma(1-m) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -m, 1-m \\ 2-m \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{axe^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(2-m)} \\ + \frac{2b^m cd x^{2-m} \Gamma(2-m) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -m, 2-m \\ 3-m \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{axe^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(3-m)} \\ + \frac{b^m d^2 x^{3-m} \Gamma(3-m) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -m, 3-m \\ 4-m \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{axe^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(4-m)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**m*(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `b**m*c**2*x**(1-m)*gamma(1-m)*hyper((-m, 1-m), (2-m), a*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/gamma(2-m) + 2*b**m*c*d*x**(2-m)*gamma(2-m)*hyper((-m, 2-m), (3-m), a*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/gamma(3-m) + b**m*d**2*x**(3-m)*gamma(3-m)*hyper((-m, 3-m), (4-m), a*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/gamma(4-m)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*(a + b/x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx = \int (dx + c)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*(a + b/x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{6(ax + b)^m a^2 c^2 x + 6(ax + b)^m a^2 c d x^2 + 2(ax + b)^m a^2 d^2 x^3 + 6(ax + b)^m a b c d m x + (ax + b)^m a b d^2 m x}{6}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```
(6*(a*x + b)**m*a**2*c**2*x + 6*(a*x + b)**m*a**2*c*d*x**2 + 2*(a*x + b)**m*a**2*d**2*x**3 + 6*(a*x + b)**m*a*b*c*d*m*x + (a*x + b)**m*a*b*d**2*m*x**2 + (a*x + b)**m*b**2*d**2*m**2*x - 2*(a*x + b)**m*b**2*d**2*m*x + 6*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*a**2*b*c**2*m + 6*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*a*b**2*c*d*m**2 - 6*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*a*b**2*c*d*m + x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*b**3*d**2*m**3 - 3*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*b**3*d**2*m**2 + 2*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*b**3*d**2*m)/(6*x**m*a**2)
```

### 3.598 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	4063
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4063
Rubi [A] (verified)	4064
Maple [F]	4065
Fricas [F]	4066
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4066
Maxima [F]	4067
Giac [F]	4067
Mupad [F(-1)]	4067
Reduce [F]	4068

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} x^2}{2a} - \frac{b(2ac - bd(1 - m)) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + \frac{b}{ax}\right)}{2a^3(1 + m)}$$

output

```
1/2*d*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*x^2/a-1/2*b*(2*a*c-b*d*(1-m))*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*hypergeom(
[2, 1+m],[2+m],1+b/a/x)/a^3/(1+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (b + ax) (a^2 d(1 + m)x^2 + b(-2ac - bd(-1 + m))) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + \frac{b}{ax}\right)}{2a^3(1 + m)x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x),x]`

output `((a + b/x)^m*(b + a*x)*(a^2*d*(1 + m)*x^2 + b*(-2*a*c - b*d*(-1 + m))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + b/(a*x)]))/(2*a^3*(1 + m)*x)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {941, 948, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 941 \\
 & \int x \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 948 \\
 & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right) x^3 d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{dx^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1}}{2a} - \frac{(2ac - bd(1 - m)) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m x^2 d \frac{1}{x}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 75 \\
 & \frac{dx^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1}}{2a} - \frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} (2ac - bd(1 - m)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{b}{ax} + 1\right)}{2a^3(m + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x),x]`

output  $(d*(a + b/x)^{(1 + m)*x^2}/(2*a) - (b*(2*a*c - b*d*(1 - m))*(a + b/x)^{(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + b/(a*x)]})/(2*a^3*(1 + m))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75  $\text{Int}[(b_*)*(x_)^{(m_*)}*((c_) + (d_*)*(x_)^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^{(m)})*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[-d/(b*c), 0])$

rule 87  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)*(x_*)^{(p_*)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$

rule 941  $\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)*(x_)^{(mn_*)}*(q_*)*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_*)}*(p_*)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^{(n*q)}), x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[mn, -n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[n] \ || \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 948  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_*)}*(p_*)*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_)^{(n_*)}*(q_*)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (dx + c) dx$$

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c), x)$

output `int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx = \int (dx + c) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*((a*x + b)/x)^m, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx = \frac{b^m c x^{1-m} \Gamma(1-m) {}_2F_1\left(-m, 1-m \middle| \frac{ax e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(2-m)} + \frac{b^m d x^{2-m} \Gamma(2-m) {}_2F_1\left(-m, 2-m \middle| \frac{ax e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(3-m)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**m*(d*x+c),x)`

output `b**m*c*x**(1-m)*gamma(1-m)*hyper((-m, 1-m), (2-m,), a*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/gamma(2-m) + b**m*d*x**(2-m)*gamma(2-m)*hyper((-m, 2-m), (3-m,), a*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/gamma(3-m)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx = \int (dx + c) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(a + b/x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx = \int (dx + c) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(a + b/x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx$$

input `int((a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + b/x)^m*(c + d*x), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(ax + b)^m acx + (ax + b)^m adx^2 + (ax + b)^m bdmx + 2x^m \left(\int \frac{(ax+b)^m}{x^m ax + x^m b} dx\right) abcm + x^m \left(\int \frac{(ax+b)^m}{x^m ax + x^m b} dx\right)}{2x^m a}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^m*(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
(2*(a*x + b)**m*a*c*x + (a*x + b)**m*a*d*x**2 + (a*x + b)**m*b*d*m*x + 2*x
**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*a*b*c*m + x**m*int((a*x + b)**
m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*b**2*d*m**2 - x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x
**m*b),x)*b**2*d*m)/(2*x**m*a)
```

### 3.599 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$

Optimal result	4069
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4069
Rubi [A] (verified)	4070
Maple [F]	4071
Fricas [F]	4071
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4071
Maxima [F]	4072
Giac [F]	4072
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4072
Reduce [F]	4073

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx = -\frac{b\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+m, 2+m, 1 + \frac{b}{ax}\right)}{a^2(1+m)}$$

output `-b*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([2, 1+m], [2+m], 1+b/a/x)/a^2/(1+m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx \\ &= -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m x \left(1 + \frac{ax}{b}\right)^{-m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-m, -m, 2-m, -\frac{ax}{b}\right)}{-1+m} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^m,x]`

output `-(((a + b/x)^m*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - m, -m, 2 - m, -(a*x)/b]))/((-1 + m)*(1 + (a*x)/b)^m)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {773, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 773$$

$$-\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m x^2 d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 75$$

$$-\frac{b\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, m+1, m+2, \frac{b}{ax} + 1\right)}{a^2(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^m, x]`

output `-((b*(a + b/x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + b/(a*x)])/(a^2*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !LtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m,x)`

output `int((a+b/x)^m,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x + b)/x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx = \frac{b^m x^{1-m} \Gamma(1-m) {}_2F_1\left(-m, 1-m \mid \frac{ax e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{\Gamma(2-m)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**m,x)`

output `b**m*x**(1 - m)*gamma(1 - m)*hyper((-m, 1 - m), (2 - m,), a*x*exp_polar(I*pi)/b)/gamma(2 - m)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^m, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx = -\frac{x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m {}_2F_1\left(1 - m, -m; 2 - m; -\frac{ax}{b}\right)}{\left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^m (m - 1)}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^m,x)`

output `-(x*(a + b/x)^m*hypergeom([1 - m, -m], 2 - m, -(a*x)/b))/(((a*x)/b + 1)^m*(m - 1))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m dx = \frac{(ax + b)^m x + x^m \left(\int \frac{(ax+b)^m}{x^m ax + x^m b} dx\right) bm}{x^m}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m,x)`

output `((a*x + b)**m*x + x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a*x + x**m*b),x)*b*m)/x**m`

**3.600**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{c + dx} dx$

Optimal result	4074
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4074
Rubi [A] (verified)	4075
Maple [F]	4077
Fricas [F]	4077
Sympy [F]	4077
Maxima [F]	4078
Giac [F]	4078
Mupad [F(-1)]	4078
Reduce [F]	4079

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + m, 2 + m, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{ac - bd}\right)}{d(ac - bd)(1 + m)} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + \frac{b}{ax}\right)}{ad(1 + m)}$$

output

```
-c*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], c*(a+b/x)/(a*c-b*d))/d/(a*c-b*d)
/(1+m)+(a+b/x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], 1+b/a/x)/a/d/(1+m)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m (b + ax) \left(ac \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + m, 2 + m, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{ac - bd}\right) + (-ac + bd) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + \frac{b}{ax}\right)\right)}{ad(-ac + bd)(1 + m)x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x),x]`

output `((a + b/x)^m*(b + a*x)*(a*c*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (c*(a + b/x)))/(a*c - b*d] + (-a*c) + b*d)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + b/(a*x)]))/(a*d*(-a*c) + b*d)*(1 + m)*x)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {941, 948, 97, 75, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{x(\frac{c}{x} + d)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & - \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m x}{\frac{c}{x} + d} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{97} \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{\frac{c}{x} + d} d \frac{1}{x}}{d} - \frac{\int (a + \frac{b}{x})^m x d \frac{1}{x}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{\frac{c}{x} + d} d \frac{1}{x}}{d} + \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{b}{ax} + 1)}{ad(m + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{b}{ax} + 1\right)}{ad(m+1)} - \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{ac-bd}\right)}{d(m+1)(ac-bd)}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x),x]`

output `-((c*(a + b/x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (c*(a + b/x))/(a *c - b*d]))/(d*(a*c - b*d)*(1 + m)) + ((a + b/x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, 1 + b/(a*x)])/(a*d*(1 + m))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 97 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{dx + c} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c), x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c), x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{dx + c} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(((a*x + b)/x)^m/(d*x + c), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{c + dx} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**m/(d*x+c), x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b/x)**m/(c + d*x), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^m/(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^m/(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(ax + b)^m}{x^m c + x^m dx} dx$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*c + x**m*d*x),x)`

**3.601**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	4080
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4080
Rubi [A] (verified)	4081
Maple [F]	4082
Fricas [F]	4082
Sympy [F]	4083
Maxima [F]	4083
Giac [F]	4083
Mupad [F(-1)]	4084
Reduce [F]	4084

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{b\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + m, 2 + m, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{ac - bd}\right)}{(ac - bd)^2(1 + m)}$$

output `-b*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([2, 1+m],[2+m],c*(a+b/x)/(a*c-b*d))/(a*c-b*d)^2/(1+m)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{b\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + m, 2 + m, -\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{-ac + bd}\right)}{(-ac + bd)^2(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output

$$-\left(\frac{b(a + b/x)^{(1+m)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[2, 1+m, 2+m, -\frac{c(a + b/x)}{-(ac) + bd}\right]}{(-(ac) + bd)^{2(1+m)}}\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {941, 946, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\ & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{x^2 \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{946} \\ & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{\left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\ & \frac{b\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, m+1, m+2, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{ac - bd}\right)}{(m+1)(ac - bd)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}\left[\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m / (c + d*x)^2, x\right]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{b(a + b/x)^{(1+m)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[2, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{c(a + b/x)}{ac - bd}\right]}{(ac - bd)^{2(1+m)}}\right)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

- rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`
- rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`
- rule 946 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x + b)/x)^m/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**m/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b/x)**m/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^m/(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^m/(d*x + c)^2, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```

((a*x + b)**m*a*x + x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a**2*c**3*x + 2*x**m*a**2*
c**2*d*x**2 + x**m*a**2*c*d**2*x**3 + x**m*a*b*c**3 - x**m*a*b*c**2*d*m*x
+ 2*x**m*a*b*c**2*d*x - 2*x**m*a*b*c*d**2*m*x**2 + x**m*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 -
x**m*a*b*d**3*m*x**3 - x**m*b**2*c**2*d*m - 2*x**m*b**2*c*d**2*m*x - x**m*
b**2*d**3*m*x**2),x)*a**2*b*c**3*m + x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a**2*c**3
*x + 2*x**m*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + x**m*a**2*c*d**2*x**3 + x**m*a*b*c**3 - x**
m*a*b*c**2*d*m*x + 2*x**m*a*b*c**2*d*x - 2*x**m*a*b*c*d**2*m*x**2 + x**m*a
*b*c*d**2*x**2 - x**m*a*b*d**3*m*x**3 - x**m*b**2*c**2*d*m - 2*x**m*b**2*c
*d**2*m*x - x**m*b**2*d**3*m*x**2),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d*m*x - x**m*int((a*x +
b)**m/(x**m*a**2*c**3*x + 2*x**m*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + x**m*a**2*c*d**2*x**3
+ x**m*a*b*c**3 - x**m*a*b*c**2*d*m*x + 2*x**m*a*b*c**2*d*x - 2*x**m*a*b*c
*d**2*m*x**2 + x**m*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 - x**m*a*b*d**3*m*x**3 - x**m*b**2*c**
2*d*m - 2*x**m*b**2*c*d**2*m*x - x**m*b**2*d**3*m*x**2),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d*m
**2 - x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a**2*c**3*x + 2*x**m*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 +
x**m*a**2*c*d**2*x**3 + x**m*a*b*c**3 - x**m*a*b*c**2*d*m*x + 2*x**m*a*b*c
**2*d*x - 2*x**m*a*b*c*d**2*m*x**2 + x**m*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 - x**m*a*b*d**3*
m*x**3 - x**m*b**2*c**2*d*m - 2*x**m*b**2*c*d**2*m*x - x**m*b**2*d**3*m*x*
*2),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d*m - x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(x**m*a**2*c**3*x + 2*x**m*
a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + x**m*a**2*c*d**2*x**3 + x**m*a*b*c**3 - x**m*a*b*c**2*d
*m*x + 2*x**m*a*b*c**2*d*x - 2*x**m*a*b*c*d**2*m*x**2 + x**m*a*b*c*d**2...

```

**3.602**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	4086
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4087
Rubi [A] (verified)	4087
Maple [F]	4089
Fricas [F]	4089
Sympy [F]	4089
Maxima [F]	4090
Giac [F]	4090
Mupad [F(-1)]	4090
Reduce [F]	4091

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m}}{bc(1 - m) \left(d + \frac{c}{x}\right)^2}$$

$$- \frac{b(2ac - bd(1 + m)) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + m, 2 + m, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{ac - bd}\right)}{c(ac - bd)^3(1 - m)(1 + m)}$$

output

$(a+b/x)^{(1+m)}/b/c/(1-m)/(d+c/x)^2-b*(2*a*c-b*d*(1+m))*(a+b/x)^{(1+m)}*\text{hypergeom}([3, 1+m],[2+m],c*(a+b/x)/(a*c-b*d))/c/(a*c-b*d)^3/(1-m)/(1+m)$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \left( -\frac{dx^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b(-2ac+bd(1+m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{bc+acx}{acx-bdx}\right)}{(ac-bd)^2(1+m)} \right)}{2c(ac-bd)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `((a + b/x)^(1 + m)*(-(d*x^2)/(c + d*x)^2) + (b*(-2*a*c + b*d*(1 + m))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (b*c + a*c*x)/(a*c*x - b*d*x)])/((a*c - b*d)^2*(1 + m)))/(2*c*(a*c - b*d))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {941, 948, 87, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{941}$$

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{x^3 \left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{948}$$

$$- \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{\left(\frac{c}{x} + d\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{87}$$

$$-\frac{(2ac - bd(m+1)) \int \frac{(a+\frac{b}{x})^m}{(\frac{c}{x}+d)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(ac-bd)} - \frac{d(a+\frac{b}{x})^{m+1}}{2c(\frac{c}{x}+d)^2(ac-bd)}$$

↓ 78

$$-\frac{b(a+\frac{b}{x})^{m+1}(2ac-bd(m+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, m+1, m+2, \frac{c(a+\frac{b}{x})}{ac-bd}\right)}{2c(m+1)(ac-bd)^3 \frac{d(a+\frac{b}{x})^{m+1}}{2c(\frac{c}{x}+d)^2(ac-bd)}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(d*(a + b/x)^(1 + m))/(c*(a*c - b*d)*(d + c/x)^2) - (b*(2*a*c - b*d*(1 + m))*(a + b/x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (c*(a + b/x))/(a*c - b*d)])/(2*c*(a*c - b*d)^3*(1 + m))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^(n)*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(((a*x + b)/x)^m/(d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**m/(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b/x)**m/(c + d*x)**3, x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^m/(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^m/(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output

```
(2*(a*x + b)**m*a**2*c*x + (a*x + b)**m*a**2*d*x**2 - (a*x + b)**m*a*b*d*m
*x + 8*x**m*int((a*x + b)**m/(12*x**m*a**6*c**8*x + 36*x**m*a**6*c**7*d*x*
*2 + 36*x**m*a**6*c**6*d**2*x**3 + 12*x**m*a**6*c**5*d**3*x**4 + 12*x**m*a
**5*b*c**8 - 48*x**m*a**5*b*c**7*d*m*x + 12*x**m*a**5*b*c**7*d*x - 144*x**
m*a**5*b*c**6*d**2*m*x**2 - 36*x**m*a**5*b*c**6*d**2*x**2 - 144*x**m*a**5*
b*c**5*d**3*m*x**3 - 60*x**m*a**5*b*c**5*d**3*x**3 - 48*x**m*a**5*b*c**4*d
**4*m*x**4 - 24*x**m*a**5*b*c**4*d**4*x**4 - 48*x**m*a**4*b**2*c**7*d*m -
24*x**m*a**4*b**2*c**7*d + 68*x**m*a**4*b**2*c**6*d**2*m**2*x - 60*x**m*a*
*4*b**2*c**6*d**2*m*x - 56*x**m*a**4*b**2*c**6*d**2*x + 204*x**m*a**4*b**2
*c**5*d**3*m**2*x**2 + 108*x**m*a**4*b**2*c**5*d**3*m*x**2 - 24*x**m*a**4*
b**2*c**5*d**3*x**2 + 204*x**m*a**4*b**2*c**4*d**4*m**2*x**3 + 204*x**m*a*
*4*b**2*c**4*d**4*m*x**3 + 24*x**m*a**4*b**2*c**4*d**4*x**3 + 68*x**m*a**4
*b**2*c**3*d**5*m**2*x**4 + 84*x**m*a**4*b**2*c**3*d**5*m*x**4 + 16*x**m*a
**4*b**2*c**3*d**5*x**4 + 68*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**6*d**2*m**2 + 84*x**m*a**3*
b**3*c**6*d**2*m + 16*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**6*d**2 - 42*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**5*d*
*3*m**3*x + 112*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**5*d**3*m**2*x + 198*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**5*
d**3*m*x + 44*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**5*d**3*x - 126*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**4*d**4*m*
*3*x**2 - 72*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**4*d**4*m**2*x**2 + 90*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**4*d
**4*m*x**2 + 36*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**4*d**4*x**2 - 126*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**3*d*
*5*m**3*x**3 - 208*x**m*a**3*b**3*c**3*d**5*m**2*x**3 - 78*x**m*a**3*b*...
```



**3.603**  $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx$

Optimal result	4092
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4092
Rubi [A] (verified)	4093
Maple [F]	4095
Fricas [F]	4096
Sympy [F]	4096
Maxima [F]	4096
Giac [F]	4097
Mupad [F(-1)]	4097
Reduce [F]	4097

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{d^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m}}{3c^2(ac - bd) \left(d + \frac{c}{x}\right)^3} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m}}{bc^2(1 - m) \left(d + \frac{c}{x}\right)^2}$$

$$- \frac{b(6a^2c^2 - 6abcd(1 + m) + b^2d^2(2 + 3m + m^2)) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + m, 2 + m, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{ac}\right)}{3c^2(ac - bd)^4(1 - m^2)}$$

output

```
1/3*d^2*(a+b/x)^(1+m)/c^2/(a*c-b*d)/(d+c/x)^3+(a+b/x)^(1+m)/b/c^2/(1-m)/(d+c/x)^2-1/3*b*(6*a^2*c^2-6*a*b*c*d*(1+m)+b^2*d^2*(m^2+3*m+2))*(a+b/x)^(1+m)*hypergeom([3, 1+m], [2+m], c*(a+b/x)/(a*c-b*d)/c^2/(a*c-b*d)^4/(-m^2+1)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+m} \left( \frac{2d^2(ac - bd)x^3}{(c + dx)^3} + \frac{d(-6ac + bd(4 + m))x^2}{(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b(6a^2c^2 - 6abcd(1 + m) + b^2d^2(2 + 3m + m^2)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + m, 2 + m, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{ac}\right)}{(ac - bd)^2(1 + m)} \right)}{6c^2(ac - bd)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^4,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a + b/x)^{(1 + m)}*((2*d^2*(a*c - b*d)*x^3)/(c + d*x)^3 + (d*(-6*a*c + b*d)*(4 + m))*x^2)/(c + d*x)^2 - (b*(6*a^2*c^2 - 6*a*b*c*d*(1 + m) + b^2*d^2*(2 + 3*m + m^2))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (b*c + a*c*x)/(a*c*x - b*d*x)])/((a*c - b*d)^2*(1 + m))}{(6*c^2*(a*c - b*d)^2)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$ , Rules used = {941, 948, 100, 25, 87, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\ & \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{x^4 (\frac{c}{x} + d)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & - \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(\frac{c}{x} + d)^4 x^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{100} \\ & \frac{d^2 (a + \frac{b}{x})^{m+1}}{3c^2 (\frac{c}{x} + d)^3 (ac - bd)} - \frac{\int - \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m (d(3ac - bd(m+1)) - \frac{3c(ac - bd)}{x})}{(\frac{c}{x} + d)^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{3c^2 (ac - bd)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m (d(3ac - bd(m+1)) - \frac{3c(ac - bd)}{x})}{(\frac{c}{x} + d)^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{3c^2 (ac - bd)} + \frac{d^2 (a + \frac{b}{x})^{m+1}}{3c^2 (\frac{c}{x} + d)^3 (ac - bd)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{(6a^2c^2 - 6abcd(m+1) + b^2d^2(m^2 + 3m + 2)) \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(\frac{c}{x} + d)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2(ac - bd)} - \frac{d(a + \frac{b}{x})^{m+1} (6ac - bd(m+4))}{2(\frac{c}{x} + d)^2 (ac - bd)} + \\ & \frac{3c^2(ac - bd)}{d^2(a + \frac{b}{x})^{m+1}} \\ & \frac{d^2(a + \frac{b}{x})^{m+1}}{3c^2(\frac{c}{x} + d)^3 (ac - bd)} \\ & \downarrow 78 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{b(a + \frac{b}{x})^{m+1} (6a^2c^2 - 6abcd(m+1) + b^2d^2(m^2 + 3m + 2)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, m+1, m+2, \frac{c(a + \frac{b}{x})}{ac - bd}\right)}{2(m+1)(ac - bd)^3} - \frac{d(a + \frac{b}{x})^{m+1} (6ac - bd(m+4))}{2(\frac{c}{x} + d)^2 (ac - bd)} + \\ & \frac{3c^2(ac - bd)}{d^2(a + \frac{b}{x})^{m+1}} \\ & \frac{d^2(a + \frac{b}{x})^{m+1}}{3c^2(\frac{c}{x} + d)^3 (ac - bd)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^4,x]`

output `(d^2*(a + b/x)^(1 + m))/(3*c^2*(a*c - b*d)*(d + c/x)^3) + (-1/2*(d*(6*a*c - b*d*(4 + m))*(a + b/x)^(1 + m))/((a*c - b*d)*(d + c/x)^2) - (b*(6*a^2*c^2 - 6*a*b*c*d*(1 + m) + b^2*d^2*(2 + 3*m + m^2))*(a + b/x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + m, 2 + m, (c*(a + b/x))/(a*c - b*d)]/(2*(a*c - b*d)^3*(1 + m)))/(3*c^2*(a*c - b*d))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))]`

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^4,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x + b)/x)^m/(d^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*x + c^4), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**m/(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b/x)**m/(c + d*x)**4, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^m/(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(dx + c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^m/(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b/x)^m/(c + d*x)^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^m}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^m/(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output

```
(24*(a*x + b)**m*a**4*c**3*x + 6*(a*x + b)**m*a**4*c**2*d*x**2 + 2*(a*x +
b)**m*a**4*c*d**2*x**3 - 30*(a*x + b)**m*a**3*b*c**2*d*m*x - 48*(a*x + b)*
**m*a**3*b*c**2*d*x - 8*(a*x + b)**m*a**3*b*c*d**2*m*x**2 - 12*(a*x + b)**m
**3*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*(a*x + b)**m*a**3*b*d**3*m*x**3 - 4*(a*x + b)**m*a
**3*b*d**3*x**3 + 10*(a*x + b)**m*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*m**2*x + 40*(a*x + b)**
m*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*m*x + 24*(a*x + b)**m*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x + 2*(a*x + b)*
**m*a**2*b**2*d**3*m**2*x**2 + 4*(a*x + b)**m*a**2*b**2*d**3*m*x**2 - (a*x
+ b)**m*a*b**3*d**3*m**3*x - 6*(a*x + b)**m*a*b**3*d**3*m**2*x - 11*(a*x +
b)**m*a*b**3*d**3*m*x - 6*(a*x + b)**m*a*b**3*d**3*x + 13824*x**m*int((a*
x + b)**m/(576*x**m*a**9*c**12*x + 2304*x**m*a**9*c**11*d*x**2 + 3456*x**m
**9*c**10*d**2*x**3 + 2304*x**m*a**9*c**9*d**3*x**4 + 576*x**m*a**9*c**8
*d**4*x**5 + 576*x**m*a**8*b*c**12 - 2880*x**m*a**8*b*c**11*d*m*x - 1728*x
**m*a**8*b*c**11*d*x - 11520*x**m*a**8*b*c**10*d**2*m*x**2 - 12672*x**m*a
**8*b*c**10*d**2*x**2 - 17280*x**m*a**8*b*c**9*d**3*m*x**3 - 21888*x**m*a**
8*b*c**9*d**3*x**3 - 11520*x**m*a**8*b*c**8*d**4*m*x**4 - 15552*x**m*a**8*
b*c**8*d**4*x**4 - 2880*x**m*a**8*b*c**7*d**5*m*x**5 - 4032*x**m*a**8*b*c
**7*d**5*x**5 - 2880*x**m*a**7*b**2*c**11*d*m - 4032*x**m*a**7*b**2*c**11*d
+ 5904*x**m*a**7*b**2*c**10*d**2*m**2*x + 5472*x**m*a**7*b**2*c**10*d**2*
m*x - 4464*x**m*a**7*b**2*c**10*d**2*x + 23616*x**m*a**7*b**2*c**9*d**3*m*
**2*x**2 + 50688*x**m*a**7*b**2*c**9*d**3*m*x**2 + 22464*x**m*a**7*b**2*...
```

$$3.604 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	4099
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4099
Rubi [A] (verified)	4100
Maple [A] (verified)	4101
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4102
Sympy [F]	4102
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4102
Giac [F]	4103
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4103
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4103

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^{1+m}}{m\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

output  $(b - a/x^2)^{(1/2)} * x^{(1+m)} / m / (-b*x^2 + a)^{(1/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^{1+m}}{m\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x^m)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2],x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[b - a/x^2] * x^{(1 + m)}) / (m * \text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2])$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {1017, 283, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1017$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int \frac{x^{m-1} \sqrt{bx^2 - a}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx}{\sqrt{bx^2 - a}}$$

$$\downarrow 283$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int x^{m-1} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 15$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{m \sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x^m)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x^(1 + m))/(m*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 283 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^q Int[u*(c + d*x^n)^(p + q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a + b*x^n, c + d*x^n]`

rule 1017 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n)^FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !IntegerQ[p]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{x\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x^2}}x^m}{m\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	29
gosper	$\frac{x^{1+m}\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}}}{m\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	35
risch	$\frac{i\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}}(bx^2-a)x\sqrt{\frac{-bx^2+a}{bx^2-a}}x^m}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}m}$	67

input `int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x/m*(b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} x^m \sqrt{\frac{bx^2 - a}{x^2}}}{bm x^2 - am}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*x*x^m*sqrt((b*x^2 - a)/x^2)/(b*m*x^2 - a*m)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{-\frac{a}{x^2} + b}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x**2)**(1/2)*x**m/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**m*sqrt(-a/x**2 + b)/sqrt(a - b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{i x^m}{m}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-I*x^m/m`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b - a/x^2)*x^m/sqrt(-b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{x^{m+1} \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{m \sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `int((x^m*(b - a/x^2)^(1/2))/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x^(m + 1)*(b - a/x^2)^(1/2))/(m*(a - b*x^2)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^m}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{a^{\frac{m}{2}} \left( \sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx^2 - a} x + bx^2 \right)^m}{b^{\frac{m}{2}} \left( \sqrt{a} \sqrt{bx^2 - a} + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} x \right)^m m}$$

input `int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^m/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - a**(m/2)*(sqrt(b)*sqrt( - a + b*x**2)*x + b*x**2)**m*i)/(b**(m/2)*(sqrt(a)*sqrt( - a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*x)**m*m)`

$$3.605 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}x^2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	4104
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4104
Rubi [A] (verified)	4105
Maple [A] (verified)	4106
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4107
Sympy [F]	4107
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4107
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4108
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4108
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4108

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}x^2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}x^3}}{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

output  $1/2*(b-a/x^2)^{(1/2)}*x^3/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}x^2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}x}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x^2)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2],x]`

output  $-1/2*(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/b$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {1017, 283, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 1017$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int \frac{x \sqrt{bx^2 - a}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx}{\sqrt{bx^2 - a}}$$

$$\downarrow 283$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int x dx}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 15$$

$$\frac{x^3 \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x^2)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x^3)/(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 283

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^p Int[u*(c + d*x^n)^(p + q), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a
+ b*x^n, c + d*x^n]
```

rule 1017

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n
)^FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !Intege
rQ[p]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x^2}} x^3}{2\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	26
gospers	$\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}} x^3}{2\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	31
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}} x^3}{2\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	31
risch	$\frac{i\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}} x^3 (bx^2-a) \sqrt{\frac{-bx^2+a}{bx^2-a}}}{2(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	63

input

```
int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*(b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^3/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + ax^3} \sqrt{\frac{bx^2 - a}{x^2}}}{2(bx^2 - a)}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*x^3*sqrt((b*x^2 - a)/x^2)/(b*x^2 - a)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{-\frac{a}{x^2} + b}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x**2)**(1/2)*x**2/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(-a/x**2 + b)/sqrt(a - b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} i x^2$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*I*x^2`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 - a} \sqrt{-bx^2 + a} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2b} - \frac{\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2b}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 - a)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sgn(x)/b - 1/2*sqrt(-a)*sqrt(a)*sgn(x)/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `int((x^2*(b - a/x^2)^(1/2))/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(x^3*(b - a/x^2)^(1/2))/(2*(a - b*x^2)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{i x^2}{2}$$

input `int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - i*x**2)/2`

$$3.606 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	4109
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4109
Rubi [A] (verified)	4110
Maple [A] (verified)	4111
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4111
Sympy [F]	4112
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4112
Giac [F]	4112
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4113
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4113

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

output  $(b - a/x^2)^{(1/2)} * x^2 / (-b * x^2 + a)^{(1/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2],x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[b - a/x^2]*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.115$ , Rules used = {1017, 283, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

↓ 1017

$$\frac{x\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 - a}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx}{\sqrt{bx^2 - a}}$$

↓ 283

$$\frac{x\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int 1 dx}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{x^2\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x^2)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 283 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^p Int[u*(c + d*x^n)^(p + q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a + b*x^n, c + d*x^n]`

rule 1017

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n)^FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}$	25
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2 + a}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}$	30
risch	$\frac{i\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2 + a}{x^2}} x^2 (bx^2 - a) \sqrt{\frac{-bx^2 + a}{bx^2 - a}}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	63

input

```
int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^2 - a}{x^2}}}{bx^2 - a}$$

input

```
integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*x^2*sqrt((b*x^2 - a)/x^2)/(b*x^2 - a)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{x \sqrt{-\frac{a}{x^2} + b}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x**2)**(1/2)*x/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(-a/x**2 + b)/sqrt(a - b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -i \sqrt{x^2}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-I*sqrt(x^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b - a/x^2)*x/sqrt(-b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 - a} \sqrt{x^2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `int((x*(b - a/x^2)^(1/2))/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `((b*x^2 - a)^(1/2)*(x^2)^(1/2))/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -ix$$

input `int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `- i*x`

**3.607**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	4114
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4114
Rubi [A] (verified)	4115
Maple [A] (verified)	4116
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4116
Sympy [F]	4117
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4117
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	4117
Mupad [F(-1)]	4118
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4118

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x \log(x)}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

output  $(b - a/x^2)^{(1/2)} * x * \ln(x) / (-b * x^2 + a)^{(1/2)}$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} x \log(x)}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b - a/x^2]/Sqrt[a - b*x^2], x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[b - a/x^2] * x * \text{Log}[x]) / \text{Sqrt}[a - b * x^2]$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {942, 283, 14}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 942$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 - a}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx}{\sqrt{bx^2 - a}}$$

$$\downarrow 283$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int \frac{1}{x} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 14$$

$$\frac{x \log(x) \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b - a/x^2]/Sqrt[a - b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]*x*Log[x])/Sqrt[a - b*x^2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 283 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^p Int[u*(c + d*x^n)^(p + q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a + b*x^n, c + d*x^n]`



rule 942

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  => Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n)^FracPart[q])
  Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
  d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2+a} x \ln(x)}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	30
risch	$\frac{i\sqrt{-bx^2+a} (bx^2-a)x\sqrt{\frac{-bx^2+a}{bx^2-a}} \ln(x)}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	63

input

```
int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-(-b*x^2+a)/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}(x^3 - x)\sqrt{\frac{bx^2 - a}{x^2}}}{bx^4 - (a - b)x^2 - a} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-arctan(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(x^3 - x)*sqrt((b*x^2 - a)/x^2)/(b*x^4 - (a - b)*
x^2 - a))
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{a}{x^2} + b}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x**2)**(1/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a/x**2 + b)/sqrt(a - b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -i \log(x)$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-I*log(x)`

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2}i (\log(x^2|b|) - \log(|a|))\operatorname{sgn}(x)$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*I*(log(x^2*abs(b)) - log(abs(a)))*sgn(x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `int((b - a/x^2)^(1/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((b - a/x^2)^(1/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 - a}x + bx^2}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bx^2 - a} + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}x}\right) i$$

input `int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `- log((sqrt(b)*sqrt(- a + b*x**2)*x + b*x**2)/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(- a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*x))*i`

$$3.608 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	4119
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4119
Rubi [A] (verified)	4120
Maple [A] (verified)	4121
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4122
Sympy [F]	4122
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	4122
Giac [F]	4123
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4123
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4123

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

output  $-(b-a/x^2)^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b - a/x^2]/(x*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]`

output  $-(\text{Sqrt}[b - a/x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {1017, 283, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 1017 \\
 \frac{x\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 - a}}{x^2\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx}{\sqrt{bx^2 - a}} \\
 \downarrow 283 \\
 \frac{x\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int \frac{1}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} \\
 \downarrow 15 \\
 -\frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b - a/x^2]/(x*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]`

output `-(Sqrt[b - a/x^2]/Sqrt[a - b*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 283

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^p Int[u*(c + d*x^n)^(p + q), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a
+ b*x^n, c + d*x^n]
```

rule 1017

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n
)^FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !Intege
rQ[p]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
orering	$-\frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	23
gospers	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	28
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	28
risch	$-\frac{i\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}}(bx^2-a)\sqrt{\frac{-bx^2+a}{bx^2-a}}}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	60

input

```
int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}(x - 1)\sqrt{\frac{bx^2 - a}{x^2}}}{bx^2 - a}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(x - 1)*sqrt((b*x^2 - a)/x^2)/(b*x^2 - a)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{a}{x^2} + b}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x**2)**(1/2)/x/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a/x**2 + b)/(x*sqrt(a - b*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{i}{\sqrt{x^2}}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `I/sqrt(x^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + ax}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b - a/x^2)/(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*x), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `int((b - a/x^2)^(1/2)/(x*(a - b*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(b - a/x^2)^(1/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{i}{x}$$

input `int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `i/x`



**3.609**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	4124
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4124
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4125
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	4126
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4127
Sympy [F] . . . . .	4127
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4127
Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4128
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4128
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4128

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{2x \sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

output

$$-1/2*(b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{2x \sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b - a/x^2]/(x^2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]
```

output

$$-1/2*Sqrt[b - a/x^2]/(x*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$ , Rules used = {1017, 283, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1017} \\
 & \frac{x \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 - a}}{x^3 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx}{\sqrt{bx^2 - a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{283} \\
 & \frac{x \sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}} \int \frac{1}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{2x \sqrt{a - bx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b - a/x^2]/(x^2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*Sqrt[b - a/x^2]/(x*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 283

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^p Int[u*(c + d*x^n)^(p + q), x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !SimplerQ[a
+ b*x^n, c + d*x^n]
```

rule 1017

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(n*FracPart[q])*((c + d/x^n)^FracPart[q]/(d + c*x^n
)^FracPart[q]) Int[x^(m - n*q)*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d + c*x^n)^q, x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && !IntegerQ[q] && !Intege
rQ[p]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
orering	$-\frac{\sqrt{b-\frac{a}{x^2}}}{2x\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	26
gosper	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}}}{2x\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	31
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}}}{2x\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$	31
risch	$-\frac{i\sqrt{-\frac{-bx^2+a}{x^2}}(bx^2-a)\sqrt{\frac{-bx^2+a}{bx^2-a}}}{2x(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	63

input

```
int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}(x^2 - 1)\sqrt{\frac{bx^2 - a}{x^2}}}{2(bx^3 - ax)}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(x^2 - 1)*sqrt((b*x^2 - a)/x^2)/(b*x^3 - a*x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{a}{x^2} + b}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b-a/x**2)**(1/2)/x**2/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(-a/x**2 + b)/(x**2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)), x)`

**Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{i}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*I/x^2`

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} b \left( -\frac{i}{a} + \frac{i}{bx^2} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)$$

input `integrate((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*b*(-I/a + I/(b*x^2))*sgn(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{2x \sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `int((b - a/x^2)^(1/2)/(x^2*(a - b*x^2)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(b - a/x^2)^(1/2)/(2*x*(a - b*x^2)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b - \frac{a}{x^2}}}{x^2 \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{i(-2bx^2 + a)}{2ax^2}$$

input `int((b-a/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `(i*(a - 2*b*x**2))/(2*a*x**2)`

**3.610** 
$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	4129
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4130
Rubi [A] (verified)	4131
Maple [A] (verified)	4137
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4138
Sympy [F]	4138
Maxima [F]	4139
Giac [F]	4139
Mupad [F(-1)]	4139
Reduce [F]	4140

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 581

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{2c\sqrt{c+dx}(b+ax^2)}{5a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}x} + \frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2}(b+ax^2)}{5a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}x}$$

$$+ \frac{2(ac^2-3bd^2)\sqrt{c+dx}(b+ax^2)}{5a^{3/2}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}x(\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}+\sqrt{a}(c+dx))}$$

$$\frac{2(ac^2-3bd^2)(ac^2+bd^2)^{3/4}}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2(b+ax^2)}{(ac^2+bd^2)\left(1+\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}}\right)^2}} \left(1+\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}}\right) E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}}\right)\right) \Big|_{\frac{1}{2}} \left(1+\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}}\right)$$


---


$$\frac{5a^{7/4}d^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}x}{(ac^2+bd^2)^{3/4}(ac^2-3bd^2-\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2})\sqrt{\frac{d^2(b+ax^2)}{(ac^2+bd^2)\left(1+\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}}\right)^2}} \left(1+\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}}\right) \text{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}}\right)\right)$$


---


$$+ \frac{5a^{7/4}d^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}x}{5a^{7/4}d^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}x}$$

output

```

2/5*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*x^2+b)/a/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/5*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a*x^2
+b)/a/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/x+2/5*(a*c^2-3*b*d^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*x^2+b)/a^(3/2
)/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/x/((a*c^2+b*d^2)^(1/2)+a^(1/2)*(d*x+c))-2/5*(a*c^2-3*b*d
^2)*(a*c^2+b*d^2)^(3/4)*(d^2*(a*x^2+b)/(a*c^2+b*d^2)/(1+a^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a
*c^2+b*d^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*(1+a^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*c^2+b*d^2)^(1/2))*Ellipt
icE(sin(2*arctan(a^(1/4)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b*d^2)^(1/4))),1/2*(2+2*a^(1
/2)*c/(a*c^2+b*d^2)^(1/2))^1/2)/a^(7/4)/d^2/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/5*(a*c^2
+b*d^2)^(3/4)*(a*c^2-3*b*d^2-a^(1/2)*c*(a*c^2+b*d^2)^(1/2))*(d^2*(a*x^2+b)
/(a*c^2+b*d^2)/(1+a^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*c^2+b*d^2)^(1/2))^2)^(1/2)*(1+a^(1/2)
*(d*x+c)/(a*c^2+b*d^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan(a^(1/4)*(d*x+c)^(1/
2)/(a*c^2+b*d^2)^(1/4)),1/2*(2+2*a^(1/2)*c/(a*c^2+b*d^2)^(1/2))^1/2)/a^(
7/4)/d^2/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/x

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 25.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \left( \frac{2(2c + dx)(b + ax^2)}{a} + \frac{2 \left( d^2 \sqrt{-c - \frac{i\sqrt{bd}}{\sqrt{a}}(ac^2 - 3bd^2)}(b + ax^2) + \sqrt{a}(-ia^{3/2}c^3 + a\sqrt{bc^2d} + 3i\sqrt{abcd^2} - 3b^3) \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a + b/x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d*x]*((2*(2*c + d*x)*(b + a*x^2))/a + (2*(d^2*Sqrt[-c - (I*Sqrt[b]*d)/Sqrt[a]]*(a*c^2 - 3*b*d^2)*(b + a*x^2) + Sqrt[a]*((-I)*a^(3/2)*c^3 + a*Sqrt[b]*c^2*d + (3*I)*Sqrt[a]*b*c*d^2 - 3*b^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*((I*Sqrt[b])/Sqrt[a] + x))/(c + d*x]))/(c + d*x))*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[b]*d)/Sqrt[a] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - (I*Sqrt[b]*d)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[a]*c - I*Sqrt[b]*d)/(Sqrt[a]*c + I*Sqrt[b]*d)] - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d*(a*c^2 + (4*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d - 3*b*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*((I*Sqrt[b])/Sqrt[a] + x))/(c + d*x))*Sqrt[-(((I*Sqrt[b]*d)/Sqrt[a] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - (I*Sqrt[b]*d)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[a]*c - I*Sqrt[b]*d)/(Sqrt[a]*c + I*Sqrt[b]*d)))]/(a^2*d^2*Sqrt[-c - (I*Sqrt[b]*d)/Sqrt[a]]*(c + d*x)))/(5*Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*x)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 719, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {1780, 596, 687, 27, 599, 25, 1511, 1416, 1509}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1780} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + b} \int \frac{x(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{ax^2+b}} dx}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{596} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + b} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+b}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5a} - \frac{3 \int \frac{(bd-ax)\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ax^2+b}} dx}{5a} \right)}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{687}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \sqrt{ax^2 + b} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + b}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5a} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{a(4bcd - (ac^2 - 3bd^2)x}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{ax^2 + b}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2}{3} c\sqrt{ax^2 + b}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)}{5a} \right) \\
 \hline
 x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \sqrt{ax^2 + b} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + b}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5a} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4bcd - (ac^2 - 3bd^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{ax^2 + b}} dx - \frac{2}{3} c\sqrt{ax^2 + b}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)}{5a} \right) \\
 \hline
 x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{599} \\
 \sqrt{ax^2 + b} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + b}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5a} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{c(ac^2 + bd^2) - (ac^2 - 3bd^2)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2}{d^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)c}{d^2} + \frac{a(c+dx)^2}{d^2} + b}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^2} - \frac{2}{3} c\sqrt{ax^2 + b}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)}{5a} \right) \\
 \hline
 x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{25} \\
 \sqrt{ax^2 + b} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + b}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5a} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{c(ac^2 + bd^2) - (ac^2 - 3bd^2)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2}{d^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)c}{d^2} + \frac{a(c+dx)^2}{d^2} + b}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{3d^2} - \frac{2}{3} c\sqrt{ax^2 + b}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)}{5a} \right) \\
 \hline
 x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{1511}
 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{ax^2 + b} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+b}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5a} - \frac{\left( \frac{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}(-\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}+ac^2-3bd^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2}{d^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)c}{d^2} + \frac{a(c+dx)^2}{d^2} + b}} d\sqrt{c+dx} \right) (ac^2-3bd^2)\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}}{3d^2} \right)$$

$$x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}$$

1416

$$\sqrt{ax^2 + b} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+b}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5a} - \frac{\left( (ac^2+bd^2)^{3/4} (-\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}+ac^2-3bd^2) \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{\frac{\frac{ac^2}{d^2} - \frac{2ac(c+dx)}{d^2} + \frac{a(c+dx)^2}{d^2} + b}{\left( \frac{ac^2}{d^2} + b \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}} + 1 \right)^2}} \right) \text{EllipticF}}{2a^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{ac^2}{d^2} - \frac{2ac(c+dx)}{d^2} + \frac{a(c+dx)^2}{d^2} + b}} \right)$$

$$x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}$$

↓ 1509

$$\sqrt{ax^2 + b} \frac{2\sqrt{ax^2 + b}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5a} - \frac{(ac^2+bd^2)^{3/4} (-\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}+ac^2-3bd^2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ac^2+bd^2}}+1\right) \sqrt{\frac{ac^2}{d^2} - \frac{2ac(c+dx)}{d^2} + \frac{a(c+dx)^2}{d^2} + b}}{2a^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{ac^2}{d^2} - \frac{2ac(c+dx)}{d^2} + \frac{a(c+dx)^2}{d^2} + b}} \text{ EllipticF}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a + b/x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[b + a*x^2]*((2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*x^2])/(5*a) - (3*((-2*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[b + a*x^2])/3 - (2*(-((a*c^2 - 3*b*d^2)*Sqrt[a*c^2 + b*d^2]*(-((Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[b + (a*c^2)/d^2 - (2*a*c*(c + d*x))/d^2 + (a*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2)))/((b + (a*c^2)/d^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*c^2 + b*d^2]))) + ((a*c^2 + b*d^2)^(1/4)*(1 + (Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*c^2 + b*d^2])*Sqrt[(b + (a*c^2)/d^2 - (2*a*c*(c + d*x))/d^2 + (a*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2])/((b + (a*c^2)/d^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*c^2 + b*d^2])^2))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(a*c^2 + b*d^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[a]*c)/Sqrt[a*c^2 + b*d^2])/2])/((a^(1/4)*Sqrt[b + (a*c^2)/d^2 - (2*a*c*(c + d*x))/d^2 + (a*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2])/Sqrt[a] + ((a*c^2 + b*d^2)^(3/4)*(a*c^2 - 3*b*d^2 - Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[a*c^2 + b*d^2])*(1 + (Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*c^2 + b*d^2])*Sqrt[(b + (a*c^2)/d^2 - (2*a*c*(c + d*x))/d^2 + (a*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2])/((b + (a*c^2)/d^2)*(1 + (Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x))/Sqrt[a*c^2 + b*d^2])^2))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(a*c^2 + b*d^2)^(1/4)], (1 + (Sqrt[a]*c)/Sqrt[a*c^2 + b*d^2])/2])/((2*a^(3/4)*Sqrt[b + (a*c^2)/d^2 - (2*a*c*(c + d*x))/d^2 + (a*(c + d*x)^2)/d^2))/((3*d^2)))/(5*a))/Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 596 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[n/(b*(n + 2*p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 599  $\text{Int}[(A_.) + (B_.)(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2])$ , x\_Symbol]  $\rightarrow$   $\text{Simp}[-2/d^2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(B*c - A*d - B*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^2/d^2) + b*(x^4/d^2)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 687  $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^m]*((f_.) + (g_.)(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)(x_)^2)^p$ , x\_Symbol]  $\rightarrow$   $\text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))]$ , x] +  $\text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x]$  /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2\*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2\*m, 2\*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])

rule 1416  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2 + (c_.)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol]$   $\rightarrow$   $\text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))]$ , x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4\*a\*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]

rule 1509  $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2 + (c_.)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol]$   $\rightarrow$   $\text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])]/(q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2 - b*(q^2/(4*c))]$ , x] /; EqQ[e + d\*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4\*a\*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]

rule 1511  $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2 + (c_.)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol]$   $\rightarrow$   $\text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e + d*q)/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[e/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2 + c*x^4], x], x] /;$  NeQ[e + d\*q, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4\*a\*c, 0] && PosQ[c/a]

rule 1780

```
Int[((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Sy
mbol] := Simp[x^(2*n*FracPart[p])*(a + c/x^(2*n))^(FracPart[p]/(c + a*x^(2*
n))^(FracPart[p])) Int[((d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p)/x^(2*n*p), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && !IntegerQ[p] && !
IntegerQ[q] && PosQ[n]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 623, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(dx+2c)(ax^2+b)\sqrt{dx+c}}{5a\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}}x} + \frac{2(a^2c^2-3bd^2)\left(\frac{c}{d}-\sqrt{\frac{-ab}{a}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\sqrt{\frac{-ab}{a}}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\sqrt{\frac{-ab}{a}}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\sqrt{\frac{-ab}{a}}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\sqrt{\frac{-ab}{a}}}{-\frac{c}{d}+\sqrt{\frac{-ab}{a}}}}\left(-\frac{c}{d}-\sqrt{\frac{-ab}{a}}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x-\sqrt{\frac{-ab}{a}}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\sqrt{\frac{-ab}{a}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{adx^3+acx^2+bdx+cb}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*(d*x+2*c)*(a*x^2+b)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/((a*x^2+b)/x^2)^(1/2)/x+1/5/a*(2*(
a*c^2-3*b*d^2)*(c/d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/
2))*((x-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/a*(-a*b)^(1/
2))/(-c/d+1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^3+a*c*x^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*((-c/
d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/
d+1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d
-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-8*d*b*c*(c/d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1
/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/
2))*((x+1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^3+a*c*x^2+b
*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/
a*(-a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/a*(-a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))/((a*x^2+b)/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(
(a*x^2+b)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( (ac^3 + 9bcd^2)\sqrt{ad}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(ac^2 - 3bd^2)}{3ad^2}, -\frac{8(ac^3 + 9bcd^2)}{27ad^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right) + 3(ac^2d - 3bd^3)\sqrt{ad}\text{weier}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*((a*c^3 + 9*b*c*d^2)*sqrt(a*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(a*c^2 - 3*b*d^2)/(a*d^2), -8/27*(a*c^3 + 9*b*c*d^2)/(a*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(a*c^2*d - 3*b*d^3)*sqrt(a*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(a*c^2 - 3*b*d^2)/(a*d^2), -8/27*(a*c^3 + 9*b*c*d^2)/(a*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(a*c^2 - 3*b*d^2)/(a*d^2), -8/27*(a*c^3 + 9*b*c*d^2)/(a*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) - 3*(a*d^3*x^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*x)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b)/x^2))/(a^2*d^2)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)/(a+b/x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(a + b/x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(a + b/x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(a + b/x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b/x^2)^(1/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{10\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{ax^2 + b}ac^2 + 4\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{ax^2 + b}acdx - 6\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{ax^2 + b}bd^2 - 3\left(\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + b}}\right)}{10ac^2 + 4acd - 6bd^2 - 3\left(\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{ax^2 + b}}\right)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `(10*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b)*a*c**2 + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b)*a*c*d*x - 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b)*b*d**2 - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c*x**2 + a*d*x**3 + b*c + b*d*x),x)*a**2*c**2*d + 9*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c*x**2 + a*d*x**3 + b*c + b*d*x),x)*a*b*d**3 - 9*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b))/(a*c*x**2 + a*d*x**3 + b*c + b*d*x),x)*a*b*c**2*d + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b))/(a*c*x**2 + a*d*x**3 + b*c + b*d*x),x)*b**2*d**3)/(10*a**2*c)`

# CHAPTER 4

## APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions . . . . .	4141
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	4159

### 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

#### Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
      ]
    ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
    If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
    If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
    If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
    9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

## Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result    := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal   := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```
    if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
      if debug then
        print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
      fi;
      return "A"," ";
    else
      if debug then
        print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
      fi;
      return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                    convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                    convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
      fi;
    fi;
  else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
    if debug then
      print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
    fi;
    return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                  convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
  fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
```



```
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9
end proc
```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

## Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#      grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#      'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#      issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```



```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## 4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file